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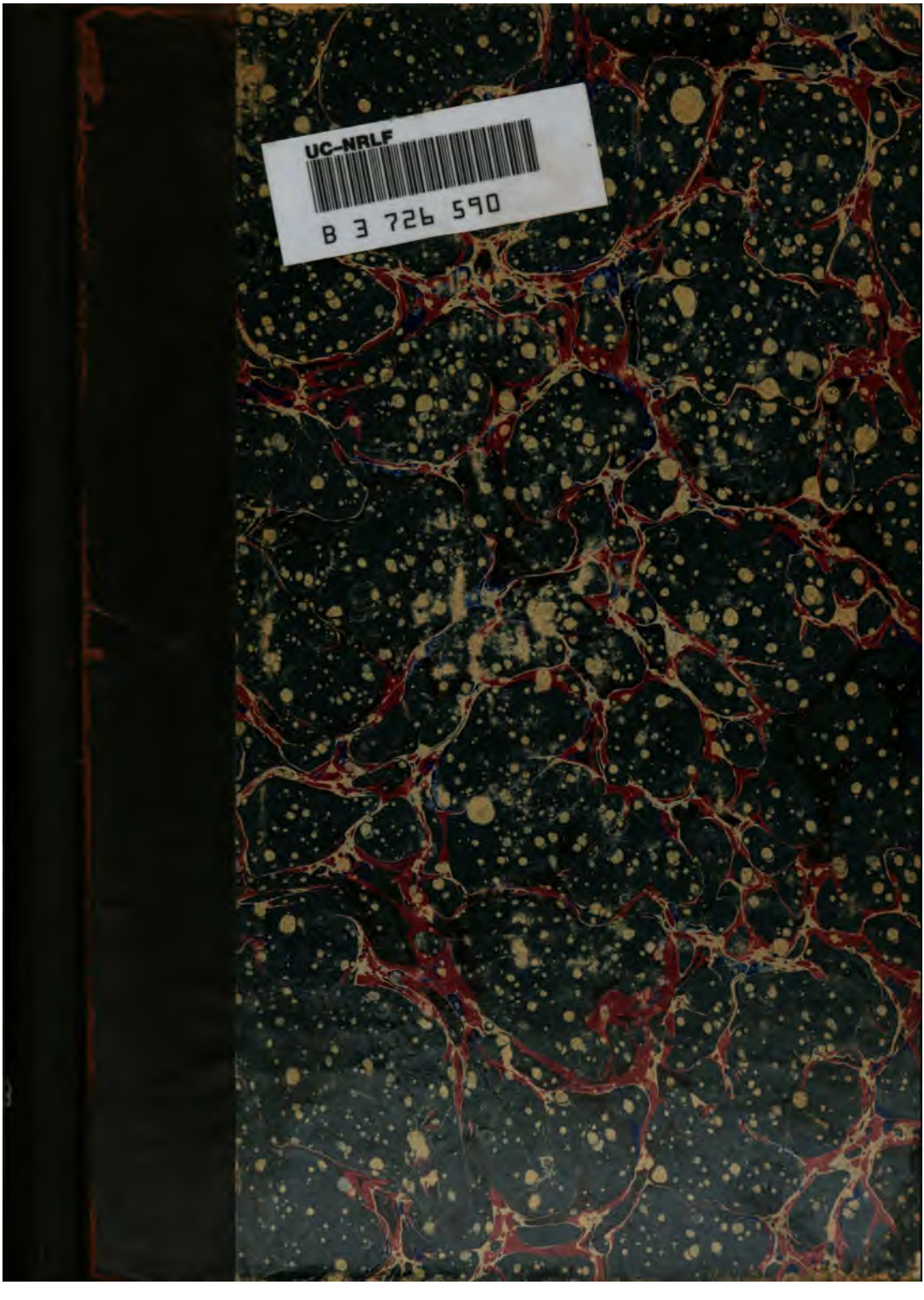
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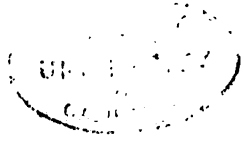
Vol. XVI. January, 1904. No. 1.

TRIBUNE ALMANAC

AND Political Register



1904.

25 CENTS A COPY.

WHAT WE ARE TRYING TO DO.

Every Corporation, as represented by its Trustees and Officers, should have an ideal, a standard of work, a goal of achievement, toward which it should constantly strive. Here is what the NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is trying to do:

1. TO ISSUE THE BEST LIFE INSURANCE CONTRACT. A contract that, with the minimum of care and risk on the part of the insured, will secure to him and to his family the maximum of benefits. To this end we have eliminated from our policy contract every restriction upon the insured and every condition except the payment of premiums. We have put into the contract all the advantages we can think of, and in the form that seems best adapted to secure the ends in view. We would like to have you examine it, and see if you can suggest any further improvements.

2. TO MAKE THE PROMPTEST AND FULLEST REPORT OF ITS BUSINESS AND CONDITIONS. The Annual Report for 1902 was published on Jan. 3, 1903. A Detailed Statement, with full particulars of how the Company's $322,000,000 is invested, was ready in pamphlet form a few days later. Copies to be had for the asking.

3. TO DO BUSINESS UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF EVERY INSURANCE DEPARTMENT IN THE WORLD. The publicity we hear so much about as a remedy for the evils of trusts is secured for Life Insurance by State Supervision. We report to 82 different governments; our books are open to the examination of all Insurance Officials; and there is no law for the security of policy-holders that we are not complying with.

4. TO HAVE THE BEST, AND THE BEST ORGANIZED, AGENCY FORCE. We seek trustworthy men for agency work—it is for our interest to do so. We try to get men who will tell the truth to intending insurers. We allow no rebating, because it is against the law in many States, is unfair to insurers, increases expenses, and brings in business that soon goes off the books. We have Branch Offices in every large city, by which all needed facilities for handling business are placed at the disposal of agents and policy-holders.

5. TO INSURE AS MANY GOOD RISKS AS POSSIBLE. People sometimes ask why we are not content to fix a limit to new business. But why should we? We believe life insurance to be the best system of protection and savings known to man. We think there is little danger of over-insurance and great danger of under-insurance. We believe the advantages of it should be constantly urged upon men, and that the more people we can induce to insure the better.

Perhaps you would like to know how we are succeeding. The present management came into office in February, 1892. We found the New York Life a great Company, with nearly $126,000,000 in assets, and nearly $600,000,000 of insurance in force under 183,000 policies. Our report of December 31, 1892, shows $322,000,000 in assets, and $1,553,000,000 of insurance in force under 704,000 policies. That tells the story in brief. If you wish it more in detail, address

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

JOHN A. McCALL, President. 346-348 Broadway, New York.

THE

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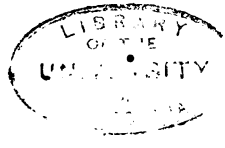
AND

POLITICAL REGISTER

1904



NEW-YORK:
THE TRIBUNE ASSOCIATION
1904

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FOR CONTENTS AND INDEX SEE END OF VOLUME.

ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.

Prepared by Berlin H. Wright, Penn Yan, N. Y.

ECLIPSES.

There will be but two eclipses this year, and both of the sun. This is the least number that can occur in a single year, and when this does happen both must be of the sun. They are as follows:

I. An annular eclipse of the sun March 17, invisible in the United States, except in the Philippine Islands and Guam. It will be visible generally throughout Southern Asia, Indian Ocean, Eastern Africa and in the Western Pacific Ocean. The path of the annular phase passes through the Philippine Islands north of Manila, Southern Siam and Northern Sumatra to Cape Delgado, on the east coast of Africa, touching the northern point of Madagascar.

II. A total eclipse of the sun September 9, invisible in the United States, except in Hawaii, where the eclipse will be upon the southern limb of the sun and about six digits.

THE PLANETS.

Mercury will be brightest:

(1) As an evening star, east of sun: Jan. 1–4 (a), April 6–9, Aug. 21–23 (b), Dec. 13–16 } Setting shortly after the sun.

(2) As a morning star, west of sun: Feb. 1–4 (a), July 2–5 (b), Oct. 1–5 } Rising shortly before the sun.

The dates marked (a) and (b) are the most favorable for visibility.

Greatest Eastern elongations of Mercury—		Greatest Western elongations of Mercury—	
January 1	19° 30′	February 10	25° 52′
April 21	20° 12′	June 8	23° 46′
August 20	27° 24′	October 1	17° 54′
December 14	20° 30′		

Venus will not reach her point of maximum brilliancy at all this year, but she will be brighter at the close of the year than at any other time. Until July 8 she will gradually grow dimmer and, from the half-moon phase which she had toward the close of 1903, take on a gibbous phase. On July 8 she will be in superior conjunction with the sun, that is, on the same side of the earth as the sun, rising and setting with the sun, and hence invisible. In a few days after she may be seen as an evening star, on the other side of the sun. From that time on she will grow brighter as she gradually overtakes the earth and nears her point of inferior conjunction, when she will come between the earth and the sun. This will not take place in 1904. (See table for time of rising and setting.)

Mars, like Venus, will not reach his maximum brilliancy this year. He will be a bright and interesting object, however, at the beginning and close of the year. (See table for rising, southing and setting.)

Jupiter will be brightest October 18, being then at opposition or 180° from the sun, and rising as the sun sets. (See table of rising, southing and setting.)

Saturn will be brightest August 10 as an evening star. (See table of rising, southing and setting.)

Uranus will be brightest June 19 as an evening star.

Neptune will be brightest December 28 as an evening star.

MORNING STARS WEST OF SUN.	EVENING STARS EAST OF SUN.
Inferior planets.	Inferior planets.
Mercury (☿), from Jan. 17 to March 26, May 13 to July 9, Sept. 15 to Oct. 31.	Mercury, until Jan. 17 and from March 26 to May 13, from July 9 to Sept. 15 and after Oct. 31.
Venus (♀), until July 8.	Venus, after July 8.
Superior planets.	Superior planets.
Mars (♂), after May 30.	Mars, until May 30.
Jupiter (♃), from March 27 to July 21.	Jupiter, until March 27 and after July 21.
Saturn (♄), from Feb. 1 to May 11.	Saturn, until Feb. 1 and after May 11.
Uranus (♅), until March 20 and after Dec. 22.	Uranus, from March 20 to Dec. 22.
Neptune (♆), from June 27 to Oct. 1.	Neptune, until June 27 and after Oct. 1.

THE SEASONS (EASTERN STANDARD TIME).

	D.	H.	M.
Winter begins, 1903, Dec. 22, 7 hours, 12 min., eve., and lasts	89	0	38
Spring begins, 1904, March 20, 7 hours, 50 min., eve., and lasts	92	19	53
Summer begins, 1904, June 21, 3 hours, 43 min., eve., and lasts	93	14	49
Autumn begins, 1904, Sept. 23, 6 hours, 32 min., morn., and lasts	89	18	29
Winter begins, 1904, Dec. 22, 1 hour, 1 min., morn. Tropical Year	365	5	49

Sun north of the equator 186 days, 10 hours, 42 minutes; sun south of the equator 178 days, 19 hours, 7 minutes; difference, 7 days, 15 hours, 35 minutes, longer north of the equator than south of it, due to our greater distance from the sun at that time and our consequent slower orbital motion.

119131

TABLES FOR SURVEYORS AND ENGINEERS.

Computed by Berlin H. Wright. Meridian of Washington. Mean Time.

AZIMUTH OF POLARIS AT GREATEST ELONGATION, EAST OR WEST.

Month	Day	Latitude 29° North	Latitude 31° North	Latitude 33° North	Latitude 35° North	Latitude 37° North	Latitude 39° North	Latitude 41° North	Latitude 43° North	Latitude 45° North
		° ′ ″	° ′ ″	° ′ ″	° ′ ″	° ′ ″	° ′ ″	° ′ ″	° ′ ″	° ′ ″
January	1	1 22 21	1 24	2 1 25	2 7	1 30 12	1 82 40	1 35 24	1 38 29	1 41 58
January	11	20	1	54	1 27 55	10	40	25	29	52
January	21	20	1	53	54	10	40	25	29	52
February	1	20	1	53	54	10	40	25	29	52
February	11	21	2	54	55	12	41	26	30	53
February	21	22	4	56	1 27 58	14	43	28	32	55
March	1	23	7	1 25	1 28 1	17	47	32	36	1 43 56
March	11	25	9	1 26	1 6	20	49	35	40	1 42
March	21	26	11	1 25	1 6	24	54	41	44	44
April	1	20	1 24	58	1 27 55	1 30	1 82 58	1 35	1 38	11
April	11	1 22	23	49	54	10	40	24	29	52
April	21	17	57	44	47	1 60 8	87	16	24	44
May	1	13	58	40	43	1 29 58	81	12	19	87
May	11	9	50	38	40	55	27	9	15	34
May	21	7	48	35	38	53	24	7	12	31
June	1	6	45	33	36	51	22	5	9	29
June	11	5	43	31	34	49	20	3	7	26
June	21	4	41	29	32	47	18	1	5	24
July	1	3	40	28	30	45	16	1	3	22
July	11	2	38	26	28	43	14	1	2	20
July	21	1	37	25	26	41	12	1	1	18
August	1	1	36	24	25	40	11	1	1	17
August	11	1	35	23	24	39	10	1	1	16
August	21	1	34	22	23	38	9	1	1	15
September	1	1	33	21	22	37	8	1	1	14
September	11	1	32	20	21	36	8	1	1	13
September	21	1	31	19	20	35	7	1	1	12
October	1	1	30	18	19	34	6	1	1	11
October	11	1	29	17	18	33	6	1	1	10
October	21	1	28	16	17	32	5	1	1	9
November	1	1	27	15	16	31	5	1	1	8
November	11	1	26	14	15	30	4	1	1	8
November	21	1	25	13	14	29	4	1	1	7
December	1	1	24	12	13	28	3	1	1	7
December	11	1	23	11	12	27	3	1	1	6
December	21	1	22	10	11	26	2	1	1	6
December	31	1	21	9	10	25	2	1	1	5

Month	Day	Polar distance of Polaris	†Sidereal noon, or Meridian passage of the Vernal Equinox	*Upper Meridian passage of Polaris
		° ′ ″	H. M. S.	H. M. S.
January	1	1 12 2	6 19 24 E.	6 43 26 E.
January	11	1 1	6 40 5 E.	6 8 49 E.
January	21	1 1	4 0 46 E.	5 24 20 E.
February	1	1 2	3 17 31 E.	4 40 54 E.
February	11	2 4	2 33 12 E.	4 1 26 E.
February	21	4 6	1 53 53 E.	3 21 57 E.
March	1	6 8	1 23 30 E.	2 46 28 E.
March	11	8 12	0 44 11 E.	2 7 3 E.
March	21	12 15	0 4 51 E.	1 27 18 E.
April	1	15 18	11 21 38 M.	0 44 40 E.
April	11	18 21	10 42 18 M.	0 5 2 E.
April	21	21 24	10 2 58 M.	11 25 44 M.
May	1	24 27	9 23 39 M.	10 46 28 M.
May	11	27 29	8 44 20 M.	10 8 18 M.
May	21	29 31	8 5 1 M.	9 28 2 M.
June	1	31 32	7 21 46 M.	8 44 46 M.
June	11	32 33	6 42 27 M.	8 5 45 M.
June	21	33 33	6 3 8 M.	7 26 36 M.
July	1	33 33	5 23 49 M.	6 47 27 M.
July	11	33 32	4 44 30 M.	6 8 19 M.
July	21	32 30	4 5 11 M.	5 29 10 M.
August	1	30 28	3 25 56 M.	4 49 55 M.
August	11	28 26	2 46 37 M.	4 10 45 M.
August	21	26 23	2 8 17 M.	3 32 38 M.
September	1	23 20	1 29 2 M.	2 54 33 M.
September	11	20 17	0 49 55 M.	2 16 33 M.
September	21	17 13	0 10 55 M.	1 38 39 M.
October	1	13 10	11 22 5 E.	1 0 46 M.
October	11	10 6	10 43 16 E.	0 22 58 M.
October	21	6 1	10 4 27 E.	11 24 27 E.
November	1	1 12	9 25 39 E.	10 46 0 E.
November	11	1 18	8 46 57 E.	10 7 36 E.
November	21	1 54	8 8 19 E.	9 29 16 E.
December	1	1 51	7 29 39 E.	8 50 55 E.
December	11	1 45	6 50 41 E.	8 12 35 E.
December	21	1 38	6 11 42 E.	7 34 16 E.
December	31	1 29	5 32 41 E.	6 55 56 E.

*Subtract or add 11h. 58m. 2s. for the previous or succeeding passage as required Add 9.83s. for each hour east of Washington and subtract same for each hour west.

†For intermediate dates interpolate.

The azimuths in the above table, applied properly to the magnetic bearing of Polaris at the time of its greatest elongation east or west, will give the true variation of the magnetic needle from a true north direction, and will be of great use to all surveyors and engineers. When the elongation is east the azimuth will be east, and vice versa. At the present time the line of "No Variation" of the needle runs southeasterly from near Toledo, Ohio, to a point on the Atlantic Coast about fifty miles southwest of Cape Fear, N. C. East of that line the north end of the needle points west of a true north, and west of that line east of the true north. The country may therefore be divided into eastern and western magnetic regions. In the "Eastern

Region" the bearing of Polaris at its western elongation, if eastward, added to the azimuth, gives the desired variation west; but if westward, the bearing taken from the azimuth gives the variation west. The bearing of Polaris at its eastern elongation will be eastward, and the azimuth subtracted therefrom gives the variation west. In the "Western Region" the bearing of Polaris at its eastern elongation, if westward, added to the azimuth, gives the variation east; but if eastward, the bearing taken from the azimuth gives the variation east. The bearing of Polaris at its western elongation will be westward, and diminished by the azimuth gives the variation east. The azimuths in the table, given for two degree zones, are practically sufficient for all the United States except Alaska. For intermediate latitudes, and dates, the azimuths may be found by proportion sufficiently correct, or exactly by the formula, log sine azimuth equal log sine Polar distance of Polaris, minus log cosine latitude. The surveyor or engineer is on the line of "No Variation" when the bearing of Polaris at greatest elongation is the same as the azimuth.

TO FIND THE TIME OF GREATEST ELONGATION OF POLARIS.

By adding the numbers in the annexed table for any given latitude to the time of meridian passage of Polaris (the Pole Star), the time of its greatest western elongation is found. If the same number be subtracted, instead of added, we get the time of greatest eastern elongation. At the time of either elongation the magnetic bearing may be taken with the transit compass, using that elongation which occurs at night. The eastern elongations occur at night from April 1 to October 11, and the western elongations occur at night all the rest of the year. Correct local time is to be used, and bearings on the star taken promptly on time; but an error of half a minute or even a minute in the timepiece will not invalidate the bearing, as Polaris moves then nearly vertically.

Latitude, north.	*Constant for elongation.	Latitude, north.	*Constant for elongation.	Latitude, north.	*Constant for elongation.
° ′	H.M.S.	° ′	H.M.S.	° ′	H.M.S.
29 00	5:56:14	34 30	5:55:34	40 00	5:54:38
29 30	5:56:11	35 00	5:55:30	40 30	5:54:44
30 00	5:56:07	35 30	5:55:26	41 00	5:54:39
30 30	5:56:03	36 00	5:55:22	41 30	5:54:35
31 00	5:56:00	36 30	5:55:18	42 00	5:54:30
31 30	5:55:56	37 00	5:55:14	42 30	5:54:25
32 00	5:55:53	37 30	5:55:10	43 00	5:54:20
32 30	5:55:50	38 00	5:55:06	43 30	5:54:15
33 00	5:55:46	38 30	5:55:02	44 00	5:54:10
33 30	5:55:42	39 00	5:54:57	44 30	5:54:05
34 00	5:55:38	39 30	5:54:53	45 00	5:54:00

*When the lower transit is used subtract these constants from 11h. 58m. 2s., reversing the rule of application to the meridian passage given above for the time of elongations, subtracting the constants obtained from the meridian passage for western and adding for eastern elongations.

MOON SOUTH, OR ON THE UPPER MERIDIAN, 1904.

AT WASHINGTON.

Days.	Jan. Mo. H.M.	Feb. Mo. H.M.	Mar. Mo. H.M.	Apr. Mo. H.M.	May. Mo. H.M.	June. Mo. H.M.	July. Mo. H.M.	Aug. Mo. H.M.	Sept. Mo. H.M.	Oct. Mo. H.M.	Nov. Mo. H.M.	Dec. Mo. H.M.
1	11 0	Mo.	Mo.	12 44	1 10	2 29	2 45	3 34	4 28	4 54	6 26	7 1
2	Mo.	12 41	12 16	1 38	2 4	3 18	3 29	4 17	5 16	5 48	7 20	7 53
3	12 1	1 39	1 12	2 31	2 57	4 5	4 12	5 0	6 7	6 43	8 14	8 46
4	1 2	2 35	2 6	3 25	3 49	4 50	4 55	5 46	7 1	7 39	9 8	9 39
5	2 2	3 28	3 0	4 17	4 38	5 34	5 37	6 33	7 57	8 35	10 2	10 34
6	2 59	4 20	3 53	5 3	5 25	6 17	6 21	7 24	8 55	9 31	10 57	11 29
7	3 54	5 11	4 45	5 58	6 11	6 59	7 6	8 18	9 53	10 27	11 53	Ev.24
8	4 46	6 2	5 36	6 45	6 55	7 43	7 53	9 15	10 51	11 22	Ev.48	1 19
9	5 37	6 52	6 26	7 32	7 39	8 27	8 43	10 13	11 48	Ev.18	1 44	2 12
10	6 26	7 41	7 15	8 16	8 21	9 14	9 37	11 13	Ev.45	1 14	2 39	3 3
11	7 16	8 31	8 3	9 0	9 5	10 4	10 34	Ev.12	1 40	2 9	3 33	3 51
12	8 5	9 19	8 50	9 43	9 49	10 56	11 32	1 10	2 35	3 5	4 24	4 37
13	8 54	10 7	9 35	10 26	10 35	11 52	Ev.32	2 6	3 29	3 59	5 12	5 21
14	9 44	10 53	10 20	11 10	11 23	Ev.49	1 31	3 0	4 23	4 52	5 58	6 3
15	10 33	11 38	11 3	11 55	Ev.14	1 47	2 28	3 53	5 16	5 43	6 43	6 45
16	11 22	Ev.22	11 46	Ev. 41	1 7	2 45	3 23	4 46	6 8	6 31	7 26	7 28
17	Ev. 9	1 5	Ev.29	1 30	2 2	3 41	4 16	5 38	6 59	7 18	8 8	8 12
18	12 55	1 48	1 13	2 21	2 59	4 36	5 8	6 30	7 48	8 3	8 50	8 58
19	1 40	2 31	1 58	3 13	3 55	5 29	5 59	7 22	8 35	8 46	9 34	9 45
20	2 24	3 14	2 44	4 8	4 51	6 20	6 51	8 12	9 21	9 29	10 18	10 36
21	3 6	3 59	3 33	5 4	5 46	7 11	7 42	9 2	10 5	10 12	11 5	11 29
22	3 49	4 46	4 24	5 59	6 39	9 8	8 33	9 51	10 49	10 54	11 54	Mo.
23	4 32	5 36	5 17	6 55	7 31	8 53	9 25	10 38	11 31	11 38	Mo.	12 24
24	5 16	6 29	6 12	7 49	8 22	9 45	10 15	11 23	Mo.	Mo.	12 46	1 21
25	6 3	7 24	7 9	8 43	9 14	10 38	11 5	Mo.	12 14	12 23	1 39	2 17
26	6 52	8 22	8 6	9 36	10 6	11 29	11 54	12 7	12 57	1 10	2 34	3 13
27	7 44	9 21	9 3	10 30	10 59	Mo.	Mo.	12 50	1 40	2 0	3 29	4 7
28	8 40	10 20	9 59	11 23	11 52	12 21	12 41	1 33	2 26	2 51	4 23	4 59
29	9 39	11 19	10 54	Mo.	Mo.	1 10	1 26	2 15	3 13	3 44	5 17	5 51
30	10 40	——	11 49	12 16	12 45	1 59	2 9	2 58	4 2	4 38	6 9	6 42
31	11 41	——	Mo	——	1 38	——	2 52	3 42	——	5 22	——	7 34

Note.—Add two minutes for each hour of longitude west of Washington.

THE BRIGHTEST STARS, EPOCH 1904.
LATITUDE NEW-YORK CITY.

Name.	Constellation or group.	Magnitude.	Right ascension, sidereal time.	Declination.	For meridian passage, mean time.	For rising and setting, mean time.
			H. M. S.	° ′ ″	H. M.	H. M.
Alpheratz	Andromeda	2.1	0 3 25	+28 33 38	0 3	7 52
Caph (Var.)	Cassiopeia	2.4	0 4 3	+58 37 13	0 4	
Algenib	Pegasus	2.8	0 8 17	+14 39 0	0 8	6 51
Alpha	Phœnix	3.0	0 21 24	—43 18 43	0 12	*2 25
Schedir (Var.)	Cassiopeia	2.3	0 35 3	+56 0 39	0 35	
Diphda	Cetus (Whale)	2.2	0 38 46	—18 30 48	0 38	4 53
Gamma	Cassiopeia	2.3	0 50 54	+60 11 49	0 50	
Mirach	Andromeda	2.2	1 4 21	+35 6 42	1 4	8 29
Caph	Ursa Major	2.2	1 24 16	+88 47 42	1 24	
Achernar	Eridanus	0.4	1 34 8	—57 43 28	1 34	*
Sheratan	Aries (Ram) (♈)	2.8	1 49 20	+20 20 20	1 49	7 14
Almaach	Andromeda	2.2	1 58 0	+41 52 10	1 57	9 21
Hamel	Aries (Ram)	2.1	2 1 46	+23 0 31	2 1	7 26
Mira (Var.)	Cetus (Whale)	2–10	2 13 28	— 3 37 9	2 13	5 48
Menkar	Cetus (Whale)	2.6	2 57 16	+ 3 42 48	2 56	6 13
Algol (Var.)	Perseus	2–4	3 1 55	+40 35 10	3 0	9 10
Marfak	Perseus	1.9	3 17 28	+49 31 12	3 18	
Alcyone	Taurus (Pleiades, or 7 stars)	3.1	3 41 47	+23 48 31	3 41	7 20
Aldebaran	Taurus (Bull) (♉)	1.0	4 30 25	+16 19 0	4 29	6 58
Capella	Auriga	0.*	5 9 36	+45 54 3	5 9	10 14
Rigel	Orion	0.3	5 9 55	— 8 18 44	5 9	5 31
El Nath	Taurus	1.8	5 20 13	+28 31 36	5 19	7 52
Mintaka	Orion (Ell and Yard)	2.3	5 27 6	— 0 22 12	5 26	5 59
Al Nilam	Orion (Middle of Yard, or Belt)	1.8	5 31 21	— 1 15 46	5 30	5 56
Phact	Columba	2.7	5 36 10	—34 7 30	5 35	*3 37
Saiph	Orion	2.3	5 43 12	— 9 42 12	5 42	5 26
Beteiguese	Orion (Var.)	0.9	5 49 58	+ 7 23 22	5 49	6 26
Menkalina	Auriga	2.0	5 52 29	+44 56 17	5 51	9 53
Canopus	Argus	0.8	6 21 49	—52 38 35	6 21	*
Al Hena	Gemini (Twins) (♊)	2.0	6 32 10	+16 28 54	6 31	6 59
Sirius(DogSt'r)	Canis Major	—1.4	6 40 55	—16 35 3	6 40	5 1
Adara	Canis Major	1.5	6 54 51	—28 50 28	6 54	4 7
Castor	Gemini (Twins)	1.9	7 28 20	+32 5 50	7 27	8 11
Procyon (Var.)	Canis Minor	0.5	7 34 17	+ 5 28 16	7 33	6 19
Pollux	Gemini	1.2	7 39 27	+28 15 30	7 38	7 50
Beta	Cancer (Crab) (♋)	3.8	8 11 19	+ 9 28 54	8 10	6 33
Alphard	Hydra	2.1	9 22 52	— 8 14 32	9 21	5 31
Regulus	Leo (Lion) (♌)	1.3	10 3 16	+12 26 12	10 1	6 44
Eta	Argus	1.6	10 41 20	—59 10 47	10 39	*
Dubhe	Ursa Major	2.0	10 57 49	+62 16 10	10 56	
Denebola	Leo (Lion)	2.2	11 44 10	+15 6 32	11 42	6 54
Acrux	Southern Cross	0.9	12 21 15	—62 34 1	12 19	*
Beta	Corvus (Crow)	2.8	12 29 21	—22 51 57	12 27	4 35
Spica	Virgo (Virgin) (♍)	1.1	13 20 8	—10 29 37	13 18	5 23
Agena	Centaurus	0.7	13 57 3	—59 54 36	13 54	*
Arcturus	Boötes	0.2	14 11 17	+19 40 55	14 9	7 12
Bengula	Centaurus	0.2	14 33 5	—60 26 22	14 30	*
Alpha	Libra (Scales) (♎)	2.9	14 45 34	—15 38 35	14 43	5 4
Kochab	Ursa Minor	2.2	14 50 59	+74 32 52	14 48	
Alphacca	Northern Crown	2.3	15 30 37	+27 2 14	15 28	7 44
Unuk	Serpent Bearer	2.7	15 39 32	+ 6 43 39	15 37	6 23
Antares	Scorpion (♏)	1.2	16 23 31	—26 13 9	16 20	4 20
Rutilicus	Hercules	2.8	16 26 6	+21 41 54	16 23	7 20
Etamin	Dragon	2.5	17 54 23	+51 30 0	17 51	
Vega	Lyre	0.2	18 33 41	+38 41 39	18 30	8 54
Delta	Sagittarius (♐)	2.3	18 49 19	—26 24 59	18 46	4 19
Altair	Eagle	0.9	19 46 6	+ 8 36 52	19 43	6 30
Alpha	Capricorn (♑)	3.7	20 12 44	—12 50 34	20 9	5 55
Deneb	Cygnus (Swan)	1.4	20 38 10	+44 56 13	20 35	9 59
Alderamin	Cephus	2.6	21 16 17	+62 10 43	21 12	
Beta	Aquarius (♒)	2.9	21 26 30	— 5 59 38	21 23	5 39
Enif	Pegasus	2.4	21 39 28	+ 9 26 5	21 36	6 32
Sepha	The Crane	1.9	22 2 11	—47 25 34	21 58	*1 21
Fomalhaut	Pisces Australis	1.3	22 52 21	—30 7 52	22 48	4 0
Markab	Pegasus	2.5	23 0 0	+14 41 19	22 56	6 52
Iota	Pisces (♓)	4.3	23 35 1	+ 5 6 21	23 31	6 17

Explanation.—To ascertain when any star or constellation will be on the upper

meridian, add the numbers opposite in the column "For meridian passage" to the figures in the column "Sidereal noon" in the table for surveyors and engineers for the desired date, interpolating for dates between those given. Note whether the figures be "Morn" or "Eve." If "Morn" and the sum is more than 12 hours the result will be evening of the same day; if "Eve." and the sum is more than 12 hours the result will be morning of the next day. Having found the time of meridian passage, for the rising subtract and for the setting add the numbers opposite the name of the star in the column headed "For rising and setting," observing the directions as to "Morn" and "Eve." as given above. Those stars marked —— in the last column are circumpolar and do not rise or set in the latitude of New-York City. Stars having an asterisk (*) in the last column are only to be seen in the far south and when near the meridian, as the vapors of the horizon will obscure them at rising or setting.

To tell how high up from the nearest point of the horizon a star will be at its meridian passage, subtract the declination of the star from 90°, and if the result is less than the latitude of the place of the observer that star will neither rise nor set, but is circumpolar, and the difference between that result and the latitude shows the star's altitude above the north point of the horizon or below the southern horizon. Or, (90° — dec.) — latitude = altitude or elevation of the star above the nearest point of the horizon at meridian passage for stars of a south declination. Examples:

Sidereal noon, November 5.....	9 1 p. m.
Fomalhaut in "meridian" column....	22 48
	31 49
Subtract	24 0
	7 49 p. m. of the 6th = Time of meridian passage.

7 49 p. m.	7 49 p. m.
4 0 in "Rising and setting" column.	4 0
3 49 p. m. = Time of rising.	11 49 p. m. of the 6th = Time of setting.

Declination of Fomalhaut = 30° south; therefore 90° — 30° = 60° — 40° = 20° = altitude of Fomalhaut in latitude 40° north at the time of the meridian passage of that star. To measure celestial distances with the eye, keep in mind that one-third of the distance from the zenith to the horizon is 30°. For smaller measurements use the "Pointers" in the "Big Dipper," which are nearly 5° apart—a convenient celestial unit because always in sight. The "Yardstick" or "Ell and Yard" in Orion, or the "Kings," is just 3° long, or 1½° each way from the central star (see Star table). In the case of a star whose declination is such as to bring it nearer to the zenith than to the horizon at meridian passage, it will be better to use its zenith distance as a means of locating it. The difference between latitude and declination = zenith distance. If declination is greater than latitude, then such difference is to be counted northward (otherwise southward) from the zenith.

SITUATION OF PRINCIPAL PLANETS EACH SUNDAY OF THE YEAR.

PLANETS.	Jan.	Feb.	Mch.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Venus (♀). . . .	♒	♓	♓	♒	♈	♉	♊	♋	♌	♍	♍	♐
Mars (♂). . . .	♓	♒	♈	♉	♉	♉	♊	♋	♋	♌	♌	♍
Jupiter (♃) . . .	♒	♒	♈	♈	♈	♈	♈	♈	♈	♈	♈	♈
Saturn (♄). . . .	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓	♓
Uranus (♅) . . .	♍				♍		♍			♍		

The place indicated is the constellation in which the planet is situated on the first, second, third, fourth and fifth Sundays of each month in the order named.

CHURCH DAYS AND MOVABLE FEASTS.

Septuagesima Sunday	Jan. 31
Sexagesima Sunday	Feb. 7
Quinquagesima Sunday	Feb. 14
Shrove Tuesday	Feb. 16
Ash Wednesday	Feb. 17
Quadragesima Sunday (Lent begins)	Feb. 21
Mid-Lent Sunday	March 13
Passion Sunday	March 20
Palm Sunday	March 27
Good Friday	April 1
Easter Sunday	April 3
Low Sunday	April 10
Rogation Sunday	May 8
Ascension Thursday	May 12
Pentecost (Whit Sunday)	May 22
Trinity Sunday	May 29
Corpus Christi	June 2
Advent Sunday	Nov. 27

JEWISH CALENDAR.

The year 5664 is the second of the 299th cycle, containing fifty Sabbaths and 354 days, as follows:

Year.	No.	and name of month.	Begins.	Lasts, days.
5664..	4..	Tebet	Dec. 19–20, 1903	29
5664..	5..	Sh'vat	Jan. 18, 1904	30
5664..	6..	Adar	Feb. 16–17, 1904	29
5664..	7..	Nissan	March 17, 1904	30
5664..	8..	Iyar	April 15–16, 1904	29
5664..	9..	Sivan	May 15, 1904	30
5664..	10..	Tammuz	June 13–14, 1904	29
5664..	11..	Ab or Av	July 13, 1904	30
5664..	12..	Elul	Aug. 11–12, 1904	29
5665..	1..	Tishri	Sept. 9–10, 1904 or at sunset Sept. 9.	30
5665..	2..	Chesvan	Oct. 9–10, 1904	29
5665..	3..	Kislev	Nov. 8–9, 1904	30
5665..	4..	Tebet	Dec. 8–9, 1904	29
5665..	5..	Sh'vat	Jan. 7, 1905	30

MERIDIAN PASSAGE, RISING AND SETTING OF PLANETS.

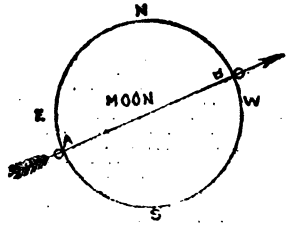
Months.	Days.	Venus.			Mars.			Jupiter.			Saturn.		
		In Meridian.	New-Orleans.	New-York.	In Meridian.	New-Orleans.	New-York.	In Meridian.	New-Orleans.	New-York.	In Meridian.	New-Orleans.	New-York.
			Rises.			Sets.			Sets.			Sets.	
		H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M
		a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
January	1	8 57	3 37	3 55	2 34	7 53	7 32	4 37	10 23	10 16	2 3	7 17	6 54
January	11	9 6	3 54	4 18	2 28	7 51	7 34	4 4	9 52	9 46	1 28	6 32	6 19
January	21	9 17	4 8	4 34	2 17	7 49	7 35	3 31	9 21	9 17	12 53	6 9	5 43
February	1	9 30	4 24	4 51	2 6	7 46	7 36	2 56	8 48	8 44	12 15	Rises.	
											a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
February	11	9 43	4 36	5 3	1 55	7 42	7 36	2 25	8 19	8 15	11 41	6 24	6 45
February	21	9 55	4 45	5 10	1 44	7 39	7 37	1 53	7 49	7 47	11 6	5 47	6 8
March	1	10 5	4 49	5 12	1 34	7 33	7 32	1 20	7 24	7 23	10 35	5 16	5 36
March	11	10 16	4 52	5 10	1 23	7 31	7 35	12 55	6 55	6 55	10 0	4 40	5 0
March	21	10 24	4 51	5 4	1 11	7 27	7 33	12 23	6 27	6 28	9 25	4 4	4 24
								a.m.	Rises.				
April	1	10 32	4 48	4 56	12 59	7 22	7 32	11 51	a.m.	d.m.	8 46	3 25	3 44
April	11	10 38	4 43	4 45	12 47	7 16	7 31	11 21	5 18	5 12	8 10	2 48	3 7
April	21	10 44	4 38	4 35	12 36	7 12	7 29	10 50	4 41	4 37	7 33	2 10	2 29
May	1	10 50	4 35	4 28	12 26	7 7	7 28	10 19	4 8	4 3	6 56	1 33	1 51
May	11	10 56	4 28	4 14	12 15	7 1	7 25	9 48	3 35	3 29	6 18	12 55	1 13
May	21	11 5	4 27	4 8	12 5	Rises.		9 17	3 3	2 56	5 40	12 20	12 35
					a.m.	a.m.	a.m.					p.m.	p.m.
June	1	11 16	4 29	4 5	11 54	4 59	4 32	8 42	2 26	2 18	4 57	11 38	11 52
June	11	11 28	4 34	4 6	11 45	4 48	4 18	8 10	1 52	1 43	4 17	10 54	11 16
June	21	11 42	4 44	4 14	11 35	4 36	4 6	7 37	1 17	1 7	3 37	10 18	10 36
July	1	11 56	4 57	4 27	11 25	4 26	3 55	7 3	12 42	12 39	2 56	9 33	9 55
		p.m.	Sets.		11 15	4 16	3 45	6 29	12 07	12 0	2 15	8 57	9 16
July	11	12 10	p.m.	p.m.					p.m.	p.m.			
July	21	12 23	7 17	7 39	11 5	4 7	3 37	5 54	11 35	11 24	1 33	8 12	8 36
August	1	12 35	7 16	7 37	10 53	3 57	3 28	5 14	10 52	10 43	12 47	7 30	7 50
August	11	12 44	7 16	7 32	10 41	3 48	3 21	4 36	10 16	10 4	12 5	6 49	7 11
											p.m.	Sets.	
August	21	12 52	7 13	7 23	10 29	3 39	3 14	3 57	9 37	9 26	11 18	a.m.	a.m.
September	1	12 58	7 6	7 10	10 14	3 29	3 6	3 13	8 54	8 42	10 32	3 55	3 36
September	11	1 4	7 1	6 59	10 0	3 19	2 59	2 32	8 13	8 2	9 50	3 3	2 54
September	21	1 10	6 54	6 46	9 46	3 11	2 53	1 49	7 31	7 19	9 9	2 31	2 12
October	1	1 16	6 49	6 36	9 30	2 59	2 44	1 6	6 49	6 38	8 28	1 50	1 31
October	11	1 24	6 46	6 27	9 14	2 49	2 37	12 22	6 6	5 56	7 48	1 10	12 51
								p.m.	Sets.				
October	21	1 34	6 46	6 22	8 58	2 38	2 28	11 33	a.m.	a.m.	7 9	12 31	12 12
												p.m.	p.m.
November	1	1 47	6 50	6 21	8 39	2 25	2 15	10 44	5 5	5 13	6 26	11 44	11 26
November	11	2 1	7 0	6 29	8 22	2 13	2 9	10 1	4 22	4 30	5 48	11 6	10 47
November	21	2 15	7 12	6 39	8 4	2 1	2 0	9 18	3 38	3 46	5 11	10 30	10 9
December	1	2 30	7 29	6 58	7 46	1 48	1 50	9 36	2 56	3 3	4 34	9 53	9 32
December	11	2 42	7 47	7 21	7 28	1 35	1 38	7 56	2 16	2 28	3 58	9 17	8 57
December	21	2 58	8 5	7 41	7 9	1 21	1 27	7 16	1 36	1 43	3 22	8 42	8 22
December	31	3 1	8 24	8 5	6 50	1 7	1 15	6 38	12 58	1 5	2 46	8 6	7 47

OCCULTATION.

The planet Mars will be occulted by the moon December 2. The immersion takes lace at 2:15 a. m. and the emersion at 3:08 a. m., Eastern standard time.

CCULTATION OF MARS BY THE MOON.

A is the point of first contact of Mars ith the eastern limb of the moon; B the oint of last contact. The apparent motion f the planet from east to west behind the loon's face is due to the greater motion of ie moon from west to east.



EMBER DAYS.

Wednesday, Friday and Saturday after—
First Sunday in Lent—Feb. 24, 26 and 27.
Pentecost—May 25, 27 and 28.
Sept 14—Sept. 21, 23 and 24.
Dec. 13—Dec. 21, 23 and 24.

TIDE TABLES.

To find the time of high water for any place given in the table below, apply the correction opposite the place to the times of high water for its respective port given for every day on the twelve calendar pages of this Almanac. Add the correction to time of high water when it is plus, and subtract it when it is minus. Example: To find time of high water at Rockland, Me., on January 7, 1904:

Time of high water at Boston, January 7	2:32 p. m.
Correction for Rockland, Me. (see below)	—0:26
Time of high water at Rockland, Me., January 7	2:06 p. m.

Corrections to times of high water at Boston for:	Correction.	Corrections to times of high water at New-York for:	Correction.	Corrections to times of high water at Charleston for:	Correction.
	H. M.		H. M.		H. M.
Eastport, Me	—0 35	Block Island, R. I.	—1 2	Dover, Del	— 8 46
West Quoddy H'd, Me	—0 49	Stonington, Conn.	+0 49	Sea Breeze, N. J.	—10 17
Machiasport, Me.	—0 40	New-London, Conn.	+1 6	New-Castle, Del.	— 8 1
Indian Harbor, Me.	—0 55	Norwich, Conn.	+1 47	Wilmington, Del.	— 7 46
Mt. Desert Nar., Me.	—0 28	Middletown, Conn.	+5 1	Gray's F., S. R., Pa	— 6 15
S.W. H. Mt. D. I., Me	—0 44	Hartford, Conn.	+6 58	Phila., Wash-ave.	— 6 7
Bass H., Mt.D. I., Me	—0 45	Duck Island, Conn.	+2 23	Trenton, N. J.	— 2 59
Rockland, Me	—0 26	New-Haven, Conn.	+3 5	Rehoboth, Del.	+ 0 28
Oceanville, D. I., Me.	—0 36	Stamford, Conn.	+3 4	Ocean City, Md.	+ 0 5
Bangor, Me	+1 12	City I., L. I. S., N.Y.	+3 7	Cape Chas. L., Va.	+ 0 13
Boothbay, Me	—0 43	College P., E.R., N.Y.	+3 21	Old Point Com., Va.	+ 0 53
Bath, Me	+0 31	Flushing, E. R., N.Y.	+3 40	Newport News, Va.	+ 1 4
Gardiner, Me	+2 56	Pot Cove, Ast., N. Y.	+3 2	Petersburg, Va.	+ 9 11
Augusta, Me	+3 37	B'ckwell's I. L., N.Y.	+1 50	Richmond, Va.	+ 9 25
Portland, Me	—0 34	E. 41st-st., N. Y. C.	+1 37	Yorktown, Va.	+ 1 22
Portsmouth, N. H.	—0 15	E. 27th-st., N. Y. C.	+1 23	Pt. L., P. R., Md.	+ 5 7
Isle of Shoal L., N.H	—0 20	Brooklyn, N. Y., N.Y	+0 40	Alexandria, P. R., Va	— 0 11
Newburyport, Mass.	—0 15	B'klyn Bridge, N. Y.	+0 20	Wash. N. Y., D. C.	+ 0 18
Gloucester, Mass.	—0 36	E. 110th-st., N. Y. C.	+2 6	Crisfield, C. B., Md.	+ 4 59
Salem, Mass.	—0 11	High Bridge, N.Y.C.	+2 21	Cambridge, C. B., Md	— 3 56
Nahant, Mass.	—0 18	Kingsbridge, N.Y.C.	+0 56	Oxford, Md.	— 3 23
Boston Light, Mass.	—0 18	Willetts Point, N. Y.	+3 7	Annapolis, Md.	— 2 38
Plymouth, Mass.	—0 9	Glen C., L.I.S., N. Y.	+3 6	Balt., Fells Pt., Md.	— 0 50
Wellfleet, C. C., Mass	—0 11	Oyster B., L.I.S., N.Y	+3 6	Elkton, Md.	+ 2 10
Provincetown, Mass.	—0 1	Nthpt. H., L.I.S., N.Y	+3 5	Pt. Dep., S. R., Md.	+ 2 41
Siasconset, Nant'k, I	+0 1	Trum. B., L.I.S., N.Y	+2 11	Virginia Beach, Va.	0 0
Nantucket H., Mass.	+0 55	Sag Har., L.I.S., N.Y	+2 19	Hatteras Inlet, N.C.	— 0 47
Edgartown, Mass.	+0 44	Montauk Pt. L., N.Y.	—0 1	Cape Lookout, N. C.	— 1 5
No Mans L'J I., Mass	—4 6	Bellport, N. Y.	+2 39	Beaufort, N. C.	— 0 12
Viney'd Hav'n, Mass	+0 11	Fire Isl'd Inlet, N.Y.	—0 56	Carolina Beach, N.C.	— 0 14
Falmouth, Mass.	—1 8	Rockaway Inlet, N.Y.	—0 35	Wilmington, N. C.	+ 1 47
Tarpaulin Cove, Mass	—3 41	Coney Island, N. Y.	—0 42	B'nerman's B., N. C.	— 4 1
Cuttyhunk L., Mass.	—4 1	Tottenville, S. I., N.Y	—0 21	White Hall, N. C.	— 3 58
Woods Hole, Mass.	—2 55	Fort Tom., S.I., N.Y	—0 23	Georgetown, S. C.	+ 1 16
Bird Island L., Mass.	—3 43	Ossining, H.R., N.Y.	+1 49	Bluff Pt. W. R., S.C.	+ 0 21
New-Bedford, Mass.	—3 40	Albany, H. R., N. Y.	+0 33	Port Royal, S. C.	+ 0 36
Newport, R. I.	—3 48	Eliz'port, N. B., N. J	+0 10	Beaufort, S. C.	+ 0 49
Bristol, R. I.	—3 34	Long Branch, N. J.	—0 37	Savannah, Ga.	+ 0 53
Pawtuxet, R. I.	—3 21	Atlantic City, N. J.	—0 28	Warsaw Sound, Ga.	+ 0 4
Providence, R. I.	—3 23	Cape May City, N. J.	—0 16	St. Andrew S., Ga.	+ 0 23

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Dominical Letters	C. B.
Epact	13
Lunar Cycle or Golden Number	5
Solar Cycle	9
Roman Indiction	2
Julian Period	6,617
Dionysian Period	233
Jewish Lunar Cycle	2

THE YEAR 1904 CORRESPONDS TO—

The year 7412-7413 of the Byzantine era; the year 7413 beginning Sept. 1.

The year 5664-5665 of the Jewish era; the year 5665 beginning at sunset Sept. 9.

The year 2657 since the foundation of Rome, according to Varro.

The year 2680 of the Olympiads.

The year 2651 since the beginning of the era of Nabonnassar.

The year 2216 of the Grecian era.

The year 1620 of the era of Diocletian.

The year 2564 of the Japanese era.

The year 1322 of the Mahometan era, the second of the 45th cycle of 30 years, containing 354 days.

CHINESE CALENDAR.

The year 1904 corresponds nearly to the year 4601 of the Chinese era, which is the 41st of the 76th cycle of 60 years:

First month begins	Feb. 16
Second month begins	March 17
Third month begins	April 15
Fourth month begins	May 15
Fifth month begins	June 13
Sixth month begins	July 13
Seventh month begins	Aug. 11
Eighth month begins	Sept. 9
Ninth month begins	Oct. 9
Tenth month begins	Nov. 7
Eleventh month begins	Dec. 6
Twelfth month begins	Jan. 5, 1905

PLANETARY CONJUNCTIONS AND OTHER EVENTS FOR 1904.

Mo.	Day	Aspect.	Washington Time. H. M.		Mo.	Day	Aspect.	Washington Time. H. M.	
Jan.	1	☿ gr. elong. E.	1	mo.	July	1	☌ ♄ ☽	8 37	mo.
"	2	☿ gr. Hel. L. N.	10	mo.	"	2	☌ ☿ ♂	8	mo.
"	2	⊕ in Perihelion	11	ev.	"	4	☿ in Perihelion	5	ev.
"	10	☿ in Perihelion	6	ev.	"	4	⊕ in Aphelion	8	ev.
"	13	☌ ☿ ☽	8 49	ev.	"	6	☌ ♅ ☽	7 37	ev.
"	15	☌ ♅ ☽	1 35	mo.	"	8	☌ ♀ ☉ Super'r	2	mo.
"	17	☌ ♀ ☉ Inferior	7	mo.	"	9	☌ ♂ ♆	9	mo.
"	18	☌ ♄ ☽	5 13	ev.	"	9	☌ ☿ ☉ Super'r.	6	ev.
"	20	☌ ♂ ☽	11 23	mo.	"	10	☌ ☿ ♀	4	mo.
"	22	☌ ♅ ☽	4 28	mo.	"	12	☌ ♀ ☽	4 13	mo.
"	28	☌ ♀ ♅	3	ev.	"	13	☌ ☌ ♀ ☽	4 14	mo.
"	28	☿ Stationary.	8	ev.	"	21	□ ♅ ☉ West.	10	ev.
					"	23	♀ in Perihelion	7	mo.
Feb.	1	☌ ♄ ☉	7	ev.	"	28	☌ ♄ ☽	0 13	ev.
"	10	☿ gr. elong. W.	4	mo.					
"	12	☌ ☿ ☽	10 38	ev.	Aug.	3	☌ ♅ ☽	8 9	mo.
"	15	☌ ♄ ☽	6 5	mo.	"	9	☌ ♂ ☽	10 45	ev.
"	18	☌ ♂ ☽	1 58	ev.	"	10	☿ ♄ ☉ a. brtest	1	ev.
"	18	☌ ♅ ☽	9 51	ev.	"	12	☌ ♀ ☽	2 13	mo.
"	23	☿ in Aphelion	6	ev.	"	14	♀ Gr. Hel. L. N	3	mo.
"	25	☌ ♂ ♅	12	ev.	"	17	☿ in Aphelion	5	ev.
"	25	☌ ☿ ♄	12	ev.	"	19	☿ gr. elong. E.	12	ev.
"	27	♀ in ♓	0	ev.	"	20	♅ Stationary	11	mo.
					"	24	☌ ♄ ☽	2 35	ev.
Mar.	7	☌ ♀ ♄	10	ev.	"	30	☌ ♅ ☽	3 11	ev.
"	9	☌ ♅ ☽	6 16	ev.					
"	13	☌ ♄ ☽	6 39	ev.	Sep.	5	☌ ☿ ♀	4	mo.
"	14	☌ ♀ ☽	9 34	mo.	"	7	☌ ☌ ♂ ☽	3 26	ev.
"	14	♆ Stationary	10	mo.	"	9	☉ Tot. Ecl.	Invis. in U. S.	
"	17	☉ Ecl. Annular	Invisible.		"	10	☌ ♀ ☽	9 9	ev.
"	17	☌ ♅ ☽	4 27	ev.	"	15	☌ ☿ ☉ Inf.	9	ev.
"	18	☌ ♂ ☽	2 21	ev.	"	19	□ ♅ ☉ East'rn	5	mo.
"	20	□ ♅ ☉ Western	4	ev.	"	20	☌ ♄ ☽	5 20	ev.
"	20	☉ en. ♈ Sp'g b.	8	ev.	"	23	☉ e. ♎ Aut'mn	7	mo.
"	23	□ ♆ ☉ Eastern	12	ev.	"	26	☌ ♅ ☽ (begins	5 3	ev.
"	26	☌ ☿ ☉ Superior	4	ev.	"	30	☿ in Perihelion	4	ev.
"	26	☌ ☿ ♅	9	ev.					
"	27	☌ ♅ ☉	5	mo.	Oct.	1	□ ♆ ☉ West'n	2	ev.
					"	1	☿ gr. elong. W.	3	ev.
Apr.	1	♀ in Aphelion	10	ev.	"	6	☌ ☌ ♂ ☽	6 1	mo.
"	4	♅ Stationary	3	mo.	"	9	♀ in ♓	4	mo.
"	7	☿ in Perihelion	6	ev.	"	10	☌ ♀ ☽	5 26	ev.
"	8	☌ ☿ ♂	3	ev.	"	17	☌ ♄ ☽	10 20	ev.
"	10	☌ ♄ ☽	6 41	mo.	"	18	☿ ♅ ☉ a. brt'st	6	ev.
"	13	☌ ♀ ☽	5 55	ev.	"	19	♄ Stationary	4	mo.
"	14	☌ ♅ ☽	0	ev.	"	23	☌ ♅ ☽	4 36	ev.
"	16	☌ ☌ ♂ ☽	1 13	ev.	"	25	☌ ♂ Gr. Hel. L. N.	4	ev.
"	21	☿ gr. elong. E.	4	ev.	"	31	☌ ☿ ☉ Superior	5	mo.
"	23	☌ ♀ ♅	5	mo.					
"	23	♂ in ♌	10	mo.	Nov.	3	☌ ☌ ♂ ☽	6 16	ev.
"	24	♀ gr. Hel. L. S	8	mo.	"	7	□ ♄ ☉ Eastern	7	mo.
					"	9	☌ ☌ ♀ ☽	8 9	ev.
May	7	☌ ♄ ☽	5 33	ev.	"	12	♀ in Aphelion	3	ev.
"	9	☌ ☿ ☌ ♂	5	ev.	"	13	☿ in Aphelion	4	ev.
"	11	□ ♄ ☉ West.	3	ev.	"	14	☌ ♄ ☽	7 3	mo.
"	12	☌ ♅ ☽	7 51	mo.	"	16	☌ ♀ ♅	10	ev.
"	13	☌ ☿ ☉ Inf.	6	mo.	"	19	☌ ♅ ☽	5 58	ev.
"	13	☌ ♀ ☽	10 49	ev.	"	29	♂ in Aphelion	9	ev.
"	15	☌ ☌ ♂ ☽	11 17	mo.					
"	22	☌ ☿ ♀	10	mo.	Dec.	2	☌ ☌ ♂ ☽	4 1	mo.
"	30	☌ ♂ ☉	0	ev.	"	5	♀ Gr. Hel. L.S.	1	mo.
					"	10	☌ ♀ ☽	4	mo.
June	1	♄ Stationary	8	mo.	"	11	☌ ♄ ☽	7 1	ev.
"	1	♅ in Perihelion	7	ev.	"	14	☿ Gr. elong. E.	4	mo.
"	4	☌ ♄ ☽	2 24	mo.	"	16	♅ Stationary.	5	mo.
"	6	☿ gr. elong. W.	4	ev.	"	16	☌ ♅ ☽	11 43	ev.
"	9	☌ ♅ ☽	2 54	mo.	"	22	☉ en. ♑ Winter	1	mo.
"	3	☌ ♀ ☽	2 21	mo.	"	22	☌ ♊ ☉ (begins	4	mo.
"	13	☌ ☌ ☽	8 22	mo.	"	27	☿ in Perihelion	4	ev.
"	19	☌ ♀ ♂	1	mo.	"	28	☌ ♀ ♄	4	mo.
"	19	☿ ♅ ☉ a. brtest	0	ev.	"	28	☿ ♆ ☉ a.b'test	5	ev.
"	19	♀ in ♌	3	ev.	"	30	☌ ☌ ♂ ☽	11 25	mo.
"	21	☉ e. ♋ Summer	4	ev.	"	31	☌ ☿ ☉ Inferior	10	mo.
"	27	☌ ♆ ☉ (begins	2	ev.	"	31	⊕ in Perihelion	12	ev.

1st Month. JANUARY. 31 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Full Moon.....	3	1 47 mo.	0 47 mo.	11 47 ev.*	10 47 ev.*	9 47 ev.*	7 16 ev.*
Last Quarter...	9	5 10 ev.	4 10 ev.	3 10 ev.	2 10 ev.	1 10 ev.	10 39 mo.
New Moon.....	17	11 46 mo.	10 46 mo.	9 46 mo.	8 46 mo.	7 46 mo.	5 15 mo.
First Quarter...	25	4 41 ev.	3 41 ev.	2 41 ev.	1 41 ev.	0 41 ev.	10 10 mo.

*Jan. 2.

Day of year	Day of month	Day of week	Sun in meridian, local time	Calendar for Me., N. H., Ont., Vt., No. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mon., Wash., N. Ore., N. Idaho.	Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, So. Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.	Calendar for N. York City, So. New York, Conn., R. I., Pa., N. J., Northern part of Ohio, Ind., and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.	Cal. for Wash, D. C., Del., Md., Va., W. Va., & Ohio, S. Ind., S. Ill., N. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., C. Utah, C. Neb., C. Cal.	Calendar for Charleston, S. C.; Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.
				Sun rises. / Sun sets. / Moon sets and rises.	Sun rises. / Sun sets. / Moon sets and rises. / H. W. Boston.	Sun rises. / Sun sets. / Moon sets and rises. / H. W. N. Y.	Sun rises. / Sun sets. / Moon sets and rises.	Sun rises. / Sun sets. / Moon sets and rises. / H. W. Charleston.
				H. M. / H. M. / H. M.	H. M. / H. M. / H. M. / H. M.	H. M. / H. M. / H. M. / H. M.	H. M. / H. M. / H. M.	H. M. / H. M. / H. M. / H. M.
1	1	Fr	12 3 17	7 37 / 4 31 / 5 52	7 30 / 4 38 / 9 23	7 25 / 4 44 / 6 4	7 19 / 4 49 / 5 16	7 3 / 5 5 / 6 4
2	2	Sa	12 3 46	7 37 / 4 32 / rises	7 30 / 4 39 / rises	7 25 / 4 44 / rises	7 19 / 4 50 / rises	7 3 / 5 6 / rises
3	3	S	12 4 14	7 37 / 4 33 / 5 37	7 30 / 4 40 / 5 45	7 25 / 4 45 / 5 48	7 19 / 4 51 / 5 53	7 3 / 5 7 / 6 3
4	4	Mo	12 4 41	7 37 / 4 34 / 6 45	7 30 / 4 41 / 6 54	7 25 / 4 46 / 6 57	7 19 / 4 52 / 7 0	7 3 / 5 7 / 7 10
5	5	Tu	12 5 9	7 37 / 4 35 / 8 2	7 30 / 4 42 / 8 7	7 25 / 4 47 / 8 9	7 19 / 4 52 / 8 11	7 3 / 5 8 / 8 13
6	6	W	12 5 36	7 37 / 4 36 / 9 15	7 29 / 4 43 / 9 18	7 25 / 4 48 / 9 19	7 19 / 4 53 / 9 20	7 2 / 5 9 / 9 24
7	7	Th	12 6 2	7 37 / 4 37 / 10 26	7 29 / 4 44 / 10 27	7 26 / 4 49 / 10 27	7 19 / 4 54 / 10 27	7 4 / 5 10 / 10 28
8	8	Fr	12 6 28	7 36 / 4 38 / 11 37	7 29 / 4 45 / 11 36	7 24 / 4 50 / 11 35	7 19 / 4 55 / 11 33	7 4 / 5 11 / 11 33
9	9	Sa	12 6 54	7 36 / 4 39 / mo.	7 29 / 4 46 / mo.	7 24 / 4 51 / mo.	7 19 / 4 56 / mo.	7 4 / 5 12 / mo.
10	10	S	12 7 19	7 36 / 4 40 / 12 43	7 29 / 4 47 / 12 39	7 24 / 4 52 / 12 38	7 19 / 4 57 / 12 36	7 4 / 5 12 / 12 32
11	11	Mo	12 7 43	7 36 / 4 41 / 1 45	7 29 / 4 48 / 1 44	7 24 / 4 53 / 1 41	7 19 / 4 58 / 1 39	7 4 / 5 13 / 1 33
12	12	Tu	12 8 7	7 35 / 4 42 / 2 53	7 23 / 4 50 / 2 45	7 23 / 4 54 / 2 42	7 18 / 4 59 / 2 39	7 3 / 5 14 / 2 30
13	13	W	12 8 31	7 35 / 4 44 / 3 51	7 28 / 4 51 / 3 44	7 23 / 4 55 / 3 40	7 18 / 5 0 / 3 37	7 3 / 5 15 / 3 25
14	14	Th	12 8 54	7 34 / 4 45 / 4 45	7 28 / 4 52 / 4 40	7 23 / 4 56 / 4 36	7 18 / 5 1 / 4 33	7 3 / 5 16 / 4 20
15	15	Fr	12 9 16	7 34 / 4 46 / 5 41	7 27 / 4 53 / 5 33	7 22 / 4 57 / 5 28	7 18 / 5 2 / 5 24	7 3 / 5 17 / 5 11
16	16	Sa	12 9 37	7 33 / 4 47 / 6 29	7 27 / 4 54 / 6 20	7 22 / 4 59 / 6 16	7 17 / 5 3 / 6 12	7 3 / 5 18 / 6 59
17	17	S	12 9 55	7 33 / 4 49 / sets	7 26 / 4 55 / sets	7 21 / 5 0 / sets	7 17 / 5 5 / sets	7 2 / 5 19 / sets
18	18	Mo	12 10 18	7 32 / 4 50 / 6 11	7 26 / 4 56 / 6 17	7 21 / 5 1 / 6 20	7 16 / 5 6 / 6 23	7 2 / 5 20 / 6 34
19	19	Tu	12 10 38	7 31 / 4 51 / 7 8	7 25 / 4 58 / 7 12	7 21 / 5 2 / 7 15	7 16 / 5 7 / 7 17	7 2 / 5 21 / 7 24
20	20	W	12 10 57	7 30 / 4 53 / 8 7	7 24 / 4 59 / 8 10	7 20 / 5 3 / 8 12	7 15 / 5 8 / 8 13	7 2 / 5 21 / 8 13
21	21	Th	12 11 14	7 30 / 4 54 / 9 6	7 24 / 5 0 / 9 6	7 19 / 5 4 / 9 7	7 15 / 5 9 / 9 8	7 1 / 5 22 / 9 10
22	22	Fr	12 11 32	7 29 / 4 55 / 10 2	7 23 / 5 1 / 10 2	7 18 / 5 5 / 10 2	7 14 / 5 10 / 10 2	7 1 / 5 23 / 10 2
23	23	Sa	12 11 48	7 28 / 4 57 / 11 1	7 22 / 5 3 / 10 59	7 17 / 5 6 / 10 58	7 14 / 5 11 / 10 58	7 0 / 5 24 / 10 56
24	24	S	12 12 3	7 27 / 4 58 / mo.	7 22 / 5 4 / 11 58	7 17 / 5 8 / 11 57	7 13 / 5 12 / 11 55	7 0 / 5 25 / 11 50
25	25	Mo	12 12 18	7 26 / 4 59 / 12 1	7 21 / 5 5 / mo.	7 16 / 5 9 / mo.	7 13 / 5 13 / mo.	7 0 / 5 26 / mo.
26	26	Tu	12 12 32	7 25 / 5 1 / 1 3	7 20 / 5 6 / 12 58	7 16 / 5 10 / 12 56	7 12 / 5 15 / 12 54	6 59 / 5 27 / 12 46
27	27	W	12 12 46	7 24 / 5 2 / 2 6	7 19 / 5 8 / 2 0	7 15 / 5 11 / 1 57	7 11 / 5 16 / 1 54	6 58 / 5 28 / 1 44
28	28	Th	12 12 58	7 23 / 5 4 / 3 10	7 18 / 5 9 / 3 3	7 14 / 5 13 / 2 59	7 10 / 5 17 / 2 55	6 58 / 5 29 / 2 44
29	29	Fr	12 13 9	7 22 / 5 5 / 4 12	7 17 / 5 10 / 4 4	7 13 / 5 14 / 4 2	7 9 / 5 18 / 3 56	6 57 / 5 30 / 3 43
30	30	Sa	12 13 20	7 21 / 5 6 / 5 15	7 16 / 5 12 / 5 5	7 12 / 5 15 / 5 0	7 8 / 5 19 / 4 56	6 57 / 5 31 / 4 43
31	31	S	12 13 30	7 20 / 5 8 / 6 8	7 15 / 5 13 / 6 0	7 12 / 5 16 / 6 37	7 8 / 5 20 / 5 53	6 56 / 5 32 / 5 41

2d Month. FEBRUARY. 29 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Full Moon.....	1	12 33 mo.	11 33 mo.	10 33 mo.	9 33 mo.	8 33 mo.	6 10 mo.
Last Quarter...	8	5 56 mo.	4 56 mo.	3 56 mo.	2 56 mo.	1 56 mo.	11 33 ev.*
New Moon.....	16	7 4 mo.	6 4 mo.	5 4 mo.	4 4 mo.	3 4 mo.	0 41 mo.
First Quarter...	24	7 8 mo.	6 8 mo.	5 8 mo.	4 8 mo.	3 8 mo.	0 45 mo.

*Feb. 7.

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3d Month. MARCH. 31 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Full Moon.....	1	10 48 ev.	9 48 ev.	8 48 ev.	7 48 ev.	7 48 ev.	5 25 ev.
Last Quarter...	8	9 0 ev.	8 0 ev.	7 0 ev.	6 0 ev.	5 0 ev.	2 37 ev.
New Moon.....	17	1 39 mo.	0 39 mo.	11 39 mo.	10 39 mo.	9 39 mo.	7 16 mo.
First Quarter...	24	5 36 ev.	4 36 ev.	3 36 ev.	2 36 ev.	1 36 ev.	10 13 mo.
Full Moon.....	31	8 44 mo.	7 44 mo.	6 44 mo.	5 44 mo.	4 44 mo.	2 21 mo.

*March 23.

Day of month..	Day of week...	Sun in meridian, local time....	Calendar for N. S., Ont., N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash. N. Ore., N. Idaho				Calendar for N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.			Calendar for Boston, Mass., H. W. Boston.	Calendar for N. York city			Cal. for Wash. D. C., Del., Md., Va., W. Va., Penn., N. J., Ohio, Ind., Ill., N. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., C. Utah, C. Neb., C. Cal.			Calendar for Charleston, S. C., Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.			
			Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W.	Sun rises.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
61	1 Tu	12 12 31	6 37	5 48	5 36	6 36	5 51	5 38	10 28	6 35	5 53	2 15	6 33	5 54	5 41	6 23	5 59	5 45	7 7
62	2 W	12 12 19	6 35	5 49	6 52	6 35	5 52	6 53	11 20	6 34	5 53	3 0	6 32	5 55	6 55	6 27	5 59	6 53	7 56
63	3 Th	12 12 6	6 34	5 51	8 5	6 33	5 53	8 4	ev11	6 32	5 54	3 54	6 30	5 56	8 3	6 26	6 0	8 1	8 46
64	4 Fr	12 11 53	6 32	5 52	9 18	6 31	5 54	9 15	1 2	6 30	5 55	4 53	6 29	5 57	9 12	6 25	6 0	9 7	9 34
65	5 Sa	12 11 40	6 30	5 53	10 27	6 30	5 55	10 22	1 52	6 29	5 56	10 20	10 30	6 27	5 57	10 18	6 23	6 1	10 10	10 24
66	6 S	12 11 26	6 28	5 55	11 34	6 28	5 56	11 27	2 42	6 27	5 57	11 24	11 21	6 26	5 58	11 21	6 22	6 1	11 11	11 13
67	7 Mo	12 11 11	6 26	5 56	mo.	6 26	5 57	mo.	3 35	6 25	5 58	mo.	ev14	6 24	5 59	mo.	6 21	6 2	mo.	ev.4
68	8 Tu	12 10 56	6 25	5 57	12 35	6 25	5 58	12 28	4 32	6 24	5 59	12 24	1 19	6 23	6 0	12 20	6 20	6 3	12 9	1 7
69	9 W	12 10 41	6 23	5 58	1 30	6 23	5 59	1 22	5 30	6 22	6 0	1 18	2 15	6 21	6 1	1 14	6 19	6 3	1 2	2 12
70	10 Th	12 10 26	6 21	6 0	2 22	6 21	6 0	2 13	6 34	6 20	6 1	2 9	3 21	6 20	6 2	2 5	6 17	6 4	1 52	3 15
71	11 Fr	12 10 10	6 19	6 1	3 5	6 20	6 2	2 57	7 35	6 19	6 2	2 54	4 24	6 18	6 3	2 50	6 16	6 5	2 38	4 16
72	12 Sa	12 9 54	6 17	6 2	3 47	6 18	6 3	3 39	8 31	6 17	6 3	3 36	5 12	6 17	6 4	3 32	6 15	6 5	3 21	5 3
73	13 S	12 9 38	6 15	6 4	4 22	6 16	6 4	4 15	9 20	6 16	6 4	4 12	6 2	6 15	6 5	4 9	6 13	6 6	4 0	5 56
74	14 Mo	12 9 21	6 14	6 5	4 54	6 14	6 5	4 49	10 10	6 15	6 5	4 47	6 42	6 13	6 6	4 45	6 12	6 7	4 37	6 33
75	15 Tu	12 9 4	6 12	6 6	5 23	6 13	6 6	5 20	10 40	6 12	6 6	5 18	7 15	6 13	6 7	5 16	6 11	6 8	5 11	7 7
76	16 W	12 8 47	6 10	6 7	5 50	6 11	6 7	5 49	11 15	6 11	6 8	5 48	7 47	6 10	6 8	5 47	6 10	6 9	5 44	7 42
77	17 Th	12 8 30	6 8	6 9	sets	6 9	6 9	sets	11 52	6 9	6 9	sets	8 18	6 9	6 9	sets	6 8	6 9	sets	8 12
78	18 Fr	12 8 12	6 6	6 10	7 47	6 7	6 10	7 45	mo.	6 7	6 10	7 44	8 47	6 7	6 10	7 43	6 7	6 10	7 39	8 47
79	19 Sa	12 7 55	6 4	6 11	8 49	6 6	6 11	8 45	12 27	6 6	6 11	8 43	9 22	6 6	6 11	8 41	6 6	6 11	8 35	9 25
80	20 S	12 7 37	6 3	6 12	9 49	6 4	6 12	9 44	1 4	6 4	6 12	9 41	10 1	6 4	6 12	9 39	6 4	6 12	9 30	10 8
81	21 Mo	12 7 19	6 1	6 14	10 51	6 2	6 13	10 44	1 45	6 2	6 13	10 41	10 47	6 3	6 13	10 37	6 3	6 12	10 27	10 53
82	22 Tu	12 7 1	5 59	6 15	11 52	6 0	6 14	11 44	2 26	6 1	6 14	11 40	11 35	6 1	6 14	11 36	6 1	6 13	11 25	11 47
83	23 W	12 6 43	5 57	6 16	mo.	5 59	6 15	mo.	3 17	5 59	6 15	mo.	mo.	5 59	6 15	mo.	5 59	6 14	mo.	mo.
84	24 Th	12 6 24	5 55	6 18	12 49	5 57	6 17	12 41	4 10	5 58	6 16	12 37	12 33	5 58	6 16	12 33	5 58	6 14	12 20	12 44
85	25 Fr	12 6 6	5 53	6 19	1 44	5 55	6 18	1 36	5 10	5 56	6 17	1 32	1 40	5 56	6 17	1 28	5 57	6 15	1 15	1 50
86	26 Sa	12 5 48	5 51	6 20	2 35	5 53	6 19	2 28	6 10	5 54	6 18	2 24	2 50	5 54	6 18	2 20	5 56	6 16	2 9	2 57
87	27 S	12 5 29	5 49	6 21	3 22	5 52	6 20	3 15	7 14	5 52	6 19	3 12	4 1	5 53	6 19	3 9	5 55	6 16	2 59	4 0
88	28 Mo	12 5 11	5 48	6 23	4 8	5 50	6 21	3 56	8 15	5 51	6 20	3 56	5 5	5 51	6 19	3 53	5 54	6 17	3 46	5 2
89	29 Tu	12 4 52	5 46	6 24	4 40	5 48	6 22	4 37	9 14	5 49	6 21	4 36	6 2	5 50	6 20	4 34	5 52	6 18	4 30	5 56
90	30 W	12 4 34	5 44	6 25	5 16	5 46	6 23	5 15	10 10	5 47	6 22	5 14	6 55	5 48	6 21	5 14	5 51	6 19	5 12	6 50
91	31 Th	12 4 15	5 42	6 26	5 52	5 45	6 24	5 53	11 1	5 46	6 23	5 53	7 45	5 47	6 22	5 54	5 50	6 19	5 53	7 37

4th Month. APRIL. 30 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Last Quarter...	7	1 53 ev.	0 53 ev.	11 53 mo.	10 53 mo.	9 53 mo.	7 30 mo.
New Moon.....	15	5 53 ev.	4 53 ev.	3 53 ev.	2 53 ev.	1 53 ev.	11 30 mo.
First Quarter...	22	12 54 ev.	11 54 ev.	10 54 ev.	9 54 ev.	8 54 ev.	6 31 ev.
Full Moon.....	29	6 36 ev.	5 36 ev.	4 36 ev.	3 36 ev.	2 36 ev.	0 13 ev.

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5th Month. MAY. 31 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Last Quarter...	7	7 50 mo.	6 50 mo.	5 50 mo.	4 50 mo.	3 50 mo.	1 27 mo.
New Moon.....	15	6 58 mo.	5 58 mo.	4 58 mo.	3 58 mo.	2 58 mo.	0 35 mo.
First Quarter...	22	6 18 mo.	5 18 mo.	4 18 mo.	3 18 mo.	2 18 mo.	11 55 ev.*
Full Moon.....	29	4 54 mo.	3 54 mo.	2 54 mo.	1 54 mo.	0 54 mo.	10 31 ev.†

*May 21. †May 28.

					Sun in meridian, local time.....	Calendar for N. S., Ont., Que., N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash. N. Ore., N. Idaho.			Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, So. Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.			Calendar for N. York city, So. New York, Conn. R. I., Pa., N. J., Northern part of Ohio, Ind. and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.			Cal. for Wash., D. C. Del., Md., Va., W. Va., S. Ohio, S. Ind., S. Ill., N. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., C. Utah, Cent. Neb., C. Cal.			Calendar for Charleston, S. C., Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.		
						Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. N. Y.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Boston.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.
						H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
122	1	S	...	11 57	1	4 49	7 5	9 3	4 56	7 0	8 56	4 59	6 56	8 52	9 0	5 2	6 52	8 48	ev22	5 13	6 42	8 37	8 52
123	2	Mo	...	11 56	54	4 48	7 6	10 3	4 54	7 1	9 55	4 57	6 57	9 51	9 46	5 1	6 53	9 47	1 7	5 12	6 43	9 34	9 40
124	3	Tu	...	11 56	47	4 46	7 7	10 55	4 53	7 2	10 46	4 56	6 58	10 42	10 32	5 0	6 54	10 38	1 57	5 11	6 44	10 25	10 24
125	4	W	...	11 56	41	4 45	7 8	11 41	4 52	7 3	11 33	4 55	6 59	11 23	11 20	4 59	6 55	11 25	2 45	5 10	6 45	11 13	11 12
126	5	Th	...	11 56	35	4 44	7 9	mo.	4 51	7 4	mo.	4 54	7 0	mo.	ev10	4 58	6 56	mo.	3 35	5 9	6 45	11 55	ev. 5
127	6	Fr	...	11 56	30	4 42	7 11	12 20	4 49	7 5	12 13	4 53	7 1	12 10	1 6	4 57	6 57	12 6	4 27	5 8	6 46	mo.	1 0
128	7	Sa	...	11 56	26	4 41	7 12	12 55	4 48	7 6	12 50	4 52	7 2	12 47	2 3	4 55	6 58	12 41	5 20	5 7	6 47	12 35	1 57
129	8	S	...	11 56	22	4 40	7 13	1 26	4 47	7 7	1 21	4 51	7 3	1 19	3 0	4 54	6 59	1 14	6 12	5 7	6 47	1 10	2 54
130	9	Mo	...	11 56	19	4 38	7 14	1 56	4 46	7 8	1 53	4 49	7 4	1 52	3 48	4 53	7 0	1 50	6 42	5 6	6 48	1 45	3 46
131	10	Tu	...	11 56	16	4 37	7 15	2 22	4 44	7 9	2 21	4 48	7 5	2 20	4 34	4 52	7 1	2 19	7 35	5 5	6 49	2 17	4 32
132	11	W	...	11 56	14	4 36	7 16	2 50	4 43	7 10	2 50	4 47	7 6	2 50	5 17	4 51	7 2	2 51	8 26	5 4	6 49	2 51	5 15
133	12	Th	...	11 56	13	4 35	7 18	3 19	4 42	7 11	3 20	4 46	7 7	3 21	5 57	4 50	7 3	3 22	9 20	5 3	6 50	3 25	5 57
134	13	Fr	...	11 56	12	4 33	7 19	3 39	4 41	7 12	3 42	4 45	7 8	3 54	6 33	4 49	7 3	3 56	10 47	5 2	6 51	4 1	6 37
135	14	Sa	...	11 56	11	4 32	7 20	4 51	4 40	7 13	4 26	4 44	7 9	4 29	7 17	4 49	7 4	4 31	11 30	5 2	6 51	4 39	7 18
136	15	S	...	11 56	12	4 31	7 21	sets	4 39	7 14	sets	4 43	7 10	sets	8 0	4 48	7 5	sets	12 0	5 1	6 52	sets	8 ?
137	16	Mo	...	11 56	13	4 30	7 22	8 38	4 38	7 15	8 30	4 42	7 11	8 26	8 40	4 47	7 6	8 21	12 54	5 0	6 53	8 10	8 45
138	17	Tu	...	11 56	14	4 29	7 23	9 36	4 37	7 16	9 28	4 41	7 12	9 23	9 26	4 46	7 7	9 19	12 42	5 0	6 54	9 6	9 30
139	18	W	...	11 55	16	4 28	7 24	10 31	4 36	7 17	10 23	4 40	7 13	10 19	10 14	4 45	7 8	10 15	mo.	4 59	6 54	10 2	10 20
140	19	Th	...	11 56	18	4 27	7 25	11 18	4 35	7 18	11 11	4 39	7 14	11 7	11 6	4 44	7 9	11 4	1 30	4 58	6 55	10 52	11 12
141	20	Fr	...	11 55	21	4 26	7 26	mo.	4 34	7 19	11 57	4 39	7 15	11 54	12 0	4 43	7 10	11 51	2 24	4 58	6 55	11 42	mo.
142	21	Sa	...	11 55	25	4 25	7 28	12 3	4 33	7 20	mo.	4 38	7 16	mo.	mo.	4 43	7 10	mo.	3 13	4 57	6 56	mo.	12 8
143	22	S	...	11 55	29	4 24	7 29	12 41	4 32	7 21	12 37	4 37	7 17	35	1 7	4 42	7 11	12 32	4 22	4 57	6 57	12 26	1 8
144	23	Mo	...	11 55	33	4 23	7 30	1 16	4 31	7 22	1 14	4 36	7 18	1 13	2 14	4 41	7 12	1 12	5 2	4 56	6 57	1 8	2 18
145	24	Tu	...	11 56	38	4 23	7 31	1 50	4 31	7 23	1 49	4 36	7 19	1 49	3 21	4 41	7 13	1 48	5 42	4 56	6 58	1 47	3 17
146	25	W	...	11 56	44	4 22	7 32	2 21	4 30	7 24	2 23	4 35	7 20	2 23	4 24	4 40	7 14	2 21	6 32	4 55	6 59	2 26	4 18
147	26	Th	...	11 56	50	4 21	7 33	2 55	4 29	7 25	2 59	4 34	7 20	3 0	5 24	4 39	7 14	3 2	7 22	4 55	7 0	3 7	5 17
148	27	Fr	...	11 56	56	4 20	7 34	3 30	4 29	7 26	3 35	4 34	7 21	3 38	6 18	4 39	7 15	3 40	8 12	4 54	7 0	3 48	6 11
149	28	Sa	...	11 57	3	4 20	7 35	4 9	4 28	7 27	4 15	4 33	7 22	4 19	7 8	4 38	7 16	4 22	8 57	4 54	7 1	4 32	7 2
150	29	S	...	11 57	11	4 19	7 35	rises	4 27	7 28	rises	4 32	7 23	rises	7 56	4 38	7 17	rises	9 45	4 54	7 1	rises	7 47
151	30	Mo	...	11 57	18	4 18	7 36	8 46	4 27	7 28	8 38	ev. 3	7 23	8 33	8 41	4 37	7 17	8 29	10 34	4 53	7 2	8 16	8 33
152	31	Tu	...	11 57	27	4 18	7 37	9 35	4 26	7 29	9 27	ev. 45	7 24	9 23	9 25	4 37	7 18	9 19	11 23	4 53	7 2	9 6	9 17

6th Month. JUNE. 30 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Last Quarter...	6	1 53 mo.	0 53 mo.	11 53 ev.*	10 53 ev.*	9 53 ev.*	7 30 ev.*
New Moon.....	13	5 10 ev.	4 10 ev.	3 10 ev.	2 10 ev.	1 10 ev.	10 47 mo.
First Quarter...	20	11 10 mo.	10 10 mo.	9 10 mo.	8 10 mo.	7 10 mo.	4 43 mo.
Full Moon.....	27	4 23 ev.	3 23 ev.	2 23 ev.	1 23 ev.	0 23 ev.	10 0 mo.

*June 5.

			Sun in meridian, local time.....	Day of week.....	Day of month.....	Day of year.....	Calendar for Me., N. S., Ont., No. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash., N. Ore., N. Idaho.			Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, So. Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.			Calendar for N. York city Conn., R. I., Pa., N. J., Northern part of Ohio, Ind., Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.			Cal. for Wash., D. C., Del., Md., Va., W. Va., S. Ohio, S. Ind., S. Ill., S. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., Cent. Utah, C. Neb., C. Cal.			Calendar for Charleston, S. C., Georgia, Ala., Miss., South N. Car., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.		
							Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.
							H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
153	1	W	11	57	35	4	17	7	38	10	10	17	4	25	7	33	10	10	1	3	4	31	7	24	10	6	10	10	4	36	7	19	10	2	4	52	7	3	9	51	10	0
154	2	Th	11	57	41	4	17	7	39	10	55	4	25	7	30	10	49	2	2	4	30	7	25	10	45	10	53	4	36	7	19	10	42	4	52	7	3	10	32	10	42
155	3	Fr	11	57	51	4	16	7	40	11	28	4	25	7	31	11	23	3	3	4	30	7	25	11	20	11	31	4	36	7	20	11	11	4	52	7	4	11	9	11	28
156	4	Sa	11	58	4	4	16	7	40	11	58	4	24	7	32	11	54	3	50	4	30	7	26	11	52	ev	20	4	35	7	21	11	5	ev	17
157	5	S	11	58	14	4	15	7	41	mo.		4	24	7	32	mo.		4	3	4	29	7	27	mo.		1	5	4	35	7	21	mo.		1	9
158	6	Mo	11	58	25	4	15	7	42	12	26	4	24	7	33	12	24	6	25	4	29	7	28	12	23	2	0	4	35	7	22	12	22	4	51	7	5	12	18	2	0
159	7	Tu	11	58	36	4	15	7	43	12	53	4	23	7	33	12	52	6	1	4	29	7	28	12	52	2	55	4	34	7	23	12	51	4	51	7	6	12	50	2	53
160	8	W	11	58	47	4	14	7	43	sets		4	23	7	34	1	21	7	1	4	29	7	29	1	21	3	42	4	34	7	23	1	22	4	51	7	6	1	23	3	46
161	9	Th	11	58	58	4	14	7	44	1	48	4	23	7	35	1	51	7	51	4	28	7	30	1	52	4	32	4	34	7	24	1	53	4	51	7	7	1	57	4	35
162	10	Fr	11	59	10	4	14	7	44	2	19	4	23	7	36	2	23	8	45	4	28	7	30	2	25	5	20	4	34	7	24	2	25	4	51	7	7	2	34	5	20
163	11	Sa	11	59	22	4	14	7	45	2	54	4	22	7	36	3	0	9	30	4	28	7	31	3	3	6	7	4	34	7	25	3	6	4	51	7	8	3	14	6	10
164	12	S	11	59	36	4	14	7	46	3	33	4	22	7	37	3	41	10	13	4	28	7	31	3	44	6	52	4	34	7	25	3	48	4	51	7	8	3	59	6	56
165	13	Mo	11	59	47	4	14	7	46	4	21	4	22	7	37	4	29	11	8	4	28	7	32	4	33	7	39	4	34	7	26	4	37	4	51	7	8	4	49	7	41
166	14	Tu	12	0	0	4	13	7	47	sets		4	22	7	38	sets		11	51	4	28	7	32	sets		8	23	4	34	7	26	sets		4	51	7	9	sets		8	26
167	15	W	12	0	12	4	13	7	47	9	15	4	22	7	38	9	7	mo.		4	28	7	32	9	4	9	12	4	34	7	26	9	0	4	51	7	9	8	48	9	15
168	16	Th	12	0	25	4	13	7	47	10	4	4	22	7	39	9	57	12	41	4	28	7	33	9	55	10	2	4	34	7	27	9	51	4	51	7	9	9	40	10	4
169	17	Fr	12	0	38	4	13	7	48	10	43	4	22	7	39	10	38	1	31	4	28	7	33	10	35	10	55	4	34	7	27	10	33	4	51	7	10	10	25	10	55
170	18	Sa	12	0	51	4	14	7	48	11	19	4	22	7	39	11	16	2	24	4	28	7	33	11	15	11	49	4	34	7	28	11	13	4	51	7	10	11	8	11	52
171	19	S	12	1	4	4	14	7	48	mo.		4	22	7	39	mo.		3	17	4	28	7	34	mo.		12	2	4	34	7	28	mo.		4	52	7	10	12	0	mo.	
172	20	Mo	12	1	17	4	14	7	49	12	4	4	23	7	40	12	3	4	11	4	29	7	34	12	2	12	50	4	34	7	28	12	2	4	52	7	11	mo.		12	49
173	21	Tu	12	1	30	4	14	7	49	12	28	4	23	7	40	12	27	5	11	4	29	7	34	12	27	1	52	4	34	7	28	12	28	4	52	7	11	12	29	1	52
174	22	W	12	1	43	4	14	7	49	1	0	4	23	7	40	1	2	6	11	4	29	7	34	1	3	3	0	4	35	7	28	1	4	4	52	7	11	1	8	2	55
175	23	Th	12	1	55	4	15	7	49	1	33	4	23	7	40	1	37	7	15	4	29	7	34	1	39	4	0	4	35	7	29	1	42	4	52	7	11	1	48	4	0
176	24	Fr	12	2	9	4	15	7	49	2	8	4	23	7	40	2	14	8	1	4	29	7	35	2	17	5	4	4	35	7	29	2	20	4	53	7	11	2	29	5	0
177	25	Sa	12	2	21	4	15	7	49	2	48	4	24	7	41	2	55	9	17	4	30	7	35	2	59	6	0	4	35	7	29	3	2	4	53	7	11	3	14	5	54
178	26	S	12	2	34	4	16	7	49	3	34	4	24	7	41	3	42	10	11	4	30	7	35	3	46	6	52	4	35	7	29	3	50	4	53	7	12	4	2	6	45
179	27	Mo	12	2	46	4	16	7	49	rises		4	24	7	41	rises		11	0	4	30	7	35	rises		7	40	4	36	7	29	rises		4	54	7	12	rises		7	32
180	28	Tu	12	2	59	4	17	7	49	8	13	4	25	7	40	8	5	11	47	4	31	7	35	8	1	8	23	4	37	7	29	7	57	4	54	7	12	7	45	8	16
181	29	W	12	3	11	4	17	7	49	8	54	4	25	7	40	8	47	ev	27	4	31	7	35	8	44	9	7	4	37	7	29	8	40	4	54	7	12	8	29	8	55
182	30	Th	12	3	23	4	18	7	49	9	30	4	26	7	40	9	24	1	10	4	31	7	35	9	21	9	46	4	37	7	29	9	18	4	55	7	12	9	9	9	35

7th Month. JULY. 31 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Last Quarter...	5	6 54 ev.	5 54 ev.	4 54 ev.	3 54 ev.	2 54 ev.	0 31 ev.
New Moon.....	13	1 27 mo.	0 27 mo.	11 27 ev.*	10 27 ev.*	9 27 ev.*	7 4 ev.*
First Quarter...	19	4 48 ev.	3 48 ev.	2 48 ev.	1 48 ev.	0 48 ev.	10 25 ev.
Full Moon.....	27	5 42 mo.	4 42 mo.	3 42 mo.	2 42 mo.	1 42 mo.	11 19 ev.†

*July 12. †July 26.

			Sun in meridian, local time.....	Calendar for N. S., Ont., Que., N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash., N. Ore., N. Idaho.			Calendar for Me., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, So. Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.			Calendar for Boston, Mass.			Calendar for N. York city So. New York, Conn., R. I., Pa., N. J., Northern part of Ohio, Ind., and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.			Cal. for Wash., D. C.; Del., Md., Va., W. Va., S. Ohio, S. Ind., S. Ill., N. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., C. Utah, C. Neb., C. Cal.			Calendar for Charleston, S. C.; Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.		
				Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Boston.	H. W. N. Y.
				H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M
183	1	Fr	12 3 34	4 18	7 49	9 59	4 26	7 40	9 55	1 50	7 35	9 53	4 32	7 35	9 53	4 38	7 29	9 51	4 55	7 12	9 44	10 12	
184	2	Sa	12 3 46	4 19	7 49	10 27	4 26	7 40	10 24	2 30	7 35	10 23	4 32	7 35	10 23	4 38	7 29	10 21	4 55	7 12	10 17	10 50	
185	3	S	12 3 57	4 19	7 49	10 56	4 27	7 40	10 54	3 12	7 34	10 54	4 33	7 34	11 35	4 39	7 29	10 53	4 56	7 12	10 51	11 32	
186	4	Mo	12 4 8	4 20	7 48	11 32	4 28	7 40	11 32	3 57	7 34	11 32	4 33	7 34	11 32	4 39	7 28	11 33	4 56	7 11	11 33	ev20	
187	5	Tu	12 4 18	4 21	7 48	11 49	4 29	7 39	11 51	4 43	7 34	11 52	4 34	7 34	mo.	4 40	7 28	11 53	4 57	7 11	11 56	1 9	
188	6	W	12 4 28	4 21	7 48	mo.	4 29	7 39	mo.	5 33	4 35	mo.	1 52	4 34	mo.	4 41	7 28	mo.	4 57	7 M	mo.	2 4	
189	7	Th	12 4 38	4 22	7 47	12 19	4 30	7 39	12 22	6 23	4 35	12 24	2 50	4 35	12 24	4 41	7 28	12 25	4 58	7 11	12 21	3 0	
190	8	Fr	12 4 48	4 23	7 47	12 44	4 30	7 38	12 56	7 16	4 36	12 58	3 49	4 36	12 58	4 42	7 27	1 1	4 58	7 11	1 9	3 56	
191	9	Sa	12 4 57	4 24	7 46	1 26	4 31	7 38	1 32	S 7	4 37	1 35	4 47	7 33	1 35	4 42	7 27	1 39	4 59	7 11	1 49	4 50	
192	10	S	12 5 6	4 25	7 46	2 9	4 32	7 38	2 17	9 0	4 37	2 21	5 49	4 32	2 21	4 43	7 27	2 25	4 59	7 10	2 36	5 42	
193	11	Mo	12 5 14	4 26	7 45	3 0	4 33	7 37	3 9	9 52	4 38	3 13	6 31	4 32	3 13	4 44	7 26	3 17	5 0	7 10	3 30	6 32	
194	12	Tu	12 5 22	4 27	7 45	3 58	4 33	7 37	4 7	10 41	4 39	4 11	7 22	4 33	4 11	4 45	7 26	4 15	5 0	7 10	4 28	7 20	
195	13	W	12 5 30	4 27	7 44	sets	4 34	7 36	sets	11 32	4 39	sets	8 12	4 33	sets	4 45	7 26	sets	5 1	7 9	sets	8 19	
196	14	Th	12 5 37	4 28	7 43	8 40	4 35	7 36	8 34	mo.	4 40	8 31	9 2	4 34	8 31	4 46	7 25	8 28	5 2	7 9	8 20	8 58	
197	15	Fr	12 5 43	4 29	7 43	9 23	4 36	7 35	9 15	12 22	4 41	9 14	9 52	4 36	9 14	4 46	7 24	9 12	5 2	7 9	9 5	9 48	
198	16	Sa	12 5 49	4 30	7 42	9 55	4 37	7 34	9 53	1 12	4 42	9 52	10 42	4 37	9 52	4 47	7 24	9 51	5 3	7 8	9 48	10 38	
199	17	S	12 5 54	4 30	7 41	10 29	4 37	7 34	10 29	2 5	4 43	10 29	11 37	4 37	10 29	4 48	7 23	10 29	5 3	7 8	10 29	11 30	
200	18	Mo	12 5 59	4 31	7 40	11 2	4 38	7 33	11 4	2 58	4 44	11 5	mo.	4 38	11 5	4 49	7 23	11 6	5 4	7 7	11 9	mo.	
201	19	Tu	12 6 4	4 32	7 40	11 35	4 39	7 32	11 39	3 53	4 44	11 41	12 30	4 37	11 41	4 50	7 22	11 43	5 5	7 7	11 49	12 27	
202	20	W	12 6 8	4 33	7 39	mo.	4 40	7 31	mo.	4 51	4 45	mo.	1 30	4 38	mo.	4 51	7 21	mo.	5 5	7 6	mo.	1 27	
203	21	Th	12 6 11	4 34	7 38	12 11	4 41	7 30	12 17	5 53	4 46	12 19	2 37	4 39	12 19	4 52	7 21	12 22	5 6	7 6	12 31	2 30	
204	22	Fr	12 6 13	4 35	7 37	12 49	4 42	7 30	12 56	6 55	4 47	12 59	3 42	4 40	12 59	4 52	7 20	1 2	5 6	7 5	1 13	3 37	
205	23	Sa	12 6 15	4 36	7 36	1 31	4 43	7 29	1 39	8 0	4 48	1 42	4 46	4 41	1 42	4 53	7 19	1 46	5 7	7 5	1 53	4 40	
206	24	S	12 6 17	4 37	7 35	2 13	4 44	7 28	2 27	9 0	4 48	2 31	5 45	4 43	2 31	4 54	7 18	2 35	5 8	7 4	2 48	5 40	
207	25	Mo	12 6 18	4 39	7 34	3 8	4 45	7 27	3 17	9 53	4 49	3 21	6 36	4 45	3 21	4 55	7 18	3 25	5 8	7 4	3 38	6 28	
208	26	Tu	12 6 18	4 40	7 33	4 2	4 46	7 26	4 10	10 42	4 50	4 14	7 22	4 46	4 14	4 56	7 17	4 18	5 9	7 3	4 30	7 14	
209	27	W	12 6 18	4 41	7 32	rises	4 47	7 25	rises	11 25	4 51	7 21	rises	4 47	7 21	4 57	7 16	rises	5 10	7 2	rises	7 55	
210	28	Th	12 6 17	4 42	7 31	8 2	4 48	7 24	7 57	ev 4	4 52	7 59	8 41	4 48	7 59	4 58	7 15	7 51	5 10	7 1	7 44	8 33	
211	29	Fr	12 6 15	4 43	7 30	8 30	4 49	7 23	8 27	12 42	4 53	8 25	9 17	4 48	8 25	4 59	7 14	8 24	5 11	7 1	8 18	9 6	
212	30	Sa	12 6 13	4 44	7 28	8 58	4 50	7 22	8 56	1 19	4 54	7 18	9 47	4 49	7 18	5 0	7 13	8 54	5 12	7 0	8 51	9 37	
213	31	S	12 6 10	4 45	7 27	9 24	4 51	7 21	9 23	1 54	4 55	7 17	9 23	4 50	7 17	5 0	7 12	9 23	5 12	6 59	9 22	10 12	

8th Month. AUGUST. 31 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Last Quarter...	4	10 2 mo.	9 2 mo.	8 2 mo.	7 2 mo.	6 2 mo.	3 39 mo.
New Moon.....	11	8 58 mo.	7 58 mo.	6 58 mo.	5 58 mo.	4 58 mo.	2 35 mo.
First Quarter...	17	12 27 ev.	11 27 ev.	10 27 ev.	9 27 ev.	8 27 ev.	6 4 ev.
Full Moon.....	25	9 2 ev.	8 2 ev.	7 2 ev.	6 2 ev.	5 2 ev.	2 39 ev.

Day of year	Day of month	Day of week	Sun in meridian, local time	Calendar for Me., N. S., Ont., No. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash., N. Ore., N. Idaho.				Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, So. Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.			Calendar for N. York city, So. New York, Conn., E. L., Pa., N. J., North-ern part of Ohio, Ind., and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.			Cal. for Wash., D. C., Del., Md., Va., W. Va., Kentucky, So. Ohio, So. Ind., S. Ill., N. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., C. Utah, C. Neb., C. Cal.			Calendar for Charleston, S. C., Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.		
				Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.		Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets. H. W. Boston.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets. H. W. N. Y.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets. H. W. Charleston.
				H M	H M	H M		H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M
214	1	Mo	12 6 7	4 46	7 26	9 52		4 52	7 20	9 53	4 56	7 16	9 54	5 0	7 11	9 54	5 13	6 58	9 56
215	2	Tu	12 6 3	4 47	7 25	10 20		4 53	7 18	10 22	4 57	7 14	10 24	5 1	7 10	10 25	5 14	6 58	10 29
216	3	W	12 5 59	4 48	7 23	10 50		4 54	7 17	10 54	4 58	7 13	10 56	5 2	7 9	10 58	5 15	6 57	11 5
217	4	Th	12 5 54	4 50	7 22	11 23		4 55	7 16	11 29	4 59	7 12	11 32	5 3	7 8	11 34	5 15	6 56	11 43
218	5	Fr	12 5 48	4 51	7 21	mo.		4 56	7 15	mo.	5 0	7 11	mo.	5 4	7 7	mo.	5 16	6 55	mo.
219	6	Sa	12 5 42	4 52	7 19	12 1		4 57	7 14	12 9	5 1	7 10	12 12	5 5	7 6	12 16	5 17	6 51	12 27
220	7	S	12 5 35	4 53	7 18	12 47		4 58	7 12	12 55	5 2	7 9	12 59	5 6	7 5	1 3	5 17	6 53	1 15
221	8	Mo	12 5 28	4 54	7 16	1 41		4 59	7 11	1 50	5 3	7 7	1 54	5 6	7 4	1 58	5 18	6 52	2 11
222	9	Tu	12 5 20	4 55	7 15	2 42		5 0	7 10	2 50	5 4	7 6	2 54	5 7	7 2	2 58	5 19	6 51	3 10
223	10	W	12 5 11	4 57	7 14	3 50		5 1	7 8	3 58	5 5	7 5	4 1	5 8	7 1	4 5	5 19	6 50	4 16
224	11	Th	12 5 2	4 58	7 12	sets		5 2	7 7	sets	5 6	7 4	sets	5 9	7 0	sets	5 20	6 49	sets
225	12	Fr	12 4 53	4 59	7 11	7 52		5 3	7 6	7 49	5 7	7 2	7 48	5 10	6 59	7 46	5 21	6 48	7 42
226	13	Sa	12 4 42	5 0	7 9	8 28		5 4	7 4	8 27	5 8	7 1	8 27	5 11	6 58	8 26	5 21	6 47	8 22
227	14	S	12 4 32	5 1	7 7	9 02		5 5	7 3	9 4	5 9	7 0	9 4	5 12	6 56	9 6	5 22	6 46	9 6
228	15	Mo	12 4 20	5 2	7 6	9 36		5 6	7 1	9 39	5 10	6 58	9 41	5 13	6 54	9 42	5 23	6 45	9 47
229	16	Tu	12 4 8	5 4	7 4	10 12		5 7	7 0	10 17	5 11	6 57	10 19	5 14	6 53	10 21	5 23	6 44	10 29
230	17	W	12 3 56	5 5	7 3	10 50		5 8	6 58	10 56	5 12	6 55	10 59	5 15	6 52	11 2	5 24	6 43	11 12
231	18	Th	12 3 43	5 6	7 1	11 31		5 10	6 57	11 39	5 13	6 54	11 42	5 16	6 51	11 46	5 25	6 42	11 57
232	19	Fr	12 3 30	5 7	7 0	mo.		5 11	6 55	mo.	5 14	6 53	mo.	5 17	6 50	mo.	5 25	6 41	mo.
233	20	Sa	12 3 16	5 8	6 58	12 16		5 12	6 54	12 24	5 15	6 51	12 28	5 17	6 48	12 32	5 25	6 40	12 45
234	21	S	12 3 1	5 9	6 56	1 5		5 13	6 52	1 14	5 16	6 50	1 18	5 18	6 47	1 22	5 27	6 38	1 33
235	22	Mo	12 2 46	5 11	6 55	1 58		5 14	6 51	2 6	5 17	6 48	2 10	5 19	6 45	2 14	5 28	6 37	2 26
236	23	Tu	12 2 31	5 12	6 53	2 54		5 15	6 49	3 1	5 17	6 47	3 5	5 20	6 44	3 8	5 28	6 36	3 20
237	24	W	12 2 15	5 13	6 51	3 51		5 16	6 48	3 58	5 18	6 45	4 1	5 21	6 43	4 4	5 29	6 35	4 13
238	25	Th	12 1 58	5 14	6 49	rises		5 17	6 46	rises	5 19	6 44	rises	5 22	6 41	rises	5 30	6 34	rises
239	26	Fr	12 1 42	5 15	6 48	7 1		5 18	6 44	6 59	5 20	6 42	6 58	5 23	6 40	6 57	5 30	6 32	6 57
240	27	Sa	12 1 25	5 17	6 46	7 29		5 19	6 43	7 23	5 21	6 41	7 28	5 24	6 38	7 27	5 31	6 31	7 26
241	28	S	12 1 8	5 18	6 44	7 56		5 20	6 41	7 57	5 22	6 39	7 57	5 25	6 37	7 58	5 32	6 30	7 59
242	29	Mo	12 0 50	5 19	6 42	8 24		5 21	6 39	8 28	5 23	6 37	8 27	5 26	6 35	8 23	5 32	6 29	8 32
243	30	Tu	12 0 32	5 20	6 41	8 52		5 22	6 38	8 56	5 24	6 36	8 58	5 26	6 34	9 0	5 33	6 28	9 6
244	31	W	12 0 14	5 21	6 39	9 23		5 23	6 36	9 28	5 25	6 34	9 31	5 27	6 32	9 33	5 33	6 26	9 42

9th Month. SEPTEMBER. 30 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Last Quarter...	2	10 58 ev.	9 58 ev.	8 58 ev.	7 58 ev.	6 58 ev.	4 35 ev.
New Moon.....	9	4 43 ev.	3 43 ev.	2 43 ev.	1 43 ev.	0 43 ev.	10 20 mo.
First Quarter...	16	11 12 mo.	10 12 mo.	9 12 mo.	8 12 mo.	7 12 mo.	4 49 mo.
Full Moon.....	24	1 49 ev.	0 49 ev.	11 49 mo.	10 49 mo.	9 49 mo.	7 26 mo.

Day of year	Day of month	Day of week	Sun in meridian, local time	Calendar for N. S., Ont., No. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash., N. Ore., N. Idaho.				Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, So. Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.				Calendar for N. York city So. New York, Conn., R. I., Pa., N. J., northern part of Ohio, Ind., and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.				Cal. for Wash., D. C.; Del., Md., Va., W. Va., S. Ohio, S. Ind., S. Ill., N. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., C. Utah, C. Neb., C. Cal.				Calendar for Charleston, S. C.; Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.			
				Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.		Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Boston.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. N. Y.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.		Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.
				H. M.	H. M.	H. M.		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
245	1	Th	11 59 55	5 22	6 37	9 53		11 5 24	6 35	10 5	3 25	5 26	6 33	10 8	11 35	5 28	6 31	10 12		5 34	6 25	11 48	
246	2	Fr	11 59 36	5 24	6 35	10 33		5 26	6 33	10 47	4 14	5 27	6 31	10 51	ev27	5 29	6 29	10 55		5 35	6 24	11 6	ev44
247	3	Sa	11 59 17	5 25	6 33	11 29		5 27	6 31	11 37	5 9	5 28	6 29	11 41	1 28	5 30	6 28	11 45		5 36	6 22	11 58	1 45
248	4	S ...	11 58 58	5 26	6 32	mo.		5 28	6 29	mo.	6 7	5 29	6 28	mo.	2 33	5 31	6 26	mo.		5 37	6 21	mo.	2 50
249	5	Mo	11 58 37	5 27	6 30	12 23		5 29	6 28	12 32	7 6	5 30	6 26	12 36	3 47	5 32	6 25	12 40		5 37	6 20	12 53	3 50
250	6	Tu	11 58 17	5 28	6 28	1 27		5 30	6 26	1 35	8 7	5 31	6 24	1 39	4 42	5 33	6 23	1 43		5 37	6 19	1 51	4 52
251	7	W ...	11 57 57	5 29	6 26	2 37		5 31	6 24	2 43	9 5	5 32	6 22	2 47	5 52	5 34	6 22	2 50		5 38	6 17	3 0	5 50
252	8	Th ...	11 57 37	5 31	6 24	3 51		5 32	6 22	3 56	10 0	5 33	6 21	3 58	6 46	5 35	6 21	4 0		5 39	6 16	4 8	6 42
253	9	Fr ...	11 57 17	5 32	6 22	5 6		5 33	6 21	5 9	10 52	5 34	6 20	5 10	7 38	5 35	6 20	5 12		5 39	6 15	5 16	7 32
254	10	Sa ...	11 56 56	5 33	6 20	sets		5 34	6 19	sets	11 44	5 35	6 18	sets	8 28	5 36	6 18	sets		5 40	6 13	sets	8 20
255	11	S ...	11 56 35	5 34	6 19	7 32		5 35	6 17	7 34	mo.	5 36	6 16	7 35	9 16	5 37	6 17	7 36		5 41	6 12	7 40	9 7
256	12	Mo ...	11 56 14	5 35	6 17	8 8		5 36	6 15	8 12	12 34	5 37	6 15	8 14	10 6	5 38	6 15	8 16		5 41	6 11	8 23	9 56
257	13	Tu ...	11 55 53	5 37	6 15	8 46		5 37	6 14	8 52	1 24	5 38	6 13	8 55	10 57	5 39	6 14	8 57		5 42	6 9	9 6	10 50
258	14	W ...	11 55 32	5 38	6 13	9 23		5 38	6 12	9 35	2 16	5 39	6 11	9 38	11 43	5 40	6 12	9 42		5 43	6 8	9 53	11 42
259	15	Th ...	11 55 11	5 39	6 11	10 13		5 39	6 10	10 21	3 10	5 40	6 9	10 25	mo.	5 41	6 10	10 29		5 43	6 7	10 41	mo.
260	16	Fr ...	11 54 50	5 40	6 9	11 1		5 40	6 8	11 10	4 6	5 41	6 8	11 14	12 45	5 42	6 9	11 18		5 44	6 5	11 31	12 40
261	17	Sa ...	11 54 29	5 41	6 7	11 53		5 41	6 7	mo.	5 7	5 42	6 6	mo.	1 51	5 43	6 7	mo.		5 45	6 4	mo.	1 45
262	18	S ...	11 54 8	5 42	6 5	mo.		5 43	6 5	12 1	6 10	5 43	6 4	12 5	2 58	5 44	6 6	12 9		5 45	6 2	12 22	2 53
263	19	Mo ...	11 53 46	5 44	6 3	12 49		5 44	6 3	12 56	7 12	5 44	6 3	1 0	4 4	5 44	6 4	1 4		5 46	6 1	1 15	3 55
264	20	Tu ...	11 53 25	5 45	6 1	1 45		5 45	6 1	1 51	8 10	5 45	6 1	1 55	5 1	5 45	6 2	1 58		5 46	6 0	2 8	4 50
265	21	W ...	11 53 4	5 46	6 0	2 42		5 46	6 0	2 47	9 1	5 46	5 59	2 50	5 46	5 46	6 1	2 52		5 47	5 58	3 1	5 40
266	22	Th ...	11 52 43	5 47	5 58	3 40		5 47	5 58	3 44	9 47	5 47	5 58	3 46	6 30	5 47	5 59	3 48		5 48	5 57	3 54	6 20
267	23	Fr ...	11 52 22	5 48	5 56	4 39		5 48	5 56	4 41	10 27	5 48	5 56	4 43	7 6	5 48	5 58	4 44		5 48	5 56	4 48	6 43
268	24	Sa ...	11 52 1	5 50	5 54	rises		5 49	5 54	rises	11 8	5 49	5 54	rises	7 38	5 49	5 56	rises		5 49	5 54	rises	7 30
269	25	S ...	11 51 40	5 51	5 52	6 23		5 50	5 53	6 30	11 3f	5 50	5 53	6 31	8 8	5 50	5 54	6 31		5 50	5 53	6 34	8 2
270	26	Mo ...	11 51 20	5 52	5 51	6 54		5 51	5 51	6 58	ev12	5 51	5 52	6 59	8 42	5 51	5 53	7 1		5 50	5 52	7 6	8 35
271	27	Tu ...	11 50 59	5 53	5 49	7 25		5 52	5 49	7 30	12 51	5 52	5 50	7 32	9 8	5 52	5 51	7 34		5 51	5 50	7 42	9 10
272	28	W ...	11 50 39	5 54	5 47	7 59		5 53	5 47	8 6	1 27	5 53	5 48	8 8	9 42	5 53	5 48	8 12		5 52	5 49	8 21	9 48
273	29	Th ...	11 50 19	5 56	5 45	8 39		5 54	5 46	8 46	2 8	5 54	5 46	8 50	10 23	5 54	5 46	8 53		5 52	5 48	9 5	10 30
274	30	Fr ...	11 49 60	5 57	5 43	9 23		5 56	5 44	9 31	2 52	5 54	5 44	9 35	11 8	5 55	5 46	9 39		5 53	5 46	9 51	11 20

10th Month. OCTOBER. 31 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Last Quarter...	2	9 52 mo.	8 52 mo.	7 52 mo.	6 52 mo.	5 52 mo.	3 29 mo.
New Moon.....	9	1 25 mo.	0 25 mo.	11 25 ev.*	10 25 ev.*	9 25 ev.*	7 2 ev.*
First Quarter...	16	1 54 mo.	0 54 mo.	11 54 ev.†	10 54 ev.†	9 54 ev.†	7 31 ev.†
Full Moon.....	24	6 56 mo.	5 56 mo.	4 56 mo.	3 56 mo.	2 56 mo.	0 33 mo.
Last Quarter...	31	7 13 ev.	6 13 ev.	5 13 ev.	4 13 ev.	3 13 ev.	0 50 ev.

*October 8. †October 15.

Calendar for Me., N. S., Ont., Nc. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash., N. Ore. N. Idaho.

Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont Central New York, Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.

Calendar for N. York city So. New York, Conn. R. I., Pa., N. J., Northern part of Ohio, Ind., and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.

Cal. for Wash., D. C., Del., Md., Va., W. Va., S. Carolina, Ky., Tenn., Mo., Kansas, C. Neb., C. Col.

Calendar for Charleston, S. C., Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.

Day of year	Day of month	Day of week	Sun in meridian, local time	Calendar for Me., N. S., Ont., Nc. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash., N. Ore. N. Idaho.			Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont Central New York, Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.				Calendar for N. York city So. New York, Conn. R. I., Pa., N. J., Northern part of Ohio, Ind., and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.				Cal. for Wash., D. C., Del., Md., Va., W. Va., S. Carolina, Ky., Tenn., Mo., Kansas, C. Neb., C. Col.				Calendar for Charleston, S. C., Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.			
				Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Boston.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. N. Y.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.
			H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
275	1	Sa	11 49 40	5 58	5 40	10 14	5 57	5 42	10 23	3 45	5 56	5 43	10 27	ev 0	5 55	5 43	10 31	5 54	5 45	10 44	ev14	5 54	5 45	10 44	ev14
276	2	S	11 49 21	5 59	5 39	11 12	5 58	5 40	11 20	4 42	5 57	5 41	11 24	1 2	5 56	5 42	11 28	5 54	5 44	11 40	1 15	5 54	5 44	11 40	1 15
277	3	Mo	11 49 3	6 1	5 37	mo.	5 59	5 39	mo.	5 40	5 58	5 39	mo.	2 12	5 57	5 40	mo.	5 55	5 42	mo.	2 20	5 55	5 42	mo.	2 20
278	4	Tu	11 48 44	6 2	5 35	12 17	6 0	5 37	12 25	6 45	5 59	5 38	12 28	3 23	5 58	5 39	12 32	5 56	5 41	12 43	3 27	5 56	5 41	12 43	3 27
279	5	W	11 48 26	6 3	5 33	1 25	6 1	5 35	1 31	7 46	6 0	5 36	1 34	4 30	5 59	5 37	1 36	5 57	5 40	1 45	4 29	5 57	5 40	1 45	4 29
280	6	Th	11 48 9	6 4	5 32	2 39	6 2	5 33	2 43	8 44	6 1	5 35	2 45	5 32	6 0	5 35	2 47	5 57	5 39	2 54	5 22	5 57	5 39	2 54	5 22
281	7	Fr	11 47 52	6 6	5 30	3 55	6 4	5 32	3 57	9 39	6 2	5 33	3 53	6 26	6 1	5 34	3 54	5 58	5 37	4 2	6 20	5 58	5 37	4 2	6 20
282	8	Sa	11 47 35	6 7	5 28	5 10	6 6	5 30	5 10	10 32	6 3	5 31	5 10	7 17	6 2	5 32	5 10	5 59	5 36	5 10	7 10	5 59	5 36	5 10	7 10
283	9	S	11 47 19	6 8	5 26	sets	6 6	5 28	sets	11 23	6 4	5 30	sets	8 8	6 3	5 31	sets	6 0	5 35	sets	7 59	6 0	5 35	sets	7 59
284	10	Mo	11 47 3	6 9	5 25	6 38	6 7	5 27	6 43	mo.	6 5	5 28	6 46	8 57	6 4	5 29	6 48	6 0	5 33	6 56	8 48	6 0	5 33	6 56	8 48
285	11	Tu	11 46 47	6 11	5 23	7 19	6 8	5 25	7 25	12 14	6 7	5 27	7 29	9 45	6 5	5 28	7 32	6 1	5 32	7 42	9 36	6 1	5 32	7 42	9 36
286	12	W	11 46 32	6 12	5 21	8 11	6 9	5 23	8 12	1 5	6 8	5 25	8 16	10 34	6 6	5 26	8 20	6 2	5 31	8 31	10 25	6 2	5 31	8 31	10 25
287	13	Th	11 46 18	6 13	5 19	8 52	6 10	5 22	9 1	1 55	6 9	5 23	9 5	11 28	6 7	5 25	9 9	6 2	5 30	9 22	11 18	6 2	5 30	9 22	11 18
288	14	Fr	11 46 4	6 14	5 18	9 45	6 11	5 20	9 54	2 47	6 10	5 22	9 58	mo.	6 8	5 23	10 2	6 3	5 29	10 15	mo.	6 3	5 29	10 15	mo.
289	15	Sa	11 45 50	6 16	5 16	10 40	6 13	5 19	10 48	3 42	6 11	5 20	10 52	12 21	6 9	5 22	10 56	6 4	5 27	11 8	12 17	6 4	5 27	11 8	12 17
290	16	S	11 45 38	6 17	5 14	11 36	6 14	5 17	11 43	4 35	6 12	5 19	11 46	1 24	6 10	5 21	11 50	6 5	5 26	12 0	1 18	6 5	5 26	12 0	1 18
291	17	Mo	11 45 25	6 18	5 12	mo.	6 15	5 15	mo.	5 33	6 13	5 17	mo.	2 28	6 11	5 19	mo.	6 5	5 25	mo.	2 20	6 6	5 25	mo.	2 20
292	18	Tu	11 45 13	6 20	5 11	12 35	6 16	5 14	12 41	5 39	6 14	5 16	12 44	3 30	6 12	5 18	12 46	6 6	5 24	12 55	3 22	6 6	5 24	12 55	3 22
293	19	W	11 45 2	6 21	5 9	1 33	6 17	5 12	1 37	7 38	6 15	5 14	1 39	4 23	6 13	5 16	1 41	6 7	5 23	1 48	4 17	6 7	5 23	1 48	4 17
294	20	Th	11 44 52	6 22	5 7	2 30	6 18	5 11	2 33	8 24	6 16	5 13	2 34	5 10	6 14	5 15	2 36	6 8	5 22	2 40	5 4	6 8	5 22	2 40	5 4
295	21	Fr	11 44 42	6 23	5 6	3 30	6 20	5 9	3 31	9 7	6 18	5 12	3 32	5 51	6 15	5 14	3 32	6 9	5 21	3 34	5 47	6 9	5 21	3 34	5 47
296	22	Sa	11 44 33	6 25	5 4	4 23	6 21	5 8	4 28	9 48	6 19	5 10	4 28	6 28	6 13	5 13	4 23	6 9	5 19	4 27	6 23	6 9	5 19	4 27	6 23
297	23	S	11 44 24	6 26	5 3	5 26	6 22	5 6	5 24	10 27	6 20	5 9	5 23	7 3	6 18	5 11	5 22	6 10	5 18	5 19	6 57	6 10	5 18	5 19	6 57
298	24	Mo	11 44 16	6 27	5 1	rises	6 23	5 5	rises	11 4	6 21	5 7	rises	7 37	6 19	5 10	rises	6 11	5 17	rises	7 32	6 11	5 17	rises	7 32
299	25	Tu	11 44 9	6 29	4 59	6 0	6 24	5 3	6 6	11 41	6 22	5 6	6 9	8 7	6 20	5 9	6 11	6 12	5 16	6 20	8 7	6 12	5 16	6 20	8 7
300	26	W	11 44 2	6 30	4 58	6 37	6 26	5 2	6 45	ev18	6 23	5 4	6 48	8 42	6 21	5 8	6 52	6 13	5 15	7 3	8 45	6 13	5 15	7 3	8 45
301	27	Th	11 43 57	6 31	4 56	7 21	6 27	5 1	7 29	1 0	6 24	5 3	7 33	9 21	6 22	5 6	7 37	6 13	5 14	7 49	9 27	6 13	5 14	7 49	9 27
302	28	Fr	11 43 52	6 33	4 55	8 10	6 28	4 59	8 18	1 43	6 26	5 2	8 23	10 2	6 23	5 5	8 27	6 14	5 13	8 40	10 10	6 14	5 13	8 40	10 10
303	29	Sa	11 43 48	6 34	4 53	9 4	6 29	4 57	9 13	2 30	6 27	5 1	9 17	10 50	6 24	5 4	9 21	6 15	5 12	9 34	11 0	6 15	5 12	9 34	11 0
304	30	S	11 43 44	6 36	4 52	9 56	6 31	4 56	10 3	3 22	6 28	4 59	10 7	11 42	6 25	5 2	10 11	6 16	5 11	10 22	11 53	6 16	5 11	10 22	11 53
305	31	Mo	11 43 42	6 37	4 51	11 12	6 32	4 55	11 18	4 18	6 29	4 58	11 21	ev43	6 26	5 1	11 24	6 17	5 10	11 34	ev35	6 17	5 10	11 34	ev35

11th Month. NOVEMBER. 30 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
New Moon.....	7	11 36 mo.	10 36 mo.	9 36 mo.	8 36 mo.	7 36 mo.	5 10 mo.
First Quarter...	14	8 35 ev.	7 35 ev.	6 35 ev.	7 35 ev.	6 35 ev.	4 12 ev.
Full Moon.....	22	11 12 ev.	10 12 ev.	9 12 ev.	8 12 ev.	7 12 ev.	4 49 ev.
Last Quarter...	30	3 38 mo.	2 38 mo.	1 38 mo.	0 38 mo.	11 38 ev.*	9 15 ev.*

*November 29.

				Calendar for Me., N. H., Ont., No. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mon., Wash., N. Ore., N. Idaho.			Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.				Calendar for N. York city; Conn., R. I., Pa., N. J., Northern part of Ohio, Ind., and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.			Cal. for Wash., D. C.; Del., Md., Va., W. Va., S. Ohio, S. Ind., S. Ill., N. Mo., Kan., Cent. Col., C. Utah, C. Neb., C. Cal.			Calendar for Charleston, S. C.; Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.		
Sun in meridian, local time.....	Day of week.....	Day of month.....	Day of year.....	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Boston.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. N. Y.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.
H. M. S.				H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M
11 43 40	1	Tu	306	6 38	4 49	mo.	6 33	4 54	mo.	5 19	6 30	4 57	mo.	1 52	6 27	5 0	mo.	6 18	5 9	mo.	1 57	
11 43 39	2	W	307	6 40	4 48	12 20	6 34	4 53	12 25	6 21	6 31	4 56	12 27	3 1	6 29	4 59	12 3	6 19	5 9	12 40	3 2	
11 43 39	3	Th	308	6 41	4 47	1 32	6 36	4 51	1 35	7 22	6 32	4 54	1 33	4 15	6 29	4 58	1 33	6 19	5 8	1 42	4 4	
11 43 39	4	Fr	309	6 42	4 45	2 46	6 37	4 50	2 47	8 23	6 34	4 53	2 47	5 10	6 31	4 57	2 45	6 20	5 7	2 49	5 5	
11 43 41	5	Sa	310	6 44	4 44	3 59	6 38	4 49	3 58	9 2	6 36	4 52	3 58	6 7	6 32	4 56	3 5.	6 21	5 6	3 56	5 58	
11 43 43	6	S	311	6 45	4 42	5 14	6 39	4 48	5 11	10 15	6 36	4 51	5 9	6 59	6 33	4 55	5 8	6 22	5 5	5 3	6 51	
11 43 46	7	Mo	312	6 47	4 41	6 29	6 41	4 47	6 24	11 6	6 37	4 50	6 21	7 43	6 34	4 54	6 19	6 23	5 4	6 11	7 42	
11 43 50	8	Tu	313	6 48	4 40	sets	6 42	4 45	sets	11 56	6 38	4 49	sets	8 37	6 35	4 53	sets	6 24	5 3	sets	8 30	
11 43 55	9	W	314	6 49	4 39	6 33	6 43	4 44	6 46	mo.	6 40	4 46	6 50	9 25	6 36	4 52	6 51	6 25	5 2	7 7	9 17	
11 44 1	10	Th	315	6 51	4 38	7 32	6 44	4 43	7 41	12 46	6 41	4 47	7 45	10 15	6 37	4 51	7 49	6 26	5 2	8 2	10 7	
11 44 8	11	Fr	316	6 52	4 37	8 27	6 46	4 42	8 35	1 34	6 42	4 46	8 39	11 6	6 38	4 50	8 43	6 27	5 1	8 56	10 57	
11 44 15	12	Sa	317	6 53	4 35	9 26	6 47	4 41	9 32	2 23	6 43	4 45	9 38	11 58	6 39	4 49	9 40	6 27	5 1	9 51	11 50	
11 44 23	13	S	318	6 55	4 34	10 23	6 48	4 40	10 30	3 15	6 44	4 44	10 33	mo.	6 40	4 48	10 3	6 28	5 0	10 46	mo.	
11 44 32	14	Mo	319	6 56	4 33	11 23	6 49	4 39	11 28	4 7	6 46	4 43	11 31	12 53	6 41	4 47	11 33	6 29	5 0	11 41	12 46	
11 44 42	15	Tu	320	6 57	4 32	mo.	6 51	4 39	mo.	5 3	6 47	4 42	mo.	1 56	6 43	4 47	mo.	6 30	4 59	mo.	1 42	
11 44 53	16	W	321	6 59	4 31	12 22	6 52	4 38	12 23	5 55	6 48	4 41	12 27	2 46	6 44	4 46	12 27	6 31	4 59	12 31	2 40	
11 45 4	17	Th	322	7 0	4 30	1 20	6 53	4 37	1 22	6 50	6 49	4 40	1 23	3 33	6 46	4 45	1 24	6 32	4 58	1 27	3 35	
11 45 15	18	Fr	323	7 1	4 30	2 18	6 54	4 36	2 18	7 38	6 50	4 39	2 18	4 22	6 46	4 44	2 18	6 33	4 58	2 19	4 21	
11 45 30	19	Sa	324	7 3	4 29	3 15	6 56	4 35	3 14	8 25	6 51	4 39	3 13	5 5	6 47	4 44	3 13	6 34	4 57	3 11	5 5	
11 45 50	20	S	325	7 4	4 29	4 15	6 57	4 34	4 12	9 7	6 53	4 38	4 11	6 47	6 48	4 43	4 9	6 35	4 57	4 5	5 45	
11 46 14	21	Mo	326	7 5	4 27	5 15	6 58	4 34	5 10	9 48	6 54	4 38	5 8	6 24	6 49	4 43	5 6	6 36	4 56	4 59	6 25	
11 46 30	22	Tu	327	7 7	4 26	6 17	6 59	4 33	6 11	10 31	6 55	4 37	6 8	7 2	6 50	4 42	6 5	6 37	4 56	5 56	7 5	
11 46 47	23	W	328	7 8	4 25	rises	7 0	4 32	rises	11 12	6 56	4 36	rises	7 42	6 51	4 42	rises	6 38	4 56	rises	7 44	
11 47 5	24	Th	329	7 9	4 25	6 5	7 2	4 32	6 13	11 51	6 57	4 35	6 13	8 22	6 52	4 41	6 22	6 38	4 55	6 35	8 25	
11 47 24	25	Fr	330	7 10	4 24	7 0	7 3	4 31	7 8	ev. 37	6 58	4 35	7 13	9 5	6 53	4 40	7 14	6 39	4 55	7 30	9 10	
11 47 43	26	Sa	331	7 11	4 24	7 59	7 4	4 31	8 7	1 23	6 59	4 35	8 11	9 48	6 55	4 40	8 14	6 40	4 55	8 27	9 54	
11 48 1	27	S	332	7 13	4 23	9 2	7 5	4 30	9 9	2 10	7 0	4 35	9 12	10 37	6 56	4 40	9 1	6 41	4 55	9 27	10 45	
11 48 21	28	Mo	333	7 14	4 23	10 11	7 6	4 30	10 17	3 3	7 2	4 34	10 20	11 28	6 57	4 40	10 22	6 42	4 54	10 31	11 33	
11 48 41	29	Tu	334	7 15	4 22	11 21	7 7	4 30	11 25	4 0	7 3	4 34	11 26	ev. 29	6 58	4 39	11 28	6 43	4 54	11 34	ev. 35	
11 49 2	30	W	335	7 16	4 22	mo.	7 8	4 29	mo.	4 50	7 4	4 34	mo.	1 33	6 59	4 39	mo.	6 44	4 54	mo.	1 37	

12th Month. DECEMBER. 31 Days.

Moon's Phases.	D.	Inter-Col.	Eastern.	Central.	Mountain.	Pacific.	Hawaiian.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
New Moon.....	6	11 46 ev.	10 46 ev.	9 46 ev.	8 46 ev.	7 46 ev.	5 23 ev.
First Quarter...	14	6 7 ev.	5 7 ev.	4 7 ev.	3 7 ev.	2 7 ev.	11 44 mo.
Full Moon.....	22	2 1 ev.	1 1 ev.	0 1 ev.	11 1 mo.	10 1 mo.	7 38 mo.
Last Quarter...	29	11 46 mo.	10 46 mo.	9 46 mo.	8 46 mo.	7 46 mo.	5 23 mo.

Calendar for Me., N. S., Ont., No. N. York, Mich., Wis., Minn., N. and S. Dak., Mont., Wash., N. Ore., N. Idaho.

Calendar for Boston, Mass., N. Hampshire, Vermont, Central New York, So. Michigan and Wisconsin, North Iowa, Wyoming, So. Idaho, So. Oregon.

Calendar for N. York city, So. New York, Conn., R. I., Pa., N. J., North'n part of Ohio, Ind. and Ill., So. Iowa, Neb., N. Col., Utah, Nev., Cal.

Cal. for Wash., D. C.; Del., Md., Va., W. [illegible] S. Ind., [illegible] Mo., Kan., [illegible] Utah, [illegible] Cal.

Calendar for Charleston, S. C., Georgia, Ala., Miss., South Ark., North Louisiana, North Texas, So. New Mexico, Southern Arizona, So. California.

		Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. N. Y.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Boston.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets.	H. W. Charleston.
		H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M
336	1 Th	7 17	4 21	12 31	7 10	4 29	12 32	6 0	7 6	4 34	12 33	2 42	7 0	4 39	12 34	6 45	4 54	12 37	2 42
337	2 Fr	7 18	4 21	1 42	7 11	4 29	1 42	7 0	7 6	4 33	1 42	3 5	7 1	4 39	1 41	6 46	4 54	1 41	3 42
338	3 Sa	7 20	4 21	2 55	7 12	4 28	2 53	8 4	7 7	4 33	2 52	4 5	7 2	4 38	2 51	6 46	4 54	2 41	4 45
339	4 S	7 21	4 20	4 6	7 13	4 28	4 2	9 2	7 8	4 33	4 0	5 48	7 2	4 38	3 58	6 47	4 54	3 52	5 42
340	5 Mo	7 22	4 20	5 17	7 14	4 28	5 11	9 57	7 9	4 32	6 15	6 41	7 3	4 38	5 6	6 48	4 54	4 57	6 35
341	6 Tu	7 23	4 20	6 25	7 15	4 28	6 19	10 50	7 10	4 32	6 15	7 33	7 4	4 38	6 12	6 49	4 54	6 0	7 25
342	7 W	7 24	4 20	sets	7 16	4 28	sets	11 40	7 11	4 32	sets	8 21	7 5	4 38	sets	6 49	4 54	sets	8 15
343	8 Th	7 25	4 21	6 11	7 17	4 28	6 19	mo.	7 12	4 32	6 24	9 10	7 7	4 38	6 23	6 50	4 54	6 41	9 0
344	9 Fr	7 26	4 20	7 9	7 17	4 28	7 17	12 27	7 13	4 32	7 21	9 55	7 7	4 38	7 25	6 51	4 54	7 37	9 45
345	10 Sa	7 27	4 20	8 9	7 18	4 28	8 16	1 14	7 14	4 32	8 20	10 40	7 8	4 38	8 23	6 52	4 54	8 34	10 31
346	11 S	7 27	4 20	9 8	7 19	4 28	9 14	2 0	7 15	4 32	9 17	11 27	7 9	4 38	9 19	6 53	4 55	9 23	11 17
347	12 Mo	7 28	4 20	10 7	7 20	4 28	10 11	2 47	7 15	4 32	10 13	mo.	7 9	4 39	10 15	6 54	4 55	10 22	mo.
348	13 Tu	7 29	4 20	11 7	7 21	4 28	11 9	3 31	7 16	4 33	11 11	12 14	7 10	4 37	11 12	6 54	4 55	11 16	12 7
349	14 W	7 30	4 20	mo.	7 22	4 28	mo.	4 22	7 16	4 33	mo.	1 2	7 11	4 39	mo.	6 55	4 55	mo.	1 0
350	15 Th	7 31	4 21	12 4	7 22	4 29	12 5	5 12	7 17	4 33	12 6	1 51	7 12	4 39	12 8	6 56	4 56	12 8	1 49
351	16 Fr	7 31	4 21	1 3	7 23	4 29	1 3	6 2	7 18	4 33	1 2	2 40	7 12	4 40	1 2	6 56	4 56	1 1	2 40
352	17 Sa	7 32	4 21	2 2	7 24	4 29	2 0	6 50	7 19	4 33	1 59	3 28	7 13	4 40	1 55	6 57	4 56	1 54	3 32
353	18 S	7 33	4 21	3 2	7 24	4 29	2 58	7 40	7 19	4 34	2 56	4 11	7 14	4 40	2 51	6 58	4 57	2 48	4 20
354	19 Mo	7 33	4 22	4 3	7 25	4 30	3 58	8 23	7 20	4 34	3 55	5 2	7 14	4 41	3 52	6 58	4 57	3 44	5 7
355	20 Tu	7 34	4 22	5 3	7 26	4 30	4 56	9 14	7 20	4 35	4 53	5 50	7 15	4 41	4 49	6 59	4 58	4 40	5 52
356	21 W	7 34	4 23	6 4	7 26	4 31	5 56	10 0	7 21	4 35	5 53	6 3	7 15	4 42	5 49	6 59	4 58	5 37	6 37
357	22 Th	7 35	4 23	rises	7 26	4 31	rises	10 46	7 21	4 36	rises	7 20	7 16	4 42	rises	7 0	4 59	rises	7 22
358	23 Fr	7 36	4 24	5 47	7 27	4 32	6 53	11 32	7 22	4 37	6 0	8 5	7 16	4 43	6 4	7 0	4 59	6 17	8 7
359	24 Sa	7 36	4 25	6 52	7 27	4 32	7 0	ev18	7 22	4 37	7 3	8 52	7 17	4 43	7 1	7 1	5 0	7 18	8 52
360	25 S	7 36	4 25	8 1	7 28	4 33	8 7	1 5	7 23	4 38	8 10	9 37	7 17	4 44	8 13	7 1	5 0	8 22	9 40
361	26 Mo	7 36	4 26	9 12	7 28	4 33	9 16	1 55	7 23	4 39	9 18	10 27	7 17	4 44	9 21	7 1	5 1	9 27	10 29
362	27 Tu	7 37	4 26	10 22	7 28	4 34	10 24	2 26	7 23	4 39	10 25	11 1b	7 18	4 45	10 27	7 2	5 2	10 31	11 20
363	28 W	7 37	4 27	11 33	7 29	4 35	11 33	3 42	7 23	4 40	11 34	ev15	7 18	4 46	11 34	7 2	5 2	11 35	ev15
364	29 Th	7 37	4 28	mo.	7 29	4 36	mo.	4 38	7 24	4 40	mo.	1 18	7 18	4 47	mo.	7 2	5 3	mo.	1 14
365	30 Fr	7 37	4 29	12 43	7 29	4 37	12 42	5 40	7 24	4 41	12 41	2 20	7 19	4 47	12 40	7 2	5 4	12 38	2 17
366	31 Sa	7 37	4 30	1 54	7 30	4 37	1 51	6 40	7 24	4 42	1 49	3 36	7 19	4 48	1 47	7 3	5 4	1 42	3 21

		Sun in meridian, local time.....	Day of week....	Day of month...	Day of year.....
		H. M. S.			
336	1	11 49 8	Th	..	
337	2	11 49 31	Fr	..	
338	3	11 49 55	Sa	..	
339	4	11 50 19	S	..	
340	5	11 50 44	Mo	..	
341	6	11 51 9	Tu	..	
342	7	11 51 35	W	..	
343	8	11 52 1	Th	..	
344	9	11 52 28	Fr	..	
345	10	11 52 55	Sa	..	
346	11	11 53 23	S	..	
347	12	11 53 51	Mo	..	
348	13	11 54 19	Tu	..	
349	14	11 54 48	W	..	
350	15	11 55 17	Th	..	
351	16	11 55 46	Fr	..	
352	17	11 56 15	Sa	..	
353	18	11 56 45	S	..	
354	19	11 57 14	Mo	..	
355	20	11 57 44	Tu	..	
356	21	11 58 14	W	..	
357	22	11 58 41	Th	..	
358	23	11 59 14	Fr	..	
359	24	11 59 43	Sa	..	
360	25	12 0 13	S	..	
361	26	12 0 43	Mo	..	
362	27	12 1 13	Tu	..	
363	28	12 1 42	W	..	
364	29	12 2 11	Th	..	
365	30	12 2 41	Fr	..	
366	31	12 3 10	Sa	..	

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

Congress and Its Powers.

Section 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Sec. 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.

Representatives, How Chosen.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative, and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New-Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New-York six, New-Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five and Georgia three. When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Sec. 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise during the recess of the Legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies. No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. The Vice-President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside, and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

Senators, Choice, Organization, Impeachment Trials.

Sec. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Elections to Congress—Assemblings.

Sec. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum

to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Separate Powers of Each House.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal. Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Sec. 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Compensations and Privileges.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

Sec. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills. Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and to proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law. Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

Revenue Bills—Procedure—President's Action.

Sec. 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; to borrow money on the credit of the United States; to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes; to establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States; to coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures; to provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States; to establish postoffices and postroads; to promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries; to constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court, to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the laws of nations; to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water; to raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years; to provide and maintain a navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and expel invasions; to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress; to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the Legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

General Powers of Congress.

Sec. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it. No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one State be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another. No money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

Limitations of Its Powers.

Sec. 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress. No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

Limitations of State Powers.

ARTICLE II.

The President and His Powers.

Section 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows: Each State shall appoint, in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector. The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice-President. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States. No person except a natural born citizen or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability be removed or a President shall be elected. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them. Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

Electoral College—Eligibility, Succession, Compensation.

Sec. 2. The President shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment. He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments. The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

Military, Civil and Treaty-making Powers.

Sec. 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and the public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States

Messages and Extra Sessions.

Sec. 4. The President, Vice-President and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from office on impeachment for and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors

Removal by Impeachment.

ARTICLE III.

Supreme Courts and Judicial Powers.

Section 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

Sec. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State, or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the Congress shall make. The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

Limits of Judicial Power.

Sec. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court. The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

Treason and Its Punishment.

ARTICLE IV.

Rights of States and Citizens.

Section 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

Sec. 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States. A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime. No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

Equal Rights of Citizens.

Sec. 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or part of States, without the consent of the Legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress. The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

Creation of New States.

Sec. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the Legislature, or of the executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

Guaranty of Republican Government.

ARTICLE V.

Amendments to Constitution.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

Action by Congress—Ratification.

ARTICLE VI.

Supreme Authority of Constitution.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this Constitution shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the confederation. This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

Debts and Treaties—Official Oaths—No Religious Test.

ARTICLE VII.

Ratification of Constitution.

The ratification of the convention of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Nine States Sufficient to Establish.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON, President and Deputy from Virginia.

New-Hampshire—JOHN LANGDON, NICHOLAS GILMAN.
Massachusetts—NATHANIEL GORHAM, RUFUS KING.
Connecticut—WM. SAML. JOHNSON, ROGER SHERMAN.
New-York—ALEXANDER HAMILTON.
New-Jersey—WILL. LIVINGSTON, DAVID BREARLY, WM. PATERSON, JONA DAYTON.
Pennsylvania—B. FRANKLIN, THOMAS MIFFLIN, ROBERT MORRIS, GEO. CLYMER, THOMAS FITZSIMONS, JARED INGERSOLL, JAMES WILSON, GOUV. MORRIS.
Delaware—GEO. READ, GUNNING BEDFORD, Jun'r, JOHN DICKINSON, RICHARD BASSETT, JACO. BROOM.
Maryland—JAMES M'HENRY, DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER, DANL. CARROLL.
Virginia—JOHN BLAIR, JAMES MADISON, Jun'r.
North Carolina—WM. BLOUNT, RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT, HU. WILLIAMSON.
South Carolina—J. RUTLEDGE, CH'S COATESWORTH PINCKNEY, CHARLES PINCKNEY, PIERCE BUTLER.
Georgia—WILLIAM FEW, ABR. BALDWIN.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, Secretary.

AMENDMENTS.

(The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the 1st Congress of the United States which was begun and held at the city of New-York on March 4, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.—1 vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72. They together constitute a Bill of Rights.) The following is the preamble and resolution: Congress of the United States begun and held at the city of New-York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a num-

Earlier Amendments.

ber of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.—Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.—A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.—No soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.—The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.—No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself nor be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.—In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

ARTICLE VII.—In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed $20, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.—Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.—The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.—The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.—(Proposed by Congress held at Philadelphia, December 2, 1793; ratification declared by President, January 8, 1798.) The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.—(Proposed at first session of VIIIth Congress, in Washington, October 17, 1803; ratification announced by Secretary of State, September 25, 1804.)

Election of President and Vice-President.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the persons voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President shall be the Vice-Presi-

dent, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

Amendments Following Civil War.

ARTICLE XIII.—(Proposed by Congress February 1, 1865; ratification announced by Secretary of State, December 18, 1865.) Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

ARTICLE XIV.—(Proposed by Congress June 16, 1866; ratification announced by Secretary of State, July 28, 1868.) Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

(Note.—On June 7, 1898, President McKinley approved of an act [illegible]ress which declared that "the disabilities imposed by Section 3, XIVth Amendment of the Constitution, heretofore incurred, are hereby removed.")

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.—(Proposed by Congress February 27, 1869; ratification announced by Secretary of State, March 30, 1870.) Section 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

Sec. 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION LAW.

The Presidential succession is fixed by Chapter 1 of the acts of the XLIXth Congress, first session. In case of the removal, death, resignation or inability of both the President and Vice-President, then the Secretary of State shall act as President until the disability of the President or Vice-President is removed or a President is elected. If there be no Secretary of State, then the Secretary of the Treasury will act, and the remainder of the order of succession is as follows: The Secretary of War, Attorney-General, Postmaster-General, Secretary of the Navy and Secretary of the Interior. The Acting President must, upon taking office, convene Congress, if not at the time in session, in extraordinary session, giving twenty days' notice. This act applies only to such Cabinet officers as shall have been appointed by the advice and consent of the Senate, and are eligible under the Constitution to the Presidency.

The act of Congress raising the Department of Agriculture to the rank of an executive department and giving its head a seat in the President's Cabinet and the act creating the Department of Commerce and Labor were both passed subsequently to the Presidential succession act. By intention or inadvertence Congress did not specifically extend the provisions of the succession act to these two additional Cabinet officers. Except as a matter of construction there is apparently no warrant for considering the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Commerce and Labor as actually in the line of succession. But no judicial interpretation has yet been made of the provisions of the Succession Law and of the acts creating the eighth and ninth executive departments.

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE EXECUTIVE.

PRESIDENT.....[1]THEODORE ROOSEVELT, of New-York
VICE-PRESIDENT.....
SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT.....WILLIAM LOEB, Jr., of New-York

THE CABINET.

SECRETARY OF STATE.....JOHN HAY, of the District of Columbia
SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.....LESLIE M. SHAW, of Iowa
SECRETARY OF WAR.....[2]ELIHU ROOT, of New-York
ATTORNEY-GENERAL.....PHILANDER C. KNOX, of Pennsylvania
POSTMASTER-GENERAL.....HENRY C. PAYNE, of Wisconsin
SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.....WILLIAM H. MOODY, of Massachusetts
SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR....ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK, of Missouri
SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.....JAMES WILSON, of Iowa
[3]SECRETARY OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.GEO. B. CORTELYOU, of New-York

[The salary of the President is $50,000 a year; the salary of the Vice-President and of each of the members of the Cabinet is $8,000 a year; the Secretary to the President receives $5,000 a year.]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

SECRETARY OF STATE.....JOHN HAY (1899), D. C., $8,000
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....FRANCIS B. LOOMIS (1903), Ohio, $4,500
SECOND ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....ALVEY A. ADEE (1886), D. C., $4,500
THIRD ASSISTANT SECRETARY..HERBERT H. D. PIERCE (1901), Mass., $4,500

Solicitor—William L. Penfield (1897), Ind., $3,500.

Assistant Solicitor—Frederick Van Dyne (1900), N. Y., $3,000.

Chief Clerk—W. H. Michael (1897), Neb., $3,000.

Chief of Diplomatic Bureau—Sidney Y. Smith (1897), D. C., $2,100.

Chief of Consular Bureau—Wilbur J. Carr (1902), N. Y., $2,100.

Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Archives—Pendleton King (1894), N. C., $2,100.

Chief of Bureau of Accounts—Thomas Morrison (1900), N. Y., $2,100.

Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library—Andrew H. Allen (1892), N. C., $2,100.

Chief of Bureau of Trade Relations—Frederic Emory (1903), Md., $2,100.

Chief of Bureau of Appointments—Robert Brent Mosher (1898), Ky., $2,100.

Chief of Bureau of Passports—Gaillard Hunt (1903), D. C., $2,100.

U. S. Representatives on International Tribunals of Egypt.

Court of Appeals at Alexandria—Geo. S. Batcheller, N. Y. (1902).

Court of First Instance at Cairo—Wm. G. Van Horne, Utah (1902).

Court of First Instance at Mansourah—Somerville P. Tuck, N. Y. (1894).

Louisiana Purchase Exposition Commission.

Commissioners—Thomas H. Carter, Mont., chairman; John M. Thurston, Neb.; Wm. Lindsay, Ky.; George W. McBride, Ore.; Fred A. Betts, Conn.; John M. Allen, Miss.; Martin H. Glynn, N. Y.; John F. Miller, Ind.; Philip D. Scott, Ark.; each, $5,000.

Secretary—Joseph Flory, Mo., $3,500.

Bureau of American Republics.

Director—William Woodville Rockhill (1899), D. C., $5,000.

Chief Clerk—Williams C. Fox (1901), N. Y.; $2,000.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.....LESLIE M. SHAW (1902), Iowa, $8,000
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....HORACE A. TAYLOR (1899), Wis., $4,500
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....ROBERT B. ARMSTRONG (1903), Ill., $4,500
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....CHARLES HALLAM KEEP (1903), N. Y., $4,500

Chief Clerk—Wallace H. Hills (1901), N. Y., $3,000.

Chief of Division of Appointments—Charles Lyman (1898), Conn., $2,750.

Comptroller—Robert T. Tracewell (1897), Ind., $5,500.

Assistant Comptroller — Leander P. Mitchell (1897), Ind., $4,500.

Auditor for State Department—Ernest G. Timme (1897), Wis., $4,000.

Auditor for Treasury Department—William E. Andrews (1897), Neb., $4,000.

Auditor for War Department—Frederick E. Rittman (1901), Ohio, $4,000.

Auditor for Postoffice Department—————, (—), ——, $4,000.

Auditor for Navy Department—William W. Brown (1900), Penn., $4,000.

Auditor for Interior Department—R. A. Person (1901), S. Dak., $4,000.

Treasurer of United States—Ellis H. Roberts (1897), N. Y., $6,000.

Assistant Treasurer—James F. Meline (1893), Ohio, $3,600.

Deputy Assistant Treasurer—Gideon C. Bantz (1901), Md. $3,200.

Register of the Treasury—Judson W. Lyons (1895), Ga., $4,000.

[1]Took the oath of office as President on September 14, 1901, succeeding William McKinley, who died on that day. [2]Elihu Root resigned as Secretary of War on August 19, 1903, the resignation to take effect in January, 1904, and the President has announced his intention to appoint William H. Taft, of Ohio, to fill the vacancy. [3]George B. Cortelyou became on February 18, 1903, the first head of the new Department of Commerce and Labor.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT—(Continued).

Comptroller of the Currency—Wm. B. Ridgley (1901), Ill., $5,000.

Deputy Comptroller of the Currency—Thomas P. Kane (1899), D. C., $3,000.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue—John W. Yerkes (1900), Ky., $6,000.

Deputy Commissioners of Internal Revenue—Robert Williams (1899), La., $4,000; J. C. Wheeler (1900), Mich., $3,600.

Director of the Mint—George E. Roberts (1897), Iowa, $4,500.

Chief of Secret Service Division—John E. Wilkie (1897), Ill., $4,000.

Surgeon General of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service—Walter Wyman (1891), Mo., $5,000.

Supervising Architect—James K. Taylo (1897), Penn., $4,500.

Director Bureau of Engraving and Print ing—Wm. M. Meredith (1900), Ill., $4,50

General Superintendent of Life Savin Service—S. I. Kimball (1878), Me., $4,500

Assistant General Superintendent—Horace L. Piper (1897), Me., $2,500.

Board of General Appraisers—Israel F Fischer (1900), N. Y., president; H. M Somerville (1890), Ala.; T. S. Sharrett (1890), Md.; W. F. Lunt (1901), N. Y. Marian De Vries (1900), Cal.; Byron S Waite (1902), Mich.; Eugene G. Hay (1903), Minn.; Charles P. McClellan (1903), N. Y.; each $7,000.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

SECRETARY OF WAR.....ELIHU ROOT (1899), N. Y., $8,00
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....ROBERT SHAW OLIVER (1903), N. Y., $4,50
CHIEF CLERK.....JOHN C. SCOFIELD (1899), Ga., $3,00

DEPARTMENTAL OFFICERS.

Adjutant General	Col. William P. Hall (acting)	June 24, 190
Inspector General	Brig. Gen. George H. Burton	Oct. 26, 190
Quartermaster General	Brig. Gen. Charles F. Humphrey	April 12, 19
Commissary Gen. of Subsistence	Brig. Gen. John F. Weston	April 12, 19
Surgeon General	Brig. Gen. Robert M. O'Reilly	De 6, 19
Paymaster General	Brig. Gen. A. E. Bates	Sept. 7, 19
Chief of Engineers	Brig. Gen. George L. Gillespie	July 12, 18
Chief of Ordnance	Brig. Gen. William Crozier	May 3, 19
Judge Advocate General	Brig. Gen. George W. Davis	Nov. 22, 190
Chief Signal Officer	Brig. Gen. Adolphus W. Greely	May 24, 19
Chief Record and Pension Officer	Brig. Gen. F. C. Ainsworth	Mar. 2, 18
Supt. Public Buildings and Grounds	Col. Thomas W. Symons	April 30, 190
Bureau of Insular Affairs	Col. Clarence R. Edwards	July 1, 190

Battlefield Park Commissions.

Gettysburg National Military Park—Commissioners, John P. Nicholson, Penn.; William M. Robbins, N. C.; C. A. Richardson, N. Y.; compensation, $10 a day.

Chickamagua and Chattanooga Military Park—Commissioners, Henry V. Boynton, Ohio; Alexander P. Stewart, Tenn.; Brig. Gen. Frank G. Smith (retired), U. S. A.; compensation, $300 a month.

Shiloh National Military Park—Commissioners, Cornelius Cadle, Ala.; James H Ashcraft, Ky.; Josiah Patterson, Tenn. compensation, $250 a month.

Vicksburg National Military Park—Commissioners, William T. Rigby, Iowa Stephen D. Lee, Miss.; James G. Everest Ill.; compensation, $300 a month.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.....PHILANDER C. KNOX (1901), Penn., $8,00
ASSISTANT TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL..WILLIAM A. DAY (1903), D. C., $7,00
SOLICITOR GENERAL.....HENRY M. HOYT (1903), Penn., $7,50

Assistant Attorneys General—Louis A. Pradt (1897), Wis.; John G. Thompson (1897), Ill.; Milton D. Purdy (1903), Minn.; James C. McReynolds (1903), Tenn.; William E. Fuller (1901), Iowa; each $5,000.

Special Assistant Attorney General—Charles W. Russell (1903), D. C., $5,000.

Assistant Attorney General, Interior Department—Frank L. Campbell (1903), Ohio, $5,000.

Assistant Attorney General, Postoffice Department—Charles H. Robb (1903), Vt., $4,500.

Solicitor of the Treasury—Maurice D. O'Connell (1897), Iowa, $4,500.

Assistant Solicitor of the Treasury—Felix A. Reeve (1897), Tenn., $3,000.

Solicitor of Internal Revenue—Albert W Wishard (1901), Ind., $4,500.

General Agent—Cecil Clay (1903), Wes Va., $4,000.

Chief Clerk—Orrin J. Field (1903), Kan. $2,750.

Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles—Alexander J. Bentley (1867), Ohio, $2,700.

Commission to Revise the Laws of th United States.

Commissioners—Alex. C. Botkin (1897) Mont.; David K. Watson (1898), Ohio Wm. D. Bynum (1900), Ind.; each $5,000

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

POSTMASTER GENERAL.....HENRY C. PAYNE (1902), Wis., $8,00
FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL..R. J. WYNNE (1902), Penn., $5,00
SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL,
W. S. SHALLENBERGER (1897), Penn., $4,50
THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL..E. C. MADDEN (1899), Mich., $4,50
FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL.J. L. BRISTOW (1897), Kan., $4,50

Chief Clerk—Blain W. Taylor (1896), W. Va., $2,500.

Superintendent of Foreign Mails—Newton M. Brooks (1890), Va., $3,000.

Superintendent of Money Order System — ——— ———, $3,500.

General Superintendent of Railway Mail Service—Jas. E. White (1890), Ill., $3,500.

Superintendent of Dead Letter Office—David P. Leibhardt (1897), Ind., $2,500.

Superintendent of Railway Adjustment —James H. Crew (1892), Ohio, $2,500.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT—(Continued).

Supt. of System of Postal Finance—C. Howard Buckler (1902), Md., $2,250.

Superintendent of Registry System————— (—), ——, $2,500.

General Superintendent Free Delivery System————— (—), ——, $4,000.

Superintendent Free Delivery Service—H. Conquest Clarke (1902), D. C., $3,000.

Superintendent City Delivery Service————— (—), ——, $3,000.

General Superintendent Salaries and Allowances————— (—), ——, $4,000.

Chief Postoffice Inspector—William E. Cochran (1898), Kan., $3,000.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.....WILLIAM H. MOODY (1902), Mass., $8,000
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....CHARLES H. DARLING (1902), Vt., $4,500
CHIEF CLERK.....B. F. PETERS (1897), Penn., $3,000

BUREAU CHIEFS AND DEPARTMENTAL OFFICERS.

Bureau.	Name.	Date appointed.
Navigation	*Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor	April 29, 1902
Equipment	*Rear Admiral G. A. Converse	Oct. 20, 1903
Ordnance	*Captain Charles O'Neil	June 1, 1897
Medicine and Surgery	*Medical Inspector Presley M. Rixey	Aug. 24, 1900
Supplies and Accounts	*Pay Director Henry T. B. Harris	June 24, 1903
Steam Engineering	*Captain Charles W. Rae	Aug. 9, 1903
Construction and Repair	*Chief Constr'c'r Washington L. Capps	Nov. 1, 1903
Yards and Docks	*Civil Engineer Mordecai T. Endicott	April 4, 1898
Judge Advocate General	Captain Samuel C. Lemly, retired	June 5, 1902
Office of Naval Intelligence	Captain Seaton Schroeder	May 1, 1903
Hydrographer	Commander W. H. H. Southerland	Nov. 4, 1901
Superintendent Naval Observatory	Rear Admiral Colby M. Chester	Nov. 1, 1902
Director of Nautical Almanac	Professor Walter S. Harshman	Mar. 28, 1901
President Naval Retiring Board	Rear Admiral John C. Watson	July 21, 1902
Pres. Board Inspection and Survey	Captain Charles J. Train	May 4, 1901

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR..ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK, (1899), Mo., $8,000
FIRST ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....THOMAS RYAN (1897), Kan., $6,000
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....MELVILLE W. MILLER (1903), Ind., $4,000

Chief Clerk—Edward M. Dawson (1897), Md., $3,000.

Commissioner of General Land Office—William A. Richards (1903), Wyo., $5,000.

Assistant Commissioner (General of Land Office—John H. Fimple (1903), Ohio, $3,500.

Commissioner of Pensions—Eugene F. Ware (1902), Kan., $5,000.

First Deputy Commissioner of Pensions—James L. Davenport (1897), N. H., $3,000.

Second Deputy Commissioner of Pensions—Leverett M. Kelley (1897), Ill., $3,000.

Commissioner of Patents—Frederick I. Allen (1901), N. Y., $5,000.

Assistant Commissioner of Patents—Edward B. Moore (1901), D. C., $3,000.

Commissioner of Education—William T. Harris (1889), Mass., $3,500.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs—Wm. A. Jones (1897), Wis., $5,000.

Commissioner of Railroads—James Longstreet (1897), Ga., $4,500.

Director of Geological Survey—Charles D. Walcott (1897), N. Y., $6,000.

Superintendent of Capitol Building and Grounds—Elliott Woods (1902), Ind., $4,500.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.....JAMES WILSON (1897), Iowa, $8,000
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....JOSEPH H. BRIGHAM (1897), Ohio, $4,500

Chief Clerk—Sylvester R. Burch (1903), —— $2,500.

Chief of Weather Bureau—Willis L. Moore (1895), Ohio, $5,000.

Assistant Chief of Weather Bureau—Henry E. Williams (1903), Penn., $3,000.

Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry—D. E. Salmon (1884), N. C., $4,500.

Chief of Bureau of Plant Industry—B. T. Galloway (1901), Mo., $4,000.

Chief of Bureau of Forestry—Gifford Pinchot (1898), N. Y., $3,500.

Chief of Bureau of Chemistry—Harvey W. Wiley (1893), Ind., $3,500.

Chief of Bureau of Soils—Milton Whitney (1901), Md., $3,500.

Chief of Division of Publications—Geo. Wm. Hill (1895), Minn., $3,000.

Chief of Bureau of Statistics—John Hyde (1903), Neb., $3,500.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE AND LABOR..G. B. CORTELYOU (1903), N. Y., $8,000
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.....———. (——), ——, $5,000

Chief Clerk—Frank H. Hitchcock (1903), D. C., $3,000.

Commissioner of Corporations—James R. Garfield (1903), Ohio, $5,000.

Deputy Commissioner of Corporations—Herbert Knox Smith (1903), Conn., $3,500.

Commissioner of Labor—Carroll D. Wright (1888), Mass., $5,000.

Commissioner of Navigation—Eugene T. Chamberlain (1893), N. Y., $3,000.

Director of the Census—S. N. D. North (1903), Mass., $6,000.

Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries—George M. Bowers (1897), W. Va., $5,000.

Commissioner General of Immigration—Frank P. Sargent (1902), Ill., $5,000.

Commissioners at Ports—William Williams 1902), New-York, $5,000; Louis T. Weis (1902), Baltimore, Md., $3,000; George B. Billings (1897), Boston, $2,500; John J. S.

*Rank of rear admiral while chief of bureau.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR—(Continued).

Rogers (1895), Philadelphia, $2,500; Hart H. North (1895), San Francisco, $2,500; Robert Wachthorn (1902), Montreal, $2,500; David Healy (1899), Vancouver, $2,500; F. V. Martin (1902), San Juan, Porto Rico, $2,500.

Supervising Inspector General of Steam Vessels—George Uhler (1903), Penn., $3,500.

Director of the Bureau of Standards—Samuel W. Stratton (1901), Ill., $5,000.

Superintendent U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey—O. H. Tittman (1900), Mo., $5,000.

Chief of the Bureau of Statistics—Oscar P. Austin (1898), D. C., $4,000.

Chief of the Bureau of Manufactures———— (—), ——, $4,000.

Lighthouse Board—President of board, George B. Cortelyou; chairman, Rear Admiral John J. Read, U. S. N.; members, Col. Walter S. Franklin, Col. Alexander Mackenzie, U. S. A.; Henry S. Pritchett, Capt. George C. Reiter, U. S. N.; Col. Amos Stickney, U. S. A.

INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS AND OFFICES.

Interstate Commerce Commission.

Commissioners—Martin A. Knapp (1891), N. Y., chairman; Judson C. Clements (1892), Ga.; James D. Yeomans (1894), Iowa; Charles A. Prouty (1896), Vt.; Joseph W. Fifer (1899), Ill.; each, $7,500.

Secretary—Edward A. Moseley (1887), Mass., $3,500.

Civil Service Commission.

Commissioners—Henry F. Greene (1903), Minn.; Alvord W. Cooley (1903), N. Y.; ——— ( ), ———; each $3,500.

Chief Examiner—Frank M. Kiggins (1903), Tenn., $3,000.

Secretary—John T. Doyle (1880), N. Y., $2,000.

Government Printing Office.

Public Printer—Frank W. Palmer (1897), Ill., $4,500.

Library of Congress.

Librarian — Herbert Putnam (1899), Mass., $6,000.

Assistant Librarian—A. R. Spofford (1897), Ohio, $4,000.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

The actual strength of the army on October 15, 1903, was 3,081 officers and 55,500 enlisted men. There were lost to the army in the year ended June 30, 1903, 29,279 men, as follows: One hundred and thirty-eight officers, of whom 25 were killed in action or died from wounds or disease; 28,141 enlisted men, of whom 837 were killed in action or died of wounds or disease, the remainder representing men discharged for expiration of term of service, for disability, by sentence of court martial, desertions and retirements.

GENERAL STAFF OF THE ARMY.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL SAMUEL B. M. YOUNG, Chief of Staff.

Major General Adna R. Chaffee.

Brigadier General William H. Carter.

Brigadier General Wallace F. Randolph.

Colonels.

Alexander Mackenzie, Corps of Engineers.
John B. Kerr, 12th U. S. Cavalry.
Enoch H. Crowder, Judge Advocate General's Department.

Lieutenant Colonels.

Henry P. McCain, Adjutant General's Department.
James T. Kerr, Adjutant General's Department.
Frederick A. Smith, U. S. Infantry, Inspector General's Department.
Crosby P. Miller, Quartermaster's Department.
Charles Shaler, Ordnance Department.

Majors.

John G. D. Knight, Corps of Engineers.
George W. Goethals, Corps of Engineers.
Edward J. McClernand, U. S. Cavalry, Adjutant General's Department.
James A. Irons, U. S. Infantry, Inspector General's Department.
William A. Mann, 14th U. S. Infantry.
William P. Duvall, Artillery Corps.
Montgomery M. Macomb, Artillery Corps.
William D. Beach, 10th U. S. Cavalry.
John S. Mallory, 1st U. S. Infantry.
Samuel Reber, Signal Corps.

Captains.

William W. Gibson, Ordnance Department.
David Du B. Gaillard, Corps of Engineers.
Benjamin Alvord, 25th U. S Infantry.
Joseph T. Dickman, 8th U. S. Cavalry.
Harry C. Hale, 20th U. S. Infantry.
Charles H. Muir, 2d U. S. Infantry.
Frank De W. Ramsey, 9th U. S. Infantry.
Frank McIntyre, 19th U. S. Infantry.
Sydney A. Cloman, 23d U. S. Infantry.
Robert E. L. Michie, 12th U. S. Cavalry.
John J. Pershing, 15th U. S. Cavalry.
Charles T. Menoher, Artillery Corps.
William C. Rivers, 1st U. S. Cavalry.
Peyton C. March, Artillery Corps.
William G. Haan, Artillery Corps.
Charles D. Rhodes, 6th U. S. Cavalry.
Horace M. Reeve, 3d U. S. Infantry.
Hugh J. Gallagher, Subsistence Department.
Dennis E. Nolan, 30th U. S. Infantry.
John C. Oakes (First Lieut., Corps of Engineers).

STAFF OF ARMY WAR COLLEGE.

Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss, president; Colonel Alexander Mackenzie, Lieutenant Colonel Charles Shaler, Major W. D. Beach, Major M. M. Macomb and Major George W. Goethals; Major Samuel Reber, secretary.

MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.

DIVISION OF THE PHILIPPINES.—Consisting of the Departments of Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao. Headquarters, Manila, Luzon, P. I. Commander, Major General James F. Wade.

DEPARTMENT OF LUZON.—Includes all that portion of the Philippine Archipelago lying north of a line passing southeastwardly through the West Pass of Apo, or Mindoro Strait, to the twelfth parallel of north latitude, thence east along said parallel to the 124th degree 10 minutes east of Greenwich, but including the entire island of Masbate; thence north to San Bernardino Straits. Headquarters, Manila, P. I. Commander, Brigadier General G. M. Randall.

DEPARTMENT OF THE VISAYAS.—Includes all islands south of the southern line of the Department of Luzon and east of longitude 121 degrees 45 minutes east of Greenwich and north of the ninth parallel of latitude, excepting the islands of Mindanao, Paragua, and all islands east of the Straits of Surigao. Headquarters, Iloilo, P. I. Commander, Brigadier General Theodore J. Wint.

DEPARTMENT OF MINDANAO.—Includes all the remaining islands of the Philippine Archipelago. Headquarters, Zamboanga, P. I. Commander, Major General Leonard Wood.

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.—States of California and Nevada, Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies. Headquarters, San Francisco, Cal. Commander, Major General Arthur MacArthur.

DEPARTMENT OF THE COLORADO.—States of Wyoming (except so much thereof as is embraced in the Yellowstone National Park), Colorado and Utah, and the Territories of Arizona and New-Mexico. Headquarters, Denver, Col. Commander, Brigadier General Frank D. Baldwin.

DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA.—States of Washington, Oregon and Idaho and the Territory of Alaska (except so much of Idaho as is embraced in the Yellowstone National Park). Headquarters, Vancouver Barracks, Wash. Commander, Brigadier General Frederick Funston.

DEPARTMENT OF DAKOTA.—States of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and so much of Wyoming and Idaho as is embraced in the Yellowstone National Park. Headquarters, St. Paul, Minn. Commander, Brig. Gen. Wm. A. Kobbe.

DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST.—New-England States, New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, the Island of Porto Rico and the islands and keys adjacent thereto. Headquarters, Governor's Island, New-York. Commander, Major General Henry C. Corbin.

DEPARTMENT OF THE LAKES.—States of Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee. Headquarters, Chicago, Ill. Commander, Major General John C. Bates.

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.—States of Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma. Headquarters Omaha, Neb. Commander, Major General Samuel S. Sumner.

DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS.—State of Texas. Headquarters, San Antonio, Tex. Commander, Brigadier General Frederick D. Grant.

OFFICERS OF THE ARMY.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL.

	Date of appointment.	Date of retirement.
Samuel M. B. Young	Aug. 8, 1903	Jan. 9, 1904

MAJOR GENERALS.

Adna R. Chaffee	Feb. 4, 1901	April 14, 1906
Arthur MacArthur	Feb. 5, 1901	June 2, 1909
John C. Bates	July 15, 1902	Aug. 12, 1906
James F. Wade	April 13, 1903	April 14, 1907
Samuel S. Sumner	July 26, 1903	Feb. 6, 1906
Leonard Wood	Aug. 8, 1903	Oct. 9, 1924

BRIGADIER GENERALS.

George M. Randall	Feb. 6, 1901	Oct. 8, 1905
William A. Kobbé	Feb. 6, 1901	May 10, 1904
Frederick D. Grant	Feb. 18, 1901	May 30, 1914
J. Franklin Bell	Feb. 19, 1901	Jan. 9, 1920
Frederick Funston	April 1, 1901	Nov. 9, 1929
Frank D. Baldwin	June 9, 1902	June 26, 1906
Theodore J. Wint	June 9, 1902	Mar. 6, 1909
Jesse M. Lee	June 17, 1902	Jan. 2, 1907
William H. Carter	July 15, 1902	Nov. 19, 1915
Tasker H. Bliss	July 21, 1902	Dec. 31, 1917
Joseph P. Sanger	July 23, 1902	May 4, 1904
Francis Moore	Feb. 25, 1903	April 6, 1905
P. C. Hains	April 21, 1903	Mar. 23, 1906
Camillo C. C. Carr	Aug. 17, 1903	
Thomas H. Barry	Aug. 18, 1903	

CHIEF OFFICERS OF STAFF CORPS.

Officers marked thus * are detailed from the line, under Section 26, act of Feb. 2, 1901.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

HENRY C. CORBIN, adjutant general (major general, June 6, 1900), commanding Department of the East.

Colonels.			Lieutenant Colonels.		
Name.	Date app't'd.	Name.	Date app't'd.	Name.	Date app't'd.
Hall, W. P. (acting adjutant gen.)	Apr. 18, 01	Wagner, A. L.	June 30, 01	Simpson, W. A.	Aug. 18, 03
		Helstand, H. O. S.	July 22, 02		
		Andrews, George	Aug. 7, 03	McCain, H. P.	June 30, 01

Name.	Date app't'd.
Kerr, James T.	Apr. 15, 02
*Hoyt, Ralph W.	May 28, 02
*Parker, James.	Apr. 19, 03
*Hills, E. R.	July 28. 03
*Taylor, S. W.	July 31. 03
*Pettit, James S.	Aug. 11. 03
Majors.	
*McClernand, E. J.	Feb. 2, 01
*Sharpe, Alfred C.	Feb. 2, 01
*Evans, Robert K.	Feb. 2, 01
*Evans, Wm. P.	Feb. 2, 01
*Wilder, W. E.	Feb. 19, 01
*Finley, W. L.	Feb. 28, 01
*Starr, Chas. G.	Mar. 4, 01
*Davis, Edward.	July 1, 01
*Waltz, M. F.	July 5, 01
*Frederick, D. A.	Jan. 31, 02
*Liggett, Hunter.	May 5, 02
*Williams, J. R.	June 18, 02
*Swift, Eben.	Jan. 24, 03
*Dunning, S. W.	Mar. 19, 03
*White, John V.	Aug. 3, 03

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

GEORGE H. BURTON, inspector general (rank of brigadier general). . . April 12, 1903

Name.	Date app't'd.
Colonels.	
Garlington, E. A.	Mar. 1, 01
Heyl, Chas. A.	July 23, 02
Mills, Stephen C.	Apr. 12, 03
Lieutenant Colonels.	
Chamberlain, J. L.	Mar. 1, 01
*Williams, C. A.	June 28, 02
*Smith, F. A. (gen. staff)	July 14, 02
*West, Frank.	Mar. 2, 03
Majors.	
*Tutherly, H. E.	Feb. 2, 01
*Irons, J. A. (gen. staff)	Feb. 2, 01
*Bailey, H. K.	Feb. 2, 01
*Lovering, L. A.	Feb. 2, 01
*Febiger, Lea.	Feb. 28, 01
*Hoskins, J. D. C.	July 1, 01
*Adams, Thos. R.	Aug. 1, 01
*Nichols, Wm. A.	Oct. 5, 01
*Gale, Geo. H. G.	Dec. 6, 01

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

GEO. B. DAVIS, judge advocate general (rank of brigadier general). . . . . May 24, 1901

Name.	Date app't'd.
Colonels.	
Hunter, Edward.	May 21, 01
Crowder, E. H. (g.s.)	Ap. 16, 03
Lieutenant Colonels.	
Dudley Edgar S.	May 24, 01
Carbaugh, H. C.	Dec. 18. 02
Hull, John A.	Apr. 16, 03
Majors.	
Dunn, George M.	Feb. 2, 01
Dodds, Frank L.	May 22, 01
Porter, John B.	May 27, 01
Goodier, Lewis E.	June 18, 01
Morrow, Henry M.	Jan. 27, 03
Bethel, W. A.	July 15, 03
Winship, Blanton.	Dec. 2, 03

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

CHAS. F. HUMPHREY, quartermaster general (rank of brigadier gen.). April 12, 1903

Name.	Date app't'd.
Colonels.	
Marshall, J. M.	Feb. 2, 01
McCauley, C. A. H.	Feb. 24, 03
Hathaway, F. H.	Apr. 12, 03
Jacobs, J. W.	Aug. 2, 03
Clem, John L.	Aug. 15, 03
Patten, Wm. S.	Aug. 17, 03
Lieutenant Colonels.	
Pond, Geo. E.	Oct. 26, 01
Pullman, J. W.	May 5, 02
Pope, J. W.	July 5, 02
Miller, C. P. (gen. staff)	Oct. 2, 02
True, Theo. E.	Feb. 24. 03
Hyde, J. McE.	Apr. 12, 03
Ruhlen, Geo.	Aug. 2. 03
Miller, Wm. H.	Aug. 15, 03
Jones, S. R.	Aug. 17. 03
Majors.	
Robinson, W. W., jr.	Nov. 14 00
Martin, M. C.	Feb. 2, 01
Long, Oscar F.	Feb. 2. 01
Von Schrader, F.	Feb. 2, 01
Sawyer, J. E.	Feb. 2, 01
Stevens, R. R.	Feb. 2, 01
Hodgson, F. G.	Feb. 2, 01
Bellinger, J. B.	Feb. 2, 01
French, J. T., jr.	Feb. 2, 01
Aleshire, J. B.	Feb. 2, 01
Littell, Isaac W.	Oct. 26, 01
Bingham, G. S.	Oct. 26, 01
Devol, Carroll A.	May 5, 02
Cruse, Thomas.	July 5, 02
McCarthy, D. E.	Oct. 2, 02
Knight, John T.	Feb. 24, 03
Carson, J. M., jr.	Apr. 12, 03
Palmer, A. M.	Aug. 2, 03
Baxter, J. E.	Aug. 15, 03
Zalinski, M. G.	Aug. 17, 03

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

JOHN F. WESTON, commissary general (rank of brigadier general). . . . . Dec. 6, 1900

Name.	Date app't'd.
Colonels.	
Sharpe, H. G.	Feb. 2, 01
Nye, Frank E.	Apr. 1, 01
Alexander, W. L.	July 27, 03
Lieutenant Colonels.	
Osgood, Henry B.	Feb. 2, 01
Dravo, E. E.	Feb. 2, 01
Smith, Abiel L.	Apr. 1, 01
Allison, J. N.	July 27, 03
Majors.	
Baldwin, Wm. H.	Sept. 9, 98
Brainard, D. L.	Feb. 12, 00
Davis, Geo. B.	Dec. 13, 00
West, B. K.	Feb. 2, 01
Niskern, A. D.	Feb. 2, 01
Eastman, F. F.	Apr. 1, 01
Krauthoff, C. R.	Apr. 8, 01
Bean, Wm. H.	July 21, 02
Hart, Wm. H.	July 27, 03

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ROBERT M. O'REILLY, surgeon general (rank of brigadier general). . . . Sept. 7, 1902

Name.	Date app't'd.
Colonels.	
Smart, Charles .	Feb. 2, 01
Heizmann, C. L.	Apr. 7, 02
Girard, A. C.	June 28, 02
Girard, J. B.	Sept. 7, 02
Hall, John D.	Feb. 13, 03
Gorgas, Wm. C.	Mar. 9, 03
Harvey, Philip F.	Aug. 6, 03
Byrne, Chas. B.	Aug. 9, 03
Wilcox, T. E.	Sept. 22, 03
Lieutenant Colonels.	
Havard, Valery.	Oct. 24, 01
Hoff, J. Van R.	Jan. 1, 02
Adair, Geo. W.	Jan. 1, 02
Moseley, E. B.	Feb. 14. 02
Maus, Louis M.	Apr. 7. 02
Turrill, H. S.	June 28, 02
Taylor, Blair D.	June 30, 02
Comegys, E. T.	Sept. 7. 02
Kilbourne, H. S.	Feb. 13, 03
Torney, Geo. H.	Aug. 6. 03
Crampton, L. W.	Aug. 9. 03
Gardner, E. F.	Sept. 22, 03
Majors.	
Corbusier, W. H.	Oct. 17, 95
Appel, Daniel M.	Nov. 15, 95
Perley, H. O.	Dec. 7, 95
Davis, Wm. B.	Aug. 11, 96
Gray, Wm. W.	Oct. 10, 96
Brechemin, L.	Nov. 9. 96
La Garde, L. A.	Nov. 13. 96
Banister, J. M.	Jan. 26, 97
Appel, Aaron H.	May 3, 97
Powell, J. L.	Oct. 1. 97
Richard, Chas.	Nov. 15. 97
Carter, W. F.	Nov. 30. 97
Ebert, R. G.	Apr. 17, 98
Gibson, Robt. J.	Apr. 23, 98
Arthur, Wm. H.	Aug. 23. 98
Bushnell, G. E.	Dec. 10, 98
Birmingham, H. P.	Dec. 15, 98
Carter, E. C.	Dec. 21, 98
Wyeth, M. C.	June 8. 99
Johnson, R. W.	Nov. 6. 99
Owen, Wm. O.	Feb. 1. 00
Egan, Peter R.	Feb. 2, 00
Wakeman, W. J.	Feb. 21, 00
Stephenson, W.	Apr. 28. 00
Phillips, J. L.	Oct. 8, 00
Polhemus, A. S.	Feb. 2. 01
Borden, Wm. C.	Feb. 2. 01
Mearns, E. A.	Feb. 2. 01
Edie, Guy L.	Feb. 2. 01
Crosby, Wm. D.	Feb. 2. 01
Kneedler, Wm. L.	Feb. 2, 01
Gandy, Chas. M.	Feb. 2, '01
Ewing, Chas. B.	Feb. 2, 01
McCaw, W. D.	Feb. 2, 01
Kean, J. R.	Feb. 2, 01
Raymond, H. I.	Feb. 2, 01
Ives, Francis J.	Feb. 2, 01
Kendall, Wm. P.	Feb. 2, 01
Morris, E. R.	Feb. 2, 01
Harris, H. S. T.	Feb. 4, 01
Woodruff, C. E.	Apr. 13, 01
Shillock, Paul.	June 7, 01
Rafferty, Ogden.	Oct. 24, 01
Mason, Chas. F.	Dec. 9, 01
Glennan, Jas. D.	Jan. 1, 02
Bradley, Alfred E.	Jan. 1, 02
Willcox, Charles.	Apr. 7, 02
Frick, Euclid B.	June 28, 02
Keefer, Frank R.	June 30, 02
Raymond, T. U.	Aug. 12, 02
Snyder, Henry D.	Sept. 7, 02
Wales, Philip G.	Oct. 27, 02
Smith, Allen M.	Nov. 23, 02
Clarke, Joseph T.	Feb. 13, 03
Lippitt, Wm. F.	Mar. 18, 03
Ireland, M. W.	Aug. 3, 03
Wells, George M.	Aug. 6, 03
Fisher, Henry C.	Aug. 9, 03
Shaw, Henry A.	Sept. 22, 03

PAY DEPARTMENT.

ALFRED E. BATES, paymaster general (rank of brigadier general).....July 12, 1899

Colonels.

Name.	Date app't'd.
Coxe, Frank M.	Feb. 1, 99
Towar, Albert S.	Feb. 2, 01
Sniffen, Culver C.	May 3, 01

Lieutenant Colonels.

Dodge, F. S.	Feb. 2, 01
Whipple, C. H.	May 3, 01
Comegys, W. H.	Feb. 20, 02
Tucker, Wm. F.	Feb. 19, 03

Majors.

Muhlenberg, J. C.	Mar. 20, 82
Smith, Geo. R.	July 5, 82
Halford, E. W.	Jan. 10, 93
Bullis, John L.	Jan. 20, 97
Rogers, Harry L.	May 2, 98
Watrous, J. A.	June 15, 98
Gilbert Wm. W.	Nov. 3, 98
Rees, Harry L.	Mar. 3, 99
Vinson, Webster	Apr. 3, 99
Wallace, H. S.	Sept. 9, 99
Payson, F. L.	Mar. 5, 00
Downey, Geo. F.	Feb. 2, 01
Goodman, T. C.	May 3, 01
Houston, Jas. B.	May 3, 01
Ray, Beecher B.	Nov. 12, 01
Lord, Herbert M.	Feb. 20, 02
Rochester, W. B., jr.	July 24, 02
Smith, Robert S.	Feb. 19, 03
Howell, Seymour	June 25, 03
Holloway, G. T.	Nov. 30, 03

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

GEORGE L. GILLESPIE, chief of engineers (rank of brigadier general)..May 3, 1901

Colonels.

Suter, Chas. R.	Oct. 12, 95
Lydecker, G. J.	Apr. 30, 01
Stickney, Amos	May 2, 01
Mackenzie Alex. (gen. staff)	May 3, 01
Ernst, O. H.	Feb. 20, 03
Heap, David P.	Apr. 13, 03
Jones, Wm. A.	Apr. 21, 03

Lieutenant Colonels.

Allen, Chas. J.	Feb. 5, 97
Raymond, C. W.	May 18, 98
Miller, Alex. M.	July 5, 98
Adams, M. B.	July 5, 98
Livermore, W. R.	July 5, 98
Heuer, Wm. H.	Jan. 29, 00
Stanton, Wm. S.	Feb. 7, 00
Handbury, T. H.	Apr. 30, 01
Adams, Henry M.	May 2, 01
Davis, C. E. L. B.	May 3, 01
Quinn, James B.	Jan. 29, 03
Lockwood, D. W.	Feb. 20, 03
Ruffner, E. H.	Apr. 13, 03
Sears, Clinton B.	Apr. 21, 03

Majors.

Powell, Chas. F.	Jan. 26, 95
Knight, J. G. D.	Feb. 3, 95
Hoxie, Rich. L.	Mar. 31, 95
Marshall, W. L.	May 10, 95
Willard, Jos. H.	Aug. 13, 95
Bixby, Wm. H.	Oct. 2, 95
Rossell, Wm. T.	Jan. 6, 96
Symons, T. W.	Mar. 31, 96
Leach, Smith S.	Feb. 5, 97
Kingman, D. C.	July 31, 97
Black, Wm. M.	May 18, 98
Fisk, Walter L.	July 5, 98
Roessler, S. W.	July 5, 98
Derby, Geo. McC.	July 5, 98
Lusk, James L.	July 5, 98
Abbot, F. V.	July 5, 98
Casey, Thos. L.	July 5, 98
Bingham, T. A.	July 5, 98
Townsend, C. M'D.	Jan. 29, 00
Goethals, G. W.	Feb. 7, 00
Millis, John	Apr. 2, 00
Biddle, John	Apr. 30, 01
Hodges, H. F.	May 2, 01
Warren, J. G.	May 3, 01
Burr, Edward	Jan. 29, 03
Beach, L. H.	Feb. 20, 03
Zinn, George A.	Apr. 13, 03
Langfitt, W. C.	Apr. 21, 03

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

WILLIAM CROZIER, chief of ordnance (rank of brigadier general).....Nov. 22, 1901

Colonels.

Mordecai, Alfred	Jan. 31, 91
McGinness, J. R.	June 14, 02
Phipps, Frank H.	Feb. 17, 03
Butler, John G.	Aug. 16, 03

Lieutenant Colonels.

Greer, John E.	June 14, 02
Pitman, John	Feb. 17, 03
Shaler, C. (g.s.)	Feb. 18, 03
Smith, Chas. S.	Apr. 5, 03
Blunt, S. E.	Aug. 1, 0.
Heath, Frank	Aug. 16, 03

Majors.

Taylor, D. M.	July 7, 98
Lyle, David A.	Apr. 7, 99
Rockwell, Jas., jr.	Mar. 5, 00
Russell, A. H.	Feb. 2, 01
Birnie, Rogers	Feb. 7, 01
MacNutt, Ira	Oct. 15, 01
Baker, Frank	June 14, 02
Mitcham, Orin B.	Feb. 17, 03
Borup, Henry D.	Feb. 18, 03
Bruff, Lawrence L.	Apr. 5, 03
Clark, Charles H.	Aug. 1, 03
Hobbs, Frank E.	Aug. 16, 03

SIGNAL CORPS.

ADOLPHUS W. GREELY, chief signal officer (rank of brigadier gen.)..March 3, 1887

Colonel.

Dunwoody, H.H.C.	July 8, 98

Lieutenant Colonels.

Allen, James	Dec. 1, 99
Thompson, R. E.	Mar. 2, 03

Majors.

Scriven, Geo. P.	Feb. 2, 01
Glassford, W. A.	Feb. 2, 01
Maxfield, J. E.	Feb. 2, 01
Greene, Frank	Mar. 2, 03
Reber, S. (g. staff)	Mar. 2, 03
Squier, Geo. O.	Mar. 2, 03

PROFESSORS AT THE MILITARY ACADEMY.

Rank of Colonel.

Larned, Chas. W.	July 25, 76
Tillman, S. E.	Dec. 21, 80
Wood, Edward E.	Oct. 1, 92

Rank Lieutenant Colonel.

Fiebeger, G. J.	May 4, 96
Edgerton, W. P.	Oct. 7, 98
Gordon, Wm. B.	Mar. 27, 01

CHIEF OFFICERS OF THE LINE.

CAVALRY.

Colonels.

Lebo, T. C.	Feb. 19, 01
Wallace, W. M.	Mar. 1, 01
Godfrey, E. S.	June 28, 01
Augur, J. A.	June 9, 02
Smith, A.	June 28, 02
Edgerly, W. S.	Feb. 17, 03
Morton, C.	Feb. 25, 03
Hatfield, C. A. P.	Mar. 2, 03
Kerr, J. B.	Mar. 30, 03
Dorst, J. H.	Apr. 15, 03
Anderson, G. S.	Apr. 18, 03
Thomas, E. D.	Apr. 19, 03
Hughes, M. B.	Aug. 5 03
Stedman, C. A.	Aug. 16, 03
Steever, E. Z.	Aug. 17, 03

Lieutenant Colonels.

Stanton, W.	Sept. 13, 02
Godwin, E. A.	Jan. 16, 03
Ward, F. K.	Jan. 24, 03
Rodgers, A.	Jan. 30, 03
Schuyler, W. S.	Feb. 17, 03
Woodward, S. L.	Feb. 22, 03
Kingsbury, H. P.	Feb. 25, 03
West, F.	Mar. 2, 03
Chase, G. F.	Apr. 15, 03
Beck, W. H.	Apr. 15, 03
Bomus, P. S.	Apr. 18, 03
Parker, J.	Apr. 19, 03
Garrard, J.	Apr. 22, 03
Robinson, F. U.	May 25, 03
Hein, O. L.	Aug. 5, 03
Paddock, G. H.	Aug. 16, 03
Fountain, S. W.	Aug. 26, 03

Majors.

Pearson, D. C.	Feb. 2, 01
Dodd, G. A.	Feb. 2, 01
Hickey, J. B.	Feb. 2, 01
McClernand, E. J.	Feb. 2, 01
Hunt, L. P.	Feb. 2, 01
Murray, C. H.	Feb. 2, 01
Varnum, C. A.	Feb. 2, 01
Tutherly, H. E.	Feb. 2, 01
Jones, T. W.	Feb. 2, 01
Hardie, F. H.	Feb. 2, 01
Hunter, G. K.	Feb. 2, 01
O'Connor, C. M.	Feb. 2, 01
Wilder, W. E.	Feb. 19, 01
Guilfoyle, J. F.	Feb. 28, 01
Watts, C. H.	Feb. 28, 01
Edwards, F. A.	Feb. 28, 01
Day, M. W.	Feb. 23, 01
Finley, W. L.	Feb. 28, 01
Scott, G. L.	Mar. 1, 01
Kendall, H. F.	Mar. 24, 01
Ayres, C. G.	Apr. 29, 01
Fuller, E. B.	May 31, 01
Gresham, J. C.	Sept. 17, 01
Gale, G. H. G.	Dec. 6, 01
Pitcher, J.	Dec. 9, 01
Taylor, C. W.	Feb. 22, 02
Beach, W. D.	June 0. 02
Shunk, W. A.	June 28, 02

Name.	Date app't'd.
Bishop, H. S.	July 8, 02
Andrus, E. P.	July 15, 02
Sibley, F. W.	July 30, 02
Cheever, B. H.	Sept. 18, 02
Wheeler, H. W.	Oct. 29, 02
Bigelow, J., jr.	Dec. 8, 02
Read, R. D., jr.	Jan. 16, 03
Swift, E.	Jan. 24, 03
Lockett, J.	Jan. 30, 03
Blocksom, A. P.	Feb. 17, 0[illegible]
Gaston, J. A.	Feb. 22, 03
Scott, H. L.	Feb. 25, 03
Hoppin, C. B.	Mar. 23, 03
McCormick, L. S.	Apr. 15, 03
Ripley, H. L.	Apr. 15, 03
Galbraith, J. G.	Apr. 18, 03
Erwin, J. B.	Apr. 22, 03
Morgan, G. H.	Apr. 27, 03
Boughton, D. H.	May 25, 03
Sickel, H. G.	July 16, 03
Hammond, A. G.	Aug. 5, 03
Johnson, F. O.	Aug. 16, 03
Slocum, H. J.	Aug. 26, 03

ARTILLERY.

W. F. RANDOLPH (gen. staff), chief of artillery (rank of brigadier general). Feb. 27, 03

Colonels.

Morris, C.	Feb. 21, 02
Mills, S. M.	Sept. 11, 02
Story, J. P.	Oct. 15, 02
Greenough, G. G.	Feb. 21, 03
Merrill, A. H.	Apr. 14, 03
Ennis, W.	Apr. 17, 03
Grimes, G. S.	July 19, 03
Davis, J. M. K.	July 28, 03
Roberts, B. K.	Aug. 3, 03
Taylor, A. C.	Aug. 10, 03
Hubbell, H. W.	Aug. 10, 03
Stewart, W. F.	Aug. 11, 03
Vodges, A. W.	Nov. 1, 03

Lieutenant Colonels.

Thorp, Frank.	Sept. 20, 02
Caziarc, L. V.	Oct. 15, 02
Howe, W.	Dec. 20, 02
Leary, P., jr.	Feb. 21, 03
Richmond, E. T. C.	Apr. 14, 03
Potts, R. D.	July 19, 03
Hills, E. R.	July 28, 03
Taylor, S. W.	July 31, 03
Humphreys, C.	Aug. 3, 03
Lomia, L.	Aug. 4, 03
Schenck, A. D.	Aug. 10, 03
Pratt, S.	Aug. 10, 03
McClellan, J.	Aug. 11, 03
Anderson, H. R.	Aug. 14, 03
Patterson, R. H.	Nov. 1, 03

Majors.

Wood, O. E.	May 8, 01
Davis, E.	July 1, 01
Califf, J. M.	July 1, 01
Hobbs, C. W.	July 1, 01
Hoskins, J. D. C.	July 1, 01
Harris, H. L.	Aug. 1, 01
Murray, A.	Aug. 1, 01
Birkhimer, W. E.	Aug. 1, 01
Adams, T. R.	Aug. 1, 01
Lundeen, J. A.	Aug. 1, 01
Crawford, M.	Aug. 22, 01
Whistler, G. N.	Aug. 22, 01
Reed, H. A.	Aug. 22, 01
Cummins, A. S.	Aug. 22, 01
Dyer, A. B.	Aug. 23, 01
Walker, L. H.	Sept. 23, 01
Duvall, W. P. (g.s.)	Sep. 23, 01
Andrews, H. M.	Sept. 23, 01
Parkhurst, C. D.	Sept. 23, 01
Randolph, B. H.	Sept. 23, 01
Macomb, M. M. (g.s.)	Nov. 4, 01
Wisser, J. P.	Nov. 4, 01
Harrison, G. F. E.	Feb. 21, 02
Williams, J. R.	June 18, 02
Homer, W. B.	July 22, 02
Anderson, G. L.	July 30, 02
Niles, L.	Sept. 11, 02
Coffin, W. H.	Sept. 20, 02
Todd, A.	Nov. 6, 02
Brown, E. T.	Dec. 3, 02
Staker, A.	Dec. 20, 02
Bush, J. C.	Feb. 21, 03
Ludlow, H. H.	Apr. 14, 03
Hamilton, W. R.	Apr. 14, 03
Foster, C. W.	July 28, 03
Deems, C.	July 31, 03
White, J. V.	Aug. 3, 03
Weaver, E. M.	Aug. 4, 03
Hoyle, E. D.	Aug. 10, 03
Adams, G.	Aug. 10, 03
Marsh, F.	Aug. 11, 03
Woodward, C. G.	Aug. 14, 03
Gayle, E. E.	Aug. 14, 03
Rowan, Hamilton.	Nov. 1, 03

INFANTRY.

Colonels.

Kline, J.	Apr. 30, 97
McCaskey, W. S.	Jan. 29, 00
Williams, C.	Feb. 2, 01
Jocelyn, S. P.	Feb. 28, 01
Dougherty, W. E.	Mar. 5, 01
Bubb, J. W.	July 1, 01
Markley, A. C.	Oct. 5, 01
Ward, H. C.	Jan. 31, 02
Noble, C. H.	June 9, 02
Duggan, W. T.	Oct. 3, 02
Price, B. D.	Oct. 18, 02
Adams, H. H.	Feb. 10, 03
Sweet, O. J.	Feb. 18, 03
Myer, A. L.	Feb. 23, 03
O'Connell, J. J.	Apr. 20, 03
Whitall, S. R.	July 26, 03
Regan, J.	July 29, 03
Haskell, H. L.	July 31, 03
Cornman, D.	Aug. 8, 03
Hall, C. B.	Aug. 8, 03
Duncan, J. W.	Aug. 9, 03
Wygant, H.	Aug. 11, 03
Mansfield, F. W.	Aug. 12, 03
Ray, P. H.	Aug. 12, 03
Lockwood, B. C.	Aug. 13, 03
Reade, P.	Aug. 13, 03
Van Orsdale, J. T.	Aug. 14, 03
Buchanan, J. A.	Aug. 14, 03
Huston, J. F.	Aug. 15, 03
Hoyt, R. W.	Dec. 3, 03

Lieutenant Colonels.

Cornish, G. A.	May 23, 02
Williams, C. A.	June 28, 02
Maus, M. P.	June 28, 02
Smith, P. A.	July 14, 02
Woodbury, T. C.	July 30, 02
Brown, G. Le R.	Oct. 3, 02
Pratt, E. B.	Oct. 7, 02
Cowles, C. D.	Oct. 18, 02
Berden, G. P.	Nov. 28, 02
Wheeler, W. B.	Feb. 4, 03
Scott, W. S.	Feb. 10, 03
Gardener, C.	Feb. 18, 03
Reynolds, A.	Feb. 23, 03
Allen, L. C.	Mar. 15, 03
Macklin, J. E.	Apr. 20, 03
Pitcher, W. L.	May 25, 03
Foster, H. S.	July 26, 03
Dent, J. C.	July 29, 03
McGunnegle, G. K.	July 30, 03
Robertson, E. B.	July 31, 03
Booth, C. A.	Aug. 8, 03
Greene, H. A.	Aug. 8, 03
Bolton E. B.	Aug. 9, 03
Pettit, J. S.	Aug. 11, 03
Hodges, C. L.	Aug. 12, 03
Loughborough, H. R.	Aug. 12, 03
Ballance, J. G.	Aug. 13, 03
Taylor, F.	Aug. 13, 03
Yeatman, R. T.	Aug. 14, 03
Davis, T. F.	Aug. 14, 03
Brush, D. H.	Aug. 16, 03
Crane, C. J.	Aug. 21, 03
Bailey, H. K.	Oct. 31, 03
Wood, W. T.	Feb. 2, 01
Evans, W. P.	Feb. 2, 01
Irvine, R. J. C.	Feb. 28, 01
Hardin, E. E.	Feb. 28, 01
Wilson, R. H.	Feb. 28, 01
Febiger, L.	Feb. 28, 01
Byrne, B. A.	Feb. 28, 01
French, F. H.	Feb. 28, 01
Augur, A. A.	Feb. 28, 01
McClure, C.	Mar. 1, 01
Wolf, S. A.	Mar. 2, 01
Starr, C. G.	Mar. 4, 01
Buttler, W. C.	Mar. 5, 01
Rogers, J. S.	Mar. 25, 01
Young, G. S.	Apr. 1, 01
Bullard, R. L.	Apr. 1, 01
Moon, H. B.	Apr. 13, 01
Glenn, E. F.	Apr. 22, 01
Cecil, G. R.	May 4, 01
Mann, W. A.	July 1, 01
Waltz, M. F.	July 5, 01
Ames, R. F.	July 11, 01
Getty, R. N.	July 23, 01
Jones, F. B.	July 26, 01
Byrne, G.	Sept. 22, 01

Majors.

Paulding, W.	Feb. 2, 01
Cooke, L. W.	Feb. 2, 01
Sharpe, A. C.	Feb. 2, 01
Roach, G. H.	Feb. 2, 01
Bowen, W. H. C.	Feb. 2, 01
Robinson, H. E.	Feb. 2, 01
Wotherspoon, W. W.	Feb. 2, 03
Mason, C. W.	Feb. 2, 01
Williams, A.	Feb. 2, 01
Irons, J. A.	Feb. 2, 01
Carrington, F. de L.	Feb. 2, 03
Lovering, L. A.	Feb. 2, 01
Evans, R. K.	Feb. 2, 01
Cooke, G. F.	Feb. 2, 01
Chubb, C. St. J.	Feb. 2, 01
Wood, P. G.	Feb. 2, 01
Crittenden, J. J.	Feb. 2, 01
Abercrombie, W. R.	Sept. 27, 01
Nichols, W. A.	Oct. 5, 01
Terrett, C. P.	Oct. 7, 01
Phister, N. P.	Oct. 15, 01
Paxton, A. R.	Oct. 16, 01
Torrey, Z. W.	Nov. 8, 01
Jackson, J. B.	Nov. 11, 01
Turner, R. B.	Dec. 8, 01
Frederick, D. A.	Jan. 31, 02
Tilson, J. C. F.	Mar. 12, 02
Browne, E. H.	Mar. 28, 02
Ducat, A. C.	Apr. 14, 02
Travis, P. M. B.	Apr. 14, 02
Goe, J. B.	Apr. 15, 02
Liggett, H.	May 5, 02
Kennon, L. W. V.	May 28, 02
Lassiter, W.	May 28, 02

Name.	Date app't'd.	Name.	Date app't'd.	Name.	Date app't'd.
Morton, C. G.	May 28, 02	Thurston, W. A.	Dec. 29, 02	McCoy, F. B.	Aug. 8, 03
Pickering, A.	June 9, 02	Plummer, E. H.	Dec. 31, 02	Chandler, E.	Aug. 9, 03
Maney, J. A.	June 28, 02	Kirby, H.	Feb. 4, 03	Noyes, C. R.	Aug. 12, 03
Bailey, H. I.	June 28, 02	Howe, E. W.	Feb. 10, 03	Abbot, C. W., jr.	Aug. 12, 03
Mallory, J. S.	July 8, 02	Black, W.	Feb. 18, 03	Blatchford, R. M.	Aug. 13, 03
Emery, J. A.	July 10, 02	Dunning, S. W.	Mar. 25, 03	Beacom, J. H.	Aug. 14, 03
Palmer, G.	July 15, 02	Partello, J. M. T.	Apr. 17, 03	May, W. T.	Aug. 14, 03
Miller, S. W.	July 30, 02	Strother, L. H.	Apr. 20, 03	Hovey, H. W.	Aug. 14, 03
Benham, H. H.	Sept. 24, 02	Fremont, F. P.	May 26, 03	Hearn, L. J.	Aug. 15, 03
Van Vliet, R. C.	Oct. 3, 02	Truitt, C. M.	June 23, 03	Wright, W. K.	Aug. 26, 03
Buck, W. L.	Oct. 11, 02	Bell, G., jr.	July 26, 03	Hardin, C. B.	Aug. 26, 03
Tyler, C. R.	Oct. 18, 02	Clarke, C. J. T.	July 29, 03	Pendleton, E. P.	Aug. 26, 03
Clark, W. O.	Nov. 28, 02	Cowles, W. H.	July 30, 03	Leonhaeuser, H. A.	Sept. 3, 03
Chynoweth, E.	Dec. 5, 02	Parke, J. S., jr.	July 31, 03		

ORGANIZED MILITIA OF THE UNITED STATES.

States and Territories.	Organized strength.	Number of men (unorganized) available for military duty.	Headquarters.	Adjutants general.
Alabama	3,318	65,000	Montgomery	Col. William W. Brandon.
Arizona	382	15,000	Phœnix	Col. Benjamin W. Leavell.
Arkansas	1,731	250,000	Little Rock	Maj. Gen. Charles Jacobson.
California	3,480	226,000	Sacramento	Brig. Gen. George Stone.
Colorado	1,082	68,579	Denver	Brig. Gen. Sherman M. Bell.
Connecticut	2,572	110,511	Hartford	Brig. Gen. George M. Cole.
Delaware	389	41,500	Wilmington	Brig. Gen. I. P. Wickersham.
Dist. of Columbia	1,294	52,000	Washington	Lieut. Col. Lloyd M. Brett.
Florida	1,291	186,000	Tallahassee	Maj. Gen. J. C. R. Foster.
Georgia	4,684	325,000	Atlanta	Brig. Gen. James W. Robertson
Hawaii	573	8,000	Honolulu	Brig. Gen. John H. Soper.
Idaho	449	41,783	Boisé	Col. David Vickers.
Illinois	6,669	750,000	Springfield	Brig. Gen. Thomas W. Scott.
Indiana	2,234	500,000	Indianapolis	Brig. Gen. John R. Ward.
Iowa	2,364	315,808	Des Moines	Brig. Gen. M. H. Byers.
Kansas	1,320	100,000	Topeka	Brig. Gen. S. H. Kelsey.
Kentucky	1,261	550,000	Frankfort	Brig. Gen. D. R. Murray.
Louisiana	1,498	135,000	Baton Rouge	Maj. Gen. Allen Jumel.
Maine	1,158	104,268	Augusta	Maj. Gen. A. B. Farnham.
Maryland	2,006	210,000	Annapolis	Maj. Gen. John S. Saunders.
Massachusetts	5,739	468,649	Boston	Brig. Gen. Samuel Dalton.
Michigan	3,031	280,000	Lansing	Brig. Gen. George H. Brown.
Minnesota	2,026	195,000	St. Paul	Brig. Gen. Elias D. Libbey.
Mississippi	1,140	263,880	Jackson	Brig. Gen. William Henry.
Missouri	3,078	390,000	Jefferson City	Brig. Gen. W. T. Dameron.
Montana	538	30,000	Helena	Col. R. L. McCullough.
Nebraska	1,588	111,925	Lincoln	Brig. Gen. J. H. Culver.
Nevada	140	6,100	Carson City	Brig. Gen. Lemuel Allen.
New-Hampshire	1,319	84,000	Concord	Maj. Gen. Augustus D. Ayling.
New-Jersey	4,651	385,273	Trenton	Brig. Gen. R. Heber Breintnall.
New-Mexico	371	38,779	Santa Fe	Brig. Gen. W. H. Whiteman.
New-York	13,869	800,000	Albany	Brig. Gen. Nelson H. Henry.
North Carolina	1,850	270,000	Raleigh	Brig. Gen. B. S. Royster.
North Dakota	806	48,000	Bismarck	Brig. Gen. E. S. Miller.
Ohio	5,677	650,000	Columbus	Brig. Gen. George R. Gyger.
Oklahoma	874	50,000	Guthrie	Brig. Gen. E. P. Burlingame.
Oregon	1,262	53,898	Portland	Brig. Gen. C. U. Gautenbein.
Pennsylvania	9,068	912,450	Harrisburg	Brig. Gen. Thomas J. Stewart.
Rhode Island	1,025	67,000	Providence	Brig. Gen. Fred'k M. Sackett.
South Carolina	3,692	100,000	Columbia	Brig. Gen. John D. Frost.
South Dakota	1,335	50,000	Pierre	Brig. Gen. S. J. Conklin.
Tennessee	1,915	160,000	Nashville	Brig. Gen. Harvey H. Hannah.
Texas	3,266	400,000	Austin	Brig. Gen. John A. Hulen.
Utah	376	28,023	Salt Lake City	Brig. Gen. Charles S. Burton.
Vermont	701	48,500	Montpelier	Brig. Gen. Wm. H. Gillmore.
Virginia	2,271	295,340	Richmond	Brig. Gen. W. Nalle.
Washington	822	149,586	Olympia	Brig. Gen. J. A. Drain.
West Virginia	1,140	125,000	Charleston	Brig. Gen. S. B. Baker.
Wisconsin	2,857	372,102	Madison	Brig. Gen. C. R. Boardman.
Wyoming	360	8,500	Cheyenne	Brig. Gen. Frank A. Stitzer.
Totals	116,543	10,845,268		

UNITED STATES SOLDIERS' HOME COMMISSION.

Adjt. Gen. Henry C. Corbin, pres.; Quartermaster Gen. Charles F. Humphrey, Com. Gen. John F. Weston, Surg. Gen. Robert M. O'Reilly, Judge Adv. Gen. G. B. Davis, Paymaster Gen. Alfred E. Bates and Brig. Gen. Hamilton S. Hawkins (retired).

Officers of the United States Soldiers' Home, Washington—Brig. Gen. Hamilton S. Hawkins, governor; Col. Edward B. Williston (retired), deputy governor; Maj. Henry M. Kendall (retired), secretary and treasurer; Maj. William H. Arthur, attending surgeon.

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.

Situated at West Point, N. Y.

SUPERINTENDENT, COLONEL A. L. MILLS, U. S. A.

The United States Military Academy at West Point was founded in 1802. Each Congress district and Territory, the District of Columbia and Porto Rico is entitled to have one cadet at the academy. Each State is also entitled to have two cadets at the academy from the State at large. Forty are also appointed from the United States at large. The appointments (except those from the United States at large and from the District of Columbia) are made by the Secretary of War at the request of the Senator, Representative or Delegate in Congress and the person appointed must be an actual resident of the State, District or Territory from which the appointment is made. The appointments from the United States at large and from the District of Columbia are specially conferred by the President. The appointment of the cadet from Porto Rico is made by the President on the recommendation of the Resident Commissioner from Porto Rico. The number of students is thus limited to 522.

Appointments are required by law to be made one year in advance of date of admission, and may be made either after competitive examination or given direct, at the option of the Representative. For each candidate appointed there may be nominated two alternates, who will be examined with the regular nominee, and one of whom may be admitted in the event of the latter's failure to pass the prescribed preliminary examinations. Appointees to the Military Academy must be between seventeen and twenty-two years of age at date of admission, at least five feet three inches in height, weigh 100 pounds, be unmarried, free from any infectious or moral disorder, and, generally, from any deformity, disease or infirmity; must be well versed in reading, in writing, including orthography, in arithmetic, and have a knowledge of the elements of English grammar, of descriptive geography (particularly of the United States), and of the history of the United States. The course of instruction requires four years, and is largely mathematical and professional.

The principal subjects taught are mathematics, French, drawing, tactics of all arms of the service, natural and experimental philosophy, chemistry, mineralogy, geology and electricity, history, international, constitutional and military law, Spanish, and civil and military engineering and science of war. Academic duties commence September 1 and continue until June 1. Examinations are held in each December and June, and cadets found proficient in studies and correct in conduct are given the particular standing in their class to which their merits entitle them, while those cadets deficient in either conduct or studies are discharged. From about the middle of June to the end of August cadets live in camp, engaged only in military duties and receiving practical military instruction. Cadets are allowed but one leave of absence during the four years' course and, as a rule, it is granted at the expiration of the first two years. The pay of a cadet, with commutation for ration, is $609 50 a year, and with proper economy is sufficient for his support. Upon graduating cadets are commissioned as second lieutenants in the United States Army. The whole number of graduates from 1802 to 1903 has been 4,215.

MANNER OF APPLICATION.—Applications may be made at any time, by letter, to the Secretary of War, to have the applicant's name registered for submission to the proper Representative when a vacancy occurs. The application must exhibit the full name, date of birth and permanent abode of applicant, with the number of the Congress district in which his residence is situated. Immediately after his admission, and before receiving his warrant of appointment, the cadet must sign the following engagement for service, in the presence of the Superintendent or some officer deputed by him: "I, ——— ———, of the State (or Territory of ———, aged —— years —— months, do hereby engage (with the consent of my parent or guardian) that, from the date of my admission as a cadet of the United States Military Academy, I will serve in the Army of the United States for eight years, unless sooner discharged by competent authority. In the presence ——— ——— ———." The candidate must then take the following oath or affirmation: "I, ——— ———, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and bear true allegiance to the National Government; that I will maintain and defend the sovereignty of the United States paramount to any and all allegiance, sovereignty or fealty I may owe to any State or country whatsoever, and that I will at all times obey the legal orders of my superior officers, and the rules and articles governing the armies of the United States."

THE NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

Board of Managers—The President of the United States, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Secretary of War, ex-officiis; General Martin T. McMahon, president, New-York Life Building, New-York (1904); Colonel John L. Mitchell, first vice-president, Milwaukee, Wis. (1904); General Thomas J. Henderson, second vice-president, Princeton, Ill. (1908); Colonel George W. Steele, secretary, Marion, Ind. (1908); Major Moses Harris, general treasurer, New-York; General Charles M. Anderson, Greenville, Ohio (1906); Colonel Sidney G. Cooke, Herington, Kan. (1906); General J. Marshall Brown, Portland, Me. (1908); Major W. H. Bonsall, Los Angeles, Cal. (1904); Captain H. E. Palmer, Omaha, Neb. (1904); Colonel W. P. Brownlow, Jonesboro, Tenn. (1908).

The principal officers of branch homes are: Central Dayton, Ohio: Governor, J. B. Thomas; treasurer, A. J. Clark; surgeon, D. C. Huffman. Northwestern, Milwaukee, Wis.: Governor, Cornelius Wheeler; treasurer, J. E. Armitage; surgeon, Oscar Chrysler. Eastern, Togus, Me.: Governor, S. H. Allen; treasurer, A. L. Smith; surgeon, W. E. Elwell. Southern, Hampton, Va.: Governor, William Thompson; treasurer, B. A.

Beeson; surgeon, John A. Johnston. Western, Leavenworth, Kan.: Governor, ————; ————; treasurer, W. W. Martin; surgeon, A. G. Hull. Pacific, Santa Monica, Cal.: Governor, O. H. La Grange; treasurer, T. J. Cochrane; surgeon, H. E. Hasse. Marion, Marion, Ind.; Gov., J. H. Chapman; treasurer, J. Q. Adams; surgeon, A. D. Kimball. Danville, Danville, Ill.; Gov., Isaac Clements; treasurer, M. J. Barger; surgeon, D. C. Jones. Mountain, Johnson City, Tenn.; Gov., J. P. Smith; treasurer, P. E. Divine, surgeon, J. Z. Powell. Battle Mountain Sanatorium, Hot Springs, S. D.; (building).

The requirements for admission include an honorable discharge from the United States service and disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor. Soldiers or sailors whose pensions exceed $16 a month are not eligible unless the reasons are explained to the manager and are satisfactory to him.

There are also thirty State homes, located as follows: Veterans' Home of California, Yountville; Colorado Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Monte Vista; Fitch's Home for Soldiers, Noroton, Conn.; Idaho State Soldiers' Home, Boise; Illinois Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Quincy; Indiana State Soldiers' Home, Lafayette; Iowa State Soldiers' Home, Marshalltown; Kansas State Soldiers' Home, Fort Dodge; Massachusetts State Soldiers' Home, Chelsea; Michigan State Soldiers' Home, Grand Rapids; Minnesota State Soldiers' Home, Minnehaha; Missouri State Federal Soldiers' Home, St. James; Montana State Soldiers' Home, Columbia Falls; Nebraska State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Grand Island; Nebraska State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Milford; New-Hampshire State Soldiers' Home, Tilton; New-Jersey State Soldiers' Home, Kearny; New-Jersey State Home for Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Their Wives, Vineland; New-York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath; New-York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford; North Dakota State Soldiers' Home, Lisbon; Ohio State Soldiers' Home, Sandusky; Oregon State Soldiers' Home, Roseburg; Pennsylvania State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Erie; Rhode Island State Soldiers' Home, Bristol; South Dakota State Soldiers' Home, Hot Springs; Vermont State Soldiers' Home, Bennington; Washington State Soldiers' Home, Orting; Wisconsin Veterans' Home, Waupaca; Wyoming State Soldiers' Home, Cheyenne.

CIVIL WAR STATISTICS.

Number of enlistments in the army, navy and marine corps in the war of 1861-'65, taken from latest revised reports of the government; many men who served in the war enlisted two or three times and are counted that number of times in the table:

States, Territories, etc.	White troops of army.	Sailors and marines.	Colored troops.	States, Territories, etc.	White troops of army.	Sailors and marines.	Colored troops.
Alabama	2,576	——	——	Missouri	100,616	151	8,344
Arkansas	8,289	——	——	Nebraska	3,157	——	——
California	15,725	——	——	Nevada	1,080	——	——
Colorado	4,903	——	——	New-Hampshire	32,930	882	125
Connecticut	51,937	2,163	1,764	New-Jersey	67,500	8,129	1,185
Dakota	206	——	——	New-Mexico ...	6,561	——	——
Delaware	11,236	94	954	New-York	404,805	39,920	4,125
Dist. of Colum.	11,912	1,353	3,269	North Carolina.	3,156	——	——
Florida	1,290	——	——	Ohio	304,814	3,274	5,092
Illinois	255,057	2,224	1,811	Oregon	1,810	——	——
Indiana	193,748	1,078	1,537	Pennsylvania ..	315,017	14,307	8,612
Iowa	75,797	5	440	Rhode Island...	13,521	1,878	1,837
Kansas	18,069	——	2,080	Tennessee	31,092	——	——
Kentucky	51,743	314	23,703	Texas	1,965	——	——
Louisiana	5,224	——	——	Vermont	32,549	619	120
Maine	64,973	5,030	104	Washington	964	——	——
Maryland	33,995	3,925	8,718	West Virginia..	31,872	——	196
Massachusetts .	122,781	19,983	3,966	Wisconsin	91,029	133	165
Michigan	85,479	498	1,387	Indian Nation..	[1]3,530	——	——
Minnesota	23,913	3	104	[2]Colored troops.	——	——	99,337
Mississippi	545	——	——	Totals	2,493,366	105,963	178,975

Number of deaths, by causes, in the U. S. Army during the Civil War:

Causes of death.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Totals.	Causes of death.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Totals.
Killed in action.....	4,142	62,916	67,058	Killed after capture.	14	90	104
Died of wounds received in action...	2,223	40,789	43,012	Committed suicide..	26	365	391
Died of disease.....	2,795	221,791	224,586	Executed by U. S. military auth'ties.	——	267	267
Accidental deaths (except by drowning)	142	3,972	4,114	Executed by enemy.	4	60	64
Drowned	106	4,838	4,944	Died from sunstroke	5	308	313
Murdered	37	483	520	[3]Other known causes	62	1,972	2,034
				Causes not stated...	28	12,093	12,121
				Totals	9,584	349,944	359,528

[1]Indians. [2]Number not credited on the quota of any State. [3]This item includes all deaths resulting from quarrels, riots and the like which are not definitely reported as murder; from being shot for insubordination or by provost guards or sentinels in attempting to escape or pass the lines; from exhaustion or exposure; killed while depredating upon the property of citizens, and all other causes not mentioned in the foregoing table. Desertions (estimated by War Department), 117,247. No trustworthy deductions with regard to the nativity of soldiers in service during the Civil War can be made from any existing statistics.

ARMY PAY.

GRADE.	PAY OF OFFICERS IN ACTIVE SERVICE.						PAY OF RETIRED OFFICERS.					
	Pay of grade.		Monthly pay.				Pay of grade.		Monthly pay.			
	Yearly.	Monthly	After five years' service 10 p. c.	After ten years' service 20 p. c.	After fifteen years' service 30 p. c.	After twenty years' service 40 p. c.	Yearly.	Monthly	After five years' service	After ten years' service	After fifteen years' service	After twenty years' service
Lieutenant-general	$11,000 00	$916 67	——	——	——	——	$8,250 00	$687 50	——	——	——	——
Major-general	7,500 00	625 00	——	——	——	——	5,625 00	468 75	——	——	——	——
Brigadier-general	5,500 00	458 33	——	——	——	——	4,125 00	343 75	——	——	——	——
[1]Colonel	3,500 00	291 67	$320 83	$350 00	$375 00	$375 00	2,625 00	218 75	$240 62	$262 50	$281 25	$281 25
[2]Lieutenant-colonel	3,000 00	250 00	275 00	300 00	325 00	333 33	2,250 00	187 50	206 25	225 00	243 75	250 00
Major	2,500 00	208 33	229 17	250 00	270 83	291 67	1,875 00	156 25	171 87	187 50	203 12	218 75
Captain mounted	2,000 00	166 67	183 33	200 00	216 67	233 33	1,500 00	125 00	137 50	150 00	162 50	175 00
Captain, not mounted	1,800 00	150 00	165 00	180 00	195 00	210 00	1,350 00	112 50	123 75	135 00	146 25	157 50
[3]Regimental adjutant	1,800 00	150 00	165 00	180 00	195 00	210 00	——	——	——	——	——	——
[3]Regimental quartermaster	1,800 00	150 00	165 00	180 00	195 00	210 00	——	——	——	——	——	——
First lieutenant, mounted	1,600 00	133 33	146 67	160 00	173 33	186 67	1,200 00	100 00	110 00	120 00	130 00	140 00
First lieutenant, not mounted	1,500 00	125 00	137 50	150 00	162 50	175 00	1,125 00	93 75	103 12	112 50	121 87	131 25
Second lieutenant, mounted	1,500 00	125 00	137 50	150 00	162 50	175 00	1,125 00	93 75	103 12	112 50	121 87	131 25
Second lieutenant, not mounted	1,400 00	116 67	128 33	140 00	151 67	163 33	1,050 00	87 50	96 25	105 00	113 75	122 50
Chaplain	1,500 00	125 00	137 50	150 00	162 50	175 00	1,350 00	112 50	123 75	135 00	146 25	157 50

[1]The maximum pay of a colonel is, by law, $4,500 per annum.
[2]The maximum pay of a lieutenant-colonel is, by law, $4,000 per annum.
[3]Regimental adjutants and regimental quartermasters are never retired as such.

NOTES.—Under Sec. 1,261, Revised Statutes, an aide-de-camp to a major-general is allowed $200 a year in addition to the pay of his rank, not to be included in computing the service increase; an aide-de-camp to a brigadier-general, $150 a year, and an acting commissary of subsistence $100 a year. Assistant surgeons are entitled to pay of captain after five years' service, service to be reckoned from date of acceptance of appointment or commission.

Retired officers receive 75 per cent of pay (salary and increase) of their rank. Retired officers detailed for duty at colleges under the act of November 3, 1893, are entitled to the full pay of officers of corresponding rank. Those detailed under other laws are not entitled to anything beyond their retired pay.

Mileage, from and after July 1, 1898, is allowed to officers travelling on duty under orders at the rate of seven cents per mile, by the shortest usually travelled routes. Commutation of quarters is paid at the rate of $12 per month per room.

The monthly pay of enlisted men in the Army is as follows: Artillery, infantry and cavalry—Privates, $13; corporals, $15; sergeants, $18; first sergeants, $25. Engineers and ordnance—Corporals, $20; sergeants, $34. The pay increases $1 per month each year during the term of the first five years' enlistment. For the second term of enlistment the pay is $2 per month above that of the last year of the first enlistment. The pay of others on the first year of enlistment is: Ordnance sergeant, commissary sergeant and post quartermaster sergeant, $34; hospital steward, $45; acting hospital steward, $25; senior veterinary surgeon, $100; junior veterinary surgeon, $75. There is, in addition, a clothing allowance. Twenty per cent increase on pay proper of all enlisted men is allowed in time of war. Enlisted men when retired are entitled to 75 per cent of the pay which they receive in active service.

THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

NAVAL STATIONS AND COMMANDERS.

North Atlantic Fleet (Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker, commander-in-chief).—Battleship Squadron—Illinois (flagship), Alabama, Kearsarge, Maine, Massachusetts, Scorpion. Caribbean Squadron (Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan, commanding)—Olympia, Atlanta, Nashville, Newport, Panther, Vixen. Coast Squadron (Rear Admiral James A. Sands, commanding)—Texas, Arkansas, Florida, Hartford, Indiana, Nevada.

Pacific Squadron (Rear Admiral Henry Glass, commander-in-chief).—New-York, Bennington, Boston, Concord, Marblehead, Wyoming.

Asiatic Fleet (Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, commander-in-chief).—Northern Squadron (Rear Admiral Philip H. Cooper, commanding). Philippine Squadron (Rear Admiral Yates Sterling, commanding).—Kentucky, Wisconsin, Rainbow, Albany, Albay, Annapolis, Callao, Celtic, Cincinnati, Don Juan de Austria, Elcano, Helena, Iris, Isla de Cuba, Monadnock, Monterey, New-Orleans, Oregon, Quiros, Raleigh, Samar, Vicksburg, Villalobos, Wilmington.

European Squadron (Rear Admiral Charles S. Cotton, commander-in-chief).—Brooklyn, Chicago, Machias, San Francisco.

South Atlantic Squadron (Rear Admiral George W. Sumner, commander-in-chief).—Newark, Detroit, Gloucester, Montgomery.

Atlantic Training Squadron (Rear Admiral William C. Wise, commander-in-chief).—Alliance, Buffalo, Essex, Monongahela, Prairie, Topeka, Yankee.

Naval Station, Boston.—Rear Admiral Mortimer Johnson, commandant.

Naval Station, New-York.—Rear Admiral Frederick Rodgers, commandant.

Naval Station, Philadelphia.—Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, commandant.

Naval Station, Norfolk.—Rear Admiral Purnell F. Harrington, commandant.

Naval Station, Portsmouth, N. H.—Rear Admiral John J. Read, commandant.

Naval Station, Washington, D. C.—Rear Admiral F. J. Higginson, commandant.

Naval Station, Mare Island, Cal.—Rear Admiral B. H. McCalla, commandant.

NAVAL OFFICERS ABOVE THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT.

Admiral.

	Date of appointment.	Date of retirement.
George Dewey	Mar. 2, 1899	

Rear Admirals.

(Ranking with major general.)

John C. Watson	Mar. 3, 1899	Aug. 24, 1904
Francis J. Higginson	Mar. 3, 1899	July 19, 1905
Frederick Rodgers	Mar. 3, 1899	Oct. 3, 1904
George W. Sumner	Mar. 3, 1899	Dec. 31, 1903
Albert S. Barker	Oct. 10, 1899	Mar. 31, 1905
Charles S. Cotton	Mar. 27, 1900	Feb. 15, 1905
Robley D. Evans	Feb. 11, 1901	Aug. 18, 1908
Silas W. Terry	Mar. 19, 1900	Dec. 28, 1904
Merrill Miller	July 1, 1900	Sept. 13, 1904
John J. Read	Nov. 29, 1900	June 1, 1904
Henry C. Taylor	Feb. 11, 1901	Mar. 4, 1907
Mortimer L. Johnson	Jan. 29, 1901	June 1, 1904

(Ranking with brigadier general.)

Henry Glass	Oct. 9, 1901	Jan. 7, 1906
Charles E. Clark	June 16, 1902	Aug. 10, 1905
Philip H. Cooper	Feb. 9, 1902	Aug. 5, 1906
Joseph B. Coghlan	Apr. 11, 1902	Dec. 8, 1906
James H. Sands	Apr. 11, 1902	July 12, 1907
Yates Stirling	June 8, 1902	Nov. 6, 1905
William C. Wise	June 14, 1902	Nov. 8, 1904
Purnell F. Harrington	Mar. 21, 1903	June 6, 1906
Charles D. Sigsbee	Aug. 10, 1903	Jan. 16, 1907
Colby M. Chester	Aug. 10, 1903	Feb. 28, 1906
Charles J. Barclay	Sept. 11, 1903	Sept. 8, 1905
Benjamin P. Lamberton	Oct. 11, 1903	Sept. 25, 1905
French E. Chadwick	Oct. 11, 1903	Feb. 29, 1906
Bowman H. McCalla	Oct. 11, 1903	June 19, 1906
William H. Whiting	Oct. 11, 1903	July 8, 1905

OFFICERS IN THE GRADES OF CAPTAIN, COMMANDER AND LIEUTENANT COMMANDER.

Captains.

(Rank with colonel.)

Name.	Date app't'd.
*O'Neil, Chas.	July 21, 97
Goodrich, C. F.	Sept. 16, 97
Jewell, Theo. F.	Feb. 1, 98
Folger, Wm. M.	Feb. 6, 98
Dickins, F. W.	July 3, 98
Wilde, G. F. F.	Aug. 10, 98
Davis, Chas. H.	Aug. 10, 98
Train, Chas. J.	Nov. 22, 98
Pigman, Geo. W.	Mar. 3, 99
Converse, Geo. A.	Mar. 3, 99
Bradford, R. B.	Mar. 3, 99
Craig, Jos. E.	Mar. 3, 99
Thomas, Chas. M.	Mar. 3, 99
Snow, Albert S.	Mar. 3, 99
Reiter, Geo. C.	Mar. 3, 99
Brownson, W. H.	Mar. 3, 99
Mead, Wm. W.	Mar. 3, 99
Longnecker, E.	Mar. 3, 99
Perry, Thomas.	June 11, 99
Stockton, Chas. H.	July 8, 99
Walker, Asa.	Sept. 9, 99
Lyon, Henry W.	Mar. 27, 00

*Becomes rear admiral Dec. 31, 1903, vice Sumner, one promotion in each subordinate grade ensuing.

Name.	Date app't'd.
Dayton, Jas. H.	Mar. 29, 00
Mackenzie, M.R.S.	July 1, 00
Sperry, Chas. S.	July 1, 00
Hunker, John J.	Dec. 11, 00
Burwell, Wm. T.	Nov. 29, 00
Berry, Robt. M.	Feb. 11, 01
Very, Samuel W.	Feb. 19, 01
Manney, Henry N.	Mar. 3, 01
Swinburne, W. T.	Mar. 3, 01
Hemphill, Jos. N.	Mar. 3, 01
Emory, Wm. H.	Apr. 14, 01
Bicknell, Geo. A.	May 12, 01
Hitchins, Chas. T.	July 2, 01
Tilley, Benj. F.	Sept. 2, 01
Knox, Harry	Sept. 22, 01
Merrell, John P.	Sept. 26, 01
Eaton, Jos. G.	Sept. 2, 01
Leutze, H. H. C.	Oct. 9, 01
Sebree, Uriel	Oct. 9, 01
Couden, Albert R.	Jan. 15, 02
Pendleton, E. C.	Jan. 21, 02
Swift, William	Feb. 9, 02
Mansfield, H. B.	Feb. 9, 02
Ross, Albert	Apr. 11, 02
Clover, Rich'dson.	Apr. 11, 02
Miller, Jas. M.	Apr. 29, 02
Bleecker, J. V. B.	June 3, 02
Dunlap, Andrew.	June 8, 02
Smith, John A. B.	June 8, 02
Colby, H. G. O.	June 18, 02
Logan, L. C.	July 11, 02
Bates, Alex. B.	Sept. 17, 02
Arnold, C. H.	Sept. 17, 02
Cowles, Wm. S.	Nov. 2, 02
Milligan, R. W.	Nov. 7, 02
Taussig, E. D.	Nov. 7, 02
Inch, Richard	Nov. 21, 02
Pillsbury, J. E.	Nov. 21, 02
Reeder, Wm. H.	Dec. 2, 02
Baird, Geo. W.	Dec. 2, 02
Rae, Chas. W.	Jan. 4, 03
Cornwell, C. C.	Jan. 10, 03
Stevenson, H. N.	Feb. 10, 03
Kearny, Geo. H.	Mar. 7, 03
Marix, Adolph	Mar. 21, 03
Rodgers, R. P.	Mar. 21, 03
Moore, Wm. S.	Mar. 21, 03
Ingersoll, R. R.	Mar. 21, 03
Schroeder, S.	Aug. 10, 03
Kennedy, D.	Aug. 10, 03
Wainwright, R.	Aug. 10, 03
Moser, J. F.	Aug. 10, 03
Drake, F. J.	Sept. 11, 03
McLean, Thos. C.	Sept. 23, 03
Barnette, Wm. J.	Oct. 11, 03
Delano, Fran. H.	Oct. 11, 03
Forse, Chas. T.	Oct. 11, 03
Moore, Edwin K.	Oct. 11, 03

Commanders.

(Rank with lieut. col.)

Name.	Date app't'd.
Rodgers, John A.	Mar. 3, 99
Wadhams, A. V.	Mar. 3, 99
Adams, Jas. D.	Mar. 3, 99
Cogswell, Jas. K.	Mar. 3, 99
Singer, Frederic.	Mar. 3, 99
Selfridge, Jas. R.	Mar. 3, 99
Everett, Wm. H.	Mar. 3, 99
Hawley, John M.	Mar. 3, 99
Blocklinger, G.	Mar. 3, 99
Garst, Perry	Mar. 3, 99
Speyers, A. B.	Mar. 3, 99
Prime, E. S.	Mar. 3, 99
Potter, Wm. P.	Sept. 9, 99
Niles, Nathan E.	Mar. 25, 99
Harber, Giles B.	Sept. 25, 99
Briggs, John B.	Oct. 10, 99
Mason, Newton E.	Nov. 2, 99
Stevens, Thos. H.	Mar. 29, 99
Perkins, Chas. P.	July 8, 99
Bowman, Chas. G.	July 8, 99
Beehler, Wm. H.	Sept. 22, 99
Nazro, Arthur P.	Nov. 22, 99
Kimball, Wm. W.	Dec. 8, 99
Day, Wm. P.	Dec. 12, 99
Wilson, John O.	Dec. 29, 99
Colvocoresses, G. P.,	June 30, 00
Harris, Uriah R.	Dec. 31, 99
Davenport, R. G.	Feb. 18, 00
Norris, John A.	July 1, 00
Barry, E. B.	Mar. 9, 00
Winslow, H.	Mar. 27, 00
Turner, Wm. H.	Mar. 29, 00
Colahan, Chas. E.	July 1, 00
Berry, Albert G.	July 1, 00
Patch, N. J. K.	July 23, 00
Phelps, Thos. S.	Aug. 19, 00
Rohrer, Karl	Nov. 22, 00
Nickels, J. A. H.	Nov. 29, 00
Curtis, C. K.	Dec. 11, 00
Porter, Theodoric.	Jan. 29, 01
Stuart, D. D. V.	Feb. 11, 01
Adams, Chas. A.	Feb. 11, 01
Niles, Kossuth	Feb. 19, 01
Bayley, W. B.	Mar. 3, 01
Mahan, Dennis H.	Mar. 3, 01
Perry, Jas. H.	Mar. 3, 01
Dixon, Albert F.	Mar. 3, 01
Comly, Samuel P.	Mar. 3, 01
Hubbard, John	Apr. 2, 01
McCrackin, Alex.	Apr. 14, 01
Dyer, Geo. L.	Apr. 19, 01
Rees, Corwin P.	May 12, 01
Heilner, L. C.	May 12, 01
Murdock, Jos. B.	June 16, 01
Osterhaus, Hugo	July 2, 01
Dillingham, A. C.	July 12, 01
Collins, John B.	July 12, 01
Vreeland, C. E.	Aug. 15, 01
Sargent, Nathan.	Sept. 2, 01
Bull, Jas. H.	Sept. 22, 01
Merriam, G. A.	Sept. 22, 01
Milton, John B.	Sept. 26, 01
Nauman, W. H.	Sept. 28, 01
Ward, Aaron	Sept. 28, 01
Mentz, Geo. W.	Sept. 28, 01
Staunton, S. A.	Oct. 9, 01
Bartlett, Chas. W.	Oct. 9, 01
Thomas, C.	Oct. 26, 01
Marshall, W. A.	Dec. 27, 01
Roller, John E.	Dec. 28, 01
Calkins, Carlos G.	Jan. 15, 02
Sewell, Wm. E.	Jan. 21, 02
McCrea, Henry	Feb. 9, 02
Qualtrough, E. F.	Feb. 9, 02
Young, Lucien	Mar. 5, 02
Baker, Asher C.	Mar. 5, 02
Southerland, W. H. H.	Mar. 5, 02
Fox, Chas. E.	Mar. 16, 02
Fremont, John C.	Apr. 11, 02
Mertz, Albert	Apr. 11, 02
Galt, Rogers H.	Apr. 29, 02
Cottman, V. L.	June 3, 02
Sawyer, Frank E.	June 8, 02
Howard, Thos. B.	June 8, 02
Cowles, W. C.	June 14, 02
Knight, A. M.	June 16, 02
Badger, Chas. J.	June 18, 02
Diehl, S. W. B.	July 11, 02
Nicholson, R. F.	Sept. 17, 02
Underwood, E. B.	Sept. 17, 02
Halsey, Wm. F.	Nov. 2, 02
Wilner, Frank A.	Nov. 7, 02
Morrell, Henry	Nov. 7, 02
Winder, Wm.	Nov. 21, 02
Moore, C. B. T.	Nov. 21, 02
Veeder, T. E. D. W.	Dec. 2, 02
Reynolds, Alfred	Dec. 2, 02
Robinson, J. M.	Jan. 4, 03
Barton, John K.	Jan. 4, 03
Denig, Robt. G.	Jan. 10, 03
Peters, Geo. H.	Feb. 10, 03
Fiske, Bradley A.	Mar. 7, 03
Holmes, F. H.	Mar. 21, 03
Parker, John F.	Mar. 21, 03
Hutchins, H.	Mar. 21, 03
Bowyer, John M.	Mar. 21, 03
Colwell, John C.	Apr. 28, 03
Ransom, Geo. B.	Aug. 10, 03
Dorn, Edward J.	Aug. 10, 03
Scott, Bernard O.	Aug. 10, 03
Eaton, Wm. C.	Aug. 10, 03
Canaga, Alfred B.	Aug. 10, 03
Zane, A. V.	Sept. 11, 03
Edwards, J. R.	Sept. 23, 03
Potts, Stacy	Oct. 11, 03
Cleaver, H. T.	Oct. 11, 03
Helm, James H.	Oct. 11, 03
Willits, Albert B.	Oct. 11, 03
Winslow, C. McR.	Oct. 11, 03
Lawrance, J. P. S.	Oct. 11, 03

Lieutenant Commanders,

(Rank with major.)

Name.	Date app't'd.
Reeves, I. S. K.	Mar. 3, 99
Noel, York	Mar. 3, 99
Hodgson, Albon C.	Mar. 3, 99
Cutler, Wm. G.	Mar. 3, 99
Sharp, Alex. jr.	Mar. 3, 99
Laird, Charles	Mar. 3, 99
Usher, N. R.	Mar. 3, 99
Hughes, W. S.	Mar. 3, 99
Carter, Fidelio S.	Mar. 3, 99
Fletcher, F. F.	Mar. 3, 99
Hosley, Harry H.	Mar. 3, 99
Beatty, Frank E.	Mar. 3, 99
Wood, Moses L.	Mar. 3, 99
Doyle, Robert M.	Mar. 3, 99
Stoney, Geo. M.	Mar. 3, 99
Coffin, Fred'k W.	Mar. 3, 99
Parks, Wythe M.	Mar. 3, 99
Bailey, Frank H.	Mar. 3, 99
Hodges, Harry M.	Mar. 3, 99
Caperton, Wm. B.	Mar. 3, 99
Smith, Jas. T.	Mar. 3, 99
Willits, Geo. S.	Mar. 3, 99
Worthington, W. F.	Mar. 3, 99
Little, Wm. N.	Mar. 3, 99
Burgdorff, T. F.	Mar. 3, 99
Eldridge, F. H.	Mar. 3, 99
Warburton, E. T.	Mar. 3, 99
Gearing, H. C.	Mar. 3, 99
Potts, Templin M.	Mar. 3, 99
Allen, Wm. H.	Mar. 3, 99
Walling, Burns T.	Mar. 3, 99
Boush, Clifford J.	Mar. 25, 99
Sears, James H.	Mar. 29, 99
Culver, A. E.	June 4, 99
Mayo, Henry T.	June 11, 99
Rogers, Chas. C.	July 1, 99
Newton, John T.	July 1, 99
Taopan, Benjamin.	July 1, 99
Pond, Chas. F.	July 1, 99
McLean Walter	July 1, 99
Chambers, W. I.	July 1, 99
Gillmore, Jas. C.	July 1, 99
Gove, Chas. A.	July 1, 99
Coffman, De W.	July 8, 99
Henderson, R.	Sept. 9, 99
Griffin, Thos. D.	Sept. 22, 99
Minett, Henry	Sept. 25, 99
Mulligan, R. T.	Oct. 10, 99
Braunersreuther, W.	Nov. 2, 99
Sherman, F. H.	Nov. 22, 99
Hogg, Wm. S.	Dec. 8, 99
Hall, Reynold T.	Jan. 11, 00
Fullam, Wm. F.	Dec. 29, 99
Witzel, H. M.	Dec. 31, 99
Winterhalter, A. G.	Jan. 18, 00
Orchard, John M.	Feb. 18, 00

Name.	Date app't'd.
Jordan, John N.	Mar. 9, 00
Fechteler, A. F.	Mar. 27, 00
Wright, E. E.	Mar. 29, 00
Gleaves, Albert	May 25, 00
Parker, Jas. P.	June 30, 00
Hodges, Ben W.	July 1, 00
Dunn, Herbert O.	July 1, 00
Dodd, Arthur W.	July 1, 00
Denfield, Geo. W.	July 1, 00
Grant, Albert W.	July 1, 00
Harrison, H. W.	July 1, 00
Nelson, Valentine S.	July 1, 00
Benson, Wm. S.	July 1, 00
Bostwick, Frank M.	July 1, 00
Oliver, James H.	July 23, 00
Dombaugh, H. M.	Aug. 19, 00
Cook, Simon	Aug. 30, 00
Rodgers, Thos. S.	Nov. 22, 00
Schell, Franklin J.	Nov. 29, 00
Quinby, John G.	Dec. 11, 00
Glennon, Jas. H.	Jan. 22, 01
Werlich, P. J.	Jan. 29, 01
Rush, Wm. P.	Feb. 11, 01
Knapp, Harry S.	Feb. 11, 01
Rodgers, Wm. L.	Feb. 19, 01
Huse, H. McL. P.	Mar. 3, 01
Smith, Roy C.	Mar. 3, 01
McElroy, Geo. W.	Mar. 3, 01
Griffin, Robt. S.	Mar. 3, 01
Wood, Albert N.	Mar. 3, 01
Lloyd, Edward, jr.	Mar. 3, 01
Hughes, R. M.	Mar. 3, 01
Atwater, Chas. N.	Mar. 3, 01
Holcombe, J. H. L.	Apr. 1, 01
Burdick, Wm. L.	Apr. 2, 01
Bartlett, F. W.	Apr. 14, 01
Bieg, Frederick C.	Apr. 19, 01
Kimmell, Harry	May 12, 01
Gage, Howard	May 12, 01
Gow, John L.	June 16, 01
Clark, Geo. R.	July 1, 01
Stafford, Geo. H.	July 1, 01
Rogers, Allen G.	July 1, 01
White, Wm. P.	July 1, 01
Burd, Geo. E.	July 12, 01
Shipley, John H.	July 12, 01
Craven, John E.	Aug. 7, 01
Hetherington, J. H.	Aug. 15, 01
Knapp, John J.	Sept. 2, 01
Almy, Augustus C.	Sept. 22, 01
Hood, John	Sept. 22, 01
Jungen, Carl W.	Sept. 26, 01
Hayden, E. E.	Sept. 26, 01
Bryan, Benj. C.	Sept. 26, 01
Garrett, Le R. M.	Sept. 28, 01
Marsh, Chas. C.	Sept. 28, 01
Harlow, Chas. H.	Sept. 28, 01
Carr, Clarence A.	Sept. 28, 01
Rlish, John B.	Oct. 5, 01
Gill, Wm. A.	Oct. 9, 01
Ryan, Thos. W.	Oct. 9, 01
Norton, Harold P.	Oct 26, 01
Sears, Walter J.	Dec. 17, 01
Scribner, E. H.	Dec. 27, 01
Bennett, Frank M.	Dec. 28, 01
Bell, John A.	Jan. 15, 02
Dougherty, J. A.	Jan. 21, 02
Bernadou, John B.	Feb. 9, 02
Gibbons, John H.	Feb. 9, 02
Snowden, Thomas.	Mar. 5, 02
Tillman, Edwin H.	Mar. 5, 02
Carter, Thos. F.	Mar. 16, 02
Bowers, F. C.	Apr. 5, 02
Salisbury, Geo. R.	Apr. 11, 02
Purcell, John L.	Apr. 11, 02
Lopez, Robert F.	Apr. 11, 02
Kellogg, Frank W.	Apr. 29, 02
Bitler, Reuben O.	June 3, 02
Leonard, S. H., jr.	June 8, 02
Phelps Harry	June 8, 02
Poundstone, H. C.	June 14, 02
Ackerman, A. A.	June 16, 02
Miner, Leo D.	June 18, 02
Niblack, Albert P.	June 18, 02
Truxtun, William.	July 11, 02
Hall, Harry	Sept. 17, 02
Simpson, Edw.	Sept. 17, 02
Muir, Wm. C. P.	Sept. 23, 02
Zeiner, Edwds. F.	Oct. 1, 02
Kinkaid, Thos. W.	Nov. 2, 02
Allderdice, Wm. H.	Nov. 7, 02
Rohrbacher, J. H.	Nov. 7, 02
Sims, Wm. S.	Nov. 21, 02
Van Duzer, L. S.	Nov. 21, 02
Buchanan, W. W.	Dec. 2, 02
Maxwell, Wm. J.	Dec. 2, 02
Smith, Wm. S.	Jan. 4, 02
Luby, John F.	Jan. 4, 02
Clark, Lewis J.	Jan. 10, 02
Dewey, Theo. G.	Feb. 10, 02
Rodman, Hugh.	Mar. 3, 03
Hoogewerff, J. A.	Mar. 3, 03
Capehart, E. E.	Mar. 3, 03
Wilson, Henry B.	Mar. 3, 03
Kaemmerling, G.	Mar. 3, 03
Mathews, C. H.	Mar. 3, 03
Redgrave, D. W. C.	Mar. 7, 03
White, Wm. W.	Mar. 21, 03
Sampson, B. C. B.	Mar. 21, 03
Arnold, Solon.	Mar. 21, 03
Anderson, M. A.	Mar. 21, 03
Moritz, Albert.	Mar. 27, 03
Thiess, Emil.	Apr. 28, 03
Wood, Spencer S.	July 18, 03
Brown, Guy W.	Aug. 10, 03
Fletcher, Wm. B.	Aug. 10, 03
Chambers, W. H.	Aug. 10, 03
Johnston, M.	Aug. 10, 03
Rommell, C. E.	Aug. 10, 03
Anderson, E. A.	Sept. 11, 03
Jayne, Jos. L.	Sept. 11, 03
Key, Albert L.	Oct. 11, 03
Howard, Wm. L.	Oct. 11, 03
Field, W. R. M.	Oct. 11, 03
Poyer, John M.	Oct. 11, 03
Leopold, Hy. G.	Oct. 11, 03
Higgins, Robt. B.	Oct. 11, 03
Leonard, John C.	Oct. 26, 03

MEDICAL CORPS.

PRESLEY M. RIXEY, surgeon general (rank of rear admiral). . . . . Aug. 24, 00

Medical Directors. (Rank of captain.)	
Babin, Hosea J.	May 7, 98
Price, Abel F.	Apr. 9, 99
Marmion, R. A.	Oct. 25, 99
Dickinson, D.	Nov. 11, 99
Farwell, Wm. G.	Jan. 22, 00
Wise, John C.	Feb. 7, 00
Bradley, Geo. P.	May 31, 00
Fitzsimons, Paul.	Nov. 19, 00
Dixon, Wm. S.	Apr. 28, 01
Persons, Remus C.	Nov. 3, 01
Ferebee, N. M.	Jan. 26, 02
Waggener, J. R.	Jan. 20, 03
Streets, Thos. H.	Jan. 31, 03
Ross John W.	Feb. 5, 03
Simons, M. H.	June 9, 03
Boyd, John C.	June 20, 03
Medical Inspectors. (Rank of commander.)	
Harmon, G. E. H.	Nov. 11, 99
Wells, Howard.	Jan. 15, 00
Bertolette, D. N.	Jan. 22, 00
Derr, Ezra Z.	Feb. 7, 00
Rixey, Presley M.	Aug. 24, 00
McClurg, W. A.	Nov. 19, 00
Herndon, C. G.	Apr. 28, 01
Heneberger, L. G.	Oct. 29, 01
Green, Edward H.	Nov. 3, 01
Dickson, S. H.	Jan. 26, 02
Lewis, David O.	Jan. 4, 03
Ames, Howard E.	Jan. 20, 03
Anderson, Frank.	Jan. 31, 03
Lovering, P. A.	June 9, 03
Du Bose, Wm. R.	June 20, 03

PAY CORPS.

HENRY T. B. HARRIS, paymaster general (rank of rear admiral). . . . . June 24, 03

Pay Directors. (Rank with captain.)	
Lisle, Robert P.	June 6, 99
Frailey, L. A.	Aug. 29, 99
Thompson, T. S.	Sept. 21, 01
Redfield, John B.	Apr. 10, 02
Hobbs, I. G.	Apr. 28, 02
Harris, H. T. B.	June 13, 02
Rand, Stephen.	July 1, 02
Beggs L. G.	Sept. 28, 02
Colhoun, S. R.	Nov. 22, 02
Ring, James A.	Dec. 10, 02
Cann, James E.	Jan. 5, 03
Speel, John N.	Jan. 11, 03
Frazer, Reah.	Jan. 19, 03
Drury Hiram E.	———
Pay Inspectors. (Rank of commander.)	
Littlefield, C. W.	Mar. 29, 02
Galt, Wm. W.	Apr. 10, 02
Martin, John R.	June 13, 02
Ray, Chas. M.	July 1, 02
McDonald, M. C.	Sept. 9, 02
Rogers. E. B.	Sept. 21, 02
Kerr, Leeds C.	Sept. 28, 02
Ball, R. T. M.	Nov. 22, 02
Williams, Chas. S.	Dec. 10, 02
Cowie, Thos. J.	Jan. 5, 03
Carpenter, John S.	Jan. 11, 03
Hunt, Livingston.	Jan. 19, 03
Mudd, John A.	Feb. 27, 03
Simpson, Geo. W.	Mar. 3, 03
Sullivan, Harry R.	Mar. 3, 03
Sullivan, John C.	———

NAVAL CONSTRUCTION CORPS.

WASHINGTON L. CAPPS, chief naval constructor (rank of rear admiral). . . Nov. 1, 03

Captains.	
Hanscom, John F.	Oct. 10, 88
Linnard, Jos. H.	Mar. 3, 91
Woodward, Jos. J.	Mar. 3, 91
Taylor, David W.	Dec. 5, 91
Stahl, Albert W.	July 9, 92
Commanders.	
Baxter, Wm. J.	Aug. 10, 93
Bankson, Lloyd.	June 30, 96
Tawresey, John G.	June 30, 96
Stocker, Robert.	Nov. 1, 03

Name.	Date app't'd.
Bishop, H. S.	July 8, 02
Andrus, E. P.	July 15, 02
Sibley, F. W.	July 30, 02
Cheever, B. H.	Sept. 13, 02
Wheeler, H. W.	Oct. 29, 02
Bigelow, J., jr.	Dec. 8, 02
Read, R. D., jr.	Jan. 16, 03
Swift, E.	Jan. 24, 03
Lockett, J.	Jan. 30, 03
Blocksom, A. P.	Feb. 17, 03
Gaston, J. A.	Feb. 22, 03
Scott, H. L.	Feb. 25, 03
Hoppin, C. B.	Mar. 23, 03
McCormick, L. S.	Apr. 15, 03
Ripley, H. L.	Apr. 15, 03
Galbraith, J. G.	Apr. 18, 03
Erwin, J. B.	Apr. 22, 03
Morgan, G. H.	Apr. 27, 03
Boughton, D. H.	May 25, 03
Sickel, H. G.	July 16, 03
Hammond, A. G.	Aug. 5, 03
Johnson, F. O.	Aug. 16, 03
Slocum, H. J.	Aug. 26, 03

ARTILLERY.

W. F. RANDOLPH (gen. staff), chief of artillery (rank of brigadier general). Feb. 27, 03.

Colonels.

Morris, C.	Feb. 21, 02
Mills, S. M.	Sept. 11, 02
Story, J. P.	Oct. 15, 02
Greenough, G. G.	Feb. 21, 03
Merrill, A. H.	Apr. 14, 03
Ennis, W.	Apr. 17, 03
Grimes, G. S.	July 19, 03
Davis, J. M. K.	July 28, 03
Roberts, B. K.	Aug. 3, 03
Taylor, A. C.	Aug. 10, 03
Hubbell, H. W.	Aug. 10, 03
Stewart, W. F.	Aug. 11, 03
Vodges, A. W.	Nov. 1, 03

Lieutenant Colonels.

Thorp, Frank.	Sept. 20, 02
Cazlare, L. V.	Oct. 15, 02
Howe, W.	Dec. 20, 02
Leary, P., jr.	Feb. 21, 03
Richmond, E. T. C.	Apr. 14, 03
Potts, R. D.	July 19, 03
Hills, E. R.	July 28, 03
Taylor, S. W.	July 31, 03
Humphreys, C.	Aug. 3, 03
Lomia, L.	Aug. 4, 03
Schenck, A. D.	Aug. 10, 03
Pratt, S.	Aug. 10, 03
McClellan, J.	Aug. 11, 03
Anderson, H. R.	Aug. 14, 03
Patterson, R. H.	Nov. 1, 03

Majors.

Wood, O. E.	May 8, 01
Davis, E.	July 1, 01
Califf, J. M.	July 1, 01
Hobbs, C. W.	July 1, 01
Hoskins, J. D. C.	July 1, 01
Harris, H. L.	Aug. 1, 01
Murray, A.	Aug. 1, 01
Birkhimer, W. E.	Aug. 1, 01
Adams, T. R.	Aug. 1, 01
Lundeen, J. A.	Aug. 1, 01
Crawford, M.	Aug. 22, 01
Whistler, G. N.	Aug. 22, 01
Reed, H. A.	Aug. 22, 01
Cummins, A. S.	Aug. 22, 01
Dyer, A. B.	Aug. 23, 01
Walker, L. H.	Sept. 23, 01
Duvall, W. P. (g. s.)	Sep. 23, 01
Andrews, H. M.	Sept. 23, 01
Parkhurst, C. D.	Sept. 23, 01
Randolph, B. H.	Sept. 23, 01
Macomb, M. M. (g. s.)	Nov. 4, 01
Wisser, J. P.	Nov. 4, 01
Harrison, G. F. E.	Feb. 21, 02
Williams, J. R.	June 18, 02
Homer, W. B.	July 22, 02
Anderson, G. L.	July 30, 02
Niles, L.	Sept. 11, 02
Coffin, W. H.	Sept. 20, 02
Todd, A.	Nov. 6, 02
Brown, E. T.	Dec. 3, 02
Slaker, A.	Dec. 20, 02
Bush, J. C.	Feb. 21, 03
Ludlow, H. H.	Apr. 14, 03
Hamilton, W. R.	Apr. 14, 03
Foster, C. W.	July 28, 03
Deems, C.	July 31, 03
White, J. V.	Aug. 3, 03
Weaver, E. M.	Aug. 4, 03
Hoyle, E. D.	Aug. 10, 03
Adams, G.	Aug. 10, 03
Marsh, F.	Aug. 11, 03
Woodward, C. G.	Aug. 14, 03
Gayle, E. S.	Aug. 14, 03
Rowan, Hamilton.	Nov. 1, 03

INFANTRY.

Colonels.

Kline, J.	Apr. 30, 97
McCaskey, W. S.	Jan. 29, 00
Williams, C.	Feb. 2, 01
Jocelyn, S. P.	Feb. 28, 01
Dougherty, W. E.	Mar. 5, 01
Bubb, J. W.	July 1, 01
Markley, A. C.	Oct. 5, 01
Ward, H. C.	Jan. 31, 02
Noble, C. H.	June 9, 02
Duggan, W. T.	Oct. 3, 02
Price, B. D.	Oct. 18, 02
Adams, H. H.	Feb. 10, 03
Sweet, O. J.	Feb. 18, 03
Myer, A. L.	Feb. 23, 03
O'Connell, J. J.	Apr. 20, 03
Whitall, S. R.	July 26, 03
Regan, J.	July 29, 03
Haskell, H. L.	July 31, 03
Cornman, D.	Aug. 8, 03
Hall, C. B.	Aug. 8, 03
Duncan, J. W.	Aug. 9, 03
Wygant, H.	Aug. 11, 03
Mansfield, F. W.	Aug. 12, 03
Ray, P. H.	Aug. 12, 03
Lockwood, B. C.	Aug. 13, 03
Reade, P.	Aug. 13, 03
Van Orsdale, J. T.	Aug. 14, 03
Buchanan, J. A.	Aug. 14, 03
Huston, J. F.	Aug. 15, 03
Hoyt, R. W.	Dec. 3, 03

Lieutenant Colonels.

Cornish, G. A.	May 28, 02
Williams, C. A.	June 28, 02
Maus, M. P.	June 28, 02
Smith, F. A.	July 14, 02
Woodbury, T. C.	July 30, 02
Brown, G. Le R.	Oct. 3, 02
Pratt, E. B.	Oct. 7, 02
Cowles, C. D.	Oct. 18, 02
Borden, G. P.	Nov. 28, 02
Wheeler, W. B.	Feb. 4, 03
Scott, W. S.	Feb. 10, 03
Gardener, C.	Feb. 18, 03
Reynolds, A.	Feb. 23, 03
Allen, L. C.	Mar. 15, 03
Macklin, J. E.	Apr. 20, 03
Pitcher, W. L.	May 25, 03
Foster, H. S.	July 26, 03
Dent, J. C.	July 29, 03
McGunnegle, G. K.	July 30, 03
Robertson, E. B.	July 31, 03
Booth, C. A.	Aug. 8, 03
Greene, H. A.	Aug. 8, 03
Bolton E. B.	Aug. 9, 03
Pettit, J. S.	Aug. 11, 03
Hodges, C. L.	Aug. 12, 03
Loughborough, R. H. R.	Aug. 12, 03
Ballance, J. G.	Aug. 13, 03
Taylor, F.	Aug. 13, 03
Yeatman, R. T.	Aug. 14, 03
Davis, T. F.	Aug. 14, 03
Brush, D. H.	Aug. 16, 03
Crane, C. J.	Aug. 21, 03
Bailey, H. K.	Oct. 31, 03

Majors.

Paulding, W.	Feb. 2, 01
Cooke, L. W.	Feb. 2, 01
Sharpe, A. C.	Feb. 2, 01
Roach, G. H.	Feb. 2, 01
Bowen, W. H. C.	Feb. 2, 01
Robinson, H. E.	Feb. 2, 01
Wotherspoon, W. W.	Feb. 2, 03
Mason, C. W.	Feb. 2, 01
Williams, A.	Feb. 2, 01
Irons, J. A.	Feb. 2, 01
Carrington, F. de L.	Feb. 2, 03
Lovering, L. A.	Feb. 2, 01
Evans, R. K.	Feb. 2, 01
Cooke, G. F.	Feb. 2, 01
Chubb, C. St. J.	Feb. 2, 01
Wood, P. G.	Feb. 2, 01
Crittenden, J. J.	Feb. 2, 01
Wood, W. T.	Feb. 2, 01
Evans, W. P.	Feb. 2, 01
Irvine, R. J. C.	Feb. 28, 01
Hardin, E. E.	Feb. 28, 01
Wilson, R. H.	Feb. 28, 01
Febiger, L.	Feb. 28, 01
Byrne, B. A.	Feb. 28, 01
French, F. H.	Feb. 28, 01
Augur, A. A.	Feb. 28, 01
McClure, C.	Mar. 1, 01
Wolf, S. A.	Mar. 2, 01
Starr, C. G.	Mar. 4, 01
Buttler, W. C.	Mar. 5, 01
Rogers, J. S.	Mar. 25, 01
Young, G. S.	Apr. 1, 01
Bullard, R. L.	Apr. 1, 01
Moon, H. B.	Apr. 13, 01
Glenn, E. F.	Apr. 22, 01
Cecil, G. R.	May 4, 01
Mann, W. A.	July 1, 01
Waltz, M. F.	July 5, 01
Ames, R. F.	July 11, 01
Getty, R. N.	July 23, 01
Jones, F. B.	July 26, 01
Byrne, G.	Sept. 22, 01
Abercrombie, W. R	Sept. 27, 01
Nichols, W. A.	Oct. 5, 01
Terrett, C. P.	Oct. 7, 01
Phister, N. P.	Oct. 15, 01
Paxton, A. R.	Oct. 16, 01
Torrey, Z. W.	Nov. 8, 01
Jackson, J. B.	Nov. 11, 01
Turner, R. B.	Dec. 8, 01
Frederick, D. A.	Jan. 31, 02
Tillson, J. C. F.	Mar. 12, 02
Browne, E. H.	Mar. 28, 02
Ducat, A. C.	Apr. 14, 02
Travis, P. M. B.	Apr. 14, 02
Goe, J. B.	Apr. 15, 02
Liggett, H.	May 5, 02
Kennon, L. W. V.	May 28, 02
Lassiter, W.	May 28, 02

MINNESOTA—D., 16,000; speed, 18 knots; armament same as the Kansas; 2 submerged torpedo tubes. Building, Newport News Shipbuilding Company.

MISSISSIPPI—D., 13,000; speed, 17 knots; armament same as Connecticut. Plans being completed.

*MISSOURI—D., 12,240; speed, 18 knots; armament, 4 12-in. B. L. R.; 16 6-in. R. F., 6 3-in. R. F. G., 8 3-pdr. R. F., 6 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts; 2 3-in. R. F. field; 2 T. Launched Dec., 1901.

*NEBRASKA—D., 14,924; speed, 19 knots; armament same as Georgia. Building, Moran Bros., Seattle, Wash.

*NEW-JERSEY—Same as Georgia. Building, Fore River Shipbuilding Company, Quincy, Mass.

*OHIO—D., 12,508; speed, 18 knots; armament same as Missouri. Launched May, 1901.

*OREGON—D., 10,242; speed, 16.79 knots; armament, 20 6-pdr., 6 1-pdr. R. F. G.; 2 Colts; 2 3-in. R. F. field guns; 3 T. Launched Oct., 1893.

*RHODE ISLAND—D., 14,932; speed, 19 knots; armament same as Georgia. Building, Fore River Shipbuilding Company.

VERMONT—D., 16,000; speed, 18 knots; armament same as Minnesota. Building, Fore River Shipbuilding Co.

*VIRGINIA—Same as Georgia. Building, Newport News Shipbuilding Co.

*WISCONSIN—D., 12,571; speed, 17.174 knots; armament same as Alabama, except 6 1-pdr. R. F. G., instead of eight. Launched Nov., 1898.

BATTLESHIPS—Second Class.

*TEXAS—D., 6,375; speed, 17.8 knots; armament, 2 12-in., 6 6-in. B. L. R.; 12 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr., 4 37-mm. H. R. C., 2 Colts. Launched June, 1892.

ARMORED CRUISERS.

*BROOKLYN—D., 9,215; speed, 21.91 knots; armament, 8 8-in. B. L. R.; 12 5-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 12 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 4 Colts and 2 3-in. R. F. field guns. Launched Oct., 1895.

*CALIFORNIA—D., 13,680; speed, 22 knots; armament, 4 8-in. B. L. R., 14 6-in. R. F., 18 3-in. R. F., 12 3-pdr. semi-auto. R. F., 8 1-pdr. R. F., 2 3-in. R. F. field, 2 machine, 6 auto. Building, Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

*COLORADO — Same as California. Building, Wm. Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia.

*MARYLAND—Same as California. Building, Newport News Shipbuilding Company.

*NEW-YORK—D., 8,200; speed, 21 knots; armament, 6 8-in. B. L. R.; 12 4-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 8 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F., 4 Colts, 2 3-in. field guns, 2 T. Launched Dec., 1891.

*PENNSYLVANIA—Same as California. Launched Sept., 1903.

*SOUTH DAKOTA—Same as California. Building, Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

*TENNESSEE—D., 14,500; speed, 22 knots; armament, 4 10-in. B. L. R., 16 6-in. R. F., 22 3-in. R. F., 12 3-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F., 2 3-in. R. F. field guns, 2 .30-cal. machine, 6 .30-cal. auto. Building, Wm. Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia.

*WASHINGTON—D., 14,518; speed, 22 knots; armament, same as Tennessee. Building, New-York Shipbuilding Company, Camden, N. J.

*WEST VIRGINIA—Same as California. Launched April, 1903.

HARBOR DEFENCE RAM.

*KATAHDIN—D., 2,155; speed, 16.11 knots; armament, 4 6-pdr. R. F. Launched Feb., 1893.

SINGLE TURRET HARBOR DEFENCE MONITORS.

ARKANSAS—D., 3,200; speed, 12.03 knots; armament, 2 12-in. B. L. R.; 4 4-in. R. F.; 3 6-pdr. R. F.; 6 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched Nov., 1900.

FLORIDA—D., 3,200; speed, 12.4 knots; armament, same as Arkansas. Launched Nov., 1901.

NEVADA—D., 3,200; speed, 13.3 knots; armament, same as Arkansas. Launched Nov., 1900.

WYOMING—D., 3,200; speed, 12.37 knots; armament, same as Arkansas. Launched Sept., 1900.

DOUBLE-TURRET MONITORS.

*AMPHITRITE—D., 3,990; speed, 10.5 knots; armament, 4 10-in. B. L. R.; 2 4-in., 2 6-pdr., 2 3-pdr. R. F.; 2 37-mm. H. R. C.; 5 1-pdr. R. F. G.; 1 Colt, 1 3-in. field gun. Launched June, 1893.

*MIANTONOMOH—D., 3,990; speed, 10.5 knots; armament, 4 10-in. B. L. R.; 2 6-pdr., 2 3-pdr. R. F.; 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt. Launched Dec., 1876.

*MONADNOCK—D., 3,990; speed, 12 knots; armament, 4 10-in. B. L. R., 2 4-in. R. F. G., 2 6-pdr., 2 3-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F. G., 2 37-mm. H. R. C. Launched Sept., 1883.

*MONTEREY—D., 4,084; speed, 13.6 knots; armament, 2 12-in., 2 10-in. B. L. R.; 6 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched April, 1891.

*PURITAN—D., 6,060; speed, 12.4 knots; armament, 4 12-in. B. L. R.; 6 4-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 6 6-pdr., 6 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colt auto.; 2 machine. Launched Dec., 1882.

*TERROR—D., 3,990; speed 10.5 knots; armament, 4 10-in. B. L. R., 4 4-in. R. F. G., 2 6-pdr., 2 3-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F. G., 2 37-mm. H. R. C. Launched March, 1883.

LOW FREEBOARD SINGLE TURRET MONITORS (BUILT IN 1862).

CANONICUS—Iron; D., 2,100; speed, 6 knots; armament, 2 15-in. S. B.; 2 12-pdr. howitzers.

JASON—Iron; D., 1,875; speed, 5 to 6 knots; armament, 2 15-in. S. B.; 2 12-pdr. howitzers.

LEHIGH—Same as Jason.

MONTAUK—Same as Jason.

NAHANT—Same as Jason.

PROTECTED STEEL CRUISERS.

*ALBANY—D., 3,769; speed, 20.5 knots; armament, 6 6-in. R. F.; 4 4.7-in. R. F.; 10 6-pdr. R. F.; 8 1-pdr. R. F., and 2 Colts. Launched January, 1899.

ATLANTA—D., 3,000; speed, 15.6 knots; armament, 2 8-in. B. L. R., 6 6-in. R. F. G.; 6 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts, 1 3-in. R. F. field gun. Launched Oct., 1884.

*BALTIMORE—D., 4,413; speed, 20.096 knots; armament, 12 6-in. R. F. G.; 6 14-pdr., 6 3-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 4 Colt autos., 1 3-in. R. F. field gun, 1 machine. Launched Oct., 1888.

BOSTON—D., 3,035; speed, 15.6 knots; armament, 6 6-in., 2 8-in. B. L. R.; 6 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 1 3-in. field gun, 2 Colts. Launched Dec., 1884.

[4]CHARLESTON—D., 9,685; speed, 22 knots; armament, 14 6-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 18 3-in. R. F.; 12 3-pdr. semi-auto.; 4 1-pdr. auto., 8 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 3-in. R. F. field guns, 2 30-calibre machine, 8 30-calibre auto., 2 3-in. field. Building, Newport News Shipbuilding Company.

[4]CHATTANOOGA—D., 3,200; speed, 16.5 knots; armament. 10 5-in., 8 6-pdr. and 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 4 Colt autos., 1 3-in. field gun. Completing at New-York Navy Yard.

[4]CHICAGO—D., 5,000; speed, 18 knots; armament, 4 8-in. B. L. R., 14 5-in. R. F.; 9 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts; 1 3-in. R. F. field gun. Launched Dec., 1885.

[4]CINCINNATI—D., 3,213; speed, 19 knots; armament. 11 5-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 8 6-pdr., 2 6-pdr., 1 3-in. R. F. field gun; 2 Colts. Launched Nov., 1892.

[4]CLEVELAND—Same as Chattanooga. Launched Sept., 1901.

[3]COLUMBIA—D., 7,375; speed, 22.8 knots; armament, 1 8-in. B. L. R.; 2 6-in., 8 4-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 12 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts; 1 3-in. R. F. field gun; 4 T. Launched July, 1892.

[4]DENVER—Same as Chattanooga. Launched June, 1902.

[4]DES MOINES—Same as Chattanooga. Launched Sept., 1902.

[4]GALVESTON—Same as Chattanooga. Completing at Norfolk Navy Yard.

MILWAUKEE—Same as Charleston. Building, Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

[3]MINNEAPOLIS—Same as Columbia; 4 T. Launched Aug., 1893.

[4]NEWARK—D., 4,098; speed, 19 knots; armament, 12 6-in. R. F.; 6 14-pdr., 6 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 4 Colts; 1 3-in. field gun. Launched March, 1890.

[4]NEW-ORLEANS—D., 3,769; speed, 20 knots; armament, same as Albany. Launched Dec., 1896.

[4]OLYMPIA—D., 5,870; speed, 21.686 knots; armament, 4 8-in. B. L. R.; 10 5-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 14 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 3 Gatlings. 1 Colt. Launched Nov., 1892.

[4]PHILADELPHIA—D., 4,410; speed, 19.678 knots; armament, 12 6-in. R. F.; 4 6-pdr., 4 3-pdr., 5 1-pdr.; 4 Colts, 1 3-in. R. F. field gun. Launched Sept., 1899.

[4]RALEIGH—D., 2,210; speed, 19 knots; armament, 11 5-in. R. F.; 8 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts, 1 3-in. field gun. Launched March, 1892.

[4]SAN FRANCISCO—D., 4,868; speed, 19.525 knots; armament, 12 6-in. B. L. R.; 10 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr., 2 Colts. Launched Oct., 1889.

[4]ST. LOUIS—D., 9,700; speed, 22 knots; armament, same as Charleston. Building, Neafie & Levy, Philadelphia.

[4]TACOMA—D., 3,215; speed, 16.5 knots; armament, same as Chattanooga. Launched June, 1903.

UNPROTECTED STEEL CRUISERS.

[4]DETROIT—D., 2,103; speed, 18.71 knots; armament, 10 5-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 6 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts; 1 3-in. R. F. field gun. Launched Oct., 1891.

[4]MARBLEHEAD—D., 2,089; speed, 18.44 knots; armament, 10 5-in. R. F.; 6 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts; 1 3-in. field gun. Launched Aug., 1892.

[4]MONTGOMERY—D., 2,089; speed, 19.05 knots; armament, 10 5-in. R. F.; 6 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched Dec., 1891.

UNARMORED STEEL GUNBOATS.

[4]BANCROFT—D., 839; speed, 14.37 knots; armament, 4 4-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 8 3-pdr., 1 1-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt. Launched April, 1892.

[4]BENNINGTON—D., 1,710; speed, 17.5 knots; armament, 6 6-in. B. L. R.; 4 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt auto. Launched June, 1890.

[4]CASTINE—D., 1,177; speed, 16 032 krots; armament, 8 4-in. R. F.; 4 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt auto. Launched May, 1892.

[4]CONCORD—D., 1,710; speed, 16.8 knots; armament, 6 6-in. B. L. R.; 2 6-pdr., 2 3-pdr. R. F.; 2 37-mm. H. R. C.; 2 .30-calibre Colts. Launched March, 1896.

[5]DON JUAN DE AUSTRIA—D., 1,130; speed, 14 knots; armament, 4 5-in. R. F. G.; 4 6-pdr. R. F., 4 Colts. Launched 1887.

[5]GENERAL ALAVA—D., 1,115; speed, 10.5 knots; armament, 2 6-pdr., 2 3-pdr., 1 Colt auto.

[5]ISLA DE CUBA—D., 1,125; speed, 16 knots; armament, 4 4-in. R. F. G.; 4 6-pdr. R. F.; 4 Colts.

[5]ISLA DE LUZON—Same as the Isla de Cuba.

[4]MACHIAS—D., 1,177; speed, 15.46 knots; armament, 8 4-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 4 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched Dec., 1891.

PETREL—D., 892; speed, 11.79 knots; armament, 4 6-in. B. L. R.; 2 3-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts auto. Launched Oct., 1888.

TOPEKA—D., 2,300; speed, 16 knots; armament, 6 4-in. R. F.; 6 3-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt. Purchased. Launched 1881.

[4]YORKTOWN—D., 1,710; speed, 16.14 knots; armament. 6 6-in. B. L. R.; 2 6-pdr., 2 3-pdr. and 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched April, 1888.

No. 16—Authorized by act of May 4, 1898, but never designed.

LIGHT DRAUGHT GUNBOATS.

[4]HELENA—D., 1,397; speed, 15.5 knots; armament, 8 4-in., 4 6-pdr. R. F., 4 1-pdr. R. F., 2 Colts, 1 3-in. field gun. Launched Jan., 1896.

[4]NASHVILLE—D., 1,371; speed, 16.30 knots; armament, 8 4-in., 4 6-pdr. R. F.; 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched Oct., 1895.

[4]WILMINGTON—D., 1,397; speed. 15.08 knots; armament, 8 4-in. R. F. G.; 4 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 4 Colts. Launched Oct., 1895.

UNARMORED COMPOSITE GUNBOATS.

[4]ANNAPOLIS—D., 1,060; speed, 13.17 knots; armament. 6 4-in., 4 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt. Launched Dec., 1896.

DUBUQUE—D., 1,085; speed, 12 knots; armament, 6 4-in. R. F. G.; 4 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Building, Seabury Company, Consolidated, Morris Heights, New-York.

[4]MARIETTA—D., 1,000; speed, 13.02 knots; armament, same as Annapolis. Launched March, 1897.

[4]NEWPORT—D., 1,000; speed, 12.29 knots; armament, same as Annapolis. Launched Dec., 1896.

PADUCAH—D., 1,085; speed, 12 knots; armament, same as Dubuque. Building, Seabury Company, Morris Heights.

*PRINCETON—D., 1,000; speed, 12 knots; armament, same as Annapolis. Launched June, 1897.

*VICKSBURG—D., 1,000; speed, 12.71 knots; armament, same as Annapolis. Launched Dec., 1896.

*WHEELING—D., 1,000; speed, 12.88 knots; armament, same as Annapolis. Launched March, 1897.

UNARMORED VESSELS—Special Class.

DOLPHIN—Dispatch boat; D., 1,486; speed, 15.5 knots; armament, 2 4-in. R. F. B. L. R.; 1 6-pdr., 6 3-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched April, 1884.

*VESUVIUS—Dynamite cruiser; D., 929; speed, 21.42 knots; armament, 3 15-in. dynamite; 3 3-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched April, 1888.

CHESAPEAKE—Training ship (sailing); D., 1,175; armament, 6 4-in., 4 6-pdr. and 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Launched June, 1899.

CUMBERLAND—Steel training ship (sailing); D., 1,800; armament, same as Chesapeake. Building, Boston Navy Yard.

INTREPID—Training ship (sailing); same as Cumberland. Building, Mare Island Navy Yard.

BOXER—Wooden training ship (sailing); D., 345; no armament. Building, Portsmouth Navy Yard.

TORPEDO-BOAT DESTROYERS.

*BAINBRIDGE—D., 420; speed, 28.45 knots; armament, 2 long 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes; 2 3-in. R. F.; 5 6-pdr. R. F. Launched Aug., 1901.

*BARRY—D., 420; speed, 28.12 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched March, 1902.

*CHAUNCEY—D., 420; speed, 28.64 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched Oct., 1901.

*DALE—D., 420; speed, 28.10 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched July, 1900.

*DECATUR—Same as Dale. Launched Sept., 1900.

*HOPKINS—D., 405; speed, 29.02 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched April, 1902.

*HULL—D., 408; speed, 28.03 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched June, 1902.

*LAWRENCE—D., 446; speed, 28.40 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched Nov., 1900.

*MACDONOUGH—D., 430; speed, 28.03 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched Dec., 1900.

*PAUL JONES—D., 480; speed, 28.91 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched June, 1902.

*PERRY—D., 480; speed, 28.32 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched Oct., 1900.

*PREBLE—D., 480; speed, 28.03 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched March, 1901.

*STEWART—D., 420; speed, 29.69 knots; armament, same as Bainbridge. Launched May, 1902.

*TRUXTUN—D., 433; speed, 29.58 knots; armament, 2 3-in. R. F. and 6 6-pdr.; 2 long 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched Aug., 1901.

*WHIPPLE—D., 433; speed, 28.52 knots; armament, same as Truxtun. Launched Aug., 1901.

*WORDEN—D., 433; speed, 29.86 knots; armament, same as Truxtun. Launched Aug., 1901.

TORPEDO BOATS (all Twin Screws).

BAGLEY—D., 175; speed, 29.15 knots; armament, 3 1-pdr. R. F.; 3 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched Sept., 1900.

BAILEY—D., 280; speed, 30.198 knots; armament, 4 6-pdr. R. F.; 2 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched Dec., 1899.

BARNEY—D., 175; speed, 29.04 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched July 1, 1900.

BIDDLE—D., 175; speed, 28.57 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched May, 1901.

BLAKELEY—D., 196; speed, 26 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Nov., 1900.

CUSHING—D., 105; speed, 22.5 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Jan., 1890.

DAHLGREN—D., 146.4; speed, 30 knots; armament, 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched May, 1898.

DAVIS—D., 154; speed, 23.41 knots; armament, 3 1-pdr. R. F.; 3 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched June, 1898.

DE LONG—D., 190; speed, 25.52 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Nov., 1900.

DU PONT—D., 165; speed, 28.58 knots; armament, 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 3 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched March, 1897.

ERICSSON—D., 120; speed, 24 knots; armament, 4 1-pdr. R. F.; 3 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched May, 1894.

FARRAGUT—D., 279; speed, 30.13 knots; armament, same as Bailey. Launched July, 1898.

FOOTE—D., 142; speed, 24.534 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Oct., 1896.

FOX—D., 154; speed, 23.13 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched July, 1898.

GOLDSBOROUGH—D., 255; speed, 30 knots; armament, same as Bailey. Launched July, 1899.

GWIN—D., 45.78; speed, 20.88 knots; armament, 1 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched Nov., 1897.

MACKENZIE—D., 65; speed, 20.11 knots; armament, same as Gwin. Launched Feb., 1898.

M'KEE—D. 65; speed, 19.82 knots; armament, 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched March, 1898.

MANLEY—Yarrow boat; purchased 1898.

MORRIS—D., 104.75; speed, 24 knots; armament, same as Du Pont. Launched April, 1898.

NICHOLSON—D., 218.47; speed, 25.75 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Sept., 1901.

O'BRIEN—D., 219.61; speed, 25 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Sept., 1900.

PORTER—D., 165; speed, 28.630 knots; armament, same as Du Pont. Launched Sept., 1896.

RODGERS—D., 142; speed, 24.49 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Nov., 1896.

ROWAN—D., 210; speed, 27.074 knots; armament, same as Du Pont. Launched April, 1898.

SHUBRICK—D., 200; speed, 26.07 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Oct., 1899.

SOMERS—D., 150; speed, 17.5 knots; armament, 4 1-pdr. R. F., 2 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes, 1 submerged bow tube. Purchased in 1898.

STOCKTON—D., 200; speed, 26.03 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Dec., 1899.

STRINGHAM—D., 340; speed, 30 knots; armament, 4 6-pdr. R. F.; 2 18-in. Whitehead torpedo tubes. Launched June, 1899.

TALBOT—D., 46½; speed, 21.15 knots; armament, same as Gwin. Launched Nov., 1897.

T. A. M. CRAVEN—D., 146.4; speed, 30 knots; armament, same as Dahlgren. Launched Sept., 1899.

THORNTON—D., 200; speed, 27.57 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched May, 1899.

TINGEY—D., 165; speed, 28 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched March, 1901.

WILKES—D., 165; speed, 25.99 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Sept., 1901.

WINSLOW—D., 142; speed, 24.82 knots; armament, same as Bagley. Launched Jan., 1897.

STILETTO (Single Screw)—D., 31; speed, 18.22 knots; wooden vessel; 2 Howell torpedoes.

SUBMARINE BOATS.

ADDER—D., 122.55; speed, 7.8 knots; 1 T. Launched July, 1901.

GRAMPUS—D., 125; speed, 7.6 knots; 1 T. Launched July, 1902.

HOLLAND—D., 74; speed, 8 knots; 1 T. Purchased April, 1900.

MOCCASIN—D., 122.55; speed, 7.24 knots; 1 T. Launched May, 1901.

PIKE—D., 125; speed, 7.44 knots; 1 T. Launched May, 1901.

PLUNGER—D., 122.55; speed, 7.25 knots; 1 T. Launched Oct., 1901.

PORPOISE—D., 122.55; speed, 7.12 knots; 1 T. Launched June 1901.

SHARK—D., 122.55; speed, 7.28 knots; 1 T. Launched July, 1901.

IRON AND WOODEN STEAM VESSELS.

ADAMS—Wooden; D., 1,400; speed, 9.8 knots; armament, 6 4-in., 2 6-pdr. and 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Built 1874–'76.

ALERT—Iron; D., 1,110; speed, 10 knots; armament, 6 4-in. and 4 6-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt. Built 1873–'75.

ENTERPRISE — Wooden; D., 1,375; speed, 11.4 knots; no armament. Nautical schoolship of Massachusetts. Built 1873–1876.

ESSEX—Wooden; D., 1,375; speed, 10.4 knots; armament, 6 4-in., 4 6-pdr. and 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Colts. Training ship. Built 1874–'76.

FERN—Wooden; D., 840; speed, 9 knots; no armament; Naval Militia duty, District of Columbia. Built 1871.

FRANKLIN—Wooden; D., 5,170; speed, 9 knots; armament, 2 8-pdr.; receiving ship Norfolk Navy Yard. Built 1855; rebuilt 1865.

HARTFORD—Wooden; D., 2,790; speed, 12 knots; armament, 13 5-in., 4 1-pdr. and 4 6-pdr. R. F.; 1 3-in. field and 2 Colts. Built 1858; rebuilt 1898.

IROQUOIS—Wooden; D., 1,575; 10.7 knots; Marine Hospital Service. Built 1858.

LANCASTER—Wooden; D., 3,250; speed, 9.6 knots; armament, 10 5-in. R. F.; 6 6-pdr. and 2 1-pdr. R. F.; receiving ship, League Island Navy Yard. Built 1858.

MARION—Wooden; D., 1,900; speed, 11¼ knots; no armament; Naval Militia duty, California. Built 1871–'75.

MICHIGAN—Iron; D., 685; speed, 10.5 knots; armament, 6 6-pdr. R. F.; 2 1-pdr. R. F.; 2 Gatlings. Built 1844.

MOHICAN—Wooden; D., 1,900; speed, 10.65 knots; armament, 6 4-in. R. F.; 4 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr., 2 Colts; apprentice training ship. Built 1872; rebuilt, 1883.

NIPSIC—Wooden; D., 1,375; speed, 10.7 knots. Station ship at Puget Sound Naval Station. Built 1873–'79.

OMAHA—Wooden; D., 2,400; speed, 11.3 knots. Marine Hospital Service. Built 1867–'69.

PINTA—Iron; D., 550; speed, 8.5 knots; no armament; Naval Militia duty, California. Built 1865.

PENSACOLA—Wooden; D., 3,000; speed, 9 knots; armament, 1 4-in. R. F.; 1 6-pdr., 1 3-pdr., 2 1-pdr., 1 3-in. field gun, 1 Colt; training ship, Yerba Buena Island, San Francisco. Built 1858.

RANGER—Iron; D., 1,261; speed, 10 knots; armament, 6 4-in. R. F.; 4 6-pdr. R. F.; 1 Colt. Built 1873–'76.

REINA MERCEDES—D., 2,835; no armament; receiving ship, Portsmouth Navy Yard. Captured from Spain.

RICHMOND—Wooden; D., 2,700; speed, 9.5 knots; armament, 2 6-pdr. R. F.; receiving ship, Norfolk Navy Yard. Built 1858.

WABASH—Wooden; D., 4,650; speed, 9.15 knots; no armament; receiving ship, Boston. Built 1854.

YANTIC—Wooden; D., 900; speed, 8.3 knots. Naval Militia ship, Michigan. Built 1864.

WOODEN SAILING SHIPS.

ALLIANCE—Training ship; D., 1,3[illegible] armament, 6 4-in. R. F.; 4 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr. and 2 Colts. Built 1873.

CONSTELLATION—Training ship, Newport; D., 1,970; armament, 6 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr., 2 3-in. field guns, 2 Colts. Built 1854.

CONSTITUTION—D., 2,200; no armament; Boston Navy Yard. Built 1797.

DALE—D., 675; no armament; Naval Militia service, Maryland. Built 1[illegible].

INDEPENDENCE—D., 3,270; armament, 2 6-pdrs.; receiving ship, Mare Island Navy Yard. Built 1837.

JAMESTOWN—Quarantine ship; D., 1,150. Built 1845.

MONONGAHELA—Training Squadron; D., 2,100; armament, 6 4-in. R. F., 4 6-pdr., 1 3-in. field gun, 2 Colts. Built 1862, as steam vessel.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE—D., 4,150; no armament; Naval Militia service, New-York. Built 1818.

PORTSMOUTH—D., 1,125; no armament; Naval Militia service, New-Jersey. Built 1843.

ST. LOUIS—D., 830; no armament; Naval Militia service, Penn. Built 1828.

ST. MARY'S—D., 1,025; no armament; nautical schoolship, New-York. Built 1844.

SARATOGA—D., 1,025; no armament; nautical schoolship, Philadelphia. Built 1842.

AUXILIARY CRUISERS.

BUFFALO (steel)—D., 6,000; speed, 14.5 knots; armament, 2 5-in., 4 4-in. R. F., 6 6-pdr., 2 Colts. Purchased 1898.

DIXIE (steel)—D., 6,114; speed, 16 knots; armament, 8 5-in. R. F., 4 6-pdr., 4 1-pdr., 1 3-in. field gun, 2 Colts. Purchased 1898.

PANTHER (iron)—D., 5,380; speed, 13 knots; armament, 6 5-in., 2 4-in. R. F., 6 3-pdr., 1 3-in. field gun, 1 Colt. Purchased 1898.

PRAIRIE (iron)—D., 6,620; speed, 14.5 knots; armament, 8 6-in. R. F., 6 6-pdr., 4 3-pdr., 4 1-pdr., 2 Colts. Purchased 1898.

YANKEE (iron)—D., 6,225; speed, 12.5 knots; armament, 8 5-in. R. F., 6 6-pdr., 2 1-pdr., 2 Colts. Purchased 1898.

In addition to the above there are 41 tugboats, 21 gunboats under 500 tons, captured during the war with Spain, and the following purchased during the war with Spain for the "Auxiliary Navy": 23 yachts, 16 colliers and 14 special class.

SUMMARY OF VESSELS IN UNITED STATES NAVY, FIT FOR SERVICE OR UNDER REPAIR.

First class battleships	10
Second class battleship	1
Armored cruisers	2
Armored ram	1
Single turret harbor defence monitors	4
Double turret monitors	6
Protected cruisers	14
Unprotected cruisers	3
Gunboats	12
Light draught gunboats	3
Composite gunboats	6
Training ship (Naval Academy), sheathed	1
Special class (Dolphin-Vesuvius)	2
Gunboats under 500 tons	21
Torpedo-boat destroyers	16
Steel torpedo boats	29
Submarine torpedo boats	8
Wooden torpedo boat	1
Iron cruising vessels, steam	5
Wooden cruising vessels, steam	6
Wooden sailing vessels	4
Tugs	39
Auxiliary cruisers	5
Converted yachts	23
Colliers	16
Supply ships and hospital ships	14
Total	252

Under Construction or Authorized.

First class battleships	14
Armored cruisers	8
Protected cruisers	9
Gunboat for Great Lakes (not begun)	1
Composite gunboats	2
Steel torpedo boats	6
Training ships	2
Training brig	1
Tugs	2
Total	45

Unfit for Sea Service.

Iron single-turret monitors	5
Wooden cruising vessels, steam	10
Wooden sailing vessels	8
Total	23
Grand total	320

UNITED STATES REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

(Under the Treasury Department.)

ROBERT B. ARMSTRONG, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury having supervision.
Captain CHAS. F. SHOEMAKER, chief Division Revenue Cutter Service..Mar. 19, 95
JOHN W. COLLINS, captain of engineers.....July 26, 97

PRINCIPAL LINE OFFICERS AND ENGINEERS.

Captains.

Abbey, Chas. A..Apr. 26, 72
Glover, Russell ..Mar. 25, 78
Healy, Michael A.Mar. 3, 83
Moore, Jas. B....Mar. 2, 85
Munger, Fred. M.Aug. 9, 87
Tozier, Dorr F..Sept. 22, 87
Slamm, J. A.....Nov. 14, 87
Coulson, W. C...July 25, 88
Smith, Horatio D.Jan. 31, 91
Shoemaker, C. F.Mar. 18, 93
Hamlet, Oscar C.Apr. 15, 95
Dennett, John....Apr. 18, 95
Kilgore, Wm. F..May 3, 95
Roberts, Wm. H.May 27, 95
Hall, David A...May 27, 95
Tuttle, Francis...May 27, 95
Walker, Thos. D.Aug. 16, 95
Maguire, S. E....May 8, 96
Rogers, Henry B.Nov. 9, 96
Howison, J. W..Mar. 18, 99
Willey, Owen S..Apr. 18, 99
McConnell, G. E..Aug. 5, 99
De Hart, Wm. C.May 21, 00
Failing, W. A....May 21, 00
Butt, James B....Oct. 8, 01
Newcomb, F. H..Apr. 20, 02
Chaytor, E. C.....May 1, 02
McLellan, C. H..Apr. 26, 02
Cushing, Wm. H.May 21, 02
Wadsworth, F. G. F. May 21, 02
Howland, W. S...May 21, 02
Hanks, A. P. R..May 21, 02
Wild, John F...Aug. 1, 02
Fengar, Chas. C.Aug. 14, 02
Ross, Worth G..Sept. 29, 02
Myrick, Orin D..Oct. 23, 02
Reynolds, W. E..Feb. 13, 03

Chief Engineers.

Jefferis, J. E.....June 6, 66
Doyle, James A...June 6, 66
Whitaker, F.W.H.June 6, 66
Dally, John R...Jan. 19, 76
Kelley, Daniel F.Mar. 25, 78
Severns, Jos. A..July 22, 78
Schwartz, E. G..Apr. 18, 95
Barrows, H. C...May 27, 95
Blakemore, W. F.May 27, 95
Whitworth, H. C.July 5, 95
Coffin, Chas. C....July 5, 95
French, D. McC...June 6, 95
Munroe, Chas. W..June 6, 95
Owen, Fred'k E...June 6, 95
Foote, Chas. H....Feb. 1, 96
Perdick, Willits....Apr. 8, 96
Webber, E. P.....Mar. 25, 98
Chalker, James H.May 11, 98
Howison, A. J....Aug. 26, 98
Jack, Eugenious A.Aug. 26, 98
Cutchin, N. E....Aug. 28, 98
Nash, Chas. F....Aug. 26, 98
Boyd, Harry L...Aug. 26, 98
Spear, Herbert W.Aug. 26, 98
Bowen, Denis F..Apr. 18, 99
Falkenstein, F. R.July 27, 00
Coyle, John B....July 25, 01
Butler, Harry U..Sept. 25, 01
Slayton, Henry O.Apr. 26, 02
Maher, Geo. B....May 2, 02
Dorry, J. Edward.June 10, 02
McAllister, C. A...June 7, 02
Zastrow, Chas. W.Aug. 1, 02
Jones, Levin T...Aug. 19, 02
Maccoun, Wm. E.Dec. 23, 02

The revenue cutter fleet includes eleven first rate, sixteen second rate and eleven third rate vessels. In the first rate class are the Manning and the Gresham, 724 tons; the Algonquin and the Onondaga, 736; the Windom, 398; the McCulloch, 869; the Bear, 703; the Thetis, 723; the Seminole, 528; the Tuscarora, 620, and the Mohawk, 885, nearing completion. Another cutter, No. 12, has been authorized. The Manning and the McCulloch carry nine guns each; the others from one to five guns. These vessels can be converted to military use, and were so converted during the Spanish war.

UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.

Situated at Annapolis, Md.

SUPERINTENDENT, CAPTAIN WILLARD H. BROWNSON, U. S. N.

Nomination.—The students of the Naval Academy are styled midshipmen. Two midshipmen are allowed for each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress, two for the District of Columbia, and five each year from the United States at large. The appointments from the District of Columbia and five each year at large are made by the President. One midshipman is allowed from Porto Rico, who must be a native of that island. The appointment is made by the President, on the recommendation of the Governor of Porto Rico.

The Congressional appointments are equitably distributed, so that in regular course each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress may appoint one midshipman during each Congress. After June 30, 1913, each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress will be allowed to appoint only one midshipman instead of two.

The course for midshipmen is six years—four years at the academy, when the succeeding appointment is made, and two years at sea, at the expiration of which time the examination for final graduation takes place. Midshipmen who pass the examination for final graduation are appointed to fill vacancies in the lower grades of the line of the navy and of the Marine Corps, in the order of merit as determined by the Academic Board of the Naval Academy.

The Naval Appropriation act of March 4, 1903, prescribed this method of nominations: "The Secretary of the Navy shall as soon as practicable after the fifth day of March in each year notify in writing each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress of any vacancy which may be regarded as existing in the State, district or Territory which he represents, and the nomination of a candidate to fill such vacancy shall be made upon the recommendation of the Senator, Representative or Delegate. Such recommendation shall be made by the first day of June of that year, and if not so made the Secretary of the Navy shall fill the vacancy by the appointment of an actual resident of the State, district or Territory in which the vacancy exists, who shall have been for at least two years immediately preceding his appointment an actual bona fide resident of the State, district or Territory in which the vacancy exists and shall have the qualifications otherwise prescribed by law.

"And provided further, that the Superintendent of the Naval Academy shall make such rules, to be approved by the Secretary of the Navy, as will effectually prevent the practice of hazing; and any cadet found guilty of participating in or encouraging or countenancing such practice shall be summarily expelled from the academy, and shall not thereafter be reappointed to the corps of cadets or be eligible for appointment as a commissioned officer in the army or navy or Marine Corps until two years after the graduation of the class of which he was a member."

Candidates allowed for Congressional districts, for Territories and for the District of Columbia must be actual residents of the districts or Territories, respectively, from which they are nominated. All candidates must, at the time of their examination for admission, be between sixteen and twenty years old.

Entrance Examinations.—From 1903 on the following examinations for admission will be held:

1. The general examination, to be held on the third Tuesday in April, under the supervision of the Civil Service Commission, at points named by the Commission.
2. A second examination to be held at Washington, D. C., only, on the second Tuesday in May, under the supervisior of the Civil Service Commission.
3. A third examination will be held at Annapolis, Md., only, on the third Tuesday in June, under the supervision of the Superintendent of the Naval Academy.

Candidates are examined mentally only at the examinations held under the supervision of the Civil Service Commission. All those qualifying mentally who are entitled to appointment in order of nomination will be notified by the Superintendent of the Academy when to report at the Academy for physical examination, and if physically qualified will be appointed. Should any special examination be authorized by the Secretary, other than above, it will be immediately after the third Tuesday in June.

Under the law, candidates failing to pass the entrance examination will not be allowed another examination for admission to the same class unless recommended for re-examination by the Board of Examiners. The Civil Service Commission only conducts the examination of candidates whose names have been furnished by the Navy Department. All correspondence relative to the nomination and examination of candidates should be addressed to the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department. Candidates will be examined physically at the Naval Academy by a board composed of three medical officers of the navy. To be accepted applicants must be free from infectious or moral disorder and, generally, from any deformity, disease or infirmity. No one will be admitted manifestly under size for his age Five feet is the minimum height prescribed for acceptance. When any candidate who has been nominated upon the recommendation of a Senator, Member or Delegate of the House of Representatives is found, upon examination, to be physically or mentally disqualified for admission, the Senator, Member or Delegate shall be notified to recommend another candidate, who shall be examined according to the provisions of the preceding section.

Candidates are required to enter the academy immediately after passing the prescribed examinations. No leave of absence is granted midshipmen of the fourth class. Each midshipman must sign articles binding himself to serve in the U. S. Navy eight years (including his time of probation at the Naval Academy), unless sooner discharged.

The pay of a midshipman is $500 a year beginning on admission.

Graduate Appointments.—Appointments to fill all vacancies that may occur during a year in the lower grades of the line of the Navy and of the Marine Corps are

made from the midshipmen, graduates of the year, at the conclusion of their six years' course, in the order of merit as determined by the Academic Board. At least fifteen appointments from such graduates will be made each year. To surplus graduates who do not receive such appointments will be given a certificate of graduation, an honorable discharge and one year's sea pay, as provided for midshipmen.

NAVAL PAY TABLE.

Section 18 of the Navy Personnel bill, which became a law on March 3, 1899, provided that "after June 30, 1899, commissioned officers of the line of the Navy and of the Medical and Pay Corps shall receive the same pay and allowances, except forage, as are or may be provided by or in pursuance of law for officers of corresponding rank in the Army: Provided, that such officers when on shore duty shall receive the allowances, but 15 per centum less pay than when on sea duty; but this provision shall not apply to warrant officers commissioned under Section 12 of this act. Provided further, that when naval officers are detailed for shore duty beyond seas they shall receive the same pay and allowances as are or may be provided by or in pursuance of law for officers of the Army detailed for duty in similar places." The pay of officers of the Army of and below the rank of colonel is increased 10 per cent for each five years of service in the grade, until the increase amounts to 40 per cent of the original pay, when no further increase may be made. The pay of a retired officer is 75 per cent of the highest pay of his grade on the active list.

The relative rank between officers of the Navy (whether on the active or retired list) and officers of the Army is as follows: Admiral with general, rear admiral with major general and brigadier general, captain with colonel, commander with lieutenant colonel, lieutenant commander with major, lieutenant with captain, lieutenant of junior grade with first lieutenant, ensign with second lieutenant. The following is the pay table:

	Sea duty or shore duty beyond sea.	On shore.		Sea duty or shore duty beyond sea.	On shore.
*NAVY (LINE).			Chief boatswains, gunners, carpenters, sailmakers	$1,400	$1,400
Admiral	$13,500	$13,500	Cadets	950	500
Rear Admirals:			MARINE CORPS.		
First nine	7,500	6,875	Brigadier General	——	5,500
Second nine	5,500	4,675	Colonels	3,500	3,500
Chiefs of Bureau	——	5,500	Lieutenant Colonels	3,000	3,000
Captains	3,500	2,975	Majors	2,500	2,500
Commanders	3,000	2,550	Captains (line)	1,800	1,800
Judge Advocate Gen'l.	——	3,500	Captains (staff)	2,000	2,000
Lieut. Commanders	2,500	2,125	First lieutenants	1,500	1,500
Lieutenants	1,800	1,530	Second lieutenants	1,400	1,400
Lieuts. (junior grade)	1,500	1,275	Leader of band	1,500	1,500
Ensigns	1,400	1,190			

*Officers of the Pay and Medical Corps receive the same pay as other officers with whom they rank.

NAVY (STAFF).

Chaplains.—First five years, at sea, $2,500; shore duty, $2,000; leave or waiting orders, $1,600. Second five years, $2,800, $2,300, $1,900.

Professors of Mathematics.—First five years, at sea or shore duty, $2,400; leave or waiting orders, $1,500. Second five years, $2,700, $2,700, $1,800. Third five years, $3,000, $3,000, $2,100. Fourth five years and thereafter, $3,500, $3,500, $2,600.

Civil Engineers.—Same as professors of mathematics.

Naval Constructors.—First five years, on duty, $3,200; on leave or waiting orders, $2,200. Second five years, $3,400, $2,400. Third five years, $3,700, $2,700. Fourth five years, $4,000, $3,000. After twenty years, $4,200, $3,200.

Assistant Naval Constructors.—First four years, $2,000.

Warrant Officers (boatswains, carpenters, gunners, sailmakers and machinists).—First three years, at sea, $1,200; shore duty, $900; leave or waiting orders, $700. Second three years, $1,300, $1,000, $800. Third three years, $1,400, $1,300, $900. Fourth three years, $1,600, $1,300, $1,000. After twelve years, $1,800, $1,600, $1,200.

Mates (in service August 1, 1894).—At sea, $1,200; shore duty, $900; leave or waiting orders, $700. (Appointed since August 1, 1894.) At sea, $900; shore duty, $700; leave or waiting orders, $500.

TROOPS IN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Wars.	Years.	Total troops.	Wars.	Years.	Total troops.
Revolution	1775–1783	395,330	Cherokee troubles	1836–1837	3,926
Northwest Indians	1790–1795	8,983	Florida Indians	1835–1843	29,253
With France (naval)	1798–1800	4,593	Aroostook troubles	1838–1839	1,500
With Tripoli (naval)	1801–1805	3,330	Mexican	1846–1848	108,475
Creek Indians	1813–1814	13,781	Apache, Navajo & Utah	1849–1855	2,561
War of 1812	1812–1815	528,274	Seminole Indians	1856–1858	3,687
Seminole Indians	1817–1818	5,911	Civil War	1861–1865	2,778,304
Black Hawk Indians	1831–1832	5,031	Spanish War	1898	298,913
Creek Indians	1836–1837	12,483			

THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

UNITED STATES EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS.

AMBASSADORS.

Country.	Residence.	Name.	App'd from.	Sal'ry.	Date of app't
Austria	Vienna	Bellamy Storer	Ohio	$12,000	1902
France	Paris	Horace Porter	N. Y.	17,500	1897
Germany	Berlin	Charlemagne Tower	Penn	17,500	1902
Great Britain	London	Joseph H. Choate	N. Y.	17,500	1899
Italy	Rome	George von L. Meyer	Mass	12,000	1900
Mexico	City of Mexico.	Powell Clayton	Ark	17,500	1897
Russia	St. Petersburg.	Robert S. McCormick	Ill	17,500	1902

MINISTERS PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Argentine Republic	Buenos Ayres.	John Barrett	Ore	$10,000	1903
Belgium	Brussels	Lawrence Townsend	Penn	10,000	1899
Bolivia	La Paz	William B. Sorsby	Miss	7,500	1902
Brazil	Rio de Janeiro.	David E. Thompson	Neb	12,000	1902
Chili	Santiago	Henry L. Wilson	Wash	10,000	1897
China	Peking	Edwin H. Conger	Iowa	12,000	1898
Colombia	Bogota	Arthur M. Beaupré	Ill	10,000	1897
Costa Rica, Nicaragua & Salvador	San Jose	William L. Merry	Cal	10,000	1897
Cuba	Havana	Herbert G. Squiers	N. Y.	12,000	1902
Denmark	Copenhagen	Laurits S. Swenson	Minn	7,500	1897
Ecuador	Quito	Archibald J. Sampson	Ariz	7,500	1897
Greece, Rumania & Servia	Athens	John B. Jackson	N. J.	6,500	1903
Guatemala&Honduras	Guatemala	Leslie Combs	Ky	10,000	1902
Hayti and the Dominican Republic	Port-au-Prince.	William F. Powell	N. J.	7,500	1897
Japan	Tokio	Lloyd C. Griscom	Penn	12,000	1903
Korea	Seoul	Horace N. Allen	Ohio	7,500	1897
Netherl'ds, Luxemb'g.	The Hague	Stanford Newel	Minn	10,000	1897
Panama	Panama	William I. Buchanan	N. Y.		1903
Persia	Teheran	Richmond Pearson	N. C.	7,500	1903
Peru	Lima	Irving B. Dudley	Cal	10,000	1897
Portugal	Lisbon	Charles Page Bryan	Ill	7,500	1903
Siam	Bangkok	Hamilton King	Mich	7,500	1903
Spain	Madrid	Arthur S. Hardy	N. H.	12,000	1902
Sweden & Norway	Stockholm	W. W. Thomas, jr.	Me	7,500	1897
Switzerland	Berne	David J. Hill	N. Y.	7,500	1903
Turkey	Constantinople.	J. C. A. Leishman	Penn	10,000	1901
Uruguay & Paraguay	Montevideo	William R. Finch	Wis	7,500	1897
Venezuela	Caracas	Herbert W. Bowen	N. Y.	10,000	1901

MINISTER RESIDENT AND CONSUL GENERAL.

Liberia	Monrovia	Ernest Lyon	Md	$4,000	1903

DIPLOMATIC AGENTS.

Bulgaria	Sofia	John B. Jackson	N. J.	$5,000	1903
Egypt	Cairo	John W. Riddle	Minn	5,000	1903

SECRETARIES OF EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS.

Austria					
Secretary	Vienna	Chandler Hale	Me	$2,625	1902
Second secretary	Vienna	George B Rives	N. J.	2,000	1902
France:					
Secretary	Paris	Henry Vignaud	La	2,625	1885
Second secretary	Paris	A. B. Blanchard	La	2,625	1901
Third secretary	Paris	Lewis Einstein	N. Y.	1,200	1903
Germany:					
Secretary	Berlin	H. Percival Dodge	Mass	2,625	1902
Second secretary	Berlin	R. S. Reynolds Hitt	Ill	2,000	1902
Third secretary	Berlin	Charles Richardson	Mass	1,200	1902
Great Britain:					
Secretary	London	Henry White	Md	2,625	1897
Second secretary	London	John R. Carter	Md	2,000	1896
Third secretary	London	C. W. Wadsworth	N. Y.	1,200	1902
Italy:					
Secretary	Rome	Lewis M. Iddings	N. Y.	2,625	1898
Second secretary	Rome	Leonard M. Thomas	Penn	2,000	1902
Mexico:					
Secretary	Mexico	Fenton R. McCreery	Mich	2,625	1897
Second secretary	Mexico	William Heimke	N. Y.	2,000	1897
Third secretary	Mexico	Philip M. Hoefele	Mo	1,200	1900

SECRETARIES OF EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS—(Continued).

Country.	Residence.	Name.	App'd from.	Sal'ry.	Date of app't
Russia:					
Secretary	St. Petersburg	Spencer Eddy	Ill	$2,625	1903
Second secretary	St. Petersburg	Montgomery Schuyler, jr	N. Y.	2,000	1902
Argentine Republic	Buenos Ayres	Edward W. Ames	Mass	1,800	1902
Belgium	Brussels	Stanton Sickles	N. Y.	1,800	1903
Brazil	Rio de Janeiro	Thomas C. Dawson	Iowa	1,800	1897
Chili	Santiago	Norman Hutchinson	Cal	1,800	1902
China:					
Secretary	Peking	John G. Coolidge	Mass	2,625	1902
Second secretary	Peking	Henry P. Fletcher	Penn	1,800	1903
[2]Colombia	Bogota	Alban G. Snyder	W. Va.	2,000	1903
Costa Rica, Nicaragua & Salvador	San Jose	James G. Bailey	Ky	1,800	1903
Cuba:					
Secretary	Havana	Jacob Sleeper	Mass	2,000	1902
Second secretary	Havana	George L. Lorillard	R. I.	1,500	1903
Greece, Rumania and Servia	Athens	Charles S. Wilson	Me	1,800	1901
Guatemala & Honduras	Guatemala	Philip M. Brown	Mass	1,800	1903
Japan:					
Secretary	Tokio	Huntington Wilson	Ill	2,625	1900
Second secretary	Tokio	John M. Ferguson	Penn	1,800	1901
Korea	Seoul	Gordon Paddock	N. Y.	1,500	1901
The Netherlands	The Hague	John W. Garrett	Md	1,800	1901
Peru	Lima	Richard R. Neill	Penn	1,800	1884
[2]Siam	Bangkok	Paul Nash	N. Y.	1,800	1903
Spain	Madrid	Robert M. Winthrop	Mass	1,800	1903
[2]Sweden & Norway	Stockholm	E. L. Adams	N. Y.	1,500	1902
Switzerland	Berne	Roger S. G. Boutell	Ill	1,500	1903
Turkey:					
Secretary	Constantinople	Peter A. Jay	R. I.	1,800	1903
Second secretary	Constantinople	Ulysses Grant Smith	Penn	1,600	1903
Venezuela	Caracas	W. W. Russell	Md	1,800	1895
Liberia	Monrovia	George W. Ellis	Kan	1,500	1902

[1]Also Envoy Extraordinary to Greece, Rumania and Servia. [2]Also Consul General.

MILITARY AND NAVAL ATTACHES.

The following Army and Navy officers are detailed as attaches to Embassies and Legations: Great Britain—Captain Charles H. Stockton, U. S. N., and Major John H. Beacom, U. S. A. Germany—Lieut. Com. Templin M. Potts U. S. N., and Captain Wm. S. Biddle, jr., U. S. A. France—Lieut. Com. Roy Campbell Smith, U. S. N., and Captain T. Bentley Mott, U. S. A. Russia—Lieut. Com. Roy Campbell Smith. Austria-Hungary—Lieut. Com. Templin M. Potts, U. S. N., and Captain Floyd W. Harris, U. S. A. Italy—Lieut. Com. Templin M. Potts, U. S. N. China—Lieut. Com. Charles C. Marsh, U. S. N., and Captain André W. Brewster, U. S. A. Cuba—Lieut. Matthew E. Hanna, U. S. A. Japan—Lieut. Com. Charles C. Marsh, U. S. N., and Major Oliver E. Wood, U. S. A. Corea—Captain André W. Brewster, U. S. A. Venezuela—Lieut. Marbury Johnson, U. S. N.

*DIPLOMATS ACCREDITED TO THE UNITED STATES.

EMBASSIES.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.—Ambassador E. and P., Ladislaus Hengelmüller von Hengervar, P. C.; Counsellor of Embassy, Baron Karl von Giskra; Attachés, Ivan von Rubido-Zichy, Count Frederick Hoyos. Embassy, 1,307 Connecticut-ave.

FRANCE.—Ambassador E. and P., J. J. Jusserand; First Secretary and Counsellor of Embassy, M. des Portes de la Fosse; Third Secretary, Viscount Charles de Chambrun; Attachés, Jules Bœufve, Roger Anginieur; Military Attaché, Major P. Vignal; Naval Attaché, Lieut. Com. de Faramond de Lafajole. Embassy, 1,640 Rhode Island-ave.

GERMANY.—Ambassador E. and P., Freiherr Speck von Sternburg; Counsellor of Legation and First Secretary of Embassy, Freiherr von dem Bussche-Haddenhausen; Second Secretary, Robert R. Scheller-Steinwartz; Third Secretary, von Verdy du Vernois; Military Attachés, Major Otto von Etzel, Lieutenant Martin; Naval Attaché, Commander Erwin Schaefer. Embassy, 1,435 Massachusetts-ave.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Ambassador E. and P., the Right Honorable Sir H. M. Durand, G. C. M. G., K. C. S. I., K. C. I. E.; Secretary of Embassy, Arthur S. Raikes; Second Secretaries, Percy Wyndham, Herbert G. Dering; Third Secretaries, S. Waterlow, Hugh Gurney; Military Attaché, Lieutenant Colonel H. J. Foster; Naval Attaché, Captain Dudley Rawson de Chair. Embassy, 1,300 Connecticut-ave.

ITALY.—Ambassador E. and P., Edmondo Mayor des Planches; Counsellor of Embassy, Count Vincenzo Macchi di Cellere; Second Secretary, Giulio Cæsare Montagna; Attaché, Riccardo Borghetti; Honorary Attaché, Count Giuseppe della Gherardesca; Commercial Delegate, Professor Antonio Ravaioli. Embassy, 1,400 New-Hampshire-ave.

MEXICO.—Ambassador E. and P., Manuel de Aspiroz; First Secretary, Federico

Gamboa; Second Secretaries, Rodrigo de Aspiroz, Cristófero Canseco; Third Secretaries, Luis G. Labastida, jr., Manuel Torres y Sagaseta; Military Attaché, Lieutenant Colonel Ignacio Altamira. Embassy, 1,415 I-st.

RUSSIA.—Ambassador E. and P., Count Cassini, Master of the Imperial Court; First Secretary, Theodore Hansen; Second Secretary, M. Bobroff; Attaché, Stanislas Gutowski; Military Attaché, Colonel Raspopow; Naval Attaché, Commander Alexandre Boutakoff. Embassy, 1,500 Rhode Island-ave.

LEGATIONS.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.—E. E. and M. P., Martin García Mérou; Secretary of Legation, ————. Legation, 1,612 Twentieth-st.

BELGIUM.—E. E. and M. P., Baron Ludovic Moncheur; Counsellor of Legation, Charles C. Wauters; Attaché, Pol L. Tellier. Legation, 1,719 H-st.

BOLIVIA.—E. E. and M. P., Fernando E. Guachalla; First Secretary, Jorge E. Zalles; Second Secretary, Adolfo Díaz Romero. Legation, the Portner.

BRAZIL.—E. E. and M. P., J. F. de Assis-Brasil; First Secretary, Alfredo de M. Gomes Ferreira; Second Secretary, Rinaldo de Lima e Silva. Legation, 1,411 Hopkins-st.

CHILI.—E. E. and M. P., Joaquin Walker-Martinez; First Secretary, Domingo Gana. Legation, 1,800 N-st.

CHINA.—E. E. and M. P., Sir Chentung Liang-Cheng, K. C. M. G.; First Secretary, Chow Tszchi; Second Secretaries, Chang Chaun, Sun Sze-yee; Attaché, Li Kwoh-Cheng. Legation, 2,001 Nineteenth-st.

COLOMBIA.—E. E. and M. P., José Vincente Concha; Secretary of Legation, Dr. Thomas Herran, jr.; Counsellor of Legation, L. H. Andrews. Legation, 1,315 N-st.

COSTA RICA.—E. E. and M. P., Joaquin Bernardo Calvo. Legation, 1,329 Eighteenth-st.

CUBA.—E. E. and M. P., Gonzalo de Quesada, First Secretary, Antonio Martin Rivero; Second Secretary, Manuel de la Vega y Calderon. Legation, 1,006 Sixteenth-st.

DENMARK.—E. E. and M. P., Constantin Brun. Legation, 1,521 Twentieth-st.

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.—E. E. and M. P. (on special mission), Francisco Leonte Vasquez; Counsellor of Legation, Henry G. K. Heath. Legation, 35 Nassau-st., New-York City.

ECUADOR.—E. E. and M. P., Dr. Alfredo Baquerizo; Secretary of Legation, Dr. Serafin S. Wither; Military Attaché, Lieutenant Colonel Enrique Roca. Legation, 11 Broadway, New-York City.

GUATEMALA.—E. E. and M. P., Antonio Lazo Arriaga; Secretary of Legation, Joaquin Yela. Legation, 4 Stone-st., New-York City.

HONDURAS.—Vacant.

HAYTI.—E. E. and M. P., J. N. Léger; Secretary, Alfred Léger. Legation, 1,429 Rhode Island-ave.

JAPAN.—E. E. and M. P., Kogoro Takahira; First Secretary, Count Hirokichi Mutsu; Second Secretary, Shotaro Kokubu; Third Secretary, Masanao Hanihara; Counsellor of Legation, Durham White Stevens; Naval Attaché, Lieutenant Commander Isam Takeshita. Legation, 1,310 N-st.

KOREA.—E. E. and M. P., Minhui Cho; Second Secretary, Teh Moo Sin; Third Secretary, Seungku Ye; Counsellor of Legation, Charles W. Needham; Attachés, Chong Moo Hong, Chiyu Han. Legation, 1,500 Thirteenth-st.

NETHERLANDS.—E. E. and M. P., Baron W. A. F. Gevers; Secretary of Legation, J. H. Van Roijen. Legation, 1,709 Rhode Island-ave.

NICARAGUA.—E. E. and M. P., Luis F. Corea; Secretary of Legation, Alejandro Bermudez; Third Secretary, Nicolas Veloz; Counsellor of Legation, Corry M. Stadden. Legation, 1,704 Q-st.

PANAMA.—E. E. and M. P., Philippe Bunau-Varilla; Secretary, C. C. Arosemena. Legation, the New Willard.

PERSIA.—E. E. and M. P., General Isaac Khan. Legation, 1,743 Eighteenth-st.

PERU.—E. E. and M. P., Manuel Alvarez Calderon; First Secretary of Legation, Federico Alfonso Pezet; Attachés, Alfredo Alvarez Calderon, Manuel R. Candamo. Legation, 1,701 Massachusetts-ave.

PORTUGAL.—E. E. and M. P., Viscount de Alte. Legation, 1,909 N-st.

SALVADOR.—E. E. and M. P., Rafael S. Lopez; Secretary of Legation, Federico Mejia.

SIAM.—E. E. and M. P., Phya Akharaj Varadhara; Secretary of Legation, Edward H. Loftus. Legation, the Arlington.

SPAIN.—E. E. and M. P., Emilio de Ojeda; First Secretary, Juan Riano; Second Secretary, Manuel Walls y Merino; Military Attaché, Lieutenant Colonel Federico de Monteverde. Legation, 1,720 H-st.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.—E. E. and M. P., A. Grip; Secretary of Legation, C. Hauge. Legation, 2,109 S-st.

SWITZERLAND.—E. E. and M. P., Fernand du Martheray; Secretary of Legation, Ernst Probst; Attaché, Henry Stroehlin. Legation, 2,013 Hillyer Place.

TURKEY.—E. E. and M. P., Chekib Bey; First Secretary, Djelal Munif Bey; Second Secretary, Sidky Bey; Military Attaché, Lieutenant Colonel Aziz Bey. Legation, Sayville, Long Island.

URUGUAY.—E. E. and M. P., ————————; Secretary of Legation, Dr. Luis Alberto de Herrera; Second Secretary, Juan P. Etchegaray; Honorary Attaché, Adolfo Alonso Criado.

VENEZUELA.—E. E. and M. P., General José Manuel Hernández; First Secretary of Legation, Augusto F. Pulido; Attachés, Hermócrates Parra, Nicolás Hernández. Legation, 1,300 Seventeenth-st.

*Corrected to Dec. 15, 1903. Addresses, if not otherwise stated, Washington, D. C.

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.

(Corrected to December 1, 1903.)

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Where appointed from.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
ARGENTINE REP.						
Buenos Ayres	Daniel Mayer (C.)	W. Va.	1897	$2,500	$2,653	$216
Bahia Blanca	Walter T. Jones (A.)	Arg. Rep.	1892	——	2	——
Cordoba	[2]John M. Thome (V. C.)	Penn	1877	——	17	——
Rosario	James M. Ayres (C.)	Ohio	1898	2,000	989	101
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.						
Budapest	[2]Frank D. Chester (C.)	Mass	1897	1,500	1,615	1,217
Fiume	N. W. Willey (A.)	Mass	1903	——	256	191
Carlsbad	John S. Twells (C. A.)	Penn	1902	——	——	——
Prague	Urbain J. Ledoux (C.)	Maine	1903	3,000	7,252	375
Reichenberg	Silas C. McFarland (C.)	Iowa	1902	2,500	6,036	76
Haida	Frank Siller (A.)	Wis	1898	——	3,415	44
Trieste	Frederick W. Hossfeld (C.)	Iowa	1897	2,000	1,394	467
Vienna	William A. Rublee (C. G.)	Wis.	1903	3,500	5,124	1,361
Brünn	Gustavus Schoeller (A.)	Austria	1903	——	1,462	36
BELGIUM.						
Antwerp	Church Howe (C. G.)	Neb.	1903	3,500	7,672	2,543
Brussels	George W. Roosevelt (C.)	Penn	1889	2,500	5,925	821
Charleroi	Albert H. Michelson (A.)	Mass	1901	——	2,581	36
Ghent	Frank R. Mowrer (C.)	Ohio	1901	2,000	4,216	316
Liege	James C. McNally (C.)	Penn	1902	2,000	2,318	72
Verviers	Henry Dodt (A.)	Germany	1890	——	382	42
BOLIVIA.						
La Paz	——— (V. C.)	——	——	——	——	——
BRAZIL.						
Bahia	H. W. Furniss (C.)	Ind	1898	2,500	1,062	45
Aracaju	Luiz Schmidt (A.)	Brazil	1880	——	——	——
Para	Louis H. Aymé (C.)	Illinois	1903	3,000	1,573	108
Manaos	George E. Pell (A.)	N. Y.	1902	——	1,421	——
Maranhao	J. B. do Prado (A.)	Brazil	1903	——	137	——
Pernambuco	William L. Sewell (C.)	Ohio	1901	3,000	940	34
Ceara	A. E. da Frota (A.)	Brazil	1897	——	131	12
Maceio	Oscar Falcao (A.)	Brazil	1902	——	135	16
Natal	——— (A.)	——	——	——	37	5
Rio de Janeiro	Eugene Seeger (C. G.)	Illinois	1897	5,000	5,217	920
Victoria	Jean Zinzen (A.)	Brazil	1890	——	157	——
Santos	Jesse H. Johnson (C.)	Texas	1901	3,000	4,494	80
Rio Grande do Sul	Jorge Vereker (A.)	Brazil	1897	——	293	24
CHILI.						
Antofagasta	[2]Charles C. Greene (C.)	R. I.	1898	——	597	51
Arica	[2]John W. Lutz (C.)	Ohio	1898	——	241	52
Iquique	[2]Charles S. Winans (C.)	Michigan	1900	——	1,204	133
Valparaiso	Robert E. Mansfield (C.)	Indiana	1901	3,000	605	253
Caldera	John C. Morong (A.)	Chili	1871	——	21	——
Coquimbo	Andrew Kerr (A.)	Chili	1898	——	200	——
Coronel	Benjamin R. Robertson (A.)	Chili	1903	——	265	——
Punta Arenas	Moritz Braun (A.)	Chili	1896	——	37	——
Talcahuano	Joseph O. Smith (A.)	Chili	1895	——	235	——
CHINA.						
Amoy	John H. Fesler (C.)	Colorado	1901	3,500	1,638	354
Canton	Robert M. McWade (C. G.)	Penn	1902	4,000	3,658	230
Cheefoo	John Fowler (C.)	Mass	1896	3,000	596	586
Fuchau	Samuel L. Gracey (C.)	Mass	1897	3,000	846	120
Hankau	Levi S. Wilcox (C. G.)	Illinois	1903	3,000	675	226
Nanking	William Martin (C.)	N. Y.	1902	3,000	16	——
Ntuchwang	Henry B. Miller (C.)	Oregon	1901	3,000	108	15
Shanghai	John Goodnow (C. G.)	Minn	1897	5,000	7,269	667
Tientsin	James W. Ragsdale (C.)	California	1897	3,500	1,442	208
COLOMBIA.						
Barranquilla	Clair A. Orr (C.)	Illinois	1903	2,000	4,598	280
Santa Marta	William A. Trout (A.)	Indiana	1900	——	212	15
Bogotá	Alban G. Snyder (C. G.)	W. Va.	1903	2,000	3	116
Bucaramanga	Gustave Volkman (A.)	Colombia	1895	——	——	22
Cucuta	Philip Tillinghast, jr. (A.)	Wash	1897	——	——	46
Honda	John Owen (A.)	Colombia	1903	——	3	——
Cartagena	Luther T. Ellsworth (C.)	Ohio	1903	1,500	1,290	563
Quibdo	Henry G. Granger (A.)	Penn	1890	——	——	——
COSTA RICA.						
Port Limon	P. P. Demers (C.)	N. H.	1903	1,500	2,837	146

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Whence appointed.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
San José	John C. Caldwell (C.)	Kansas	1897	$2,000	$29	$254
Punta Arenas	Henry G. Morgan (A.)	N. Y.	1899	——	725	——
CUBA.						
Cienfuegos	Max J. Baehr (C.)	Nebraska	1902	3,000	——	——
Calbarien	P. B. Anderson (A.)	Penn	1903	——	——	——
Sagua la Grande	John F. Jova (A.)	U. S.	1903	——	——	——
Havana	Frank Steinhart (C. G.)	Penn	1903	5,000	——	——
Santiago de Cuba	R. E. Holaday (C.)	Ohio	1902	3,000	——	——
Gibara	George Bayliss (A.)	Cal.	1903	——	——	——
DENMARK & DOMS.						
Copenhagen	R. R. Frazier (C.)	Wis	1903	2,000	2,638	819
St. Thomas, W I.	C. H. Payne (C.)	W. Va.	1903	2,500	765	315
Christiansted, S.C.I.	Andrew J. Blackwood (A.)	Denmark	1893	——	57	21
Fredericksted, S.C.I.	R. L. Merwin (A.)	Conn	1901	——	337	46
DOMINICAN REP.						
Puerto Plata	[2]Thomas Simpson (C.)	R. I.	1882	——	924	144
Monte Christi	Isaac T. Petit (A.)	D. R.	1895	——	250	20
Samana	[2]Jean M. Villain (V. C. A.)	D. R.	1885	——	196	4
Santo Domingo	Campbell L. Maxwell (C.G.)	Ohio	1898	2,000	674	285
Azua	John Hardy (A.)	Mass	1885	——	350	30
Macoris	Edward C. Reed (A.)	D. R.	1894	——	667	158
Sanchez	José C. Ariza (A.)	D. R.	1901	——	624	1
ECUADOR.						
Guayaquil	H. R. Dietrich (C. G.)	Missouri	1900	3,000	1,734	199
Bahia de Caraquez	Alberto Santos (A.)	Ecuador	1900	——	337	6
Esmeraldas	Ferdinand Servat (A.)	U. S.	1903	——	316	2
Manta	Paul Gonzenbach (A.)	N. Y.	1902	——	287	——
FRANCE & DOMS.						
Algiers	[2]Daniel S. Kidder (C.)	Florida	1899	1,500	548	122
Bone, Algeria	Antoine F. Garbe (A.)	Algeria	1896	——	22	——
Oran, Algeria	Benjamin A. Courcelle (A.)	Algeria	1885	——	196	104
Bordeaux	Albion W. Tourgée (C.)	N. Y.	1897	3,000	9,058	821
Pau	J. Morris Post (A.)	N. Y.	1901	——	22	62
Calais	James B. Milner (C.)	Indiana	1898	2,000	4,887	——
Boulogne-sur-Mer	——— (A.)	——	——	——	403	482
Goree Dakar, Africa	[2]Peter Strickland (C.)	Conn	1883	——	99	5
Grenoble	C. P. H. Nason (C.)	Penn	1901	1,500	1,930	50
Guadeloupe, W. I.	George B. Anderson (C.)	D. C.	1903	1,500	199	16
Havre	A. M. Thackara (C.)	Penn	1897	3,500	2,211	1,775
Cherbourg	H. J. E. Hainneville (A.)	France	1896	——	501	426
Honfleur	Henry M. Hardy (A.)	France	1886	——	825	——
Rennes	Ernest Folliard (A.)	France	1897	——	90	——
St. Malo	Raymond Moulton (A.)	N. Y.	1880	——	15	4
La Rochelle	George H. Jackson (C.)	Conn	1898	1,500	63	——
Cognac	Elisee Jouard (A.)	N. Y.	1899	——	1,881	——
Limoges	Walter T. Griffin (C. A.)	N. Y.	1887	1,500	3,472	60
Lyons	John C. Covert (C.)	Ohio	1897	3,000	13,817	381
Dijon	Charles Laureau (A.)	France	1900	——	1,157	——
Marseilles	Robert P. Skinner (C. G.)	Ohio	1901	3,000	6,813	700
Bastia, Corsica	Simon Damiani (A.)	Corsica	1886	——	25	——
Cette	C. D. Hagelin (A.)	France	1901	——	730	——
Toulon	B. A. Jouve (A.)	France	1899	——	387	——
Martinique, W. I.	John F. Jewell (C.)	Illinois	1902	1,500	227	——
Nantes	Benjamin H. Ridgely (C.)	Kentucky	1902	1,500	483	134
Angers	J. H. Luneau (A.)	France	1893	——	382	8
Brest	A. Pitel (A.)	France	1884	——	340	14
Lorient	Leon Deprez (A.)	France	1898	——	432	24
St. Nazaire	Thomas Sankey (A.)	France	1899	——	101	20
Nice	H. S. Van Buren (C.)	N. J.	1897	1,500	198	383
Cannes	J. B. Cegnet (A.)	France	1901	——	984	168
Mentone	Achille Isnard (A.)	France	1898	——	——	70
Monaco	Emile de Loth (A.)	France	1874	——	——	8
Nouméa, N. C.	G. M. Colvocoresses (C. A.)	Conn.	1901	——	——	——
Paris	John K. Gowdy (C. G.)	Indiana	1897	5,000	62,128	9,415
Rheims	William A. Prickitt (C.)	N. J.	1897	2,000	3,657	188
Troyes	Gaston Baltet (A.)	France	1890	——	680	12
Roubaix	William P. Atwell (C.)	D. C.	1899	2,000	2,562	153
Caudry	Hans Dietiker (A.)	France	1891	——	62	——
Dunkirk	Benjamin Morel (A.)	France	1883	——	27	15
Lille	C. J. King (A.)	R. I.	1902	——	575	110
Rouen	Thornwell Haynes (C.)	S. C.	1900	1,000	592	18
Dieppe	Raoul le Bourgeois (A.)	France	1883	——	137	8
Saigon, Cochin China	Edward Schneegans (C. A.)	Saigon	1894	——	517	——
St. Etienne	Hilary S. Brunot (C.)	Penn	1897	2,000	4,802	60
St. Pierre, St. P. I.	[2]Chas. M. Freeman (C. A.)	N. H.	1898	1,500	175	19

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Where appointed.	Appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
Tahiti	[2]W. F. Doty (C.)	N. J.	1902	$1,000	$331	513
Tamatave, Madag'car	William H. Hunt (C.)	N. Y.	1901	2,000	2	6
Tunis, Africa	[2]St. Leger A. Touhay (V.C.)	D. C.	1900	——	49	12
GERMANY.						
Aix la Chapelle	Frank M. Brundage (C.)	Penn	1897	2,500	3,503	329
Annaberg	John F. Winter (C.)	Illinois	1898	2,500	2,740	6?
Apia, Samoa	George Heimrod (C. G.)	Nebraska	1901	3,000	22	29
Bamberg	William Bardel (C.)	N. Y.	1902	2,000	2,831	93
Barmen	T. H. Bluthardt (C.)	Illinois	1903	3,000	11,143	423
Berlin	Frank H. Mason (C. G.)	Ohio	1899	4,000	18,202	3,454
Soraa	William B. Murphy (A.)	N. C.	1898	——	1,713	10
Bremen	Henry W. Diedrich (C.)	D. C.	1899	2,500	3,059	5,856
Brake and Nordenhamm	Wilhelm Clemens (A.)	Germany	1885	——	240	270
Bremerhaven-Geestemünde	John H. Schnabel (A.)	Germany	1898	——	1,216	282
Breslau	Ernest A. Man (C.)	Florida	1901	2,000	3,793	427
Brunswick	Talbot J. Albert (C.)	Maryland	1897	2,000	1,441	156
Chemnitz	J. F. Monaghan (C.)	R. I.	1900	2,500	13,727	318
Coburg	O. J. D. Hughes (C. G.)	Conn	1901	3,000	9,270	182
Solleburg	Bradford M. Adams (A.)	Mass	1902	——	2,230	——
Cologne	Charles E. Barnes (C.)	Illinois	1900	2,500	5,502	841
Crefeld	Thomas R. Wallace (C.)	Penn	1901	2,000	5,610	135
Dresden	Charles L. Cole (C. G.)	Penn	1897	3,000	6,115	1,118
Düsseldorf	Peter Lieber (C.)	Indiana	1899	2,000	1,216	459
Essen	F. Asthorver, jr. (A.)	Germany	1891	——	791	30
Eibenstock	Ernest L. Harris (C. A.)	Illinois	1902	——	2,697	20
Frankfort	Richard Guenther (C. G.)	Wis	1898	3,000	8,077	1,734
Cassel	Gustav C. Kothe (A.)	Kansas	1894	——	661	117
Langen Schwalbach	Ernest Grebert (A.)	Germany	1884	——	——	16
Wiesbaden	J. B. Breuer (A.)	N. Y.	1903	——	1,557	272
Freiburg, Baden	E. T. Liefeld (C.)	Conn	1897	2,000	3,254	458
Glauchau	Edward A. Creevey (C.)	Conn	1901	2,000	1,747	322
Hamburg	Hugh Pitcairn (C. G.)	Penn	1903	2,500	16,416	5,881
Kiel	P. H. J. Sartori (A.)	Germany	1899	——	224	165
Lübeck	Wolfgang Gaedertz (A.)	Germany	1885	——	175	18
Ritzebuttel & Cuxhaven	Johann G. F. Starke (A.)	Germany	1890	——	224	522
Hanover	Jay White (C.)	Michigan	1899	2,000	1,510	893
Kehl	Joseph I. Brittain (C.)	Ohio	1902	2,000	3,611	343
Leipsig	Brainard H. Warner, jr. (C)	Maryland	1897	2,000	8,490	726
Gera	Charles Neuer (A.)	N. Y.	1882	——	1,930	36
Magdeburg	William A. McKellip (C.)	Maryland	1902	2,000	4,070	176
Mainz	Walter Schumann (C.)	N. Y.	1897	2,500	5,270	438
Mannheim	Heaton W. Harris (C.)	Ohio	1899	2,000	3,089	708
Neustadt	Leopold Blum (A.)	Germany	1895	——	715	126
Munich	James H. Worman (C. G.)	N. Y.	1899	2,500	1,912	784
Augsburg	G. Oberndorf (A.)	N. Y.	1886	——	624	70
Nuremburg	George E. Baldwin (C.)	Ohio	1901	3,000	9,081	621
Plauen	Hugo Muench (C.)	Missouri	1903	2,500	6,480	83
Markneukirchen	W. F. L. Fiedler (A.)	Germany	1901	——	3,085	33
Solingen	Joseph J. Langer (C.)	Nebraska	1901	2,000	2,375	124
Stettin	[2]John E. Kehl (C.)	Ohio	1897	1,500	759	244
Danzig	Ernst A. Claaszen (A.)	Germany	1902	——	160	43
Königsberg	Alexander Eckhardt (A.)	N. Y.	1899	——	874	168
Swinemünde	Gustav Ludwig (A.)	Germany	1899	——	170	8
Stuttgart	Edward H. Oznun (C.)	Minn	1897	2,500	3,189	1,253
Weimar	Thomas Ewing Moore (C.)	D. C.	1899	2,000	3,970	241
Zittau	William J. Pike (C.)	Penn	1903	1,500	2,792	33
GREAT BRITAIN & DOMINIONS.						
Aden, Arabia	Wm. W. Masterson (C.)	Kentucky	1903	1,500	1,076	2
Hodeida	Elward O. Frankel (A.)	Arabia	1903	——	805	——
Amherstburg	Chester W. Martin (C.)	Michigan	1897	2,000	317	38
Antigua, W. I.	William R. Estes (C.)	Minn	1903	1,500	186	12
Montserrat, W. I.	Frederick Driver (A.)	Montana	1901	——	25	——
Roseau, Dominica	Henry A. Frampton (A.)	Dominica	1896	——	282	2
Auckland, N. Z.	Frank Dillingham (C. G.)	Cal	1897	2,500	888	144
Christ Church, N.Z.	Frank Graham (A.)	N. Z.	1903	——	335	24
Dunedin, N. Z.	F. O. Bridgeman (A.)	N. Z.	1900	——	205	23
Wellington, N. Z.	William Reid (A.)	Oregon	1903	——	312	22
Barbados, W. I.	David F. Wilber (C.)	N. Y.	1903	2,500	1,604	246
St. Lucia	William Peter (A.)	St Lucia	1873	——	822	——
St. Vincent	E. A. Richards (A.)	St Vin't	1897	——	65	——
Belfast, Ireland	William W. Touvelle (C.)	Ohio	1897	3,000	13,036	548

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Nationality.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
Ballymena	Wilson McKeown (A.)	Ireland	1901	——	$915	——
Londonderry	P. T. Rodger (A.)	Ireland	1888	——	293	——
Lurgan	F. W. Magahan (A.)	Ireland	1882	——	1,305	——
Belize, Honduras	William L. Avery (C.)	Montana	1898	$2,000	1,000	$165
Belleville, Ont.	[2]Michael J. Hendrick (C.)	N. Y.	1893	——	337	34
Deseronto	C. A. Milliner (A.)	Canada	1890	——	907	5
Napanee	William Templeton (A.)	Canada	1888	——	27	34
Picton	Jacob F. Beringer (A.)	Canada	1888	——	177	28
Trenton	Stephen J. Young (A.)	Canada	1891	——	700	22
Birmingham	Marshal Halstead (C.)	N. Y.	1897	2,500	5,782	824
Kidderminster	James Morton (A.)	England	1870	——	723	4
Redditch	H. C. Browning (A.)	England	1871	——	1,485	——
Wolverhampton	John Neve (A.)	England	1869	——	463	6
Bombay, India	William T. Fee (C.)	Ohio	1899	2,500	1,025	62
Karachi	Edward L. Rogers (A.)	England	1901	——	537	——
Bradford	Erastus Sheldon Day (C.)	Conn	1897	3,000	12,011	300
Bristol	Lorin A. Lathrop (C.)	Cal	1891	1,500	1,456	122
Gloucester	Arnold H. Palin (A.)	England	1895	——	370	44
Brockville, Ont.	E. Scott Hotchkiss (C.)	Wis	1902	1,500	449	34
Calcutta	Robert F. Patterson (C. G.)	Tenn	1897	5,000	13,817	74
Chitagong	John L. Brown (A.)	India	1901	——	10	——
Madras	Jerome W. Egbert (A.)	Illinois	1903	——	1,432	——
Rangoon	William Q. Rowett (A.)	India	1903	——	301	——
Campbellton, N. B.	James S. Benedict (C. A.)	N. Y.	1897	——	2,122	8
Bathurst, N. B.	B. C. Mullins (A.)	N. B.	1893	——	780	——
Cape Town, S. A.	William R. Bigham (C. G.)	Kansas	1901	5,000	721	74
Durban	Alexander H. Rennie (A.)	Natal	1898	——	——	——
East London	William H. Fuller (A.)	Cape Col.	1884	——	439	37
Kimberley	Gardner Williams (A.)	Cape Col.	1889	——	145	1
Port Elizabeth	John A. Chabaud (A.)	Cape Col.	1887	——	470	——
Cardiff	Daniel T. Phillips (C.)	Illinois	1897	2,000	765	317
Newport	William E. Heard (A.)	Wales	1879	——	130	31
Ceylon	William Morey (C.)	Maine	1897	1,500	1,834	104
Point de Galle, Ceylon	Jean Steiger (A.)	Ceylon	1902	——	110	——
Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Delmar J. Vail (C.)	Vermont	1897	1,500	475	47
Alberton	Albert Glidden (A.)	P. E. I.	1891	——	68	——
Georgetown	A. J. McDonald (A.)	P. E. I.	1883	——	87	2
Souris	Caleb C. Carlton (A.)	P. E. I.	1880	——	113	——
Summerside	Richard Hunt (A.)	P. E. I.	1890	——	223	87
Chatham, Ont.	Charles E. Monteith (C.)	Idaho	1897	2,000	1,457	108
Chaudiere June., Que.	[2]——— (C.A.)	——	——	——	837	——
Coaticook, Quebec	Franklin D. Hale (C.)	Vermont	1902	1,500	107	23
Hereford	John R. Nichols (A.)	Canada	1870	——	52	3
Lineboro	Hoel S. Beebe (A.)	Canada	1893	——	529	273
Stanstead	B. F. Butterfield (A.)	Vermont	1897	——	58	1
Collingwood, Ont.	William Small (C.)	D. C.	1899	2,000	626	——
Barrie	A. E. H. Creswicke (A.)	Canada	1895	——	721	——
Owen Sound	William T. Robertson (A.)	Canada	1894	——	538	——
Parry Sound	Walter R. Foot (A.)	Ireland	1892	——	564	——
Wiarton	——— (A.)	Canada	1890	——	562	——
Cork	Daniel Swiney (C.)	Ohio	1897	2,000	837	2,108
Waterford	William H. Farrell (A.)	Ireland	1880	——	22	53
Cornwall, Ont.	J. E. Hamilton (C. A.)	Kentucky	1901	1,500	318	108
Dawson City, Yukon	Henry D. Saylor (C.)	Penn	1901	3,500	1,203	5,192
Demerara, Guiana	George H. Moulton (C.)	Colorado	1898	3,000	721	56
Cayenne	C. H. Fourrage (A.)	Guiana	1903	——	59	——
Paramaribo	Arthur Deyo (A.)	N. Y.	1897	——	461	——
Dublin, Ireland	Rufus Waterman (C.)	R. I.	1902	2,000	1,730	1,270
Athlone	John Burgess (A.)	Ireland	1888	——	90	13
Galway	R. A. Tennant (A.)	Ireland	1901	——	27	9
Limerick	Edmund Ludlow (A.)	Ireland	1896	——	229	22
Dundee	John C. Higgins (C.)	Delaware	1897	2,500	8,474	26
Aberdeen	Andrew Murray (A.)	Scotland	1890	——	1,403	11
Dunfermline	John N. McCunn (C.)	Wis	1897	2,000	2,352	1
Kirkcaldy	J. L. Innes (A.)	Scotland	1903	——	1,244	5
Edinburgh	Rufus Fleming (C.)	Ohio	1897	2,500	3,220	9
Galashiels	John Stalker (A.)	Scotland	1884	——	482	1
Falmouth, England	[2]Howard Fox (C.)	England	1874	——	1,299	8
St. Mary's, Scilly Islands	John Banfield, jr. (A.)	England	1870	——	——	——
Fort Erie, Ont.	H. J. Harvey (C.)	N. Y.	1902	1,500	544	
Gaspé, Que.	[2]Almar F. Dickson (C.)	Mass	1887	1,500	57	
Paspebiac	Daniel Bisson (A.)	Canada	1889	——	128	——
Gibraltar	Richard L. Sprague (C.)	Mass	1901	1,500	537	1
Glasgow, Scotland	Samuel M. Taylor (C.)	Ohio	18.7	3,000	18,141	1,48

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Where appointed	Date of appointment.	Salary.	Fees during year ending June 30, 1904. Official	Fees during year ending June 30, 1904. Notarial
Greenock	James A. Love (A.)	Scotland	1891	——	$222	——
Troon	P. H. Waddell (A.)	Scotland	1895	——	700	——
Goderich, Ont.	J. H. Shirley (C. A.)	Illinois	1902	$1,500	65	——
Clinton	A. O. Pattison (A.)	Canada	1890	——	807	——
Guelph, Ont.	Charles N. Daly (C.)	N. J.	1893	1,500	408	$68
Halifax, N. S.	Wm. R. Holloway (C. G.)	Ind.	1903	2,500	4,310	113
Bridgewater, N. S.	William H. Owen (A.)	N. S.	1872	——	247	8
Liverpool, N. S.	Jason M. Mack (A.)	N. S.	1895	——	208	2
Lunenburg	Daniel M. Owen (A.)	N. S.	1883	——	610	6
Hamilton, Bermuda	W. Maxwell Greene (C.)	R. I.	1898	2,000	1,614	459
Hamilton, Ont.	James M. Shepard (C.)	Michigan	1897	2,000	1,103	299
Brantford	Arthur C. Hardy (A.)	Canada	1889	——	325	174
Galt	James Ryerson (A.)	Canada	1899	——	421	139
Paris	William W. Hume (A.)	Canada	1892	——	251	9
Hobart, Tasmania	[2]Alexander G. Webster (C.)	Tasmania	1876	——	12	8
Launceston	Lindsay Tullock (A.)	Tasmania	1887	——	——	——
Hong Kong	Edward S. Bragg (C. G.)	Wis	1902	5,000	13,818	1,608
Huddersfield, Eng.	Benjamin F. Stone (C.)	Ohio	1897	2,500	3,557	72
Hull	Walter C. Hamm (C.)	Penn	1903	2,000	2,362	104
Kingston, Jamaica	Geo. H. Bridgman (C.)	N. J.	1902	3,000	2,536	258
Black River	C. M. Farquharson (A.)	Jamaica	1893	——	438	——
Montego Bay	G. L. P. Corinaldi (A.)	Jamaica	1886	——	1,322	19
Port Maria	Reuben R. Baker (A.)	Mass	1898	——	2,341	12
Port Morant	C. C. Langlois (A.)	Jamaica	1901	——	1,285	61
St. Ann's Bay	A. B. D. Ferrie (A.)	Jamaica	1902	——	1,410	5
Savana la Mar	Chas. S. Farquharson (A.)	Jamaica	1895	——	335	——
Kingston, Ont.	Marshall H. Twitchell (C.)	La	1878	1,500	755	98
Leeds	Lewis Dexter (C.)	R. I.	1897	2,000	1,902	233
Liverpool, Eng.	James Boyle (C.)	Ohio	1897	5,000	23,075	6,445
Holyhead	Richard D. Roberts (A.)	England	1896	——	——	10
St. Helens	John Hammill (A.)	England	1883	——	1,415	8
London, Eng.	H. Clay Evans (C. G.)	Tenn	1902	5,000	65,401	10,175
Dover	Francis W. Prescott (A.)	England	1885	——	20	——
London, Ont.	Henry S. Culver (C.)	Ohio	1897	2,000	1,227	275
Malta	John H. Grout (C.)	Mass	1898	2,000	164	22
Manchester, Eng.	Wm. H. Bradley (C.)	Illinois	1903	3,000	20,129	1,651
Melbourne, Australia	John P. Bray (C. G.)	N. Dak.	1897	4,500	1,420	180
Adelaide	Charles A. Murphy (A.)	Australia	1887	——	140	28
Freemantle	Alfred D. Allan (A.)	Australia	1899	——	152	——
Moncton, N. B.	Gus. Beutelspacher (C. A.)	Ohio	1897	——	1,272	79
Newcastle, N. B.	Robert R. Call (A.)	N. B.	1866	——	1,106	20
Richibucto	Thomas O. Murray (A.)	N. B.	1901	——	170	10
Montreal, Quebec	Alanson W. Edwards (C.G.)	N. D.	1903	4,000	5,618	773
Coteau	Thomas Stapleton (A.)	Canada	1896	——	1,651	5
Cornwallis	Alexander Fridham (A.)	Canada	1879	——	1,277	——
Hemmingford	W. W. Wark (A.)	Canada	1885	——	105	——
Huntington	John Dineen (A.)	Canada	1895	——	157	6
Nassau, N. P.	Julian Potter (C.)	N. Y.	1903	2,000	1,087	240
Albert Town	José G. Maura (A.)	Bahamas	1898	——	122	——
Dunmore Town	N. E. B. Munro (A.)	Bahamas	1898	——	262	——
Governor's Harbor	Abner W. Griffin (A.)	Bahamas	1896	——	407	2
Green Turtle Cay	Edward W. Bethel (A.)	Bahamas	1893	——	132	30
Mathewtown	Daniel D. Sargent (A.)	Bahamas	1896	——	352	9
Newcastle-on-Tyne	Horace W. Metcalf (C.)	Maine	1897	2,000	2,573	151
Carlisle	Thomas S. Strong (A.)	England	1898	——	505	42
Sunderland	Thomas A. Horan (A.)	England	1895	——	275	26
West Hartlepool	Hans C. Nielsen (A.)	England	1899	——	588	16
Newcastle, N. S. W.	[2]Frederic W. Goding (C.)	Illinois	1898	——	8,189	16
Brisbane, Queensland	William J. Wetherill (A.)	Australia	1893	——	441	53
Townsville	John Henry Rogers	Australia	1897	——	265	11
Niagara Falls, Ont.	W. H. H. Webster (C.)	N. Y.	1903	1,500	347	23
St. Catharines	Leonard H. Collard (A.)	Canada	1875	——	1,149	——
Nottingham	F. W. Mahin (C.)	Iowa	1902	3,000	12,004	132
Derby	Charles K. Eddowes (A.)	England	1882	——	911	39
Leicester	Samuel S. Partridge (A.)	England	1891	——	976	64
Orillia, Ont.	E. A. Wakefield (C.)	Maine	1900	1,500	1,229	19
Midland	F. J. McCallum (A.)	Canada	1901	——	1,423	——
North Bay, Nipissing	D. J. McKeown (A.)	Canada	1894	——	864	——
Sudbury	N. T. M. Hillary	Canada	1901	——	117	——
Ottawa, Ont.	John G. Foster (C. G.)	Vermont	1903	4,000	4,799	142
Arnprior	Arthur Burwash (A.)	Canada	1901	——	2,463	7
Plymouth, Eng.	[2]Joseph G. Stevens (C.)	Indiana	1897	——	1,525	155
Dartmouth	Jasper Bartlett (A.)	England	1898	——	45	22

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Whence appointed.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
Guernsey	William Carey (A.)	England	18[illegible]	——	$25	$2
Jersey	E. B. Renouf (A.)	Jersey	1894	——	5	20
Port Antonio, Jamaica	[2]Nicholas R. Snyder (C. A.)	Penn	1898	——	3,901	153
Port Hope, Ont.	Harry P. Dill (C.)	Maine	1900	$1,500	405	15
Lindsay	James K. Knowlson (A.)	Canada	1894	——	623	6
Peterborough	Frank J. Bell (A.)	Canada	1897	——	620	——
Port Louis, Mauritius	John P. Campbell (C.)	Cal	1894	2,000	20	——
Port Rowan, Ont.	[2]Geo. B. Killmaster (C. A.)	Michigan	1894	——	250	34
Port Sarnia, Ont.	Neal McMillan (C.)	Michigan	1898	1,500	1,568	——
Port Stanley, F. I.	John E. Bowen (C.)	Iowa	1898	2,000	101	——
Prescott, Ont.	Marion R. Sackett (C.)	N. Y.	1903	1,500	235	15
Pretoria, Transvaal	J. E. Proffit (C.)	W. Va.	1902	3,500	——	22
Bloemfontein	Arthur E. Fichardt (A.)	S. A.	1903	——	——	——
Johannesburg	W. D. Gordon (A.)	Illinois	1899	——	——	60
Quebec	William W. Henry (C.)	Vermont	1897	3,000	1,181	274
Levis	C. M. Barclay (A.)	Canada	1900	——	——	——
Rimouski, Quebec	Chas. A. Boardman (C. A.)	Maine	1897	——	4,666	——
Cabano	Jay Wirt Hall (A.)	Maine	1900	——	65	——
St. Christopher, W. I.	[2]Joseph Haven (C.)	Illinois	1899	1,500	582	7
Nevis	Charles C. Greaves (A.)	St. Ch.	1893	——	100	——
St. George, Bermuda	[2]——— (C. A.)	———	———	———	211	58
St. Helena	Robert P. Pooley (C.)	N. Y.	1898	2,000	7	6
St. Hyacinthe, Que.	Joseph M. Authier (C. A.)	R. I.	1898	1,500	71	78
Sorel	Isaie Sylvestre (A.)	Canada	1892	——	134	18
Waterloo	Charles M. Eastman (A.)	Vermont	1901	——	49	43
St. John, N. B.	Ira B. Myers (C.)	Indiana	1897	2,000	5,208	242
Campobello, Id.	John I. Alexander (A.)	Maine	1887	——	65	——
Fredericton	James T. Sharkey (A.)	N. B.	1893	——	792	——
Grand Manan	Henry E. Fraser (A.)	N. B.	1902	——	350	——
St. George	Edward Milliken (A.)	N. B.	1898	——	104	——
St. John's, N. F.	George O. Cornelius (C.)	Penn	1901	2,000	1,613	60
Bay Bulls	Hamilton Weeks (A.)	N. F.	1902	——	——	——
Port aux Basques	J. W. Keating (A.)	N. F.	1902	——	——	——
St. Johns, Quebec	Charles Deal (C.)	N. Y.	1897	1,500	333	65
St. Stephen, N. B.	C. A. McCullough (C.)	Maine	1897	1,500	327	42
St. Andrews	George H. Stickney (A.)	N. B.	1892	——	52	13
St. Thomas, Ont.	Michael J. Burke (C.)	Illinois	1897	2,000	1,142	196
Courtright	[2]Frederick W. Baby (A.)	Canada	1882	——	186	——
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont	[2]George W. Shotts (C. A.)	Michigan	1898	——	2,520	2
Sheffield	Charles N. Daniels (C.)	Conn	1903	2,500	4,155	222
Barnsley	Charles McNaughton (A.)	England	1903	——	190	28
Sherbrooke, Quebec	Paul Lang (C.)	N. H.	1897	2,000	2,547	220
Cookshire	William F. Given (A.)	D. C.	1898	——	1,114	23
Megantic	Henry W. Albro (A.)	Canada	1898	——	425	5
Sierra Leone	John T. Williams (C.)	N. C.	1898	1,500	35	3
Singapore, S. S.	Oscar F. Williams (C. G.)	N. Y.	1901	3,500	5,550	259
Penang	Otto Schüle (A.)	S. S.	1897	——	953	——
Southampton	Albert W. Swaim (C.)	Iowa	1903	2,500	702	1,133
Portsmouth	John Main (A.)	England	1902	——	60	58
Weymouth	Fred W. Fuller (A.)	England	1902	——	60	6
Stanbridge, Quebec	[2]F. S. S. Johnson (C. A.)	N. J.	1879	1,500	221	72
Clarenceville	Thomas H. Derick (A.)	Canada	1903	——	195	4
Stratford, Ont.	August G. Seyfert (C.)	Penn	1897	1,500	435	186
Palmerston	Richard A. Shea (A.)	Canada	1899	——	1,153	——
Suva, Fiji Islands	[2]Leslie E. Brown (C. A.)	Fiji	1902	——	——	107
Swansea, Wales	Griffith W. Prees (C.)	Wis	1897	2,500	1,775	——
Llanelly	William Bowen (A.)	Wales	1897	——	55	——
Milford Haven	George S. Kelway (A.)	Wales	1892	——	——	——
Sydney, N. S.	George N. West (C.)	D. C.	1887	2,000	567	35
Arichat	Stanage Binet (A.)	N. S.	1899	——	25	——
Cape Canso	Alfred W. Hart (A.)	N. S.	1885	——	232	8
Louisburg	H. C. V. Le Vatte (A.)	N. S.	1898	——	1,135	——
Pictou	John R. Davies (A.)	N. S.	1897	——	208	24
Port Hawkesbury & Mulgrave	Alexander Bain (A.)	N. S.	1886	——	423	11
Pugwash & Wallace	Conrad W. Morris (A.)	N. S.	1888	——	59	10
Sydney, N. S. W.	Orlando H. Baker (C.)	Iowa	1900	2,500	1,858	244
Norfolk Island	Isaac Robinson (A.)	N. S. W.	1887	——	——	——
Three Rivers, Quebec	Leo Bergholz (C.)	N. Y.	1903	2,000	2,073	8
Grand Mere	F. H. Russell (A.)	N. Y.	1903	——	——	——
Victoriaville	George E. Beaudet (A.)	Cal	1902	——	760	4
Toronto, Ont.	Edwin N. Gunsaulus (C.)	Ohio	1901	2,000	4,581	1,055
Trinidad, W. I.	Alvin Smith (C.)	Ohio	1897	2,000	1,674	298
Granada	P. J. Dean (A.)	Granada	1891	——	——	——

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Whence appointed.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902.	
					Official.	Notarial.
Tunstall, Eng.	William P. Smyth (C.)	Missouri	1903	$2,500	$9,115	$19
Turk's Island, W. I.	[2]Thomas P. Moffatt (C.)	N. Y.	1908	——	788	12
Cockburn Harbor	C. H. Durham (A.)	T. Island.	1896	——	92	4
Salt Cay	D. F. Harriott (A.)	T. Island.	1888	——	62	——
Vancouver, B. C.	L. Edwin Dudley (C.)	Mass	1897	2,000	3,898	151
Cumberland	G. W. Clinton (A.)	Penn	1898	——	378	——
Fernie	J. R. Pollock (A.)	Oregon	1901	——	876	——
Nelson	Walter S. Riblet (A.)	Wash	1902	——	1,376	——
Rossland	George A. Ohren (A.)	D. C.	1902	——	2,360	——
Victoria, B. C.	A. E. Smith (C.)	Illinois	1897	2,500	1,292	362
Chemainus	J. S. Gibson (A.)	Alabama	1898	——	916	3
Nanaimo	George G. Schetky (A.)	N. J.	1898	——	598	28
Wallaceburg, Ont.	Sebastian D. Holmes (C. A.)	N. Y.	1903	1,500	574	——
Windsor, N. S.	[2]Joseph T. Hoke (C.)	W. Va.	1897	1,000	1,172	14
Cheverie	J. G. Burgess (A.)	N. S.	1899	——	535	——
Kingsport	E. Bigelow, jr. (A.)	N. S.	1901	——	33	——
Parrsboro	L. H. Hoke (A.)	W. Va.	1899	——	1,545	5
River Hebert	William Moffat (A.)	N. S.	1899	——	989	——
Windsor, Ont.	Hugh C. Morris (C.)	Michigan	1899	1,500	1,499	70
Winnipeg, Manitoba	W. H. H. Graham (C.)	Indiana	1898	1,500	2,801	328
Deloraine	A. M. Herron (A.)	Manitoba	1890	——	112	——
Emerson	Duncan McArthur (A.)	Manitoba	1889	——	235	——
Ft. William, Ont.	C. W. Jarvis (A.)	Ontario	1895	——	283	——
Gretna	Enoch Winkler (A.)	Manitoba	1893	——	155	——
Lethbridge, Alberta	C. B. Bowman (A.)	Canada	1903	——	917	24
N. Portal, Assiniboia	W. H. Dorsey (A.)	Assin	1895	——	403	——
Rat Portage, Ont.	G. C. Frisbie (A.)	Penn	1898	——	255	22
Woodstock, N. B.	F. C. Denison (C.)	Vermont	1897	1,500	931	101
Edmunston	J. Adolphe Guy (A.)	N. B.	1896	——	790	14
Yarmouth, N. S.	Martin J. Carter (C.)	Penn	1901	2,000	2,041	10
Annapolis	Jacob M. Owen (A.)	N. S.	1872	——	488	6
Barrington	Thos. W. Robertson (A.)	N. S.	1892	——	108	——
Digby	William B. Stewart (A.)	N. S.	1873	——	916	——
Lockport	Enos Churchill (A.)	N. S.	1901	——	257	——
Shelburne	Edward M. Bill (A.)	N. S.	1901	——	182	——
GREECE.						
Athens	Daniel E. McGinley (C.)	Wis	1898	2,500	101	51
Piræus	Marino T. Sourmely (A.)	Greece	1898	——	291	29
Patras	[2]James V. Long (C.)	Penn	1903	1,500	1,414	163
Corfu	Chas. E. Hancock (A.)	Greece	1902	——	20	——
GUATEMALA.						
Guatemala	Alfred A. Winslow (C. G.)	Indiana	1902	2,000	11	——
Champerico	Michael F. Friely (A.)	Guat	1903	——	1,283	——
Livingston	Edward Reed (A.)	Cal	1901	——	862	——
Ocos	Samuel Wolford (A.)	Cal	1898	——	876	——
San José de Guatemala	Frank Sims Swan (A.)	Cal	1902	——	1,147	——
HAYTI.						
Cape Haytien	[2]L. W. Livingston (C.)	Florida	1898	1,000	481	43
Gonaives	J. W. Woel (A.)	Mass	1899	——	380	4
Port de Paix	Carl Abegg (A.)	Hayti	1896	——	385	29
Port-au-Prince	[2]John B. Terres (V. C. G.)	N. Y.	1885	——	1,352	182
Aux Cayes	——— (A.)	——	——	——	340	——
Jacmel	Hugo Jensen (A.)	Germany	1901	——	396	——
Jeremie	St. Charles Villedrouin (A.)	N. Y.	1903	——	335	——
Miragoane	Emil Goldenberg (A.)	Hayti	1900	——	105	——
Petit Goave	L. Kampmeyer (A.)	Hayti	1899	——	208	——
St. Marc	Charles Miot (A.)	Hayti	1890	——	197	——
HONDURAS.						
Ceiba	Dean R. Wood (C.)	N. Y.	1903	1,500	1,290	——
Truxillo	John T. Glynn (A.)	La	1899	——	350	——
Tela	Philip S. Elliott (A.)	Kan.	1903	——	——	——
Puerto Cortez	William E. Alger (C.)	Mass	1902	1,500	1,501	——
San Pedro Sula	J. M. Mitchell, jr. (A.)	Penn	1891	——	——	——
Tegucigalpa	Alfred K. Moe (C.)	N. J.	1902	2,000	——	——
Amalpa	William Heyden (A.)	Honduras	1894	——	341	——
Utilla	J. B. Richardson (C.)	Kansas	1902	1,000	352	——
Bonacca	William Bayly (A.)	Honduras	1896	——	210	——
Ruatan	David Warren (A.)	Honduras	1900	——	432	——
ITALY.						
Castellamare di Stabia	C. S. Crowninshield (C. A.)	D. C.	1901	1,500	1,302	21
Capri	Thomas S. Jerome (A.)	Michigan	1901	——	12	68
Sorrento	F. Ciampa (A.)	Italy	1901	——	982	6
Catania	Alexander Heingartner (C.)	Ohio	1898	1,500	734	21

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Where appointed.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
Florence	Francis B. Keene (C.)	Wis	1903	$1,500	$4,383	$538
Bologna	Carlo Gardini (A.)	Italy	1881	——	740	6
Genoa	Wm. H. Bishop (C.)	Conn	1903	2,000	4,405	1,215
San Remo	Albert Ameglio (A.)	Italy	1883	——	125	48
Leghorn	James A. Smith (C.)	Vermont	1897	2,000	3,527	213
Carrara	Ulisse Boccacci (A.)	Italy	1894	——	1,280	265
Messina	Charles M. Caughy (C.)	Maryland	1893	1,500	3,820	116
Reggio, Calabria	Carlo Celesti (A.)	Italy	1899	——	230	——
Milan	Harlan W. Brush (C.)	N. Y.	1903	2,000	4,573	388
Naples	A. Homer Byington (C.)	Conn	1897	2,000	3,589	6,679
Bari	Nicholas Schuck (A.)	Italy	1892	——	700	4
Bodi	Tomaso del Guidice (A.)	Italy	1878	——	77	——
Palermo	James Johnston (C.)	N. J.	1900	2,000	8,353	635
Carini	F. Crocchiolo (A.)	Italy	1895	——	1,062	——
Girgenti	F. Ciotta (A.)	Italy	1892	——	718	6
Licata	A. Verderame (A.)	Italy	1883	——	217	6
Trapani	C. Serraino (A.)	Italy	1899	——	305	6
Rome	Hector de Castro (C. G.)	N. Y.	1897	3,000	1,276	577
Ancona	Edward A. Kane (A.)	Italy	1903	——	52	——
Cagliari	Alphonse Dol (A.)	Italy	1879	——	34	——
Civita Vecchia	James B. Ingle (A.)	Italy	1901	——	102	——
Turin	[2]Pietro Cuneo (C.)	Ohio	1901	1,000	1,269	215
Venice	Robert W. Bliss (C)	Mass	1903	1,500	1,553	150
JAPAN.						
Kobe	Samuel S. Lyon (C.)	N. J.	1902	3,000	11,240	2,744
Nagasaki	Charles B. Harris (C.)	Indiana	1897	3,000	457	208
Tamsui, Formosa	James W. Davidson (C.)	Minn	1898	1,500	123	13
Yokohama	E. C. Bellows (C. G.)	Wash	1900	4,000	16,482	1,222
COREA.						
Seoul	[4]Gordon Paddock (C. G.)	N. Y.	1901	1,500	74	151
LIBERIA.						
Monrovia	[1]Ernest Lyon (C. G.)	Maryland	1903	4,000	12	20
MEXICO.						
Acapulco	George W. Dickinson (C.)	N. Y.	1898	2,000	292	4
Aguas Calientes	Philip Carroll (C. A.)	N. Y.	1903	——	1,133	——
Chihuahua	William W. Mills (C.)	Texas	1897	2,000	698	284
Parral	James J. Long (A.)	Penn	1895	——	105	84
Ciudad Juarez	Charles W. Kindrick (C.)	La	1897	2,500	2,486	18
Ciudad Porfirio Diaz	Lewis A. Martin (C.)	W Va.	1901	2,000	3,292	40
Sierra Mojada	Wm. Q. Marsh (A.)	Michigan	1903	——	18	3
Durango	James A. Le Roy (C.)	Michigan	1903	1,500	159	164
Torreon	George C. Carothers (A.)	U. S.	1902	——	817	128
Ensenada	[2]Everett E. Bailey (C.)	Illinois	1900	1,500	680	27
La Paz	[2]———— (C.)	——	——	——	359	24
San José	Arthur Embleton (A.)	Illinois	1902	——	112	——
Manzanillo	K. M. Van Zandt, jr. (C. A.)	Texas	1901	——	318	4
Matamoros	P. Merrill Griffith (C.)	Ohio	1898	1,500	210	24
Mazatlan	Louis Kaiser (C.)	Illinois	1898	2,000	1,417	78
Topolobampo	August Sattler (A.)	Maryland	1903	——	——	——
Mexico	Andrew D. Barlow (C. G.)	Missouri	1897	4,000	1,210	1,423
Guadalajara	Edward B. Light (A.)	Colorado	1896	——	255	126
Guanajuato	Dwight Furness (A.)	Mexico	1889	——	114	——
Oaxaca	Charles H. Arthur (A.)	Missouri	1899	——	257	30
Puebla	William Headen (A.)	Texas	1899	——	411	146
Zacatecas	Edmund Von Gehren (A.)	Texas	1892	——	165	12
Monterey	Philip C. Hanna (C. G.)	Iowa	1899	3,000	1,406	193
Victoria	William J. Storms (A.)	N. Y	1898	——	118	——
Nogales	A. R. Morawetz (C.)	Arizona	1902	1,500	4,629	103
Guaymas	Frank M. Crocker (A.)	Iowa	1902	——	2,349	124
Nuevo Laredo	Alonzo B. Garrett (C.)	W. Va.	1901	2,000	3,866	11
Progreso	Edward H. Thompson (C.)	Mass	1897	1,500	1,887	156
Campeche	Joseph Espinola (A.)	La	1902	——	129	4
Laguna de Terminos	German Hahn (A.)	U. S.	1894	——	147	——
Saltillo	Victor L. Duhalme	N. H.	1903	1,500	811	72
Tampico	Samuel E. Magill (C.)	Illinois	1897	2,000	2,216	227
San Luis Potosi	Sewall E. Cross (A.)	Maine	1901	——	1,029	184
Tuxpan	[2]A. J. Lespinasse (C.)	N. Y.	1902	——	373	10
Vera Cruz	William W. Canada (C.)	Indiana	1897	3,000	3,297	633
Coatzacoalcos	Arthur R. Stubbs (A.)	N. Y.	1901	——	387	22
Frontera	Arthur Gehm (A.)	Penn	1900	——	531	14
Tlacotalpan	H. J. Largdon (A.)	Cal	1901	——	353	64
MOROCCO.						
Tangier	Samuel R. Gummere (C. G.)	N. J.	1898	2,000	281	91
Casa Blanca	Conrad H. Toel (A.)	Morocco	1900	——	85	——
Mogador	George Broome (A.)	Morocco	1891	——	232	——

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Person appointed.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902.	
					Official.	Notarial.
NETHERLANDS & DOMINIONS.						
Amsterdam	Frank D. Hill (C.)	Minn	1899	$2,500	$7,603	$1,144
Batavia, Java	[2]Bradstreet S. Rairden (C.)	Maine	1900	1,000	1,017	38
Macassar, Celebes	Karl Auer (A.)	Celebes	1895	——	288	23
Padang, Sumatra	C. G. Veth (A.)	Sumatra	1900	——	707	16
Samarang	B. Caulfield Stoker (A.)	Java	1899	——	283	46
Soerabaya	Benjamin N. Powell (A.)	Java	1897	——	716	——
Curacao, W. I.	Elias H. Cheney (C.)	N. H.	1899	2,000	931	158
Buen Ayre	G. W. Hellmund (A.)	B. Ayre	1900	——	215	——
Rotterdam	Soren Listoe (C. G.)	Minn	1897	2,500	8,632	1,926
Flushing	P. F. Auer (A.)	Neth	1899	——	45	2
Schiedam	Anders C. Nelson (A.)	Illinois	1901	——	2,062	10
St. Martin, W. I.	[2]D. C. Van Romondt (C.)	St. Martin	1876	——	52	2
St. Eustatius	J. G. C. Every (A.)	——	1891	——	——	——
NICARAGUA.						
Cape Gracias a Dios	William P. Henley (C. A.)	Indiana	1903	——	——	——
Managua	Chester Donaldson (C.)	N. Y.	1898	2,000	75	58
Corinto	Henry Palazio (A.)	Nicar	1885	——	875	——
Matagalpa	Isaac A. Manning (A.)	Indiana	1899	——	105	1
San Juan del Sur	C. Holman (A.)	Nicar	1886	——	115	——
San Juan del Norte	———— (C.)	——	——	2,500	1,166	50
Bluefields	E. W. Trimmer (A.)	N. Y.	1903	——	1,131	——
OMAN.						
Muskat	Archibald Mackirdy (V. C.)	Marskat	1891	——	227	——
PANAMA.						
Colon	Oscar Malmros (C.)	Minn	1901	3,000	1,028	206
Bocas del Toro	David R. Hand (A.)	Colombia	1895	——	1,034	8
Panama	Hezekiah A. Gudger (C. G.)	N. C.	1897	4,000	663	227
Cali	Henry J. Eder (A.)	N. Y.	1902	——	——	16
PARAGUAY.						
Asuncion	John N. Ruffin (C.)	Tenn	1897	1,500	15	4
PERSIA.						
Teheran	John Tyler (V. C. G.)	Persia	1893	——	5	3
PERU.						
Callao	Alfred M. Gottschalk (C.)	N. Y.	1903	3,500	901	329
Chiclayo	Theodore Stechmann (A.)	Peru	1899	——	170	——
Mollendo	Enrique Meier (A.)	Peru	1893	——	316	——
Paita	Louis Blacker (A.)	Peru	1901	——	789	——
Salaverry	George W. Chase (A.)	Maine	1900	——	487	——
PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS.						
Funchal, Madeira	Thomas C. Jones (C.)	Kentucky	1893	1,500	416	51
Lisbon	[2]Jacob H. Thieriot (C.)	N. Y.	1898	——	1,422	264
Brava, C. V. I.	A. J. Nunes (A.)	C. V. I.	1900	——	47	——
Faro	F. J. Tavares (A.)	Portugal	1895	——	202	——
Oporto	William Stuve (A.)	Portugal	1876	——	995	——
St. Vincent, C. V. I	J. B. Guimaraes (A.)	C. V. I.	1895	——	465	——
Setubal	J. P. T. O'Neill (A.)	Portugal	1895	——	185	——
Lorenzo Marquez	W. Stanley Hollis (C.)	Mass	1898	2,500	33	26
Beira	A. W. H. Glenny (A.)	E. Africa	1902	——	——	——
St. Michael's, Azores	George H. Pickerell (C.)	Ohio	1898	1,500	593	332
Fayal	Moyses Benarus (A.)	Azores	1899	——	191	——
Flores	James Mackay (A.)	Azores	1872	——	61	——
San Jorge	J. J. Cardozo (A.)	Azores	1879	——	56	——
Terceira	H. de Castro (A.)	Azores	1875	——	64	——
RUMANIA.						
Bucharest	[2]Wm. G. Boxhall (V. C. G.)	Rumania	1884	——	——	——
RUSSIA.						
Batum	[2]James C. Chambers (C.)	N. Y.	1890	——	463	37
Dalny, Manchuria	M. M. Langhorne (C. A.)	Virginia	1903	——	——	——
Helsingfors	[2]———— (C.)	——	——	——	32	93
Abo	Victor Forsellius (A.)	Russia	1890	——	12	41
Wiborg	C. E. Ekstrom (A.)	Russia	1892	——	——	——
Moscow	Samuel Smith (C.)	N. J.	1901	2,000	2,479	118
Odessa	Thomas E. Heenan (C.)	Minn	1885	2,500	259	70
Rostoff & Taganrog	William R. Martin (A.)	Russia	1901	——	130	——
Riga	[2]N. P. A. Bornholdt (C.)	Russia	1890	1,000	441	52
St. Petersburg	Ethelbert Watts (C. G.)	Penn.	1903	3,000	717	310
Cronstadt	Peter Wigius (A.)	Russia	1883	——	——	——
Libau	Hugo Smit (A.)	Russia	1892	——	332	27
Revel	Christian Rotermann (A.)	Russia	1902	——	75	8
Vladivostock	[2]Richard T. Greener (C. A.)	N. Y.	1898	2,500	150	60
Warsaw	C. R. Slocum (C.)	N. Y.	1903	——	134	100

PLACE	NAME AND RANK.	Whence appointed	Year appointed	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
SALVADOR.						
San Salvador	John Jenkins (C. G.)	Nebraska	1901	$2,000	——	$47
Acajutla	Frank Wager (A.)	Penn	1903	——	$499	——
La Libertad	Henry Hussey (A.)	Salvador	1902	——	214	2
La Union	S. F. Lord (A.)	Cal	1900	——	222	——
SERVIA.						
Belgrade	[2]Christian Vogeli (V. C. G.)	Servia	1900	——	37	——
SIAM.						
Bangkok	[4]Paul Nash (C. G.)	N. Y.	1903	1,800	71	86
SPAIN AND DOM.						
Alicante	[2]——— (C.)	——	——	——	395	.68
Barcelona	Julius G. Lay (C. G.)	D. C.	1899	3,000	4,782	2,201
Bilbao	C. Yensen (A.)	Spain	1899	——	868	610
Gijon	——— (A.)	——	——	——	123	1,043
San Feliu de Guixols	F. Esteva (A.)	La	1899	——	887	70
Santander	F. Odriozola (A.)	Spain	1900	——	727	867
Tarragona	L. J. Agostini (A.)	Cal	1899	——	427	42
Cadiz	Richard M. Bartleman (C.)	Mass	1903	1,500	890	259
Algeciras	——— (A.)	——	——	——	——	——
Huelva	William J. Alcock (A.)	Spain	1901	——	882	40
Port St. Mary's	G. M. Daniel (A.)	Spain	1899	——	746	8
Seville	Walter Salterton (A.)	Spain	1901	——	957	136
Carthagena	[2]Joseph Bowron (C.)	Spain	1899	——	226	36
Coruna	[2]Julio Harmony (C.)	N. Y.	1899	——	692	1,050
Vigo	Enrique Mulder (A.)	Spain	1900	——	372	333
Jeres de la Frontera	M. M. Price (C. A.)	S. Dakota	1902	——	1,359	16
Madrid	[2]——— (C.)	——	——	——	107	1,378
Malaga	David R. Birch (C.)	Penn	1902	1,500	2,607	236
Almeria	A. E. Carlton (A.)	Vermont	1899	——	2,094	8
Teneriffe, C. I.	Solomon Berliner (C.)	N. Y.	1899	1,500	1,056	411
Grand Canary	Peter Swanston (A.)	C. I.	1900	——	843	349
La Palma	Manuel Yanes (A.)	C. I.	1900	——	430	196
Valencia	Henry A. Johnson (C.)	D. C.	1903	1,500	853	153
Denia	J. R. Morand (A.)	Spain	1900	——	561	6
SWEDEN AND NORWAY.						
Bergen, Norway	[2]E. S. Cunningham (C.)	Tenn	1903	——	1,282	281
Drontheim	Claus Berg (A.)	Norway	1898	——	110	56
Stavanger	C. F. Falck (A.)	Norway	1898	——	572	94
Christiania, Norway	Henry Bordewich (C. G.)	Minn	1900	2,000	1,347	571
Arendal	Christian Eyde (A.)	Norway	1882	——	25	19
Christiansand	Berne Reinhardt (A.)	Norway	1897	——	110	183
Gothenburg, Sweden	Robert S. S. Bergh (C.)	N. Dakota	1898	1,500	1,543	450
Helsingborg	Lars Virgin (A.)	Sweden	1896	——	22	52
Malmo	Peter M. Flensburg (A.)	Sweden	1878	——	175	158
Stockholm	[4]E. L. Adams (C. G.)	N. Y.	1902	1,500	1,889	574
Surdsvall	Victor Svensson (A.)	Sweden	1898	——	10	5
SWITZERLAND.						
Basel	George Gifford (C.)	Maine	1884	3,000	4,693	284
Berne	Edward Higgins (C.)	Mass	1903	2,000	1,224	401
Chaux-de-Fonds	H. Rieckel, jr. (A.)	Switz	1898	——	1,471	93
Geneva	Horace Lee Washington (C.)	D. C.	1900	1,500	836	841
Vevey	William Cuenod (A.)	Switz	1893	——	861	383
Lucerne	H. H. Morgan (C.)	La	1902	2,000	820	546
Aarau	Joseph F. Voltz (A.)	Switz	1902	——	1,094	145
St. Gall	Thos. Willing Peters (C. G.)	Penn	1903	3,000	10,588	321
Zurich	Adam Lieberknecht (C.)	Illinois	1897	2,500	3,178	801
Winterthur	H. Gruebler (A.)	Switz	1901	——	490	10
TURKEY & DOM.						
Alexandretta	William R. Davis (C.)	Ohio	1899	1,500	125	130
Aleppo	Frederick Poché (A.)	Syria	1873	——	165	3
Mersine	R. Viterbo (A.)	Turkey	1897	——	25	30
Bagdad	[2]——— (C.)	——	——	——	318	——
Bassorah	James Hamilton (A.)	England	1895	——	105	18
Beirut, Syria	G. B. Ravndal (C.)	S. Dakota	1898	2,000	231	837
Damascus	Nasif Meshaka (A.)	Syria	1870	——	388	23
Haifa	G. Schumacher (A.)	Syria	1891	——	42	142
Tripoli	Ira Harris (A.)	N. Y.	1899	——	143	79
Cairo, Egypt	[3]John W. Riddle (C. G.)	Minn.	1903	5,000	728	501
Alexandria	James Hewat (A.)	Egypt	1894	——	2,101	32
Assioot	George Wissa Bey (A.)	Egypt	1903	——	——	——
Assuan	Daoud Takla (A.)	Egypt	1901	——	——	——
Luxor	A. K. M. el Ammari (A.)	Egypt	1901	——	——	——
Minieh	Wissa H. Abeid (A.)	Egypt	1903	——	——	——
Port Said	Harry Broadbent (A.)	Egypt	1900	——	572	1

PLACE.	NAME AND RANK.	Whence appointed.	Year appointed.	Salary.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Official.	Fees for year ending June 30, 1902. Notarial.
Suez	Alfred W. Haydn (A.)	Egypt	1890	——	$460	1
Constantinople	Chas. M. Dickinson (C. G.)	N. Y.	1897	$5,000	2,402	44
Dardanelles	Frank Calvert (A.)	Turkey	1874	——	——	
Saloniki	P. H. Lazzaro (A.)	Turkey	1870	——	611	11
Erzerum	Edward J. Sullivan (C.)	N. Y.	1903	2,000	2	—
Trebizond	H. Z. Longworth (A.)	Turkey	1890	——	120	
Harput	Thomas H. Norton (C.)	Ohio	1900	1,500	12	
Jerusalem, Syria	Selah Merrill (C.)	Mass	1898	2,500	81	3
Yafa	E. Hardegg (A.)	Syria	1871	——	13	
Sivas	Milo A. Jewett (C.)	Mass	1892	1,500	2	
Samsoun	G. C. Stephopoulo (A.)	Turkey	1895	——	166	
Smyrna	Rufus W. Lane (C.)	Ohio	1898	2,500	1,739	1
Mytilene	M. M. Fottion (A.)	Turkey	1869	——	3	—
URUGUAY.						
Colonia	[1]Benjamin D. Manton (C.)	R. I.	1869	——	[3] ——	—
Montevideo	John E. Hopley (C.)	Ohio	1903	3,000	1,246	1
Paysandu	John G. Hufnagel (C. A.)	Maryland	1891	——	24	
VENEZUELA.						
La Guayra	Louis Goldschmidt (C.)	N. H.	1896	2,000	898	2
Barcelona	Ignacio H. Baiz (A.)	Venez	1881	——	548	—
Caracas	Frederick de Sola (A.)	U. S.	1896	——	753	—
Carupano	——— (A.)	——	——	——	277	—
Ciudad Bolivar	Robert Henderson (A.)	Venez	1893	——	742	—
Cumana	J. G. N. Romberg (A.)	Venez	1883	——	163	—
Maracaibo	E. H. Plumacher (C. G.)	Tenn	1883	2,000	1,985	
Coro	J. L. Senior (A.)	Venez	1891	——	305	
San Cristobal	——— (A.)	——	——	——	——	—
Tovar	W. J. H. Muché (A.)	Germany	1898	——	——	—
Valera	——— (A.)	——	——	——	——	
Puerto Cabello	Thomas J. Cummins (C.)	N. Y.	1903	1,500	1,066	
Valencia	Silvio A. Braschi (A.)	Venez	1902	——	420	
ZANZIBAR.						
Zanzibar	Mason Mitchell (C.)	N. Y.	1902	2,000	169	—

CONSULAR CLERKS.

Place.	Name.	Whence appointed.	Original commission.	Compensation
Rome	Charles M. Wood	Vermont	Mar. 24, 1873	$1,
Yokohama	George H. Scidmore	Wisconsin	May 6, 1876	1,
Tunis	St. Leger A. Touhay	Dist. of Col.	July 1, 1883	1,
Frankfort	George H. Murphy	N. Carolina	June 22, 1886	1,
Washington	William Dulany Hunter	Minnesota	Dec. 13, 1888	1,
London	Richard Westacott	Mass.	Nov. 21, 1898	1,
Berlin	Dean B. Mason	Ohio	June 8, 1899	1,
Madrid	Maddin Summers	Tennessee	July 27, 1899	1,
Warsaw	Hernando de Soto	California	Feb. 7, 1902	1,
Paris	Augustus E. Ingram	California	May 15, 1902	1,
Paris	Frederic W. Cauldwell	Dist. of Col.	Mar. 30, 1903	1,
Naples	Homer M. Byington	Connecticut	Mar. 31, 1903	1,

NOTE.—Consular agencies are attached above to the consulates of which they branch offices. Abbreviations used are: (C. G.), Consul General; (V. C. G.), Vi Consul General; (C.), Consul; (V. C.), Vice-Consul; (C. A.), Commercial Age (A.), Consular Agent. [1]Also Minister Resident. [2]Allowed to engage in business. consular officials not receiving fixed salaries have the same privilege. [3]Also Diploma Agent. [4]Also Secretary of Legation. The aggregate of official fees, when not exce ing $2,500, is retained by officers not receiving a salary fixed by law; any surp over $2,500 is turned into the Treasury. Consuls who receive a fixed salary re notarial fees only, and are accountable to the government for all official fees recei by them.

On September 20, 1895, an executive order was issued incorporating in the Fede Civil Service the Consular Service to the extent embraced in this paragraph: "It hereby ordered that any vacancy in a consulate or commercial agency now or hereaf existing, the salary of which is not more than $2,500, nor less than $1,000, or the co pensation of which, if derived from official fees, exclusive of notarial and ot unofficial receipts, does not exceed $2,500, nor fall below $1,000, shall be filled (1) a transfer or promotion from some other position under the Department of State o character tending to qualify the incumbent for the position to be filled; or (2) by pointment of a person not under the Department of State, but having previously ser thereunder to its satisfaction in a capacity tending to qualify him for the position be filled; or (3) by the appointment of a person who, having furnished the custom evidence of character, responsibility, and capacity, and being thereupon selected the President for examination, is found upon such examination to be qualified for position."

PRINCIPAL JUDICIAL OFFICERS.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(Salary of Chief Justice, $13,000; of each Justice, $12,500.)

Circuit.	Justices.	Appointed.
	MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, Chief Justice	1888
1.	OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES, Massachusetts	1902
2.	RUFUS W. PECKHAM, New-York	1895
3.	[1]WILLIAM R. DAY, Ohio	1903
4.	MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois	1888
5.	EDWARD D. WHITE, Louisiana	1894
6.	JOHN M. HARLAN, Kentucky	1877
7.	HENRY B. BROWN, Michigan	1890
8.	DAVID J. BREWER, Kansas	1889
9.	JOSEPH M'KENNA, California	1898

Reporter of the Supreme Court—Charles Henry Butler (1903), New-York.
Clerk—James H. McKenney (1880), District of Columbia.
Marshal—J. M. Wright (1888), Kentucky.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT JUDGES.

(Annual salary, $7,000.)

I. Maine, Massachusetts, New-Hampshire and Rhode Island; Le Baron B. Colt, Rhode Island; William L. Putnam, Maine.

II. Connecticut, New-York and Vermont; William J. Wallace, E. Henry Lacombe and Alfred C. Coxe, New-York; William K. Townsend, Connecticut.

III. Delaware, New-Jersey and Pennsylvania; Marcus W. Acheson and George M. Dallas, Pennsylvania; George Gray, Delaware.

IV. Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia and W. Virginia; Nathan Goff, West Virginia; Charles H. Simonton, South Carolina.

V. Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas: Don A. Pardee, Louisiana; Andrew P. McCormick, Texas; David D. Shelby, Alabama.

VI. Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio and Tennessee; Horace H. Lurton, Tennessee; John K. Richards, Ohio; Henry F. Severens, Michigan.

VII. Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin; Francis E. Baker, Indiana; James G. Jenkins, Wisconsin; Peter S. Grosscup, Illinois.

VIII. Arkansas, Colorado, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming, New-Mexico, Oklahoma and Indian Territories; Walter H. Sanborn, Minnesota; Amos M. Thayer, Missouri; Willis Van Devanter, Wyoming; William C. Hook, Kansas.

IX. California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon and Washington, and Territories of Alaska, Arizona and Hawaii: William W. Morrow and Erskine M. Ross, California; William B. Gilbert, Oregon.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGES.

(Annual salary, $6,000.)

Alabama—(N. D., M. D.) T. G. Jones, Montgomery; (S. D.) H. T. Toulmin, Mobile.

Arkansas—(E. D.) Jacob Trieber, Little Rock; (W. D.) J. H. Rogers, Fort Smith.

California—(N. D.) J. J. De Haven, San Francisco; (S. D.) Olin Wellborn, Los Angeles.

Colorado—Moses Hallett, Denver.

Connecticut—Jas. P. Platt, Hartford.

Delaware—E. G. Bradford, Wilmington.

Florida—(N. D.) Charles Swayne, Pensacola; (S. D.) J. W. Locke, Jacksonville.

Georgia—(N. D.) W. T. Newman, Atlanta; (S. D.) Emory Speer, Macon.

Hawaii—Sanford B. Dole, Honolulu.

Idaho—James H. Beatty, Boise City.

Illinois—(N. D.) C. C. Kohlsaat, Chicago; (S. D.) J. O. Humphrey, Springfield.

Indiana—Albert B. Anderson, Indianapolis.

Iowa—(N. D.) ——— ———; (S. D.) Smith McPherson, Red Oak.

Kansas—John C. Pollock, Topeka.

Kentucky—(E. D.) A. M. J. Cochran, Maysville; (W. D.) Walter Evans, Louisville.

Louisiana—(E. D.) Charles Parlange, New-Orleans; (W. D.) Aleck Boarman, Shreveport.

Maine—Clarence Hale, Portland.

Maryland—Thomas J. Morris, Baltimore.

Massachusetts—Francis C. Lowell, Boston.

Michigan—(E. D.) Hy. H. Swan, Detroit; (W. D.), Geo. P. Wanty, Grand Rapids.

Minnesota—William Lochren, Minneapolis; Page Morris, Duluth.

Mississippi—(N. and S. D.) Henry C. Niles, Kosciusko.

Missouri—(E. D.) Elmer B. Adams, St. Louis; (W. D.) J. F. Phillips, Kansas City.

Montana—Hiram Knowles, Helena.

Nebraska—William H. Munger, Omaha.

Nevada—Thos. P. Hawley, Carson City.

New-Hampshire—Edgar Aldrich, Littleton.

New-Jersey—Andrew Kirkpatrick, Newark.

New-York—(N. D.) George W. Ray, Norwich; (S. D.) George B. Adams and George C. Holt, New-York City; (E. D.) Edward B. Thomas, Brooklyn; (W. D.) John R. Hazel, Buffalo.

North Carolina—(E. D.) T. R. Purnell, Raleigh; (W. D.) J. E. Boyd, Greensboro.

North Dakota—Charles F. Amidon, Fargo.

Ohio—(N. D.) A. J. Ricks and F. J. Wing, Cleveland; (S. D.) A. C. Thompson, Cincinnati.

Oregon—Charles B. Bellinger, Portland.

Pennsylvania—(E. D.) John B. McPherson, Philadelphia; (M. D.) Robert W. Archbald, Scranton; (W. D.) Joseph Buffington, Pittsburg.

Porto Rico—Wm. H. Holt, San Juan.

Rhode Island—A. L. Brown, Providence.

South Carolina—William H. Brawley, Charleston.

South Dakota—J. E. Carland, Sioux Falls.

Tennessee—(E. and M. D.) Charles D. Clark, Chattanooga; (W. D.) Eli S. Hammond, Memphis.

Texas—(N. D.) Edward R. Meek, Fort

[1]Appointed Feb. 25, 1903, vice George Shiras, jr., retired.

Worth; (S. D.) Waller T. Burns, Houston; (E. D.) David E. Bryant, Sherman; (W. D.) Thomas S. Maxey, Austin.

Utah—John A. Marshall, Salt Lake City.

Vermont—Hoyt H. Wheeler, Brattleboro.

Virginia—(E. D.) Edmund Waddill, jr., Richmond; (W. D.) Henry C. McDowell, Bigstone Gap.

Washington—C. H. Hanford, Seattle.

West Virginia—(N. D.) John J. Jackson, Parkersburg; (S. D.) Benjamin F. Keller, Bramwell.

Wisconsin—(E. D.) W. H. Seaman, Milwaukee; (W. D.) Romanzo Bunn, Madison.

Wyoming—John A. Riner. Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES JUDGES IN TERRITORIES AND FEDERAL DISTRICT.

Alaska—First Division, M. C. Brown, Juneau; Second Division, Alfred S. Moore, Nome. Third Division, James Wickersham, Eagle City. Annual salary, $5,000.

Arizona—Chief Justice, Edward Kent, Phœnix. Associate Justices—G. R. Davis, Tucson; Fletcher M. Doan, Florence; R. E. Sloan, Prescott. Annual salary, $3,000.

Hawaii—Supreme Court—Chief Justice, W. F. Frear. Associate Justices—Clinton A. Galbraith and Antonio Perry, Honolulu. Annual salary of Chief Justice, $5,500; of Associates, $5,000. Circuit Judges—First Circuit, John T. DeBolt, George D. Gear and W. J. Robinson, Honolulu; Second Circuit, John W. Kalua, Wailuku; Third Circuit, W. S. Edings, Kailua; Fourth Circuit, G. F. Little, Hilo; Fifth Circuit, J. Hardy, Lihue. Annual salary, $3,000.

Indian Territory—Judges District Courts—(N. D.) J. A. Gill, Vinita; (W. D.) C. W. Raymond, Muscogee; (C. D.) W. H. H. Clayton, South McAlester; (S. D.) H. Townsend, Ardmore, Annual salary, $5,000.

New-Mexico—Chief Justice, W. J. Mills, Las Vegas. Associate Justices—J. R. McFie, Santa Fe; Benj. S. Baker, Albuquerque; F. W. Parker, Silver City; W. H. Pope, Socorro. Annual salary, $3,000.

Oklahoma—Chief Justice, J. H. Burford, Guthrie. Associate Justices—C. F. Irwin, El Reno; B. F. Burwell, Oklahoma City; Bayard T. Hainer, Perry; F. E. Gillette, Anadarko; J. L. Pancoast, Alva; J. K. Beauchamp, Enid. Annual salary, $3,000.

Porto Rico—Chief Justice, José Severo Quinones, San Juan. Associate Justices—Louis Sulzbacher. José C. Hernandez, José M. Figueras and James H. McLeary, San Juan. Annual salary of Chief Justice, $5,000; of Associate Justices, $4,500.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

Chief Justice, Charles C. Nott, New-York. Associate Justices—L. Weldon, Illinois; S. J. Peelle, Indiana; C. B. Howry, Mississippi; Francis M. Wright, Illinois. Annual salary of Chief Justice, $6,500; of Associate Justices, $6,000.

U. S. COURT, PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS.

(Official address, Santa Fe, N. M.)

Chief Justice, J. R. Reed, Iowa. Associate Justices—H. C. Sluss, Kansas; W. F. Stone, Colorado; W. W. Murray, Tennessee; F. I. Osborne, North Carolina. Annual salary, $5,000. Attorney, M. G. Reynolds, Missouri. Annual salary, $3,500.

COURT OF APPEALS, D. C.

Chief Justice, Richard H. Alvey, Maryland. Associate Justices—Martin F. Morris and Seth Shepard, D. C. Annual salary of Chief Justice, $7,500; of Associates, $7,000.

SUPREME COURT, D. C.

Chief Justice, Harry M. Clabaugh, Maryland. Associate Justices—Job Barnard and T. H. Anderson, D. C.; Ashley M. Gould, Maryland; Jeter C. Pritchard, North Carolina; Daniel Thew Wright, Ohio. Annual salary, $6,000.

U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

(Salaries range from $3,000 to $6,000, according to relative importance of posts.)

Alabama—(N. D.) Thomas R. Roulhac, Birmingham; (M. D.) W. S. Reese, jr., Montgomery; (S. D.) M. D. Wickersham, Mobile.

Alaska—First District, John J. Boyce, Juneau; Second, Melvin Grigsby, Nome; Third, N. V. Harlan, Eagle City.

Arizona—Fred'k S. Nave, Tucson.

Arkansas—(E. D.) W. G. Whipple, Little Rock; (W. D.) J. K. Barnes, Fort Smith.

California—(N. D.) M. B. Woodworth, San Francisco; (S. D.) L. H. Valentine, Los Angeles.

Colorado—Earl M. Cranston, Denver.

Connecticut—F. H. Parker, Hartford.

Delaware—John P. Nields, Wilmington.

District of Columbia—Morgan H. Beach, Washington.

Florida—(N. D. William B. Sheppard, Pensacola; (S. D.) J. N. Stripling, Jacksonville.

Georgia—(N. D.) Edgar A. Angier, Atlanta; (S. D.) Marion Erwin, Macon.

Hawaii—Rob't W. Breckons, Honolulu.

Idaho—Robert V. Cozier, Moscow.

Illinois—(N. D.) S. H. Bethea, Chicago; (S. D.) T. Worthington, Springfield.

Indiana—J. B. Kealing, Indianapolis.

Indian Territory—(N. D.) P. L. Soper, Vinita; (C. D.) J. H. Wilkins, South McAlester; (W. D.) Wm. H. Mellette, Muscogee; (S. D.) W. B. Johnson, Ardmore.

Iowa—(N. D.) H. G. McMillan, Cedar Rapids; (S. D.) Lewis Miles, Corydon.

Kansas—John S. Dean, Topeka.

Kentucky—(E. D.) J. H. Tinsley, Covington; (W. D.) R. D. Hill, Louisville.

Louisiana—(E. D.) W. W. Howe, New-Orleans; (W. D.) M. C. Elstner, Shreveport.

Maine—Isaac W. Dyer, Portland.

Maryland—John C. Rose, Baltimore.

Massachusetts—Hy. P. Moulton, Boston.

Michigan—(E. D.) W. D. Gordon, Detroit; (W. D.) G. G. Covell, Grand Rapids.

Minnesota—Chas. C. Haupt, St. Paul.

Mississippi—(N. D.) M. A. Montgomery, Oxford; (S. D.) Robert C. Lee, Jackson.

Missouri—(E. D.) D. P. Dyer, St. Louis; (W. D.) William Warner, Kansas City.

Montana—Carl Rasch, Helena.

Nebraska—W. S. Summers, Omaha.

Nevada — Sardis Summerfield, Carson City.

New-Hampshire—C. J. Hamblett, Concord.

New-Jersey—J. B. Vreeland, Morristown.

New-Mexico—William B. Childers, Albuquerque.

New-York—(N. D.) G. R. Curtiss, Binghamton; (S. D.) H. L. Burnett, New-York City; (E. D.) William J. Youngs, Brooklyn; (W. D.) C. H. Brown, Buffalo.

North Carolina—(E. D.) Harry Skinner, Raleigh; (W. D.) A. E. Holton, Winston.

North Dakota—P. H. Rourke, Fargo.

Ohio—(N. D.) John J. Sullivan, Cleveland: (S. D.) Sherman T. McPherson, Cincinnati.

Oklahoma—Horace Speed, Guthrie.

Oregon—John H. Hall, Portland.

Pennsylvania—(E. D.) J. B. Holland, Philadelphia; (M. D.) S. J. M. McCarrell, Harrisburg; (W. D.) Jas. S. Young, Pittsburg.

Porto Rico—N. B. K. Pettingill, San Juan.

Rhode Island—C. A. Wilson, Providence.

S. Carolina—J. G. Capers, Charleston.

South Dakota—J. D. Elliott, Sioux Falls.

Tennessee—(E. D.) W. D. Wright, Knoxville; (M. D.) A. M. Tillman, Nashville; (W. D.) George Randolph, Memphis.

Texas—(N. D.) W. H. Atwell, Dallas; (S. D.) M. C. McLemore, Galveston; (E. D.) James W. Ownby, Paris; (W. D.) Henry Terrell, San Antonio.

Utah—Joseph Lippman, Salt Lake City.

Vermont—James L. Martin, Brattleboro.

Virginia—(E. D.) Lunsford L. Lewis, Richmond; (W. D.) T. L. Moore, Roanoke.

Washington—Jesse A. Frye, Seattle.

West Virginia—(N. D.) Reese Blizzard, Parkersburg; (S. D.) George W. Atkinson, Charleston.

Wisconsin—(E. D.) Henry K. Butterfield, Milwaukee; (W. D.) William G. Wheeler, Madison.

Wyoming—Timothy F. Burke, Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

Alabama—(N. D.) Daniel N. Cooper, Birmingham; (M. D.) Leander J. Bryan, Montgomery; (S. D.) ——— ———, Mobile.

Alaska—(First Division) James M. Shoup, Juneau; (Second Division) Frank H. Richards, Nome; (Third Division) George G. Perry, Eagle City.

Arizona—Myron H. McCord, Phœnix.

Arkansas—(E. D.) Asbury S. Fowler, Little Rock; (W. D.) Solomon F. Stahl, Fort Smith.

California—(N. D.) John H. Shine, San Francisco; (S. D.) Henry Z. Osborne, Los Angeles.

Colorado—Dewey C. Bailey, Denver.

Connecticut—Edson S. Bishop, Hartford.

Delaware—John C. Short, Wilmington.

District of Columbia—Aulick Palmer, Washington.

Florida—(N. D.) Thomas F. McGourin; (S. D.) John F. Horr, Tampa.

Georgia—(N. D.) Walter H. Johnson, Atlanta; (S. D.) John M. Barnes, Macon.

Hawaii—E. R. Hendry, Honolulu.

Idaho—Ruel Rounds, Boisé.

Illinois—(N. D.) John C. Ames, Chicago; (S. D.) Charles P. Hitch, Springfield.

Indiana—Henry C. Pettit, Indianapolis.

Indian Territory—(N. D.) William H. Darrough, Vinita; (W. D.) Leo E. Bennett, Muscogee; (C. D.) Benjamin F. Hackett, South McAlester; (S. D.) Benjamin H. Colbert, Ardmore.

Iowa—(N. D.) Edward Knott, Dubuque; (S. D.) George M. Christian, Des Moines.

Kansas—William H. Mackey, jr., Topeka.

Kentucky—(E. D.) Stephen G. Sharp, Covington; (W. D.) Addison D. James, Louisville.

Louisiana—(E. D.) Charles Fontelieu, New-Orleans; (W. D.) B. F. Oneal, Shreveport.

Maine—Henry W. Mayo, Portland.

Maryland—John F. Langhammer, Baltimore.

Massachusetts — Charles K. Darling, Boston.

Michigan—(E. D.) William R. Bates, Detroit; (W. D.) Frank W. Wait, Grand Rapids.

Minnesota—William H. Grimshaw, St. Paul.

Mississippi—(N. D.) George M. Buchanan, Oxford; (S. D.) Edgar S. Wilson, Jackson.

Missouri—(E. D.) William L. Morsey, St. Louis; (W. D.) Edwin R. Durham, Kansas City.

Montana—C. F. Lloyd, Helena.

Nebraska — Trevanyon L. Mathews, Omaha.

Nevada—J. F. Emmitt, Carson City.

New-Hampshire—Eugene P. Nute, Concord.

New-Jersey—Thomas J. Alcott, Trenton.

New-Mexico—Creighton M. Foraker, Albuquerque.

New-York—(N. D.) Clinton MacDougall, Auburn; (S. D.) William Henkel, New-York City; (E. D.) Charles J. Haubert, Brooklyn; (W. D.) William R. Compton, Elmira.

North Carolina—(E. D.) Henry C. Dockery, Raleigh; James M. Millikan, Greensboro.

North Dakota—John E. Haggart, Fargo.

Ohio—(N. D.) Frank M. Chandler, Cleveland; (S. D.) Vivian J. Fagan, Cincinnati.

Oklahoma—William D. Fossett, Guthrie.

Oregon—Walter F. Mathews, Portland.

Pennsylvania—(E. D.) John B. Robinson, Philadelphia; (M. D.) Frederick C. Leonard, Harrisburg; (W. D.) Stephen P. Stone, Pittsburg.

Porto Rico—Edward S. Wilson, San Juan.

Rhode Island—John E. Kendrick, Providence.

South Carolina—J. Duncan Adams, Charleston.

South Dakota—Edward G. Kennedy, Sioux Falls.

Tennessee—(E. D.) Richard W. Austin, Knoxville; (M. D.) John W. Overall, Nashville; (W. D.) Frank S. Elgin, Memphis.

Texas—(N. D.) George H. Green, Dallas; (S. D.) William M. Hanson, Galveston; (E. D.) Andrew J. Houston, Paris; (W. D. George L. Siebrecht, San Antonio.

Utah—Benjamin B. Heywood, Salt Lake City.

Vermont—Horace Ward Bailey, Newbury.

Virginia—(E. D.) Morgan Treat, Richmond; (W. D.) S. Brown Allen, Harrisonburg.

Washington—Charles B. Hopkins, Tacoma.

West Virginia—(N. D.) Charles D. Elliott, Parkersburg; (S. D.) John K. Thompson, Charleston.

Wisconsin—(E. D.) Thomas B. Reid, Milwaukee; (W. D.) Charles Lewiston, Madison.

Wyoming—Frank A. Hadsell, Cheyenne.

THE FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

THE SENATE.

WILLIAM P. FRYE, of Maine, President pro tempore of the Senate.
CHARLES G. BENNETT, of New-York, Secretary.
Republicans, 57; Democrats, 33; total, 90.

Term exp.	ALABAMA.	Home P. O.
1907	John T. Morgan (D.)	Selma.
1909	Edm. W. Pettus (D.)	Selma.
	ARKANSAS.	
1907	James H. Berry (D.)	Bentonville.
1909	Jas. P. Clarke (D.)	Little Rock.
	CALIFORNIA.	
1905	Thomas R. Bard (R.)	Hueneme.
1909	Geo. C. Perkins (R.)	Oakland.
	COLORADO.	
1907	Thos. M. Patterson (D.)	Denver.
1909	Henry M. Teller (D.)	Central City.
	CONNECTICUT.	
1905	Jos. R. Hawley (R.)	Hartford.
1909	Orville H. Platt (R.)	Meriden.
	DELAWARE.	
1905	L. Heisler Ball (R.)	Faulkland.
1907	J. Frank Allee (R.)	Dover.
	FLORIDA.	
1905	Jas. P. Taliaferro (D.)	Jacksonville.
1909	S. R. Mallory (D.)	Pensacola.
	GEORGIA.	
1907	A. O. Bacon (D.)	Macon.
1909	Alex. S. Clay (D.)	Marietta.
	IDAHO.	
1907	Fred. T. Dubois (D.)	Boise City.
1909	W. B. Heyburn (R.)	Wallace.
	ILLINOIS.	
1907	Shelby M. Cullom (R.)	Springfield.
1909	Albert J. Hopkins (R.)	Aurora.
	INDIANA.	
1905	A. J. Beveridge (R.)	Indianapolis.
1909	C. W. Fairbanks (R.)	Indianapolis.
	IOWA.	
1907	John P. Dolliver (R.)	Fort Dodge.
1909	Wm. B. Allison (R.)	Dubuque.
	KANSAS.	
1907	Jos. R. Burton (R.)	Abilene.
1909	Chester I. Long (R.)	Medicine Lodge.
	KENTUCKY.	
1907	J. C. S. Blackburn (D.)	Versailles.
1909	Jas. B. McCreary (D.)	Richmond.
	LOUISIANA.	
1907	Murphy J. Foster (D.)	Franklin.
1909	S. D. McEnery (D.)	New-Orleans.
	MAINE.	
1905	Eugene Hale (R.)	Ellsworth.
1907	William P. Frye (R.)	Lewiston.
	MARYLAND.	
1905	Louis E. McComas (R.)	Williamsport.
1909	Arthur P. Gorman (D.)	Laurel.
	MASSACHUSETTS.	
1905	Henry C. Lodge (R.)	Nahant.
1907	George F. Hoar (R.)	Worcester.
	MICHIGAN.	
1905	Julius C. Burrows (R.)	Kalamazoo.
1907	Russell A. Alger (R.)	Detroit.
	MINNESOTA.	
1905	Moses E. Clapp (R.)	St. Paul.
1907	Knute Nelson (R.)	Alexandria.

Term exp.	MISSISSIPPI.	Home P. O.
1905	H. de S. Money (D.)	Carrollton.
1907	A. J. McLaurin (D.)	Brandon.
	MISSOURI.	
1905	F. M. Cockrell (D.)	Warrensburg.
1909	Wm. J. Stone (D.)	St. Louis.
	MONTANA.	
1905	Paris Gibson (D.)	Great Falls.
1907	William A. Clark (D.)	Helena.
	NEBRASKA.	
1905	Chas. H. Dietrich (R.)	Hastings.
1907	Joseph H. Millard (R.)	Omaha.
	NEVADA.	
1905	Wm. M. Stewart (R.)	Virginia City.
1909	F. G. Newlands (D.)	Reno.
	NEW-HAMPSHIRE.	
1907	H. E. Burnham (R.)	Manchester.
1909	Jacob H. Gallinger (R.)	Concord.
	NEW-JERSEY.	
1905	John Kean (R.)	Elizabeth.
1907	[1]John F. Dryden (R.)	Newark.
	NEW-YORK.	
1905	Ch. M. Depew (R.)	New-York.
1909	Thomas C. Platt (R.)	Owego.
	NORTH CAROLINA.	
1907	F. M. Simmons (D.)	New-Bern.
1909	Lee S. Overman (D.)	Salisbury.
	NORTH DAKOTA.	
1905	P. J. McCumber (R.)	Wahpeton.
1909	H. C. Hansbrough (R.)	Devils Lake.
	OHIO.	
1905	Marcus A. Hanna (R.)	Cleveland.
1909	Jos. B. Foraker (R.)	Cincinnati.
	OREGON.	
1907	John H. Mitchell (R.)	Portland.
1909	Chas. W. Fulton (R.)	Astoria.
	PENNSYLVANIA.	
1905	Matthew S. Quay (R.)	Beaver.
1909	Boies Penrose (R.)	Philadelphia.
	RHODE ISLAND.	
1905	Nelson W. Aldrich (R.)	Providence.
1907	Geo. P. Wetmore (R.)	Newport.
	SOUTH CAROLINA.	
1907	Benj. R. Tillman (D.)	Trenton.
1909	Asbury C. Latimer (D.)	Belton.
	SOUTH DAKOTA.	
1907	Robert J. Gamble (R.)	Yankton.
1909	A. B. Kittredge (R.)	Sioux Falls.
	TENNESSEE.	
1905	William B. Bate (D.)	Nashville.
1907	E. W. Carmack (D.)	Memphis.
	TEXAS.	
1905	Chas. A. Culberson (D.)	Dallas.
1907	Jos. W. Bailey (D.)	Gainesville.
	UTAH.	
1905	Thomas Kearns (R.)	Salt Lake.
1909	Reed Smoot (R.)	Provo City.
	VERMONT.	
1905	Redfield Proctor (R.)	Proctor.
1909	W. P. Dillingham (R.)	Montpelier.
	VIRGINIA.	
1905	John W. Daniel (D.)	Lynchburg.
1907	Thos. S. Martin (D.)	Scottsville.

[1]Elected to fill unexpired term of William J. Sewell.

Term exp.	WASHINGTON.	Home P. O.
1905	Addison G. Foster (R.)	Tacoma.
1909	Levi Ankeny (R.)	Walla Walla.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1905	Nathan B. Scott (R.)	Wheeling.
1907	Stephen B. Elkins (R.)	Elkins.

Term exp.	WISCONSIN.	Home P. O.
1905	Joseph V. Quarles (R.)	Milwaukee.
1909	John C. Spooner (R.)	Madison.

WYOMING.

1905	Clarence D. Clark (R.)	Evanston.
1907	Franc's E. Warren (R.)	Cheyenne.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

JOSEPH G. CANNON (R.), Illinois, Speaker.
ALEXANDER M'DOWELL, Pennsylvania, Clerk.
Republicans, 207; Democrats, 178; vacant, 1; whole number, 386.

ALABAMA.

1. George W. Taylor (D.) Demopolis.
2. Ariosto A. Wiley (D.) Montgomery.
3. Henry D. Clayton (D.) Eufaula.
4. Sidney J. Bowie (D.) Anniston.
5. C. W. Thompson (D.) Tuskegee.
6. John H. Bankhead (D.) Fayette.
7. John L. Burnett (D.) Gadsden.
8. William Richardson (D.) Huntsville.
9. O. W. Underwood (D.) Birmingham.

ARKANSAS.

1. R. Bruce Macon (D.) Helena.
2. S. Brundidge, jr. (D.) Searcy.
3. Hugh A. Dinsmore (D.) Fayetteville.
4. John S. Little (D.) Greenwood.
5. Charles C. Reid (D.) Morrilton.
6. J. T. Robinson (D.) Lonoke.
7. Minor Wallace (D.) Magnolia.

CALIFORNIA.

1. J. N. Gillett (R.) Eureka.
2. Theodore A. Bell (D.) Napa.
3. Victor H. Metcalf (R.) Oakland.
4. E. J. Livernash (D.) San Francisco.
5. William J. Wynn (D.) San Francisco.
6. J. C. Needham (R.) Modesto.
7. James McLachlan (R.) Pasadena.
8. M. J. Daniels (R.) Riverside.

COLORADO.

At Large—F. E. Brooks (R.) Colorado Sp'gs.
1. John F. Shafroth (D.) Denver.
2. H. M. Hogg (R.) Telluride.

CONNECTICUT.

At Large—Geo. L. Lilley (R.) Waterbury.
1. E. Stevens Henry (R.) Rockville.
2. N. D. Sperry (R.) New Haven.
3. F. B. Brandegee (R.) New London.
4. Ebenezer J. Hill (R.) Norwalk.

DELAWARE.

At Large—Henry A. Houston (D.) Millsboro.

FLORIDA.

1. S. M. Sparkman (D.) Tampa.
2. Robert W. Davis (D.) Palatka.
3. Wm. B. Lamar (D.) Tallahassee.

GEORGIA.

1. Rufus E. Lester (D.) Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs (D.) Dawson.
3. Elijah B. Lewis (D.) Montezuma.
4. Wm. C. Adamson (D.) Carrollton.
5. L. F. Livingston (D.) Kings.
6. Chas. L. Bartlett (D.) Macon.
7. John W. Maddox (D.) Rome.
8. Wm. M. Howard (D.) Lexington.
9. Farish C. Tate (D.) Jasper.
10. T. W. Hardwick (D.) Sandersville.
11. Wm. G. Brantley (D.) Brunswick.

IDAHO.

At Large—Burton L. French (R.) Moscow.

ILLINOIS.

1. Martin Emerich (D.) Chicago.
2. James R. Mann (R.) Chicago.
3. Wm. W. Wilson (R.) Chicago.
4. George P. Foster (D.) Chicago.
5. James McAndrews (D.) Chicago.
6. William Lorimer (R.) Chicago.
7. Philip Knopf (R.) Chicago.
8. Wm. F. Mahoney (D.) Chicago.
9. Henry S. Boutell (R.) Chicago.
10. George E. Foss (R.) Chicago.
11. H. M. Snapp (R.) Joliet.
12. Chas. E. Fuller (R.) Belvidere.
13. Robert R. Hitt (R.) Mt. Morris.
14. B. F. Marsh (R.) Warsaw.
15. George W. Prince (R.) Galesburg.
16. Joseph V. Graff (R.) Peoria.
17. J. A. Sterling (R.) Bloomington.
18. J. G. Cannon (R.) Danville.
19. V. Warner (R.) Clinton.
20. H. T. Rainey (D.) Carrollton.
21. Ben F. Caldwell (D.) Chatham.
22. W. A. Rodenburg (R.) East St. Louis.
23. Joseph B. Crowley (D.) Robinson.
24. James R. Williams (D.) Carmi.
25. George W. Smith (R.) Murphysboro.

INDIANA.

1. Jas. A. Hemenway (R.) Booneville.
2. Robert W. Miers (D.) Bloomington.
3. William T. Zenor (D.) Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith (D.) Vevay.
5. Elias S. Holliday (R.) Brazil.
6. James E. Watson (R.) Rushville.
7. Jesse Overstreet (R.) Indianapolis.
8. Geo. W. Cromer (R.) Muncie.
9. Chas. B. Landis (R.) Delphi.
10. E. D. Crumpacker (R.) Valparaiso.
11. Frederick Landis (R.) Logansport.
12. Jas. M. Robinson (D.) Fort Wayne.
13. Abraham L. Brick (R.) South Bend.

IOWA.

1. Thomas Hedge (R.) Burlington.
2. Martin J. Wade (D.) Iowa City.
3. B. P. Birdsall (R.) Clarion.
4. Gilbert N. Haugen (R.) Northwood.
5. Robt. G. Cousins (R.) Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey (R.) Oskaloosa.
7. John A. T. Hull (R.) Des Moines.
8. Wm. P. Hepburn (R.) Clarinda.
9. Walter I. Smith (R.) Council Bluffs
10. James P. Conner (R.) Denison.
11. Lot Thomas (R.) Storm Lake.

KANSAS.

At Large—C. F. Scott (R.) Iola.
1. Charles Curtis (R.) Topeka.
2. J. D. Bowersock (R.) Lawrence.
3. P. P. Campbell (R.) Pittsburg.
4. James M. Miller (R.) Council Grove.
5. W. A. Calderhead (R.) Marysville.
6. Wm. A. Reeder (R.) Logan.
7. Chester I. Long (R.) Medicine Lodge

KENTUCKY.

1. Ollie M. James (D.) Marion.
2. A. O. Stanley (D.) Henderson.
3. John S. Rhea (D.) Russellville.
4. David H. Smith (D.) Hodgensville.
5. Joseph S. Sherley (D.) Louisville.
6. D. Linn Gooch (D.) Covington.
7. South Trimble (D.) Frankfort.
8. George G. Gilbert (D.) Shelbyville.
9. James N. Kehoe (D.) Maysville.
10. F. A. Hopkins (D.) Prestonsburg.
11. [1]W. Godfrey Hunter (R.) Burksville.

[1]Elected Nov. 10, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by the death of Vincent Boreing (R.).

LOUISIANA.

1. Adolph Meyer (D.).....New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey (D.)....New Orleans.
3. Robt. F. Broussard (D.).New Iberia.
4. Phanor Breazeale (D.)..Natchitoches.
5. Joseph E. Ransdell (D.).La Providence.
6. Saml. M. Robertson (D.).Baton Rouge.
7. A. P. Pujo (D.).....Lake Charles.

MAINE.

1. Amos L. Allen (R.).....Alfred.
2. Chas. E. Littlefield (R.).Rockland.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh (R.).Augusta.
4. Llewellyn Powers (R.)..Houlton.

MARYLAND.

1. Wm. H. Jackson (R.)...Salisbury.
2. J. F. C. Talbott (D.)....Lutherville.
3. Frank C. Wachter (R.).Baltimore.
4. J. W. Denny (D.).....Baltimore.
5. Sydney E. Mudd (R.)...La Plata.
6. George A. Pearre (R.)..Cumberland.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1. Geo. P. Lawrence (R.)..North Adams.
2. Fredk. H. Gillett (R.)..Springfield.
3. John R. Thayer (D.)....Worcester.
4. Chas. Q. Tirrell (R.)....Natick.
5. Butler Ames (R.).....Lowell.
6. A. P. Gardner (R.).....Hamilton.
7. Ernest W. Roberts (R.).Chelsea.
8. Saml. W. McCall (R.)..Winchester.
9. J. A. Keliher (D.).....Boston.
10. W. S. McNary (D.).....Boston.
11. John A. Sullivan (D.)...Boston.
12. Samuel L. Powers (R.)..Newton.
13. Wm. S. Greene (R.).....Fall River.
14. Wm. C. Lovering (R.)... Taunton.

MICHIGAN.

1. Alfred Lucking (D.)....Detroit.
2. C. E. Townsend (R.)....Jackson.
3. Wash'n Gardner (R.)....Albion.
4. Edw. L. Hamilton (R.).Niles.
5. Wm. Alden Smith (R.)..Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith (R.)..Pontiac.
7. Henry McMoran (R.)....Port Huron.
8. Jos. W. Fordney (R.)...Saginaw.
9. Roswell P. Bishop (R.)..Ludington.
10. George A. Loud (R.)....Oscoda.
11. A. B. Darragh (R.).....St. Louis.
12. H. O. Young (R.).....Ishpeming.

MINNESOTA.

1. Jas. A. Tawney (R.)....Winona.
2. Jas. T. McCleary (R.)..Mankato.
3. C. R. Davis (R.).....St. Peter.
4. Fred C. Stevens (R.)...St. Paul.
5. John Lind (D.).....Minneapolis.
6. C. B. Buckman (R.)....Little Falls.
7. Andrew J. Volstead (R.).Granite Falls.
8. J. Adam Bede (R.).....Pine City.
9. H. Steenerson (R.).....Crookston.

MISSISSIPPI.

1. E. S. Candler, jr. (D.)..Corinth.
2. Thomas Spight (D.)....Ripley.
3. B. G. Humphreys (D.)..Greenville.
4. W. S. Hill (D.).....Winona.
5. Adam Byrd (D.).....Philadelphia.
6. E. J. Bowers (D.).....Bay St. Louis.
7. F. A. McLain (D.).....Gloster.
8. J. S. Williams (D.).....Yazoo.

MISSOURI.

1. Jas. T. Lloyd (D.).....Shelbyville.
2. Wm. W. Rucker (D.)...Keytesville.
3. J. Dougherty (D.).....Liberty.
4. Chas. F. Cochran (D.)..St. Joseph.
5. Wm. S. Cowherd (D.)...Kansas City.
6. D. A. De Armond (D.)..Butler.
7. C. W. Hamlin (D.).....Springfield.
8. D. W Shackelford (D.)..Jefferson City.
9. Champ Clark (D.).....Powling Green.
10. Richard Bartholdt (R.)...St. Louis.
11. John T. Hunt (D.).....St. Louis.
12. James J. Butler (D.)...St. Louis
13. Edward Robb (D.).....Perryville.
14. W. D. Vandiver (D.)....Cape Girardeau
15. M. E. Benton (D.).....Neosho.
16. Robert Lamar (D.).....Houston.

MONTANA.

At Large—J. M. Dixon (R.)..Missoula.

NEBRASKA.

1. E. J. Burkett (R.).....Lincoln.
2. G. M. Hitchcock (D.)...Omaha.
3. J. J. McCarthy (R.)....Ponca.
4. E. H. Hinshaw (R.)....Fairbury.
5. G. W. Norris (R.).....McCook.
6. M. P. Kinkaid (R.).....O'Neill.

NEVADA.

At Large — C. D. Van Duzer (D.).....Tonopah.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

1. C. A. Sulloway (R.)....Manchester.
2. F. D. Currier (R.).....Canaan.

NEW-JERSEY.

1. H. C. Loudenslager (R.)Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner (R.)...Atlantic City.
3. B. F. Howell (R.).....N. Brunswick.
4. W. M. Larning (R.)....Trenton.
5. Chas. N. Fowler (R.)...Elizabeth.
6. Wm. Hughes (D.).....Paterson.
7. R. Wayne Parker (R.)..Newark.
8. Wm. H. Wiley (R.).....East Orange.
9. Allan Benny (D.).....Jersey City.
10. A. L. McDermott (D.)..Jersey City.

NEW-YORK.

1. Townsend Scudder (D.)..Glen Head.
2. G. H. Lindsay (D.)....Brooklyn.
3. Chas. T. Dunwell (R.).Brooklyn.
4. Frank E. Wilson (D.)..Brooklyn.
5. E. M. Bassett (D.).....Brooklyn.
6. Robert Baker (D.).....Brooklyn.
7. J. J. Fitzgerald (D.)....New-York.
8. T. D. Sullivan (D.).....New-York.
9. H. M. Goldfogle (D.)...New-York.
10. William Sulzer (D.)....New-York.
11. Wm. R. Hearst (D.)....New-York.
12. G. B. McClellan (D.)...New-York.
13. F. B. Harrison (D.).....New-York.
14. Ira E. Rider (D.).....New-York.
15. Wm. H. Douglas (R.)..New-York.
16. Jacob Ruppert (D.).....New-York.
17. F. B. Shober (D.).....New-York.
18. J. A. Goulden (D.).....New-York.
19. Norton P. Otis (R.).....Yonkers.
20. T. W. Bradley (R.).....Walden.
21. J. H. Ketcham (R.)....Dover Plains.
22. Wm. H. Draper (R.)....Lansingburg.
23 G. N. Southwick (R.)..Albany.
24. George J. Smith (R.)....Kingston.
25. L. N. Littauer (R.).....Gloversville.
26. W. H. Flack (R.).....Malone.
27. Jas. S. Sherman (R.)...Utica.
28. Chas. L. Knapp (R.)....Lowville.
29. M. E. Driscoll (R.).....Syracuse.
30. John W. Dwight (R.)...Dryden.
31. Sereno E. Payne (R.)...Auburn.
32. Jas. B. Perkins (R.)....Rochester.
33. Chas. W. Gillet (R.)....Addison.
34. J. W. Wadsworth (R.)..Geneseo.
35. Wm. H. Ryan (D.)....Buffalo.
36. DeA. S. Alexander (R.).Buffalo.
37. E. B. Vreeland (R.)....Salamanca.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1. John H. Small (D.)....Washington.
2. Claude Kitchin (D.)....Scotland Neck.
3. Chas. R. Thomas (D.)..Newbern.
4. Edward W. Pou (D.)...Smithfield.
5. Wm. W. Kitchin (D.)...Roxboro.
6. G. B. Patterson (D.)....Maxton.

7. Robert N. Page (D.)....Aberdeen.
8. T. F. Kluttz (D.).....Salisbury.
9. E. Y. Webb (D.).....Shelby.
10. J. M. Gudger, jr. (D.)...Asheville.

NORTH DAKOTA.

At Large—T. F. Marshall (R.) .....Oakes.
B. F. Spalding (R.).....Fargo.

OHIO.

1. N. Longworth (R.).....Cincinnati.
2. H. P. Goebel (R.).....Cincinnati.
3. Robert M. Nevin (R.)..Dayton.
4. H. C. Garber (D.).....Greenville.
5. John S. Snook (D.).....Paulding.
6. C. Q. Hildebrant (R.)....Wilmington.
7. Thomas B. Kyle (R.)...Troy.
8. Wm. R. Warnock (R.)..Urbana.
9. Jas. H. Southard (R.)..Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan (R.)...Oak Hill.
11. C. H. Grosvenor (R.)...Athens.
12. DeWitt C. Badger (D.)..Columbus.
13. A. H. Jackson (R.).....Fremont.
14. Wm. W. Skiles (R.).....Shelby.
15. H. C. Van Voorhis (R.).Zanesville.
16. [1]Capell L. Weems (R.)... St. Clairsville.
17. J. W. Cassingham (D.).Coshocton.
18. James Kennedy (R.).....Youngstown.
19. Charles Dick (R.).....Akron.
20. J. A. Beidler (R.).....Willoughby.
21. T. E. Burton (R.).....Cleveland.

OREGON.

1. [2]Binger Hermann (R.)..Roseburg.
2. J. N. Williamson (R.)..Prineville.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1. H. H. Bingham (R.)...Philadelphia.
2. Robert Adams, jr. (R.).Philadelphia.
3. [3]——— .....Philadelphia.
4. [3]Reuben O. Moon (R.)....Philadelphia.
5. E. De V. Morrell (R.)..Philadelphia.
6. Geo. D. McCreary (R.)...Philadelphia.
7. Thomas S. Butler (R.)..West Chester.
8. Irving P. Wanger (R.)..Norristown.
9. H. Burd Cassel (R.)....Marietta.
10. George Howell (D.).....Scranton.
11. H. W. Palmer (R.).....Wilkesbarre.
12. Geo. R. Patterson (R.)..Ashland.
13. M. C. L. Kline (D.).....Allentown.
14. Chas. F. Wright (R.)...Susquehanna.
15. Elias Deemer (R.).....Williamsport.
16. C. H. Dickerman (D.)..Milton.
17. T. M. Mahon (R.).....Chambersburg.
18. M. E. Olmsted (R.).....Harrisburg.
19. Alvin Evans (R.).....Ebensburg.
20. D. F. Lafean (R.).....York.
21. S. R. Dresser (R.).....Bradford.
22. George F. Huff (R.)....Greensburg.
23. Allen F. Cooper (R.)....Uniontown.
24. Ernest F. Acheson (R.).Washington.
25. Arthur L. Bates (R.)..Meadville.
26. J. H. Shull (D.).....Stroudsburg.
27. W. O. Smith (R.).....Punxsutawney
28. Joseph C. Sibley (R.)...Franklin.
29. G. Shiras, 3d (R.).....Allegheny.
30. John Dalzell (R.).....Pittsburg.
31. H. Kirke Porter (R.)....Pittsburg.
32. James W. Brown (R.)...Pittsburg.

RHODE ISLAND.

1. D. L. D. Granger (D.)...Providence.
2. Adin B. Capron (R.)....Smithfield.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. George S. Legare (D.)..Charleston.
2. George W. Croft (D.)...Aiken.
3. Wyatt Aiken (D.).....Abbeville.
4. Joseph T. Johnson (D.).Spartanburg.
5. David E. Finley (D.)..Yorkville.
6. R. B. Scarborough (D.)Conway.
7. A. F. Lever (D.).....Lexington.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—C. H. Burke (R.)Pierre.
Eben W. Martin (R.)..Deadwood.

TENNESSEE.

1. W. P. Brownlow (R.)..Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson (R.)..Knoxville.
3. John A. Moon (D.).....Chattanooga.
4. M. T. Fitzpatrick (D.)..Nashville.
5. J. D. Richardson (D.)..Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines (D.)..Nashville.
7. Lemuel P. Padgett (D.)..Columbia.
8. Thetus W. Sims (D.)...Linden.
9. Rice A. Pierce (D.)....Union City.
10. M. R. Patterson (D.)...Memphis.

TEXAS.

1. Morris Sheppard (D.)....Texarkana.
2. Sam B. Cooper (D.)....Beaumont.
3. Gordon Russell (D.).....Tyler.
4. Choice B. Randell (D.).Sherman.
5. Jack Beall (D.).....Waxahachie.
6. Scott Field (D.).....Calvert.
7. A. W. Gregg (D.).....Palestine.
8. [4]John Pinckney (D.).....Hempstead.
9. George F. Burgess (D.).Gonzales.
10. Albert S. Burleson (D.).Austin.
11. Robert L. Henry (D.)..Waco.
12. O. W. Gillespie (D.).....Fort Worth.
13. John H. Stephens (D.).Vernon.
14. James L. Slayden (D.)..San Antonio.
15. John N. Garner (D.)....Uvalde.
16. W. R. Smith (D.).....Colorado.

UTAH.

At Large—Jos. Howell (R.) Wellsville.

VERMONT.

1. David J. Foster (R.)...Burlington.
2. Kittredge Haskins (R.).Brattleboro.

VIRGINIA.

1. William A. Jones (D.)..Warsaw.
2. Harry L. Maynard (D.).Portsmouth.
3. John Lamb (D.).....Richmond.
4. R. G. Southall (D.)....Amelia.
5. Claude A. Swanson (D.)Chatham.
6. Carter Glass (D.).....Lynchburg.
7. James Hay (D.).....Madison.
8. John F. Rixey (D.).....Brandy.
9. Campbell Slemp (R.)....Big Stone Gap.
10. Henry D. Flood (D.)...Appomattox.

WASHINGTON.

At Large—W. L. Jones (R.)North Yakima.
F. W. Cushman (R.)..Tacoma.
W. E. Humphrey (R.)..Seattle.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1. B. B. Dovener (R.)....Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton (R.)..Philippi.
3. Jos. Holt Gaines (R.)...Charleston.
4. H. C. Woodyard (R.)...Spencer.
5. James A. Hughes (R.).Huntington.

WISCONSIN.

1. Henry A. Cooper (R.)..Racine.
2. H. C. Adams (R.).....Madison.
3. J. W. Babcock (R.)....Necedah.
4. Theobald Otjen (R.)....Milwaukee.
5. W. H. Stafford (R.).....Milwaukee.

[1]Elected Nov. 3, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Joseph L. Gill (R.). [2]Elected June 1, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by the death of Thomas H. Tongue (R.). [3]Elected Nov. 3, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by the death of Robert H. Foerderer (R.). [4]Elected Nov. 17, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Thomas H. Ball (D.). [5]Henry Burk (R.), died Dec. 5, 1903.

6. C. H. Weisse (D.).....Sheboygan F'ls
7. John J. Esch (R.).....La Crosse.
8. J. H. Davidson (R.)....Oshkosh.
9. Edward S. Minor (R.)..Sturgeon Bay.
10. Webster E. Brown (R.).Rhinelander.
11. John J. Jenkins (R.)...Chippewa F'alls

WYOMING.

At Large—Frank W. Mondell (R.).....Newcastle.

TERRITORIAL DELEGATES.

ARIZONA.

J. F. Wilson (D.).....Prescott.

NEW MEXICO.

Bernard S. Rodey (R.).Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Bird S. Maguire (R.)....Guthrie.

HAWAII.

J. K. Kalauluuoale (R.).Waikiki.

PORTO RICO.

(Resident Commissioner.)

Federico Degetau (R.)...San Juan.

THE FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

PUBLIC ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS OF SECOND SESSION (1902-1903).

Expediting Anti-Trust Suits.

By the act approved February 11, 1903, entitled "An act to expedite the hearing and determination of suits in equity brought under the act of July 2, 1890, entitled 'An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies,' 'An act to regulate commerce,' approved February 4, 1887, or any other acts having a like purpose that may be hereafter enacted," it is provided that in any suit in equity pending or hereafter brought in any circuit court of the United States under the act entitled "An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies," approved July 2, 1890, "An act to regulate commerce," approved February 4, 1887, or any other acts having a like purpose that hereafter may be enacted, wherein the United States is complainant, the Attorney-General may file with the clerk of such court a certificate that, in his opinion, the case is of general public importance, a copy of which shall be immediately furnished by such clerk to each of the circuit judges of the circuit in which the case is pending. Thereupon such case shall be given precedence over others and in every way expedited, and be assigned for hearing at the earliest practicable day, before not less than three of the circuit judges of said circuit, if there be three or more; and if there be not more than two circuit judges, then before them and such district judge as they may select. In the event the judges sitting in such case shall be divided in opinion, the case shall be certified to the Supreme Court for review in like manner as if taken there by appeal as hereinafter provided.

Section 2 provides that in every suit in equity pending or hereafter brought in any circuit court of the United States under any of said acts, wherein the United States is complainant, including cases submitted but not yet decided, an appeal from the final decree of the circuit court will lie only to the Supreme Court and must be taken within sixty days from the entry thereof: Provided, That in any case where an appeal may have been taken from the final decree of a circuit court to the circuit court of appeals before this act takes effect the case shall proceed to a final decree therein, and an appeal may be taken from such decree to the Supreme Court in the manner now provided by law.

The Anti-Rebate Act.

By an act approved February 19, 1903, entitled "An act to further regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the States," it is provided that anything done or omitted to be done by a corporation common carrier, subject to the act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof, which, if done or omitted to be done by any director or officer thereof, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, agent or person acting for or employed by such corporation, would constitute a misdemeanor under said acts or under this act shall also be held to be a misdemeanor committed by such corporation, and upon conviction thereof it shall be subject to like penalties, except as such penalties are herein changed. The wilful failure upon the part of any carrier to file and publish tariffs or rates and charges, or strictly to observe such tariffs until changed according to law, shall be a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof the corporation offending shall be subject to a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000 for each offence; and it shall be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation to offer, grant or give or to solicit, accept or receive any rebate, concession or discrimination in respect of the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce by any common carrier whereby any such property shall be transported at a less rate than that named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier, or whereby any other advantage is given or discrimination is practised.

Every person or corporation who shall offer or receive any such rebates shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000. In all convictions occurring after the passage of this act for offences under said acts to regulate commerce, whether committed before or after the passage of this act, or for offences under this section, no penalty shall be imposed on the convicted party other than the fine prescribed by law, imprisonment wherever now prescribed as part of the penalty being hereby abolished. Every violation of this section shall be prosecuted in any court of the United States having jurisdiction of crimes within the district in which such violation was committed or through which the transportation may have been conducted; and whenever the offence is begun in one jurisdiction and completed in another it may be dealt with, inquired of, tried, determined and punished in either jurisdiction in the same manner as if the offence had been actually and wholly committed therein.

In construing the provisions of this section the act, ommission or failure of any

officer, agent or other person acting for or employed by any common carrier acting within the scope of his employment shall in every case be also deemed to be the act, omission or failure of such carrier as well as that of the person. Whenever any carrier files with the Interstate Commerce Commission or publishes a particular rate, or participates in any rates so filed or published, that rate as against such carrier, its officers or agents in any prosecution begun under this act shall be conclusively deemed to be the legal rate, and any departure from such rate, or any offer to depart therefrom, shall be deemed to be an offence under this section of this act.

Sections 2 and 3 provide that in any proceeding for the enforcement of the provisions of the statutes relating to interstate commerce, whether such proceedings be instituted before the Interstate Commerce Commission or be begun originally in any circuit court of the United States, it shall be lawful to include as parties, in addition to the carrier, all persons interested in or affected by the rate, regulation or practice under consideration, and inquiries, investigations, orders and decrees may be made with reference to and against such additional parties in the same manner, to the same extent, and subject to the same provisions as are or shall be authorized by law with respect to carriers. Whenever the Interstate Commerce Commission shall have reasonable ground for belief that any common carrier is engaged in the carriage of passengers or freight traffic between given points at less than the published rates on file, or is committing any discriminations forbidden by law, a petition may be presented alleging such facts to the circuit court of the United States sitting in equity having jurisdiction; and when the act complained of is alleged to have been committed or as being committed in part in more than one judicial district or State, it may be dealt with, inquired of, tried and determined in either such judicial district or State, whereupon it shall be the duty of the court summarily to inquire into the circumstances, upon such notice and in such manner as the court shall direct and without the formal pleadings and proceedings applicable to ordinary suits in equity, and to make such other persons or corporations parties thereto as the court may deem necessary, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the allegations of said petition said court shall enforce an observance of the published tariffs or direct and require a discontinuance of such discrimination by proper orders, writs and process, which said orders, writs and process may be enforceable as well against the parties interested in the traffic as against the carrier, subject to the right of appeal as now provided by law.

It shall be the duty of the several district attorneys of the United States, whenever the Attorney General shall direct, either of his own motion or upon the request of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to institute and prosecute such proceedings, and the proceedings provided for by this act shall not preclude the bringing of suit for the recovery of damages by any party injured, or any other action provided by said act approved February 4, 1887, entitled "An act to regulate commerce and the acts amendatory thereof." And in proceedings under this act and the acts to regulate commerce the said courts shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses, both upon the part of the carrier and the shipper, who shall be required to answer on all subjects relating to the matter in controversy, and to compel the production of all books and papers, both of the carrier and the shipper, which relate to such transaction; the claim that such testimony or evidence may tend to criminate the person giving such evidence shall not excuse such person from testifying or such corporation producing its books and papers, but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter or thing concerning which he may testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise in such proceeding: Provided, That the provisions of an act entitled "An act to expedite the hearing and determination of suits in equity pending or hereafter brought under the act of July 2, 1890, entitled 'An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies,' 'An act to regulate commerce,' approved February 4, 1887, or any other acts having a like purpose that may be hereafter enacted," approved February 11, 1903, shall apply to any case prosecuted under the direction of the Attorney General in the name of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Federal Supervision of Corporations.

By section 6 of the act approved February 14, 1903, "to establish the Department of Commerce and Labor," a Bureau of Corporations and a Commissioner of Corporations are created. Said Commissioner of Corporations is authorized to make, under the direction and control of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, diligent investigation into the organization, conduct and management of the business of any corporation, joint stock company or corporate combination engaged in commerce among the several States and with foreign nations excepting common carriers subject to "an act to regulate commerce," approved February 4, 1887, and to gather such information and data as will enable the President of the United States to make recommendations to Congress for legislation for the regulation of such commerce, and to report such data to the President from time to time as he shall require; and the information so obtained or as much thereof as the President may direct shall be made public. Said Commissioner shall have and exercise the same power and authority in respect to corporations, joint stock companies and combinations subject to the provisions hereof, as is conferred on the Interstate Commerce Commission in said "act to regulate commerce" and the amendments thereto in respect to common carriers so far as the same may be applicable, including the right to subpœna and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence and to administer oaths. All the requirements, obligations, liabilities and immunities imposed or conferred by said "act to regulate commerce" and by "an act in relation to testimony before the Interstate Commerce Commission," and so forth, approved February 11, 1893, supplemental to said "act to regulate commerce," shall also apply to all persons who may be subpœnaed to testify as witnesses or to produce documentary

evidence in pursuance of the authority conferred by this section. It shall also be the province and duty of said bureau, under the direction of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, to gather, compile, publish and supply useful information concerning corporations doing business within the limits of the United States as shall engage in interstate commerce or in commerce between the United States and any foreign country, including corporations engaged in insurance.

Department of Commerce and Labor.

By the act approved February 14, 1903, entitled "An act to establish the Department of Commerce and Labor," a ninth Executive Department is created. The head of the department, the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, is to have a seat in the Cabinet, to receive an annual salary of $8,000, and to have the same general powers as other heads of departments. An Assistant Secretary is to be appointed at a salary of $5,000. It is declared to be the province of said Department "to foster, promote and develop the foreign and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing, shipping and fishery industries, the labor interests and the transportation facilities of the United States." To the jurisdiction of the new Department are transferred the Department of Labor and the Fish Commission, the Census Office, hitherto under the Secretary of the Interior; the Bureau of Foreign Commerce, from the State Department, and these bureaus and branches from the Treasury Department: The Lighthouse Board, the lighthouse establishment, the steamboat inspection service, the Bureau of Navigation, the United States shipping commissioners, the National Bureau of Standards, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Bureau of Immigration, the immigration service at large, and the Bureau of Statistics. A Bureau of Manufactures is created, with a chief at a salary of $4,000; also a Bureau of Corporations (see under preceding title), with a Commissioner at a salary of $5,000. Jurisdiction hitherto exercised by the Treasury Department over the fur seal, salmon and other Alaskan fisheries is transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor, and provision is made for the absorption of such other government bureaus engaged in scientific or statistical work as the President may think best to transfer to the new Department. This Department went into full fledged operation on July 1, 1903.

Regulating Immigration.

An act approved March 3, 1903, entitled "An act to regulate the immigration of aliens into the United States," provides that there shall be levied a duty of two dollars for every passenger not a citizen of the United States, or of the Dominion of Canada, the Republic of Cuba, or of the Republic of Mexico, who shall come by vessel from any foreign port to any port within the United States, or by any railway or any other mode of transportation, from foreign contiguous territory to the United States. The money thus collected shall be paid into the United States Treasury and shall constitute a permanent appropriation to be called the "immigrant fund," to be used under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury to defray the expense of regulating the immigration of aliens into the United States. Section 2 declares that the following classes of aliens shall be excluded from admission into the United States: All idiots, insane persons, epileptics, and persons who have been insane within five years previous; persons who have had two or more attacks of insanity at any time previously; paupers; persons likely to become a public charge; professional beggars; persons afflicted with a loathsome or with a dangerous contagious disease; persons who have been convicted of a felony or other crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; polygamists, anarchists, or persons who believe in or advocate the overthrow by force or violence of the Government of the United States or of all government or of all forms of law, or the assassination of public officials; prostitutes, and persons who procure or attempt to bring in prostitutes or women for the purpose of prostitution; those who have been, within one year from the date of the application for admission to the United States, deported as being under offers, solicitations, promises or agreements to perform labor or service of some kind therein; and also any person whose ticket of passage is paid for with the money of another, or who is assisted by others to come, unless it is affirmatively and satisfactorily shown that such person does not belong to one of the foregoing excluded classes; but this section shall not be held to prevent persons living in the United States from sending for a relative or friend who is not of the foregoing excluded classes: Provided, That nothing in this act shall exclude persons convicted of an offence purely political, not involving moral turpitude: And provided further, That skilled labor may be imported, if labor of like kind unemployed cannot be found in this country: And provided further, That the provisions of this law applicable to contract labor shall not be held to exclude professional actors, artists, lecturers, singers, ministers of any religious denomination, professors for colleges or seminaries, persons belonging to any recognized learned profession, or persons employed strictly as personal or domestic servants.

Section 3 forbids the importation into the United States of any woman or girl for the purposes of prostitution; and whoever shall import or attempt to import any woman or girl into the United States for the purposes of prostitution, or shall hold or attempt to hold any woman or girl for such purposes in pursuance of such illegal importation shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned not less than one nor more than five years and pay a fine not exceeding $5,000.

Sections 4 to 9 provide that it shall be unlawful for any person, company, partnership, or corporation, in any manner whatsoever, to prepay the transportation or in any way to assist or encourage the importation or migration of any alien into the United States, in pursuance of any offer, solicitation, promise, or agreement, parol or special, expressed or implied, made previous to the importation of such alien to perform labor or service of any kind, skilled or unskilled, in the United States. For every violation of said provision the person, partnership, company, or corporation

violating the same, by knowingly assisting, or soliciting the importation of any alien to the United States to perform labor or service of any kind by reason of any offer, solicitation, promise or agreement to or with such alien shall forfeit and pay for every such offence $1,000, which may be sued for and recovered by the United States, or by any person who shall first bring his action therefor for his own benefit, including any such alien thus promised labor or service of any kind as aforesaid, as debts of like amount are now recovered in the courts of the United States; and separate suits may be brought for each alien thus promised labor or service. And it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper district to prosecute every such suit when brought by the United States. It shall be unlawful to assist or encourage the migration of any alien by a promise of employment through advertisements published in any foreign country; and any alien coming to this country in consequence of such an advertisement shall be treated as coming under a promise or agreement: Provided, That this section shall not apply to States or Territories, the District of Columbia, or places subject to the jurisdiction of the United States advertising the inducements they offer for immigration thereto, respectively. No transportation company or owner or owners of vessels or others engaged in transporting aliens into the United States shall, directly or through agents, either by writing, printing, or oral representations, solicit the immigration of any aliens into the United States except by ordinary commercial letters, circulars, advertisements, or oral representations, stating the sailings of their vessels and terms and facilities of transportation therein; and for a violation of this provision any such transportation company and any such owner or owners of vessels, and all others engaged in transporting aliens to the United States, and the agents by them employed, shall be subjected to the penalties imposed by this act. Any person who shall bring into or land in the United States, by vessel or otherwise, or who shall attempt, by himself or through another, to bring into or land in the United States, by vessel or otherwise, any alien not duly admitted by an immigrant inspector, or not lawfully entitled to enter the United States, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding $1,000 for each and every alien so landed or attempted to be landed, or by imprisonment for a term not less than three months nor more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment. And it shall be unlawful for any person, including any transportation company other than railway lines entering the United States from foreign contiguous territory, or the owner, master, agent, or consignee of any vessel, to bring to the United States any alien afflicted with a loathsome or with a dangerous contagious disease; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that any alien so brought to the United States was afflicted with such a disease at the time of foreign embarkation, and that the existence of such disease might have been detected by means of a competent medical examination at such time, such person or transportation company or the master, agent, owner, or consignee of any such vessel shall pay to the collector of customs of the customs district in which the port of arrival is located the sum of $100 for each and every violation; and no vessel shall be granted clearance papers while any such fine imposed upon it remains unpaid, nor shall such fine be remitted.

Sections 10 to 21 regulate the inspection of arriving aliens to be made by the Immigration Inspection Service, provide for the detention and deportation of ineligibles, and the punishment of vessel owners or masters not using due diligence to prevent the landing of such ineligibles. Sections 22 to 24 define the powers and duties of the Commissioner General of Immigration and provide that immigrant inspectors and other immigration officers and employes shall hereafter be appointed and their compensation fixed in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Service Act of January 16, 1883: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to alter the mode of appointing commissioners of immigration at the several ports of the United States as provided by the sundry civil appropriation act approved August 18, 1894, or the official status of such commissioners heretofore appointed. Sections 25 to 29 provide for the constitution of special boards of inquiry at the chief immigrant ports and give the Circuit and District courts full jurisdiction of cases arising under this act.

Sections 30 to 37 provide that all exclusive privileges of exchanging money, transporting passengers or baggage, or keeping eating houses, and all other like privileges in connection with any United States immigrant station, shall be disposed of after public competition. That no intoxicating liquors shall be sold in any such immigrant station, that all receipts accruing from the disposal of such exclusive privileges shall be paid into the United States Treasury to the credit of the immigrant fund, that the Commissioner General of Immigration shall prescribe such rules for the inspection of aliens along the borders of Canada and Mexico as shall not unnecessarily delay or annoy passengers in ordinary travel, and that the provisions of this act shall not be construed to amend existing laws relating to the entry or exclusion of Chinese persons or persons of Chinese descent.

Sections 38 and 39 provide that no person who disbelieves in or who is opposed to all organized government, or who is a member of or affiliated with any organization entertaining and teaching such disbelief in or opposition to all organized government, or who advocates or teaches the duty, necessity, or propriety of the unlawful assaulting or killing of any officer or officers, either of specific individuals or of officers generally, of the Government of the United States or of any other organized government, because of his or their official character, shall be permitted to enter the United States or any Territory or place subject to the jurisdiction thereof. Any person who knowingly aids or assists any such person to enter the United States or any Territory or place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, or who conspires with any person or persons to permit any such person to enter therein, shall be fined not more than $5,000, or imprisoned for not less than one nor more than five years, or both.

No person who disbelieves in or who is opposed to all organized government, or who is affiliated with any organization entertaining and teaching such disbelief in or opposition to all organized government, or who advocates or teaches the duty, necessity, or propriety of the unlawful assaulting or killing of any officer or officers, either of specific individuals or of officers generally, of the Government of the United States or of any other organized government, because of his or their official character, or who has violated any of the provisions of this act, shall be naturalized or be made a citizen of the United States. Any person who purposely procures naturalization in violation of the provisions of this section shall be fined not more than $5,000, or shall be imprisoned not less than one nor more than ten years, or both, and the court in which such conviction is had shall thereupon adjudge and declare the order or decree and all certificates admitting such person to citizenship null and void. Any person who knowingly aids, advises, or encourages any such person to apply for or to secure naturalization or to file the preliminary papers declaring an intent to become a citizen of the United States, or who in any naturalization proceeding knowingly procures or gives false testimony as to any material fact, or who knowingly makes an affidavit false as to any material fact required to be proved in such proceeding, shall be fined not more than $5,000, or imprisoned not less than one nor more than ten years, or both.

Section 34 prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors of any sort within the limits of the Capitol Building at Washington.

General Staff for the Army.

An act approved February 14, 1903, entitled "An act to increase the efficiency of the army," authorized the establishment of a General Staff Corps for the army, whose duties shall be to prepare plans for the national defence and for the mobilization of the military forces in time of war; to investigate and report upon all questions affecting the efficiency of the army and its state of preparation for military operations; to render professional aid and assistance to the Secretary of War and to general officers and other superior commanders, and to act as their agents in informing and coordinating the action of all the different officers who are subject under the terms of this act to the supervision of the Chief of Staff; and to perform such other military duties not otherwise assigned by law as may be from time to time prescribed by the President. The General Staff Corps shall consist of one Chief of Staff and two general officers, all to be detailed by the President from officers of the army at large not below the grade of brigadier general; four colonels, six lieutenant colonels, and twelve majors, to be detailed from the corresponding grades in the army at large, under such rules for selection as the President may prescribe; twenty captains, to be detailed from officers of the army at large of the grades of captain or first lieutenant, who while so serving shall have the rank, pay and allowances of captain mounted. All officers detailed in the General Staff Corps shall be detailed therein for periods of four years, unless sooner relieved. While serving in the General Staff Corps, officers may be temporarily assigned to duty with any branch of the army. Upon being relieved from duty in the General Staff Corps, officers shall return to the branch of the army in which they hold permanent commission, and no officer shall be eligible to a further detail in the General Staff Corps until he shall have served two years with the branch of the army in which commissioned, except in case of emergency or in time of war. The Chief of Staff, under the direction of the President or of the Secretary of War, under the direction of the President, shall have supervision of all troops of the line and of the Adjutant General's, Inspector General's, Judge Advocate's, Quartermaster's, Subsistence, Medical, Pay and Ordnance departments, the Corps of Engineers and the Signal Corps, and shall perform such other military duties not otherwise assigned by law as may be assigned to him by the President. Duties hitherto prescribed by statute for the commanding general of the army as a member of the Board of Ordnance and Fortification and of the Board of Commissioners of the Soldiers' Home shall be performed by the Chief of Staff or other officers designated by the President. Acts and parts of acts authorizing aids-de-camp and military secretaries shall not apply to general officers of the General Staff Corps. The chief of artillery shall hereafter serve as an additional member of the General Staff and by and with the advice of the Senate shall have the rank, pay and allowances of a brigadier general, and when the next vacancy occurs in the office of brigadier general of the line, it shall not be filled, and thereafter the number of brigadier generals of the line, exclusive of the chief of artillery, shall not exceed fourteen. The General Staff Act took effect on August 15, 1903.

Nationalizing the Militia.

By an act approved January 21, 1903, entitled "An act to promote the efficiency of the militia and for other purposes," it is provided that the militia shall consist of every able bodied male citizen of the respective States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, and every able bodied male of foreign birth who has declared his intention to become a citizen, who is more than eighteen and less than forty-five years of age, and shall be divided into two classes—the organized militia, to be known as the National Guard of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia, or by such other designations as may be given them by the laws of the respective States or Territories, and the remainder to be known as the Reserve Militia.

Section 2 exempts from militia duty the Vice-President of the United States, the officers, judicial and executive, of the Government of the United States, the members and officers of each House of Congress, persons in the military or naval service of the United States, all custom house officers, with their clerks, postmasters and persons employed by the United States in the transmission of the mail, ferrymen employed at any ferry on a post road, artificers and workmen employed in the armories and arsenals of the United States, pilots, mariners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States, and all persons who are exempted by the laws of the respective States or Territories: Provided, That nothing

in this act shall be construed to require or compel any member of any well organized religious sect or organization at present organized and existing whose creed forbids its members to participate in war in any form, and whose religious convictions are against war or participation therein, in accordance with the creed of said religious organization, to serve in the militia or any other armed or volunteer force under the jurisdiction and authority of the United States.

Section 3 defines as the organized militia the regularly enlisted, organized, and uniformed active militia in the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia who have heretofore participated or shall hereafter participate in the apportionment of the annual appropriation provided by Section 1,661 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, whether known and designated as National Guard, militia, or otherwise. The organization, armament, and discipline of the organized militia in the several States and Territories and in the District of Columbia shall be the same as that which is now or may hereafter be prescribed for the regular and volunteer armies of the United States, within five years from the date of the approval of this act: Provided, That the President of the United States, in time of peace, may by order fix the minimum number of enlisted men in each company, troop, battery, signal corps, engineer corps and hospital corps: And provided further, That any corps of artillery, cavalry and infantry existing in any of the States at the passage of the act of May 8, 1792, which, by the laws, customs or usages of the said States have been in continuous existence since the passage of said act under its provisions and under the provisions of Section 289 and Sections 1,625 to 1,660, both inclusive, of Title sixteen of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the militia, shall be allowed to retain their accustomed privileges, subject, nevertheless, to all other duties required by law in like manner as the other militia.

Sections 4 to 6 provide that whenever the United States is invaded, or in danger of invasion from any foreign nation, or of rebellion against the authority of the government of the United States, or the President is unable, with the other forces at his command, to execute the laws of the Union in any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the President to call forth, for a period not exceeding nine months, such number of the militia of the State or of the States or Territories or of the District of Columbia as he may deem necessary to repel such invasion, suppress such rebellion, or to enable him to execute such laws, and to issue his orders for that purpose to such officers of the militia as he may think proper. Whenever the President calls forth militia to be employed in the service of the United States, he may specify in his call the period for which such service is required, not exceeding nine months, and the militia so called shall continue to serve during the term so specified, unless sooner discharged by order of the President. When the militia of more than one State is called into the actual service of the United States by the President he may, in his discretion, apportion them among such States or Territories or to the District of Columbia according to representative population.

Sections 7 to 11 provide for the mustering in and payment of the militia called into service. Section 12 requires the appointment for each State and Territory and for the District of Columbia of an Adjutant General, who shall make returns to the Secretary of War of the strength and condition of the organized militia. Section 13 provides for the issue of standard equipment to the militia organizations at the expense of the United States. Sections 14 and 15 provide for the payment of the militia, thus equipped, when in camp or on field service, and for the participation of the militia in regular army field and instruction manœuvres.

Section 16 authorizes the instruction at the federal government's expense of certain militia officers designated by Governors of States and Territories. Sections 17 and 18 provide for the issue of stores and supplies to the militia. But each State or Territory furnished with material of war shall, during the year next preceding each annual allotment of funds, in accordance with Section 1,661 of the Revised Statutes as amended, have required every company, troop and battery in its organized militia not excused by the Governor of such State or Territory to participate in practice marches or go into camp of instruction at least five consecutive days, and to assemble for drill and instruction at company, battalion or regimental armories or rendezvous or for target practice not less than twenty-four times, and shall also have required during such year an inspection of each such company, troop and battery to be made by an officer of such militia or an officer of the regular army.

Sections 19 to 21 provide for the detail of regular army officers to camps of instruction and for the inspection of target practice. Section 22 provides that when any officer, non-commissioned officer or private of the militia is disabled by reason of wounds or disabilities received or incurred in the service of the United States, he shall be entitled to all the benefits of the pension laws existing at the time of his service, and in case such officer, non-commissioned officer or private dies in the service of the United States or in returning to his place of residence after being mustered out of such service, or at any time in consequnce of wounds or disabilities received in such service, his widow and children, if any, shall be entitled to all the benefits of such pension laws.

Section 23 establishes a list of eligibles for future volunteer appointments. It provides that for the purpose of securing a list of persons specially qualified to hold commissions in any volunteer force which may hereafter be called for and organized under the authority of Congress, other than a force composed of organized militia, the Secretary of War is authorized from time to time to convene boards of officers at army posts in different parts of the United States, who shall examine as to their qualifications for the command of troops or for the performance of staff duties all applicants who shall have served in the regular army of the United States, in any of the volunteer forces of the United States, or in the organized militia of any State

or Territory or of the District of Columbia, or who, being a citizen of the United States, shall have pursued a regular course of instruction in any military school or college of the United States Army, or shall have graduated from any educational institution to which an officer of the army or navy has been detailed as superintendent or professor after having creditably pursued the course of military instruction therein provided. Such examinations shall be under rules prescribed by the Secretary of War, and shall be especially directed to ascertain the practical capacity of the applicant. The record of previous service of the applicant shall be considered as a part of the examination.

Upon the conclusion of each examination the board shall certify to the War Department its judgment as to the fitness of the applicant, stating the office, if any, which it deems him qualified to fill, and, upon approval by the President, the names of the persons certified to be qualified shall be inscribed in a register to be kept in the War Department for that purpose. The persons so certified and registered shall, subject to a physical examination at the time, constitute an eligible class for commissions pursuant to such certificates in any volunteer force hereafter called for and organized under the authority of Congress, other than a force composed of organized militia, and the President may authorize persons from this class to attend and pursue a regular course of study at any military school or college of the United States other than the Military Academy at West Point and to receive from the annual appropriation for the support of the army the same allowances and commutations as provided in this act for officers of the organized militia: Provided, That no person shall be entitled to receive a commission as a second lieutenant after he shall have passed the age of thirty; as first lieutenant after he shall have passed the age of thirty-five; as captain after he shall have passed the age of forty; as major after he shall have passed the age of forty-five; as lieutenant colonel after he shall have passed the age of fifty, or as colonel after he shall have passed the age of fifty-five: And provided further, That such appointments shall be distributed proportionately, as near as may be, among the various States contributing such volunteer force: And provided, That the appointments in this section provided for shall not be deemed to include appointments to any office in any company, troop, battery, battalion or regiment of the organized militia which volunteers as a body or the officers of which are appointed by the Governor of a State or Territory.

Coinage for the Philippines.

By an act approved March 2, 1903, entitled "An act to establish a standard of value and to provide for a coinage system in the Philippine Islands," it is provided that the unit of value in the Philippine Islands shall be the gold peso consisting of twelve and nine tenths grains of gold, nine-tenths fine, said gold peso to become the unit of value when the government of the Philippine Islands shall have coined and ready for, or in, circulation not less than five million of the silver pesos hereinafter provided for in this act, and the gold coins of the United States at the rate of $1 for two pesos hereinafter authorized to be coined shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private, in the Philippine Islands.

In addition to the coinage authorized for use in the Philippine Islands by the act of July 1, 1902, the government of the Philippine Islands is authorized to coin to an amount not exceeding seventy-five million pesos, for use in said islands, a silver coin of the denomination of one peso and of the weight of 416 grains, and the standard of said silver coins shall be such that of 1,000 parts, by weight, 900 shall be of pure metal and 100 hundred of alloy, and the alloy shall be of copper.

The silver Philippine peso authorized shall be legal tender in the Philippine Islands for all debts, public and private, unless otherwise specifically provided by contract: Provided, That debts contracted prior to December 31, 1903, may be paid in the legal tender currency of said islands existing at the time of the making of said contracts, unless otherwise expressly provided by contract.

Section 77 of the act of July 1, 1902, is hereby amended so that it shall read:

"That the government of the Philippine Islands is authorized to coin for use in said islands a coin of the denomination of fifty centavos and of the weight of two hundred and eight grains, a coin of the denomination of twenty centavos and of the weight of eighty-three and ten-one-hundredths grains, and a coin of the denomination of ten centavos and of the weight of forty-one and fifty-five one-hundredths grains; and the standard of said silver coins shall be such that of 1,000 parts, by weight, 900 shall be of pure metal and 100 of alloy, and the alloy shall be of copper."

The Philippine peso herein authorized and the subsidiary silver coins authorized by Section 77 of the act of July 1, 1902, as amended, shall be coined under the authority of the government of the Philippine Islands in such amounts as it may determine, with the approval of the Secretary of War of the United States, except as limited in this act, from silver bullion purchased by said government, with the approval of the Secretary of War of the United States: Provided, That said government may, in its discretion, in lieu of the purchase of bullion, recoin any of the silver coins now in or hereafter received by the treasury of the government of the Philippine Islands into the coins provided for in this act or in the act of July 1, 1902, as herein amended, at such rate and under such regulations as it may prescribe; and the subsidiary silver coins authorized by this act and by the act of July 1, 1902, shall be legal tender in said islands to the amount of $10.

The coinage authorized by this act shall be subject to the conditions and limitations of the provisions of the act of July 1, 1902, except as herein otherwise provided; and the government of the Philippine Islands may adopt such measures as it may deem proper, not inconsistent with said act of July 1, 1902, to maintain the value of the silver Philippine peso at the rate of one gold peso, and in order to maintain such parity between said silver Philippine pesos and the gold pesos herein provided for, and

for no other purpose, may issue temporary certificates of indebtedness, bearing interest at a rate not to exceed 4 per centum annually, payable at periods of three months or more, but not later than one year from the date of issue, which shall be in the denominations of $25, or fifty pesos, or some multiple of such sum, and shall be redeemable in gold coin of the United States, or in lawful money of said islands, according to the terms of issue prescribed by the government of said islands; but the amount of such certificates outstanding at any one time shall not exceed $10,000,000, or twenty million pesos, and said certificates shall be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the government of the Philippine Islands, or any local authority therein, or of the government of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under any State, municipal or local authority in the United States or the Philippine Islands: Provided, That all the proceeds of said certificates shall be used exclusively for the maintenance of said parity, as herein provided, and for no other purpose, except that a sum not exceeding $3,000,000 at any one time may be used as a continuing credit for the purchase of silver bullion in execution of the provisions of this act.

The Mexican silver dollar now in use in the Philippine Islands and the silver coins heretofore issued by the Spanish Government for use in said islands shall be receivable for public dues at a rate to be fixed from time to time by the proclamation of the civil governor of said islands until such date, not earlier than the first day of January, 1904, as may be fixed by public proclamation of said civil governor, when such coins shall cease to be so receivable: Provided, That the public offices of the government of said islands shall give a preference for all public dues to the silver pesos and the silver certificates authorized by this act, and may at any time refuse to receive such Mexican dollars and Spanish coins as may appear to be counterfeit or defective.

The treasurer of the Philippine Islands is authorized to receive deposits of the standard silver coins of one peso authorized by this act to be coined, at the treasury of the government of said islands or any of its branches, in sums of not less than twenty pesos, and to issue silver certificates therefor in denominations of not less than two nor more than ten pesos, and coin so deposited shall be retained in the treasury and held for the payment of such certificates on demand, and used for no other purpose. Such certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and for all public dues in the Philippine Islands, and when so received may be reissued, and when held by any banking association in said islands may be counted as a part of its lawful reserve.

Sections 9 to 12 provide for the coinage of the pesos thus authorized, and Section 13 declares that Section 78 of the act of July 1, 1902, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act, and all provisions of law in force in the Philippine Islands making any form of money legal tender after December 31, 1903, except as provided in this act, are hereby repealed.

Extradition to and from the Philippines.

By an act approved February 9, 1903, a system of extradition with the Philippines was established. The act provided that Section 1,014 of the Revised Statutes, so far as applicable, shall apply throughout the United States for the arrest and removal therefrom to the Philippine Islands of any fugitive from justice charged with the commission of any crime against the United States within the Philippine Islands, and shall apply within the Philippine Islands for the arrest and removal therefrom to the United States of any fugitive from justice charged with the commission of any crime against the United States. Such fugitive may, by any judge or magistrate of the Philippine Islands, and agreeably to the usual mode of process against offenders therein, be arrested and imprisoned, or bailed, as the case may be, pending the issuance of a warrant for his removal to the United States, which warrant it shall be the duty of a judge of the court of first instance seasonably to issue, and of the officer or agent of the United States designated for the purpose to execute. Such officer or agent, when engaged in executing such warrant without the Philippine Islands, shall have all the powers of a marshal of the United States so far as such powers are requisite for the prisoner's safe keepinig and the execution of the warrant, and the provisions of Sections 5,278 and 5,279 of the Revised Statutes, so far as applicable, shall apply to the Philippine Islands, which, for the purposes of said sections, shall be deemed a Territory within the meaning thereof.

Hawaiian Silver Coinage.

By an act approved January 14, 1903, entitled "An act relating to Hawaiian silver coinage and silver certificates," provision is made for retiring such coins and certificates and substituting United States silver coins for them. Hawaiian coins will be received as legal tender until January 1, 1904, and Hawaiian silver certificates must be redeemed and cancelled by the Territorial Government before January 1, 1905. Exchange of Hawaiian coins at their face value for United States coins is to be made through United States collectors of customs or internal revenue stationed in Hawaii. All Hawaiian coins thus received are to be reconverted at the San Francisco mint into United States subsidiary coinage.

The Philippine Constabulary.

An act approved January 30, 1903, entitled "An act to promote the efficiency of the Philippine constabulary," provided that officers of the regular army may be detailed for service as chief and assistant chiefs, the said assistant chiefs not to exceed in number four, of the Philippine constabulary, and that during the continuance of such details the officer serving as chief shall have the rank, pay and allowances of brigadier general, and the officers serving as assistant chiefs shall have the rank, pay and allowances of colonel: Provided, That the difference between the pay and allowances of brigadier general and colonel, as herein provided, and the pay and allowances of the officers so detailed in the grades from which they are detailed shall be paid out of the Philippine treasury. Companies of Philippine scouts ordered to

assist the Philippine constabulary in the maintenance of order in the Philippine Islands may be placed under the command of officers serving as chief or assistant chiefs of the Philippine constabulary: Provided, That when the Philippine scouts shall be ordered to assist the Philippine constabulary, said scouts shall not at any time be placed under the command of inspectors or other officers of the constabulary below the grade of assistant chief of constabulary.

Salaries of Federal Judges.

An act approved February 12, 1903, "to fix the salaries of certain judges of the United States," made an increase of from 20 to 25 per cent in those salaries. The compensation allowed by the act are: Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, $13,000; Associate Justices, $12,500; circuit judges, $7,000; district judges, $6,000; Chief Justice of the Court of Claims, $6,500; Associate Justices, $6,000; Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, $7,500; Associate Justices, $7,000; Justices of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, $6,000.

Importation of Adulterated Foods.

By the act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture, approved March 3, 1903, it is provided that the Secretary of Agriculture, whenever he has reason to believe that articles are being imported from foreign countries which by reason of such adulteration are dangerous to the health of the people of the United States, or which are forbidden to be sold or restricted in sale in the countries in which they are made or from which they are exported, or which shall be falsely labelled in any respect in regard to the place of manufacture of the contents of the package, shall make a request upon the Secretary of the Treasury for samples from original packages of such articles for inspection and analysis; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to open such original packages and deliver specimens to the Secretary of Agriculture for the purpose mentioned, giving notice to the owner or consignee of such articles, who may be present and have the right to introduce testimony; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall refuse delivery to the consignee of any such goods which the Secretary of Agriculture reports to him have been inspected and analyzed and found to be dangerous to health, or which are forbidden to be sold or restricted in sale in the countries in which they are made or from which they are exported, or which shall be falsely labelled in any respect in regard to the place of manufacture or the contents of the package.

Live Stock Diseases.

By an act approved February 2, 1903, entitled "An act to more effectually suppress and prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases of live stock and for other purposes," it is provided that the powers conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury by Sections 4 and 5 of an act entitled "An act for the establishment of a Bureau of Animal Industry, to prevent the exportation of diseased cattle, and to provide means for the suppression and extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases among domestic animals," approved May 29, 1884, are hereby conferred on the Secretary of Agriculture, to be exercised exclusively by him. He is hereby authorized and directed, from time to time, to establish such rules and regulations concerning the exportation and transportation of live stock from any place within the United States where he may have reason to believe such diseases may exist into and through any State or Territory, including the Indian Territory, and into and through the District of Columbia and to foreign countries, as he may deem necessary, and all such rules and regulations shall have the force of law.

Whenever any inspector or assistant inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry shall issue a certificate showing that such officer had inspected any cattle or other live stock which were about to be shipped, driven or transported from such locality to another, as above stated, and had found them free from Texas or splenetic fever infection, pleuro-pneumonia, foot and mouth disease, or any other infectious, contagious or communicable disease, such animals, so inspected and certified, may be shipped, driven or transported from such place into and through any State or Territory, including the Indian Territory, and into and through the District of Columbia, or they may be exported from the United States without further inspection or the exaction of fees of any kind, except such as may at any time be ordered or exacted by the Secretary of Agriculture; and all such animals shall at all time be under the control and supervision of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Agricultural Department for the purposes of such inspection.

The Secretary of Agriculture shall have authority to make such regulations and take such measures as he may deem proper to prevent the introduction or dissemination of the contagion of any contagious, infectious or communicable disease of animals from a foreign country into the United States or from one State or Territory of the United States or the District of Columbia to another, and to seize, quarantine and dispose of any hay, straw, forage or similar material, or any meats, hides or other animal products coming from an infected foreign country to the United States, or from one State or Territory or the District of Columbia in transit to another State or Territory or the District of Columbia, whenever in his judgment such action is advisable in order to guard against the introduction or spread of such contagion. Any person, company or corporation knowingly violating the provisions of this act or the orders or regulations made in pursuance thereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $1,000, or by imprisonment not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

The General Education Board.

By an act approved January 12, 1903, Congress incorporated the General Education Board. The corporators named are William H. Baldwin, jr., Jabez L. M. Curry, Frederick T. Gates, Daniel C. Gilman, Morris K. Jesup, Robert C. Ogden, Walter H. Page, George Foster Peabody and Albert Shaw, and the object of the incorporation was declared to be the promotion of education within the United States

without distinction of race, sect or creed. For the promotion of such object the said corporation is to have power to build, improve, enlarge, or equip, or to aid others to build, improve, enlarge, or equip, buildings for elementary or primary schools, industrial schools, technical schools, normal schools, training schools for teachers, or schools of any grade, or for higher institutions of learning, or, in connection therewith, libraries, workshops, gardens, kitchens, or other educational accessories; to establish, maintain, or endow, or aid others to establish, maintain, or endow, elementary or primary schools, industrial schools, technical schools, normal schools, training schools for teachers, or schools of any grade, or higher institutions of learning; to employ or aid others to employ teachers and lecturers; to aid, co-operate with, or endow associations or other corporations engaged in educational work within the United States of America, or to donate to any such association or corporation any property or moneys which shall at any time be held by the said corporation hereby constituted; to collect educational statistics and information, and to publish and distribute documents and reports containing the same.

Rebate of Coal Duties.

An act approved January 15, 1903, entitled "An act to provide rebate of duties on coal, and for other purposes," authorized and required the Secretary of the Treasury to make full rebate for one year of duties imposed by law on all coal of every form or description imported into the United States from foreign countries. It also directed that the provisions of the Dingley law should not hereafter be construed to authorize the imposition of any duty on anthracite coal.

Increase of the Navy.

By the act making appropriations for the naval service, approved **March 3, 1903**, the President is authorized to have constructed by contract or in navy yards three first class battleships carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance for vessels of their class upon a trial displacement of not more than 16,000 tons, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action, and to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, not exceeding $4,212,000 each; two first class battleships, carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance for vessels of their class, upon a trial displacement of not more than 13,000 tons, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action, and to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, not exceeding $3,500,000 each; two steel ships, to be used in training landsmen and apprentices, to be propelled by sail, and to cost, exclusive of armament, not exceeding $370,000 each; one wooden brig, to be used for training landsmen and apprentices at stations, to be propelled by sail, and to cost, exclusive of armament, not exceeding $50,000. The Secretary of the Navy is also authorized to expend $500,000 in the purchase of subsurface or submarine torpedo boats.

Increase in the Naval Cadet Corps.

By the same act it is provided that there shall be allowed at the Naval Academy two midshipmen for each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress, two for the District of Columbia, and five each year at large: Provided, That the additional Congressional appointments authorized shall be made at such times as may be determined by the Secretary of the Navy, who shall equitably distribute the increase among the several States, Districts and Territories, so that ultimately, if practicable, each Senator, Representative and Delegate may recommend for appointment during each Congress one midshipman.

The Secretary of the Navy shall as soon as practicable after the fifth day of March in each year notify in writing each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress of any vacancy which may be regarded as existing in the State, District or Territory which he represents, and the nomination of a candidate to fill such vacancy shall be made upon the recommendation of the Senator, Representative or Delegate. Such recommendation shall be made by the first day of June of that year, and if not so made the Secretary of the Navy shall fill the vacancy by the appointment of an actual resident of the State, District or Territory in which the vacancy exists, who shall have been for at least two years immediately preceding his appointment an actual bona fide resident of the State, District or Territory in which the vacancy exists and shall have the qualifications otherwise prescribed by law: And provided further, That the Superintendent of the Naval Academy shall make such rules, to be approved by the Secretary of the Navy, as will effectually prevent the practice of hazing; and any cadet found guilty of participating in or encouraging or countenancing such practice shall be summarily expelled from the Academy, and shall not thereafter be reappointed to the Corps of Cadets or be eligible for appointment as a commissioned officer in the army or navy or Marine Corps until two years after the graduation of the class of which he was a member.

The provisions for the increase of appointments of midshipmen to the Naval Academy shall continue in force until June 30, 1913; and thereafter one midshipman shall be appointed for each Senator, Representative and Delegate in Congress. Hereafter there shall be at the Naval Academy one midshipman from Porto Rico, who shall be a native of said island, and whose appointment shall be made by the President on the recommendation of the Governor of Porto Rico. After January 1, 1904, all candidates for admission to the Naval Academy at the time of their examination must be between the ages of sixteen and twenty years.

Increase in the Marine Corps.

By the same act it is provided that to increase the efficiency of the Marine Corps the following additional officers, non-commissioned officers, drummers, trumpeters and privates to those now provided by law for said corps, are hereby authorized and directed, namely: One colonel, one lieutenant colonel, five majors, twelve captains, twenty-five first lieutenants, twelve second lieutenants, one assistant adjutant and inspector with the rank of lieutenant colonel, two assistant adjutants and inspectors with the rank of major, one assistant quartermaster with the rank of lieutenant colonel, five

assistant quartermasters with the rank of captain, one assistant paymaster with the rank of lieutenant colonel, one assistant paymaster with the rank of captain, one sergeant major, forty quartermaster sergeants, twelve first sergeants, sixty-five sergeants, fifty-five corporals, ten drummers, ten trumpeters and five hundred and twenty-seven privates.

But it is provided that the vacancies now existing in the line and the staff departments of the Marine Corps and those created by this act below the grade of brigadier general shall be filled, respectively, first by promotion by seniority and then by selection and appointment as now provided by law, excepting that vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant shall be filled first, as far as practicable, from graduates of the Naval Academy each year on completing the prescribed course at the Naval Academy, exclusive of the probationary tour of sea service before final graduation, then from meritorious non-commissioned officers and from civil life between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-seven years.

Miscellaneous.

Other acts and joint resolutions passed were as follows: Refunding the duties paid on merchandise brought into the United States from Porto Rico between April 11, 1899, and May 1, 1900, and on merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine Islands between April 11, 1899, and March 8, 1902; increasing the limit of cost of certain public buildings, authorizing the purchase of sites for public buildings and the erection and completion of public buildings; amending the Civil Code of Alaska, providing for the organization of private corporations; providing for the compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers of the Land Office; providing for an additional circuit judge in the Eighth Circuit; providing for an additional district judge in the District of Minnesota; providing for an additional distric judge in the Southern District of New-York; regulating the importation of breeding animals; providing for the printing of a digest of the laws, decisions and opinions relating to pardons and other acts of executive clemency under the United States and the several States; amending the Alaskan Homestead law; reimbursing the losses of the officers and crew of the cruiser Charleston, lost off Camiguin Island, in the Philippines; appropriating $50,000 for the expenses of the Anthracite Coal Commission; creating the Wind Cave National Park in South Dakota; authorizing the erection of monuments on the battlefield of Gettysburg to certain regiments and batteries of the United States Army; authorizing the erection of a building for the Department of Agriculture at a cost not to exceed $1,500,000; incorporating the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States; providing for the erection of statues in Washington of Brigadier General Count Pulaski and Major General Baron Steuben, of the Continental Army; permitting officers and men of the army and navy to wear the distinctive badges adopted by military societies based on service in the Chinese relief expedition of 1900; providing for the erection of a union railroad station in Washington; amending the Automatic Coupler act; amending the laws against counterfeiting; providing certain souvenir medallions for the benefit of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Association of the United States; amending the remarried widows pension act of March 3, 1901; increasing to $12 a month the pensions of all survivors of the Mexican War now on the pension roll; increasing to $40 a month the rate of pension for total deafness; increasing the pensions of those who have lost limbs as follows: One hand or one foot, to $40 a month; arm above the elbow or leg above the knee, $46; arm at shoulder or leg at hip joint, $55; one hand and one foot, $60; both feet, $100; amending the Bankruptcy Act of July 1, 1898, and effectuating the provisions of the additional act for the protection of industrial property.

TREATIES WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

TRADE RELATIONS WITH CUBA FINALLY ESTABLISHED.

The Bliss-Zaldo Convention.

The Senate, called in extraordinary session on March 5, ratified on March 19, by a vote of 50 to 16, a commercial convention with Cuba. By the terms of this convention all articles of merchandise, the product of the soil or industry of either country, now admitted free of duty by the other country, are to continue to be so admitted. All taxable articles, the product of the soil or industry of Cuba, imported into the United States, are to be admitted at a reduction of 20 per centum of the rates of duty levied thereon by the Tariff Act of July 24, 1897, or hereafter to be levied. All articles of merchandise, the product of the soil or industry of the United States, not already imported free of duty into Cuba, except as hereafter specially enumerated, are to be admitted at a reduction of 20 per centum of the rates now fixed, or hereafter to be fixed, by the Cuban customs tariff. The articles excepted are classified in three schedules, as follows:

Schedule A—At a reduction of 25 per cent—Machinery and apparatus of copper or its alloys or machines and apparatus in which copper or its alloys enter as the component of chief value; cast iron, wrought iron and steel, and manufactures thereof; articles of crystal and glass, except window glass; cotton and manufactures thereof now classified under Paragraphs 114 and 116 of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba; ships and water borne vessels of all kinds, of iron or steel; whiskies and brandies; fish, salted, pickled, smoked or marinated; fish or shell fish, preserved in oil or otherwise in tins; articles of pottery or earthenware now classified under Paragraphs 21 and 22 of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba.

Schedule B—At a reduction of 30 per cent—Butter; chemical and pharmaceutical

products and simple drugs; malt liquors in bottles; non-alcoholic beverages; cider; mineral waters; colors and dyes; window glass; complete or partly made up articles of hemp, flax, pita, jute, henequen, ramie, and other vegetable fibres now classified under the paragraphs of Group 2, Class V, of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba; musical instruments; writing and printing paper, except for newspapers; cotton and manufactures thereof, except those now classified under Paragraphs 114 and 116 of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba (see Schedule A), and except knitted goods (see Schedule C); all articles of cutlery; boots, shoes and slippers, now classified under Paragraphs 197 and 198 of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba; gold and silver plated ware; drawings, photographs, engravings, lithographs, cromolithographs, oleographs, etc., printed from stone, zinc, aluminium, or other material, used as labels, flaps, bands, and wrappers for tobacco or other purposes, and all the other papers (except paper for cigarettes, and excepting maps and charts), pasteboard and manufactures thereof, now classified under Paragraphs 157 and 164, inclusive, of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba; common or ordinary soaps, now classified under Paragraph 105, letters "A" and "B", of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba; vegetables, pickled or preserved in any manner; all wines, except those now classified under Paragraph 279 (a) of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba.

Schedule C—At a reduction of 40 per cent—Manufactures of cotton, knitted, and all manufactures of cotton not included in the preceding schedules; cheese; fruits, preserved; paper pulp; perfumery and essences; articles of pottery and earthenware now classified under Paragraph 20 of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba; porcelain; soaps, other than common, now classified under Paragraph 105 of the Customs Tariff of the Republic of Cuba; umbrellas and parasols; dextrine and glucose; watches; wool and manufactures thereof; silk and manufactures thereof; rice; cattle.

Any laws or regulations adopted, or that may be adopted, by the United States and by the Republic of Cuba, to protect their revenues and prevent fraud, shall not impose any additional charge or fees on articles imported, excepting the consular fees established, or which may be established, by either of the two countries for issuing shipping documents, which fees shall not be higher than those charged on the shipments of similar merchandise from any other nation whatsoever.

Tobacco of the United States, or of any of its insular possessions, is not to enjoy the benefit of any concession or rebate of duty when imported into Cuba.

The rates of duty granted by the United States to the Republic of Cuba are and shall continue during the term of the convention preferential in respect to all like imports from other countries, and, in return for said preferential rates of duty granted to the Republic of Cuba by the United States, it is agreed that the concession herein granted on the part of the said Republic of Cuba to the products of the United States shall likewise be, and shall continue, during the term of this convention, preferential in respect to all like imports from other countries: Provided that while this convention is in force no sugar imported from the Republic of Cuba, and being the product of the soil or industry of the Republic of Cuba, shall be admitted into the United States at a reduction of duty greater than 20 per centum of the rates of duty thereon, as provided by the Tariff act of the United States approved July 24, 1897, and no sugar, the product of any other foreign country, shall be admitted by treaty or convention into the United States, while this convention is in force, at a lower rate of duty than that provided by the Tariff act of the United States approved July 24, 1897.

Any tax or charge that may be imposed by the national or local authorities of either of the two countries upon the articles of merchandise embraced in the provisions of this convention, subsequent to importation and prior to their entering into consumption in the respective countries, shall be imposed and collected without discrimination upon like articles whensoever imported. In case of changes in the tariff of either country which deprive the other of the advantage which is represented by the percentages agreed upon, on the actual rates of the tariffs now in force, the country so deprived of this protection reserves the right to terminate its obligations under this convention after six months' notice to the other of its intention to arrest the operations thereof. And if, at any time during the term of this convention, after the expiration of the first year, the protection herein granted to the products and manufactures of the United States on the basis of the actual rates of the tariff of the Republic of Cuba now in force, should appear to the government of said Republic to be excessive in view of a new tariff law that may be adopted by it after this convention becomes operative, then the said Republic of Cuba may reopen negotiations with a view to securing such modifications as may appear proper to both contracting parties.

It is provided that the convention shall go into effect on the tenth day after the exchange of ratifications, and shall continue in force for the term of five years from date of going into effect, and from year to year thereafter until the expiration of one year from the day when either of the contracting parties shall give notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same. But it is also provided that the treaty shall not take effect until the same shall have been approved by the United States Congress. The House passed Nov. 19, the Senate Dec. 16, a bill affirming the treaty.

A DISPUTE WITH CANADA SETTLED.

The Alaska Boundary Treaty.

The Senate ratified on February 11, 1903, a treaty between the United States and Great Britain providing for the settlement of certain questions with respect to the Alaskan boundary line. The convention contained seven articles. Articles I and II provided for the creation of a tribunal of six members, three appointed by the President of the United States and three appointed by the King of Great Britain and Ireland. They also fixed the details of the presentation of the points in dispute by the two governments.

Article III provided that in the settlement of the questions before it the tribunal should consider and be guided by the text of the treaty concluded between Great Britain and Russia on February 28, 1825, which text is:

"La ligne de démarcation entre les Possessions des Hautes Parties Contractantes sur la Côte du Continent et les Iles de l'Amérique Nord-Ouest, sera tracée ainsi qu'il suit:

"A partir du Point le plus méridional de l'Ile dite Prince of Wales, lequel Point se trouve sous la parallèle du 54mo. degré 40 minutes de latitude Nord, et entre le 131me et 133me degré de longitude Ouest (Méridien de Greenwich), la dite ligne remontera au Nord le long de la passe dite Portland Channel, jusqu'au Point de la terre ferme où elle atteint le 56me degré latitude Nord; de ce dernier point la ligne de démarcation suivra la crête des montagnes situées parallèlement à la Côte, jusqu'au point d'intersection du 141me degré de longitude Ouest (même Méridien); et finalement, du dit point d'intersection, la même ligne méridienne du 141me degré formera, dans son prolongement jusq'à la Mer Glaciale, la limite entre les Possessions Russes et Britanniques sur le Continent de l'Amérique Nord-Ouest.

"Il est entendu, par rapport à la ligne de démarcation déterminée dans l'Article précédent:

"1. Que l'Isle dite Prince of Wales appartiendra toute entière à la Russie.

"2. Que partoute où la crête des montagnes qui s'étendent dans une direction parallèle à la Côte depuis le 56me degré de latitude Nord au point d'intersection du 141me degré de longitude Ouest, se trouveroit à la distance de plus de dix lieues marines de l'Océan, la limite entre les Possessions Britanniques et la lisière de Côte mentionée ci-dessus comme devant appartenir à la Russie, sera formée par une ligne parallèle aux sinuosités de la Cote, et qui ne pourra jamais en être éloignée que de dix lieues marines.

"Il est convenu en outre, que nul Etablissement ne sera formé par l'une des deux Parties dans les limites que les deux Articles précédens assignent aux Possessions de l'Autre. En conséquence, les Sujets Britanniques ne formeront aucun Etablissement soit sur la Côte, soit sur la lisière de terre ferme comprise dans les limites des Possessions Russe, telles qu'elles sont désignées dans les deux Articles précédens; et, de même, nul Etablissement ne sera formé par des Sujets Russes au delà des dites limites."

The tribunal was also to take into consideration "any action of the several governments or of their respective representatives preliminary or subsequent to the conclusion of said treaties so far as the same tends to show the original and effective understanding of the parties in respect to the limits of their several territorial jurisdictions under and by virtue of the provisions of said treaties."

Article IV provided that the tribunal should answer and decide these questions:

1. What is intended as the point of commencement of the line?
2. What channel is the Portland Channel?
3. What course should the line take from the point of commencement to the entrance to Portland Channel?
4. To what point on the 56th parallel is the line to be drawn from the head of the Portland Channel, and what course should it follow between these points?
5. In extending the line of demarcation northward from said point on the parallel of the 56th degree of North latitude, following the crest of the mountains situated parallel to the coast until its intersection with the 141st degree of longitude west of Greenwich, subject to the condition that if such line should anywhere exceed the distance of ten marine leagues from the ocean then the boundary between the British and the Russian territory should be formed by a line parallel to the sinuosities of the coast and distant therefrom not more than ten marine leagues, was it the intention and meaning of said convention of 1825 that there should remain in the exclusive possession of Russia a continuous fringe or strip of coast on the mainland, not exceeding ten marine leagues in width, separating the British possessions from the bays, ports, inlets, havens and waters of the ocean, and extending from the said point on the 56th degree of latitude north to a point where such line of demarcation should intersect the 141st degree of longitude west of the meridian of Greenwich?
6. If the foregoing question should be answered in the negative, and in the event of the summit of such mountains proving to be in places more than ten marine leagues from the coast, should the width of the lisière which was to belong to Russia be measured (1) from the mainland coast to the ocean, strictly so called, along a line perpendicular thereto, or (2) was it the intention and meaning of the said convention that where the mainland coast is indented by deep inlets, forming part of the territorial waters of Russia, the width of the lisière was to be measured (a) from the line of the general direction of the mainland coast, or (b) from the line separating the waters of the ocean from the territorial waters of Russia, or (c) from the heads of the aforesaid inlets?
7. What, if any exist, are the mountains referred to as situated parallel to the coast, which mountains, when within ten marine leagues from the coast, are declared to form the eastern boundary?

Articles V, VI and VII provided for the meeting of the tribunal at London, and required that its decision should be given "as soon as possible after the conclusion of the arguments in the case, and within three months, unless the President and His Britannic Majesty extend the time therefor." If a complete decision should be made, an expert joint commission to lay the boundary line anew was to be appointed. In case of total disagreement the commissioners were to report the same to their respective governments.

The President of the United States named as members of the tribunal Elihu Root, Henry Cabot Lodge and George Turner. His Britannic Majesty named Lord Alver-

stone, Lord Chief Justice of England; Sir Louis A. Jetté, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec, and Clifford Sifton, Canadian Minister of the Interior. John W. Foster was the chief agent for the United States. He was assisted by Jacob M. Dickinson, D. T. Watson, Hannis Taylor and Chandler P. Anderson. The tribunal met in London on September 3.

The Boundary Defined.

On October 17, a few days after the argument had been completed, the commission reached a conclusion, Lord Alverstone voting with the three commissioners from the United States. On October 20 Lord Alverstone, Mr. Root, Mr. Lodge and Mr. Turner signed an award, the two remaining British commissioners, Mr. Aylesworth and Sir Louis A. Jetté declining to sign.

In this award the questions submitted to the tribunal are answered as follows:

Question 1—What is intended as the point of commencement of the line?

Answer—The line commences at Cape Muzon.

Question 2—What channel is the Portland Channel?

Answer—The Portland Channel passes north of Pearse and Wales islands and enters the ocean through Tongas Passage, between Wales and Sitkian islands.

Question 3—What course should the line take from the point of commencement to the entrance to Portland Channel?

Answer—A straight line to the middle of the entrance of Tongas Passage.

Question 4—What point on the fifty-sixth parallel is the line to be drawn from the head of the Portland Channel, and what course should it follow between these points?

Answer—A straight line between Salmon and Bear rivers direct to the fifty-sixth parallel of latitude.

Question 5—In extending the line of demarcation northward from said point on the parallel of the fifty-sixth degree of north latitude, following the crest of the mountains situated parallel to the coast until its intersection with the 141st degree of longitude west of Greenwich, subject to the condition that if such line should anywhere exceed the distance of ten marine leagues from the ocean, then the boundary between the British and the Russian territory should be formed by a line parallel to the sinuosities of the coast and distance therefrom not more than ten marine leagues, was it the intention and meaning of said convention of 1825 that there should remain in the exclusive possession of Russia a continuous fringe or strip of coast on the mainland not exceeding ten marine leagues in width, separating the British possessions from the bays, ports, inlets, havens and waters of the ocean, and extending from the said point on the fifty-sixth degree of latitude north to a point where such line of demarcation should intersect the 141st degree of longitude west of the meridian of Greenwich? Answered in the affirmative.

Question 6—If the foregoing question should be answered in the negative, and in the event of the summit of such mountains proving to be in places more than ten marine leagues from the coast, should the width of the lisière which was to belong to Russia be measured (1) from the mainland coast to the ocean strictly so-called, along a line perpendicular thereto, or (2) was it the intention and meaning of the said convention that where the mainland coast is indented by deep inlets, forming part of the territorial waters of Russia, the width of the lisière was to be measured (a) from the line of the general direction of the mainland coast, or (b) from the line separating the waters of the ocean from the territorial waters of Russia, or (c) from the heads of the aforesaid inlets?

Required no answer after the fifth question had been answered in the affirmative.

Question 7—What, if any exist, are the mountains referred to as situated parallel to the coast, which mountains, when within ten marine leagues from the coast, are declared to form the eastern boundary?

Answer—The majority of the tribunals have selected the line of peaks starting at the head of Portland Channel and running along the high mountains, on the outer edge of the mountains shown on the maps of survey made in 1903, extending to Mount Whipple, and thence along what is known as the Hunter line of 1878, crossing the Stikine River about twenty-four miles from its mouth, thence northerly along the high peaks to Kate's Needle; from Kate's Needle to the Devil's Thumb. The tribunal stated that there was not sufficient evidence, owing to the absence of a complete survey, to identify the mountains which correspond to those intended by the treaty. This contemplates a further survey of that portion by the two governments. From the vicinity of Devil's Thumb the line runs to the continental watershed, thence through White and Taiya, or Chilkoot, passes westerly to a mountain indicated on the map attached to the treaty as 6,850 feet, thence to another mountain 5,800 feet, and from that point in a somewhat curved line across the head of the glaciers to Mount Fairweather. This places the Canadian outpost on the upper water of Chilkat River in British territory, and the mining camps of Porcupine and Glacier Creek in American territory. From Mount Fairweather the line passes north on high peaks along the mountains indicated on the map by Mounts Pinta, Ruhama and Vancouver to Mount St. Elias.

A boundary line will be run by experts from Canada and the United States in accordance with the terms of the London award.

Panama Canal Treaty.

The Senate ratified on March 17, by a vote of 73 to 5, a treaty with the United States of Colombia providing for the construction by the United States of a ship canal across the Isthmus of Panama. The convention was rejected, however, on August 12 by the Colombian Senate, and the time limit for exchanging ratifications expired on September 21. For details of the creation of the new State of Panama and terms of new canal treaty see elsewhere under "Isthmian Canal" and "Panama."

APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 1902, 1903 AND 1904.

Title.	Estimates, 1904.	Law, 1903-'04.	Law, 1902-'03.	Law, 1901-'02.
Agriculture	$5,660,150 00	$5,978,160 00	$5,208,960 00	$4,582,420 00
Army	77,411,011 67	77,988,752 83	91,750,136 41	115,734,049 10
Diplomatic and consular	2,145,415 69	1,968,250 69	1,957,925 69	1,849,428 76
[1]Dist. of Columbia.	11,005,628 00	8,638,097 00	8,544,469 97	8,502,209 94
Fortification	15,004,420 00	7,188,416 22	7,298,955 00	7,864,011 00
Indian	7,685,790 52	8,540,406 77	8,986,028 10	9,747,471 69
Legislative, etc.	26,425,618 50	27,508,653 06	25,396,681 50	24,594,968 85
Military Academy.	606,933 82	652,748 67	2,627,324 42	772,653 68
Navy	82,426,030 58	81,876,791 43	78,856,363 13	78,101,791 00
Pension	139,846,480 00	139,847,000 00	139,842,230 00	145,245,230 00
[2]Postoffice	153,010,520 00	152,511,549 75	138,416,598 75	123,782,688 75
River and harbor..	[3]	[4]	[5]26,771,442 00	[13]
Sundry civil	[6]80,048,957 52	[7]82,372,360 10	[8]60,163,359 13	[14]61,795,908 21
Totals	$601,366,956 30	$596,061,787 12	$595,800,474 10	$582,072,880 38
Urgent deficiency..		1,140,400 00		
Additional urgent deficiency	[9]24,000,000 00	100,500 00	28,050,007 32	15,917,446 94
Deficiency, 1903, and prior years..		20,224,760 25		
Totals	$625,366,956 30	$617,527,447 37	$623,850,481 42	$597,990,327 32
Miscellaneous	[9]7,500,000 00	2,941,238 05	2,722,795 13	7,990,018 67
Isthmian Canal			50,130,000 00	
Total, regular annual appropriations	$632,866,956 30	$620,468,686 02	$676,703,276 55	$605,980,355 99
Permanent annual appropriations	132,589,820 00	132,589,820 00	[10]133,921,220 00	[15]124,358,220 00
Grand totals, regular and permanent annual appropriations	$765,456,776 30	[11]$753,058,506 02	[12]$800,624,496 55	[16]$730,338,575 99

Amount of estimated revenues for fiscal year 1904.....$585,000,000 00
Amount of estimated postal revenues for fiscal year 1904..... 144,767,664 00

Total estimated revenues for fiscal year 1904.....$729,767,664 00

[1]One-half of the amounts for the District of Columbia payable by the United States, except amounts for the water department (estimated for 1904 at $133,256), which are payable from the revenues of the water department. [2]Includes all expenses of the postal service payable from postal revenues and out of the Treasury. [3]No amount is estimated for rivers and harbors for 1904 except the sum of $18,570,339 33 to meet contracts authorized by law for river and harbor improvements included in the sundry civil estimates for 1904. [4]No river and harbor bill passed for 1904, but the sum of $20,233,150 is appropriated in the sundry civil act to carry out contracts authorized by law for river and harbor improvements for 1904. [5]In addition to this amount the sum of $5,768,757 50 is appropriated in the sundry civil act to carry out contracts authorized by law for river and harbor improvements in 1903. [6]This amount includes $18,570,339 33 to meet contracts authorized by law for river and harbor improvements for 1904. [7]This amount includes $20,233,150 to carry out contracts authorized by law for river and harbor improvements in 1904. [8]This amount includes $5,768,757 50 to carry out contracts authorized by law for river and harbor improvements for 1903. [9]This amount is approximated. [10]This is the amount submitted by the Secretary of the Treasury in the annual estimates for the fiscal year 1903, the exact amount appropriated not being ascertainable until two years after the close of the fiscal year. [11]In addition to this amount contracts are authorized to be entered into, subject to future appropriations by Congress, as follows: By the District of Columbia act, $1,400,000; by the naval act, $22,526,000; by the sundry civil act, $7,850,000; by the act of March 3, 1903 (public buildings act), $5,153,859 34; in all, $36,989,859 34. [12]In addition to this amount, contracts are authorized to be entered into, subject to future appropriations by Congress, as follows: By the District of Columbia act, $2,118,405; by the Military Academy act, $3,300,000; by the naval act, $21,069,500; by the river and harbor act, $38,336,160; by the sundry civil act, $1,511,000; by the deficiency act, $232,750; by the public buildings act, $15,943,650; by the Isthmian canal act, $180,000,000; in all, $262,711,465. [13]No river and harbor bill passed for 1902, but the sum of $7,046,623 was appropriated in the sundry civil act to carry out contracts authorized by law for river and harbor improvements for 1902. [14]In addition to this amount the sundry civil act carries contract and direct appropriations for river and harbor improvements aggregating $15,725,605 75. [15]Estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury. [16]In addition to this amount, contracts are authorized to be entered into, subject to future appropriations by Congress, as follows: By the District of Columbia act, $198,500; by the naval act, $1,384,640; by the sundry civil act, $82,500; by the act of March 3, 1901 (public buildings act), $2,259,000; in all, $4,224,640.

THE FEDERAL SERVICE.

CIVIL SERVICE LAWS.

The term "Civil Service Act" refers to an act of Congress "to regulate and improve the Civil Service of the United States," approved January 16, 1883, which gave the power to the President to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, three persons, not more than two of whom shall be adherents of the same party, as a commission, with authority to prescribe regulations in pursuance of and for the execution of the provisions of the rules and of the Civil Service Act. The act requires that the rules shall provide among other things for open competitive examinations for testing fitness of applicants for the public service, the filling of classified positions by selections from among those passing with highest grades, an apportionment of appointments in the departments at Washington among the States and Territories, a period of probation before absolute appointment, and the prohibition of the use of official authority to coerce the political action of any person or body. The act also provides for investigations touching the enforcement of the rules promulgated, and forbids, under penalty of fine or imprisonment, or both, the solicitation by any person in the service of the United States of contributions to be used for political purposes from persons in such service, or the collection of such contributions by any person in a government building.

The terms used in the regulations are: "Classified Service," referring to all that part of the executive Civil Service of the United States included within the provisions of the act; "Grade," referring to a group of employes or positions in the classified service arranged upon a basis of duties performed without regard to salaries received; "Class," referring to a group of employes or positions in any grade arranged upon the basis of salaries received, and "Excepted Position," referring to any position within the provisions of the Civil Service Act, but excepted from the requirement of competitive examination or registration for appointment thereto.

The rules promulgated by the President on May 6, 1896, as amended July 27, 1897, May 29, 1899 and April 15, 1903, show that almost everything in the District of Columbia between the grade of mere laborer or workman and the grade of Presidential appointment is included in the classified service. The following places are brought into the classification outside the District of Columbia: All executive officers and employes who are serving in a clerical capacity, or whose duties are in whole or in part of a clerical nature; or in the capacity of a watchman or messenger, or physician, hospital steward, nurse, or whose duties are of a medical nature; or as draughtsman, civil engineer, steam engineer, electrical engineer, computer or fireman; or in the service of the Supervising Architect's office in the capacity of superintendent of construction or of repair, or foreman; or in the service of the Treasury Department in any capacity. Outside the District of Columbia, as well as within the District, everything in the Treasury Department is classified. About six thousand classified positions in the navy yards are subject to the registration system, and about as many others of similar nature in the War Department are to be so subjected.

The following figures, based upon estimates made in 1902, show the approximate extent of the service: Positions in the executive Civil Service, 235,854; in executive departments and offices and the Government Printing Office at Washington, 20,931; in local offices and offices outside Washington, 214,923. Of positions in Washington 17,260 are classified "competitive," 286 are classified "excepted," 391 are above classification and 2,204 are below classification. Of positions in local offices and outside Washington 92,544 are classified "competitive," 11,870 are classified "excepted," 1,111 are above classification and 109,398 below classification or not yet classified. Summarizing for the effire service, 109,804 are classified "competitive," 12,156 are classified "exempted," 1,502 are above classification and 112,392 are below classification or not classified. Of the 12,156 positions in the classified service excepted either in whole or in part from examination 1,972 are in the Indian service and filled by Indians, about 4,471 are pension examining surgeons, and the remaining positions are largely those in which duty is performed in the character of deputy, as in the places of deputy collector of internal revenue, deputy marshal, etc., or those where the duties are of a confidential or fiduciary nature.

Admissions and Removals.

Examinations are held in every State and Territory at fixed times and places. They relate as nearly as possible to the duties to be performed and, wherever practicable, include practical tests. No one is certified for appointment whose standing in any examination is less than 70 per cent, except soldiers and sailors having preference under Section 1,754 of the Revised Statutes, who need obtain but 65 per cent. A certificate is given to each person examined, stating whether he or she passed or failed to pass. Upon requisition of an appointing officer the commission certifies the names of three eligibles for the position desired to be filled, and from the eligibles thus certified selections are made. Provision is also made in the rules for the filling of positions by promotion, reduction, reinstatement or transfer.

The revision of the rules promulgated by President Roosevelt on March 20, 1903, contains this limitation on the power of removal: "No person shall be removed from a competitive position, except for such cause as will promote the efficiency of the public service, and for reasons given in writing, and the person whose removal is sought shall have notice and be furnished a copy thereof, and be allowed a reasonable time for personally answering the same in writing; but no examination of witnesses nor any trial or hearing shall be required except in the discretion of the officer making the removal. Copy of such reasons, notice and answer, and of the order of

removal, shall be made a part of the records of the proper department or office, as shall also the reasons for any change in rank or compensation, and the commission shall upon request be furnished with copies or the originals thereof."

The rules also forbid any person in the executive Civil Service "to use his official authority or influence for the purpose of interfering with an election or affecting the result thereof." They provide that no discrimination shall be exercised, threatened or promised by any person in the executive Civil Service against or in favor of an applicant, eligible or employe in the classified service because of his political or religious opinions or affiliations. Persons who served in the military or naval service of the United States and were discharged by reason of disabilities resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty have under the rules a certain preference. They are released from all maximum age limitation, are eligible for appointment at a grade of 65 (while all others are obliged to obtain a grade of 70), and are certified to appointing officers before non-veterans. By two executive orders, one of July 3, 1902, and the other of March 20, 1903, President Roosevelt directed that appointments of all unclassified laborers in departments in Washington be made in accordance with registration tests for fitness, and extended those tests to laborers and workmen in the government employment in such other large cities as might be agreed on by the heads of departments and the Civil Service Commission.

In Porto Rico and Hawaii.

In pursuance of an act of Congress approved April 12, 1900, the civil authority of the United States succeeded the military in Porto Rico. Inasmuch as the executive officers and employes under this act became a part of the executive Civil Service of the United States, they were held to come within the operations of the Civil Service act and rules. There are approximately 301 federal positions, of which 152 are subject to competitive educational examination, 81 subject to competitive registration, 20 are excepted and 48 are not subject to classification. In Hawaii the same classes of positions are embraced within the classified Civil Service as are included in that service in other Territories.

In the Philippines.

On September 19, 1900, the United States Philippine Commission passed an "act for the establishment and maintenance of an efficient and honest Civil Service in the Philippine Islands." The act provides for a Civil Service Board of three persons, which is authorized to prepare rules for appointments and promotions according to merit and by competitive examination as far as practicable. The act applies with few exceptions to all appointments of civilians to positions under the civil government, and vacancies in the highest positions must be filled by promotion. On November 30, 1900, the President issued an order directing the United States Civil Service Commission to render such assistance as may be practicable to the Philippine Civil Service Board. In accordance with this order the commission examined 1,174 persons for the Philippine service during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902. Over 200 have been sent to the Philippines through the agency of the commission. These examinations were for positions requiring professional, technical, scientific or special clerical ability, as natives are appointed to all positions for which they are competent.

POSTAL LAWS—GENERAL POSTAL INFORMATION.

Classes of Domestic Mail Matter.—Domestic mail is divided into four classes, as follows:

First Class—Letters, postal cards, private mailing cards and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof sheets or corrected proof sheets of the same), and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection. Rates of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each. Private mailing cards with written messages, conforming to government cards in size and weight and to the regulations prescribed by the Postmaster General, one cent each. On "drop" letters, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, when mailed at letter carrier offices, or when mailed at offices which are not letter carrier offices, if rural free delivery has been established and the persons addresed can be served by rural carrier, and one cent per ounce or fraction thereof at other offices.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed paper sheets, without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publications must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, art, or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers equal to 50 per cent of the number of copies regularly issued and circulated, and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation, or at nominal rates, or have the characteristics of books. Rate of postage—For publishers and news agents, one cent a pound or fraction thereof. For others than publishers and news agents one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class—Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same. Rate of postage—One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. Seeds, scions, cuttings, roots and plants, and also correspondence of the blind printed in raised characters, and sent unsealed, are mailable at third class rates. The insertion of the date, name of the addressee and sender in writing does not impair the rights of a circular to the third class.

Fourth Class—Merchandise, namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise

damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person of any one engaged in th postal service, and not above the weight provided by law. Rate of postage—On cent per ounce or fraction thereof, but on seeds, cuttings, roots, scions and plant one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Payment of Postage.—On first class matter the postage should be fully pre paid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be dispatched with th deficient postage rated thereon, to be collected of addressee before delivery. Packag of first class matter exceeding four (4) pounds in weight must be fully prepaid; bu letters and packages of first class matter weighing less than four (4) pounds wh prepaid one full letter rate will be dispatched and the deficiency collected of th addressee. The fee is 8 cents, in addition to postage, and must invariably be prepai

Limit of Weight.—A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unle it be a single book. Second class matter and fully prepaid first class matter are n subject to the four pound limitation.

Registry System.—All mailable matter may be registered if fully prepaid wi ordinary postage stamps, but not matter addressed to fictitious names, other tha legitimate trade names, initials or box numbers, or bearing vague and indefini addresses. The registry fee is eight cents, in addition to the postage, both of whi must invariably be prepaid.

Money Order System.—The following are the fees for domestic money orde including orders drawn on Guam, Hawaii, Porto Rico and Tutuila, Samoa, also orde drawn on the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai, China: For orders not e ceeding $2 50, 3c.; exceeding $2 50 and not above $5, 5c.; exceeding $5 and not abo $10, 8c.; exceeding $10 and not above $20, 10c.; exceeding $20 and not above $30, 12 exceeding $30 and not above $40, 15c.; exceeding $40 and not above $50, 18c.; exceed ing $50 and not above $60, 20c.; exceeding $60 and not above $75, 25c.; exceeding $ and not above $100, 30c. The maximum amount of a single order is $100. Interna tional money orders may be issued up to $100, which is the maximum, except f orders issued and payable in Great Britain and in the colonies of Bermuda, Britis Guiana, Cape Colony and Jamaica, for which the maximum amount is $50. One f charged for international money orders, as a rule, is 10c. on each $10 or fractio thereof, except that domestic rates are charged for orders payable in Canada, Cub Newfoundland and the Philippines (these orders are drawn on the domestic form and that for orders payable in Bolivia, Costa Rica, Liberia, Mexico, Peru and t Transvaal, one-half the regular international fee, with a minimum charge of 8 for an order for $10 or under, is exacted.

Postal Conventions.—Postal conventions are now in operation for the exchan of money orders between the United States and the following countries: Gre Britain, Switzerland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada, Newfoundland, Jamaica, Ne South Wales, Victoria, New-Zealand, Queensland, Cape Colony, Windward Islan (Barbados, Grenada, St. Vincent and St. Lucia), Leeward Islands (Antigua, S Christopher-Nevis, Dominica, Montserrat and the Virgin Islands), Belgium, Portug (including the Azores and Madeira), Tasmania, Sweden, Norway, Japan, Denmar Netherlands, Bahama Islands, Trinidad and Tobago, Austria-Hungary, British Guian Luxembourg, Bermuda, South Australia, Salvador, Chili, Honduras, Egypt, Hong Kon British Honduras, Cuba, Russia, Mexico, Bolivia, Apia (Samoa), Costa Rica, Gree Liberia, Peru and the Transvaal.

Special Delivery.—The regulations governing "rapid" or "special deliver provide that any article of mailable matter bearing a 10c. special delivery stamp, addition to the lawful postage, is entitled to immediate delivery on its arrival at a United States postoffice between the hours of 7 a. m. and 11 p. m., if the office be the free delivery class, and between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m., and to t arrival of the last mail, provided this be not later than 9 p. m., if the office be oth than a free delivery office. To entitle such a letter to immediate delivery the res dence or place of business of the addressee must be within the regular letter carri limits of a free delivery office, and within one mile of any other office. Special d livery stamps are not available for the payment of postage, nor can ordinary posta stamps be used to secure immediate delivery of mail matter.

Foreign Postage Rates.—The rates of postage to all foreign countries a colonies (except Canada, Cuba and Mexico) are as follows: Letters, 15 grams (½ ounce 5c.; postal cards, each, 2c.; double postal cards, each, 4c.; newspapers and other print matter, per 2 ounces, 1c. Commercial papers: Packets not in excess of 10 ounces, 5c packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof, 1c. Samples merchandise: Packets not in excess of 4 ounces, 2c.; packets in excess of 4 ounces, f each 2 ounces or fraction thereof, 1c. Registration fee on letters or other articles, 8

Ordinary letters for any foreign country (except Canada and Mexico) must be fo warded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matt must be prepaid, at least partially. Matter mailed in the United States addressed Canada, Cuba or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States. Full prepayment required upon all registered articles; and postage upon all articles other than lette is required to be prepaid, at least in part. If the postage is not prepaid in full, doub the amount of the deficiency will be collected of the addressee when the article delivered. The rate on "commercial papers" per 2 ounces is the same as for "print matter," except that the lowest charge on any package, whatever its weight, is 5 The rate on samples of merchandise per 2 ounces is also the same as for "print matter," except that the lowest charge on any package, whatever its weight, is 2c.

Articles of every kind and nature which are admitted to the United Stat domestic mails are admitted, at our domestic postage rates and conditions, to t

mails exchanged between the United States and the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai, China. Articles addressed for delivery at the following places in China, namely: Chefoo (Yentai), Chin-Kiang, Chung-King, Hankow, Hang-Chow, Ichang, Kaiping, Kaigan, Kinkiang, Nanking, New-Chwang, Ningpo, Ourga, Peking, Shanghai, Taku, Tientsin, Wenchow, Wuchang, Wuhu and Yentai, are transmissible in the mails made up at San Francisco, Seattle and Tacoma for the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai; but at places other than Shanghai additional charges for postage may be collected of the addressees upon the delivery of the articles.

Parcels Post.—The first parcels post convention between the United States and any country in Europe was signed between the United States and Germany on August 26, 1899, and went into operation October 1. It was the beginning of a postal service by means of which articles of merchandise may be exchanged by mail between the two countries, provided they are put up in packages which do not exceed 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight. The postage rate for parcels going from the United States to Germany is fixed at 12c. for each pound or fraction of a pound. The rate in Germany on parcels for the United States is fixed at 1 mark 40 pfennigs a parcel, whatever its weight. Provision is made for customs declaration and payment. The United States had parcels post conventions with several countries in Central and South America and the West India Islands, but this was the first convention made with any country in Europe. The law empowers the Postmaster General to make such conventions by and with the advice and consent of the President.

Postage Rates Between the United States, Cuba and Island Possessions.—All mail matter sent between the United States and Cuba, the Island of Guam, the Philippine Archipelago, or Tutuila (including all adjacent islands of the Samoan group which are possessions of the United States), or from one to another of these islands is subject to the United States domestic classification, conditions and rates of postage.

NATURALIZATION LAWS.

Declaration of Intention.—An alien seeking naturalization as a citizen of the United States must declare on oath before a Circuit or District Court of the United States, or a District or Supreme Court of the Territories, or a court of record of any of the States having common law jurisdiction and a seal and a clerk, at least two years before his admission, that it is bona fide, his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign State or ruler, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject.

Oath on Application for Admission.—At the time of his application for admission he must also declare on oath, before some one of the courts above specified, "that he will support the Constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, State or sovereignty, and particularly, by name, to the prince, potentate, State or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject."

Conditions of Citizenship.—It must appear to the satisfaction of the court to which the alien has applied for final admission that he has resided continuously within the United States for at least five years, and in the State or Territory where the court is held at least one year, and that during that time "he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same."

Titles of Nobility.—If the applicant bears any hereditary title or belongs to any order of nobility, he must make an express renunciation at the time of his application.

Soldiers.—Any alien, twenty-one years of age, or over, who has served one year, or over, in the Regular or Volunteer Army of the United States and has been honorably discharged, may, upon application to a court as specified above, proof of one year's residence, good moral character and honorable discharge, be admitted a citizen of the United States.

Seamen.—Seamen who have declared their intention to become citizens, and who, subsequently to such declaration, have served three years on board a merchant vessel of the United States, may be admitted to citizenship.

Navy or Marine Corps.—Any alien, twenty-one years of age, or over, who has served five years, or over, in the United States Navy or United States Marine Corps and has been honorably discharged, may, upon application to a court as specified above, proof of good moral character, five years' service and honorable discharge, be admitted a citizen of the United States.

Wife.—A wife may become a citizen by her husband's naturalization, if she might herself be lawfully naturalized.

Minors.—Any alien under the age of twenty-one, who has resided in the United States three years next preceding his twenty-first birthday, and has continued to reside therein up to the time he makes application to be admitted a citizen, may, after he arrives at the age of twenty-one, and after he has resided five years within the United States, including the three years of his minority, be admitted a citizen; but he must make a declaration on oath and prove to the satisfaction of the court that for the two years next preceding it has been his bona fide intention to become a citizen.

Children of Naturalized Citizens.—The children of persons who have been duly naturalized, being under twenty-one at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens.

Citizens' Children Born Abroad.—The children of persons who now are or have been citizens of the United States are considered as citizens, though they may be born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States.

Chinese.—The Naturalization laws of the United States have never allowed

other than "free white persons" and "persons of African nativity or descent" to b naturalized. The naturalization of Chinamen is also expressly prohibited by Sectio 14, Chapter 126, Laws of 1882.

Protection of Naturalized Citizens.—Section 2,000 of the Revised Stat utes of the United States expressly declares that "all naturalized citizens of th United States while in foreign countries are entitled to and shall receive from thi Government the same protection of person and property which is accorded to nativ born citizens."

The Right of Suffrage.—The right to vote is conferred by the State naturalization by the United States. In several States aliens who have declared thei intentions enjoy the right to vote equally with naturalized or native born citizens But the Federal Naturalization laws apply to the whole Union alike, and no alie may be naturalized until after five years' residence, except an honorably discharge soldier or a person whose parents have been naturalized while he was under twenty one years of age, as above recited. Even after five years' residence and due naturaliza tion he is not entitled to vote unless the laws of the State confer the privilege upon him

Excluding Anarchists.—The act of March 3, 1903 (taking effect June 1 1903), imposed these further restrictions on the naturalization of aliens: No person wh disbelieves in or who is opposed to all organized government, or who is a member o or affiliated with any organization entertaining and teaching such disbelief in or oppo sition to all organized government, or who advocates or teaches the duty, necessity, o propriety of the unlawful assaulting or killing of any officer or officers, either of specifi individuals or of officers generally, of the government of the United States or of an other organized government, because of his or their official character, or who ha violated any of the provisions of this act, shall be naturalized or be made a citize of the United States. All courts and tribunals and all judges and officers thereof hav ing jurisdiction of naturalization proceedings or duties to perform in regard theret shall, on the final application for naturalization, make careful inquiry into such mat ters, and before issuing the final order or certificate of naturalization cause to b entered of record the affidavit of the applicant and of his witnesses so far as applica ble, reciting and reaffirming the truth of every material fact requisite for naturalizatio All final orders and certificates of naturalization hereafter made shall show on thei face specifically that said affidavits were duly made and recorded, and all orders an certificates that fail to show such facts shall be null and void.

Any person who purposely procures naturalization in violation of the provisions o this section shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or shall be imprisone not less than one nor more than ten years, or both, and the court in which such con viction is had shall thereupon adjudge and declare the order or decree and all certifi cates admitting such person to citizenship null and void. Jurisdiction is hereby con ferred on the courts having jurisdiction of the trial of such offence to make suc adjudication.

Any person who knowingly aids, advises or encourages any such person to appl for or to secure naturalization or to file the preliminary papers declaring an intent t become a citizen of the United States, or who in any naturalization proceeding know ingly procures or gives false testimony as to any material fact, or who knowingl makes an affidavit false as to any material fact required to be proved in such proceed ing, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not less than on nor more than ten years, or both.

PENSION LAWS AND STATISTICS.

To obtain a pension the applicant must file a claim with the Commissioner of Pen sions, Washington, D. C. In a claim by the soldier he should set forth all his militar or naval service, giving dates of enlistment and discharge. The prime requirement t establish a claim under act of July 14, 1862, usually termed the general law, is t show that the disability for which pension is claimed had its origin while in th service and line of duty; that it has existed as a disabling cause from date of dis charge, and now exists in a degree pensionable under the law. In a claim under th act of June 27, 1890, the essential requirements are: A service of ninety days o more, an honorable discharge therefrom and proof that the disability for which pensio is claimed is not due to claimant's own vicious habits, but it need not necessarily b of service origin. In a widow's claim it is necessary to show her legal marriage t the soldier, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that it was due t some cause of service origin. She must also show that she has remained his widow If there are children of the soldier under sixteen years of age at the date of hi death, their names should be given and the date of birth of each clearly shown. I any have died the date should be proved. In a widow's claim under the act of June 27 1890, the requirement as to service is the same as under an invalid claim, and i addition thereto she must show a legal marriage to the soldier prior to the passage o the act, the fact of soldier's death (but it need not be shown to be due to service), he continued widowhood and that she is without other means of support than her dail labor. The act of May 9, 1900, amending the act of June 27, 1890, gives title t widows who are without means of support other than their daily labor and a ne annual income of $250. A minor child's title to pension accrues only on the death o remarriage of the widow, which fact must be shown, in addition to the requirement in widow's claim. A dependent mother must show her relationship to the soldier, hi celibacy, that he contributed to her support, that his death was due to some cause o service origin, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that she wa dependent upon him at the date of his death. Under the act of June 27, 1890, it i only necessary to show dependence at date of filing claim and since then.

dependent father must show relationship by legal marriage to soldier's mother, the date of soldier's birth and of the mother's death, in addition to the requirements in the mother's claim. Applications rejected by a Board of Pension Surgeons may be reconsidered on the evidence of two physicians that disability exists. Pensions for privates range from $6 to $30 a month in most cases, though $72 a month is granted to those who have lost both feet or both eyes, and $100 a month to those who have lost both hands.

The number of pensioners on the rolls on June 30, 1903, and the total amount paid during the fiscal year ended on that date were as follows:

States and Territories.	No.	Amount.	States and Territories.	No.	Amount.
Alabama	3,756	$433,022 39	North Carolina	4,096	509,001 67
Alaska	97	12,914 59	North Dakota	1,951	231,529 00
Arizona	733	103,383 48	Ohio	102,318	15,026,565 62
Arkansas	11,342	1,515,350 53	Oklahoma	8,818	1,200,678 16
California	21,972	2,857,088 22	Oregon	6,117	778,773 77
Colorado	8,359	1,135,866 73	Pennsylvania	101,164	13,330,201 72
Connecticut	12,173	1,419,449 91	Rhode Island	4,885	573,836 18
Delaware	2,753	384,167 26	South Carolina	1,982	238,882 20
District Columbia	8,707	1,369,038 71	South Dakota	5,066	509,365 69
Florida	3,409	425,661 24	Tennessee	18,498	2,656,578 66
Georgia	3,618	452,813 79	Texas	8,594	1,086,486 49
Hawaii	39	2,279 60	Utah	827	130,438 45
Idaho	1,802	242,849 13	Vermont	8,786	1,347,270 93
Illinois	71,627	9,762,859 67	Virginia	9,268	1,295,357 67
Indiana	64,104	10,101,722 26	Washington	8,067	1,022,161 78
Indian Territory	3,558	467,074 29	West Virginia	12,687	1,746,405 32
Iowa	36,782	5,362,598 84	Wisconsin	27,568	4,083,717 14
Kansas	40,669	5,676,671 86	Wyoming	833	123,714 54
Kentucky	28,508	3,946,643 88	Totals	991,875	$136,994,460 92
Louisiana	6,402	831,739 68			
Maine	19,542	2,913,173 01	Insular Possessions.		
Maryland	12,944	1,683,843 02	Philippine Islands	31	$2,439 45
Massachusetts	40,071	5,228,190 62	Porto Rico	20	1,188 00
Michigan	43,435	6,546,500 91	In foreign countries	4,619	648,053 04
Minnesota	16,750	2,294,026 44	Totals	996,545	$137,646,141 41
Mississippi	4,629	570,284 86			
Missouri	52,157	7,124,771 91	Payments by Treasury Department (Treasury settlements)	——	113,512 30
Montana	1,894	258,405 61			
Nebraska	17,151	2,319,129 10			
Nevada	276	34,412 51			
New-Hampshire	8,662	1,300,578 66			
New-Jersey	20,646	2,329,346 13	Grand total	——	$137,759,653 71
New-Mexico	1,802	251,586 23			
New-York	89,921	11,756,050 86			

The federal pension agents and pension agencies are:

Place.	Name of agent.	Place.	Name of agent.
Augusta, Me.	Selden Connor.	Knoxville, Tenn.	John T. Wilder.
Boston, Mass.	Augustus J. Holtt.	Louisville, Ky.	Daniel R. Collier.
Buffalo, N. Y.	Charles A. Orr.	Milwaukee, Wis.	Edwin D. Coe.
Chicago, Ill.	Jonathan Merriam.	New-York City	Michael Kerwin.
Columbus, Ohio	Joseph W. Jones.	Philadelphia, Penn.	St. C. A. Mulholland.
Concord, N. H.	Hugh Henry.	Pittsburg, Penn.	John W. Nesbit.
Des Moines, Iowa	Richard. P. Clarkson.	San Francisco, Cal.	Jesse B. Fuller.
Detroit, Mich.	Oscar A. Janes.	Topeka, Kan.	Wilder S. Metcalf.
Indianapolis, Ind.	Albert O. Marsh.	Washington, D. C.	John R. King.

There were added to the rolls during the year ending June 30, 1903, the names of 44,487 new pensioners. The number of pensioners lost from the rolls during the year was 47,388, showing a decrease of 2,901 on the rolls as compared with the close of the fiscal year 1902. The total of 996,545 pensioners on the rolls June 30, 1903, were classified as follows:

Revolutionary War:	
Widows	2
Daughters	3
War of 1812:	
Survivors	1
Widows	1,115
Indian Wars:	
Survivors	1,565
Widows	3,109
Mexican War:	
Survivors	5,964
Widows	7,910
Service after March 4, 1861:	
General laws—	
Army invalids	264,139
Army widows	86,866
Army nurses	624
General laws—	
Navy invalids	4,112
Navy widows	2,221
Act June 27, 1890—	
Army invalids	427,711
Army widows	155,249
Navy invalids	16,010
Navy widows	6,992
War with Spain:	
General laws—	
Army invalids	8,798
Army widows	3,488
Navy invalids	402
Navy widows	174
Total	996,545

Pension payments, the cost of the pension establishment and the number of pensioners carried on the roll from 1865 to 1903 are shown in the following table:

Year.	Paid as pensions.	Cost, maintenance, etc.	Total.	Number of pensioners.
1866	$15,450,549 88	$407,165 00	$15,857,714 88	126,722
1867	20,784,789 69	490,977 35	21,275,767 04	155,474
1868	23,101,509 36	553,020 34	23,654,529 70	169,643
1869	28,513,247 27	564,528 81	29,077,774 08	187,963
1870	29,351,488 78	600,997 86	29,952,486 64	198,686
1871	28,518,792 62	863,079 00	29,381,871 62	207,495
1872	29,752,746 81	951,253 00	30,703,999 81	232,189
1873	26,982,063 89	1,003,200 64	27,985,264 53	238,411
1874	30,206,778 99	966,794 13	31,173,573 12	236,241
1875	29,270,404 76	982,695 35	30,253,100 11	234,821
1876	27,936,209 53	1,015,078 81	28,951,288 34	232,137
1877	28,182,821 72	1,034,459 33	29,217,281 05	232,104
1878	26,786,009 44	1,032,500 09	27,818,509 53	223,938
1879	33,664,428 92	837,734 14	34,502,163 06	242,755
1880	56,689,229 08	935,027 28	57,624,256 36	250,802
1881	50,583,405 35	1,072,059 64	51,655,464 99	268,830
1882	54,313,172 05	1,466,236 01	55,779,408 06	285,697
1883	60,427,573 81	2,591,648 29	63,019,222 10	303,658
1884	57,912,387 47	2,835,181 00	60,747,568 47	322,756
1885	65,171,937 12	3,392,576 34	68,564,513 46	345,125
1886	64,091,142 90	3,245,016 61	67,336,159 51	365,783
1887	73,752,997 08	3,753,400 91	77,506,397 99	406,007
1888	78,950,501 67	3,515,057 27	82,465,558 94	452,557
1889	88,842,720 58	3,466,968 40	92,309,688 98	489,725
1890	106,093,850 39	3,526,382 13	109,620,232 52	537,944
1891	117,312,690 50	4,700,636 44	122,013,326 94	676,160
1892	139,394,147 11	4,898,665 80	144,292,812 91	876,068
1893	156,906,637 94	4,867,734 42	161,774,372 36	966,012
1894	139,986,726 17	3,963,976 31	143,950,702 48	969,544
1895	139,812,294 30	4,338,020 21	144,150,314 51	970,524
1896	138,220,704 46	3,991,375 61	142,212,080 07	970,678
1897	139,949,717 35	3,987,783 07	143,937,500 42	976,014
1898	144,651,879 80	4,114,091 46	148,765,971 26	993,714
1899	138,355,052 95	4,147,517 73	142,502,570 68	991,519
1900	138,462,130 65	3,841,706 74	142,303,837 39	993,529
1901	138,531,483 84	3,868,795 44	142,400,279 28	997,735
1902	137,504,267 99	3,831,378 96	141,335,646 95	999,446
1903	137,759,653 71	3,993,216 79	141,752,870 50	996,545
Totals	$2,942,178,145 93	$95,647,934 71	$3,037,826,080 64	

PATENT OFFICE STATISTICS.

In 1902 there were received 48,320 applications for mechanical patents, 1,170 applications for design patents, 151 applications for reissues of patents, 2,602 applications for registration of trade marks, 1,121 applications for registration of labels and 266 applications for registration of prints. There were 27,776 patents issued, including designs, 110 patents reissued, 2,006 trade marks registered, 2,602 labels and 158 prints. The number of patents that expired was 23,331. The number of allowed applications awaiting the payment of final fees was 9,284. The number that were forfeited for nonpayment of the final fees was 4,471. The total expenditures were $1,393,345 54. The receipts over expenditures were $159,513 54. The total balance to the credit of the Patent Office in the Treasury of the United States on January 1, 1903, was $5,488,984 61.

In proportion to population more patents were issued to citizens of the District of Columbia than to those of any of the States or Territories—one to every 1,080. Next in order are the following: Connecticut, 1 to every 1,240; Massachusetts, 1 to every 1,439; Rhode Island, 1 to every 1,558; New-Jersey, 1 to every 1,605; Colorado, 1 to every 1,670; California, 1 to every 1,738; New-York, 1 to every 1,764; Illinois, 1 to every 1,906; Pennsylvania, 1 to every 2,257; Ohio, 1 to every 2,271; Washington, 1 to every 2,712; Nevada, 1 to every 2,822; Michigan, 1 to every 3,119; Montana, 1 to every 3,244; Arizona Territory, 1 to every 3,615; Indiana, 1 to every 3,723; Maryland, 1 to every 3,814; Minnesota, 1 to every 3,926; Wisconsin, 1 to every 3,971; Missouri, 1 to every 4,039; Oregon, 1 to every 4,135; Iowa, 1 to every 4,203; Delaware, 1 to every 4,296; New-Hampshire, 1 to every 4,378; Vermont, 1 to every 4,840; Nebraska, 1 to every 4,856; North Dakota, 1 to every 4,986; Maine, 1 to every 5,032; Kansas, 1 to every 5,308; Wyoming, 1 to every 6,168; Utah, 1 to every 6,289; Idaho, 1 to every 6,470; South Dakota, 1 to every 6,476; New-Mexico Territory, 1 to every 7,812; West Virginia, 1 to every 8,057; Oklahoma Territory, 1 to every 8,296; Texas, 1 to every 8,515; Virginia, 1 to every 9,224; Kentucky, 1 to every 9,255; Florida, 1 to every 9,272; Tennessee, 1 to every 10,922; Alaska Territory, 1 to every 12,688. The fewest patents granted in proportion to the number of inhabitants were in the following States and Territories: South Carolina, 1 to every 29,137; Alabama, 1 to every 20,547; North Carolina, 1 to every 19,523; Mississippi, 1 to every 17,046; Arkansas, 1 to every 15,801; Louisiana, 1 to every 15,700; Indian Territory, 1 to every 15,678; Georgia, 1 to every 13,681; Hawaii Territory, 1 to every 12,833.

Of foreign patents, 1,000 were granted to residents of England; Germany, 956; Canada, 502; France, 346; Austria-Hungary, 132; Scotland, 104; Switzerland, 78; Sweden,

63; Russia, 50; New Zealand, 48; Belgium, 45; Italy, 39; Victoria, 36; Denmark, 31; Ireland, 28; New South Wales, 21; Mexico, 20; Norway, 17; the Netherlands, 16; South Australia, 13; Cuba, 10.

The Patent Office issued 27,886 patents during the year 1902, the largest annual issue in its entire history. The total number of trade marks, prints and labels registered for the year 1902 was 2,931.

The number of mechanical patents issued during the year 1902 was 27,136, exceeding by 1,578 the issue of such patents for the preceding year, which was then the largest number issued by this office in any year. The operations of the Design Patent law, approved May 9, 1902, resulted in the diminution of the number of applications filed for design patents by 1,094 from the number issued during the previous year. The number of patents reissued during the year was 110, making the total issue of these three classes of patents 27,886 for the year 1902, against 27,373, the corresponding figures for the preceding year. The number of certificates of registration of trade marks was 2,006, an increase of 78. The number of certificates of registration of labels was 767, a reduction of 1-11 in such certificates. The number of prints for which certificates of registration were issued was 158, being one less in number than those issued for 1901.

An act approved March 3, 1903, amended four sections of the Revised Statutes relating to patents, as follows:

Section 4887 was amended so as to give effect to the International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property. This amendment, furthermore, extended the period within which an application for a patent could be filed in this country after an application abroad from seven months to twelve months.

Section 4892 was amended to require the authority of foreign officers administering oaths to applicants for patents to be proved by a certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States.

Section 4896 was amended so as to permit a foreign administrator of a deceased foreign inventor to file an application in this country upon the authority of such foreign administrator being proved by a certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States.

Section 4902 was so amended as to permit foreigners, as well as citizens of this country, to file caveats.

PASSPORT REGULATIONS.

The law forbids the granting of a passport to any person not a citizen of the United States, or loyal resident of an insular possession of the United States. A person who has only made the declaration of intention to become a citizen cannot receive a passport. No one but the Secretary of State may grant and issue passports in the United States. A person who is entitled to receive a passport, if temporarily abroad, should apply to the diplomatic representative of the United States in the country where he happens to be, or, in the absence of a diplomatic representative, to the Consul-General of the United States, or, in the absence of both, to a consul of the United States. The necessary statements may be made before the nearest consular officer. Application for a passport by a person in one of the insular possessions of the United States should be made to the Chief Executive of such possession. The evidence required of a person making application abroad or in an insular possession of the United States is the same as that required of an applicant in the United States.

Such application, in the form of an affidavit, must be attested by an officer authorized to administer oaths. The applicant is required to state the date and place of his birth, his occupation, the place of his permanent residence, and within what length of time he intends to return to the United States with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship therein. The applicant must take the oath of allegiance to the Government of the United States. The application must be accompanied by a description stating the following particulars: Age, stature, forehead, eyes, nose, mouth, chin, hair, complexion, face, and by a certificate from at least one credible witness that the applicant is the person he represents himself to be, and that the facts stated in the affidavit are true to the best of the witness's knowledge and belief.

A person of the Chinese race, alleging birth in the United States, must accompany his application with supporting affidavits from at least two credible witnesses, preferably not of the Chinese race, having personal knowledge of the applicant's birth in the United States. A person born abroad whose father was a native citizen of the United States must show that his father was born in the United States, resided therein, and was a citizen at the time of the applicant's birth. The department may require that this affidavit be supported by that of one other citizen acquainted with the facts. A naturalized citizen must transmit his certificate of naturalization, or a duly certified copy of the court record thereof, with his application. He must state in his affidavit when and from what port he emigrated to this country, what ship he sailed in, where he has lived since his arrival in the United States, when and before what court he was naturalized, and that he is the identical person described in the certificate of naturalization.

If a woman making application is unmarried she should state that she has never been married. If she is the wife or widow of a native citizen of the United States the fact should be made to appear. If she is the wife or widow of a naturalized citizen she must transmit for inspection her husband's certificate of naturalization, must state that she is the wife (or widow) of the person described therein, and must set forth the facts of his emigration, naturalization and residence, as required in the rule governing the application of a naturalized citizen. A married woman's citizen-

ship follows that of her husband so far as her international status is concerned. It is essential, therefore, that a woman's marital relations be indicated in her application for a passport, and that in the case of a married woman her husband's citizenship be established. The child of a naturalized citizen claiming citizenship through the naturalization of the parent must state that he or she is the son or daughter, as the case may be, of the person described in the certificate of naturalization, which must be submitted for inspection, and must set forth the facts of emigration, naturalization and residence, as required in the rule governing the application of a naturalized citizen. A resident of an insular possession of the United States who owes allegiance to the United States must state that he owes allegiance to the United States and that he does not acknowledge allegiance to any other government, and must submit affidavits from at least two credible witnesses having good means of knowledge in substantiation of his statements of birth, residence and loyalty.

A passport expires two years from the date of issuance. A new one will be issued upon a new application, and, if the applicant be a naturalized citizen, the old passport will be accepted in lieu of a certificate of naturalization, if the application upon which it was issued is found to contain sufficient information as to the naturalization of the applicant. When the applicant is accompanied by his wife, minor children or servant who would be entitled to receive a passport, it will be sufficient to state the fact, giving the respective ages of the children and the allegiance of the servant, when one passport will suffice for all. For any other person in the party a separate passport will be required. A woman's passport may include her minor children and servant under the above-named conditions. The term servant does not include a governess, tutor, pupil, companion or person holding like relations to the applicant for a passport. Professional and other titles will not be inserted in passports.

By act of Congress, a fee of $1 is required to be collected for every citizen's passport. That amount in currency or postal money order should accompany each application made by a citizen of the United States. Orders should be made payable to the disbursing clerk of the Department of State. Drafts or checks will not be accepted. Blank forms of application will be furnished by the department. The Secretary of State may refuse to issue a passport to any one who he has reason to believe desires it to further an unlawful or improper purpose.

Passports are not required in the Argentine Republic, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Chili, Colombia, Costa Rica, Denmark and possessions, Great Britain and possessions, Guatemala, Honduras, Japan, Liberia, Mexico, Nicaragua, Norway, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal and possessions, Salvador, Sweden and Uruguay. It is recommended, however, that Americans intending to visit those countries be provided with passports for convenience to travel without interruption. The laws of the following countries require that every foreigner must be provided with a passport before entering their domains: Austria-Hungary, Dominican Republic, Germany, Greece, Hayti, Netherlands and possessions, Persia, Rumania, Russia, Servia, Turkey and possessions and Venezuela. As a general rule it is wise for persons intending travelling abroad, outside of British dominions, where passports are never demanded, to provide themselves with passports before leaving the United States. Persons intending to enter Russian or Turkish territory should have their passports viséd (countersigned) by a Russian or Turkish consular representative in this country before sailing. There is now mailed by the State Department, with each passport issued to a naturalized citizen, an unofficial statement showing what his status will be under the laws of the country of his origin if he returns.

TRADE-MARK LAWS.

The following classes may obtain registration: (a) Any person, firm or corporation domiciled in the United States or located in any foreign country which, by treaty, convention or law, affords similar privileges to citizens of the United States, and who is entitled to the exclusive use of any trade-mark and uses the same in commerce with foreign nations or with Indian tribes. (b) Any citizen or resident of this country wishing the protection of his trade-mark in any foreign country the laws of which require registration in the United States as a condition precedent. An application for the registration of a trade-mark will consist of a statement or specification, a declaration or oath, and drawing, which must follow rules laid down. These should be preceded by a brief letter of advice requesting registration and signed by the applicant. The statement should announce the full name, citizenship, domicile, residence, and place of business of the applicant (or, if the applicant be a corporation, under the laws of what State or nation incorporated), with a full and clear specification of the trade-mark. It should state from what time the trade-mark has been used by the applicant, the class of merchandise, and the particular goods comprised in such class to which the trade-mark is appropriated, and the manner in which the trade-mark has been applied to the goods. The declaration should be in the form of an oath by the person, or by a member of the firm, or by an officer of the corporation, making the application, to the effect that the party has at the time of filing his application a right to the use of the trade-mark described in the statement; that no other person, firm, or corporation has a right to such use, either in the identical form or in such near resemblance thereto as might be calculated to deceive; that such trade-mark is used in lawful commerce with foreign nations or Indian tribes, one or more of which should be particularly named; and that it is truly represented in the fac-simile presented for registry. The oath may be taken within the United States before a notary public, justice of the peace, or the judge or clerk of any court of record. In any foreign country it may be taken before the secretary of a legation or consular officer of the United States or before any person duly qualified by the laws of the country to administer

oaths, whose official character shall be certified by a representative of the United States having an official seal. A fee of $25 is required on filing application, except in cases named in the following: Owners of trade-marks for which protection has been sought by registering them in the Patent Office under the act of July 8, 1870 (declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States), may register the same for the same goods, without fee, on compliance with the foregoing requirements. With each application of this character a specific reference to the date and number of the former certificate is required. Applicants whose cases were filed under the act of 1870, either prior to or since the decision of the Supreme Court declaring it unconstitutional, which are now pending before the office, are advised to prepare applications in conformity with the law and foregoing rules. On the receipt of such an application, referring to the date of the one formerly filed, all fees thereon will be duly applied. Those who have paid only $10 as a first fee are advised that the law does not provide for a division of the legal fee of $25, and that the remainder of the entire fee is required before the application can be entertained.

THE BANKRUPTCY LAW.

The Bankruptcy Law passed by both houses of the LVth Congress and approved July 1, 1898, provides a complete system for the administration of the affairs of bankrupts and the distribution of their property among their creditors, uniform throughout the United States and administered by the United States courts, in place of the different systems formerly in existence in the various States administered by State courts. In bankruptcy proceedings a bankrupt debtor may turn over all his property to the court to be administered for the benefit of his creditors, and then get a complete discharge from his debts. A bankrupt may of his own motion offer to surrender his property to the administration of the United States court and ask for his discharge in voluntary bankruptcy, or creditors may apply to the court to compel a bankrupt to turn over his property to be administered under the act for the benefit of the creditors in voluntary bankruptcy. The bankrupt who has turned over all his property and conformed to the provisions of the act is entitled to a judgment of court discharging him from any future liability to his creditors.

Extended powers are given for taking possession of the assets, among others, to allow and disallow all claims against bankrupt estates, appoint receivers and take the necessary measures for the preservation and charge of the porperty of a bankrupt; to arraign, try and punish bankrupts, officers and other persons and the agents, officers, members of the board of directors or trustees or other similar bodies of corporations for violation of the act; to authorize the business of the bankrupt to be conducted for limited periods; to cause the assets to be collected and reduced to money and distributed, and substantially determine all controversies in relation thereto; to enforce obedience to lawful orders by fine or imprisonment, and to extradite bankrupts from one district to another. The proceeding once inaugurated by the filing of a petition by the bankrupt and the adjudication in bankruptcy having been made, the Court proceeds to take charge of the bankrupt's property, and administer the same for the benefit of the creditors, and determine all questions which may arise in regard to the rights of the bankrupt or the creditors, either as against the bankrupt or as between themselves in accordance with the above prescribed powers. A trustee is appointed, either selected by the creditors at a meeting called for that purpose or, in case they fail to select a trustee, one is appointed by the Court.

His duty is to collect the property, realize on it in such manner as may be for the best interests of all concerned, and ultimately distribute it among the creditors in such proportions as they may be adjudicated to be entitled thereto. As all questions, both of law and fact, in relation to the property or the rights of the various parties must be decided in the bankruptcy proceeding, it is provided that referees be appointed, who are charged with the duty of hearing the allegations and testimony of all parties and deciding all such questions that may arise. Each case, as it comes up, is assigned to some referee, whose duty it is to adjudicate and pass upon all such questions arising therein in the first instance, the right being reserved to any parties to appeal from the decision of the referee to the United States District Court. The duties of the referee are substantially of a judicial character, and he occupies much the position of a judge of primary resort, subject to an appeal to the Court, and is required to take the same oath of office as that prescribed for judges of the United States courts. By Section 38 of the act, the referee is invested with jurisdiction to consider all petitions referred to him by the clerks, make adjudications or dismiss the petition; exercise the powers vested in courts of bankruptcy for the administering of oaths to and the examination of witnesses, and for requiring the production of documents in proceedings before him, except the power of commitment, and, in the absence of the Judge, to exercise all his powers for taking possession and releasing the property of a bankrupt, and to perform such part of the duties of the courts of bankruptcy as they may prescribe by rules and orders, excepting only questions arising on applications of bankrupts for compositions or discharges.

All questions in regard to the property or assets or rights of the creditors and persons interested come before the referee for determination, subject to the right of appeal. After the rights of all parties have been ascertained and determined, and the property has been realized upon, it is distributed among the creditors. Provision is made in the act for allowing bankrupts to compromise or settle with their creditors by a proceeding known as composition proceedings, whereby, if a bankrupt and a majority of his creditors agree upon some basis of settlement, the same, if approved by the Court, shall become binding upon all creditors. The decision of the question as to the approval of compositions and granting discharges to a bankrupt from his debts is specifically reserved by the act to the judges of the United States courts; but the

Court, by virtue of its general powers, may refer such matters to the referee to take testimony and report to the Court his opinion thereon. The aim of the act has been to make the expense of the proceedings depend largely upon the amount of the property involved, and the compensation of the referees is fixed substantially at 1 per cent on the amount distributed to the creditors in ordinary cases, where the assets are distributed by the Court, and one-half of 1 per cent in composition cases, and the trustees who have charge of the actual management of the bankrupt's property receive as compensation such commissions on amounts paid out by them as dividends as the Court may allow, not to exceed, however, 9 per cent on the first $5,000, 2 per cent on the second $5,000, and 1 per cent on all sums in excess of $10,000. Detailed provisions are made in the act for giving notice to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of the pendency of the proceedings, the payment and declaration of dividends and other matters, and providing methods whereby all parties interested may be heard on all subjects arising in the course of the proceedings.

Some minor modifications were made in the application of the bankruptcy system by the act of February 5, 1903, amending the act of July 1, 1898.

LABOR LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The United States statutes at large provide for a Bureau of Labor in the Department of Commerce and Labor, said bureau to be in charge of an officer designated the Commissioner of Labor. The general design and duties of the Bureau of Labor are to acquire and diffuse among the people of the United States useful information on subjects connected with labor, in the most general and comprehensive sense of that word, and especially upon its relation to capital, hours of labor, the earnings of laboring men and women, and the means of promoting their material, social, intellectual and moral prosperity. The information collected by the Commissioner is given to the public through three vehicles—an annual report, special reports (when in the judgment of the Commissioner such reports are essential), and a bimonthly bulletin. Seventeen annual reports, nine special reports and forty-nine bulletins have been published. It is the duty of the Commissioner to collect and present in annual reports statistical details relating to all departments of labor in the Territory of Hawaii.

Labor Commissioner.

In an article entitled "Employer and Employe Under the Common Law," published in the U. S. Department of Labor Bulletin No. 1, pages 98 and 99, the common law on the subject of boycotting, as laid down by the courts, is stated as follows: "Every one has the right to work or to refuse to work for whom and on what terms he pleases, or to refuse to deal with whom he pleases; and a number of persons, if they have no unlawful object in view, have the right to agree that they will not work for or deal with certain persons, or that they will not work under a fixed price or without certain conditions. The right of employes to refuse to work, either singly or in combination, except upon terms and conditions satisfactory to themselves, is balanced by the right of employers to refuse to engage the services of any one for any reason they deem proper. The master may fix the wages, and other conditions not unlawful, upon which he will employ workmen, and has the right to refuse to employ them upon any other terms. In short, both employers and employes are entitled to exercise the fullest liberty in entering into contracts of service, and neither party can hold the other responsible for refusing to enter into such contracts. It has been held, however, that employers in separate, independent establishments have no right to combine for the purpose of preventing workmen who have incurred the hostility of one of them from securing employment upon any terms and by the method commonly known as blacklisting debarring such workmen from exercising their vocation, such a combination being regarded as a criminal conspiracy. On the other hand, a combination of employes having for its purpose the accomplishment of an illegal object is unlawful; for instance, a conspiracy to extort money from an employer by inducing his workmen to leave him and deterring others from entering his service is illegal; and an association which undertakes to coerce workmen to become members thereof or to dictate to employers as to the methods or terms upon which their business shall be conducted by means of force, threats or intimidation, interfering with their traffic or lawful employment of other persons is, as to such purposes, an illegal combination. Unlawful interference by employes, or former employes, or persons acting in sympatny with them, with the business of a railroad company in the hands of a receiver renders the persons interfering liable to punishment for contempt of court."

Boycotting.

The U. S. Statutes at Large provide that the service and employment of all laborers and mechanics employed by the Government of the United States, by the District of Columbia, or by any contractor or sub-contractor upon any of the public works of the United States, or of the District of Columbia, shall be limited and restricted to eight hours in any one calendar day. Also, that it shall be unlawful for any officer of the United States or of the District of Columbia, or for any contractor or subcontractor as above described, to require or permit any such laborer or mechanic to work more than eight hours in any calendar day, except in cases of extraordinary emergency. (Chap. 352, acts of Congress, 1891-'92.) In 1887 Congress provided by act that eight hours should constitute a day's work for letter carriers in cities or postal districts connected therewith, and if any letter carrier should be employed a greater number of hours per day he should be paid extra for the same. (Chap. 308, acts of Congress, 1887-'88.) Chap. 47, acts of Congress, 1887-'88, directs the Public Printer to enforce the eight-hour law in the department under his charge.

Hours of Labor.

All persons of the Government service as per diem employes are allowed the following holidays, for which they shall receive pay the same as on other days: January 1, February 22, May 30 (Memo-

Holiday Pay.

rial Day), July 4, first Monday in September, Labor Day (to employes of the Government Printing Office only), December 25, and such days as the President may appoint as days for national thanksgiving. (Resolution No. 5, acts of Congress, 1884–'85, and Resolution No. 6, acts of Congress, 1886–'87.) An act of January 12, 1895, Chap. 23, Sec. 46, 28 Stat. 607, provides that Inauguration Day shall be a holiday, with pay, for employes of the Government Printing Office.

Arbitration of Labor Disputes.

Chap. 370, acts of Congress, 1897–'98, provides that when a controversy arises between a common carrier, engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, and its employes, which interrupts or threatens to interrupt its business, the chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Labor shall, upon the request of either party, communicate with the parties and try by mediation and conciliation to settle the controversy, and if their efforts are unsuccessful they shall then try to bring about an arbitration of said controversy; that if the effort at mediation as above does not succeed the controversy may, by the consent of the parties, be submitted to the arbitration of a board of three persons, one to be named by the employing carrier, one to be named by the employes, and the third to be chosen by the two first named, or, if they cannot agree on any one, then by the chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Labor; that a majority of said arbitrators may make a valid and binding award, which must be found and filed in the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the United States for the district wherein the controversy arose or the arbitration was entered into, within thirty days from the date of the appointment of the third arbitrator; that the submission of the controversy shall be in writing and signed by both parties, and must be filed with the award and with a transcript of all the testimony; that these papers so filed in court with the award shall have the force and effect of a bill of exceptions; that the award shall be final and conclusive upon both parties unless set aside by the court for error of law apparent on the record; that the award shall go into practical operation and judgment shall be entered thereon at the expiration of ten days from the filing unless, within said ten days, either party shall file exceptions thereto for matter of law apparent upon the record; that at the expiration of ten days from the judgment of the Circuit Court upon exceptions taken as above, judgment shall be entered in accordance with the decision of the court unless, within said ten days, either party shall appeal to the Circuit Court of Appeals; the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals shall be final; that employes dissatisfied with the award must not quit the employer before the expiration of three months from and after the making of the award without giving thirty days' notice in writing of their intention, and that an employer so dissatisfied must not, on account of said dissatisfaction, dismiss an employe before the expiration of said three months without giving the same notice; that during the pendency of such arbitration it shall not be lawful for the employer party to such arbitration to discharge employes parties thereto, except for inefficiency, violation of law or neglect of duty, nor for the employes to unite in, aid or abet strikes against said employer, and that for a period of three months after an award under such an arbitration it shall not be lawful for an employer to discharge employes, except for the causes aforesaid, without giving thirty days' notice in writing of his intention so to do, nor for any employes, during a like period, to quit the service of the employer without just cause without giving a like notice; that each member of such board of arbitration shall receive a compensation of $10 per day for the time he is actually employed and also his travelling and other necessary expenses.

COPYRIGHT IN THE UNITED STATES.

Under the International Copyright act (approved March 3, 1891; took effect July 1, 1891) any United States citizen, or any citizen or subject of a foreign nation which grants copyright to United States citizens on substantially the same basis with its own citizens, may secure for twenty-eight years the sole liberty of printing, reprinting, publishing, completing, copying, executing, finishing and vending his work; and, in case of a dramatic composition, of publicly performing or representing it, or causing it to be performed or represented by others. This term of security is renewable for fourteen years more. The right of citizens or subjects of a foreign nation to copyright in the United States, on January 1, 1896, had been extended by Presidential proclamations to Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Denmark and Switzerland. On February 27, 1896, copyright benefits were extended to citizens of Mexico by proclamation of the President; on May 25, 1896, to citizens of Chili; on October 19, 1899, to those of Costa Rica, and on November 20, 1899, to those of the Netherlands (Holland) and possessions. A bill of Congress, signed by the President January 6, 1897, makes an injunction against the unlawful production of a play obtained in a United States District Court operative in all districts, instead of only in the one in which it is granted, as formerly. It also makes the unlawful production of a play punishable by imprisonment, under certain conditions. To aid in having the law strictly complied with, so that no question can arise as to the validity of the entry recorded, and that the application shall be in such a form that the Copyright Office can, upon its receipt, promptly make the entries desired, and thus avoid delay through the necessity for correspondence, an application form has been prepared, which can be obtained by addressing "Register of Copyrights, Library of Congress, Washington, D. C."

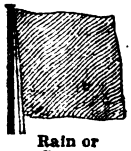
By application to the same office a pamphlet giving directions for securing copyrights, etc., may be obtained. The law imposes a penalty of $100 upon any person who shall insert the notice of copyright, or words of the same purport, upon any book or other article which has not been copyrighted, whether such article be subject to copyright or otherwise; or who shall knowingly issue or sell any article bearing a notice of United States copyright which has not been copyrighted in the United States; or who shall

import any book, photograph, chromo or lithograph, or other article bearing suc notice of copyright or words of the same purport, which is not copyrighted in th country. The president of the American Copyright League is Edmund Clarence Ste man, and the secretary is R. U. Johnson. No. 33 East 17th-st., New-York City, N.

WEATHER BUREAU FORECASTS AND STORM WARNINGS.

The Weather Bureau furnishes, when practicable, for the benefit of all interest dependent upon weather conditions, the "Forecasts" which are prepared daily at th Central Office in Washington, D. C., and certain designated stations. These forecast are telegraphed to stations of the Weather Bureau, railway officials, postmasters, an many others, to be communicated to the public by means of flags or steam whistles The flags adopted for this purpose are five in number, and of the forms and colo indicated below:

EXPLANATION OF WEATHER FLAGS.

No. 1. White Flag.	No. 2. Blue Flag.	No. 3. White and Blue Flag.	No. 4. Black Triangular Flag.	No. 5. White Flag wit bl'k sq. in centre.
				
Clear or fair weather.	Rain or Snow.	Local Rain or Snow.	Temperature.	Cold Wave.

When No. 4 is placed above No. 1, 2, or 3, it indicates warmer; when below, colder; when not displayed, the temperature is expected to remain about stationary. During the late spring and early fall the cold wave flag is also used to indicate anticipated frosts.

EXPLANATION OF WHISTLE SIGNALS.

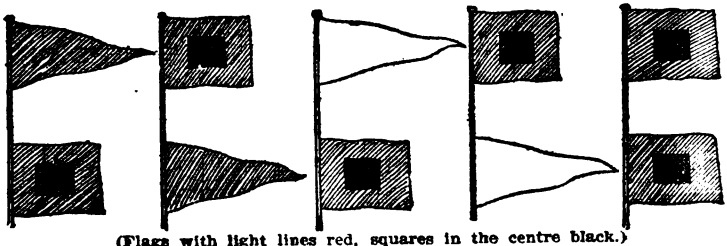
A warning blast of from fifteen to twenty seconds' duration is sounded to attract attention. After this warning the longer blasts (of from four to six seconds' duration) refer to weather, and shorter blasts (from one to three seconds' duration) refer to temperature; those for weather are sounded first.

Blasts.	Indicate.	Blasts.	Indicate.
One long.....	Fair weather.	One short.....	Lower temperature.
Two long.....	Rain or snow.	Two short.....	Higher temperature.
Three long.....	Local rain or snow.	Three short.....	Cold wave.

By repeating each combination a few times, with intervals of ten seconds, liability to error in reading the signals may be avoided. As far as practicable, the forecast messages will be telegraphed at the expense of the Weather Bureau; but if this is impracticable, they will be furnished at the regular commercial rates and sent "collect." In no case will the forecasts be sent to a second address in any place, except at the expense of the applicant. Persons desiring to display the flags or sound the whistle signals for the benefit of the public should communicate with the Weather Bureau officials in charge of the climate and crop service of their respective States, the central stations of which are as follows: Montgomery, Ala.; Phœnix, Ariz.; Little Rock, Ark.; San Francisco, Cal.; Denver, Col.; Jacksonville, Fla.; Atlanta, Ga.; Boise, Idaho; Springfield, Ill.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Des Moines, Iowa; Topeka, Kan.; Louisville, Ky.; New-Orleans, La.; Baltimore, Md. (for Delaware and Maryland); Boston, Mass. (for New-England); Grand Rapids, Mich.; Minneapolis, Minn.; Vicksburg, Miss.; Columbia, Mo.; Helena, Mont.; Lincoln, Neb.; Carson City, Nev.; Atlantic City, N. J.; Santa Fe, N. M.; Ithaca, N. Y.; Raleigh, N. C.; Bismarck, N. D.; Columbus, Ohio; Oklahoma, Okla. (for Oklahoma and Indian Territories); Portland, Ore.; Philadelphia, Penn.; Columbia, S. C.; Huron, S. D.; Nashville, Tenn.; Galveston, Tex.; Salt Lake City, Utah; Richmond, Va.; Seattle, Wash.; Parkersburg, W. Va.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Cheyenne, Wyo

There are also storm and hurricane warnings, the combinations being made with a white triangular flag, a red triangular flag and a square red flag with a black square in the centre. The combinations follow:

Storm warnings. Hurricane warning



(Flags with light lines red, squares in the centre black.)

Storm warning—A red flag with a black centre indicates that a storm of marke

violence is expected. The pennants displayed with the flags indicate the direction of the wind—red, easterly (from northeast to south); white, westerly (from southwest to north). The pennant above the flag indicates that the wind is expected to blow from the northerly quadrants; below, from the southerly quadrants. By night a red light indicates easterly winds, and a white above a red light, westerly winds.

Hurricane warning—Two red flags with black centres displayed one above the other indicate the expected approach of a tropical hurricane, or one of those extremely severe and dangerous storms which occasionally move across the lakes and Northern Atlantic Coast. No night hurricane warnings are displayed.

RAINFALL AND TEMPERATURE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Prepared by United States Weather Bureau. The letters at the head of each column indicate as follows: "M. A. R." mean annual rainfall (including snow melted), in inches. "M. A. T." mean annual temperature. "H. R. T.," highest recorded temperature at the station. "L. R. T.," lowest recorded temperature at the station.

Stations.	M. A. R.	M. A. T.	H. R. T.	L. R. T.	Stations.	M. A. R.	M. A. T.	H. R. T.	L. R. T.
Alabama, Montgomery...	52.7	65.2	107	[1] 5	Nevada, Winnemucca....	8.5	48.6	104	[1]28
Arizona, Phœnix.....	6.9	69.2	119	12	New-H'pshire, M'chester.	43.1	45.9	96	[1]11
Arkansas, Little Rock...	53.6	61.5	106	[1]12	New-Jersey, Atl'tic City.	42.7	51.9	99	[1] 7
California, San Francisco	23.7	55.8	100	29	New-Mexico, Santa Fe..	14.2	48.3	97	[1]13
Colorado, Denver.....	14.5	49.4	105	[1]29	New-York, Albany.....	37.9	48.2	100	[1]18
Connecticut, New-Haven.	47.9	49.4	100	[1]14	North Carolina, Raleigh.	46.1	59.1	103	[1] 2
Florida, Jacksonville....	54.1	69.0	104	10	North Dakota, Bismarck.	18.4	39.6	106	[1]44
Georgia, Atlanta.....	50.4	61.2	100	[1] 8	Ohio, Columbus.....	38.9	52.1	104	[1]20
Idaho, Boise City.....	14.4	50.6	111	[1]28	Oklahoma, Oklaho'a City	31.1	59.4	104	[1]17
Illinois, Springfield.....	38.0	52.3	107	[1]22	Oregon, Portland.....	46.8	52.5	102	[1] 2
Indiana, Indianapolis....	43.0	52.7	106	[1]25	Pennsylvania, P'delphia..	39.8	53.4	103	[1] 6
Iowa, Des Moines.....	33.1	48.5	109	[1]30	Rhode Island, Block Is'd	44.2	49.1	89	[1] 4
Kansas, Dodge.....	19.8	53.1	108	[1]26	South Carolina, Ch'lston.	56.7	65.8	104	7
Kentucky, Louisville.....	45.8	56.7	107	[1]20	South Dakota, Yankton..	26.8	45.8	107	[1]34
Louisiana, New-Orleans..	60.5	68.8	102	7	Tennessee, Nashville.....	50.1	59.3	104	[1]13
Maine, Portland.....	42.3	45.7	97	[1]17	Texas, San Antonio.....	29.7	68.5	108	4
Maryland, Baltimore.....	44.0	55.2	104	[1] 7	Utah, Salt Lake City....	16.2	51.3	102	[1]20
Massachusetts, Boston...	45.0	48.6	101	[1]13	Vermont, Burlington.....	32.9	45.3	97	[1]25
Michigan, Detroit.....	32.3	48.1	101	[1]24	Virginia, Lynchburg.....	42.9	56.9	102	[1] 6
Minnesota, St. Paul.....	27.5	43.3	104	[1]41	Washington, Seattle.....	35.9	51.5	95	12
Mississippi, Vicksburg...	55.7	65.3	101	[1] 1	Washington, D. C.....	43.5	54.7	104	[1]15
Missouri, St. Louis.....	41.1	55.6	107	[1]22	W. Virginia, Parkersb'g..	41.0	54.4	102	[1]27
Montana, Helena.....	13.2	43.1	103	[1]42	Wisconsin, Milwaukee...	32.1	45.9	100	[1]25
Nebraska, Omaha.....	31.7	49.6	106	[1]32	Wyoming, Cheyenne.....	12.2	44.4	100	[1]38

[1]Indicates temperature below zero.

INDIAN SERVICE.

Different objects of the appropriation by Congress in the Indian acts of 1902 and 1903:

	1903.	1904.
Current and contingent expenses	$727,640 00	$727,940 00
Fulfilling treaty stipulations	2,249,377 69	2,181,633 35
Miscellaneous supports, gratuities	745,000 00	649,000 00
Incidental expenses	93,400 00	93,400 00
Support of schools	3,539,465 00	3,522,950 00
Miscellaneous	818,022 41	1,346,383 42
Capitalization of annuities	999,368 00	
Totals	$9,172,273 10	$8,521,306 77

Enrolment and average attendance of Indian schools, 1902 and 1903, showing increase and decrease in 1903; also number of schools in 1903:

Kind of school.	Enrolment			Average attendance.			Number of schools.
	1902.	1903.	Increase.	1902.	1903.	Increase.	
Government schools:							
Non-reservation boarding	8,568	8,651	83	7,354	7,793	439	26
Reservation boarding ...	11,506	11,209	[1]297	9,963	9,794	[1]169	91
Day	4,360	4,497	137	3,223	3,289	66	140
Totals	24,434	24,357	[1]77	20,540	20,876	336	257
Mission schools:							
Boarding	3,565	3,484	[1]81	3,153	3,097	[1]56	44
Day	288	305	17	223	240	17	4
Totals	3,853	3,789	[1]64	3,376	3,337	[1]39	48
Hampton	134	101	[1]33	106	88	[1]18	1
Public	189	164	[1]25	98	81	[1]17	[2]
Aggregate	28,610	28,411	[1]199	24,120	24,382	262	306

[1]Decrease. [2]Twelve public schools in which pupils are taught not enumerated here.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

CENSUS OF 1900.

States and Territories.	Population.	Sex.		Native and foreign born.		[3]Race and color.	
		Males.	Females.	Native.	[2]Foreign.	White.	Negro.
Alabama	1,828,697	916,764	911,933	1,814,698	24,233	1,001,152	827,30
Alaska	63,592	45,872	17,720	50,105	14,592	30,493	1
Arizona	122,931	71,795	51,136	98,931	12,661	92,203	1,84
Arkansas	1,311,564	675,312	636,252	1,297,275	14,289	944,580	366,85
California	1,485,053	820,531	664,522	1,117,813	367,240	1,402,727	11,04
Colorado	539,700	295,332	244,368	448,545	91,155	529,046	8,57
Connecticut	908,420	454,294	454,126	670,210	238,210	892,424	15,22
Delaware	184,735	94,158	90,577	170,945	13,810	153,977	30,69
D. of Columbia	278,718	132,004	146,714	258,599	20,119	191,532	86,70
Florida	528,542	275,246	253,296	504,710	23,832	297,333	230,73
Georgia	2,216,331	1,103,201	1,113,130	2,203,928	12,403	1,181,294	1,034,81
Hawaii	154,001	106,369	47,632	63,221	90,780	66,890	2
Idaho	161,772	93,367	68,405	137,168	24,604	154,495	20
Illinois	4,821,550	2,472,782	2,348,768	3,854,803	966,747	4,734,873	85,07
Indiana	2,516,462	1,285,404	1,231,058	2,374,341	142,121	2,458,502	57,50
Indian Ter.	392,060	208,952	183,108	387,202	4,858	302,680	36,85
Iowa	2,231,853	1,156,849	1,075,004	1,925,933	305,920	2,218,667	12,69
Kansas	1,470,495	768,716	701,779	1,343,810	126,685	1,416,319	52,00
Kentucky	2,147,174	1,090,227	1,056,947	2,096,925	50,249	1,862,309	284,70
Louisiana	1,381,625	694,733	686,892	1,328,722	52,903	729,612	650,80
Maine	694,466	350,995	343,471	691,136	93,330	692,226	1,31
Maryland	1,188,044	589,275	598,769	1,094,110	93,934	952,424	235,06
Massachusetts	2,805,346	1,367,474	1,437,872	1,959,022	846,324	2,769,764	31,97
Michigan	2,420,982	1,248,905	1,172,077	1,879,329	541,653	2,398,563	15,81
Minnesota	1,751,394	932,490	818,904	1,246,076	505,318	1,737,036	4,95
Mississippi	1,551,270	781,451	769,819	1,543,289	7,981	641,200	907,63
Missouri	3,106,665	1,595,710	1,510,955	2,890,286	216,379	2,944,843	161,23
Montana	243,329	149,842	93,487	176,262	67,067	226,283	1,52
Nebraska	1,066,300	564,592	501,708	888,953	177,347	1,056,526	6,26
Nevada	42,335	25,603	16,732	32,242	10,093	35,405	13
N.-Hampshire	411,588	205,379	206,209	323,481	88,107	410,791	60
New-Jersey	1,883,669	941,760	941,909	1,451,785	431,884	1,812,317	69,84
New-Mexico	195,310	104,228	91,082	181,685	13,625	180,207	1,61
New-York	7,268,894	3,614,780	3,654,114	5,368,469	1,900,425	7,156,881	99,23
North Carolina	1,893,810	938,677	955,133	1,889,318	4,492	1,263,603	624,46
North Dakota	319,146	177,493	141,653	206,055	113,091	311,712	28
Ohio	4,157,545	2,102,655	2,054,890	3,698,811	458,734	4,060,204	96,90
Oklahoma	398,331	214,359	183,972	382,451	15,680	367,524	18,83
Oregon	413,536	232,985	180,551	347,788	65,748	394,582	1,10
Pennsylvania	6,302,115	3,204,541	3,097,574	5,316,865	985,250	6,141,664	156,84
Rhode Island	428,556	210,516	218,040	294,037	134,519	419,050	9,09
South Carolina	1,340,316	664,895	675,421	1,334,788	5,528	557,807	782,32
South Dakota	401,570	216,164	185,406	313,062	88,508	380,714	46
Tennessee	2,020,616	1,021,224	999,392	2,002,870	17,746	1,540,186	480,24
Texas	3,048,710	1,578,900	1,469,810	2,869,353	179,357	2,426,669	620,77
Utah	276,749	141,687	135,062	222,972	53,777	272,465	67
Vermont	343,641	175,138	168,503	298,894	44,747	342,771	82
Virginia	1,854,184	925,897	928,287	1,834,723	19,461	1,192,855	660,72
Washington	518,103	304,178	213,925	406,739	111,364	496,304	2,51
West Virginia	958,800	499,242	459,558	936,349	22,451	915,233	43,43
Wisconsin	2,069,042	1,067,562	1,001,480	1,553,071	515,971	2,057,911	2,54
Wyoming	92,531	58,184	34,347	75,116	17,415	89,051	94
United States	[1]76,303,387	39,059,242	37,244,145	65,843,302	10,460,085	[4]66,099,788	[4]8,840,78

[1]This total includes population enumerated by the Census Office as follows: Continental United States, 75,994,575; Alaska, 63,592; Hawaii, 154,001; military and naval 91,219. The population for the entire United States is 84,233,069, the totals for the insular dependencies being: Philippines, 6,961,339; Porto Rico, 953,243; Guam, 9,000 Samoa, 6,100. [2]Of these 10,250,063 are whites and 210,022 colored, including Chinese Japanese, etc. [3]In addition to the negro population there are in the United State classified as colored 119,050 Chinese, 85,983 Japanese, 137,242 Indians taxed, 129,51 Indians not taxed. [4]These totals include 84,209 whites and 6,394 negroes in the military and naval service.

Of the native born, 33,329,130 are males and 32,514,172 females; of the foreign born 5,730,112 are males and 4,729,973 females; of the total white, 34,349,021 are males and 32,041,781 females; of the native white, 28,803,188 are males and 27,937,551 females; o the native white of native parents, 20,934,099 are males and 20,119,318 females; of the native white of foreign parents, 7,869,089 are males and 7,818,233 females; of the foreign white, 5,545,833 are males and 4,704,230 females; of the total colored, 4,710,22 are males and 4,602,364 females; of the negroes, 4,393,221 are males and 4,447,56

females; of the Chinese, 111,054 are males and 7,996 females; of the Japanese, 71,386 are males and 14,600 females; of the Indians, 134,560 are males and 132,200 females.

States and Territories.	Native white.		Males, voting age.		White males, voting age.		Illiterates 10 years or over.
	Native parents.	[5]Foreign parents.	White.	Negro.	Native.	Foreign born.	
Alabama ...	956,685	30,156	232,294	181,471	224,212	8,082	443,590
Alaska	17,494	4,215	25,953	141	18,001	7,952	23,311
Arizona	44,830	25,678	34,911	1,084	22,750	12,161	27,307
Arkansas ...	897,668	32,726	226,597	87,157	218,319	8,278	190,655
California ..	644,428	441,794	489,545	3,711	309,251	180,294	58,959
Colorado	311,335	127,236	181,616	3,215	130,454	51,162	17,779
Connecticut .	372,783	262,245	275,126	4,576	168,723	106,403	42,973
Delaware ...	118,029	22,219	45,592	8,874	38,845	6,747	17,531
D.of Col'mbia	134,073	37,939	60,318	23,072	50,718	9,600	20,928
Florida	254,032	24,044	77,062	61,417	68,237	9,725	84,285
Georgia	1,144,360	24,913	277,396	223,078	270,789	6,707	480,420
Hawaii	37,918	16,223	19,576	93	12,876	6,700	42,340
Idaho	89,851	42,754	50,328	130	36,837	13,491	5,505
Illinois	2,271,765	1,498,473	1,370,209	29,762	903,086	467,123	157,958
Indiana	1,952,194	364,447	701,761	18,186	628,674	73,087	90,539
Indian Ter...	287,647	10,247	77,865	9,146	74,922	2,943	52,052
Iowa	1,261,068	651,817	630,665	4,441	472,759	157,906	40,172
Kansas	1,013,655	276,087	398,552	14,695	331,614	66,938	32,513
Kentucky ...	1,673,413	138,763	469,206	74,728	444,067	25,139	262,954
Louisiana ...	560,962	107,797	177,878	147,348	152,538	25,340	381,145
Maine	493,082	106,209	216,856	445	178,341	38,515	29,060
Maryland ...	680,049	179,231	260,979	60,406	218,968	42,011	101,947
Massach'setts	1,032,264	897,386	830,049	10,456	486,527	343,522	134,043
Michigan ...	1,026,714	831,653	712,245	5,193	450,830	261,415	80,482
Minnesota ..	425,780	806,321	502,384	2,168	241,631	260,753	52,946
Mississippi ..	614,067	19,508	150,530	197,936	145,815	4,715	351,461
Missouri	2,204,874	524,194	809,797	46,418	697,314	112,483	152,844
Montana	92,937	70,973	94,873	711	54,890	39,983	11,075
Nebraska ...	553,524	325,885	297,817	2,298	206,892	90,925	17,997
Nevada	15,111	11,713	14,652	70	8,855	5,797	4,045
N.-H'mpshire	242,614	80,216	130,648	230	95,819	34,769	21,075
New-Jersey .	825,973	556,294	532,750	21,474	336,152	196,598	86,658
New-Mexico.	149,029	17,917	50,804	775	43,553	7,251	46,971
New-York ..	2,851,513	2,415,845	2,145,057	31,425	1,315,583	829,474	318,100
No. Carolina.	1,250,811	8,398	289,263	127,114	286,812	2,451	386,251
No. Dakota..	65,811	133,311	93,237	115	37,679	55,558	12,719
Ohio	2,651,440	950,864	1,180,599	31,235	954,911	225,688	131,541
Oklahoma ..	313,905	38,015	101,543	4,827	92,946	8,597	15,774
Oregon	256,125	84,596	131,261	560	99,775	31,486	10,686
Pennsylvania	3,729,003	1,430,028	1,763,482	51,668	1,278,679	484,803	299,376
Rhode Island	144,986	140,292	124,001	2,765	70,233	53,768	29,004
So. Carolina.	540,766	11,670	136,375	152,860	127,396	2,979	338,059
So. Dakota..	136,191	156,194	107,353	184	61,907	45,446	14,832
Tennessee ..	1,481,636	40,964	375,046	112,236	365,537	9,509	306,930
Texas	1,959,762	289,326	559,961	136,875	514,188	85,773	314,018
Utah	104,026	115,635	65,205	358	40,799	24,406	6,141
Vermont	225,381	72,696	108,027	289	87,181	20,846	16,247
Virginia	1,141,213	32,574	301,379	146,122	290,294	11,085	312,120
Washington	265,068	129,111	183,999	1,230	122,254	61,745	12,740
W. Virginia.	843,981	48,873	233,129	14,786	220,251	12,878	80,105
Wisconsin ..	585,903	956,303	567,213	1,006	309,909	257,304	73,779
Wyoming ...	47,982	24,487	36,262	481	25,651	10,611	2,878
Totals	[1]41,053,417	[1]15,687,322	[2]10,036,143	[2]2,065,989	[3]14,103,619	[3]4,932,524	[4]6,246,857

[1]These totals include 48,643 of native parentage and 20,867 of whole or partial foreign parentage in the military or naval service. [2]These totals include 71,917 whites and 5,453 negroes in the military and naval services. [3]These totals include 58,315 natives and 13,602 foreign born in the military and naval services. [4]This total includes 1,137 illiterates in the military and naval services. [5]One or both.

POPULATION OF CITIES OF 25,000 OR MORE.

The following statistics, prepared under the direction of William C. Hunt, chief statistician for population of the Census Bureau, give the population of the 159 cities having 25,000 inhabitants or more in 1900, according to the official count of the returns of the Twelfth Census, taken as of June 1, 1900. The 159 cities combined have a population in 1900 of 19,694,625, as compared with a population for the same cities of 14,855,489 in 1890, and of 9,933,927 in 1880. The absolute increase in the population of these cities from 1890 to 1900 was 4,839,136, or 82,426 less than the absolute increase from 1880 to 1890, when it was 4,921,562. The percentage of increase in population of the 159 cities from 1890 to 1900 was 32.5, as against 49.5 from 1880 to 1890. In 1880 there were but twenty cities which contained more than 100,000 inhabitants.

but in 1890 this number had increased to twenty-eight, and in 1900 to thirty-eight. In 1900 there are seventy-eight cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more as compared with fifty-eight in 1890 and thirty-five in 1880. The combined population in 1900 of the nineteen cities of the first class (above 200,000) is 11,795,869, as against a population in 1890 of 8,879,105, representing an increase during the ten years of 2,916,704, or 32.8 per cent. The same cities showed an increase from 1880 to 1890 of 2,567,452, or 40.6 per cent. The nineteen cities of the second class (between 100,000 and 200,000) have a combined population in 1900 of 2,412,538, and show an increase of 33.3 per cent from 1890 to 1900, as against an increase of 79.2 per cent from 1880 to 1890. The forty cities of the third class (between 50,000 and 100,000) have a combined population in 1900 of 2,709,338, as against a population in 1890 of 2,067,169, which is equivalent to an increase during the decade of 31 per cent, as compared with an increase of 51 per cent during the preceding ten years. The eighty-one cities of the fourth class (between 25,000 and 50,000) have a combined population in 1900 of 2,776,940, having gained since 1890 676,381 in number, or 32.2 per cent, as against an increase of 68.7 per cent from 1880 to 1890.

Cities.	Population.		Inc.	Cities.	Population.		Inc.
	1900.	1890.	Per cent.		1900.	1890.	Per cent.
New-York, N. Y..	3,437,202	2,492,591	37.8	Troy, N. Y.....	60,651	60,956	10.5
Chicago, Ill.....	1,698,575	1,099,850	54.4	Hoboken, N. J...	59,364	43,648	36.0
Philadelphia, Penn	1,293,697	1,046,964	23.5	Evansville, Ind...	59,007	50,756	16.2
St. Louis, Mo.....	575,238	451,770	27.3	Manchester, N. H.	56,987	44,126	29.1
Boston, Mass.....	560,892	448,477	25.0	Utica, N. Y.....	56,383	44,007	28.1
Baltimore, Md....	508,957	434,439	17.1	Peoria, Ill.....	56,100	41,024	36.7
Cleveland, Ohio...	381,768	261,353	46.0	Charleston, S. C..	55,807	54,955	1.5
Buffalo, N. Y.....	352,387	255,664	37.8	Savannah, Ga.....	54,244	43,189	25.5
San Francisco, Cal	342,782	298,997	14.6	Salt Lake City, U.	53,531	44,843	19.3
Cincinnati, Ohio..	325,902	296,908	9.7	San Antonio, Tex.	53,321	37,673	41.5
Pittsburg Penn...	321,616	238,617	34.7	Duluth, Minn.....	52,969	33,115	59.9
New-Orleans, La..	287,104	242,039	18.6	Erie, Penn.....	52,733	40,634	29.7
Detroit, Mich.....	285,704	205,876	38.7	Elizabeth, N. J...	52,130	37,764	38.0
Milwaukee, Wis...	285,315	204,468	39.5	Wilkesbarre, Penn	51,721	37,718	37.1
Washington, D. C.	278,718	230,392	20.9	Kansas City, Kan	51,418	38,316	34.1
Newark, N. J.....	246,070	181,830	35.3	Harrisburg, Penn.	50,167	39,385	27.3
Jersey City, N. J.	206,433	163,003	26.6	Portland, Me.....	50,145	36,425	37.6
Louisville, Ky....	204,731	161,129	27.0	Yonkers, N. Y....	47,931	32,033	49.6
Minneapolis, Minn	202,718	164,738	23.0	Norfolk, Va.....	46,624	34,871	33.7
Providence, R. I..	175,597	132,146	32.8	Waterbury, Conn.	45,859	28,646	60.0
Indianapolis, Ind..	169,164	105,436	60.4	Holyoke, Mass....	45,712	35,637	28.2
Kansas City, Mo..	163,752	132,716	23.3	Fort Wayne, Ind .	45,115	35,393	27.4
St. Paul, Minn....	163,065	133,156	22.4	Youngstown, Ohio.	44,885	33,220	35.1
Rochester, N. Y...	162,608	133,896	21.4	Houston, Tex.....	44,633	27,557	61.9
Denver, Col.....	133,859	106,713	25.4	Covington, Ky....	42,938	37,371	14.8
Toledo, Ohio.....	131,822	81,434	61.8	Akron, Ohio.....	42,728	27,601	54.8
Allegheny, Penn..	129,896	105,287	23.3	Dallas, Tex.....	42,638	38,067	12.0
Columbus, Ohio...	125,560	88,150	42.4	Saginaw, Mich....	42,345	46,322	18.5
Worcester, Mass..	118,421	84,655	39.8	Lancaster, Penn..	41,459	32,011	29.5
Syracuse, N. Y...	108,374	88,143	22.9	Lincoln, Neb.....	40,169	55,154	127.1
New-Haven, Conn.	108,027	81,298	32.8	Brockton, Mass...	40,063	27,294	46.7
Paterson, N. J....	105,171	78,347	34.2	Binghamton, N. Y	39,647	35,005	13.2
Fall River, Mass..	104,863	74,398	40.9	Augusta, Ga.....	39,441	33,300	18.4
St. Joseph, Mo...	102,979	52,324	96.8	Pawtucket, R. I..	39,231	27,633	41.9
Omaha, Neb.....	102,555	140,452	126.9	Altoona, Penn.....	38,973	30,337	28.4
Los Angeles, Cal..	102,479	50,395	103.3	Wheeling, W. Va.	38,878	34,522	12.6
Memphis, Tenn...	102,320	64,495	58.6	Mobile, Ala.....	38,469	31,076	23.7
Scranton, Penn...	102,026	75,215	35.6	Birmingham, Ala.	38,415	26,178	46.7
Lowell, Mass.....	94,969	77,696	22.2	Little Rock, Ark..	38,307	25,874	48.0
Albany, N. Y.....	94,151	94,923	10.8	Springfield, Ohio..	38,253	31,895	19.9
Cambridge, Mass..	91,886	70,028	31.2	Galveston, Tex....	37,789	29,084	29.9
Portland, Ore.....	90,426	46,385	94.9	Tacoma, Wash....	37,714	36,006	4.7
Atlanta, Ga.	89,872	65,533	37.1	Haverhill, Mass...	37,175	27,412	35.6
Grand Rapids, M'h	87,565	60,278	45.2	Spokane, Wash....	36,848	19,922	84.9
Dayton, Ohio.....	85,333	61,220	39.3	Terre Haute, Ind.	36,673	30,217	21.3
Richmond, Va.....	85,050	81,388	4.4	Dubuque, Iowa....	36,297	30,311	19.7
Nashville, Tenn...	80,865	76,168	6.1	Quincy, Ill.....	36,252	31,494	15.1
Seattle, Wash.....	80,671	42,837	88.3	South Bend, Ind..	35,999	21,819	64.9
Hartford, Conn...	79,850	53,230	50.0	Salem, Mass.....	35,956	30,801	16.7
Reading, Penn....	78,961	58,661	34.6	Johnstown, Penn..	35,936	21,805	64.8
Wilmington, Del..	76,508	61,431	24.5	Elmira, N. Y.....	35,672	30,893	15.4
Camden, N. J....	75,935	58,313	30.2	Allentown, Penn..	35,416	25,228	40.3
Trenton, N. J....	73,307	57,458	27.5	Davenport, Iowa..	35,254	26,872	31.1
Bridgeport Conn..	70,996	48,866	45.2	McKeesport, Penn.	34,227	20,741	65.0
Lynn, Mass.....	68,513	55,727	22.9	Springfield, Ill....	34,159	24,963	36.8
Oakland, Cal.....	66,960	48,682	37.5	Chelsea, Mass....	34,072	27,909	22.0
Lawrence, Mass..	62,559	44,654	40.0	Chester, Penn.....	33,988	20,226	68.0
New-Bedford, Mass	62,442	40,733	53.2	York, Penn.....	33,708	20,793	62.1
Des Moines, Iowa.	62,139	50,093	24.0	Malden, Mass.....	33,664	23,031	46.1
Springfield, Mass..	62,059	44,179	40.4	Topeka, Kan.....	33,608	31,007	8.3
Somerville, Mass..	61,643	40,152	53.5	Newton, Mass.....	33,587	24,379	37.7

POPULATION OF CITIES, 1900—(Continued).

Cities.	Population. 1900.	Population. 1890.	Inc. Per cent.	Cities.	Population. 1900.	Population. 1890.	Inc. Per cent.
Sioux City, Iowa..	33,111	37,806	[1]12.4	Jacksonville, Fla..	28,429	17,201	65.2
Bayonne, N. J....	32,722	19,033	71.9	Newcastle, Penn..	28,339	11,600	144.3
Knoxville, Tenn..	32,637	22,535	44.8	Newport, Ky.....	28,301	24,918	13.5
Chattanooga, Tenn	32,490	29,100	11.6	Oshkosh, Wis.....	28,284	22,836	23.8
Schenectady, N. Y	31,682	19,902	59.1	Woonsocket, R. I.	28,204	20,830	35.4
Fitchburg, Mass..	31,531	22,037	43.0	Pueblo, Col.....	28,157	24,558	14.6
Superior, Wis.....	31,091	11,983	159.4	Atlantic City, N. J	27,838	13,055	113.2
Rockford, Ill.....	31,051	23,584	31.6	Passaic, N. J.....	27,777	13,028	113.2
Taunton, Mass....	31,036	25,448	21.9	Bay City, Mich...	27,628	27,839	[1]0.7
Canton, Ohio.....	30,667	26,189	17.0	Fort Worth, Tex..	26,688	23,076	15.6
Butte, Mont.....	30,470	10,723	184.1	Lexington, Ky....	26,369	21,567	22.2
Montgomery, Ala.	30,346	21,883	38.6	Gloucester, Mass..	26,121	24,651	5.9
Auburn, N. Y....	30,345	25,858	17.3	South Omaha, Neb	26,001	8,062	222.5
East St. Louis, Ill	29,655	15,169	95.4	New-Britain, Conn	25,998	16,519	57.3
Joliet, Ill.....	29,353	23,264	26.1	Council Bluffs, I'a	25,802	21,474	20.1
Sacramento, Cal...	29,282	26,386	10.9	Cedar Rapids, I'a.	25,656	18,020	42.3
Racine, Wis.....	29,102	21,014	38.4	Easton, Penn.....	25,238	14,481	74.2
La Crosse, Wis...	28,895	25,090	15.1	Jackson, Mich.....	25,180	20,798	21.0
Williamsport, P'n.	28,757	27,132	5.9				

[1]Decrease.

TOWNS AND CITIES BETWEEN 3,000 AND 25,000.

Alabama—
Anniston 9,695
Avondale 3,000
Bessemer 6,358
Decatur 3,114
Dothan 3,275
Eufaula 4,532
Florence 6,478
Gadsden 4,282
Girard 3,840
Greenville 3,162
Huntsville 8,068
New-Decatur.. 4,437
Opelika 4,245
Phœnix 4,163
Pratt City..... 3,485
Selma 8,713
Sheffield 3,333
Talladega 5,056
Troy 4,097
Tuscaloosa ... 5,094

Alaska—
Nome 12,488
Skagway 3,117

Arizona—
Phœnix 5,544
Prescott 3,559
Tucson 7,531

Arkansas—
Eureka Sp'ngs 1,576
Fayetteville .. 4,061
Fort Smith....11,587
Helena 5,550
Hot Springs... 9,973
Jonesboro 4,508
Mena 3,423
Paragould 3,324
Pine Bluff....11,496
Texarkana.... 4,914

California—
Alameda 16,464
Bakersfield ... 4,836
Berkeley 13,214
Eureka 7,327
Fresno 12,470
Grass Valley.. 4,719
Marysville ... 3,497
Napa 4,036
Nevada City.. 3,250
Pasadena 9,117
Petaluma 3,871
Pomona 5,526
Redlands 4,707
Riverside 7,973
Salinas 3,804
S. Bernardino. 6,150
San Diego.....17,700
San Jose.....21,500
S. Luis Obispo 3,021
San Rafael... 3,879
Santa Ana.... 4,933
Santa Barbara 6,587
Santa Clara... 3,650
Santa Cruz.... 5,659
Santa Monica. 3,057
Santa Rosa... 6,673
Stockton 17,506
Vallejo 7,965
Visalia 3,085
Watsonville .. 3,528

Colorado—
Aspen 3,303
Boulder 6,150
Canyon City.. 3,775
Central City.. 3,114
Colorado Sp's.21,085
Cripple Creek..10,147
Durango 3,317
Florence 3,728
Fort Collins... 3,053
Gr. Junction.. 3,503
Greeley 3,023
Leadville 12,455
Salida 3,722
S. Canyon City 958
Trinidad 5,345
Victor 4,986

Connecticut—
Ansonia 12,681
Berlin 3,448
Branford 5,706
Bristol 6,268
Danbury 16,537
Darien 3,116
Derby 7,930
East Hartford. 6,406
East Windsor. 3,158
Enfield 6,669
Fairfield 4,489
Farmington ... 3,331
Glastonbury .. 4,260
Greenwich 12,172
Griswold 3,490
Groton 5,962
Hamden 4,626
Litchfield 3,214
Manchester ..10,601
Meriden 24,296
Middletown ... 9,589
Milford 3,783
Naugatuck ...10,541
New Hartford. 3,424
New-London .17,548
New-Milford... 4,804
Newtown 3,276
Norwalk 6,125
Norwich 17,251
Plainfield 4,821
Portland 3,856
Putnam 6,667
Rockville 7,287
Salisbury 3,489
Seymour 3,541
Southington .. 3,411
South Norwalk 6,591
Stafford 4,297
Stamford 15,997
Stonington 3,540
Stratford 3,657
Suffield 3,521
Thomaston ... 3,300
Thompson 6,442
Torrington ... 8,360
Wallingford .. 6,737
Watertown ... 3,100
West Hartford 3,186
West Haven.. 5,247
Westport 4,017
Willimantic .. 8,937
Windsor 3,614
Windsor Locks 3,062
Winsted 6,804

Delaware—
Dover 3,329
Newcastle 3,880

Florida—
Apalachicola . 3,077
Fernandina ... 3,245
Gainesville ... 3,633
Key West.....17,114
Lake City..... 4,013
Ocala 3,880
Palatka 3,801
Pensacola 17,747
St. Augustine. 4,272
Tampa 15,839

Georgia—
Albany 4,000
Americus 7,674
Athens 10,245
Barnesville ... 3,036
Brunswick ... 9,081
Cartersville .. 3,135
Columbus 17,614
Cordele 3,473
Dalton 4,315
Elberton 3,884
Gainesville ... 4,382
Griffin 6,857
La Grange.... 4,274
Macon 23,272
Marietta 4,446
Milledgeville . 4,219
Newnan 3,654
Rome 7,291
Summerville .. 3,245
Thomasville .. 5,822
Valdosta 5,613
Washington .. 3,300
Waycross 5,919

Idaho—
Boise 5,957
Pocatello 4,046

Illinois—
Alton 14,210
Aurora 24,147
Batavia 3,871
Beardstown ... 4,327
Belleville 17,484
Belvidere 6,937
Bloomington ..23,286
Blue Island... 6,114
Braidwood ... 3,279
Cairo 12,566
Caton 6,564
Carbondale ... 3,318
Carlinville ... 3,502
Centralia 6,721
Champaign ... 9,098
Charleston 5,488
Chicago H'ts.. 5,100
Clinton 4,452
Collinsville ... 4,021
Danville 16,354
Decatur 20,754
Dekalb 5,904
Dixon 7,917
Duquoin 4,368

Edwardsville . 4,157
Effingham 3,774
Elgin 22,433
Eureka 1,661
Evanston....19,259
Freeport 13,258
Galena 5,005
Galesburg 18,607
Geneseo 3,356
Granite 3,122
Grayville 1,948
Greenfield 1,085
Harlem 4,085
Harvey 5,395
Havana 3,268
Hoopeston 3,823
Jacksonville ..15,078
Jerseyville ... 3,517
Kankakee 13,595
Kewanee 8,382
Lagrange 3,969
Lasalle 10,446
Lincoln 8,962
Litchfield 5,918
Macomb 5,375
Mattoon 9,622
Maywood 4,532
Mendota 3,736
Metropolis ... 4,069
Moline 17,248
Monmouth 7,460
Morris 4,273
Mt. Carmel.... 4,311
Mt. Vernon... 5,216
Murphysboro . 6,463
Normal 3,795
Olney 4,260
Ottawa 10,588
Pana 5,530
Paris 6,105
Paxton 3,036
Pekin 8,420
Peru 6,863
Pontiac 4,266
Princeton 4,023
Rock Island...19,493
Savanna 3,325
Shelbyville.. .. 3,546
Spring Valley. 6,214
Sterling 6,509
Streator 14,070
Sycamore 3,653
Taylorville ... 4,248
Urbana 5,728
Waukegan ... 9,426

Indiana—

Alexandria ... 7,221
Anderson 20,178
Attica 3,005
Auburn 3,396
Aurora 3,645
Bedford 6,115
Bloomington . 6,460
Bluffton 4,470
Brazil 7,786
Columbus 8,130
Connersville .. 6,836
Crawfordsville 6,649
Decatur 4,142
Dunkirk 3,187
East Chicago.. 3,417
Elkhart 15,184
Elwood 12,956
Fairmount ... 3,205
Frankfort 7,100
Franklin 4,005
Garrett 3,910
Gas City..... 3,622
Goshen 7,810
Greencastle .. 3,661
Greenfield 4,489
Greensburg ... 5,034
Hammond 12,376
Hartford City. 5,912
Huntington ... 9,491
Jeffersonville .10,774
Kendallville .. 3,354
Kokomo 10,609
Lafayette 18,116
Laporte 7,113
Lawrenceburg. 4,326
Lebanon 4,465
Linton 3,071
Logansport ...16,204
Madison 7,835
Marion 17,337
Martinsville .. 4,038
Michigan City.14,850
Mishawaka .. 5,560
Montpelier ... 3,405
Mt. Vernon... 5,132
Muncie 20,942
New-Albany .20,628
New Castle.... 3,406
Noblesville ... 4,792
Parker City... 909
Peru 8,463
Plymouth 3,656
Portland 4,798
Princeton 6,041
Richmond 18,226
Rochester 3,421
Rushville 4,541
Seymour 6,445
Shelbyville ... 7,169
Sullivan 3,118
Tipton 3,764
Valparaiso 6,280
Vincenenes ..10,249
Wabash 8,618
Warsaw 3,987
Washington .. 8,551
Whiting 3,983
Winchester ... 3,705

Ind. Ter.—

Ardmore 5,681
Chickasha 3,209
Muscogee 4,254
S. McAlester.. 3,479

Iowa—

Atlantic 5,046
Belle Plaine.. 3,283
Boone 8,880
Burlington ...23,201
Cedar Falls... 5,319
Centerville ... 5,256
Charlton 3,989
Charles City... 4,227
Cherokee 3,865
Clorinda 3,276
Clinton 22,698
Creston 7,752
Decorah 3,246
Eagle Grove... 3,557
Estherville ... 3,237
Fairfield 4,689
Fort Dodge...12,162
Fort Madison. 9,278
Glenwood 3,040
Grinnell 3,860
Independence.. 3,656
Indianola 3,261
Iowa City..... 7,987
Keokuk 14,641
Knoxville 3,131
Le Mars..... 4,146
Maquoketa ... 3,777
Marion 4,102
Marshalltown.11,544
Mason City... 6 748
Missouri Val'y 4,010
Mt. Pleasant.. 4,109
Muscatine 14,073
Newton 3,682
Oelwein 5,142
Oskaloosa 9,212
Ottumwa 18,197
Perry 3,986
Red Oak..... 4,355
Shenandoah .. 3,573
Spencer 3,096
Vinton 3,499
Washington .. 4,255
Waterloo 12,580
Waverly 3,177
Webster City.. 4,613
Winterset 3,039

Kansas—

Abilene 3,507
Argentine 5,878
Arkansas City 6,140
Atchison 15,722
Chanute 4,208
Cherryvale ... 3,472
Clay Center... 3,069
Coffeyville ... 4,953
Concordia 3,401
Eldorado 3,466
Emporia 8,223
Fort Scott.....10,322
Galena 10,155
Holton 3,082
Horton 3,398
Hutchinson ... 9,379
Independence.. 4,851
Iola 5,791
Junction 4,606
Lawrence 10,862
Leavenworth .20,735
Manhattan ... 3,438
Newton 6,208
Olathe 3,451
Osawatomie .. 4,191
Ottawa 6,934
Paola 3,144
Parsons 7,682
Pittsburg 10,112
Rosedale 3,270
Salina 6,074
Wellington ... 4,245
Wichita 24,671
Winfield 5,554

Kentucky—

Ashland 6,800
Bellevue 6,332
Bowling Green 8,226
Catlettsburg . 3,081
Cynthiana 3,257
Danville 4,285
Dayton 6,104
Earlington ... 3,012
Frankfort 9,487
Georgetown .. 3,823
Henderson 10,272
Hopkinsville .. 7,280
Lebanon 3,043
Ludlow 3,334
Madisonville . 3,628
Mayfield 4,081
Maysville 6,423
Middlesboro .. 4,162
Mt. Sterling... 3,561
Owensboro ...13,189
Paducah 19,446
Paris 4,603
Richmond 4,653
Shelbyville ... 3,016
Somerset 3,384
Winchester ... 5,964

Louisiana—

Alexandria ... 5,648
Baton Rouge..11,269
Crowley 4,214
Donaldsonville 4,105
Houma 3,212
Lafayette ... 3,314
Lake Charles. 6,680
Monroe 5,428
New Iberia.... 6,815
Plaquemine .. 3,590
Shreveport ...16,013
Thibodaux ... 3,253

Maine—

Auburn 12,951
Augusta 11,683
Bangor 21,850
Bath 10,477
Belfast 4,615
Biddeford 16,145
Brewer 4,835
Brunswick ... 5,210
Calais 7,655
Caribou 4,758
Chelsea 3,092
Eastport 5,311
Eden 4,379
Ellsworth 4,297
Fairfield 3,378
Farmington .. 3,283
Ft. Fairfield.. 4,181
Gardiner 5,501
Houlton 4,686
Kennebunk ... 3,228
Lewiston 23,761
Lisbon 3,603
Lubec 3,005
Old Town..... 5,763
Orono 3,257
Paris 3,225
Presque Isle.. 3,804
Rockland 8,150
Saco 6,122
Sanford 6,078
Skowhegan ... 4,266
South Berwick 3,188
So. Portland.. 6,287
Waldoboro ... 3,145
Waterville .. 9,477
Westbrook ... 7,283

Maryland—

Annapolis 8,525
Cambridge 5,747
Chestertown .. 3,008
Crisfield 3,165
Cumberland ..17,128
Easton 3,074
Frederick 9,296
Frostburg 5,274
Hagerstown ..13,591
Havre deGrace 3,423
Salisbury 4,277
Westminster .. 3,199

Massachusetts—

Abington 4,489
Adams 11,134
Amesbury 9,473
Amherst 5,028
Andover 6,813
Arlington 8,603
Athol 7,061
Attleboro 11,335
Barnstable ... 4,304
Belmont 3,929
Beverly 13,884
Blackstone ... 5,721
Braintree 5,981
Bridgewater . 5,806
Brookfield 3,062
Brookline 19,935

Canton 4,584
Chelmsford ... 3,984
Chicopee 19,167
Clinton 13,667
Concord 5,652
Dalton 3,014
Danvers 8,542
Dartmouth ... 3,069
Dedham 7,457
Dracut 3,253
Dudley 3,553
E Bridgewater 3,025
Easthampton . 5,603
Easton 4,837
Everett 24,336
Fairhaven 3,567
Falmouth 3,500
Foxboro 3,266
Framingham .11,302
Franklin 5,017
Gardner 10,813
Grafton 4,809
Gt Barrington. 5,854
Greenfield 7,927
Hardwick 3,203
Hingham 5,059
Hudson 5,454
Hyde Park....13,244
Ipswich 4,658
Lee 3,596
Leicester 3,416
Leominster ...12,392
Lexington 3,831
Ludlow 3,536
Mansfield 4,006
Marblehead .. 7,582
Marlboro 13,609
Maynard 3,142
Medford 18,244
Melrose 12,962
Methuen 7,512
Middleboro ... 6,885
Milford 11,376
Millbury 4,400
Milton 6,578
Monson 3,402
Montague 6,150
Nantucket ... 3,006
Natick 9,488
Needham 4,016
Newburyport .14,478
North Adams.24,200
Northampton .18,643
N. Andover... 4,243
N. Attleboro.. 7,253
Northbridge .. 7,036
N. Brookfield. 4,587
Norwood 5,480
Orange 5,520
Palmer 7,801
Peabody 11,523
Pepperell 3,701
Pittsfield 21,766
Plymouth 9,592
Provincetown.. 4,247
Quincy 23,899
Randolph 3,903
Reading 4,969
Revere 10,395
Rockland 5,327
Rockport 4,592
Saugus 5,084
Southbridge ..10,025
South Hadley. 4,526
Spencer 7,627
Stoneham 6,197
Stoughton 5,442
Sutton 3,328
Swampscott .. 4,548
Templeton ... 3,419
Tewksbury ... 3,683
Uxbridge 3,599
Wakefield 9,290
Walpole 3,572
Waltham 23,481
Ware 8,263
Wareham 3,432
Warren 4,417
Watertown ... 9,706
Webster 8,804
Wellesley 5,072
Westboro 5,400
Westfield 12,310
W. Springfield 7,105
Weymouth ...11,324
Whitman 6,155
Williamstown. 5,013
Winchendon . 5,001
Winchester ... 7,218
Winthrop 6,058
Woburn 14,254

Michigan—

Adrian 9,654
Albion 4,519
Alpena 11,802
Ann Arbor....14,509
Battle Creek..18,563
Belding 3,282
Benton Harbor 6,562
Bessemer 3,911
Big Rapids... 4,686
Cadillac 5,997
Charlotte 4,092
Cheboygan ... 6,489
Coldwater 6,216
Crystal Falls.. 3,231
Delray 4,573
Dowagiac 4 151
Escanaba 9,549
Flint 13,103
Gladstone 3,380
Grand Haven. 4,743
Greenville 3,381
Hancock 4,050
Hastings 3,172
Hillsdale 4,151
Holland 7,790
Houghton 3,359
Ionia 5,209
Iron Mountain 9,242
Ironwood 9,705
Ishpeming 13,255
Kalamazoo ...24,404
Lansing 16,485
Lapeer 3 297
Laurium 5,643
Ludington 7,166
Manistee 14,260
Manistique ... 4,126
Marine City... 3 829
Marquette 10,058
Marshall 4,370
Menominee ...12,818
Midland 2,263
Monroe 5,043
Mt. Clemens.. 6,576
Mt. Pleasant.. 3,662
Muskegon 20 818
Negaunee 6,935
Niles 4,287
Norway 4,170
Owosso 8,696
Petoskey 5,285
Pontiac 9,769
Port Huron...19,158
Red Jacket.... 4,668
St John's..... 3,388
St. Joseph.... 5,155
S. Ste. Marie..10,538
South Haven.. 4,009
Three Rivers.. 3,550
Traverse City. 9,407
W. Bay City..15,119
Wyandotte ... 5,183
Ypsilanti 7,378

Minnesota—

Albert Lea.... 4,500
Anoka 3,760
Austin 5,474
Brainerd 7,524
Cloquet 3,072
Crookston 5,339
Ely 3,717
Fairmount ... 3,040
Faribault 7,868
Fergus Falls.. 6,072
Hastings 3,811
Little Falls... 5,774
Mankato 10,599
Moorhead 3,730
New-Ulm 5,403
Northfield 3,210
Owatonna 5,561
Red Wing..... 7,525
Rochester 6,843
St. Cloud..... 8,663
St. Peter..... 4,302
Stillwater 12,318
Two Harbors. 3,278
Waseca 3,103
Willmar 3,409
Winona 19,714

Mississippi—

Aberdeen 3,434
Biloxi 5,167
Canton 3,404
Columbus 6,484
Corinth 3,601
Greenville 7,642
Greenwood ... 3,026
Hattiesburg .. 4,175
Jackson 7,816
Laurel 3,193
McComb 4,477
Meridian 14,050
Natchez 12,210
Vicksburg 14,834
Water Valley. 3,813
Wesson 3,279
West Point... 3,193
Yazoo City.... 4,944

Missouri—

Aurora 6,191
Boonville 4,377
Brookfield 5,484
Butler 3,158
C. Girardeau.. 4,815
Carrollton 3,854
Carterville ... 4,445
Carthage 9,416
Chillicothe ... 6,905
Clinton 5,061
Columbia 5,651
De Soto..... 5,611
Fulton 4,883
Hannibal 12 780
Independence.. 6,974
Jefferson City. 9,664
Kirksville 5,966
Lexington 4,190
Louisiana 5,131
Macon 4,068
Marshall 5,086
Maryville 4,577
Mexico 5,099
Moberly 8,012
Monett 3,115
Nevada 7,461
Poplar Bluff.. 4,321
Rich Hill..... 4,053
Richmond 3,478
St. Charles.... 7,982
Sedalia 15,231
Springfield 23,267
Trenton 5,896
Warrensburg . 4,724
Washington .. 3,015
Webb City.... 9,201

Montana—

Anaconda 9,453
Billings 3,221
Bozeman 3,419
Great Falls...14,930
Helena 10,770
Missoula 4,366

Nebraska—

Beatrice 7,875
Columbus 3,522
Fairbury 3,140
Falls City..... 3,022
Fremont 7,241
Grand Island.. 7,554
Hastings 7,188
Holdredge 3,007
Kearney 5,634
Nebraska City 7,380
Norfolk 3,883
North Platte.. 3,640
Plattsmouth .. 4,964
York 5,132

Nevada—

Reno 4,500
Virginia City.. 2,695

N. Hampshire—

Berlin 8,886
Claremont ... 6,498
Concord 19,632
Conway 3,154
Derry 3,583
Dover 13,207
Exeter 4,922
Franklin 5,846
Haverhill 3,414
Keene 9,165
Laconia 8,042
Lancaster 3,190
Lebanon 4,965
Littleton 4,066
Milford 3,739
Nashua 23,898
Newport 3,126
Pembroke 3,183
Portsmouth ..10,637
Rochester 8,466
Somersworth . 7,023

New-Jersey—

Asbury Park.. 4,148
Bloomfield 9,668
Boonton 3,901
Bordentown .. 4,110
Bridgeton 13,913
Burlington 7,392
Dover 5,938
East Orange..21,506
Englewood ... 6,253
Garfield 3,504
Gloucester City 6,840
Guttenburg ... 3,825
Hackensack .. 9,443
Hammonton .. 3,481
Harrison 10,596
Irvington 5,255
Kearny 10,896
Keyport 3,413
Lambertville . 4,637
Long Branch.. 8,872
Millville 10,583
Montclair 13,962
Morristown ...11,267

N. Brunswick. 20,006
Newton 4,376
N. Plainfield.. 5,009
Orange 24,141
Perth Amboy. 17,699
Phillipsburg .. 10,052
Plainfield 15,369
Princeton 3,899
Rahway 7,935
Raritan 3,244
Red Bank..... 5,428
Rutherford ... 4,843
Salem 5,811
Somerville ... 4,843
South Amboy. 6,349
South Orange. 4,608
Summit 5,302
Union 15,187
Vineland 4,370
Washington .. 3,580
W. Hoboken.. 23,994
W. New-York. 5,267
West Orange.. 6,889
Woodbury ... 4,087

New-Mexico—

Albuquerque . 6,238
Las Vegas.... 3,552
Raton 3,540
Santa Fe.... 5,603

New-York—

Albion 4,447
Amsterdam ... 20,929
Ballston Spa.. 3,923
Batavia 9,180
Bath 4,994
Brockport 3,398
Canandaigua . 6,151
Canastota 3,030
Catskill 5,484
Cohoes 23,910
Corning 11,061
Cortland 9,014
Dansville 3,633
Depew 3,379
Dunkirk 11,616
Fishkill L'd'g. 3,673
Fort Edward.. 3,521
Fredonia 4,127
Fulton 5,281
Geneva 10,433
Glens Falls... 12,613
Gloversville .. 18,349
Gouverneur .. 3,689
Green Island.. 4,770
Haverstraw .. 5,935
Hempstead ... 3,582
Herkimer 5,555
Hoosick Falls. 5,671
Hornellsville . 11,918
Hudson 9,528
Ilion 5,138
Ithaca 13,136
Jamestown ... 22,892
Johnstown ... 10,130
Kingston 24,535
Lancaster 3,750
Lansingburg . 12,595
Leroy 3,144
Lestershire ... 3,111
Little Falls... 10,381
Lockport 16,581
Lyons 4,300
Malone 5,935
Matteawan ... 5,807
Mechanicsville 4,695
Medina 4,716
Middletown ... 14,522
Mt. Vernon... 21,228
Newark 4,578
Newburg 24,943
New-Rochelle. 14,720
Niagara Falls. 19,457
N. Tarrytown. 4,241
N. Tonawanda 9,069
Norwich 5,766
Nyack 4,275
Ogdensburg ... 12,633
Olean 9,462
Oneida 6,364
Oneonta 7,147
Ossining 7,939
Oswego 22,199
Owego 5,039
Peekskill 10,358
Penn Yan..... 4,650
Plattsburg ... 8,434
Port Chester.. 7,440
Port Jervis... 9,385
Potsdam 3,843
Poughkeepsie.. 24,029
Rensselaer ... 7,466
Rome 15,343
Salamanca ... 4,251
Sandy Hill... 4,473
Saratoga Sps.. 12,409
Saugerties 3,697
Seneca Falls.. 6,519
Solvay 3,493
Tarrytown ... 4,770
Tonawanda .. 7,421
Walden 3,147
Wappinger's F 3,504
Warsaw 3,048
Waterford 3,146
Waterloo 4,256
Watertown ... 21,696
Watervliet ... 14,321
Waverly 4,465
Wellsville 3,556
Whitehall 4,377
White Plains.. 7,899

N. Carolina—

Asheville 14,694
Burlington ... 3,692
Charlotte 18,091
Concord 7,910
Durham 6,679
Edenton 3,046
Elizabeth City 6,348
Fayetteville .. 4,670
Gastonia 4,610
Goldsboro 5,877
Greensboro ... 10,035
Monroe 2,427
Henderson ... 3,748
High Point... 4,163
Kinston 4,106
Newbern 9,090
Raleigh 13,643
Reidsville 3,262
Salem 3,642
Salisbury 6,277
Southport 1,336
Statesville 3,141
Washington .. 4,842
Wilmington .. 20,976
Wilson 3,525
Winston 10,008

North Dakota—

Bismarck 3,319
Fargo 9,589
Grand Forks.. 7,652

Ohio—

Alliance 8,974
Ashland 4,037
Ashtabula ... 12,949
Athens 3,066
Barberton 4,354
Barnesville .. 3,721
Bellaire 9,912
Bellefontaine . 6,640
Bellevue 4,101
Bowling Green 5,067
Bridgeport ... 3,963
Bryan 3,131
Bucyrus 6,560
Cambridge ... 8,241
Canal Dover.. 5,442
Chillicothe ... 12,976
Circleville 6,991
Colinwood ... 3,639
Conneaut 7,133
Coshocton 6,473
Crestline 3,282
Cuyahoga Fls. 3,186
Defiance 7,579
Delaware 7,940
Delphos 4,517
Dennison 3,763
E. Liverpool.. 16,485
Eaton 3,155
Elyria 8,791
Findlay 17,613
Fostoria 7,730
Fremont 8,439
Gallon 7,282
Gallipolis 5,432
Glenville 5,588
Greenfield 3,975
Greenville 5,501
Hamilton 23,914
Hillsboro 4,535
Ironton 11,868
Jackson 4,672
Kent 4,541
Kenton 6,852
Lakewood 3,355
Lancaster 8,991
Lima 21,723
Lisbon 3,330
Logan 3,480
London 3,511
Lorain 16,028
Madisonville .. 3,140
Mansfield 17,640
Marietta 13,348
Marion 11,862
Martins Ferry 7,760
Marysville ... 3,048
Masillon 11,944
Miamisburg .. 3,941
Middletown .. 9,215
Mt. Vernon... 6,633
Napoleon 3,639
Nelsonville ... 5,421
Newark 18,157
Newburg 5,909
N. Philadelphia 6,213
Niles 7,468
N. Baltimore. 3,561
Norwalk 7,074
Norwood 6,480
Oberlin 4,082
Painesville ... 5,024
Piqua 12,172
Pomeroy 4,639
Portsmouth ... 17,870
Ravenna 4,003
Reading 3,076
St. Bernard... 3,384
St. Marys..... 5,359
Salem 7,582
Sandusky 19,664
Shelby 4,685
Sidney 5,688
Steubenville .. 14,349
Tiffin 10,989
Toronto 3,526
Troy 5,881
Uhrichsville .. 4,582
U. Sandusky.. 3,355
Urbana 6,808
Van Wert..... 6,422
Wapakoneta .. 3,915
Warren 8,529
Washington C. House 5,751
Wellston 8,045
Wellsville 6,146
Wilmington .. 3,613
Wooster 6,063
Xenia 8,696
Zanesville 23,538

Oklahoma—

Elreno 3,383
Enid 3,444
Guthrie 10,006
Oklahoma C'y. 10,037
Perry 3,351
Shawnee 3,462

Oregon—

Albany 3,149
Astoria 8,381
Baker City.... 6,663
Eugene 3,236
Oregon City... 3,494
Salem 4,258
The Dalles.... 3,542

Pennsylvania—

Archbald 5,396
Ashland 6,438
Ashley 4,046
Athens 3,749
Avoca 3,487
Bangor 4,106
Beaver Falls.. 10,054
Bellefonte 4,216
Bellevue 3,416
Berwick 3,916
Bethlehem ... 7,293
Blairsville ... 3,386
Blakely 3,915
Bloomsburg .. 6,170
Braddock 15,654
Bradford 15,029
Bridgeport 3,097
Bristol 7,104
Butler 10,853
Carbondale ... 13,536
Carlisle 9,628
Carnegie 7,330
Catasauqua .. 3,963
Chambersburg. 8,864
Charleroi 5,930
Clearfield 5,081
Coatesville ... 5,721
Columbia 12,316
Connelsville .. 7,160
Conshohocken. 5,762
Corry 5,369
Coudersport .. 3,217
Danville 8,042
Darby 3,429
Dickson 4,948
Doylestown ... 3,034
Dubois 9,375
Dunmore 12,583
Duquesne 9,036
East Mauch Chunk 3,458
Edwardsville . 5,165
Elliott 3,345
Etna 5,384
Forest City... 4,279
Franklin 7,317
Freeland 5,254
Gettysburg ... 3,495
Gilberton 4,373
Girardville ... 3,666
Greensburg ... 6,508

Greenville ... 4,814
Hanover 5,302
Hazleton 14,230
Homestead ...12,554
Huntington ... 6,053
Indiana 4,142
Jeannette 5,865
Jersey Shore.. 3,070
Johnsonburg . 3,894
Kane 5,296
Kingston 3,846
Kittanning ... 3,902
Knoxville 3,511
Lansford 4,888
Latrobe 4,614
Lebanon 17,628
Lehighton 4,629
Lewisburg 3,457
Lewistown 4,451
Lock Haven.. 7,210
Luzerne 3,817
McKees Rocks 6,352
Mahanoy City.13,504
Mauch Chunk. 4,029
Meadville 10,291
Mechanicsburg 3,841
Media 3,075
Meyersdale.... 3,024
Middletown .. 5,608
Millvale 6,736
Milton 6,175
Minersville ... 4,815
Monongahela.. 5,173
Mt. Carmel...18,179
Mt. Pleasant. 4,745
Nanticoke 12,116
New Brighton 6,820
N. Kensington 4,665
Norristown ...22,265
N. Braddock.. 6,535
Oil City.....13,264
Old Forge..... 5,630
Olyphant 6,180
Philipsburg ... 3,266
Phœnixville .. 9,196
Pittston 12,556
Plymouth 13,649
Pottstown ...13,696
Pottsville 15,710
Punxsutawney 4,375
Quakertown .. 3,014
Rankin 3,775
Renovo 4,082
Reynoldsville.. 3,435
Ridgway 3,515
Rochester 4,688
St. Clair..... 4,638
St. Marys..... 4,295
Sayre 5,243
Schuyl. Haven 3,654
Scottdale 4,261
Sewickley 3,568
Shamokin 18,202
Sharon 8,916
Sharpsburg .. 6,842
Shenandoah ..20,321
Shippensburg . 3,228
Slatington 3,773
S. Bethlehem.13,241
S Williamsport 3,328
Steelton 12,086
Stroudsburg .. 3,450
Sunbury 9,810
Susquehanna.. 3,813
Tamaqua 7,267
Tarentum 5,472
Taylor 4,215
Titusville 8,244
Towanda 4,663
Turtle Creek.. 3,262
Tyrone 5,847
Union City.... 3,104
Uniontown ... 7,344
Warren 8,043
Washington .. 7,670
Waynesboro .. 5,398
W. Bethlehem 3,465
West Chester. 9,524
West Pittston. 5,846
Wilkinsburg .11,886
Wilmerding .. 4,179
Winton 3,425

Rhode Island—

Bristol 6,901
Burrillville .. 6,317
Central Falls.18,167
Coventry 5,279
Cranston 13,843
Cumberland .. 8,925
E. Providence.12,138
Johnston 4,305
Lincoln 8,937
Newport 22,034
N. Kingston.. 4,194
N. Providence 3,016
Scituate 3,361
S. Kingston.. 4,972
Warren 5,108
Warwick 21,316
Westerly 7,541

S. Carolina—

Abbeville 3,766
Aiken 3,414
Anderson 4,498
Beaufort 4,110
Chester 4,075
Columbia 21,108
Darlington ... 3,028
Florence 4,647
Gaffney 3,937
Georgetown .. 4,138
Greenville 11,800
Greenwood ... 4,824
Laurens 4,029
Newberry 4,607
Orangeburg .. 4,455
Rock Hill..... 5,485
Spartanburg ..11,395
Sumter 5,673
Union 5,400

South Dakota—

Aberdeen 4,087
Deadwood 3,498
Lead 6,210
Mitchell..... 4,055
Sioux Falls....10,266
Watertown ... 3,352
Yankton 4,125

Tennessee—

Bristol 5,271
Clarksville ... 9,431
Cleveland 3,858
Columbia 6,052
Dyersburg ... 3,647
Harriman 3,442
Jackson 14,911
Johnson City.. 4,645
Murfreesboro . 3,999
Union City.... 3,407

Texas—

Abilene 3,411
Austin 22,258
Beaumont ... 9,427
Belton 3,700
Bonham 5,042
Brenham 5,968
Brownsville .. 6,305
Brownwood .. 3,965
Bryan 3,589
Calvert 3,332
Cameron 3,341
Cleburne 7,493
Corpus Christi 4,703
Corsicana 9,313
Cuero 3,422
Denison 11,807
Denton 4,187
El Paso.....15,906
Ennis 4,919
Gainesville ... 7,874
Gonzales 4,279
Greenville ... 6,860
Hillsboro 5,346
Laredo 13,429
Longview 3,591
McKinney 4,342
Marlin 3,092
Marshall 7,855
Navasota 3,857
Oak Cliff..... 3,630
Orange 3,835
Palestine 8,297
Paris 9,358
Sherman 10,243
Sulphur Spgs. 3,635
Taylor 4,211
Temple 7,065
Terrell 6,330
Texarkana.... 5,256
Tyler 8,069
Victoria 4,010
Waco 20,686
Waxahachie . 4,215
Weatherford . 4,786
Yoakum 3,499

Utah—

Eureka 3,085
Logan 5,451
Ogden 16,313
Park City..... 3,759
Provo City.... 6,185
Springville ... 3,422

Vermont—

Barre (city)... 8,448
Barre (town).. 3,346
Bellows Falls. 4,337
Bennington .. 5,656
Brattleboro .. 5,297
Burlington ...18,640
Derby 3,274
Hartford 3,817
Middlebury ... 3,045
Montpelier ... 6,266
Newport 3,113
Poultney 3,108
Randolph 3,141
Rutland 11,499
St. Albans.... 6,239
St. Johnsbury. 5,666
Springfield ... 3,432
Swanton 3,745
Winooski 3,783

Virginia—

Alexandria ...14,528
Berkeley 4,988
Bristol 4,579
Charlottesville. 6,449
Clifton Forge. 3,212
Danville 16,520
Fredericksburg 5,068
Harrisonburg.. 3,521
Lexington ... 3,203
Lynchburg ...18,891
Manchester .. 9,715
Newport Nws.19,635
Petersburg ...21,810
Portsmouth ..17,427
Radford 3,344
Roanoke 21,495
Salem 3,412
Staunton 7,289
Suffolk 3,827
Winchester ... 5,161
Wytheville ... 3,003

Washington—

Aberdeen 3,747
Ballard 4,568
Everett 7,838
Fairhaven 4,228
N. Whatcom.. 6,834
N. Yakima.... 3,154
Olympia 3,865
Pt. Townsend. 3,443
Vancouver ... 3,126
Walla Walla..10,049

West Virginia—

Benwood 4,511
Bluefield 4,644
Charleston ...11,099
Clarksburg ... 4,050
Fairmont 5,655
Grafton 5,650
Hinton 3,763
Huntington ..11,923
Martinsburg . 7,564
Moundsville .. 5,362
Parkersburg ..11,703

Wisconsin—

Antigo 5,145
Appleton 15,085
Ashland 13,074
Baraboo 5,751
Beaverdam ... 5,128
Beloit 10,436
Berlin 4,489
Chippewa Falls 8,084
Depere 4,038
Eau Claire....17,517
Fond du Lac..15,110
Ft. Atkinson.. 3,043
Grand Rapids. 4,493
Green Bay....18,684
Hudson 3,259
Janesville 13,185
Kaukauna ... 5,115
Kenosha 11,606
Madison 19,164
Manitowoc 11,786
Marinette.....16,195
Marshfield 5,240
Menasha 5,589
Menominee ... 5,655
Merrill 8,537
Monroe 3,927
Neenah 5,954
Oconto 5,646
Platteville ... 3,340
Portage 5,459
P. Washington 3,010
Pr. du Chien.. 3,232
Rhinelander .. 4,998
Rice Lake..... 3,002
Sheboygan ...22,962
S. Milwaukee. 3,392
Sparta 3,555
Stevens Point. 9,524
Stoughton 3,431
Sturgeon Bay. 3,372
Two Rivers... 3,784
Watertown ... 8,437
Waukesha ... 7,419
Waupun 3,185
Wausau 12,354
Whitewater .. 3,405

Wyoming—

Cheyenne 14,087
Laramie 8,207
Rock Springs. 4,363

FINANCE, TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

STATEMENT OF THE PUBLIC DEBT AND OF THE CASH IN THE TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES, NOVEMBER 1, 1903.

INTEREST BEARING DEBT.

Title of loan.	Rate per cent.	When issued.	When redeemable.	Amount issued.	Outstanding October 31, 1903.
Consols of 1930	2	1900	After April 1, 1930.	$585,020,750	$585,020,750
Loan of 1908–1918	3	1898	After Aug. 1, 1908.	198,792,660	78,108,960
Funded loan of 1907	4	1877–'79	After July 1, 1907.	740,926,450	133,507,000
Refunding certificates	4	1879	.....	40,012,750	30,100
Loan of 1925	4	1895–'96	After Feb. 1, 1925.	162,315,400	118,489,900
Loan of 1904	5	1894–'95	After Feb. 1, 1904.	100,000,000	10,120,350
Aggregate of interest bearing debt				$1,777,068,010	$905,277,060

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Funded loan of 1891, continued at 2 per cent, called for redemption May 18, 1900; interest ceased August 18, 1900	$83,200 00
Funded loan of 1891, matured September 2, 1891	56,750 00
Old debt matured at various dates prior to January 1, 1861, and other items of debt matured at various dates subsequent to January 1, 1861.	1,056,980 26
Aggregate of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	$1,196,930 26

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

United States notes	$346,681,016 00
Old demand notes	53,847 50
National bank notes: Redemption account	88,959,809 50
Fractional currency (less $8,875,984 estimated as lost or destroyed, Act of June 21, 1879)	6,871,240 63
Aggregate of debt bearing no interest	$392,565,913 63

CERTIFICATES AND NOTES ISSUED ON DEPOSITS OF COIN AND SILVER BULLION.

Classification.	In Treasury.	In circulation.	Amount issued.
Gold certificates	$31,522,570 00	$401,676,299 00	$433,198,869 00
Silver certificates	7,407,961 00	462,363,039 00	469,771,000 00
Treasury notes of 1890	93,825 00	16,780,175 00	16,874,000 00
Aggregate of certificates and notes, offset by cash in the Treasury	$39,024,356 00	$880,819,513 00	$919,843,869 00

RECAPITULATION.

	Oct. 31, 1903.	Sept. 30, 1903.	Changes.
Interest bearing debt	$905,277,060 00	$912,539,440 00	Dec. $7,262,380
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	1,196,930 26	1,197,050 26	Dec. 120
Debt bearing no interest	392,565,913 63	393,433,239 63	Dec. 867,326
Aggregate of interest and non-interest bearing debt	$1,299,039,903 89	$1,307,169,729 89	Dec. $8,129,826
Certificates and notes offset by an equal amount of cash in Treasury	919,843,869 00	902,700,869 00	Inc. 17,143,000
Aggregate of debt, including certificates and Treasury notes	$2,218,883,772 89	$2,209,870,598 89	

CASH IN THE TREASURY (CREDIT).

Reserve fund—Gold coin and bullion			$150,000,000 00
Trust funds—Gold coin		$433,198,869 00	
Silver dollars		469,771,000 00	
Silver dollars of 1890		3,257,954 00	
Silver bullion of 1890		13,616,046 00	
			919,843,869 00
General fund—Gold coin and bullion	$77,339,736 51		
Gold certificates	31,552,570 00		
Silver certificates	7,407,961 00		
Silver dollars	6,347,051 00		
Silver bullion	1,462,120 62		
United States notes	5,719,673 00		
Treasury notes of 1890	93,825 00		
National bank notes	10,872,164 79		
Fractional silver coin	7,851,870 87		
Fractional currency	155 61		
Minor coin	480,614 30		
Bonds and interest paid, awaiting reimbursement	95,248 83		
		149,222,991 53	

CASH IN THE TREASURY (CREDIT)—(Continued).

In national bank depositaries—To credit of Treasurer of United States	$157,939,258 45		
To credit of U. S. disbursing officers	9,390,582 67		
		167,329,841 12	
In treasury of Philippine Islands—To credit of U. S. disbursing officers		4,670,205 40	
			321,223,638 05
Total			$1,391,066,907 05

CASH IN THE TREASURY (DEBIT).

Gold certificates	$433,198,869 00		
Silver certificates	469,771,000 00		
Treasury notes of 1890	16,874,000 00		
		$919,843,869 00	
National bank 5 per cent fund	$14,547,814 34		
Outstanding checks and warrants	10,050,176 98		
Disbursing officers' balances	62,939,917 92		
Postoffice Department account	3,513,797 14		
Miscellaneous items	1,533,929 14		
		92,585,635 52	
			$1,012,429,504 52
Reserve fund		$150,000,000 00	
Available cash balance		228,637,402 53	
			378,637,402 53
Total			$1,391,066,907 05
Cash balance in the Treasury September 30, 1903, exclusive of reserve and trust funds			$239,417,184 22
Cash balance in the Treasury October 31, 1903, exclusive of reserve and trust funds			228,637,402 53
Decrease during the month			$10,779,781 69

MEMORANDUM SHOWING AMOUNTS DUE THE UNITED STATES FROM PACIFIC RAILROADS ON ACCOUNT OF BONDS ISSUED IN AID OF THEIR CONSTRUCTION.

Name of road.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
Central Branch Union Pacific	$1,600,000 00	$2,121,909 08	$3,721,909 88

Note.—The unpaid balance of the total indebtedness of the Central Pacific and Western Pacific Railroad companies to the United States, under settlement agreement of February 1, 1899, amounts to $32,346,993 58 and accrued interest, less transportation earnings.

ABSTRACT OF REPORTS MADE TO THE CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL BANKS IN THE U. S.

RESOURCES.

	Nov. 25, 1902 (4,666 banks).	April 9, 1903 (4,845 banks).	Sept. 9, 1903 (5,042 banks).
Loans and discounts	$3,303,148,091 17	$3,403,217,618 96	$3,481,446,772 04
Overdrafts	43,522,543 40	29,920,759 56	27,191,997 30
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	341,328,820 00	343,119,320 00	381,568,980 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	131,376,700 00	134,984,170 00	136,940,020 00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits	19,705,749 84	17,365,252 10	22,000,134 60
U. S. bonds on hand	5,364,030 00	10,044,275 00	4,237,660 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	13,783,389 91	14,779,540 59	14,704,044 72
Bonds, securities, etc	491,921,929 10	517,410,083 84	518,746,233 82
Banking house, furniture, etc	95,093,525 16	101,578,097 41	106,948,864 60
Other real estate owned	21,515,274 72	21,370,412 80	21,587,610 37
Due from National banks	275,897,193 01	263,835,801 78	260,187,597 00
Due from State banks and bankers	88,228,677 38	94,052,977 25	105,045,992 82
Due from approved reserve agents	436,820,873 39	454,802,717 59	454,907,648 00
Internal revenue stamps	211,075 25	97,013 36	41,752 63
Checks and other cash items	21,332,144 77	22,327,859 87	23,436,462 63
Exchanges for Clearing House	236,990,495 28	201,934,216 82	147,695,772 50
Bills of other National banks	23,168,903 00	24,619,614 00	26,497,330 00
Fractional currency, nickels and cents	1,407,269 15	1,579,272 24	1,596,934 23
Specie	391,281,660 62	389,081,521 00	397,556,167 94
Legal tender notes	142,310,109 00	147,133,313 00	156,749,859 00
Five per cent redemption fund	16,661,574 57	16,580,783 28	18,605,093 15
Due from U. S. Treasurer	3,021,887 74	2,957,839 49	2,737,039 02
Totals	$6,104,091,916 46	$6,212,792,489 94	$6,310,420,966 37

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$714,616,353 00	$734,903,309 00	$753,722,658 00
Surplus fund	335,763,730 38	354,083,637 08	370,390,684 26

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS IN THE U. S.—LIABILITIES.—(Continued).

	Nov. 25, 1902 (4,666 banks).	April 9, 1903 (4,845 banks).	Sept. 9, 1903 (5,042 banks).
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes	181,723,772 29	177,089,346 07	185,980,765 66
National bank notes outstanding	336,505,993 50	335,093,791 50	375,037,815 50
State bank notes outstanding	42,781 50	42,781 50	42,780 50
Due to other National banks	607,644,194 08	640,761,449 34	622,838,024 16
Due to State banks and bankers	281,071,701 50	295,049,952 51	307,425,777 89
Due to trust companies and savings banks	230,041,156 03	253,622,374 00	266,066,911 92
Due to approved reserve agents	36,735,916 05	28,489,879 41	29,252,032 53
Dividends unpaid	1,025,534 84	1,234,119 57	994,564 03
Individual deposits	3,152,878,793 65	3,168,275,260 71	3,156,333,499 07
U. S. deposits	138,464,809 47	140,677,485 71	140,411,999 26
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	8,353,604 53	7,350,577 83	9,203,001 55
Bonds borrowed	39,254,256 60	43,029,101 90	39,661,003 81
Notes and bills rediscounted	7,040,449 74	6,477,639 83	15,316,951 35
Bills payable	25,728,041 08	18,524,595 74	31,749,420 71
Liabilities other than those above	7,200,825 27	8,137,194 24	5,102,076 17
Totals	$6,104,091,916 46	$6,212,792,489 94	$6,310,429,966 37

COIN AND PAPER CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES FROM 1860 TO 1900, INCLUSIVE, WITH AMOUNT OF CIRCULATION PER CAPITA.

Year.	Coin, including bullion in Treasury.	United States notes and bank notes.	Total money.	Coin, bullion and paper money in Treasury, as assets.	Circulation.	Population.	Circulation per capita.
1860	$253,000,000	$207,102,477	$442,102,477	$6,695,225	$435,407,252	31,443,321	$13.85
1861	250,000,000	202,005,767	452,005,767	3,600,000	448,405,767	32,064,000	13.98
1862	25,000,000	333,452,079	358,452,079	23,754,335	334,697,744	32,704,000	10.23
1863	25,000,000	649,867,283	674,867,283	79,473,245	595,394,038	33,365,000	17.84
1864	25,000,000	680,588,067	705,588,067	35,946,589	669,641,478	34,046,000	19.67
1865	25,000,000	745,129,755	770,129,755	55,426,760	714,702,995	34,748,000	20.57
1866	25,000,000	729,327,254	754,327,254	80,839,010	673,488,244	35,469,000	18.99
1867	25,000,000	703,200,612	728,200,612	66,208,543	661,992,069	36,211,000	18.28
1868	25,000,000	691,553,578	716,553,578	36,449,917	680,103,661	36,973,000	18.39
1869	25,000,000	690,351,180	715,351,180	50,898,289	664,452,891	37,756,000	17.60
1870	25,000,000	697,868,461	722,868,461	47,655,667	675,212,794	38,558,371	17.50
1871	25,000,000	716,812,174	741,812,174	25,923,169	715,889,005	39,555,000	18.10
1872	25,000,000	737,721,565	762,721,565	24,412,016	738,309,549	40,596,000	18.19
1873	25,000,000	749,445,610	774,445,610	22,563,801	751,881,809	41,677,000	18.04
1874	25,000,000	781,024,781	806,024,781	29,941,750	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.13
1875	25,000,000	773,273,509	798,273,509	44,171,562	754,101,947	43,951,000	17.16
1876	52,418,734	738,264,550	790,683,284	63,073,896	727,609,388	45,137,000	16.12
1877	65,837,506	697,216,341	763,053,847	40,738,964	722,314,883	46,353,000	15.58
1878	102,047,907	687,743,069	789,790,976	60,658,342	729,132,634	47,598,000	15.32
1879	357,268,178	676,372,713	1,033,640,891	215,000,008	818,631,793	48,866,000	16.75
1880	494,363,884	691,186,443	1,185,550,327	212,168,099	973,382,228	50,155,783	19.41
1881	647,868,682	701,723,691	1,349,592,373	235,354,254	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	21.71
1882	703,974,839	705,423,050	1,409,397,889	235,107,470	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	22.37
1883	769,740,048	702,754,297	1,472,494,345	242,188,649	1,230,305,696	53,693,000	22.91
1884	801,068,939	686,180,899	1,487,249,838	243,323,869	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	22.65
1885	872,175,823	665,257,727	1,537,433,550	244,864,935	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	23.02
1886	903,027,304	658,380,470	1,561,407,774	308,707,249	1,252,700,525	57,405,000	21.82
1887	1,007,513,901	625,898,804	1,633,412,705	315,873,562	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	22.45
1888	1,092,391,690	599,049,337	1,691,441,027	319,270,157	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	22.88
1889	1,100,612,434	558,059,979	1,658,672,413	278,310,764	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	22.52
1890	1,152,471,638	532,651,791	1,685,123,429	255,872,159	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	22.82
1891	1,112,956,637	564,837,407	1,677,794,044	180,353,337	1,497,440,707	63,947,000	23.42
1892	1,131,142,260	621,076,937	1,752,219,197	150,872,010	1,601,347,187	65,191,000	24.56
1893	1,068,223,357	672,585,115	1,738,808,472	142,107,227	1,596,701,245	66,456,000	24.03
1894	1,098,958,741	706,120,220	1,805,078,961	144,270,253	1,660,808,708	67,740,000	24.52
1895	1,114,899,106	704,460,451	1,819,359,557	217,391,084	1,601,968,473	69,043,000	23.20
1896	1,097,610,190	702,364,843	1,799,975,033	293,540,067	1,506,434,966	70,305,000	21.41
1897	1,213,780,289	692,216,330	1,905,996,619	265,787,100	1,640,209,519	71,704,000	22.87
1898	1,397,785,969	675,788,473	2,073,574,442	235,714,547	1,837,859,895	73,060,000	25.15
1899	1,508,543,738	681,550,167	2,190,093,905	286,022,024	1,904,071,881	74,433,000	25.58
1900	1,607,352,213	732,348,460	2,339,700,673	284,549,675	2,055,150,998	76,295,220	26.94
1901	1,734,861,774	748,285,518	2,483,147,292	307,760,015	2,175,387,277	77,754,000	27.98
1902	1,829,913,551	733,353,107	2,563,266,658	313,876,107	2,249,390,551	79,117,000	28.43

Note.—Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1862, to January 1, 1879. During the greater part of that period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific Coast, where, it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally

about $25,000,000. This estimated amount is the only coin included in the above statement from 1862 to 1875, inclusive.

In 1876 subsidiary silver again came into use, and is included in this statement, beginning with that year.

The coinage of standard silver dollars began in 1878, under the act of February 28, 1878.

Specie payments were resumed January 1, 1879, and all gold and silver coins, as well as gold and silver bullion in the Treasury, are included in this statement from and after that date.

Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in the table for the year 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately. For redemption of outstanding certificates an exact equivalent in amount of the appropriate kinds of money is held in the Treasury, and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the government.

TREASURY CIRCULATION STATEMENT, NOV. 1, 1903.

	General stock of money in U. S.	†In Treasury as assets of government.	Money in circulation.		
	Nov. 1, 1903.	Nov. 1, 1903.	Nov. 1, 1903.	Nov. 1, 1902.	Jan. 1, 1879
Gold coin (inc. bullion in Treasury).	$1,282,291,903	$258,892,307	$621,753,297	$624,373,645	$96,262,850
*Gold certificates ..			401,646,299	342,756,194	21,189,280
Stand. silver dollars	555,034,790	13,755,012	78,916,739	77,517,158	5,790,721
*Silver certificates .			462,363,039	463,170,438	413,360
Subsidiary silver ..	104,087,329	7,851,871	96,235,458	91,899,715	67,982,601
Treasury notes, 1890	16,874,000	93,825	16,780,175	25,748,278	
United States notes	346,681,016	5,719,673	340,961,343	343,639,082	277,098,511
*Currency certific's					33,190,000
National bank notes	419,610,683	10,872,165	408,738,518	367,007,482	314,339,398
Totals	$2,724,579,721	$297,184,853	$2,427,394,868	$2,336,111,992	$816,266,721

Population of the United States November 1, 1902, estimated at 80,946,000; circulation per capita, $29.99. *For redemption of outstanding certificates, issued under act of June 8, 1872, an exact equivalent in amount of the appropriate kinds of money is held in the Treasury, and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the government. †This statement of money held in the Treasury as assets of the government does not include deposits of public money in National bank depositaries, to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, and amounting to $157,939,258 45.

NUMBER OF SAVINGS DEPOSITORS, AGGREGATE SAVINGS DEPOSITS, AND AVERAGE AMOUNT DUE TO DEPOSITORS IN SAVINGS BANKS IN VARIOUS STATES AT DATE OF REPORTS NEAREST TO JUNE 30, 1903.

States.	Number of depositors.	Amount of deposits.	Average to each depositor.
Maine	208,141	$74,781,073	$359 28
New-Hampshire	155,309	63,919,183	411 56
Vermont	134,323	44,628,150	332 24
Massachusetts	1,660,814	586,937,084	353 40
Rhode Island.....	150,342	74,534,628	495 77
Connecticut	444,407	203,522,226	457 96
Totals, New-England States.....	2,753,336	$1,048,322,344	$380 74
New-York	2,327,812	$1,112,418,552	$477 88
New-Jersey	238,210	73,722,729	309 48
Pennsylvania	407,652	128,514,295	315 25
Delaware	[1]21,792	6,586,851	302 26
Maryland	155,299	62,253,508	400 86
District of Columbia.....	11,758	1,654,715	140 73
Totals, Eastern States.....	3,162,523	$1,385,150,650	$437 99
West Virginia.....	4,853	$836,358	$172 33
North Carolina.....	[2]17,721	3,282,164	185 21
Totals, Southern States.....	22,574	$4,118,522	$182 44
Ohio	108,854	$52,306,123	$480 51
Indiana	24,733	8,072,500	326 38
Illinois	[2]360,991	[3]119,721,739	331 64
Wisconsin	4,290	810,533	188 93
Minnesota	69,763	18,624,665	266 97
Iowa	[2]240,063	86,602,757	360 75
Totals, Middle Western States.....	808,694	$286,138,317	$353 83
California, and totals Pacific States....	[1]288,101	$211,475,012	$734 03
Totals, United States.....	7,035,228	$2,935,204,845	$417 21

[1]Estimated. [2]Partially estimated. [3]Savings deposits in State institutions having savings departments; abstract of reports included with State banks.

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF STATE BANKS, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES, SAVINGS AND PRIVATE BANKS, 1902-'03.

RESOURCES.

Classification.	State banks (5,962).	Loan and trust companies (531).	Savings banks (1,078).	Private banks (1,174).	Totals (8,745).
Loans on real estate	$80,221,586	$94,836,041	$1,033,420,902	$18,009,272	$1,226,487,801
Loans on other collateral security	86,444,679	830,243,159	59,658,310	22,656,617	999,002,765
Other loans and discounts	1,345,230,875	378,158,000	254,784,929	69,345,450	2,047,519,254
Overdrafts	20,180,043	388,490	777,024	2,320,209	23,665,766
U. S. bonds	1,823,297	2,920,082	13,206,494	688,469	18,638,342
State, county and municipal bonds.	13,880,443	15,568,451	150,491,128	1,401,948	181,341,970
Railroad bonds and stocks	3,308,058	21,676,001	279,685,569	809,085	305,478,713
Bank stocks	174,153	3,429,830	31,995,519	549,275	36,148,777
Other stocks, bonds and securities	276,461,596	535,865,335	976,164 734	4,230,440	1,792,722,105
Due from other banks & bankers	361,227,492	252,837,891	123,704,192	30,883,778	768,653,353
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	73,153,302	62,670,669	51,306,202	6,410,841	193,541,014
Checks and other cash items	32,316,457	2,489,458	284,947	1,156,591	36,247,453
Cash on hand	187,150,639	49,082,628	30,897,903	8,682,356	275,813,526
Other resources	9,856,140	48,388,028	50,771,351	1,905,490	110,921,009
Totals	$2,491,428,760	$2,298,554,063	$3,057,149,204	$169,049,821	$8,016,181,848

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$302,264,497	$232,807,735	$20,116,660	$23,230,052	$578,418,944
Surplus fund	129,647,875	222,208,091	188,186,143	4,592,298	544,634,407
Other undivided profits	60,766,214	92,288,243	30,719,928	2,905,222	186,679,607
Dividends unpaid	520,530	131,998	544	141,409	794,481
Individual deposits	1,814,570,163	1,589,398,796	2,815,483,106	133,247,990	6,352,700,055
Due to other banks and bankers	139,748,119	122,086,643	381,732	1,568,585	263,765,079
Other liabilities	43,911,362	39,632,557	2,281,091	3,364,265	89,189,275
Totals	$2,491,428,760	$2,298,554,063	$3,057,149,204	$169,049,821	$8,016,181,848

COINAGE OF THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Calendar years.	Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	Totals.
1793 to 1879	$1,099,766,456 00	$278,674,547 00	$13,122,403 05	$1,391,563,406 05
1880	62,308,279 00	27,411,693 75	391,395 95	90,111,368 70
1881	96,850,890 00	27,940,163 75	428,151 75	125,219,205 50
1882	65,887,685 00	27,973,132 00	960,400 00	94,821,217 00
1883	29,241,990 00	29,246,968 43	1,604,770 41	60,093,728 86
1884	23,991,756 50	28,534,866 15	796,483 78	53,323,106 43
1885	27,773,012 50	28,962,176 20	191,622 04	56,926,810 74
1886	28,945,542 00	32,086,709 90	343,186 10	61,375,438 00
1887	23,972,383 00	35,191,081 40	1,215,686 26	60,379,150 66
1888	31,380,808 00	33,025,606 45	912,200 78	65,318,615 23
1889	21,413,931 00	35,496,683 15	1,283,408 49	58,194,022 64
1890	20,467,182 50	39,202,908 20	384,792 14	61,054,882 84
1891	29,222 005 00	27,518,856 60	1,312,441 00	58,053,302 60
1892	34,787,222 50	12,641,078 00	961,480 42	48,389,780 92
1893	56,997,020 00	8,802,797 30	1,134,931 70	66,934,749 00
1894	79,546,160 00	9,200,350 85	438,177 92	89,184,688 77
1895	59,616,337 50	5,683,010 25	882,430 56	66,196,781 31
1896	47,053,060 00	23,089,899 00	832,718 93	70,975,677 98
1897	76,028,485 00	18,487,297 30	1,526,100 25	96,041,882 55
1898	77,985,757 50	23,034,033 45	1,124,835 14	102,144,626 09
1899	111,344,220 00	26,061,519 90	1,837,451 86	139,243,191 76
1900	99,272 942 50	36,295.321 45	2,031,137 39	137,599,401 34
1901	101,735,187 50	30,838,460 75	2,120,122 08	134,693,770 30
1902	61,980,572 50	30,116,369 45	2,429,736 17	94,526,678 12
1903	45,721,773 00	25,996,536 25	2,484,691 18	74,203,000 43
Grand totals	$2,413,290,678 50	$901,577,067 00	$41,750,755 15	$3,356,618,500 65

COINAGE EXECUTED AT THE MINTS OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1903.

Denomination.	Pieces.	Value.
Double eagles	1,222,177	$24,443,540 00
Eagles	634,308	6,343,080 00
Half eagles	2,845,589	14,227,945 00
Quarter eagles	182,780	456,950 00
[1]Gold dollars	250,258	250,258 00
Total gold	5,135,112	$45,721,773 00
Standard dollars	17,972,785	$17,972,785 00
Half dollars	5,956,953	2,978,476 50
Quarter dollars	10,840,785	2,710,196 25
Dimes	23,350,785	2,335,078 50
Total silver	58,121,308	$25,996,536 25
Five cents	31,786,725	$1,589,336 25
One cent	89,535,493	895,354 93
Total minor	121,322,218	$2,484,691 18
Total coinage	184,578,638	$74,203,000 43

[1]For Louisiana Purchase Exposition. There were also coined for the Philippines 7,286,365 pesos, 1,101,595 50-centaros, 501,282 20-centaros, 1,001,542 10-centaros and 9,292,040 minor pieces. For the Government of Venezuela 500,000 5-bolivars were coined, and 250,000 2-bolivars; for the Government of Colombia 960,000 50-centaros and 400,000 5-centaros.

PAPER CURRENCY OF EACH DENOMINATION OUTSTANDING SEPT. 30, 1903:

Denomination.	United States notes.	Treasury Notes of 1890.	National bank notes.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Totals.
$1	$1,941,504	$727,928	$345,958	———	$78,484,755	$81,500,145
$2	1,495,614	571,842	165,960	———	45,380,532	47,613,948
$5	16,244,455	4,437,810	64,654,445	———	271,390,872	356,727,582
$10	241,266,151	7,549,710	175,264,200	———	41,960,501	466,040,562
$20	37,725,442	3,068,610	129,079,640	$160,861,864	21,618,210	352,353,766
$50	6,160,855	54,700	16,456,650	33,864,105	3,982,910	60,519,215
$100	11,585,000	583,400	34,302,200	44,379,900	1,713,220	92,563,720
$500	7,488,000	———	96,000	13,238,500	56,000	20,878,500
$1,000	23,754,000	504,000	25,000	48,713,500	128,000	73,124,500
$5,000	10,000	———	———	32,120,000	———	32,130,000
$10,000	10,000	———	———	87,310,000	———	87,320,000
Fractions	———	———	36,482	———	———	36,482
Totals	$347,681,016	$17,498,000	$420,426,535	$420,487,869	$464,715,000	$1,670,808,420
Unknown, destroyed	1,000,000	———	———	———	———	1,000,000
Net	$346,681,016	$17,498,000	$420,426,535	$420,487,869	$464,715,000	$1,669,808,420

COINS OF THE UNITED STATES.

GOLD COINS.

Denominations, weight (in grains) and fineness of the coins of the United States:

Denomination.	Fine gold contained.	*Alloy contained.	Denomination.	Fine gold contained.	*Alloy contained.
One dollar ($1)	23.22	2.58	Half eagle ($5)	116.10	12.90
Quarter eagle ($2 50)	58.05	6.45	Eagle ($10)	232.20	25.80
Three dollars ($3)	69.66	7.74	Double eagle ($20)	464.40	51.60

*The alloy neither adds to nor detracts from the value of the coin.

SILVER COINS.

Denomination.	Fine silver contained.	Alloy contained.	Denomination.	Fine silver contained.	Alloy contained.
Standard dollar	371.25	41.25	Quarter dollar	86.805	9.645
Half dollar	173.61	19.29	Dime	34.722	3.858

MINOR COINS.

Denomination.	Fine copper contained.	Alloy contained.	Denomination.	Fine copper contained.	Alloy contained.
*Five-cent piece	57.87	19.29	†One-cent piece	45.60	2.40

*Seventy-five per cent copper, 25 per cent nickel. †Ninety-five per cent copper, 5 per cent tin and zinc.

VARIOUS MONEYS OF CIRCULATION.

There are ten different kinds of money in circulation in the United States, namely: Gold coins, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver, gold certificates, silver certificates, Treasury notes issued under the act of July 14, 1890; United States notes (also called greenbacks and legal tenders), National bank notes, and nickel and bronze coins. These forms of money are all available as circulation. Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance prescribed by law; and when below such standard of tolerance it is legal tender in proportion to its weight. Standard silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value in payment of all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding $10 in any one payment. Treasury notes of the act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. United States notes are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. Gold certificates, silver certificates and National bank notes are not legal tender, but both classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while National bank notes are receivable for all public dues except duties on imports, and may be paid out by the Government for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations within the United States, except interest on the public debt and in redemption of the National currency. All National banks are required by law to receive the notes of other National banks at par. The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents.

The coinage of legal tender gold was authorized by the first coinage act, passed by Congress April 2, 1792. The gold unit of value is the dollar, which contains 25.8 grains of standard gold 900 fine. The amount of fine gold in the dollar is 23.22 grains, and the remainder of the weight is an alloy of copper. The total coinage of gold by the mints of the United States from 1792 to June 30, 1902, was $2,328,134,400 50, of which it is estimated that $1,068,511,784 is still in existence as coin in the United States, while the remainder has been exported or consumed in the arts.

The silver unit is the dollar, which contains 412½ grains of standard silver 900 fine. The amount of fine silver in the dollar is 371¼ grains, and there are 41¼ grains of copper alloy. The standard silver dollar was first authorized by the act of April 2, 1792. The coinage of the standard silver dollar was discontinued by the act of February 12, 1873, and it was restored by the act of February 28, 1878. The total amount coined from 1792 to 1873 was $8,031,238, and the amount coined from 1878 to June 30, 1902, was $542,197,865. The coinage ratio between gold and silver under the act of 1792 was 15 to 1, but by the act of 1837 it was changed to 15.988 to 1 (commonly called 16 to 1).

INTERNAL REVENUE STATISTICS.

Objects of taxation.	Receipts during fiscal years ended June 30.	
	1902.	1903.
SPIRITS.		
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, prunes, figs and cherries	$1,543,524 72	$1,666,579 34
Spirits distilled from materials other than apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, prunes, figs and cherries	113,741,591 18	124,195,938 74
Rectifiers (special tax)	288,771 84	288,221 44
Retail liquor dealers (special tax)	5,043,097 00	5,220,656 82
Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax)	496,482 88	540,535 70
Manufacturers of stills (special tax)	1,110 01	1,042 75
Stills and worms manufactured	3,040 00	2,721 00
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export	3,233 40	1,840 20
Case stamps for distilled goods bottled in bond	17,162 10	25,936 40
Totals	$121,138,013 13	$131,953,472 39
TOBACCO.		
Cigars weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand	[1]$18,311,142 25	$20,359,171 60
Cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand.	410,903 48	345,869 93
Cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand, 36 cents per pound	[2]2,457,550 86	2,743,594 89
Cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand, 18 cents per pound	198,424 02	265,425 17
Cigarettes weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand.	31,164 67	29,041 06
Snuff	1,696,429 02	1,130,455 00
Tobacco, chewing and smoking	[3]23,612 644 15	18,640,059 20
Miscellaneous collections relating to tobacco	[4]219,666 74	1,193 39
Totals	$51,937.925 19	$43,514,810 24
FERMENTED LIQUORS.		
Ale, beer, lager beer, porter and other similar fermented liquors	[5]$71,166,711 65	[6]$46,652,577 14
Brewers (special tax)	167,826 36	163,933 48

INTERNAL REVENUE STATISTICS—(Continued).

Objects of taxation.	Receipts during fiscal years ended June 30.	
Retail dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	241,456 67	270,452 18
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors (special tax)	404,993 94	458,647 31
Miscellaneous collections relating to fermented liquors	7,913 57	2,245 97
Totals	$71,988,902 39	$47,547,856 08
OLEOMARGARINE.		
Oleomargarine, domestic, artificially colored in imitation of butter	[7]$2,462,532 72	[8]$272,044 48
Oleomargarine, free from coloration that causes it to look like butter of any shade of yellow	——	171,227 48
Oleomargarine imported from foreign countries	1,082 51	3,286 86
Manufacturers of oleomargarine	10,500 00	19,900 00
Retail dealers in oleomargarine artificially colored in imitation of butter (special tax)	[9]377,732 23	73,638 25
Retail dealers in oleomargarine free from artificial coloration (special tax)	——	107,159 36
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine artificially colored in imitation of butter (special tax)	[10]83,645 00	30,538 16
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine free from artificial coloration (special tax)	——	58,988 72
Totals	$2,944,492 46	$736,783 81
FILLED CHEESE.		
Filled cheese, domestic and imported	——	$5,711 93
Manufacturers of filled cheese (special tax)	——	733 33
Retail dealers in filled cheese (special tax)	$24 00	——
Totals	$24 00	$6,445 26
MIXED FLOUR.		
Per barrel of 196 pounds, or more than 98 pounds	$12 44	$21 06
Half barrel of 98 pounds, or more than 49 pounds	1,244 86	1,088 81
Quarter barrel of 49 pounds, or more than 24½ pounds	145 02	51 61
Eighth barrel of 24½ pounds, or less	310 53	205 46
Manufacturers, packers or repackers of mixed flour (special tax)	500 00	428 56
Totals	$2,212 85	$1,795 50
ADULTERATED BUTTER, AND PROCESS OR RENOVATED BUTTER.		
Adulterated butter manufactured or sold, etc.	——	[11]$124 60
Process or renovated butter manufactured or sold, etc.	——	147,929 56
Manufacturers of process or renovated butter (special tax)	[12]$500 00	3,468 81
Manufacturers of adulterated butter (special tax)	——	——
Retail dealers in adulterated butter (special tax)	——	86 00
Wholesale dealers in adulterated butter (special tax)	——	——
Totals	$500 00	$151,558 97
BANKS, BANKERS, ETC.		
Bank circulation	$227 50	——
Notes of persons, State banks, towns, cities, etc., paid out	——	$899 50
Totals	$227 50	$899 50
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Playing cards	$364,677 72	$422,580 32
Penalties	208,209 05	148,379 07
Collections not otherwise herein provided for	[13]23,282,805 96	[14]6,255,801 93
Totals	$24,586,569 23	$6,826,761 32
Aggregate receipts	$271,867,990 25	$230,740,882 57

[1]Includes $2,642 73 at $3 60 per thousand. [2]Includes $198,424 02 at 54 cents per thousand. [3]Includes $18 at 12 cents per pound. [4]Special taxes on dealers in leaf and manufactured tobacco, manufacturers of tobacco and cigars, etc., included in this total, were repealed July 1, 1902. [5]Includes $4,294 68 at $2 per barrel, less discount. [6]Includes $4,924 85 at $1 60 per barrel. [7]Includes 3,078 barrels at $1 60 per barrel. [8]Includes $102 24 at 2 cents, and $271,942 24 at 10 cents per pound. [9]Includes $367,844 23 under repealed law, and $9,888 advance collections under present law. [10]Includes $79,765 under repealed law and $3,880 advance collections under present law. [11]Collections from adulterated butter seized and disposed of. [12]Advance collections under act of May 9, 1902. [13]Special taxes, legacies, Schedules A and B, excise tax, etc., repealed July 1, 1902. [14]Includes $5,856,774 90 from legacies.

INTERNAL REVENUE STATISTICS—(Continued).

RECEIPTS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES FOR 1901–'02 AND 1902–'03.

Statement showing the aggregate collections of internal revenue, by States and Territories, during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1902 and 1903:

States and Territories.	Aggregate collections. 1902.	1903.
Alabama	$402,515 47	$323,135 62
Arkansas	154,093 78	109,322 82
[1]California	3,785,926 74	3,089,990 31
[2]Colorado	975,429 33	568,713 37
[3]Connecticut	3,062,808 61	1,865,550 10
Florida	611,534 09	719,400 39
Georgia	601,806 54	425,591 10
Hawaii	70,235 22	40,090 52
Illinois	54,029,115 36	50,562,455 25
Indiana	25,178,552 61	28,183,310 08
Iowa	1,251,166 64	835,487 90
[4]Kansas	750,476 32	311,408 23
Kentucky	21,969,013 30	21,115,626 21
[5]Louisiana	2,453,925 47	2,890,848 17
[6]Maryland	7,410,911 17	5,612,791 16
Massachusetts	5,956,538 74	3,567,075 54
Michigan	4,550,595 42	4,044,317 94
Minnesota	2,161,062 84	1,465,570 62
Missouri	14,212,323 87	8,948,547 13
[7]Montana	792,657 23	436,378 93
Nebraska	2,859,789 02	2,343,931 26
[8]New-Hampshire	964,528 68	591,025 13
New-Jersey	8,035,946 35	5,998,058 98
[9]New-Mexico	76,730 18	78,971 41
New-York	38,694,831 27	26,749,648 18
North Carolina	5,618,659 50	4,248,306 07
North and South Dakota	157,927 87	127,450 42
Ohio	22,073,559 51	20,979,333 19
Oregon	1,092,016 89	392,288 77
Pennsylvania	22,841,669 22	18,890,389 88
South Carolina	458,075 29	616,800 33
Tennessee	1,940,477 37	1,661,300 15
Texas	1,143,982 58	667,670 22
Virginia	4,097,788 94	3,433,249 51
[10]Washington		419,970 33
West Virginia	1,401,375 66	1,114,230 78
Wisconsin	10,029,943 22	7,332,052 01
Totals	$271,867,990 25	$230,740,382 57

[1]Including Nevada. [2]Including Wyoming. [3]Including Rhode Island. [4]Including Indian Territory and Oklahoma. [5]Including Mississippi. [6]Including Delaware, District of Columbia and two counties of Virginia. [7]Including Idaho and Utah. [8]Including Maine and Vermont. [9]Including Arizona. [10]Including Alaska.

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Value of principal articles, in dollars.)

Domestic Exports.

Articles.	Year ending June 30. 1902.	1903.
Agricultural implements	$16,286,740	$21,006,622
Animals (cattle, horses, mules, hogs, etc.)	44,871,684	34,781,193
Books	3,997,977	4,442,653
Breadstuffs	213,134,344	221,242,285
Carriages, horsecars and cars for steam railroads	9,872,516	10,499,195
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and medicines	13,288,218	13,697,601
Clocks and watches	2,144,490	2,133,529
Coal	20,765,461	21,206,498
Copper (ore)	2,601,697	927,417
Copper (manufacures of)	41,218,373	39,667,196
Cotton (manufactured)	290,651,819	316,180,429
Cotton (manufactures of)	32,108,362	32,216,304
Fibres, vegetable and textile grasses	4,575,219	5,290,948
Fish	6,563,199	6,717,274
Fruits (including nuts)	8,719,344	18,057,677
Furs and fur skins	5,030,204	6,181,115
Hops	1,550,657	1,903,951
Iron and steel, and manufactures of (not including ore)	98,552,562	96,642,467
Leather, and manufactures of	29,798,323	31,617,389

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—(Continued).

Articles.	Year ending June 30. 1902.	1903.
Naval stores (rosin, tar, turpentine, pitch and spirits of turpentine)	11,733,562	12,918,708
Oilcake and oilcake meal	19,943,198	19,859,279
Oils (animal)	910,697	856,564
Oils (mineral—crude)	6,084,818	6,329,899
Oils (refined or manufactured)	66,218,004	60,923,634
Oils (vegetable)	15,308,633	16,234,362
Paper, and manufactures of	7,312,030	7,180,014
Paraffin and paraffin wax	8,858,844	9,411,294
Provisions (comprising meat and dairy products)	199,861,378	179,839,714
Seeds	8,027,824	9,455,283
Sugar and molasses	3,237,329	3,104,653
Tobacco (unmanufactured)	27,103,996	35,250,893
Tobacco (manufactures of)	5,668,853	5,193,796
Vegetables	2,546,287	2,513,458
Wood, and manufactures of	47,779,848	57,743,535
All other articles	82,506,670	80,398,443
Total value	$1,355,481,861	$1,392,231,302
Carried in cars and other land vehicles	115,967,630	129,189,875
Carried in American vessels	81,083,527	88,359,662
Carried in foreign vessels	1,158,430,704	1,174,681,765
Coin and bullion—		
Gold: In ore	$186,587	$231,768
Bullion	37,204,010	26,311,212
Coin	9,370,841	18,041,660
Silver: In ore	76,033	85,327
Bullion	45,685,329	39,878,052
Coin	209,291	218,118
Carried in cars and other land vehicles	115,967,630	129,189,875
Carried in American vessels	14,078,623	19,412,849
Carried in foreign vessels	71,258,689	58,218,509
Imports.		
Free of duty—		
Chemicals, drugs and dyes (n. e. s.)	$33,748,670	39,486,329
Coffee	70,982,155	59,200,749
Cotton (manufactured)	11,712,170	10,832,591
Fruits, including nuts (n. e. s.)	8,883,426	10,619,048
Furs and fur skins, undressed	9,787,013	8,815,108
Hides and skins (other than fur skins)	40,532,579	41,871,711
India rubber and gutta percha (crude)	25,652,977	31,004,541
Paper stock (crude)	2,770,255	3,015,084
Silk (unmanufactured)	42,635,351	50,011,050
Textile grasses and fibrous vegetable substances (n. e. s.)	28,437,136	31,613,240
Tin (bars, blocks or pigs, grain or granulated)	19,461,850	23,618,802
Wood (unmanufactured)	7,578,065	8,289,945
All other articles	144,274,460	107,742,781
Total free of duty	$396,818,871	$426,180,979
Dutiable—		
Breadstuffs	$2,634,357	$2,404,939
Chemicals, drugs, dyes and medicines (n. e. s.)	23,974,952	24,864,870
Cotton (manufactures of)	44,460,126	52,462,755
Earthen, stone and china ware	9,680,156	10,512,052
Flax, hemp, jute, etc. (unmanufactured)	3,108,826	2,849,273
Flax, hemp, jute, etc. (manufacturers of)	38,070,205	38,825,327
Fruits (including nuts, etc.)	12,647,099	13,107,588
Furs (manufactures of)	5,836,588	6,486,804
Glass and glassware	6,013,963	7,038,267
Hides and skins (other than fur skins)	17,474,039	16,159,902
Iron and steel (manufactures of)	26,488,295	50,941,881
Jewelry (m'factures of gold, silver and precious stones)	19,778,934	22,507,160
Leather, and manufactures of	11,377,785	11,294,167
Metal, metal compositions etc. (n. e. s.)	6,223,383	7,067,202
Silk (manufactures of)	32,640,242	35,963,552
Sugar and molasses (n. e. s.) and confectionery	56,142,016	72,149,174
Tea	9,390,128	11,449,809
Tobacco (leaf)	15,211,671	17,234,915
Tobacco (manufactures of)	2,494,822	3,344,205
Vegetables	7,039,835	4,581,355
Wines	8,921,138	10,249,296
Wood (n. e. s.) and manufactures of	16,867,534	20,456,326
All other dutiable articles	130,625,913	157,597,459
Total dutiable imports	$506,502,077	$599,538,258
Total value of merchandise	$903,320,948	$1,025,719,237

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—(Continued).

Articles.	Year ending June 30. 1902.	1903.
Brought in cars and other land vehicles	56,366,711	
Brought in American vessels	102,188,002	
Brought in foreign vessels	744,766,235	
Coin and bullion—		
Gold: In ore	$24,815,597	$18,675,837
Bullion	10,496,745	10,970,143
Coin, American	3,870,320	1,519,756
Coin, foreign	12,838,592	13,816,291
Silver: In ore	17,050,635	15,589,586
Bullion	6,931,678	4,984,447
Coin, American	518,397	435,998
Coin, foreign	3,731,544	3,153,460
Brought in cars and other land vehicles	80,630,999	29,776,215
Brought in American vessels	35,303,853	19,655,968
Brought in foreign vessels	14,319,656	19,713,335

Foreign Trade for Years Ending June 30, 1902 and 1903.

Countries.	1902. Imports.	1902. Exports.	1903. Imports.	1903. Exports.
Europe.				
Austria-Hungary	$10,150,601	$6,167,127	$10,569,929	$7,156,688
Azores and Madeira Islands	19,278	356,518	16,588	396,799
Belgium	16,522,206	46,271,756	22,567,337	47,087,939
Denmark	663,847	15,464,622	599,402	16,157,583
France	82,880,036	71,512,884	90,050,172	77,285,239
Germany	101,397,523	173,148,280	119,772,511	193,841,656
Gibraltar	21,464	506,956	6,471	482,870
Greece	1,563,142	305,950	1,326,935	330,844
Italy	30,554,951	31,388,135	36,246,412	35,032,680
Netherlands	19,645,808	75,123,135	22,868,978	78,245,419
Portugal	3,179,449	3,045,651	3,483,562	3,652,194
Russia, Baltic, etc.	5,978,276	7,088,206	7,726,052	13,401,614
Russia (Black Sea)	1,330,127	2,214,153	1,508,687	2,767,648
Spain	8,270,546	15,511,587	8,478,587	17,682,210
Sweden and Norway	3,806,179	10,108,166	4,975,234	10,101,904
Switzerland	17,784,955	217,515	21,183,328	205,697
Turkey in Europe	4,935,346	604,775	5,672,578	496,785
United Kingdom	165,746,560	548,548,477	190,021,658	524,262,656
Greenland, Iceland Malta, Gozo, Rumania and Servia	111,742	450,588	152,466	668,252
Total Europe	$475,161,941	$1,008,033,981	$547,226,887	$1,029,256,657
North America.				
Bermuda	$487,231	$1,490,868	592,107	1,323,536
British Honduras	234,231	773,676	376,967	868,578
British North America	48,076,124	109,642,993	55,649,656	125,776,203
Central American States	9,889,530	6,322,085	10,294,867	6,109,797
Mexico	40,382,596	39,873,606	41,313,771	42,257,106
Miquelon, Langley, etc.	58,548	169,019	19,575	191,150
West Indies: British	12,178,590	9,714,963	13,450,248	10,126,221
Danish	394,948	704,259	734,020	646,206
Dutch	207,411	630,472	405,831	981,063
French	3,245	1,690,752	13,298	1,654,089
Hayti	1,204,461	2,691,413	1,109,729	2,385,424
San Domingo	2,553,470	1,577,592	1,833,676	1,371,758
Cuba	54,694,684	26,623,500	62,942,790	21,761,638
Total North America	$150,365,075	$201,905,798	$189,736,475	$215,482,769
South America.				
Argentina	$11,120,721	$9,801,804	9,430,278	11,437,570
Brazil	79,178,037	10,391,130	67,221,030	10,736,748
Chili	7,740,759	3,714,722	9,380,204	4,038,875
Colombia	3,271,894	2,973,460	4,215,568	4,305,629
Ecuador	1,546,564	1,462,105	1,724,851	1,353,162
Guianas	4,830,334	2,654,469	4,251,140	2,849,048
Peru	3,269,411	2,558,995	2,900,664	2,971,411
Uruguay	2,520,579	1,586,459	2,981,632	1,505,090
Venezuela	6,287,121	2,793,743	5,318,569	1,878,202
Bolivia, Falkland Islands and Paraguay	20,536	106,030	4,387	62,128
Total South America	$119,785,756	$38,043,617	$107,428,323	$41,137,872
Asia.				
Aden	$1,930,644	$916,896	2,328,654	1,651,229
Chinese Empire	21,055,830	24,722,906	26,648,846	18,898,163
East Indies: British	48,421,218	4,621,876	51,826,773	4,739,067
Dutch	14,749,241	2,076,291	16,232,332	1,184,886
Other sections	6,882	1,310	39	141,398

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—(Continued).

Countries.	1902. Imports.	1902. Exports.	1903. Imports.	1903. Exports.
Hong-Kong	1,277,755	8,030,109	1,359,905	8,772,453
Japan	37,552,778	21,485,883	44,143,728	20,933,692
Korea		251,563	22	171,400
Russia (Asiatic)	34,183	1,030,220	28,230	802,428
Turkey in Asia	3,960,394	169,777	4,897,428	276,322
All other Asia	693,726	637,246	236,417	787,978
Total Asia	$129,682,651	$63,944,077	$147,703,374	$58,359,016
Oceanica.				
British Australasia	$5,386,509	$28,375,199	6,968,183	32,749,395
French Oceanica	678,884	353,639	579,457	439,279
Philippine Islands	6,612,700	5,258,470	11,372,584	4,038,909
Other sections	690,536	77,532	2,123,303	240,988
Total Oceanica	$14,168,461	$34,258,041	$21,043,527	$37,468,512
Africa.				
British Africa	$979,361	$28,780,105	971,908	33,844,395
Canary Islands	32,038	340,801	42,547	811,959
French Africa	480,642	318,592	445,340	416,571
Liberia	2,072	41,888	2,747	29,286
Madagascar	575	81,121		19,278
Portuguese Africa	17,216	2,565,224	10,450	2,328,369
Turkey in Africa (Egypt)	11,368,301	1,269,449	10,714,205	692,590
Other Africa	357,916	121,405	394,454	294,415
Total Africa	$13,447,615	$33,468,605	$12,581,651	$38,436,853
Grand totals	$903,320,948	$1,381,719,401	$1,025,719,237	$1,420,141,679

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Total yield of principal farm products of the United States, 1898–1902.

Crops.	1898. Bushels.	1899. Bushels.	1900. Bushels.	1901. Bushels.	1902. Bushels.
Corn	1,924,185,000	2,078,144,000	2,105,103,000	1,522,520,000	2,523,648,312
Wheat	675,149,000	547,304,000	522,230,000	748,460,000	670,063,000
Oats	730,907,000	796,178,000	809,126,000	736,809,000	987,843,000
Barley	55,792,000	73,382,000	58,926,000	109,933,000	134,954,000
Rye	25,658,000	23,962,000	23,996,000	30,345,000	33,631,000
Buckwheat	11,721,927	11,094,473	9,566,966	15,125,939	14,529,770
Potatoes	192,306,338	229,783 232	210,926,897	187,598,087	284,632,787
Hay (tons)	66,376,920	55,655,756	50,110,906	50,590,877	59,857,576
Cotton (bales)	11,189,205	9,142,838	10,401,453	9,968,478	

Wheat crop of the world, as published by the Department of Agriculture:

Continents.	1898. Bushels.	1899. Bushels.	1900. Bushels.	1901. Bushels.	1902. Bushels.
North America	752,092,000	616,551,000	586,380,000	847,672,000	781,120,000
South America	73,389,000	125,141,000	120,546,000	84,845,000	75,984,000
Europe	1,603,040,000	1,520,971,000	1,495,145,000	1,484,213,000	1,798,963,000
Asia	436,178,000	404,061,000	314,022,000	380,936,000	376,428,000
Africa	48,626,000	42,373,000	43,600,000	43,400,000	48,000,000
Australasia	34,980,000	56,202,000	50,111,000	56,610,000	43,927,000
Totals	2,948,305,000	2,765,299,000	2,609,784,000	2,897,676,000	3,124,422,000

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(From statistical report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

Year ending June 30.	Employes. Killed.	Employes. Injured.	Passengers. Killed.	Passengers. Injured.	Other persons. Killed.	Other persons. Injured.	Totals. Killed.	Totals. Injured.
1891	2,660	26,140	293	2,972	4,076	4,789	7,029	33,831
1892	2,554	28,267	376	3,227	4,217	5,158	7,147	36,652
1893	2,727	31,729	299	3,229	4,320	5,435	7,346	40,393
1894	1,823	23,422	324	3,034	4,300	5,433	6,447	31,889
1895	1,811	25,696	170	2,375	4,155	5,677	6,136	33,748
1896	1,861	29,969	181	2,873	4,406	5,845	6,448	38,687
1897	1,693	27,667	222	2,795	4,522	6,269	6,437	36,731
1898	1,958	31,761	221	2,945	4,680	6,176	6,859	40,882
1899	2,210	34,923	239	3,442	4,674	6,255	7,123	44,620
1900	2,550	39,643	249	4,128	5,066	6,549	7,865	50,320
1901	2,675	41,142	282	4,388	5,498	7,209	8,455	53,839
1902	2,969	50,524	345	6,653	5,274	7,455	8,588	64,632

The total number of passengers carried in 1902 was 649,878,505, as against 607,278,121 in 1901.

FOREIGN CARRYING TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Fiscal year.	Total value of imports and exports. In vessels. American.	Foreign.	Totals.	Per cent carried in American vessels.	Total tonnage of vessels entered and cleared. American. Tons.	Per cent	Foreign. Tons.	Per cent
1860	$507,247,757	$255,040,793	$762,288,550	66.5	12,687,209	71	4,977,916	29
1861	381,516,788	203,478,278	584,995,066	65.2	9,913,230	70	4,479,596	30
1862	217,695,418	218,015,296	435,710,714	50	10,079,503	69	4,622,277	31
1863	241,872,471	343,056,031	584,928,502	41.4	9,061,959	62	5,704,401	38
1864	184,061,486	485,793,548	669,855,034	27.5	6,157,382	46	7,212,350	54
1865	167,402,872	437,010,124	604,412,996	27.7	5,968,795	47	6,812,090	53
1866	325,711,861	685,226,691	1,010,938,552	32.2	6,755,236	44	8,848,808	56
1867	297,834,904	581,330,403	879,165,307	33.9	6,874,554	44	8,784,163	56
1868	297,981,573	550,546,074	848,527,647	35.1	7,268,506	45	9,056,525	55
1869	289,956,772	586,492,012	876,448,784	33.1	6,784,031	39	10,720,264	61
1870	352,969,401	638,927,488	991,896,889	35.6	6,992,967	38	11,332,095	62
1871	353,664,172	755,822,576	1,109,486,748	31.9	7,489,682	38	12,417,981	62
1872	345,331,101	839,346,362	1,184,677,463	29.2	7,394,155	35	14,146,002	65
1873	346,306,592	966,722,651	1,313,029,243	26.4	7,369,195	32	16,148,218	68
1874	350,451,994	939,206,106	1,289,658,100	27.2	7,875,777	30	18,405,225	70
1875	314,257,792	884,788,517	1,199,046,309	26.1	7,310,580	30	16,278,728	70
1876	311,076,171	813,354,987	1,124,431,158	27.7	7,343,851	30	17,822,011	70
1877	316,660,261	859,920,536	1,176,580,817	26.9	7,428,574	28	19,468,604	72
1878	313,050,906	876,991,129	1,190,042,035	26.3	7,514,620	26	21,756,715	74
1879	272,015,692	911,269,232	1,183,284,924	23	6,879,770	22	25,388,657	78
1880	258,346,577	1,224,265,434	1,482,612,011	17.4	6,834,819	19	29,219,229	81
1881	250,586,470	1,269,002,983	1,519,589,453	16.5	6,629,119	19	30,160,012	81
1882	227,229,745	1,212,978,769	1,440,208,514	15.8	6,658,566	19	28,698,933	81
1883	240,420,500	1,258,506,924	1,498,927,424	16	6,562,766	20	26,359,857	80
1884	233,699,035	1,127,798,199	1,361,497,234	17.2	6,438,934	22	23,834,437	78
1885	194,865,743	1,079,518,566	1,274,384,309	15.3	6,363,567	21	24,456,029	79
1886	197,349,503	1,073,911,113	1,271,260,616	15.5	6,534,946	21	23,928,342	79
1887	194,356,746	1,165,194,508	1,359,551,254	14.3	6,624,562	20	24,944,952	80
1888	190,857,473	1,174,697,321	1,366,554,794	14	6,781,771	22	24,280,236	78
1889	203,805,108	1,217,063,541	1,420,868,649	14.3	7,712,779	23	24,582,487	77
1890	202,451,086	1,371,116,744	1,573,567,830	12.9	8,149,878	23	28,106,245	77
1891	206,459,725	1,450,081,087	1,656,540,812	12.5	8,836,206	24	27,628,921	76
1892	220,173,735	1,564,558,808	1,784,732,543	12.3	9,006,106	22	33,168,351	78
1893	197,765,507	1,428,316,568	1,626,082,075	12.2	8,762,048	22	30,588,514	78
1894	195,268,216	1,273,022,456	1,468,290,672	13.3	9,394,597	23	30,866,756	77
1895	170,507,196	1,285,896,192	1,456,403,388	11.7	8,977,057	23	30,068,404	77
1896	187,691,887	2,377,973,521	1,565,665,408	12	10,525,919	25	31,877,850	75
1897	189,075,277	1,525,753,766	1,714,829,043	11	11,143,470	23	36,325,975	77
1898	161,328,017	1,582,492,479	1,743,820,496	9.3	10,351,493	20	40,976,138	80
1899	160,612,206	1,646,263,857	1,806,876,063	8.9	10,812,412	21	41,564,380	79
1900	195,084,192	1,894,444,424	2,089,528,616	9.3	12,344,570	22	44,099,576	78
1901	177,398,615	1,974,536,796	2,151,935,411	8.2	12,798,652	21	46,789,262	79
1902	185,819,987	1,919,029,314	2,104,849,301	8.8	13,782,755	23	47,815,759	77
1903	214,695,032	2,026,106,388	2,240,801,420	9.1	13,881,809	22	48,528,022	78

IMMIGRATION BY COUNTRIES, 1901, 1902 AND 1903.

Countries.	1901.	1902.	1903.	Countries.	1901.	1902.	1903.
Austria-Hungary ..	113,390	171,989	206,011	Wales	701	763	1,275
Belgium	1,579	2,577	3,450	Europe, not specified	18	37	5
Denmark	3,635	5,699	7,158	China	2,459	1,649	2,209
France	3,150	3,117	5,578	Japan	5,269	14,270	19,968
Germany	21,651	28,304	40,686	India	22	93	94
Greece	5,910	8,104	14,090	Turkey in Asia....	5,782	6,223	7,118
Italy	135,996	178,372	230,622	Other Asia.....	61	36	577
Netherlands	2,349	2,287	3,998	Africa	173	37	176
Norway	12,248	17,484	21,461	Australia, Tasmania, etc.....	325	384	1,150
Portugal	4,165	5,307	9,317	Hawaii	6	9	
Rumania	7,155	7,196	9,310	Philippine Islands..	140	126	132
Russia	85,257	107,347	136,093	Pacific Islands.....	27	56	67
Servia, Bulgaria & Montenegro	657	851	1,761	British N. America	240	636	1,058
Spain	592	975	2,080	Central America...	150	305	678
Sweden	23,331	30,894	46,028	Mexico	347	709	528
Switzerland	2,201	2,344	3,983	South America.....	203	337	589
Turkey in Europe..	387	187	1,529	West Indies.....	3,176	4,711	8,170
England	12,214	13,575	26,219	Other countries....	1	94	23
Ireland	30,561	29,138	35,310				
Scotland	2,070	2,569	6,143	Totals	487,918	648,743	857,046

Note.—In addition to the 857,046 immigrants admitted in 1902-'03, 8,769 were debarred from landing, 5,812 because paupers, 1,086 because contract laborers, 1,773 because of loathsome or contagious diseases, and the remainder for various other causes.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT, 1870-1903.

REVENUE BY FISCAL YEARS.

Year.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Sales of public lands.	Premiums on loans and sales of gold coin.	Other miscellaneous items.	Total revenue.	Excess of revenue over expenditures.
1870	$194,538,374	$184,899,736	$229,102	$3,550,481	$15,295,643	$12,942,118	$411,255,477	$101,601,916
1871	206,270,408	143,098,153	580,355	2,388,646	8,892,839	22,093,541	383,323,944	91,146,756
1872	216,370,286	130,642,177	———	2,575,714	9,412,637	15,106,051	374,106,867	96,588,904
1873	188,089,522	113,729,314	315,254	2,882,312	11,560,530	17,161,270	333,738,204	*48,892,959
1874	163,103,833	102,409,784	———	1,852,428	5,037,665	17,075,042	289,478,755	2,344,882
1875	157,167,722	110,007,493	———	1,413,640	3,979,279	15,431,915	288,000,051	13,376,658
1876	148,071,984	116,700,732	93,798	1,129,466	4,629,280	17,456,776	287,482,039	29,022,241
1877	130,956,493	118,630,407	———	976,253	405,776	18,031,655	269,000,586	30,340,577
1878	130,170,680	110,581,624	———	1,079,743	317,102	15,614,728	257,763,878	20,799,551
1879	137,250,047	113,561,610	———	924,781	1,505,017	20,585,697	273,827,184	6,879,300
1880	186,522,464	124,009,373	30	1,016,506	110	21,978,525	333,526,610	65,883,653
1881	198,159,676	135,264,385	1,516	2,201,863	———	25,154,850	360,782,292	100,069,404
1882	220,410,730	146,497,595	160,141	4,753,140	———	31,703,612	403,525,250	145,643,810
1883	214,706,496	144,720,368	108,156	7,655,864	———	30,796,695	398,287,581	132,879,444
1884	195,067,489	121,586,072	70,720	9,810,705	———	21,984,881	348,519,869	104,393 625
1885	181,471,939	112,498,725	———	5,765,986	———	24,014,055	323,690,706	68,463,771
1886	192,905,023	116,805,936	108,230	5,630,999	———	20,989,527	336,439,727	93,956,588
1887	217,286,893	118,823,391	82,892	9,254,286	———	26,665,814	371,403,277	103,471,097
1888	219,091,173	124,296,871	1,565	11,202,017	———	24,674,446	379,266,074	111,341,273
1889	223,832,741	130,881,513	———	8,038,651	———	24,297,151	387,050,058	87,761,080
1890	229,668,584	142,606,705	———	6,358,272	———	24,447,419	403,080,982	85,040,271
1891	219,522,205	145,686,249	———	4,029,535	———	23,374,457	392,612,447	26,588,541
1892	177,452,964	153,971,072	———	3,261,875	———	20,251,871	354,937,784	9,914,453
1893	203,355,016	161,027,023	———	3,182,089	———	18,254,598	385,819,628	2,341,674
1894	131,818,530	147,111,232	———	1,675,637	———	17,118,618	297,722,019	*69,803,280
1895	152,158,617	143,421,672	———	1,103,247	———	16,706,438	313,390,075	*42,895 223
1896	160,021,751	146,762,864	———	1,005,523	———	19,186,000	326,976,200	*25,203,245
1897	176,554,126	146,688 374	———	804,581	———	23,614,422	347,721,705	*18,052,454
1898	149 575,062	170,900,641	———	1,243,129	———	83,602 801	405,321,335	*38,047,247
1899	206,128,481	273,437,161	———	1,678,248	———	34,716,730	515,960 620	*89,111,559
1900	233,164,871	295 327 926	———	2,826 892	———	35 911,170	567,240,851	79,527,060
1901	238 585,455	307,180,663	———	2,965,119	———	88 954,098	687,685,337	77,717,984
1902	254,444,708	271,890,122	———	4,144,122	———	32,009,280	562,478 233	91,297,875
1903	284,479,581	230,810,124	———	8,926,311	———	36,180,657	560,396,674	54,297,667

EXPENDITURES BY FISCAL YEARS.

Year.	Civil and miscellaneous.		War Department.	Navy Department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on public debt.	Total expenditures, including premium.
	Premium on loans and purchase of bonds, etc.	Other civil and miscellaneous items.						
1870	$15,996,555	$53 237,461	$57,655,675	$21,780,229	$3,407,038	$28,340,202	$129,235,498	$309,653,560
1871	9,016,794	60,481,916	35,799,991	19,431,027	7,426,997	34,443,894	125,576,565	292,177,188

1872	6,958,266	60,984,757	35,372,157	21,249,809	7,061,728	28,533,402	117,357,839	277,517,962
1873	5,105,919	73,328,110	46,323,138	23,526,256	7,951,704	29,359,426	104,750,688	290,345,245
1874	1,395,073	69,641,593	42,313,927	30,932,587	6,692,462	29,038,414	107,119,815	287,133,873
1875	———	71,070,702	41,120,645	21,497,626	8,384,656	29,456,216	103,093,544	274,623,392
1876	———	66,958,373	38,070,888	18,963,509	5,966,558	28,257,395	100,243,271	258,459,797
1877	———	56,252,066	37,082,735	14,959,935	5,277,007	27,963,752	97,124,511	238,660,008
1878	———	53,177,703	32,154,147	17,365,301	4,629,230	27,137,019	102,500,874	236,964,326
1879	———	65,741,555	40,425,660	15,125,126	5,206,109	35,121,482	105,327,949	266,947,883
1880	2,795,320	54,713,529	38,116,916	13,536,984	5,945,457	56,777,174	95,757,575	267,642,957
1881	1,061,248	64,416,324	40,466,460	15,686,671	6,514,161	50,059,279	82,508,741	260,712,887
1882	———	57,219,750	43,570,494	15,032,046	9,736,747	61,345,193	71,077,206	257,981,439
1883	———	68,678,022	48,911,382	15,283,437	7,362,590	66,012,573	59,160,131	265,408,137
1884	———	70,920,433	39,429,603	17,292,691	6,475,999	55,429,228	54,578,378	244,126,244
1885	———	87,494,258	42,670,578	16,021,079	6,552,494	56,102,267	51,386,256	260,226,535
1886	———	74,166,929	34,324,152	13,907,887	6,099,158	63,404,864	50,580,145	242,483,138
1887	———	85,264,825	38,561,025	15,141,126	6,194,522	75,029,101	47,741,577	267,932,179
1888	8,270,842	72,952,260	38,522,436	16,926,437	6,249,307	80,288,508	44,715,007	267,924,801
1889	17,292,362	80,664,064	44,435,270	21,378,869	6,892,207	87,624,779	41,001,484	299,288,978
1890	20,304,224	81,403,256	44,582,898	22,606,206	6,708,046	106,936,855	36,099,284	318,040,710
1891	10,401,220	110,048,167	48,720,065	26,113,896	8,527,469	124,415,951	37,547,135	365,773,965
1892	———	99,841,988	46,895,456	29,174,138	11,150,577	121,583,052	23,378,116	345,023,330
1893	———	103,732,799	49,641,773	30,136,084	13,345,347	159,357,557	27,264,392	383,477,954
1894	———	101,943,884	54,567,929	31,701,293	10,293,481	141,177,284	27,841,405	367,525,279
1895	———	93,279,730	51,804,759	28,797,795	9,939,754	141,395,228	30,978,030	356,195,298
1896	———	87,216,234	50,830,920	27,147,732	12,165,528	139,134,000	35,385,028	352,179,446
1897	———	90,401,267	48,950,267	34,561,546	13,016,802	141,053,164	37,791,110	365,774,159
1898	———	96,520,505	91,992,000	58,823,984	10,994,667	147,452,368	37,585,050	443,368,582
1899	———	119,191,255	229,841,254	63,942,104	12,805,711	139,394,929	39,896,925	605,072,179
1900	———	105,773,190	134,774,767	55,953,077	10,175,106	140,877,316	40,160,533	487,713,791
1901	———	122,282,003	144,615,697	60,506,978	10,896,073	139,323,621	32,342,970	509,967,253
1902	———	113,469,323	112,272,216	67,803,128	10,049,584	138,488,559	29,108,044	471,190,857
1903	———	124,944,289	118,619,520	82,638,634	12,933,168	128,425,646	28,556,348	506,699,007

PRODUCTS AND INDUSTRIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table, compiled from the Census statistics of 1900, shows how the States rank in the more important products and industries. Figures for iron ore and coal are taken from reports of the Geological Survey for the year 1901.

States and Territories.	Farms, acres	Milk, gallons.	Butter, pounds.	Cheese, pounds.	[1]Wool, pounds.	[2]Apples, bushels.	[2]Cotton, bales.	[2]Cane sugar, pounds.	[2]Tobacco, pounds	Iron ore, long tons.	Coal, tons.
Alabama	20,685,427	95,882,103	19,121,964	36,374	744,274	719,175	1,106,840	13,765	311,950	2,801,732	9,999,052
Alaska	159	4,250	200	———	———	———	———	———	———	———	———
Arizona.....	1,055,327	3,056,109	379,311	33,305	3,352,937	13,471	15	———	100	———	———
Arkansas	16,636,719	109,861,393	21,585,258	18,385	636,474	2,811,182	709,880	50	831,700	———	1,816,136
California	28,828,951	153,684,741	20,853,360	4,249,588	13,680,495	3,488,208	———	———	23,490	———	151,079
Colorado	9,474,588	38,440,111	4,932,482	103,184	8,543,937	257,563	———	———	———	404,037	5,700,015
[3]Connecticut.....	2,312,083	68,951,862	4,591,789	40,623	164,438	3,708,931	———	———	16,930,770	———	———
Delaware	1,066,228	12,681,268	1,620,949	104	32,350	702,920	———	———	2,000	———	———
Dist. of Columbia.	8,489	850,349	3,478	———	———	283	———	———	———	———	———
Florida.....	4,363,801	9,640,434	1,386,445	3,751	333,898	1,566	61,856	284,300	1,125,600	———	———
[4]Georgia[4].....	26,392,057	82,438,532	15,111,491	2,236	777,189	670,889	1,287,992	226,730	1,105,690	———	———

PRODUCTS AND INDUSTRIES OF THE UNITED STATES.—(Continued).

States and Territories.	Farms, acres.	Milk, gallons.	Butter, pounds.	Cheese, pounds.	[1]Wool, pounds.	[2]Apples, bushels.	[2]Cotton, bales.	[2]Cane sugar, pounds.	[2]Tobacco, pounds.	Iron ore, long tons.	Coal, tons.
Hawaii	2,609,613	584,120	118,871	12	424,228	26	———	542,098,500	50,410	———	———
Idaho	3,204,993	15,122,948	2,520,316	196,952	15,474,447	223,662	———	———	750	———	———
Illinois	32,794,728	457,106,995	52,493,450	823,485	4,799,742	9,178,150	———	———	1,447,150	———	27,331,552
Indiana	21,619,623	263,457,239	31,042,396	178,733	6,891,601	8,620,278	———	———	6,882,470	———	6,918,225
Indian Territory	7,269,081	26,493,855	5,105,715	1,227	50,711	222,565	154,850	———	97,030	———	2,421,781
[3]Iowa	34,574,337	535,872,240	61,789,288	306,428	5,015,965	3,129,862	———	———	127,420	———	5,617,499
Kansas	41,662,970	244,909,123	41,640,772	291,445	1,599,374	3,214,407	70	———	45,960	———	4,900,528
[2]Kentucky	21,979,422	159,811,527	30,446,381	45,759	3,617,497	6,053,717	1,369	———	314,288,050	———	5,469,986
Louisiana	11,059,127	39,251,413	4,918,229	135,104	547,641	68,735	709,041	319,166,396	102,100	———	———
Maine	6,299,946	99,586,188	16,174,173	425,102	1,478,018	1,421,773	———	———	150	———	———
Maryland	5,170,085	64,040,517	9,096,662	338,453	632,119	3,150,673	———	———	24,589,480	21,218	5,113,127
[3]Massachusetts	3,147,064	105,571,873	4,980,262	19,629	195,876	3,023,436	———	———	6,406,570	———	———
Michigan	17,561,698	309,617,046	60,051,998	331,176	12,202,844	8,931,569	———	———	64,580	9,654,067	1,241,241
Minnesota	26,248,498	304,017,106	41,188,846	290,623	2,612,737	120,143	———	———	127,730	11,109,537	———
Mississippi	18,240,736	97,030,385	18,881,236	28,572	779,310	249,035	1,313,798	18,930	62,760	———	———
Missouri	33,997,873	258,207,755	45,509,110	323,439	4,145,137	6,496,436	25,576	———	3,041,996	14,230	3,892,088
[3]Montana	11,844,454	15,696,214	2,454,072	30,924	30,437,829	43,939	———	———	200	———	1,396,081
Nebraska	29,911,779	190,477,911	34,518,659	264,430	2,788,889	1,343,497	———	———	5,763	———	———
[3]Nevada	2,585,647	4,446,071	569,523	94,082	4,842,500	10,760	18	———	———	———	———
New-Hampshire	3,609,864	60,724,590	6,385,611	104,330	409,465	1,978,797	———	———	181,644	———	———
New-Jersey	2,840,966	77,714,055	5,894,363	24,344	146,628	4,640,896	———	———	720	401,989	———
[3]New-Mexico	5,130,878	3,009,657	313,003	68,511	15,209,199	142,332	———	———	1,460	———	1,086,546
New-York	22,648,109	772,799,352	74,714,376	2,624,552	6,074,167	24,111,257	———	———	13,958,370	420,218	———
[3]North Carolina[4]	22,749,356	89,525,749	16,913,802	28,883	797,176	4,662,751	459,707	———	127,503,400	———	———
North Dakota	15,542,640	48,845,280	9,178,815	70,881	3,030,478	1,273	———	———	21	———	166,601
Ohio	24,501,985	425,870,394	79,551,299	1,167,001	20,350,721	20,617,480	———	———	65,957,100	44,185	20,943,807
Oklahoma	15,719,258	47,439,853	8,781,359	45,264	278,425	111,235	70,675	———	11,880	———	———
Oregon	10,071,328	48,582,968	8,107,450	467,256	18,349,660	873,980	———	———	4,630	———	69,011
Pennsylvania	19,371,015	487,033,818	74,221,085	857,167	6,732,226	24,060,651	———	———	41,502,620	1,040,684	149,777,613
Rhode Island	455,602	12,923,512	488,086	6,751	35,180	339,445	———	———	———	———	———
[3]South Carolina	13,985,014	44,031,528	8,150,437	1,081	175,290	251,728	881,422	49,590	19,895,970	———	———
South Dakota	19,070,616	99,244,975	17,400,970	136,863	3,246,945	17,121	———	———	730	———	———
Tennessee	20,342,058	147,336,931	29,091,696	26,622	1,395,295	5,287,775	234,592	———	49,157,550	789,494	3,633,290
[3]Texas	125,807,017	251,342,698	47,991,492	136,133	9,638,662	591,985	2,506,212	2,789,230	550,120	———	1,107,053
Utah	4,116,931	25,124,642	2,812,122	169,251	17,050,977	189,882	5	———	———	———	1,322,614
Vermont	4,724,440	142,042,223	18,834,706	406,659	1,334,253	1,176,822	———	———	291,390	———	———
[3]Virginia	19,907,883	105,068,428	19,905,820	31,697	2,020,735	9,835,942	10,789	———	122,884,900	———	2,725,873
Washington	8,490,297	50,182,415	7,372,106	151,669	5,268,088	728,978	———	———	1,180	———	2,578,217
[3]West Virginia	10,654,513	83,861,660	16,918,129	74,243	3,123,455	7,405,743	———	———	3,087,140	———	24,068,402
Wisconsin	19,862,727	472,274,264	44,739,147	1,635,618	7,224,733	303,373	———	———	45,500,490	738,868	———
[3]Wyoming	8,124,536	5,121,974	888,554	24,327	27,758,309	989	———	———	———	———	4,485,374

[1]Produced in the fall of 1899 and spring of 1900. [2]Produced in 1899. [3]Following the policy of the Geological Survey, in order to safeguard individual operators in States of small production, statistics for these States are grouped as follows: Virginia and West Virginia, 926,394; Montana, Nevada, New-Mexico, Texas and Wyoming, 234,514; Georgia, North and South Carolina, 215,599; Kentucky and Iowa, 10,499; Connecticut and Massachusetts, 25,214. [4]Georgia and North Carolina, 259,581.

HISTORICAL TABLE.

TOTAL VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS INTO AND FROM THE UNITED STATES, 1865 TO 1903.

[1]Fiscal year.	Merchandise.			Specie.					
				Imports.			Exports.		
	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of imports (— sign) or exports (+ sign).	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
1865	238,745,580	166,029,303	— 72,716,277	6,498,228	3,311,844	9,810,072	58,381,033	9,262,193	67,643,226
1866	434,812,066	348,859,522	— 85,952,544	8,196,261	2,503,831	10,700,092	71,197,309	14,846,762	86,044,071
1867	395,761,096	294,506,141	— 101,254,955	17,924,866	5,045,609	22,070,475	39,026,627	21,841,745	60,868,372
1868	357,436,440	281,952,899	— 75,483,541	8,737,443	5,450,925	14,188,368	72,396,344	21,387,758	93,784,102
1869	417,506,379	286,117,697	— 131,388,682	14,132,568	5,675,308	19,807,876	36,003,498	21,134,882	57,138,380
1870	435,958,408	392,771,768	— 43,186,640	12,056,950	14,362,220	26,419,179	33,635,962	24,519,704	58,155,666
1871	520,223,684	442,820,178	— 77,403,506	6,883,561	14,386,463	21,270,024	66,686,208	31,755,780	98,441,988
1872	626,595,077	444,177,586	— 182,417,491	8,717,458	5,026,231	13,743,689	49,548,760	30,828,774	79,877,534
1873	642,136,210	522,479,922	— 119,656,288	8,682,447	12,798,490	21,480,937	44,856,715	39,751,859	84,608,574
1874	567,406,342	586,283,040	+ 18,876,698	19,503,137	8,951,769	28,454,906	34,042,420	32,587,985	66,630,405
1875	533,005,436	513,442,711	— 19,562,725	13,696,793	7,203,924	20,900,717	66,980,977	25,151,165	92,132,142
1876	460,741,190	540,384,671	+ 79,643,481	7,992,709	7,943,972	15,936,681	31,177,050	25,329,252	56,506,202
1877	451,323,126	602,475,220	+ 151,152,094	26,246,234	14,528,180	40,774,414	26,590,374	29,571,863	56,162,237
1878	437,051,532	694,865,766	+ 257,814,234	13,930,215	16,491,099	29,821,314	9,204,445	24,535,670	33,740,125
1879	445,777,775	710,439,441	+ 264,661,666	5,624,948	14,671,052	20,296,000	4,587,614	20,409,827	24,997,441
1880	667,954,746	835,638,658	+ 167,683,912	80,758,396	12,275,914	93,034,310	3,639,025	13,503,894	17,142,919
1881	642,664,628	902,377,346	+ 259,712,718	109,031,259	10,544,238	116,575,497	2,565,132	16,841,715	19,406,847
1882	724,639,574	750,542,257	+ 25,902,683	34,377,054	8,095,336	42,472,390	32,587,880	16,829,599	49,417,479
1883	723,180,914	823,839,402	+ 100,658,488	17,734,149	10,755,242	28,489,391	11,600,888	20,219,445	31,820 333
1884	667,697,693	740,513,609	+ 72,815,916	22,831,317	14,594,945	37,426,262	41,081,957	26,051,426	67,133,383
1885	577,527,329	742,189,755	+ 164,662,426	26,691,696	16,550,627	43,242,323	8,477,892	33,753,633	42,231,525
1886	635,436,136	679,524,830	+ 44,088,694	20,743,349	17,850,307	38,593,656	42,952,191	29,511,219	72,463,410
1887	692,319,768	716,183,211	+ 23,863,443	42,910,601	17,260,191	60,170,792	9,701,187	26,296,504	35,997,691
1888	723,957,114	695,954,507	— 28,002,607	43,934,317	15,403,669	59,337,986	18,376,234	28,037,949	46,414,183
1889	745,131,652	742,401,375	— 2,730,277	10,284,858	18,678,215	28,963,073	59,952,285	36,689,248	96,641,533
1890	789,310,409	857,828,684	+ 68,518,275	12,943,342	21,032,984	33,976,326	17,274,491	34,873,929	52,148,420
1891	844,916,196	884,480,810	+ 39,564,614	18,232,567	18,026,880	36,259,447	86,362,654	22,590,988	108,953,642
1892	827,402,462	1,030,278,148	+ 202,875,686	49,699,454	19,955,086	69,654,540	50,195,327	32,810,559	83,005,886
1893	866,400,922	847,665,194	— 18,735,728	21,174,381	23,193,252	44,367,633	108,680,844	40,737,319	149,418,163
1894	654,994,622	892,140,572	+ 237,145,950	72,449,119	13,286,552	85,735,671	76,978,061	50,451,265	127,429,326
1895	731,969,965	807,538,165	+ 75,568,200	36,384,760	20,211,179	56,595,939	66,468,481	47,295,286	113,763,767
1896	779,724,674	882,606,938	+ 102,882,264	33,525,065	28,777,186	62,302,251	112,409,947	60,541,670	172,951,617
1897	764,730,412	1,050,993,556	+ 286,263,144	85,014,780	30,533,227	115,548,007	40,361,580	61,946,638	102,308,218
1898	616,049,654	1,231,482,330	+ 615,432,676	120,391,674	30,927,781	151,319,455	15,406,391	55,105,239	70,511,630
1899	697,148,489	1,227,023,302	+ 529,874,813	88,954,603	30,675,056	119,629,659	37,522,086	56,319,055	93,841.141
1900	849 941,184	1,394,483,082	+ 544.541,898	44,573,184	35,256,302	79,829,486	48,266,759	56,712,275	104,979,034
1901	823,172,165	1,487,764,991	+ 664.592,826	66,051,187	36 386,521	102,437,708	53,185,177	64,285,180	117.470.357
1902	903,327,071	1,381,719,401	+ 478,392,330	52,021,254	28,232,254	80,253 508	48,568,950	49,732,390	98,301.340
1903	1,025,743,326	1,420,137,679	+ 394,394,353	44,982,027	24,163,491	69,145,518	47,090,595	44,250,259	91.340,854
Totals...	$34,279,293,722	$37,863,331,440	+$3,584,037,718			$2,391,446,199			$3,906,556,307

[1]Fiscal year ended September 30 prior to 1843; since that date ended June 30.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN 1902.

Country.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	Commercial value.
North America—					
United States	3,870,000	$80,000,000	55,500,000	$71,757,600	$29,415,000
Mexico	491,156	10,153,100	60,176,644	77,804,100	31,893,000
Canada	1,003,355	20,741,200	4,303,771	5,564,500	2,281,000
Africa	1,887,773	39,023,700			
Australasia	3,946,371	81,578,800	8,026,037	10,377,100	4,253,809
Europe—					
Russia	1,090,053	22,533,400	158,679	205,200	84,100
Austria-Hungary	105,037	2,171,300	1,881,132	2,432,200	997,000
Germany	3,023	62,500	5,722,641	7,399,000	3,033,000
Norway	97	2,000	206,413	266,900	109,409
Sweden	3,023	62,500	46,226	59,800	24,500
Italy	257	5,300	964,359	1,246,800	511,100
Spain	494	10,200	3,700,189	4,784,100	1,961,100
Portugal	63	1,300	3,773	4,900	2,009
Greece			1,090,188	1,409,500	577,800
Turkey	1,480	30,600	480,566	621,300	254,700
Finland	63	1,300	8,679	11,200	4,600
France			384,339	496,900	203,700
Great Britain	5,626	116,300	173,208	223,900	91,800
South America—					
Argentina	1,451	30,000	37,720	48,800	20,000
Bolivia	228	4,700	12,992,041	16,798,600	6,886,100
Chili	27,825	575,200	3,566,792	4,611,600	1,890,400
Colombia	122,031	2,522,600	1,776,604	2,297,000	941,600
Ecuador	9,675	200,000	7,786	10,000	4,100
Brazil	96,488	1,994,600			
Venezuela	20,985	433,800	1,887	2,400	1,000
Guiana (British)	87,491	1,808,600			
Guiana (Dutch)	15,577	322,000			
Guiana (French)	117,077	2,420,200			
Peru	112,525	2,326,100	4,264,523	5,513,700	2,260,200
Uruguay	2,798	57,800	755	1,000	400
Central America	96,842	2,001,900	971,320	1,255,800	514,800
Asia—Japan	62,259	1,287,000	390,567	505,000	207,000
China	422,401	8,731,800			
Corea	169,313	3,500,000			
British India	463,824	9,588,100			
East Indies (British)	49,686	1,027,100			
East Indies (Dutch)	27,312	564,600	118,302	152,900	62,700
Totals	14,313,660	$295,889,600	166,955,639	$215,861,800	$88,486,500

GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES, 1902.

State or Territory.	Gold.		Silver.			Total value (silver at commercial value).
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	Commerc'l value.	
Alabama	119	$2,500	100	$129	$53	$2,553
Alaska	403,730	8,345,800	92,000	118,950	48,760	8,394,560
Arizona	198,933	4,112,300	3,043,100	3,934,513	1,612,843	5,725,143
California	812,319	16,792,100	900,800	1,164,671	477,424	17,269,524
Colorado	1,377,175	28,468,700	15,676,000	20,267,960	8,308,280	36,776,980
Georgia	4,750	97,800	400	517	212	98,012
Idaho	71,352	1,475,000	5,854,800	7,569,842	3,103,044	4,578,044
Maryland	121	2,500				2,500
Michigan			110,800	143,257	58,724	58,724
Montana	211,571	4,373,600	13,243,800	17,123,297	7,019,214	11,392,814
Nevada	140,059	2,895,300	3,745,200	4,843,572	1,985,486	4,880,786
New-Mexico	25,693	531,100	457,200	591,127	242,316	773,416
North Carolina	4,390	90,700	26,900	27,022	11,077	101,777
Oregon	87,881	1,816,700	93,300	120,630	49,449	1,866,149
South Caroilna	5,896	121,900	300	388	159	122,059
South Dakota	336,952	6,965,400	340,200	439,855	180,306	7,145,706
Tennessee			12,300	15,903	6,519	6,519
Texas			446,200	576,905	236,486	236,486
Utah	173,886	3,594,500	10,831,700	14,004,622	5,740,901	9,335,301
Virginia	118	3,100	5,900	7,628	3,127	6,227
Washington	13,166	272,200	619,000	800,323	328,070	600,270
Wyoming	1,879	38,800	5,000	6,464	2,650	41,450
Totals	3,870,000	$80,000,000	55,500,000	$71,757,575	$29,415,000	$109,415,000

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER, 1860-1902.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	Commercial value.
1860	6,456,262	$134,083,000	29,095,428	$37,618,000	$39,337,000
1861	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	45,772,000	46,191,000
1862	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	45,772,000	47,651,000
1863	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	45,772,000	47,616,000
1864	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	45,772,000	47,616,000
1865	5,949,582	122,989,000	35,401,972	45,772,000	47,368,000
1866	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	55,663,000	57,646,000
1867	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	55,663,000	57,173,000
1868	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	55,663,000	57,086,000
1869	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	55,663,000	57,045,000
1870	6,270,086	129,614,000	43,051,583	55,663,000	57,173,000
1871	5,591,014	115,577,000	63,317,014	81,864,000	83,958,000
1872	5,591,014	115,577,000	63,317,014	81,864,000	83,705,000
1873	4,653,675	96,200,000	63,267,187	81,800,000	82,120,800
1874	4,390,031	90,750,000	55,300,781	71,500,000	70,674,400
1875	4,716,563	97,500,000	62,261,719	80,500,000	77,578,100
1876	5,016,498	103,700,000	67,753,125	87,600,000	78,322,600
1877	5,512,196	113,947,200	62 679,916	81,040,700	75,278,600
1878	5,761,114	119,092,800	73,385,451	94,882,200	84,540,000
1879	5,262,174	108,778,800	74,383,495	96,172,600	83,532,700
1880	5,148,880	106,436,800	74,795.273	96,705,000	85,640,600
1881	4,983,742	103,023,100	79,020,872	102,168,400	89,925,700
1882	4,934,086	101,996,600	86,472,091	111,802,300	98,232,300
1883	4,614,588	95,392,000	89,175,023	115,297,000	98,984,300
1884	4,921,169	101,729,600	81,567,801	105,461,400	90,785,000
1885	5,245,572	108,435,600	91,669,959	118,445,200	97,518,800
1886	5,135,679	106,163,900	93,297,290	120,626,800	92,793,500
1887	5,116,861	105,774,900	96,123,586	124,281,000	94,031,000
1888	5,330,775	110,196,900	108,827,606	140,706,400	102,185,900
1889	5,973,799	123,489,200	120,213,611	155,427,700	112,414,100
1890	5,749,308	118,848,700	126,095,062	163,032,000	131,937,000
1891	6,320,194	130,650,000	137,170,919	177,352,300	135,500,200
1892	7,094,266	146,651,500	153,151,762	198,014,400	133,404,400
1893	7,618,811	157,494,800	165,472,621	213.944,400	129,119,900
1894	8,764,362	181,175,600	164,610,394	212,829,600	104,493,000
1895	9,615,190	198,763,600	167,500,960	216,566,900	109,545,600
1896	9,783,914	202,251,600	157,061,370	203,069,200	105,859,300
1897	11,420,068	236,073,700	160,421,082	207,413.000	96,252,700
1898	13,877,806	286,879,700	169,055,253	218,576,800	99,742,600
1899	14,859,285	307,168,800	167,577,533	216,665,700	100,546,500
1900	12,366,319	255,634,500	172,838,870	223,488,200	107,159,900
1901	12,740,746	263,374,700	174,998,573	226,280,700	104,999,100
1902	14,313,660	295,889,600	166.955,639	215,861,800	88,486,500

GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES, 1860 TO 1902.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	Commercial value.
1860	2,225,250	$46,000,000	116,015	$150,000	$157,000
1861	2,680,125	43,000 000	1,546,875	2,000,000	2,062,000
1862	1,896,300	39,200,000	3,480,469	4,500,000	4,685,000
1863	1,935,000	40,000,000	6,574,219	8,500,000	8,842,000
1864	2,220,088	46,100,000	8,507,812	11,000,000	11,443 000
1865	2,574,759	53,225,000	8,701,171	11,250,000	11,642,000
1866	2,588,063	53,500,000	7,734,375	10 000,000	10,356,000
1867	2,502,197	51,725,000	10,441,406	13,500,000	13,866,000
1868	2,322,000	48,000,000	9,281,250	12,000,000	12,307,000
1869	2,394,563	49,500,000	9,281,250	12,000,000	12 298,000
1870	2,418,750	50,000,000	12,375,000	16,000,000	16,734,000
1871	2,104,313	43,500 000	17,789,062	23,000,000	23,578,000
1872	1,741,500	36,000,000	22,236,328	28,750,000	29,396,000
1873	1,741,500	36,000,000	27,650,000	35,750,000	35,890,000
1874	1,620,563	33,500,000	28,849,000	37 300,000	36 849,000
1875	1,615,725	33,400 000	24,518,000	31,700,000	30,549,000
1876	1,930,102	39,900,000	30,009,000	38,800,000	34,690,000
1877	2,263,788	46,900,000	30 783,000	39,800,000	36,970,000
1878	2,476,800	51,200,000	34,960,000	45 200,000	40,270,000
1879	1,881,787	38,900,000	31,550,000	40,800,000	35,430,000
1880	1,741,500	36,000,000	30,320,000	39 200,000	34,720 000
1881	1,678,612	34,700,000	33 260,000	43,000,000	37,850,000
1882	1,572,187	32,500,000	36,200,000	46,800,000	41,120,000

GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES—(Continued).

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.	Commercial value.
1883	1,451,250	30,000,000	35,730,000	46,200,000	39,660,000
1884	1,489,950	30,800,000	37,800,000	48,900,000	42,070,000
1885	1,538,325	31,800,000	39,910,000	51,600,000	42,500,000
1886	1,693,125	35,000,000	39,440,000	51,000,000	39,230,000
1887	1,506,375	33,000,000	41,260,000	53,350,000	40,410,000
1888	1,604,841	33,175,000	45,760,000	59,195,000	43,629,000
1889	1,587,000	32,800,000	50,000,000	64,646,000	46,750,000
1890	1,588,580	32,845,000	54,500,000	70,465,000	57,225,000
1891	1,604,841	33,175,000	58,330,000	75,417,000	57,630,000
1892	1,596,375	33,000,000	63,500,000	82,101,000	55,563,000
1893	1,739,323	35,955,000	60,000,000	77,576,000	46,800,000
1894	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	64,000,000	31,422,000
1895	2,254,760	46,610,000	55,727,000	72,051,000	36,445,000
1896	2,568,132	53,088,000	58,835,000	76,069,000	39,655,000
1897	2,774,935	57,363,000	53,569,000	69,227,000	32,316,000
1898	3,118,398	64,463,000	54,438,000	70,384,000	32,118,000
1899	3,437,210	71,053,000	54 764,000	70,806,000	92 859.000
1900	3,829,897	79,171,000	57,647,000	74,533,000	35,741,000
1901	3,805,500	78,666,700	55,214,000	71,387,800	33,128,400
1902	3,870,000	80,000,000	55,500,000	71,757,575	29,415,000

RAILWAY MILEAGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

State or Territory.	Mileage on June 30, 1902.					Number of miles of line per 100 square miles of territory.
	Official.	Unofficial.	Totals.	Proportion to total mileage.	Increase over June 30, 1901.	
Alabama	4,384.51	42.45	4,426.96	2.19	11.18	8.59
Arkansas	3,505.48	73.07	3,578.55	1.77	129.71	6.75
California	5,956.70	22.40	5,979.10	2.95	141.01	3.83
Colorado	4,791.00	——	4,791.00	2.37	47.46	4.62
Connecticut	1,026.12	——	1,026.12	.51	——	21.18
Delaware	335.81	——	335.81	.17	[1]10.42	17.13
Florida	3,322.00	80.21	3,402.21	1.68	88.12	6.27
Georgia	6,006.91	15.50	6,022.41	2.97	178.90	10.21
Idaho	1,446.33	——	1,446.33	.71	113.03	1.72
Illinois	11,291.43	8.00	11,299.43	5.58	180.65	20.18
Indiana	6,756.70	——	6,756.70	3.34	160.80	18.82
Iowa	9,493.79	——	9,493.79	4.69	112.99	17.11
Kansas	8,777.75	——	8,777.75	4.33	63.05	10.74
Kentucky	3,123.49	20.12	3,143.61	1.55	26.14	7.86
Louisiana	3,221.63	64.16	3,285.79	1.62	277.68	7.23
Maine	1,932.59	——	1,932.59	.95	14.18	6.46
Maryland	1,414.47	——	1,414.47	.70	31.27	14.35
Massachusetts	2,117.02	——	2,117.02	1.05	[1].78	26.33
Michigan	8,352.27	63.46	8,415.73	4.16	171.60	14.65
Minnesota	7,347.24	20.00	7,367.24	3.64	311.24	9.50
Mississippi	3,136.96	——	3,136.96	1.55	92.84	6.77
Missouri	7,086.15	——	7,086.15	3.50	159.37	10.31
Montana	3,214.63	——	3,214.63	1.59	164.02	2.21
Nebraska	5,742.94	——	5,742.94	2.84	.95	7.47
Nevada	951.49	——	951.49	.47	40.14	.87
New-Hampshire	1,248.09	——	1,248.09	.62	1.91	13.86
New-Jersey	2,271.60	——	2,271.60	1.12	15.25	30.19
New-York	8,185.21	3.50	8,188.71	4.04	22.74	17.20
North Carolina	3,885.01	10.50	3,895.51	1.92	43.57	8.02
North Dakota	2,950.78	——	2,950.78	1.46	126.48	4.20
Ohio	8,959.94	13.00	8,972.94	4.43	100.13	22.01
Oregon	1,685.40	——	1,685.40	.83	1.17	1.78
Pennsylvania	10,544.91	36.56	10,581.47	5.23	42.99	23.52
Rhode Island	211.89	——	211.89	.10	.10	20.12
South Carolina	3,041.03	33.00	3,074.03	1.52	80.06	10.19
South Dakota	2,992.10	——	2,992.10	1.48	40.05	3.89
Tennessee	3,298.43	20.42	3,318.85	1.64	87.53	7.95
Texas	10,740.80	20.60	10,761.40	5.31	570.86	4.10
Utah	1,557.30	7.25	1,564.55	.77	[1]6.88	1.90
Vermont	1,054.42	——	1,054.42	.52	[1]5.75	11.54
Virginia	3,756.41	75.80	3,832.21	1.89	22.09	9.55
Washington	3,092.87	64.92	1,157.79	1.56	152.52	4.72
West Virginia	2,475.74	98.10	2,573.84	1.27	190.82	10.44

[1]Decrease.

RAILWAY MILEAGE IN THE UNITED STATES—(Continued.)

State or Territory.	Mileage on June 30, 1902.					Number of miles of line per 100 square miles of territory.
	Official.	Unofficial.	Totals.	Proportion to total mileage.	Increase over June 30, 1901.	
Wisconsin	6,827.87	6.00	6,833.87	3.37	214.30	12.55
Wyoming	1,238.92	——	1,238.92	.61	22.57	1.27
[1]Alaska	——	——	——	——	——	——
Arizona	1,620.52	——	1,620.52	.80	58.76	1.44
District of Columbia	31.75	——	31.75	.02	——	52.42
Indian Territory	1,793.05	——	1,793.05	.89	253.38	5.78
New-Mexico	2,017.86	——	2,017.86	1.00	247.63	1.65
Oklahoma	1,455.52	——	1,455.52	.72	447.00	3.75
United States, 1902	201,672.83	799.02	[2]202,471.85	100.	5,234.41	[2]6.82

[1]Excludes 20.40 miles in Alaska. [2]For 1900 and subsequent years on basis of 2,970,038 square miles, which covers "land surface" only, and excludes Alaska.

STRIKES IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1882 TO 1900.

Year.	Number of strikes.	Establishments involved.	Employes thrown out of employment.	Average duration (days).	Wage loss of employes.	Assistance to employes by labor organizations.	Loss of employers.	Per ct. of establishments in which strikes— Succeeded	Succeeded partly	Failed
1882	454	2,105	154,671	21.9	$9,864,228	$734,339	$4,269,094	53.59	8.17	38.24
1883	478	2,759	149,763	20.6	6,274,480	461,233	4,696,027	58.17	16.09	25.74
1884	443	2,367	147,054	30.5	7,666,717	497,871	3,333,073	51.50	3.89	44.61
1885	645	2,284	242,705	30.1	10,963,248	465,827	4,388,893	52.80	9.50	37.70
1886	1,432	10,053	508,044	23.4	14,992,453	1,122,130	12,357,858	34.50	18.85	46.65
1887	1,436	6,589	379,676	20.9	16,560,534	1,121,554	6,098,495	45.64	7.19	47.17
1888	906	3,506	147,704	20.3	6,377,749	1,752,068	6,509,017	52.22	5.48	42.30
1889	1,075	3,786	249,559	26.2	10,409,686	502,017	2,936,752	46.49	18.91	34.60
1890	1,833	9,424	351,944	24.2	13,875,338	910,285	5,135,404	52.65	10.01	37.34
1891	1,717	8,116	298,939	34.9	14,801,505	1,132,557	6,176,688	37.88	8.29	53.83
1892	1,298	5,540	206,671	23.4	10,772,622	833,874	5,145,691	39.31	8.70	51.99
1893	1,305	4,555	265,914	20.6	9,038,048	563,183	3,406,195	50.86	10.32	38.82
1894	1,349	8,196	660,425	32.4	37,145,532	931,052	18,982,129	38.09	13.50	48.41
1895	1,215	6,973	392,403	20.5	13,044,830	559,165	5,072,282	55.24	9.94	34.82
1896	1,026	5,462	241,170	22.0	11,098,207	462,165	5,204,235	59.19	7.47	33.34
1897	1,078	8,492	408,391	27.4	17,468,904	721,164	4,868,687	57.31	28.12	14.57
1898	1,056	3,809	249,092	22.5	10,037,284	585,228	4,696,462	64.19	6.38	29.43
1899	1,797	11,317	417,072	15.2	15,157,965	1,096,630	7,443,407	73.24	14.25	12.51
1900	1,779	9,248	505,066	23.1	18,341,570	1,434,452	9,431,299	46.43	20.62	32.95
Totals	22,322	114,581	5,976,173	24.2	254,490,900	15,439,854	118,462,027	50.77	13.04	36.19

LOCKOUTS IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1882 TO 1900.

Year.	Number of lockouts.	Establishments involved.	Employes thrown out of employment.	Average duration (days).	Wage loss of employes.	Assistance to employes by labor organizations.	Loss of employers.	Per ct. of establishments in which lockouts Succeeded	Succeeded partly	Failed
1882	22	42	4,131	105.0	$466,245	$47,968	$112,382	64.29	——	35.71
1883	28	117	20,512	57.5	1,069,212	102,253	297,097	56.41	——	43.59
1884	42	354	18,121	41.4	1,421,410	314,027	640,847	27.97	0.28	71.75
1885	50	183	15,424	27.1	901,173	89,488	455,477	38.25	3.28	58.47
1886	140	1,509	101,980	39.1	4,281,058	549,452	1,949,498	21.18	13.11	65.71
1887	67	1,281	59,630	49.8	4,223,700	155,846	2,819,736	34.19	1.25	64.56
1888	40	180	15,176	74.9	1,100,057	85,631	1,217,199	74.44	3.89	21.67
1889	36	132	10,731	57.5	1,379,722	115,389	307,125	40.91	25.76	33.33
1890	64	324	21,555	73.9	957,966	77,210	486,278	65.74	5.56	28.70
1891	69	546	31,014	37.8	883,709	50,195	616,888	63.92	14.29	21.79
1892	61	716	32,014	72.0	2,856,013	537,684	1,695,089	69.13	25.28	5.59
1893	70	305	21,842	34.7	6,659,401	364,268	1,734,420	41.90	18.31	39.79
1894	55	875	29,619	39.7	2,022,769	160,244	982,584	11.31	2.40	86.29
1895	40	370	14,785	31.6	701,703	67,701	584,155	13.24	0.27	86.49
1896	40	51	7,668	65.1	690,945	61,355	257,535	80.39	1.96	17.65
1897	32	171	7,763	38.6	583,696	47,326	208,641	69.82	3.51	26.67
1898	42	164	14,217	48.8	880,461	47,098	239,403	63.41	0.61	35.98
1899	41	323	14,817	77.5	1,485,174	176,957	379,365	18.01	0.62	81.37
1900	60	2,281	62,653	265.1	16,136,892	448,249	5,447,939	94.30	0.31	5.39
Totals	999	9,924	503,652	97.1	$48,801,226	$2,448,311	$19,921,023	50.79	6.28	44.18

ELECTORAL APPORTIONMENT AND VOTE

REPRESENTATION OF THE SEVERAL STATES IN THE LOWER BRANCH OF CONGRESS UNDER THE APPORTIONMENTS OF 1891 AND 1901.

State.	Census of 1890	Census of 1900	State.	Census of 1890	Census of 1900
Alabama	9	9	Nevada	1	1
Arkansas	6	7	New-Hampshire	2	2
California	7	8	New-Jersey	8	10
Colorado	2	3	New-York	34	37
Connecticut	4	5	North Carolina	9	10
Delaware	1	1	North Dakota	1	2
Florida	2	3	Ohio	21	21
Georgia	11	11	Oregon	2	2
Idaho	1	1	Pennsylvania	30	32
Illinois	22	25	Rhode Island	2	2
Indiana	13	13	South Carolina	7	7
Iowa	11	11	South Dakota	2	2
Kansas	8	8	Tennessee	10	10
Kentucky	11	11	Texas	13	16
Louisiana	6	7	[1]Utah	—	1
Maine	4	4	Vermont	2	2
Maryland	6	6	Virginia	10	10
Massachusetts	13	14	Washington	2	3
Michigan	12	12	West Virginia	4	5
Minnesota	7	9	Wisconsin	10	11
Mississippi	7	8	Wyoming	1	1
Missouri	15	16			
Montana	1	1	Totals	356	386
Nebraska	6	6			

[1]Utah admitted after the Apportionment act of 1901; one Representative allotted on admission.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION SINCE 1789.

How determined.	Year.	Ratio.	No. of Representatives	Population.
Constitution	1789	30,000	65	—
First Census	1793	33,000	105	3,929,214
Second Census	1803	33,000	141	5,308,483
Third Census	1813	35,000	181	7,239,881
Fourth Census	1823	40,000	213	9,633,822
Fifth Census	1833	47,700	240	12,866,020
Sixth Census	1843	70,680	223	17,069,453
Seventh Census	1853	93,423	233	23,191,876
Eighth Census	1863	127,381	243	31,443,321
Ninth Census	1873	131,425	293	38,558,371
Tenth Census	1883	151,911	325	50,155,873
Eleventh Census	1891	173,901	356	62,622,250
Twelfth Census	1901	194,182	386	74,565,906

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE IN 1900 AND 1904.

States.	1900.	1904.	States.	1900.	1904.
Alabama	11	11	Nevada	3	3
Arkansas	8	9	New-Hampshire	4	4
California	9	10	New-Jersey	10	12
Colorado	4	5	New-York	36	39
Connecticut	6	7	North Carolina	11	12
Delaware	3	3	North Dakota	3	4
Florida	4	5	Ohio	23	23
Georgia	13	13	Oregon	4	4
Idaho	3	3	Pennsylvania	32	34
Illinois	24	27	Rhode Island	4	4
Indiana	15	15	South Carolina	9	9
Iowa	13	13	South Dakota	4	4
Kansas	10	10	Tennessee	12	12
Kentucky	13	13	Texas	15	18
Louisiana	8	9	Utah	3	3
Maine	6	6	Vermont	4	4
Maryland	8	8	Virginia	12	12
Massachusetts	15	16	Washington	4	5
Michigan	14	14	West Virginia	6	7
Minnesota	9	11	Wisconsin	12	13
Mississippi	9	10	Wyoming	3	3
Missouri	17	18			
Montana	3	3	Totals	447	476
Nebraska	8	8			

VOTES AT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

Candidates.	Year.	Politics.	State of which a resident.	No. of States voting.	Elect'l votes. Total No. voted.	Elect'l votes. Each received.	Popular vote.
*George Washington	1789	Federalist	Virginia	a10	73	69	———
John Adams		Federalist	Massachusetts	—	—	34	———
*George Washington	1792	Federalist	Virginia	15	135	132	———
John Adams		Federalist	Massachusetts	—	—	77	———
*John Adams	1796	Federalist	Massachusetts	16	138	71	———
Thomas Jefferson		Dem.-Rep.	Virginia	—	—	68	———
*Thomas Jefferson	1800	Dem.-Rep.	Virginia	16	138	b73	———
Aaron Burr		Dem.-Rep.	New-York	—	—	b73	———
*Thomas Jefferson	1804	Dem.-Rep.	Virginia	17	176	162	———
C. C. Pinckney		Federalist	So. Carolina	—	—	14	———
*James Madison	1808	Dem.-Rep.	Virginia	17	176	122	———
C. C. Pinckney		Federalist	So. Carolina	—	—	47	———
*James Madison	1812	Dem.-Rep.	Virginia	18	218	128	———
DeWitt Clinton		Federalist	New-York	—	—	89	———
*James Monroe	1816	Dem.-Rep.	Virginia	19	221	183	———
Rufus King		Federalist	New-York	—	—	34	———
*James Monroe	1820	Dem.-Rep.	Virginia	24	235	231	———
John Q. Adams		Opposition	Massachusetts	—	—	1	———
*John Q. Adams	c1824	Coalition	Massachusetts	24	261	84	108,740
Andrew Jackson		Dem.-Rep.	Tennessee	—	—	99	153,544
*Andrew Jackson	1828	Democrat	Tennessee	24	261	178	647,231
J. Q. Adams		Nat.-Rep.	Massachusetts	—	—	83	509,097
*Andrew Jackson	1832	Democrat	Tennessee	24	288	219	687,502
Henry Clay		Nat.-Rep.	Kentucky	—	—	49	530,189
*Martin Van Buren	1836	Democrat	New-York	26	294	170	761,549
W. H. Harrison		Whig	Ohio	—	—	73	737,264
*W. H. Harrison	1840	Whig	Ohio	26	294	234	1,275,017
Martin Van Buren		Democrat	New-York	—	—	60	1,128,702
*James K. Polk	1844	Democrat	Tennessee	26	275	170	1,337,243
Henry Clay		Whig	Kentucky	—	—	105	1,299,068
*Zachary Taylor	1848	Whig	Louisiana	30	290	163	1,360,101
Lewis Cass		Democrat	Michigan	—	—	127	1,220,544
*Franklin Pierce	1852	Democrat	New-H'pshire	31	296	254	1,601,474
Winfield Scott		Whig	New-Jersey	—	—	42	1,386,226
*James Buchanan	1856	Democrat	Pennsylvania	31	296	174	1,838,169
John C. Fremont		Republican	California	—	—	114	1,341,264
*Abraham Lincoln	1860	Republican	Illinois	33	303	180	1,866,352
J. C. Breckinridge		Democrat	Kentucky	—	—	72	845,663
*Abraham Lincoln	1864	Republican	Illinois	36	314	212	2,216,067
George B. McClellan		Democrat	New-Jersey	—	—	21	1,808,725
*Ulysses S. Grant	1868	Republican	Illinois	37	317	214	3,015,017
Horatio Seymour		Democrat	New-York	—	—	80	2,709,613
*Ulysses S. Grant	1872	Republican	Illinois	37	366	286	3,597,070
Horace Greeley		Dem. & Lib.	New-York	—	—	d42	2,834,079
*R. B. Hayes	1876	Republican	Ohio	38	369	185	4,033,975
Samuel J. Tilden		Democrat	New-York	—	—	184	4,284,873
*James A. Garfield	1880	Republican	Ohio	38	369	214	4,454,416
W. S. Hancock		Democrat	Pennsylvania	—	—	155	4,444,952
*Grover Cleveland	1884	Democrat	New-York	38	401	219	4,874,986
James G. Blaine		Republican	Maine	—	—	182	4,851,981
*Benjamin Harrison	1888	Republican	Indiana	38	401	233	5,440,708
Grover Cleveland		Democrat	New-York	—	—	168	5,536,242
*Grover Cleveland	1892	Democrat	New-York	44	444	277	5,554,267
Benjamin Harrison		Republican	Indiana	—	—	145	5,175,201
*William McKinley	1896	Republican	Ohio	45	447	271	7,111,607
e William J. Bryan		Dem. (Sil.)	Nebraska	—	—	176	6,509,952
*William McKinley	1900	Republican	Ohio	45	447	292	7,218,353
William J. Bryan		Democrat	Nebraska	—	—	155	6,357,807

Previous to 1804 each elector voted for two candidates for President. The one receiving the greatest number was declared President, and the one receiving the next highest was declared Vice-President.

a Three States not voting. b Tie vote; choice decided by House of Representatives on 36th ballot. c No choice by Electoral College; choice decided by House of Representatives on first ballot. d Horace Greeley, the Democrat and Liberal Republican candidate, died before the Electoral College met, and the Greeley electors of five States voted for Thomas A. Hendricks. e Including votes cast for Bryan and Watson (Pop.) ticket. *Elected President.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1892, 1896 AND 1900.

States.	1892.			1896.			1900.					
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Rep.	D.-P.	Nat. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. Labor	S. Dem.	Pop.
Alabama	9,197	138,138	85,181	54,737	*131,226	6,462	55,512	97,131	2,762	——	——	4,178
Arkansas	46,974	87,834	11,831	37,512	101,103	——	44,800	81,142	584	——	27	972
California	118,149	118,293	25,352	146,688	*144,766	2,006	164,755	124,085	5,024	——	7,572	——
Colorado	38,620	——	53,584	26,271	*161,269	1	93,072	122,738	3,790	684	714	——
Connecticut	77,032	82,395	809	110,285	56,740	4,336	102,572	74,014	1,617	908	1,029	——
Delaware	18,077	18,581	——	20,452	16,615	966	22,529	18,858	538	——	57	——
Florida	——	30,143	4,843	11,257	*31,958	1,772	7,499	28,007	2,234	——	601	1,070
Georgia	48,305	129,366	42,939	60,091	*94,672	2,708	35,035	81,700	1,396	——	——	4,584
Idaho	8,599	——	10,520	6,314	23,192	——	27,198	29,414	857	——	——	445
Illinois	399,288	426,281	22,207	607,130	464,523	6,890	597,985	503,061	17,626	1,373	9,687	1,141
Indiana	255,615	262,740	22,208	323,754	305,573	2,145	336,063	309,584	13,718	663	2,374	1,438
Iowa	219,795	196,367	20,595	289,293	223,741	4,516	307,808	209,265	9,502	259	2,742	613
Kansas	157,241	——	163,111	159,541	171,810	1,209	185,955	162,601	3,605	——	1,605	——
Kentucky	135,441	175,461	23,500	218,171	217,890	5,114	226,801	234,899	2,814	299	770	2,017
Louisiana	13,331	87,622	13,332	22,037	77,175	1,915	14,234	53,671	——	——	——	——
Maine	62,876	48,049	2,396	80,461	34,587	1,866	65,412	36,822	2,585	——	878	——
Maryland	92,736	113,866	796	136,978	104,746	2,507	136,212	122,271	4,582	391	908	——
Massachusetts	202,914	176,813	3,210	278,976	*105,711	11,749	238,866	156,997	6,202	2,599	9,607	——
Michigan	222,708	202,296	19,931	293,582	237,268	6,968	316,239	211,685	11,859	903	2,826	833
Minnesota	122,823	100,920	29,313	193,503	139,735	3,222	190,461	112,901	8,555	1,329	3,065	——
Mississippi	1,406	40,237	10,256	5,123	*63,793	1,071	5,758	51,706	——	——	——	1,644
Missouri	227,646	268,400	41,204	304,940	363,652	2,355	314,092	351,922	5,965	1,294	6,139	4,244
Montana	18,838	17,534	7,259	10,494	42,537	——	25,873	37,146	298	116	708	——
Nebraska	87,227	24,934	83,134	103,064	115,999	2,797	121,835	113,513	3,685	——	820	1,104
Nevada	2,811	714	7,264	1,938	*8,377	——	3,849	6,347	——	——	——	——
New-Hampshire	45,658	42,081	292	57,444	*21,650	3,520	54,799	35,489	1,270	——	790	——
New-Jersey	156,068	171,042	969	221,367	133,675	6,373	221,707	164,808	7,183	2,074	4,609	669
New-York	609,350	654,868	16,429	819,838	551,369	18,950	821,992	678,386	22,043	12,622	12,869	——
North Carolina	100,346	132,951	44,732	155,222	174,488	578	133,081	157,752	1,006	——	——	830
North Dakota	17,159	——	17,700	26,335	20,686	——	35,898	20,531	781	——	520	111
Ohio	405,909	404,115	14,850	525,991	*477,497	1,858	543,918	474,882	10,203	1,688	4,847	251
Oregon	35,002	12,242	26,965	48,779	46,662	977	46,526	33,385	2,536	——	1,494	275
Pennsylvania	516,011	452,264	8,714	728,300	433,230	10,921	712,665	424,232	27,908	2,936	4,831	638
Rhode Island	26,975	24,356	228	37,437	14,459	1,166	34,784	19,812	1,529	1,423	——	——
South Carolina	13,384	54,098	2,410	9,313	58,801	824	3,579	47,236	——	——	——	——
South Dakota	34,888	9,081	26,544	41,042	41,225	——	54,530	39,544	1,542	——	169	339
Tennessee	99,851	136,594	23,780	148,773	166,268	1,951	123,008	145,250	3,560	——	346	1,322
Texas	81,444	239,148	99,688	167,520	370,434	5,046	130,641	267,432	2,644	162	——	20,981
Utah	——	——	——	13,491	64,607	21	47,139	45,006	209	106	120	——
Vermont	37,992	16,325	44	50,991	*10,607	1,329	42,568	12,849	368	——	——	——
Virginia	113,262	163,977	12,275	135,388	154,985	2,127	116,865	146,080	2,150	167	145	68
Washington	36,460	29,802	19,165	39,153	51,646	1,668	57,456	44,833	2,363	866	2,006	——
West Virginia	80,233	84,467	4,166	104,414	92,927	677	119,829	98,807	1,692	——	219	268
Wisconsin	171,101	177,325	10,019	268,135	165,523	4,584	265,760	159,168	10,027	503	7,048	——
Wyoming	8,454	——	7,722	10,072	10,655	——	14,482	10,164	——	——	——	——
Totals	5,176,336	5,552,351	1,041,467	7,111,607	6,509,052	184,645	7,220,077	6,630,016	209,062	33,375	92,142	50,080
Pluralities		380,861		602,555			880,061	——	——	——	——	——

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1892, 1896 AND 1900—(Continued).

*The figures on the Bryan and Sewall and the Bryan and Watson tickets are added together, thus giving the total vote cast for the head of the ticket. The vote cast for the "Bryan and Watson" ticket in the several States was: Alabama, 24,089; California, 21,730; Colorado, 2,389; Florida, 1,977; Georgia, 440; Illinois, 1,090; Kansas, 46,194; Maine, 2,387; Massachusetts, 15,181; Mississippi, 7,517; Nevada, 575; New-Hampshire, 379; Ohio, 2,615; Pennsylvania, 6,103; Tennessee, 4,525; Texas, 79,572; Vermont, 461; Wyoming, 286. Prohibition, 1892, 270,367; 1896, 145,280. Socialist Labor, 1896, 36,373.

Scattering includes the following: Alabama—Pop., 3,796. Arkansas—Pop., 972; Union Reform, 341. Connecticut—Leonard W. Bacon, Independent Presidential elector, 45. Georgia—Pop., 4,548. Idaho—Pop., 213; Anti-Fusion Bryan Pop., 232. Illinois—Pop., 1,141; Un. Christ., 352; Un. Ref., 672. Indiana—Pop., 1,458; Un. Ref., 254. Iowa—Pop., 613; Un. Christ., 166. Kansas—Soc., 1,605; Pro., 3,605. Kentucky—Pop., 1,662. Maryland—Un. Ref., 147. Mississippi—Pop., 1,642. Missouri—Prog. Peop., 4,244; Pro., 5,963; Soc. Dem., 6,128; Soc. Labor, 1,294. Montana—Pop., 110. Nebraska—Pop., 1,103. North Carolina—Pop., 737. Ohio—Un. Ref., 4,284; People's, 251. Oregon—Pop., 275. Pennsylvania—Pop. (Mid. Road), 638. Rhode Island—Soc. Labor, 1,423; Pro., 1,529. Tennessee—Pop., 1,360. Utah—Soc. Labor, 102; Soc. Dem., 717. West Virginia—People's, 267. Texas—Pop., 20,961. Colorado—Pop., 389. Florida—Pop., 1,070.

‡ELECTORAL VOTES FOR PRESIDENT, 1872 TO 1900.

States.	*1872		1876.		1880.		1884.		1888.		1892.			1896.		1900	
	Grant.....	Hendricks	Hayes.....	Tilden.....	Garfield...	Hancock..	Blaine....	Cleveland.	Harrison..	Cleveland.	Harrison..	Cleveland.	Weaver...	McKinley.	Bryan.....	McKinley.	Bryan.....
Alabama	10	—	—	10	—	10	—	10	—	10	—	11	—	—	11	—	11
Arkansas	†	†	—	6	—	6	—	7	—	7	—	8	—	—	8	—	8
California	6	—	6	—	1	5	8	—	8	—	1	8	—	8	1	9	—
Colorado	—	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	4	—	4	—	4
Connecticut	6	—	—	6	6	—	—	6	—	6	—	6	—	6	—	6	—
Delaware	3	—	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—
Florida	4	—	4	—	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	—	4	—	4
Georgia	—	—	—	11	—	11	—	12	—	12	—	13	—	—	13	—	13
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	3
Illinois	21	—	21	—	21	—	22	—	22	—	—	24	—	24	—	24	—
Indiana	15	—	—	15	15	—	—	15	15	—	—	15	—	15	—	15	—
Iowa	11	—	11	—	11	—	13	—	13	—	13	—	—	13	—	13	—
Kansas	5	—	5	—	5	—	9	—	9	—	—	—	10	—	10	10	—
Kentucky	—	8	—	12	—	12	—	13	—	13	—	13	—	12	1	—	13
Louisiana	†	†	8	—	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	—	8	—	8
Maine	7	—	7	—	7	—	6	—	6	—	6	—	—	6	—	6	—
Maryland	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	8	—
Massachusetts	13	—	13	—	13	—	14	—	14	—	15	—	—	15	—	15	—
Michigan	11	—	11	—	11	—	13	—	13	—	9	5	—	14	—	14	—
Minnesota	5	—	5	—	5	—	7	—	7	—	9	—	—	9	—	9	—
Mississippi	8	—	—	8	—	8	—	9	—	9	—	9	—	—	9	—	9
Missouri	—	6	—	15	—	15	—	16	—	16	—	17	—	—	17	—	17
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3
Nebraska	3	—	3	—	3	—	5	—	5	—	8	—	—	—	8	8	—
Nevada	3	—	3	—	—	3	3	—	3	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	3
New-Hampshire	5	—	5	—	5	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	—	4	—	4	—
New-Jersey	9	—	—	9	—	9	—	9	—	9	—	10	—	10	—	10	—
New-York	35	—	—	35	35	—	—	36	36	—	—	36	—	36	—	36	—
North Carolina	10	—	—	10	—	10	—	11	—	11	—	11	—	—	11	—	11
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	3	—	3	—
Ohio	22	—	22	—	22	—	23	—	23	—	22	1	—	23	—	23	—
Oregon	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	1	4	—	4	—
Pennsylvania	29	—	29	—	29	—	30	—	30	—	32	—	—	32	—	32	—
Rhode Island	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	—	4	—	4	—
South Carolina	7	—	7	—	—	7	—	9	—	9	—	9	—	—	9	—	9
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	4	—
Tennessee	—	12	—	12	—	12	—	12	—	12	—	12	—	—	12	—	12
Texas	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	13	—	13	—	15	—	—	15	—	15
Utah	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	—
Vermont	5	—	5	—	5	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	—	4	—	4	—
Virginia	11	—	—	11	—	11	—	12	—	12	—	12	—	—	12	—	12
Washington	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	4	4	—
West Virginia	5	—	—	5	—	5	—	6	—	6	—	6	—	6	—	6	—
Wisconsin	10	—	10	—	10	—	11	—	11	—	—	12	—	12	—	12	—
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3	3	—
Totals	286	42	185	184	214	155	182	219	233	168	145	277	22	271	176	292	155

*Scattering, 21. †Rejected. ‡Republican candidate in first column. Democratic in second column. In 1892 the third column is the Populist vote. [1]Horace Greeley, the Democratic and Liberal Republican candidate for President, died before the electoral vote was cast, and the Greeley electors of five States voted for Thomas A. Hendricks.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1900 AND 1902.

	1900.		1902.		
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	*Scattering.
Alabama	36,324	104,626	22,438	67,667	1,035
Arkansas	42,735	84,258	6,593	32,823	—
California	180,549	142,321	152,363	126,290	12,340
Colorado	92,811	[1]121,011	85,297	84,348	15,463
Connecticut	102,559	74,521	83,666	70,589	4,832
Delaware	21,711	18,529	12,998	16,386	8,675
Florida	5,254	26,451	—	16,340	—
Georgia	11,005	89,504	—	39,967	880
Idaho	26,860	[1]28,087	32,834	24,878	2,374
Illinois	501,886	502,187	406,560	378,488	35,044
Indiana	330,775	310,847	296,785	269,940	20,953
Iowa	304,302	212,847	223,021	158,849	11,729
Kansas	180,979	162,652	159,907	115,342	8,222
Kentucky	228,476	233,002	129,746	158,652	9,141
Louisiana	14,554	52,925	4,047	22,218	—
Maine	72,908	40,485	63,481	38,633	3,053
Maryland	135,404	122,778	100,054	91,606	5,568
Massachusetts	230,867	143,356	192,580	150,055	47,867
Michigan	312,002	216,664	228,399	155,732	8,478
Minnesota	158,396	105,895	158,843	90,791	14,252
Mississippi	2,579	47,549	—	18,058	—
Missouri	313,814	364,080	230,749	274,220	4,749
Montana	34,887	21,175	24,626	19,560	8,136
Nebraska	112,952	[1]109,988	98,537	89,214	5,814
Nevada	4,190	5,975	5,101	5,876	—
New-Hampshire	53,502	34,918	44,629	30,204	2,123
New-Jersey	250,822	199,268	183,576	164,199	12,907
New-York	808,474	669,012	651,838	633,570	50,460
North Carolina	122,879	162,260	53,938	135,319	6,856
North Dakota	35,891	20,519	32,986	14,765	1,195
Ohio	537,016	479,168	439,765	337,656	35,030
Oregon	43,300	30,902	46,082	31,811	2,471
Pennsylvania	686,941	411,552	619,805	303,201	76,020
Rhode Island	30,941	18,715	28,215	27,853	2,295
South Carolina	3,100	47,827	742	31,343	—
South Dakota	54,530	39,554	48,454	21,113	5,055
Tennessee	96,921	116,030	53,618	98,766	91
Texas	82,229	296,978	55,320	286,787	1,760
Utah	46,180	45,939	43,710	38,196	2,936
Vermont	46,718	16,732	35,539	8,544	2,027
Virginia	98,730	165,069	38,129	82,225	2,402
Washington	110,661	90,330	59,366	34,815	7,272
West Virginia	118,213	100,498	100,223	88,350	3,394
Wisconsin	260,544	160,834	194,885	137,056	22,627
Wyoming	14,539	10,017	15,808	8,892	—
Totals	6,781,586	6,101,694	5,455,853	5,022,897	469,956
Plurality	—	—	432,956	—	—

VOTE FOR DELEGATES IN CONGRESS.

Arizona	7,716	8,664	9,239	9,716	733
Hawaii	[2]3,783	1,567	6,636	4,696	—
New-Mexico	21,567	17,857	24,222	14,576	—
Oklahoma	38,253	33,529	45,763	45,469	2,998
Totals	71,319	61,617	85,860	74,457	3,731

[1]Fusion. [2]Wilcox, Ind. Home Ruler, was elected Delegate in Congress from Hawaii in 1900.

*Included in the scattering column for 1902 are the votes cast in the different States and Territories for party candidates other than those on the Republican and Democratic tickets, as follows: Alabama—Independents and Independent Republicans, 1,035. California—Pro., 3,840; Socialist, 8,500. Representatives were elected in the IVth and Vth Districts on a Democratic-Union Labor ticket. Colorado—Pro., 3,845; Populist, 2,838; Soc., 7,431; Soc. Labor, 1,349. Connecticut—Pro., 1,454; Soc., 2,690; Soc. Labor, 788. Delaware—Pro., 647. Lewis Heisler Ball, anti-Addicks Republican, received 8,028 votes. Georgia—Populist, 880. Idaho—Pro., 636; Socialist, 1,737. Illinois—Pro., 19,236; Soc. and Soc. Dem., 15,639; Pop., 169. Indiana—Pro., 14,790; Soc., 6,023; Pop., 140. Iowa—Pro., 7,839; Soc., 3,890. Kansas—Pro., 3,744; Soc., 3,984; Pop., 594. Kentucky—Pro., 5,565; Labor and Socialist, 4,576. Maine—Pro., 1,787; Soc., 1,266. Maryland—Pro., 5,069; Soc., 499. Massachusetts—Pro., 5,232; Soc., 30,395; Soc. Labor, 2,141. An Independent Democratic candidate in the IXth District polled 10,099 votes. Michigan—Pro., 6,886; Soc., 2,092. Minnesota—Pro., 997; Soc., 753; Soc. Labor, 421; Pop., 12,181. Missouri—Pro., 1,070; Soc., 1,936; Soc Labor, 384; Third Party allied, 1,309. Montana—Soc., 2,131; Labor and Populist, 6,005. Nebraska—Pro., 3,110; Soc., 2,204. New-Hampshire—Pro., 1,167; Soc., 892; Allied People's, 44. New-Jersey—Pro., 6,518; Soc., 4,342; Soc. Labor, 2,047. New-York—Pro., 16,196; Soc. Labor,

12,440; Soc. Dem., 20,726; Labor Dem., 1,098. North Carolina—Pro., 51; Pop., 6,805. North Dakota—Soc. Dem., 1,195 Ohio—Pro., 11,298; Soc., 13,136; Labor, 8,596. Oregon—Pro., 4,142; Soc., 5,329. Pennsylvania—Pro., 15,364; Soc., 15,345. Three Republicans were elected in the XXIXth, XXXIst and XXXIId Districts on Citizen's tickets, with Democratic indorsement. They received 45,311 votes. Rhode Island—Pro., 1,291; Soc., 894. South Dakota—Pro., 2,317; Soc., 2,738. Tennessee—Pro., 91. Texas—Soc., 1,172; Pop., 528. Utah—Soc., 2,936. Vermont—Pro., 2,027. Virginia—Pro., 1,685; Soc., 243; Independents, 474. Washington—Pro., 1,785; Soc., 4,604; Soc. Labor, 823. West Virginia—Pro., 3,394. Wisconsin—Pro., 8,917; Soc. Dem., 13,501; Soc. Labor, 209. Arizona—Pro., 223; Soc., 510. Oklahoma—Pro., 1,035; Soc., 1,963.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Name.	Service.		Born.	Died.
	Term.	Years.		
*John Jay, N. Y.	1789-1795	6	1745	1829
John Rutledge, S. C.	1789-1791	2	1739	1800
William Cushing, Mass.	1789-1810	21	1733	1810
James Wilson, Pa.	1789-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Va.	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Md.	1789-1790	1	1745	1790
James Iredell, N. C.	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Md.	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Paterson, N. J.	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
*John Rutledge, S. C.	1795-1795	—	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Md.	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
Oliver Ellsworth, Conn	1796-1800	5	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Va.	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, N. C.	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
*John Marshall, Va.	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, S. C.	1804-1834	30	1771	1834
Brock Livingstone, N. Y.	1806-1823	17	1757	1823
Thomas Todd, Ky.	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Mass.	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Md.	1811-1836	25	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, N. Y.	1823-1843	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Ky.	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pa.	1830-1844	16	1779	1844
James M. Wayne, Ga.	1835-1867	32	1790	1867
*Roger B. Taney, Md.	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Va.	1836-1841	5	1783	1841
John Catron, Tenn.	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John McKinley, Ala.	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniels, Va.	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, N. Y.	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, N. H.	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pa.	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Mass.	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Ala.	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Clifford, Me.	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Ill.	1862-1877	15	1815	1885
Stephen J. Field, Cal.	1863-1897	34	1816	1899
*Salmon P. Chase, Ohio	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Penn.	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
Joseph P. Bradley, N. J.	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, N. Y.	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
*Morrison R. Waite, Ohio	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Ky.	1877——	—	1833	——
William B. Woods, Ga.	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Mass.	1881-1902	—	1828	1902
Samuel Blatchford, N. Y.	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Miss.	1888-1893	5	1825	1893
*Melville W. Fuller Ill.	1888——	—	1833	——
David J. Brewer, Kan.	1889——	—	1837	——
Henry B. Brown, Mich.	1890——	—	1836	——
George Shiras, jr., Penn.	1892-1903	11	1832	——
Howell E. Jackson, Tenn.	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, La.	1894——	—	1845	——
Rufus W. Peckham, N. Y.	1895——	—	1838	——
Joseph McKenna, Cal.	1898——	—	1843	——
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Mass.	1902——	—	1841	——
William R. Day, Ohio	1903——	—	1849	——

*Chief Justices.

PRESIDENTS AND CABINET CHIEFS.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS FROM 1789 TO 1903.

PRESIDENT—George Washington, Va., April 30, 1789, to Mar. 4, 1793. V.-PRES'T—John Adams, Mass. SEC. STATE—Thomas Jefferson, Va., Sept. 26, 1789. SEC. TREASURY—Alexander Hamilton, N. Y., Sept. 11, 1789. SEC. WAR—Henry Knox, Mass., Sept. 12, 1789. NAVY—The War Department had charge of Naval Affairs until April, 1798. POST'R-GEN.—Samuel Osgood, Mass., Sept. 26, 1789; Timothy Pickering, Penn., Aug. 12, 1791. ATT'Y-GEN.—Edmund Randolph, Va., Sept. 26, 1789.

PRESIDENT—George Washington, second term, Mar. 4, 1793, to Mar. 4, 1797. V.-PRES'T—John Adams, Mass. SEC. STATE—*Thos. Jefferson, reappointed; Edmund Randolph, Va., Jan. 2, 1794, Timothy Pickering, Penn., Dec. 10, 1795. SEC. TREASURY—*Alexander Hamilton, reappointed; Oliver Wolcott, jr., Conn., Feb. 2, 1795. SEC. WAR—*Henry Knox, continued; Timothy Pickering, Penn., Jan. 2, 1795; James McHenry, Md., Jan. 27, 1796. SEC. NAVY—George Cabot, Mass., May 3, 1798, declined; Benj. Stoddert, Md., May 21, 1798. POST'R-GEN.—Timothy Pickering, continued, June 2, 1794; Joseph Habersham, Ga., Feb. 25, 1795. ATT'Y-GEN.—*Edmund Randolph, reappointed; William Bradford, Penn., Jan. 27, 1794; Charles Lee, Va., Dec. 10, 1795.

PRESIDENT—John Adams, Mass., Mar. 4, 1797, to Mar. 4, 1801. V.-PRES'T—Thos. Jefferson, Va. SEC. STATE—*Timothy Pickering, reappointed; John Marshall, Va., May 13, 1800. SEC. TREASURY—*Oliver Wolcott, jr., reappointed; Samuel Dexter, Mass., Jan. 1, 1801. SEC. WAR—*James McHenry, continued; Samuel Dexter, Mass., May 13, 1800; Roger Griswold, Conn., Feb. 3, 1801. SEC. NAVY—*Benj. Stoddert, reappointed. POST'R-GEN.—*Joseph Habersham, reappointed. ATT'Y-GEN.—*Charles Lee, continued.

PRESIDENT—Thos. Jefferson, Va., Mar. 4, 1801, to Mar. 4, 1805. V.-PRES'T—Aaron Burr, N. Y. SEC. STATE—James Madison, Va., Mar. 5, 1801. SEC. TREASURY—*Samuel Dexter, reappointed; Albert Gallatin, Penn., May 14, 1801. SEC. WAR—Henry Dearborn, Mass., Mar. 5, 1801. SEC. NAVY—*Benj. Stoddert, reappointed; Robert Smith, Md., July 15, 1801. POST'R-GEN.—*Joseph Habersham, continued; Gideon Granger, Conn., Nov. 28, 1801. ATT'Y-GEN.—Levi Lincoln, Mass., Mar. 5, 1801; Robert Smith, Md., Mar. 3, 1805.

PRESIDENT—Thomas Jefferson, second term, Mar. 4, 1805, to Mar. 4, 1809. V.-PRES'T—George Clinton, N. Y. SEC. STATE—*James Madison, reappointed. SEC. TREASURY—*Albert Gallatin, reappointed. SEC. WAR—*Henry Dearborn, reappointed. SEC. NAVY—Jacob Crowninshield, Mass., May 3, 1805. POST'R-GEN.—*Gideon Granger, reappointed. ATT'Y-GEN.—John Breckinridge, Ky., Aug. 7, 1805; Cæsar A. Rodney, Penn., Jan. 20, 1807.

PRESIDENT—James Madison, Va., Mar. 4, 1809, to Mar. 4, 1813. V.-PRES'T—George Clinton, N. Y., died; †William H. Crawford, Ga. SEC. STATE—Robert Smith, Md., Mar. 6, 1809; James Monroe, Va., April 2, 1811. SEC. TREASURY—*Albert Gallatin, reappointed. SEC. WAR—William Eustis, Mass., Mar. 7, 1809; John Armstrong, N. Y., Jan. 13, 1813. SEC. NAVY—Paul Hamilton, S. C., Mar. 7, 1809; William Jones, Penn., Jan. 12, 1813. POST'R-GEN.—*Gideon Granger, reappointed. ATT'Y-GEN.—*Cæsar A. Rodney, continued; William Pinckney, Md., Dec. 11, 1811.

PRESIDENT—James Madison, second term, Mar. 4, 1813, to Mar. 4, 1817. V.-PRES'T—Elbridge Gerry, Mass., died; †John Gaillard, S. C. SEC. STATE—James Monroe, reappointed, Feb. 28, 1815. SEC. TREASURY—George W. Campbell, Tenn., Feb. 9, 1814; Alexander J. Dallas, Penn., Oct. 6, 1814; William H. Crawford, Ga., Oct. 22, 1816. SEC. WAR—*James Monroe, Va., Sept. 27, 1814; A. J. Dallas, Acting, Mar. 14 to Aug. 8, 1815; William H. Crawford, Ga., Aug. 1, 1815. SEC. NAVY—B. W. Crowninshield, Mass., Dec 19, 1814. POST'R-GEN.—*Gideon Granger, reappointed; Return J. Meigs, jr., Ohio, Mar. 17, 1814. ATT'Y-GEN.—*William Pinckney, continued; Richard Rush, Penn., Feb 10, 1814.

PRESIDENT—James Monroe, Va., Mar 4, 1817, to Mar. 4, 1821. V.-PRES'T—Daniel D Tompkins, N. Y. SEC. STATE—John Q. Adams, Mass., Mar. 5, 1817. SEC. TREASURY—*William H. Crawford, continued. SEC. WAR—*George Graham, Va., April 7, 1817; John C. Calhoun, S. C., Oct. 8, 1817. SEC. NAVY—*B. W. Crowninshield, reappointed; Smith Thompson, N. Y., Nov. 9, 1818. POST'R-GEN.—*Return J. Meigs, jr., reappointed. ATT'Y-GEN.—William Wirt, Va., Nov. 13, 1817.

PRESIDENT—James Monroe, second term, Mar. 5, 1821, to Mar. 4, 1825. V.-PRES'T—Daniel D. Tompkins, N. Y SEC. STATE—*John Q. Adams, reappointed. SEC. TREASURY—*William H. Crawford, reappointed. SEC. WAR—*John C. Calhoun, reappointed. SEC. NAVY—John Rodgers Acting, Sept. 1 1823; Samuel L. Southard, N. J., Sept. 16, 1823. POST'R-GEN.—John McLean, Ohio, June 26, 1823. ATT'Y-GEN.—*William Wirt, reappointed.

PRESIDENT—John Quincy Adams, Mass., Mar. 4, 1825, to Mar. 4, 1829. V.-PRES'T—John C. Calhoun, S. C. SEC STATE—Henry Clay, Ky., Mar. 7, 1825. SEC TREASURY—Richard Rush, Penn., Mar. 7, 1825. SEC. WAR—James Barbour, Va., Mar 7, 1825; Peter B. Porter, N. Y., May 26, 1828. SEC. NAVY—*Samuel L. Southard, reappointed. POST'R-GEN.—*John McLean, reappointed. ATT'Y-GEN.—*William Wirt, reappointed.

PRESIDENT—Andrew Jackson, Tenn., Mar. 4, 1829, to Mar. 4, 1833. V.-PRES'T—John C. Calhoun, S. C. SEC. STATE—Martin Van Buren, N. Y., Mar. 6, 1829; Edward Livingston, La., May 24, 1831. SEC. TREASURY—Samuel D. Ingham, Penn., Mar. 6, 1829; Louis McLane, Del., Aug. 8, 1831. SEC. WAR—John H. Eaton, Tenn., Mar. 9, 1829; Lewis Cass, Ohio, Aug. 1, 1831. SEC. NAVY—John

Branch, N. C., Mar. 9, 1829; Levi Woodbury, N. H.; May 23, 1831. POST'R-GEN.—William T. Barry, Ky., Mar. 9, 1829. ATT'Y-GEN.—John M. Berrien, Ga., Mar. 9, 1829; Roger B. Taney, Md., July 20, 1831.

PRESIDENT—Andrew Jackson, second term, Mar. 4, 1833, to Mar. 4, 1837. V.-PRES'T—Martin Van Buren, N. Y. SEC. STATE—Louis McLane, Del., May 29, 1833; John Forsyth, Ga., June 27, 1834 SEC. TREASURY—William J. Duane, Penn., May 29, 1833; Roger B. Taney, Md., Sept. 23, 1833; Levi Woodbury, N. H., June 27, 1834. SEC. WAR—*Lewis Cass, reappointed; Benjamin F. Butler, Acting, Mar. 3, 1837. SEC. NAVY—Mahlon Dickerson, N. J., June 30, 1834. POST'R-GEN.—Amos Kendall, Ky., May 1, 1837. ATT'Y-GEN.—Benjamin F. Butler, N. Y., Nov. 15, 1833.

PRESIDENT—Martin Van Buren, N. Y., Mar 4, 1837, to Mar. 4, 1841. V.-PRES'T—Richard M. Johnson, Ky. SEC. STATE—*John Forsyth, reappointed. SEC. TREASURY—*Levi Woodbury, reappointed. SEC. WAR—Joel R. Poinsett, S. C., Mar. 7, 1837. SEC. NAVY—*Mahlon Dickerson, reappointed; James K. Paulding, N. Y., June 25, 1838. POST'R-GEN.—*Amos Kendall, reappointed; John M. Niles, Conn., May 19, 1840. ATT'Y-GEN.—*Benjamin F. Butler, N. Y., Mar. 4, 1837; Felix Grundy, Tenn., July 5 1838; Henry D. Gilpin, Penn., Jan. 11, 1840.

PRESIDENT—William H. Harrison, Ohio, Mar. 4, 1841, to April 4, 1841. V.-PRES'T—John Tyler, Va. SEC. STATE—Daniel Webster, Mass., Mar. 5, 1841. SEC. TREASURY—Thomas Ewing, Ohio, Mar. 5, 1841. SEC. WAR—John Bell, Tenn., Mar. 5, 1841. SEC. NAVY—G. E. Badger, N. C., Mar. 5, 1841. POST'R-GEN.—Francis Granger, N. Y., Mar. 6, 1841. ATT'Y-GEN.—John J. Crittenden, Ky., Mar. 5, 1841.

PRESIDENT—John Tyler, Va., April 4, 1841, to Mar. 4, 1845. V.-PRES'T—†Samuel L. Southard, N. J.; †Willie P. Mangum, N. C. SEC. STATE—Hugh S. Legaré, S. C., May 9, 1843; Abel P. Upshur, Va., July 24, 1843; John Nelson, Md., Acting, Feb. 29, 1844; John C. Calhoun, S. C., Mar. 6, 1844. SEC. TREASURY—Walter Forward, Penn., Sept. 13, 1841; John C. Spencer, N. Y., Mar. 3, 1843; George M. Bibb, Ky., June 15, 1844. SEC. WAR—John McLean, Ohio, Sept. 13, 1841; John C. Spencer, N. Y., Oct. 12, 1841; James M. Porter, Penn., Mar. 8, 1843; William Wilkins, Penn., Feb. 15, 1844. SEC. NAVY—A. P. Upshur, Va., Sept. 13, 1841; David Henshaw, Mass., July 24, 1843; T. W. Gilmer, Va., Feb. 15, 1844; John Y. Mason, Va., Mar. 14, 1844. POST'R-GEN.—Charles A. Wickliffe, Ky., Sept. 13, 1841. ATT'Y-GEN.—Hugh S. Legaré, S. C., Sept. 13, 1841; John Nelson, Md., July 1, 1843.

PRESIDENT—James K. Polk, Tenn., Mar 4, 1845 to Mar. 4, 1849. V.-PRES'T—George M. Dallas, Penn. SEC STATE—James Buchanan, Penn., Mar. 6, 1845. SEC. TREASURY—Robert J. Walker, Miss., Mar. 6, 1845. SEC. WAR—William L. Marcy, N. Y., Mar. 6, 1845. SEC. NAVY—George Bancroft, Mass., Mar. 10, 1845; John Y. Mason, Va., Sept. 9, 1846. POST'R-GEN.—Cave Johnson, Tenn., Mar. 6, 1845 ATT'Y-GEN.—John Y. Mason, Va., Mar. 6, 1845; Nathan Clifford, Me., Oct. 17, 1846; Isaac Toucey, Conn., June 21, 1848.

PRESIDENT—Zachary Taylor, La., Mar. 5, 1849, to July 9, 1850. V.-PRES'T—Millard Fillmore, N. Y SEC. STATE—John M. Clayton, Del., Mar. 7, 1849. SEC. TREASURY—W. M. Meredith, Penn., Mar. 8, 1849. SEC. WAR—*Reverdy Johnson, Acting, Mar. 8, 1849; George W. Crawford, Ga., Mar. 8, 1849. SEC. NAVY—Wm. B. Preston, Va., Mar 8, 1849 POST'R-GEN.—Jacob Collamer, Vt., Mar. 8, 1849. ATT'Y-GEN.—Reverdy Johnson, Md., Mar. 8, 1849. SEC. INTERIOR—Thomas Ewing, Ohio, Mar. 8, 1849.

PRESIDENT—Millard Fillmore, N. Y., July 9, 1850, to Mar. 4, 1853. V.-PRES'T—†William R. King, Ala. SEC. STATE—Daniel Webster, Mass., July 22, 1850; Edward Everett, Mass., Nov. 6, 1852. SEC. TREASURY—Thomas Corwin, Ohio. July 23, 1850. SEC. WAR—Winfield Scott ad interim, July 23, 1850; Charles M. Conrad, La., Aug. 15, 1850 SEC. NAVY—William A. Graham, N. C., July 22, 1850; J. P. Kennedy, Md July 22, 1852. POST'R-GEN.—Nathan K. Hall, N. Y., July 23, 1850; Samuel D. Hubbard, Conn., Aug. 31, 1852. ATT'Y-GEN.—John J. Crittenden, Ky., July 22, 1850. SEC. INTERIOR—Alex. H. H. Stuart, Va., Sept. 12, 1850.

PRESIDENT—Franklin Pierce, N. H., Mar. 4, 1853, to Mar. 4, 1857. V.-PRES'T—William R. King, Ala., died; †D. R. Atchison, ††J. D. Bright. SEC. STATE—William L. Marcy, N. Y., Mar. 7, 1853. SEC. TREASURY—James Guthrie, Ky., Mar. 7, 1853. SEC. WAR—Jefferson Davis, Miss., Mar. 7, 1853. SEC. NAVY—James C. Dobbin, N. C., Mar. 7, 1853. POST'R-GEN.—James Campbell, Penn., Mar. 7, 1853. ATT'Y-GEN.—Caleb Cushing, Mass., Mar. 7, 1853. SEC. INTERIOR—Robert McClelland, Mich., Mar. 7, 1853.

PRESIDENT—James Buchanan, Penn., Mar. 4, 1857, to Mar. 4, 1861. V.-PRES'T—John C. Breckinridge, Ky. SEC. STATE—Lewis Cass, Mich., Mar. 6, 1857; Jeremiah S. Black, Penn., Dec. 17, 1860. SEC. TREASURY—Howell Cobb, Ga., Mar. 6, 1857; Philip F. Thomas, Md., Dec. 12, 1860; John A. Dix, N. Y., Jan. 11, 1861. SEC. WAR—John B. Floyd, Va., Mar. 6, 1857; Joseph Holt, Ky., Jan. 18, 1861. SEC. NAVY—Isaac Toucey, Conn., Mar 6, 1857. POST'R-GEN.—Aaron V. Brown, Tenn., Mar. 6, 1857; Joseph Holt, Ky., Mar 14, 1859; Horatio King, Me., Feb. 12, 1861. ATT'Y-GEN.—Jeremiah S. Black, Penn., Mar. 6, 1857; Edwin M. Stanton, Penn., Dec. 20, 1860. SEC. INTERIOR—Jacob Thompson, Miss., Mar. 6, 1857.

PRESIDENT—Abraham Lincoln, Ill., Mar. 4, 1861, to Mar. 4, 1865. V.-PRES'T—Hannibal Hamlin, Me. SEC STATE—William H. Seward, N. Y., Mar. 5, 1861. SEC. TREASURY—Salmon P. Chase, Ohio, Mar. 5 1861; William P. Fessenden, Me., July 1, 1864. SEC. WAR—Simon Cameron, Penn., Mar. 5, 1861; Edwin M. Stanton, Penn., Jan. 15, 1862. SEC. NAVY—Gideon Welles, Conn., Mar. 5, 1861. POST'R-GEN.—Montgomery Blair, D. C., Mar. 5 1861; William Dennison, Ohio,

Sept. 24, 1864. ATT'Y-GEN.—Edward Bates, Mo., Mar. 5, 1861; James Speed, Ky., Dec. 2, 1864. SEC. INTERIOR—Caleb B. Smith, Ind., Mar. 5, 1861; John P. Usher, Ind., Jan. 8, 1863.

PRESIDENT—Abraham Lincoln, second term, Mar. 4, 1865, to April 15, 1865. V.-PRES'T—Andrew Johnson Tenn. SEC. STATE—*William H. Seward, reappointed. SEC. TREASURY—Hugh McCulloch, Ind. Mar. 7, 1865. SEC. WAR—*Edwin M. Stanton, reappointed. SEC. NAVY—*Gideon Welles, reappointed. POST'R-GEN.—*William Dennison, reappointed. ATT'Y-GEN.—*James Speed, reappointed. SEC. INTERIOR—*John P. Usher, reappointed.

PRESIDENT—Andrew Johnson, Tenn., April 15, 1865, to Mar. 4, 1869. V.-PRES'T—†Lafayette S Foster, Conn.; †Benjamin F. Wade, Ohio. SEC. STATE—*William H. Seward, continued. SEC TREASURY—*Hugh McCulloch, continued. SEC. WAR—Edwin M. Stanton, suspended, Aug. 12, 1867; *U. S. Grant, ad interim, Aug. 12, 1867; Edwin M. Stanton, reinstated, Jan 14, 1868; J. M. Schofield, May 28 1868 SEC. NAVY—*Gideon Welles, continued. POST'R-GEN.—*William Dennison, continued, Alexander W Randall, Wis., July 25, 1866. ATT'Y-GEN.—*James Speed, continued Henry Stanberry, Ohio, July 23, 1866; William M. Evarts, N. Y., July 15, 1868. SEC. INTERIOR—*John P. Usher, continued; James Harlan, Iowa, May 15, 1865; O. H. Browning, Ill., July 27, 1866.

PRESIDENT—Ulysses S. Grant, Ill., Mar. 4, 1869, to Mar. 4, 1873. V.-PRES'T—Schuyler Colfax, Ind. SEC. STATE—E B. Washburne, Ill., Mar. 5, 1869; Hamilton Fish, N. Y., Mar. 11, 1869. SEC. TREASURY—George S. Boutwell, Mass., Mar. 11, 1869. SEC. WAR—John A. Rawlins Ill., Mar. 11, 1869; Wm. T. Sherman, ad interim, Sept. 9, 1869; William W. Belknap, Iowa, Oct. 25, 1869. SEC. NAVY - Adolph E. Borie, Penn., Mar. 5, 1869; George M. Robeson, N. J., June 25, 1869. POST'R-GEN.—John A. J Creswell Md., Mar. 5, 1869. ATT'Y-GEN.—E. R. Hoar, Mass., Mar. 5, 1869; Amos T. Ackerman, Ga., June 23, 1870; Geo. H. Williams, Ore., Dec. 14, 1871. SEC. INTERIOR—Jacob D. Cox, Ohio, Mar. 5, 1869; Columbus D-lano, Ohio, Nov. 1, 1870

PRESIDENT—Ulysses S. Grant, second term, Mar. 4, 1873, to Mar. 4, 1877. V.-PRES'T—Henry Wilson, Mass., died; †Thomas W. Ferry, Mich. SEC. STATE—Hamilton Fish, reappointed, Mar. 17, 1873. SEC. TREASURY—William A. Richardson, Mass., Mar. 17, 1873; Benjamin H. Bristow, Ky., June 2, 1874; Lot M. Morrill, Me., June 21, 1876. SEC. WAR—Wm. W. Belknap, reappointed, Mar. 17, 1873; George M. Robeson, Acting, Mar. 2, 1876; Alphonso Taft, Ohio, Mar. 8, 1876; J. D Cameron, Penn., May 22, 1876. SEC. NAVY—Geo. M. Robeson, reappointed, Mar. 17, 1873. POST'R-GEN.—J. A. J. Creswell, reappointed, Mar. 17, 1873; J. W. Marshall, Va., July 3, 1874; Marshall Jewell, Conn., Aug. 24, 1874; James N. Tyner, Ind., July 12 1876. ATT'Y-GEN.—G H. Williams, reappointed, Mar. 17, 1873; Edwards Pierrepont, N. Y., April 26, 1875; Alphonso Taft, Ohio, May 22, 1876 SEC. INTERIOR - Columbus Delano, continued, Mar. 17, 1873; Zachariah Chandler, Mich., Oct. 19, 1875.

PRESIDENT—Rutherford B. Hayes, Ohio, Mar. 5, 1877, to Mar. 4, 1881. V.-PRES'T—William A. Wheeler, N. Y. SEC. STATE—William M. Evarts, N. Y., Mar. 12, 1877. SEC. TREASURY—John Sherman, Ohio, Ma . 8 1877. SEC. WAR—George W. McCrary, Iowa, Mar. 12, 1877; Alex Ramsey Minn., Dec. 10, 1879. SEC. NAVY—R. W Thompson, Ind., Mar 12, 1877; Nathan Goff, jr., W. Va., Jan. 6, 1881. POST'R-GEN.—David M. Key, Tenn., Mar. 12, 1877; Horace Maynard, Tenn., June 2, 1880 ATT'Y-GEN.—Charles Devens, Mass., Mar. 12, 1877. SEC. INTERIOR—Carl Schurz, Mo., Mar. 12, 1877.

PRESIDENT—James A. Garfield, Ohio, Mar. 4, 1881, to Sept. 19, 1881. V.-PRES'T—Chester A. Arthur, N. Y. SEC. STATE—James G. Blaine, Me., Mar. 5, 1881. SEC. TREASURY—William Windom, Minn., Mar. 5 1881. SEC. WAR—Robert T. Lincoln, Ill., Mar. 5, 1881. SEC. NAVY—William H. Hunt, La., Mar. 5, 1881. POST'R-GEN.—Thomas L. James, N. Y., Mar. 5, 1881. ATT'Y-GEN.—Wayne MacVeagh, Penn., Mar. 5, 1881. SEC. INTERIOR—Samuel J. Kirkwood, Iowa, Mar. 5, 1881.

PRESIDENT—Chester A. Arthur, N. Y., Sept 20, 1881, to Mar. 4, 1885. V.-PRES'T—†T. F. Bayard, †David Davis, †G. F. Edmunds. SEC. STATE—F. T. Frelinghuysen, N J., Dec 12, 1881. SEC. TREASURY—Charles J. Folger, N. Y., Oct. 27, 1881; Walter Q. Gresham, Ind., Sept. 24, 1881; Hugh McCulloch, Ind., Oct. 28, 1884. SEC. WAR—*Robert T. Lincoln, continued. SEC NAVY—William E. Chandler, N. H. April 12, 1882. POST'R-GEN.—Thomas L James, reappointed, Oct. 27, 1881; Timothy O. Howe, Wis., Dec. 20 1881; Walter Q. Gresham, Ind., April 3, 1883 Frank Hatton, Iowa, Oct. 14, 1884. ATT'Y-GEN.—Benj. H. Brewster, Penn., Dec 19 1881. SEC. INTERIOR—Henry M. Teller Col., April 6, 1882.

PRESIDENT—Grover Cleveland, N. Y., Mar. 4, 1885, to Mar. 4, 1889. V.-PRES'T—Thomas A. Hendricks, Ind. died; †John Sherman, †J. J. Ingalls. SEC. STATE—Thomas F. Bayard, Del., Mar. 6, 1885. SEC. TREASURY—Daniel Manning, N. Y., Mar. 6, 1885, died; Charles S. Fairchild, N. Y., April 1, 1887. SEC. WAR—William C. Endicott, Mass., Mar. 6, 1885. SEC NAVY—William C. Whitney, N. Y., Mar. 6, 1885. POST'R-GEN.—William F. Vilas, Wis., Mar. 6, 1885; Don M. Dickinson, Mich., Jan 16, 1888. ATT'Y-GEN.—Augustus H Garland Ark., Mar. 6, 1885 SEC. INTERIOR—Lucius Q. C Lamar, Miss., Mar. 6, 1885; William F. Vilas, Jan 16, 1888 SEC. AGRICULTURE—Norman J. Coleman, Mo., Feb. 13, 1889.

PRESIDENT—Benjamin Harrison, Ind., Mar. 4, 1889, to Mar. 4, 1893. V.-PRES'T—Levi P. Morton N. Y SEC. STATE—James G. Blaine, Me., Mar. 5, 1889; J W Foster, Ind., June 29, 1892, resigned; W. F. Wharton, Acting, Feb. 24, 1893. SEC. TREASURY—William Windom Minn., Mar. 5 1889; Charles Foster, Ohio, Feb. 24, 1891. SEC. WAR.-Redfield Proctor Vt Mar. 5 1889; Stephen B Elkins, W. Va. Dec. 22, 1891. SEC. NAVY—Benjamin F. Tracy, N. Y., Mar. 5, 1889. POST'R-

GEN.—John Wanamaker, Penn., Mar. 5, 1889. ATT'Y-GEN.—Wm. H. H. Miller, Ind., Mar. 5, 1889. SEC. INTERIOR—John W. Noble, Mo., Mar. 5, 1889. SEC. AGRICULTURE—Jeremiah M. Rusk, Wis., Mar. 5, 1889.

PRESIDENT—Grover Cleveland, N. Y., Mar. 4, 1893, to Mar. 4, 1897. V.-PRES'T—Adlai E. Stevenson, Ill. SEC. STATE—Walter Q. Gresham, Ill., Mar. 6, 1893, died; E. F. Uhl, Mich., ad interim, May 28, 1895; Richard Olney, Mass., June 8, 1895. SEC. TREASURY—John G. Carlisle, Ky., Mar. 6, 1893. SEC. WAR—Daniel S. Lamont, N. Y., Mar. 6, 1893. SEC. NAVY—Hilary A. Herbert, Ala., Mar. 6, 1893. POST'R-GEN.—Wilson S. Bissell, N. Y., Mar. 6, 1893. ATT'Y-GEN.—Richard Olney, Mass., Mar. 6, 1893; Judson Harmon, Ohio, June 8, 1895. SEC. INTERIOR—Hoke Smith, Ga., Mar 6, 1893; David R. Francis, Mo., Sept. 3, 1896. SEC'Y AGRICULTURE—Julius Sterling Morton, Neb., Mar. 6 1893.

PRESIDENT—William McKinley, Ohio, Mar. 4, 1897, to Mar. 4, 1901. V.-PRES'T—Garret A. Hobart, N. J., died Nov. 21, 1899. SEC. STATE—John Sherman, Ohio, Mar. 6, 1897; Wm. R. Day, Ohio, April 26, 1898; A. A. Adee, D. C., acting, Sept. 17, 1898; John Hay, D. C., Sept. 20, 1898. SEC. TREASURY—Lyman J. Gage, Ill., Mar. 5, 1897. SEC. WAR—Russell A. Alger, Mich., Mar. 5, 1897; Elihu Root, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1899. SEC. NAVY—John D. Long, Mass., Mar. 5, 1897. POST'R-GEN.—James A. Gary, Md., Mar. 5, 1897; Charles Emory Smith, Penn., April 21, 1898. ATT'Y-GEN.—Joseph McKenna, Cal., Mar. 5, 1897; John W. Griggs, N. J., Jan. 31, 1898. SEC. INTERIOR—Cornelius N. Bliss, N. Y., Mar. 5, 1897; Ethan Allen Hitchcock, Mo., Dec. 21, 1898. SEC. AGRICULTURE—James Wilson, Iowa, Mar. 5, 1897.

PRESIDENT—William McKinley, Ohio, Mar. 4, 1901, to Sept. 14, 1901. V.-PRES'T—Theodore Roosevelt, N. Y. SEC. STATE—John Hay, D. C., Mar. 5, 1901. SEC. TREASURY—Lyman J. Gage, Ill., Mar. 5, 1901. SEC. WAR—Elihu Root, N. Y., Mar. 5, 1901. SEC. NAVY—John D. Long, Mass., Mar. 5, 1901. POST'R-GEN.—Charles Emory Smith, Penn., Mar. 5, 1901. ATT'Y-GEN.—John W. Griggs, N. J., Mar. 5, 1901. Philander C. Knox, April 5, 1901. SEC. INTERIOR—Ethan A. Hitchcock, Mo., Mar. 5, 1901; SEC. AGRICULTURE—James Wilson, Iowa, Mar. 5, 1901.

PRESIDENT—Theodore Roosevelt, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1901, to ———. SEC. STATE—John Hay, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901. SEC. TREASURY—Lyman J. Gage, Ill., Sept. 14, 1901; Leslie M. Shaw, Iowa, Jan. 9, 1902. SEC. WAR—Elihu Root, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1901. SEC. NAVY—John D. Long, Mass., Sept. 14, 1901; William H. Moody, Mass., April 29, 1902. POST'R GEN.—Charles Emory Smith, Penn., Sept. 14, 1901; Henry C. Payne, Wis., Jan. 9, 1902. ATT'Y-GEN.—Philander C. Knox, Penn., Sept. 14, 1901. SEC. INTERIOR—Ethan Allen Hitchcock, Mo., Sept. 14, 1901. SEC. AGRICULTURE—James Wilson, Iowa, Sept. 14, 1901. SEC. COMMERCE AND LABOR—George B. Cortelyou, N. Y., Feb. 18, 1903.

PRESIDENTS OF THE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS—Peyton Randolph, Va., Sept. 5, 1774; Henry Middleton, S. C., Oct. 22, 1774; John Hancock, Mass., May 24, 1775; Henry Laurens, S. C., Nov. 1, 1777; John Jay, N. Y., Dec. 10, 1778; Samuel Huntington, Conn., Sept. 28, 1779; Thomas McKean, Del., July 10, 1781; John Hanson, Md., Nov. 5, 1781; Elias Boudinot, N. J. Nov. 1782; Thomas Mifflin, Penn., Nov. 3, 1783; Richard Henry Lee, Va., Nov. 30, 1784; Nathaniel Gorham, Mass., June 6 1786; Arthur St. Clair, Penn., Feb. 2, 1787; Cyrus Griffin, Va., Jan. 22, 1788.

THE INSULAR DEPENDENCIES.

PORTO RICO.

CAPITAL.....San Juan.
RESIDENT COMMISSIONER TO UNITED STATES.....Federico Degatau.
GOVERNOR.....William H. Hunt.
SECRETARY.....Charles Hartzell.
ATTORNEY GENERAL.....Willis Sweet.
TREASURER.....W. F. Willoughby.
AUDITOR.....Regis H. Post.
COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION.....Samuel M. Lindsay.
COMMISSIONER OF THE INTERIOR.....William H. Elliott.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE.....William H. Holt.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY.....N. B. K. Pettingill.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT MARSHAL.....E. S. Wilson.
COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS.....Alonzo R. Cruzen.
TERRITORIAL CHIEF JUSTICE.....José S. Quinones.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES—Louis Sulzbacher, José C. Hernandez, José M. Figueras and James H. McLeary.

The island of Porto Rico, thitherto a Spanish colony, was formally ceded to the United States under the Treaty of Paris of December 10, 1898. A civil government was established on May 1, 1900. On July 25, 1901, it became a Territory of the United States on a basis in some respects similar to that of the Territories on the North American continent, but with these important differences, that citizens of Porto Rico are not ipso facto citizens of the United States, and that the present status of the Territory is not considered to be preliminary to Statehood. Free trade exists between the island and the United States. A decision of the United States Supreme Court on December 2, 1901, sustained the "Foraker act" and the validity of the tariff system established by the United States Government with respect to Porto Rico, and confirmed the principle that Porto Ricans are not citizens of the United States. On August 2, 1902, the Commissioner General of Immigration issued an

order to the effect that Porto Ricans coming to the United States were to be regarded as aliens. General elections were held in Porto Rico on November 4, simultaneously with those in the United States. They were conducted in an orderly manner and resulted in a sweeping victory of the Republican over the Federal party. Federico Degetau was re-elected Resident Commissioner to the United States by a vote of 73,823, to 34,605 for Filipe Cuevas, Federalist, and 2,788 scattering. The Republicans elected twenty-five members of the House of Delegates, and the Federals ten, to serve two years from January 1, 1903.

The movements of Porto Rican commerce are indicated by the following statistics:

Nine months, January to September—	1901.	1902.	1903.
Imports from the United States	$5,985,203	$8,683,741	$7,600,414
Imports from the rest of the world	1,327,640	1,602,683	1,557,491
Total imports to Porto Rico	$7,212,843	$10,382,272	$9,157,905
Exports to the United States	$6,105,201	$8,423,495	$9,085,949
Exports to the rest of the world	2,002,584	2,526,904	2,686,180
Total exports from Porto Rico	$8,107,785	$10,950,399	$11,772,129

The census of 1900 reported the population of Porto Rico as 953,243, a figure more than two-thirds of the Cuban total. It showed an increase of 16 per cent over the population given in the census of 1887, and a density of occupation of 264 souls to the square mile. Of the population 589,426, or 61.8 per cent, are so-called white; 38.2 per cent, or 363,817, are colored. Only 13,872, or 1.5 per cent, are of foreign nationality, of whom 11,422 are white. Of the white aliens 7,690 are Spanish, scarcely any of whom renounced their nationality on the American occupation.

THE PHILIPPINES.

The Philippine Commission.

COMMISSIONERS—William H. Taft, president; Dean C. Worcester, Luke E. Wright, Henry C. Ide, James F. Smith, Trinidad H. Pardo de Travera, José R. Luzuriaga and Benito Legarda.

CAPITAL ..... Manila

The Executive.

	Whence appointed.	Salary.
CIVIL GOVERNOR	William H. Taft....Ohio	$20,000
CIVIL VICE-GOVERNOR AND SECRETARY OF COMMERCE AND POLICE	Luke E. Wright....Tennessee	15,500
SECRETARY INTERIOR	Dean C. Worcester. Michigan	15,500
SECRETARY FINANCE AND JUSTICE	Henry C. Ide.....Vermont	15,500
SECRETARY PUBLIC INSTRUCTION	James F. Smith.....California	15,500

Governor Taft is to retire from office in January to become Secretary of War in President Roosevelt's Cabinet; and the President has announced his intention to nominate Vice-Governor Wright to fill the vacancy.

The Supreme Court.

CHIEF JUSTICE—Cayetano Arellano.....Philippines $7,500

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES—Florentino Torres, Philippines; J. F. Cooper, Miss.; Victorino Mapa, Philippines; Charles A. Willard, Vt.; Fletcher Ladd, N. H.; John T. McDonough, N. Y.; each..... $7,000

Under the Central Civil Government there are forty provisional governments organized as follows:

Abra—Bangued, capital; governor, Juan Villamore.

Albay (Luzon)—Albay, capital; governor, A. U. Betts.

Ambos Camarines (Luzon)—Nueva Caceres, capital; governor, Juan Pimental.

Antique (Panay)—San José de Buenavista, capital; governor, Leandro Fullon.

Bataan—Balanga, capital; governor, Jno. W. Goldman.

Batangas (Luzon)—Batangas, capital; governor, Simeon Luz.

Benguet—Baguio, capital; governor, Wm. F. Pack.

Bohol (Bohol)—Tagbilaran, capital; governor, Aniceto Clarin.

Bulacan—Malolos, capital; governor, Pablo Tecson y Ocampo.

Cagayan—Tuguegarao, capital; governor, Gracio Gonzaga.

Capiz (Panay)—Capiz, capital; governor, S. Hugo Vidal.

Cavité—Cavité, capital; governor, Capt. David C. Shanks.

Cebu (Cebu)—Cebu, capital; governor, J. Climaca.

Ilocos Norte—Laoag, capital; governor, Julio Agacolili.

Ilocos Sur—Vigan, capital; governor, Mena Crisologo.

Iloilo (Panay)—Iloilo, capital; governor, M. Delgado.

Isabela—Ilagan, capital; governor, F. Dichoso.

La Laguna—Santa Cruz, capital; governor, Juan Cailles.

La Union—San Fernando, capital; governor, Joaquin Ortega.

Lepanto-Bontoc — Cervantes, capital; governor, William Dinwiddie.

Leyte—Tacloban, capital; governor, J. H. Grant.

Masbate—Masbate, capital; governor, Bonifacio Serrano.

Mindoro—Puerto Galero, capital; governor, R. S. Offley.

Misamis—Cagayan, capital; governor, M. Corrales.

Moro—Zamboanga, capital; governor,

Major General Leonard Wood, United States Army.

Nueva Ecija—San Isidro, capital; governor, Epifanio de los Santos.

Nueva Vizcaya—Bayombong, capital; governor, L. E. Bennett.

Occidental Negros—Bacolod, capital; governor, Leandro Locsin.

Oriental Negros—Dumaguete, capital; governor, Demetrio Larena.

Pampanga—Bacolor, capital; governor, Ceferino Joven.

Pangasinan—Lingayen, capital; governor, Macario Favila.

Paragua—Cuyo, capital; governor, E. Y. Miller.

Rizal (Luzon)—Pasig, capital; governor, Ambrosio Flores.

Romblon—Romblon, capital; governor, Francisco Fanz.

Samar—Catbalogan, capital; governor, Segundo Singson.

Sorsogon (Luzon)—Sorsogon, capital; governor, Bernardino Monreal.

Surigao—Surigao, capital; governor, P. Garcia.

Tarlac—Tarlac, capital; governor, Alfonso Ramos.

Tayabas—Lucena, capital; governor, Ricardo Paras.

Zambales—Iba, capital; governor, Potenciano Lesaca.

The Philippine Islands came into the possession of the United States as a result of the war with Spain and under the terms of the Treaty of Paris of December 10, 1898. The provisional military government was superseded by a civil government on July 1, 1901. The chief officers of the latter are appointed by the President of the United States. Provincial and municipal officers are elected by the people. At the beginning of November, 1901, the civil government enacted a "treason law," designed not to abridge the proper liberties of the people, but to suppress secret conspiracies for murder and massacre. The chief opposition to it was from a man who declared that he regarded the assassination of President McKinley as a "political offence" and not a criminal act! The effect of the "treason law" was eminently wholesome. On December 2, 1901, the Supreme Court of the United States decided that free trade must prevail between the Philippines and the United States until Congress should enact a special tariff law for the islands. Accordingly, a Philippine tariff bill was introduced into Congress and became a law on March 8, 1902. It was followed on July 1, 1902, by a Civil Government act for the Philippines. (For summaries of these laws see The Tribune Almanac for 1903.

A general amnesty for all except criminals under the common law and rebels remaining in arms was proclaimed on July 4. Elections for Provincial Governors and other officers were held throughout the islands in February. Governor Taft returned to the United States at the end of January, and gave much important information to a Congress committee concerning the state and requirements of the islands. Early in June he repaired to Rome to discuss with the Pope and cardinals the settlement of the much vexed question of the ecclesiastical corporations in the Philippines and their holdings of land. After much debate he left Rome on July 23, and returned to Manila, to complete negotiations there. On September 25 it was announced that a satisfactory settlement was in sight, on the basis of the complete withdrawal of the friars from the islands and the purchase of their legitimate holdings of land by the insular government.

During the year 1903 the Philippines enjoyed an exceptional measure of tranquillity. Some desultory fighting occurred in the Moro country; but elsewhere resistance to American rule died away completely. In accordance with the provisions of the Civil Government Act of July 1, 1902, a census of the inhabitants of the archipelago was taken under the direction of Brigadier General Joseph P. Sanger. The results of this census will be published in 1904. Two years after its completion the Philippine Commission is to call a general election in the islands (excluding the Sulu group) for the choice of delegates to the popular assembly, to be known as the Philippine Assembly, and with the Philippine Commission to constitute the legislative branch of the insular government.

By the Act of March 2, 1903, Congress provided a system of coinage for the Philippines. The unit of value is the gold peso, of twelve and nine-tenths grains of gold, nine-tenths fine. The Philippine Commission is authorized to coin $75,000,000 in silver pesos, each peso of 416 grains, 900 parts fine metal and 100 parts copper alloy. These silver coins are redeemable at the rate of two for one in gold pesos, and are legal tender in the Philippine Islands for all debts, public or private, unless otherwise specifically provided by contract. Some new subsidary coins are also provided for. (For complete details of the Coinage Act, see elsewhere in this volume, under title "Fifty-seventh Congress, Public Acts and Resolutions of Second Session"). Legislation reducing the tariff on Philippine products entering the United States from 75 to 50 per cent. of the Dingley Tariff rates failed in the Senate at the short session.

The trade of the Philippines continues to show a gratifying increase. The following figures indicate the trade of the Philippines, exclusive of gold and silver and government supplies, during each of the five fiscal years of American administration as compared with the average annual trade for periods prior thereto:

Years.	Imports.	Exports.	Totals.
Average annual, 1880–1884	$19,500,274	$20,838,325	$40,338,599
Average annual, 1885–1889	15,789,165	20,991,265	36,780,430
Average annual, 1890–1894	15,827,694	19,751,293	35,578,987
1899	13,113,010	12,366,912	25,479,922
1900	20,601,436	19,751,068	40,352,504
1901	30,279,406	23,214,948	53,494,354
1902	32,141,842	23,927,679	56,069,521
1903	32,971,832	33,121,780	66,093,662

Value of the leading Philippine products exported 1900–1903:

Articles.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.
Hemp	$11,398,943	$14,453,110	$15,841,316	$21,701,575
Suga	3,022,161	2,293,063	2,761,432	3,955,568
Toba.	2,182,022	2,217,728	2,501,367	1,882,012
Copra	1,690,897	2,648,305	1,001,655	4,473,029
All othe.	1,457,045	1,602,742	1,821,908	1,109,596
Totals	$19,751,068	$23,214,943	$23,927,679	$33,121,780

Principal imports into the Philippines by groups 1900–1903:

	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.
Animals, animal products	$389,528	$495,675	$1,080,825	$1,580,156
Foodstuffs	5,417,773	8,130,400	10,495,462	14,104,164
Liquors and beverages	1,288,142	1,832,016	1,476,128	1,125,912
Cotton, silk, wool, vegetable fibres.	6,536,126	10,910,986	8,960,282	7,898,368
Metal, metal manufactures	1,272,510	3,038,284	3,631,401	2,883,683
Chemicals, drugs, paints, dyes	1,265,390	1,134,246	1,304,845	1,331,350
Miscellaneous	4,427,967	4,737,709	5,186,901	4,048,249
Totals	$20,601,436	$30,279,406	$32,141,842	$32,971,882

Below are shown the imports to the Philippines, 1900–1903, from the principal countries and colonies having trade relations with the islands:

Imported from.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.
United States	$1,657,701	$2,855,085	[illegible]035,243	$3,944,098
United Kingdom	3,946,459	[illegible]356,145	[illegible]523,161	5,171,733
Germany	1,210,067	2,135,252	2,356,543	1,998,922
France	485,684	1,683,929	1,534,523	1,182,679
Spain	2,091,207	2,161,352	2,388,542	2,620,596
China	5,698,444	4,339,941	4,300,959	a5,632,817
Hong Kong	2,639,620	2,340,585	1,820,109	757,491
British East Indies	1,191,574	2,182,892	2,995,192	2,234,950
French East Indies		1,914,238	3,244,329	b5,955,753
Other countries	1,680,680	3,709,387	3,953,236	3,472,843
Totals	$20,601,436	$30,279,406	$32,141,842	$32,971,882

NOTE—Includes rice importations to the value of (a) $2,527,736 and (b) $5,946,483.

GUAM.

CAPITAL.....Agana
GOVERNOR.....Commander W. E. Sewell, U. S. N.

The island of Guam, or Guahan, in the Marianne Archipelago, was ceded to the United States by Spain under the Treaty of Paris of December 10, 1898. It is used by the United States as a naval station, and may also afford a landing place for a transpacific cable. Supreme governmental authority is vested in a United States naval officer who is appointed Governor of the island, but the natives retain a large part of their old municipal systems. Under American rule a monogamous marriage system has been established and non-sectarian public instruction has been provided. Commercial returns of Guam are grouped with those of Tutuila, which see. At the end of September and first of October, 1902, much damage was done on the island by a succession of earthquake shocks. On October 14, 1902, the appointment of Commander W. E. Sewell, U. S. N., as Governor was announced. For description of Guam see Tribune Almanac for 1902.

TUTUILA AND MANUA.

CAPITAL.....Pago Pago
GOVERNOR.....Captain Uriel Sebree, U. S. N.

Tutuila, Manua and some insignificant islets of the Samoan group came into the possession of the United States in January, 1900, as a result of the treaty of November 14, 1899, between Great Britain and Germany, in the terms of which the United States acquiesced. Under that treaty Great Britain withdrew altogether from the islands, Germany took the largest two, Upolu and Savaii, and the United States took possession of Tutuila and Manua, the former containing at Pago Pago the finest harbor in that part of the world and the only good one in the Samoan group. A United States naval officer was appointed Governor of Tutuila and Manua in February, 1900, and possession was taken of them on April 17, 1900. On October 22, 1902, it became known that King Oscar of Sweden and Norway, acting as arbitrator, had decided in favor of Germany and against the United States and Great Britain in the matter of the dispute over armed intervention in Samoa by the latter two powers in 1899, holding them responsible for indemnity for damages done by the bombardment at Apia. The area of Tutuila and Manua is about 35,000 acres, much of which is rugged and mountainous. The total population of the two islands is less than 6,000, about twenty being whites and as many more half-breeds. The imports from the United States into these islands, and also into Guam and the islet of Wake, in the first nine months of 1902 amounted in value to $33,143. For the first nine months of 1903 they amounted to $70,413.

NATIONAL PARTY CONVENTIONS.

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES, 1900.

REPUBLICAN—JUNE 21.

President.	Vice-President.
WILLIAM M'KINLEY, of Ohio.	THEODORE ROOSEVELT, of New-York.

DEMOCRATIC—JULY 5.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.	ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.

*PEOPLE'S PARTY (FUSION)—MAY 10.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.	ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.

*SILVER REPUBLICANS—JULY 6.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.	ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.

*POPULIST (MIDDLE OF THE ROAD)—MAY 10.

WHARTON BARKER, of Pennsylvania.	IGNATIUS DONNELLY, of Minnesota.

SOCIALIST LABOR—JUNE 6.

JOS. F. MALLONEY, of Massachusetts.	VALENTINE REMMEL, of Pennsylvania.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS—JULY 10.

EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana.	JOB HARRIMAN, of California.

PROHIBITION—JUNE 28.

JOHN G. WOOLLEY, of Illinois.	H. B. METCALF, of Rhode Island.

*UNITED CHRISTIANS—MAY 1.

JONAH F. R. LEONARD, of Iowa.	DAVID H. MARTIN, of Pennsylvania.

*UNION REFORM PARTY.

SETH H. ELLIS, of Ohio.	S. T. NICHOLSON, of Pennsylvania.

*Not on official ballot in every State.

REPUBLICAN.

The Republican National Convention began its sessions at Philadelphia, Penn., on June 19, 1900. The ante-convention interest centred in the choice of a Vice-Presidential candidate, the renomination of President McKinley for the first place on the ticket being universally conceded. The Western States, aided by Senator Platt, of New-York, who controlled the delegation from his State, were practically a unit in favoring Governor Theodore Roosevelt of New-York for the second place. The latter was anxious to avoid the nomination, preferring to run for another term as Governor of New-York, and on the afternoon of June 19, the day before the Convention, he issued a statement earnestly requesting that some one else be nominated for Vice-President. Senator Mark A. Hanna, of Ohio, chairman of the National Committee, and Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, aided Governor Roosevelt in trying to stave off his nomination. Other Vice-Presidential possibilities were John D. Long, Secretary of the Navy; Congressman Dolliver, of Iowa; Lieutenant-Governor Timothy L. Woodruff of New-York and Cornelius N. Bliss, of the same State. The Convention met on June 19 for a short session, which was devoted entirely to preliminary and routine work. Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, the temporary chairman, made a speech. After the Convention's adjournment for the day the New-York delegation indorsed Woodruff for Vice-President. The second day's session—June 20—was devoted principally to the speech of Senator Lodge, the permanent chairman, and the adoption of the platform. Vice-Presidential sentiment had crystallized in favor of Roosevelt, Senator Hanna had faced about and declared for him, and his nomination seemed assured. The Convention completed its work on June 21 by unanimously nominating McKinley and Roosevelt for President and Vice-President respectively. The most striking feature of the Convention from start to finish was the harmony prevalent. McKinley received every vote in the Convention, 926; Roosevelt every vote but his own. The Convention adjourned sine die on June 21.

The Platform.

The platform, which was adopted on June 20, was as follows:

Party Achievements:

The Republicans of the United States, through their chosen representatives, met in National Convention, looking back upon an unsurpassed record of achievement and looking forward into a great field of duty and opportunity, and appealing to the judgment of their countrymen, make these declarations: The expectation in which the American people, turning from the Democratic party, intrusted power four years ago to a Republican Chief Magistrate and a Republican Congress has been met and satisfied. When the people then assembled at the polls, after a term of Democratic legislation and administration, business was dead, industry paralyzed and the National credit disastrously impaired. The country's capital was hidden away, and its labor distressed and unemployed. The Democrats had no other plan with which to improve the ruinous conditions which they had themselves produced than to coin silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The Republican party, denouncing this plan as sure to produce conditions even worse than those from which relief was sought, promised to restore prosperity by means of two legislative measures—a protective tariff and a law making gold the standard of value. The people by great majorities issued to the Republican party a commission to enact these laws. This commission has been executed, and the Republican promise is redeemed. Prosperity more general and more

abundant than we have ever known has followed these enactments. There is no longer controversy as to the value of any Government obligation. Every American dollar is a gold dollar, or its assured equivalent, and American credit stands higher than that of any nation. Capital is fully employed and labor everywhere is profitably occupied. No single fact can more strikingly tell the story of what Republican government means to the country than this—that while during the whole period of one hundred and seven years, from 1790 to 1897, there was an excess of exports over imports of only $383,028,497, there has been in the short three years of the present Republican Administration an excess of exports over imports in the enormous sum of $1,483,537,094. And while the American people, sustained by this Republican legislation, have been achieving these splendid triumphs in their business and commerce, they have conducted, and in victory concluded, a war for liberty and human rights. No thought of National aggrandizement tarnished the high purpose with which American standards were unfurled. It was a war unsought and patiently resisted, but when it came the American Government was ready Its fleets were cleared for action. Its armies were in the field, and the quick and signal triumph of its forces on land and sea bore equal tribute to the courage of American soldiers and sailors and to the skill and foresight of Republican statesmanship. To ten millions of the human race there was given "a new birth of freedom," and to the American people a new and noble responsibility.

The Administration Indorsed.

We indorse the Administration of William McKinley. Its acts have been established in wisdom and in patriotism, and at home and abroad it has distinctly elevated and extended the influence of the American Nation. Walking untried paths and facing unforeseen responsibilities, President McKinley has been in every situation the true American patriot and the upright statesman, clear in vision, strong in judgment, firm in action, always inspiring and deserving the confidence of his countrymen. In asking the American people to indorse this Republican record and to renew their commission to the Republican party, we remind them of the fact that the menace to their prosperity has always resided in Democratic principles, and no less in the general incapacity of the Democratic party to conduct public affairs. The prime essential of business prosperity is public confidence in the good sense of the Government and in its ability to deal intelligently with each new problem of administration and legislation. That confidence the Democratic party has never earned. It is hopelessly inadequate, and the country's prosperity when Democratic success at the polls is announced halts and ceases in mere anticipation of Democratic blunders and failures.

Gold Standard Upheld.

We renew our allegiance to the principle of the gold standard, and declare our confidence in the wisdom of the legislation of the LVIth Congress, by which the parity of all our money and the stability of our currency upon a gold basis have been secured. We recognize that interest rates are a potent factor in production and business activity and for the purpose of further equalizing and of further lowering the rates of interest we favor such monetary legislation as will enable the varying needs of the season and of all sections to be promptly met, in order that trade may be evenly sustained, labor steadily employed and commerce enlarged. The volume of money in circulation was never so great per capita as it is to-day. We declare our steadfast opposition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver. No measure to that end could be considered which was without the support of the leading commercial countries of the world. However firmly Republican legislation may seem to have secured the country against the peril of base and discredited currency, the election of a Democratic President could not fail to impair the country's credit and to bring once more into question the intention of the American people to maintain upon the gold standard and parity of their money circulation. The Democratic party must be convinced that the American people will never tolerate the Chicago platform.

Trade Conspiracies Condemned.

We recognize the necessity and propriety of the honest co-operation of capital to meet new business conditions, and especially to extend our rapidly increasing foreign trade, but we condemn all conspiracies and combinations intended to restrict business, to create monopolies, to limit production or to control prices, and favor such legislation as will effectively restrain and prevent all such abuses protect and promote competition and secure the rights of producers, laborers and all who are engaged in industry and commerce.

Protection.

We renew our faith in the policy of protection to American labor. In that policy our industries have been established, diversified and maintained. By protecting the home market competition has been stimulated and production cheapened. Opportunity for the inventive genius of our people has been secured and wages in every department of labor maintained at high rates, higher now than ever before, and always distinguishing our working people in their better conditions of life from those of any competing country. Enjoying the blessings of the American common schools, secure in the right of self-government and protected in the occupancy of their own markets their constantly increasing knowledge and skill have enabled them finally to enter the markets of the world.

Reciprocity.

We favor the associated policy of reciprocity so directed as to open our markets on favorable terms for what we do not ourselves produce, in return for free foreign markets.

Immigration.

In the further interest of American workmen we favor a more effective restriction of the immigration of cheap labor from foreign lands, the extension of opportunities of education for working children, the raising of the age limit for child labor, the protection of free labor as against contract convict labor, and an effective system of labor insurance.

Our present dependence upon foreign shipping for nine-tenths of our foreign carrying is a great loss to the industry of this country. It is also a serious danger to our trade, for its sudden withdrawal in the event of European war would seriously cripple our expanding foreign commerce. The National defence and naval efficiency of this country, moreover, supply a compelling reason for legislation which will enable us to recover our former place among the trade carrying fleets of the world.

Shipping.

The Nation owes a debt of profound gratitude to the soldiers and sailors who have fought its battles, and it is the Government's duty to provide for the survivors and for the widows and orphans of those who have fallen in the country's wars. The pension laws, founded in this just sentiment, should be liberal, and should be liberally administered, and preference should be given wherever practicable with respect to employment in the public service to soldiers and sailors and to their widows and orphans.

Pensions.

We commend the policy of the Republican party in maintaining the efficiency of the Civil Service. The Administration has acted wisely in its effort to secure for public service in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippine Islands only those whose fitness has been determined by training and experience. We believe that employment in the public service in these territories should be confined as far as practicable to their inhabitants.

Civil Service.

It was the plain purpose of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution to prevent discrimination on account of race or color in regulating the elective franchise. Devices of State governments, whether by statutory or constitutional enactment, to avoid the purpose of this amendment are revolutionary and should be condemned.

Fifteenth Amendment.

Public movements looking to a permanent improvement of the roads and highways of the country meet with our cordial approval, and we recommend this subject to the earnest consideration of the people and of the Legislatures of the several States. We favor the extension of the rural free delivery service wherever its extension may be justified. In further pursuance of the constant policy of the Republican party to provide free homes on the public domain, we recommend adequate National legislation to reclaim the arid lands of the United States, reserving control of the distribution of water for irrigation to the respective States and Territories.

Public Works.

We favor home rule for and the early admission to Statehood of the Territories of New-Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma.

The Dingley act, amended to provide sufficient revenue for the conduct of the war, has so well performed its work that it has been possible to reduce the war debt in the sum of $40,000,000. So ample are the Government's revenues and so great is the public confidence in the integrity of its obligations that its newly funded 2 per cent bonds sell at a premium. The country is now justified in expecting, and it will be the policy of the Republican party to bring about, a reduction of the war taxes.

War Taxes.

We favor the construction, ownership, control and protection of an isthmian canal by the Government of the United States. New markets are necessary for the increasing surplus of our farm products. Every effort should be made to open and obtain new markets, especially in the Orient, and the Administration is warmly to be commended for its successful effort to commit all trading and colonizing nations to the policy of the open door in China. In the interest of our expanding commerce we recommend that Congress create a department of commerce and industries in the charge of a secretary with a seat in the Cabinet.

Isthmian Canal.

The United States consular system should be reorganized under the supervision of this new department, upon such a basis of appointment and tenure as will render it still more serviceable to the Nation's increasing trade. The American Government must protect the person and property of every citizen wherever they are wrongfully violated or placed in peril.

Consuls.

We congratulate the women of America upon their splendid record of public service in the volunteer aid association, and as nurses in camp and hospital during the recent campaigns of our armies in the Eastern and Western Indies, and we appreciate their faithful co-operation in all works of education and industry.

Women in War.

President McKinley has conducted the foreign affairs of the United States with distinguished credit to the American people. In releasing us from the vexatious conditions of a European alliance for the government of Samoa his course is especially to be commended. By securing to our undivided control the most important island of the Samoan group and the best harbor in the Southern Pacific, every American interest has been safeguarded. We approve the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States. We commend the part taken by our Government in the Peace Conference at The Hague. We assert our steadfast adherence to the policy announced in the Monroe Doctrine. The provisions of The Hague Convention were wisely regarded when President McKinley tendered his friendly offices in the interest of peace between Great Britain and the South African republics. While the American Government must continue the policy prescribed by Washington, affirmed by every succeeding President and imposed upon us by The Hague Treaty, of non-intervention in European controversies, the American people earnestly hope that a way may soon be found,

Foreign Affairs.

honorable alike to both contending parties, to terminate the strife between them. In accepting by the Treaty of Paris the just responsibility of our victories in the Spanish war the President and the Senate won the undoubted approval of the American people. No other course was possible than to destroy Spain's sovereignty throughout the West Indies and in the Philippine Islands. That course created our responsibility before the world, and with the unorganized population whom our intervention had freed from Spain, to provide for the maintenance of law and order, and for the establishment of good government and for the performance of international obligations. Our authority could not be less than our responsibility, and wherever sovereign rights were extended it became the high duty of the Government to maintain its authority, to put down armed insurrection and to confer the blessings of liberty and civilization upon all the rescued peoples. The largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and our duties shall be secured to them by law. To Cuba independence and self-government were assured in the same voice by which war was declared, and to the letter this pledge will be performed. The Republican party upon its history, and upon this declaration of its principles and policies, confidently invokes the considerate and approving judgment of the American people.

DEMOCRATIC.

The Democratic National Convention met at Kansas City, Mo., on July 4, 1900. The chief incident previous to the meeting of the Convention was the exclusion of ex-Senator David B. Hill, of New-York, from the Resolutions Committee. Through the efforts of Richard Croker the New-York delegation on July 3 chose Augustus Van Wyck, of Brooklyn, as their representative on the Resolutions Committee by a vote of 36 to 28 for Hill, eight members of the delegation not voting. The first day of the Convention—July 4—was devoted to routine and preliminary work. Governor Thomas of Colorado, the temporary chairman, and James D. Richardson, the permanent chairman, made speeches. On July 5 William J. Bryan was unanimously nominated for President, W. D. Oldham, of Nebraska, making the chief nominating speech. On this day the platform, containing a specific declaration for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, but proclaiming "imperialism" as "the paramount issue," was adopted. The choice for Vice-President seemed to lie between Charles A. Towne and Adlai E. Stevenson. On July 6—the third day's session of the Convention—Adlai E. Stevenson was nominated for Vice-President on the first ballot. Towne, and Hill against his own protest made from the platform, received votes for the nomination, but Stevenson won it with many votes to spare. The nominations for both President and Vice-President were practically unanimous, there being no contest to speak of on the floor of the Convention. The Convention adjourned sine die on July 6, after nominating Stevenson.

The Platform.

On July 5 the Convention adopted the following platform:

Declaration of Principles.

We, the representatives of the Democratic party of the United States, assembled in National Convention on the anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, do reaffirm our faith in that immortal proclamation of the inalienable rights of man, and our allegiance to the Constitution framed in harmony therewith by the fathers of the Republic. We hold with the United States Supreme Court that the Declaration of Independence is the spirit of our Government, of which the Constitution is the form and letter. We declare again that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is a tyranny; and that to impose upon any people a government of force is to substitute the methods of imperialism for those of a republic. We hold that the Constitution follows the flag and denounce the doctrine that an Executive or Congress, deriving their existence and their powers from the Constitution, can exercise lawful authority beyond it, or in violation of it. We assert that no nation can long endure half republic and half empire, and we warn the American people that imperialism abroad will lead quickly and inevitably to despotism at home.

Porto Rican Law Denounced.

Believing in these fundamental principles, we denounce the Porto Rican law, enacted by a Republican Congress against the protest and opposition of the Democratic minority, as a bold and open violation of the Nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of National good faith. It imposes upon the people of Porto Rico a government without their consent, and taxation without representation. It dishonors the American people by repudiating a solemn pledge made in their behalf by the commanding general of our Army, which the Porto Ricans welcomed to a peaceful and unresisted occupation of their land. It dooms to poverty and distress a people whose helplessness appeals with peculiar force to our justice and magnanimity. In this, the first act of its imperialistic programme, the Republican party seeks to commit the United States to a colonial policy inconsistent with republican institutions and condemned by the Supreme Court in numerous decisions.

Pledge to the Cubans.

We demand the prompt and honest fulfilment of our pledge to the Cuban people and the world, that the United States has no disposition nor intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction, or control over the island of Cuba, except for its pacification. The war ended nearly two years ago, profound peace reigns over all the island, and still the Administration keeps the government of the island from its people, while Republican carpetbag officials plunder its revenues and exploit the colonial theory to the disgrace of the American people.

We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the present Administration. has embroiled the Republic in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of it noblest sons, and placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position c crushing with military force the efforts of our former allie to achieve liberty and self-government. The Filipinos cannot be citizens without en dangering our civilization, they cannot be subjects without imperilling our form c government; and as we are not willing to surrender our civilization, or to convert th Republic into an empire, we favor an immediate declaration of the Nation's purpos to give to the Filipinos, first, a stable form of government; second, independence; an third, protection from outside interference such as has been given for nearly a centur to the republics of Central and South America. The greedy commercialism which dic tated the Philippine policy of the Republican Administration attempts to justify i with the plea that it will pay, but even this sordid and unworthy plea fails whe brought to the test of facts. The war of "criminal aggression" against the Filipinos entailing an annual expense of many millions, has already cost more than any possibl profit that could accrue from the entire Philippine trade for years to come. Further more, when trade is extended at the expense of liberty the price is always too high.

The Philippine Question.

We are not opposed to territorial expansion, when it takes in desirable territor which can be erected into States in the Union, and whose people are willing and fi to become American citizens. We favor trade expansion by every peaceful and legitimate means. But we are unalterably opposed to the seizing or purchasing of distan islands to be governed outside the Constitution and whos people can never become citizens. We are in favor of extending the Republic's influence among the nations, but believe that influence should be extended not by force and violence, but through the persuasive power of a high and honorable example.

Territorial Expansion.

The importance of other questions now pending before the American people is in nowise diminished and the Democratic party takes no backward step from its position on them; but the burning issue of imperialism, growing out of the Spanish war, involving the very existence of the Republic and the destruction of our free institutions, we regard as the paramount issue of the campaign.

The Paramount Issue.

The declaration of the Republican platform adopted at the Philadelphia Convention, held in June, 1900, that the Republican party "steadfastly adheres to the policy announced in the Monroe Doctrine," is manifestly insincere and deceptive. This profession is contradicted by the avowed policy of that party, in opposition to the spirit of the Monroe Doctrine, to acquire and hold sovereignty over large areas of territory and large numbers of people in the Eastern Hemisphere. We insist on the strict maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine in all its integrity, both in letter and in spirit, as necessary to prevent the extension of European authority on these continents and as essential to our supremacy in American affairs. At the same time we declare that no American people shall ever be held by force in unwilling subjection to European authority.

The Monroe Doctrine.

We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions. It is what millions of our citizens have fled from in Europe. It will impose upon our peace loving people a large standing army, an unnecessary burden of taxation, and would be a constant menace to their liberties. A small standing army and a well disciplined State militia are amply sufficient in time of peace. This Republic has no place for a vast military establishment, a sure forerunner of compulsory military service and conscription. When the Nation is in danger the volunteer soldier is his country's best defender. The National Guard of the United States should ever be cherished in the patriotic hearts of a free people. Such organizations are ever an element of strength and safety. For the first time in our history and coeval with the Philippine conquest has there been a wholesale departure from our time honored and approved system of volunteer organization. We denounce it as un-American, undemocratic and unrepublican and as a subversion of the ancient and fixed principles of a free people.

Opposition to Militarism.

Private monopolies are indefensible and intolerable. They destroy competition, control the price of raw material and of the finished product, thus robbing both producer and consumer. They lessen the employment of labor and arbitrarily fix the terms and conditions thereof; and deprive individual energy and small capital of their opportunity for betterment. They are the most efficient means yet devised for appropriating the fruits of industry to the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and, unless their insatiate greed is checked, all wealth will be aggregated in a few hands and the Republic destroyed. The dishonest paltering with the trust evil by the Republican party in its State and National platforms is conclusive proof of the truth of the charge that trusts are the legitimate product of Republican policies, that they are fostered by Republican laws, and that they are protected by the Republican Administration in return for campaign subscriptions and political support. We pledge the Democratic party to an unceasing warfare in Nation, State and city against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for publicity as to the affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce and requiring all corporations to show, before doing business outside of the State of their origin, that they

Trusts and Monopolies.

have no water in their stock, and that they have not attempted and are not attempting to monopolize any branch of business or the production of any articles of merchandise; and the whole constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce, the mails and all modes of interstate communication shall be exercised by the enactment of comprehensive laws upon the subject of trusts. Tariff laws should be amended by putting the products of trusts upon the free list, to prevent monopoly under the plea of protection. The failure of the present Republican Administration, with an absolute control over all the branches of the National Government, to enact any legislation designed to prevent or even curtail the absorbing power of trusts and illegal combinations, or to enforce the anti-trust laws already on the statute books, proves the insincerity of the high sounding phrases of the Republican platform. Corporations should be protected in all their rights and their legitimate interests should be respected, but any attempt by corporations to interfere with the public affairs of the people or to control the sovereignty which creates them should be forbidden under such penalties as will make such attempts impossible. We condemn the Dingley tariff law as a trust breeding measure skilfully devised to give to the few favors which they do not deserve, and to place upon the many burdens which they should not bear. We favor such an enlargement of the scope of the Interstate Commerce law as will enable the Commission to protect individuals and communities from discrimination and the public from unjust and unfair transportation rates.

American Financial System.

We reaffirm and indorse the principles of the National Democratic platform adopted at Chicago in 1896 and we reiterate the demand of that platform for an American financial system made by the American people for themselves, which shall restore and maintain a bimetallic price level, and as part of such system the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

Currency Law Denounced.

We denounce the currency bill enacted at the last session of Congress as a step forward in the Republican policy which aims to discredit the sovereign right of the National Government to issue all money, whether coin or paper, and to bestow upon National banks the power to issue and control the volume of paper money for their own benefit. A permanent National bank currency, secured by Government bonds, must have a permanent debt to rest upon, and, if the bank currency is to increase with population and business, the debt must also increase. The Republican currency scheme is, therefore, a scheme for fastening upon the taxpayers a perpetual and growing debt for the benefit of the banks. We are opposed to this private corporation paper circulated as money, but without legal tender qualities, and demand the retirement of National bank notes as fast as Government paper or silver certificates can be substituted for them. We favor an amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, and we favor direct legislation wherever practicable. We are opposed to government by injunction; we denounce the blacklist, and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employes.

Department of Labor.

In the interest of American labor and the upbuilding of the workingman as the cornerstone of the prosperity of our country, we recommend that Congress create a Department of Labor, in charge of a Secretary, with a seat in the Cabinet, believing that the elevation of the American laborer will bring with it increased production and increased prosperity to our country at home and to our commerce abroad. We are proud of the courage and fidelity of the American soldiers and sailors in all our wars; we favor liberal pensions to them and their dependents; and we reiterate the position taken in the Chicago platform in 1896, that the fact of enlistment and service shall be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

Nicaraguan Canal.

We favor the immediate construction, ownership and control of the Nicaraguan Canal by the United States, and we denounce the insincerity of the plank in the Republican National platform for an Isthmian canal, in the face of the failure of the Republican majority to pass the bill pending in Congress. We condemn the Hay-Pauncefote treaty as a surrender of American rights and interests, not to be tolerated by the American people. We denounce the failure of the Republican party to carry out its pledges to grant statehood to the Territories of Arizona, New-Mexico and Oklahoma, and we promise the people of those Territories immediate statehood, and home rule during their condition as Territories; and we favor home rule and a territorial form of government for Alaska and Porto Rico. We favor an intelligent system of improving the arid lands of the West, storing the waters for the purposes of irrigation, and the holding of such lands for actual settlers. We favor the continuance and strict enforcement of the Chinese Exclusion law and its application to the same classes of all Asiatic races.

Alliance with England.

Jefferson said: "Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none." We approve this wholesome doctrine and earnestly protest against the Republican departure which has involved us in so-called world politics, including the diplomacy of Europe and the intrigue and land grabbing in Asia, and we especially condemn the ill concealed Republican alliance with England, which must mean discrimination against other friendly nations, and which has already stifled the Nation's voice while liberty is being strangled in Africa.

Believing in the principles of self-government and rejecting, as did our forefathers,

the claims of monarchy, we view with indignation the purpose of England to overwhelm with force the South African Republics. Speaking, as we believe, for the entire American Nation, except its Republican officeholders, and for all free men everywhere, we extend our sympathy to the heroic burghers in their unequal struggle to maintain their liberty and independence.

South African Republics.

We denounce the lavish appropriations of recent Republican Congresses, which have kept taxes high and which threaten the perpetuation of the oppressive war levies. We oppose the accumulation of a surplus to be squandered in such barefaced frauds upon the taxpayers as the Shipping Subsidy bill, which, under the false pretence of fostering American shipbuilding, would put unearned millions into the pockets of favorite contributors to the Republican campaign fund. We favor the reduction and speedy repeal of the war taxes, and a return to the time honored Democratic policy of strict economy in governmental expenditures.

Republican Appropriations.

Believing that our most cherished institutions are in great peril, that the very existence of our constitutional Republic is at stake, and that the decision now to be rendered will determine whether or not our children are to enjoy those blessed privileges of free government which have made the United States great, prosperous and honored, we earnestly ask for the foregoing declaration of principles the hearty support of the liberty loving American people, regardless of previous party affiliations.

Appeal to the People.

SILVER REPUBLICAN.

At a convention held at Kansas City July 4 to 6, 1900, the Republicans who bolted the gold standard and favored the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 nominated William J. Bryan for President. There was a strong desire on the part of the convention to nominate Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, for Vice-President, but after a stormy argument, and a determined effort on the part of the cooler minority to prevent hasty action, Mr. Towne himself personally pleaded against his own nomination. The convention finally left the nomination to the National Committee of the Silver Republican party, which met and nominated Mr. Stevenson. The platform adopted follows:

We, the Silver Republican party, in National Convention assembled, declare these as our principles, and invite the co-operation of all who agree therewith: We recognize that the principles set forth in the Declaration of American Independence are fundamental and everlastingly true in their application to governments among men. We believe the patriotic words of Washington's farewell address to be the words of soberness and wisdom, inspired by the spirit of right and truth. We treasure the words of Jefferson as priceless gems of American statesmanship. We hold in sacred remembrance the patriotism of Lincoln, who was the great interpreter of American history and the apostle of human rights and of industrial freedom, and we declare, as was declared by the convention that nominated the great Emancipator, that the maintenance of the principles promulgated in the Declaration of Independence and embodied in the Federal Constitution, "that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed," is essential to the preservation of our republican institutions. We declare our adherence to the principles of bimetallism as the right basis of a monetary system under our National Constitution, a principle that found place repeatedly in Republican platforms from the demonetization of silver in 1873 to the St. Louis Republican Convention of 1896. Since that Convention a Republican Congress and a Republican President, at the dictation of the trusts and money power, have passed and approved a currency bill which in itself is a repudiation of the doctrine of bimetallism advocated theretofore by the President and every great leader of his party. This currency law destroys the full money power of the silver dollar, provides for the payment of all Government obligations and the redemption of all forms of paper money in gold alone, retires the time-honored and patriotic greenback, constituting one-sixth of the money in circulation, and surrenders to banking corporations the sovereign function of issuing all paper money, thus enabling these corporations to control the prices of labor and property, and increasing the power of the banks to create panics and bring disaster upon business enterprises. The provision of this currency law making the bonded debt of the Nation payable in gold alone changes the contract between the Government and the bondholders to the advantage of the latter, and is in direct opposition to the declaration of the Matthews resolution passed by Congress in 1878, for which resolution the present Republican President, then a member of Congress, voted, as did also all leading Republicans, both in the House and Senate. We demand the repeal of this currency law, and declare that we shall not cease our efforts until there has been established in its place a monetary system based upon the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into money at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, by the independent action of the United States, under which system all money shall be issued by the Government, and all money coined and issued shall be a full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, without exception. We approve a graduated tax upon incomes; and if necessary to accomplish this, we favor an amendment to the Constitution. We believe that United States Senators should be elected by direct vote of the people, and we favor such amendment of the Constitution and such legislation as may be necessary to that end. We favor the maintenance and the extension wherever practicable of the merit system in public service, appointments to be made according to fitness, competitively ascertained, and public servants to be retained in office only so long as shall be compatible with the efficiency of the service.

Combinations, trusts and monopolies, contrived and created for the purpose of con-

trolling the prices and quantity of articles supplied to the public, are unjust, oppressive and unlawful. Not only do these unlawful conspiracies fix the prices of commodities, but they invade every branch of State and National government with their polluting influences, and control the actions of their employes and dependents, politically, until such control imperils society and the liberty of the citizen. We demand the most stringent laws for their suppression and the most severe punishment of their promoters and maintainers and the energetic enforcement of such laws by the courts. We believe the Monroe Doctrine to be sound in principle and a wise National policy, and we demand a firm adherence thereto. We condemn those acts of the Administration inconsistent with it, and which have tended to make us parties to the interests and to involve us in the controversies of European nations, and especially the recognition by pending treaty of the right of England to be considered in the construction of an interoceanic canal. We are in favor of the speedy construction of the Nicaragua Canal, to be built, owned and defended by the Government of the United States. We observe with anxiety, and regard with disapproval, the increasing ownership of American lands by aliens; and their growing control over our internal transportation, natural resources and public utilities. We demand legislation to protect our public domain, our natural resources, our franchises and our internal commerce; and to keep them free from, and to maintain their independence of, all foreign monopolies, institutions and influences; and we declare our opposition to the leasing of the public lands of the United States, whereby corporations and syndicates shall be able to secure control thereof, and thus monopolize the public domain, the heritage of the people. We approve of the principle of direct legislation, and favor the application of the same to nominations. In view of their great sacrifices made, and patriotic services rendered, we are in favor of liberal pensions to deserving soldiers and sailors, their widows, orphans and other dependants. We believe that enlistment and service should be accepted as conclusive proof that the soldier was free from disease and disability at the time of his enlistment. We condemn the present administration of the pension laws. We tender to the patriotic people of the South African republics our sympathy, and express our admiration for them in their heroic struggle to preserve their political freedom and maintain their national existence. We declare the destruction of these republics and the subjugation of their people to be a crime against civilization. We believe this sympathy should have been voiced by the American Congress, as was done in the case of the French, Greeks, Hungarians, Poles, Armenians and the Cubans, and as the traditions of this country would have dictated. We declare the Porto Rican tariff law to be not only a serious but a dangerous departure from the principles of our form of government. We believe in the republican form of government; and we are opposed to monarchy, and to the whole theory of imperialistic control. We believe in self-government, a government by the consent of the governed; and are unalterably opposed to a government based upon force. It is incontrovertible that the inhabitants of the Philippine archipelago cannot be made citizens of the United States without endangering our civilization. We are therefore in favor of applying to the Philippines the principle we are solemnly and publicly pledged to observe in the case of Cuba. We demand that our Nation's promise to Cuba shall be fulfilled in every particular. There being no longer any necessity for collecting war taxes, we demand relief from the taxes levied to carry on the war with Spain. We favor the immediate admission into the Union of States of the Territories of Arizona, New-Mexico and Oklahoma. We believe the National Government should lend encouragement and assistance toward the reclamation of the arid lands of the United States; and to that end, we are in favor of a comprehensive survey thereof, and an immediate ascertainment of the water supply available for such reclamation, and we believe it to be the duty of the general Government to provide for the construction of storage reservoirs and irrigation works so that the water supply of the arid region may be utilized to the greatest possible extent in the interest of the people, while preserving all rights of the States. Transportation is a public necessity, and the means and methods of it are matters of public concern. Transportation companies exercise an unwarranted power over industries, business and commerce, and should be made to serve the public interests without making unreasonable charges or unjust discriminations. We observe with satisfaction the growing sentiment among the people in favor of the public ownership and operation of public utilities. We are in favor of expanding our commerce in the interest of American labor and for the benefit of all our people by every honest and peaceful means. We are opposed to the importation of Asiatic laborers in competition with American labor; and favor a more rigid enforcement of the laws relating thereto. Our creed and our history justify the nations of the earth in expecting that, wherever the American flag is unfurled in authority, there human liberty and political freedom shall be found. We protest against the adoption of any policy that will change, in the thought of the world, the meaning of our flag. We insist that it shall never float over any ship or wave at the head of any column directed against the political independence of any people of any race or in any clime. The Silver Republican party of the United States, in the foregoing principles, seeks to perpetuate the spirit and to adhere to the teachings of Abraham Lincoln.

PEOPLE'S PARTY (Fusion).

The Fusion wing of the People's party met at Sioux Falls, S. D., on May 10, 1900, and nominated William J. Bryan and Charles A. Towne (of Minnesota) for President and Vice-President, respectively. In the platform the resolutions on imperialism and militarism deplored the conduct of the Administration in the Spanish-American War and denounced its conduct in connection with the Philippines. With reference to Porto Rico it was set forth that the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution and the American flag are one and inseparable. It was also declared that the island of Porto Rico is a part of the territory of the United States, made so by our promises

and the consent of the Porto Ricans themselves. There was a strong resolution o sympathy for the Boers, a declaration against the monopolizing of public land fo speculative purposes, a demand for a return to the original homestead policy, a declaration for the placing of all goods controlled by the trusts upon the free tarif list, a condemnation for the Governor of Idaho and the Federal Government in connection with the Coeur d'Alene troubles, and the usual demand for the initiative and referendum. Trusts were denounced, and the Populistic method for the control o public utilities, such as the railroads and the telegraphic systems, and of the issuance of money, was recommended as the proper remedy to cope with the trust evil. The gold standard act of the present Congress was denounced in strong terms, and it was asserted that, "while barring out the money of the Constitution this law opens the printing mints of the Treasury to the free coinage of paper money to enrich the few and impoverish the many." The party was pledged anew "never to cease agitation until the financial conspiracy is blotted from the statute books, the Lincoln greenback restored and the bonds all paid and all corporation money forever retired." The system of issuing injunctions in cases of dispute between employers and employes was under certain circumstances denounced as an evil. The election of President, Vice-President and United States Senators by direct vote of the people was urged, as also were Government ownership of railroads and telegraph lines, home rule in the Territories, the employment of idle labor on public works in time of depression, the payment of just pensions to disabled soldiers and the establishment of postal savings banks. On August 8 Mr. Towne withdrew, and on August 28 the National Executive Committee named Adlai E. Stevenson in his place.

POPULIST (Middle of the Road).

At Cincinnati, Ohio, on May 10, 1900, the Middle of the Road Populists nominated Wharton Barker for President and Ignatius Donnelly for Vice-President, and adopted a platform in substance as follows: (1) We demand the initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate or such changes of existing fundamental and statute law as will enable the people in their sovereign capacity to propose and compel the enactment of such laws as they desire; to reject such as they deem injurious to their interests, and to recall unfaithful public servants. (2) We demand the public ownership and operation of those means of communication, transportation and production which the people may elect, such as railroads, telegraph and telephone lines, coal mines, etc. (3) The land, including all natural sources of wealth, is a heritage of the people, and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited. All land now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only. (4) A scientific and absolute paper money, based upon the entire wealth and population of the Nation, not redeemable in any specific commodity, but made a full legal tender for all debts and receivable for all taxes and public dues and issued by the Government only without the intervention of banks and in sufficient quantity to meet the demands of commerce, is the best currency that can be devised; but until such a financial system is secured, which we shall press for adoption, we favor the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1. (5) We demand the levy and collection of a graduated tax on incomes and inheritances, and a constitutional amendment to secure the same, if necessary. (6) We demand the election of President, Vice-President, Federal Judges and United States Senators by direct vote of the people. (7) We are opposed to trusts, and declare the contention between the old parties on the monopoly question is a sham battle, and that no solution of this mighty problem is possible without the adoption of the principles of public ownership of public utilities.

PROHIBITION.

The Prohibition party held its National Convention at Chicago on June 27 and 28, 1900, and nominated John G. Woolley, of Chicago, for President, over Dr. S. C. Swallow, of Harrisburg, Penn.

Henry B. Metcalf, of Rhode Island, was nominated for Vice-President, and the Convention adopted a platform denouncing the liquor traffic, insisting on straightout prohibition as a National issue and attacking the Administration on the canteen question.

The Platform.

Among other things the platform said:

The Issue Presented.

We propose as a first step in the financial problems of the Nation to save more than a billion of dollars every year, now annually expended to support the liquor traffic and to demoralize our people. When that is accomplished, conditions will have so improved that with a clearer atmosphere the country can address itself to the questions as to the kind and quantity of currency needed.

We reaffirm as true indisputably the declaration of William Windom when Secretary of the Treasury in the Cabinet of President Arthur, that "Considered socially, financially, politically or morally, the licensed liquor traffic is or ought to be the overwhelming issue in American politics," and that "the destruction of this iniquity stands next on the calendar of the world's progress." We hold that the existence of our party presents this issue squarely to the American people, and lays upon them the responsibility of choice between liquor parties, dominated by distillers and brewers, with their policy of saloon perpetuation, breeding waste, wickedness, woe, pauperism, taxation, corruption and crime, and our one party of patriotic and moral principle, with a policy which defends it from domination by corrupt bosses and which insures it forever against the blighting control of saloon politics. We face with sorrow, shame and fear the awful fact that this liquor traffic has a grip on our

government, municipal, State and National, through the revenue system and saloon sovereignty, which no other party dares to dispute; a grip which dominates the party now in power, from caucus to Congress, from policeman to President, from the rum-shop to the White House; a grip which compels the Chief Executive to consent that law shall be nullified in behalf of the brewer, that the canteen shall curse our Army and spread intemperance across the seas, and that our flag shall wave as the symbol of partnership at home and abroad between this Government and the men who defy and defile it for their unholy gain.

The President Arraigned.

We charge upon President McKinley, who was elected to his high office by appeals to Christian sentiment and patriotism almost unprecedented and by a combination of moral influences never before seen in this country, that, by his conspicuous example as a winedrinker at public banquets and as a wine serving host in the White House, he has done more to encourage the liquor business, to demoralize the temperance habits of young men, and to bring Christian practices and requirements into disrepute, than any other President this Republic has ever had. We further charge upon President McKinley responsibility for the Army canteen, with all its dire brood of disease, immorality, sin and death, in this country, in Cuba, in Porto Rico and the Philippines; and we insist that by his attitude concerning the canteen, and his apparent contempt for the vast number of petitions and petitioners protesting against it, he has outraged and insulted the moral sentiment of this country in such a manner and to such a degree as calls for its righteous uprising and his indignant and effective rebuke. We challenge denial of the fact that our Chief Executive, as commander in chief of the military forces of the United States, at any time prior to or since March 2, 1899, could have closed every Army saloon, called a canteen, by executive order, as President Hayes in effect did before him, and should have closed them, for the same reason that actuated President Hayes; we assert that the act of Congress passed March 2, 1899, forbidding the sale of liquor, "in any post exchange or canteen," by any "officer or private soldier" or by "any other person on any premises used for military purposes in the United States," was and is as explicit an act of prohibition as the English language can frame; we declare our solemn belief that the Attorney-General of the United States in his interpretation of that law, and the Secretary of War in his acceptance of that interpretation and his refusal to enforce the law, were and are guilty of treasonable nullification thereof, and that President McKinley, through his assent to and indorsement of such interpretation and refusal on the part of officials appointed by and responsible to him, shares responsibility in their guilt; and we record our conviction that a new and serious peril confronts our country, in the fact that its President, at the behest of the beer power, dare and does abrogate a law of Congress, through subordinates removable at will by him and whose acts become his, and thus virtually confesses that laws are to be administered or to be nullified in the interest of a law defying business, by an Administration under mortgage to such business for support.

Foreign Liquor Policy Condemned.

We deplore the fact that an Administration of this Republic claiming the right and power to carry our flag across seas, and to conquer and annex new territory, should admit its lack of power to prohibit the American saloon on subjugated soil, or should openly confess itself subject to liquor sovereignty under that flag. We are humiliated, exasperated and grieved by the evidence, painfully abundant, that this Administration's policy of expansion is bearing so rapidly its first fruits of drunkenness, insanity and crime under the hothouse sun of the tropics; and when the president of the first Philippine Commission says "It was unfortunate that we introduced and established the saloon there, to corrupt the natives and to exhibit the vices of our race," we charge the inhumanity and un-Christianity of this act upon the Administration of William McKinley and upon the party which elected and would perpetuate the same. We declare that the only policy which the Government of the United States can of right uphold as to the liquor traffic, under the National Constitution, upon any territory under the military or civil control of that Government, is the policy of prohibition; that "to establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity," as the Constitution provides, the liquor traffic must neither be sanctioned nor tolerated, and that the revenue policy which makes our Government a partner with distillers and brewers and barkeepers is a disgrace to our civilization, an outrage upon humanity and a crime against God. We condemn the present Administration at Washington because it has repealed the prohibitory laws in Alaska, and has given over the partly civilized tribes there to be the prey of the American grog shop; and because it has entered upon a license policy in our new possessions by incorporating the same in the recent act of Congress in the code of laws for the government of the Hawaiian Islands. We call general attention to the fearful fact that exportation of liquors from the United States to the Philippine Islands increased in value from $337 in 1898 to $467,198 in the first ten months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900; and that while our exportation of liquors to Cuba never reached $30,000 a year previous to American occupation of that island, our exports of such liquors to Cuba during the fiscal year of 1899 reached the sum of $629,855.

Call to Moral and Christian Citizenship.

One great religious body (the Baptist) having truly declared of the liquor traffic "that it has no defensible right to exist, that it can never be reformed, and that it stands condemned by its unrighteous fruits as a thing un-Christian, un-American, and perilous utterly to every interest in life;" another great religious body (the Methodist) having as truly asserted and reiterated that "no political party has a right to expect, nor should it receive, the votes

of Christian men so long as it stands committed to the license system, or refuses t put itself on record in an attitude of open hostility to the saloon;" other great re ligious bodies having made similar deliverances, in language plain and unequivoca as to the liquor traffic and the duty of Christian citizenship in opposition thereto; an the fact being plain and undeniable that the Democratic party stands for license, th saloon and the canteen, while the Republican party, in policy and administratio stands for the canteen, the saloon and the revenue therefrom, we declare ourselve justified in expecting that Christian voters everywhere shall cease their complicit with the liquor curse by refusing to uphold a liquor party, and shall unite themselve with the only party which upholds the prohibition policy, and which for nearly thirt years has been the faithful defender of the Church, the State, the home and th school, against the saloon, its expanders and perpetuators, their actual and persister foes. We declare that there are but two real parties to-day, concerning the liquc traffic—perpetuationists and Prohibitionists; and that patriotism, Christianity, an every interest of genuine and of pure democracy, besides the loyal demands of ou common humanity, require the speedy union, in one solid phalanx at the ballot bo of all who oppose the liquor traffic's perpetuation, and who covet endurance for thi Republic.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS.

The present Social Democratic party is the result of the amalgamation of th original Social Democratic party, founded on June 13, 1898, at Chicago, Ill., and th Socialist Labor Party, formed some years ago in New-York City. This amalgamatio was brought about by the Socialist Labor party, in convention at Rochester, N. Y., i January, 1900, appointing a committee to meet with the convention of the Socia Democratic party at Indianapolis, Ind., in March, 1900. This convention appointed committee, and the two committees met in New-York City on March 25, and sub mitted to the referendum of both parties a plan of union, which was adopted July 1(and a Provisional Executive Committee chosen. At Chicago, on September 29, th nomination of Eugene V. Debs, of Illinois, for the Presidency, and Job Harriman, c California, for the Vice-Presidency, was ratified. The following platform was adopted

The Platform.

September 28.—The Social Democratic party of the United States, in conventio assembled, reaffirms its allegiance to the revolutionary principles of International So cialism and declares the supreme political issue in America to-day to be the contest be tween the working class and the capitalist class for the possession of the powers of gov ernment. The party affirms its steadfast purpose to use those powers, once achieved, t destroy wage slavery abolish the institution of private property in the means of produc tion, and establish the co-operative Commonwealth. In the United States, as in al other civilized countries, the natural order of economic development has separated soci ety into two antagonistic classes—the capitalists, a comparatively small class, the pos sessors of all the modern means of production and distribution (land, mines, machiner and means of transportation and communication), and the large and ever increasin class of wage workers, possessing no means of production. This economic supremacy ha secured to the dominant class the full control of the government, the pulpit, the school and the public press; it has thus made the capitalist class the arbiter of the fat of the workers, whom it is reducing to a condition of dependence, economically exploit ed and oppressed, intellectually and physically crippled and degraded, and their politica equality rendered a bitter mockery. The contest between these two classes grows eve sharper. Hand in hand with the growth of monopolies goes the annihilation of small in dustries and of the middle class depending upon them; ever larger grows the multitud of destitute wage workers and of the unemployed, and ever fiercer the struggle betwee the class of the exploiter and the exploited, the capitalists and the wage workers. Th evil effects of capitalist production are intensified by the recurring industrial crise which render the existence of the greater part of the population still more precariou and uncertain. These facts amply prove that the modern means of production hav outgrown the existing social order based on production for profit. Human energ and natural resources are wasted for individual gain. Ignorance is fostered that wag slavery may be perpetuated. Science and invention are perverted to the exploitatio of men, women, and children. The lives and liberties of the working class are reck lessly sacrificed for profit. Wars are fomented between nations; indiscriminat slaughter is encouraged; the destruction of whole races is sanctioned, in order tha the capitalist class may extend its commercial dominion abroad and enhance its su premacy at home. The introduction of a new and higher order of society is the his toric mission of the working class All other classes, despite their apparent or actua conflicts, are interested in upholding the system of private ownership in the means o production. The Democratic, Republican, and all other parties which do not stan for the complete overthrow of the capitalist system of production are alike the tool of the capitalist class. Their policies are injurious to the interest of the workin class, which can be served only by the abolition of the profit system. The workers ca most effectively act as a class in their struggle against the collective power of th capitalist class only by constituting themselves into a political party, distinct an opposed to all parties formed by the propertied classes. We, therefore, call upon th wage workers of the United States without distinction of color, race, sex, or creed and upon all citizens in sympathy with the historic mission of the working class, t organize under the banner of the Social Democratic party, as a party truly represent ing the interests of the toiling masses and uncompromisingly waging war upon th exploiting class, until the system of wage slavery shall be abolished and the co-opera tive Commonwealth shall be set up. Pending the accomplishment of this our ulti mate purpose, we pledge every effort of the Social Democratic party for the im

mediate improvement of the condition of labor and for the securing of its progressive demands. As steps in that direction, we make the following demands. First—Revision of our Federal Constitution, in order to remove the obstacles to complete control of government by the people, irrespective of sex. Second—The public ownership of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines. Third—The public ownership of all railroads, telegraphs and telephones; all means of transportation; all waterworks, gas and electric plants, and other public utilities. Fourth—The public ownership of all gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, coal and other mines, and all oil and gas wells. Fifth—The reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the increasing facilities of production. Sixth—The inauguration of a system of public works and improvements for the employment of the unemployed the public credit to be utilized for that purpose. Seventh—Useful inventions to be free the inventors to be remunerated by the public. Eighth—Labor legislation to be National, instead of local, and international when possible. Ninth—National insurance of working people against accidents, lack of employment, and want in old age. Tenth—Equal civil and political rights for men and women and the abolition of all laws discriminating against women. Eleventh—The adoption of the initiative and referendum, proportional representation, and the right of recall of representatives by the voters. Twelfth—Abolition of war and the introduction of international arbitration

SOCIALIST LABOR.

The National Convention met in New-York City on June 2, 1900, and nominated Joseph F. Mallonev, of Massachusetts, for President, and Valentine Remmel, of Pennsylvania, for Vice-President on June 6.

The Platform.

It readopted the declaration of principles of 1896, as follows:

June 2.—The Socialist Labor party of the United States, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable right of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. With the founders of the American Republic we hold that the purpose of government is to secure every citizen in the enjoyment of this right; but in the light of our social conditions we hold, furthermore, that no such right can be exercised under a system of economic inequality, essentially destructive of life, of liberty and of happiness. With the founders of this Republic we hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be owned and controlled by the whole people; but in the light of our industrial development we hold, furthermore, that the true theory of economics is that the machinery of production must likewise belong to the people in common. To the obvious fact that our despotic system of economics is the direct opposite of our democratic system of politics can plainly be traced the existence of a privileged class, the corruption of government by that class, the alienation of public property, public franchises and public functions to that class, and the abject dependence of the mightiest of nations upon that class. Again, through the perversion of democracy to the ends of plutocracy, labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessaries of life. Human power and natural forces are thus wasted, that the plutocracy may rule. Ignorance and misery, with all their concomitant evils, are perpetuated, that the people may be kept in bondage. Science and invention are diverted from their humane purpose to the enslavement of women and children. Against such a system the Socialist Labor party once more enters its protest. Once more it reiterates its fundamental declaration that private property in the natural sources of production and in the instruments of labor is the obvious cause of all economic servitude and political dependence. The time is fast coming when, in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalistic combinations on the other hand, shall have worked out its own downfall. We therefore call upon the wage workers of the United States, and upon all other honest citizens, to organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor party into a class-conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them by taking possession of the public powers; so that, held together by an indomitable spirit of solidarity under the most trying conditions of the present class struggle, we may put a summary end to that barbarous struggle by the abolition of classes, the restoration of the land and of all the means of production, transportation and distribution to the people as a collective body, and the substitution of the co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder; a Commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

The fourth annual session of the Supreme Council of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union was held in Washington, D. C., on February 6, 7 and 8, 1900, and pledged its support to the candidates chosen by the Democratic party for President and Vice-President, on the following platform: Whereas, The Declaration of Independence, as a basis of a republican form of government that might be progressive and perpetual, "That all men are created equal, that they are endowed with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed,"

We hold, therefore, that to restore and preserve these rights under a republican

form of government, private monopolies of public necessities for speculative purpose

Public Ownership.

whether of the means of production, distribution or e change, should be prohibited, and whenever such publ necessity or utility becomes a monopoly in private hand the people of the municipality, State or Union, as the case may be, shall appropria the same by right of eminent domain, paying a just value therefor, and operate the for and in the interest of the whole people.

We demand a National currency, safe, sound and flexible; issued by the gener Government only, a full legal tender for all debts and receivable for all dues, and s

Finance.

equitable and efficient means of distribution of this cu rency, directly to the people, at the minimum of expen and without the intervention of banking corporations ar in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis: (a) W demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to (b) We demand a graduated income tax. (c) That our National legislation shall be framed in the future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another. (d) W believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in th hands of the people, and hence we demand that all National and State revenues shs be limited to the necessary expenses of the Government economically and honestly a ministered. (e) We demand that postal savings banks be established by the Gover ment for the safe deposit of the savings of the people, and to facilitate exchang (f) We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest bearir bonds, and demand the payment of all coin obligations of the United States, as pr vided by existing laws, in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the Governme and not at the option of the creditor.

(a) The Government shall purchase or construct and operate a sufficient milea of railroads to effectually control all rates of transportation on a just and equitab basis. (b) The telegraph and telephone, like the postoffi

Transportation.

system, being a necessity for the transmission of intell gence, should be owned and operated by the Governme in the interest of the people.

We demand that no land shall be held by corporations for speculative purpos

Land Ownership.

or by railroads in excess of their needs as carriers, ar all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by t Government and held for actual settlers only.

We demand the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the peopl

Election of United States Senators.

that each State shall be divided into two districts of near equal voting population, and that a Senator from eac shall be elected by the people of the district.

Relying upon the good common sense of the American people, and believing th a majority of them, when uninfluenced by party prejudice, will vote right on a

Direct Legislation.

questions submitted to them on their merits; and furth to effectually annihilate the pernicious lobby in legislatio we demand direct legislation by means of the initiati referendum. We demand free mail delivery in the rural districts. We demand th the inhabitants of all the territory coming to the United States as a result of the wa with Spain be as speedily as possible permitted to organize a free government their own, based upon the consent of the governed.

AMERICAN LEAGUE OF ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

The Liberty Congress of the American League of Anti-Imperialists met at In dianapolis, Ind., on August 16, 1900, and after vigorous opposition by members of the Na tional or "Third Ticket" Convention, who were also admitted as delegates to the Anti Imperialist Congress, indorsed the candidacy of William J. Bryan for President. Th platform and resolutions were adopted by a viva voce vote, and the exact vote wi probably never be known. The platform, as adopted, was as follows:

This Liberty Congress of Anti-Imperialists recognizes a great National crisi which menaces the Republic, upon whose future depends in such large measure th

A Great National Crisis.

hope of freedom throughout the world. For the first tim in our country's history the President has undertaken t subjugate a foreign people and to rule them by despoti power. He has thrown the protection of the flag ove slavery and polygamy in the Sulu Islands. He has abrogated to himself the power t impose upon the inhabitants of the Philippines government without their consent an taxation without representation. He is waging war upon them for asserting the ver principles for the maintenance of which our forefathers pledged their lives, thei fortunes and their sacred honor. He claims for himself and Congress authority t govern the territories of the United States without constitutional restraint. We believ in the Declaration of Independence. Its truths, not less self-evident to-day tha when first announced by our fathers, are of universal application and cannot b abandoned while government by the people endures. We believe in the Constitutio of the United States. It gives the President and Congress certain limited powers an secures to every man within the jurisdiction of our Government certain essentia rights. We deny that either the President or Congress can govern any person any where outside the Constitution.

We are absolutely opposed to the policy of President McKinley, which proposes t govern millions of men without their consent, which in Porto Rico establishes taxatio without representation, and government by the arbitrar

Against Policy of Administration.

will of a legislature unfettered by constitutional restrain and in the Philippines prosecutes a war of conquest an demands unconditional surrender from a people who are o

ght free and independent. The struggle of men for freedom has ever been a struggle or constitutional liberty. There is no liberty if the citizen has no right which the egislature may not invade, if he may be taxed by the Legislature in which he is ot represented, or if he is not protected by fundamental law against the arbitrary ction of executive power. The policy of the President offers the inhabitants of Porto ico, Hawaii and the Philippines no hope of independence, no prospect of American itizenship, no constitutional protection, no representation in the Congress which taxes iem. This is the government of men by arbitrary power without their consent. his is imperialism. There is no room under the free flag of America for subjects. he President and Congress, who derive all their powers from the Constitution, can overn no man without regard to its limitations.

Censorship Condemned.

We believe the greatest safeguard of liberty is a free press, and we demand that the censorship in the Philippines, which keeps from the American people the knowledge of what is done in their name, be abolished. We are entitled to know the truth, and we insist that the powers which the President holds a trust for us shall be not used to suppress it.

What the People Should Do.

Because we thus believe, we oppose the re-election of Mr. McKinley. The supreme purpose of the people in this momentous campaign should be to stamp with their final disapproval his attempt to grasp imperial power. A self-governing people can have no more imperative duty than to drive from public life a Chief Magistrate who, whether in weakness or of wicked purpose, has used his emporary authority to subvert the character of their government and to destroy their ational ideals.

Recommendations Urged.

We, therefore, in the belief that it is essential at this crisis for the American eople again to declare their faith in the universal application of the Declaration of Independence and to reassert their will that their servants shall not have or exercise any powers whatever other than those conferred by the Constitution, earnestly make the following recommendations to our countrymen: First, that, ithout regard to their views on minor questions of domestic policy, they withhold eir votes from Mr. McKinley, in order to stamp with their disapproval what he has one. Second, that they vote for those candidates for Congress in their respective istricts who will oppose the policy of imperialism. Third, while we welcome any ther method of opposing the re-election of Mr. McKinley, we advise direct support Mr. Bryan as the most effective means of crushing imperialism. We are convinced f Mr. Bryan's sincerity and of his earnest purpose to secure to the Filipinos their ndependence His position and the declarations contained in the platform of his arty on the vital issue of the campaign meet our unqualified approval. We recomend that the Executive committees of the American Anti Imperialist League and its llied leagues continue and extend their organizations, preserving the independence of he movement; and that they take the most active part possible in the pending political ampaign.

Responsibility for Slaughter.

Until now the policy which has turned the Filipinos from warm friends to bitter nemies, which has slaughtered thousands of them and laid waste their country, has been the policy of the President After the next election it becomes the policy of every man who votes to re-elect him and who thus becomes with him responsible for every drop of blood thereafter shed. The congress adopted the resolutions as reported by the committee by a viva voce vote. Less than a score of delegates voted against them.

The following resolution, proposed by W. S. Holden, of Chicago, was added to the latform as reported: Resolved, That in declaring that the principles of the Declaration of Independence apply to all men, this Congress means to include the negro race in America as well as the Filipinos. We deprecate all efforts, whether in the South or in the North, to deprive the negro of his rights as a citizen under he Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States.

Rights of the Negro.

THIRD PARTY.

About one hundred volunteer delegates from several States met in Carnegie Hall, ew-York City, September 5, 1900, and nominated Senator Donelson Caffery, of Louisiana, for President, and Archibald Murray Howe, of Cambridge, Mass., for Vice-President. The Committee on Platform, composed of Professor Francis P. Nash, of Hobart ollege; Louis D. Lacroix, of Oxford, N. C.; Professor Edward G. Bourne, of Yale; W. . Lloyd, of this city, and Edward Waldo Emerson, of Concord, Mass., a son of Ralph aldo Emerson, presented the following platform, which was adopted:

We, citizens of the United States of America, assembled for the purpose of deending the wise and conservative principles which underly our Government, thus declare our aims and purposes: We find our country threatened with alternative perils. n the one hand is a public opinion misled by organized forces of commercialism that ave perverted a war intended by the people to be a war of humanity into a war of onquest. On the other is a public opinion swayed by demagogic appeals to factional nd class passions, the most fatal of diseases to a republic. We believe that either f these influences, if unchecked, would ultimately compass the downfall of our country, but we also believe that neither represents the sober conviction of our countrymen. onvinced that the extension of the jurisdiction of the United States for the purpose f holding foreign people as colonial dependents is an innovation dangerous to our

liberties and repugnant to the principles upon which our Government is founded, w pledge our earnest efforts through all constitutional means, first, to procure the re nunciation of all imperial or colonial pretensions with regard to foreign countrie claimed to have been acquired through or in consequence of military or naval opera tions of the last two years. Second, we further pledge our efforts to secure a singl gold standard and a sound banking system. Third, to secure a public service based o merit only. Fourth, to secure the abolition of all corrupting special privileges whether under the guise of subsidies, bounties, undeserved pensions or trust breedin tariffs.

Senator Caffery and Mr Howe withdrew September 21, and on September 26 i was decided to nominate single electors-at-large wherever practicable. This was don in some States for the benefit of voters who objected to the Republican or Democrati platforms. At the New-York conference the name "National Party" was approved but the name "Third Party" was admitted to be that most familiar to the genera public.

UNION REFORM.

Early in January, 1900, the National Committee of the Union Reform party, whicl favors direct legislation, appointed a Canvassing Board, which sent out ballots to mem bers of the party for votes for candidates for President and Vice-President. The balloting continued through February and March In April the Canvassing Board announce that Seth H. Ellis, of Ohio, and Samuel T. Nicholson, of Pennsylvania, had been nomi nated for President and Vice-President respectively on the platform adopted by th Union Reform party at Cincinnati on March 1, 1899, and reaffirmed by the Ohio Stat Convention August 22, 1899, as follows: Direct legislation under the system known as th initiative and referendum. Under the "initiative" the people can compel the submission to themselves of any desired law, when, if it receives a majority of the votes cast it is thereby enacted. Under the "referendum" the people can compel the submissio to themselves of any law which has been adopted by any legislative body, when, if such law fails to receive a majority of the votes cast, it will be thereby rejected. The convention adopted an appeal in part as follows: We see no need or benefit from part except a party to secure direct legislation. We have attached ourselves to th Union Reform party for direct legislation only. Government direct by the peopl will not come as a voluntary concession from the holders of political power These controllers of parties will not permit of referendum of acts and expenditures they will not give to the people initiatory and mandatory rights, because to do s would be to destroy their own useless but lucrative occupations. These party "bosses" who monopolize political opportunity are the allies and supporters of all monopolies. We all believe that conditions can be made better or worse by legislation. The corporations know this and act accordingly. Truly they contribute to the election of candidates, but their great contributions are direct to the machine.

UNITED CHRISTIAN.

At a convention held at Rock Island, Ill., May 1 and 2, 1900, the United Christian party, devoted to the spread of moral and religious ideas in Government, placed in nomination the Rev. S. C. Swallow, of Pennsylvania, for President, and John G. Woolley, of Illinois, for Vice-President. These candidates withdrew, and Jonah F. R. Leonard, of Iowa, and David H. Martin, of Pennsylvania, were nominated in their stead on a platform which declared: We believe the time to have arrived when the eternal principles of justice, mercy and love as exemplified in the life and teachings of Jesus Christ should be embodied in the Constitution of our Nation and applied in concrete form to every function of our government. We deprecate certain immoral laws which have grown out of the failure of our Nation to recognize these principles, notably such as require the desecration of the Christian Sabbath., authorize unscriptural marriage and divorce license the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and permit the sale of cigarettes or tobacco in any form to minors. As an expression of consent or allegiance on the part of the governed, in harmony with the above statements, we declare for the adoption and use of the system of direct legislation known as the "initiative and referendum," together with "proportionate representation" and the "imperative mandate." We hold that all men and women are created free and with equa rights, and declare for the establishment of such political, industrial and social conditions as shall guarantee to every person civic equality, the full fruits of his or he honest toil, and opportunity for the righteous enjoyment of the same; and we especially condemn mob violence and outrages against any individual or class of individuals i our country. We declare against war and for the arbitration of all National and international disputes. We hold that the legalized liquor traffic is the crowning infamy o civilization, and we declare for the immediate abolition of the manufacture and sal of intoxicating liquors as a beverage. We are gratified to note the widespread agitation of the cigarette question, and declare ourselves in favor of the enactment of law prohibiting the sale of cigarettes or tobacco in any form to minors. We declare for th daily reading of the Bible in the public schools and institutions of learning under con trol of the State. We declare for the Government ownership of public utilities. W declare for the election of the President and Vice-President and United States Senator by the direct vote of the people. We declare for such amendment of the United State Constitution as shall be necessary to give the principles herein set forth an undeniabl legal basis in the fundamental law of our land. We invite into the United Christia party every honest man and woman who believes in Christ and His golden rule an standard of righteousness.

ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL PARTIES.

REPUBLICAN.

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.—Chairman, Marcus A. Hanna, Cleveland, Ohio; vice-chairman, Henry C. Payne, Milwaukee, Wis.; secretary, Perry S. Heath, Salt Lake City, Utah; treasurer, Cornelius N. Bliss, New-York City; assistant treasurer, Volney W. Foster, Chicago, Ill.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Marcus A. Hanna, Ohio; Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin; Perry S. Heath, Utah; Richard C. Kerens, Missouri; Graeme Stewart, Illinois; Harry S. New, Indiana; Joseph H. Manley, Maine; Nathan B. Scott, West Virginia; Franklin Murphy, New-Jersey; Cornelius N. Bliss, New-York.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

State or Ter.	Member.	P. O. address.
Ala.	J. W. Demmick,	Montgomery.
Ark.	Powell Clayton,	Eureka Springs.
Cal.	W. C. Van Fleet,	San Francisco.
Col.	A. M. Stevenson,	Denver.
Conn.	Charles F. Brooker,	Ansonia.
Del.	John Edward Addicks,	Wilmington.
Fla.	———,	———.
Ga.	Judson W. Lyons,	Augusta.
Idaho.	D. W. Standrod,	Pocatello.
Ill.	Graeme Stewart,	Chicago.
Ind.	Harry S. New,	Indianapolis.
Iowa.	Ernest E. Hart,	Council Bluffs.
Kan.	David W. Mulvane,	Topeka.
Ky.	John W. Yerkes,	Danville.
La.	Lewis S. Clark,	Patterson.
Me.	Joseph H. Manley,	Augusta.
Md.	Louis E. McComas,	Williamsport.
Mass.	George V. L. Meyer,	Boston.
Mich.	John W. Blodgett,	Grand Rapids.
Minn.	Thomas H. Shevlin,	Minneapolis.
Miss.	H. C. Turley,	Natchez.
Mo.	Richard C. Kerens,	St. Louis.
Mont.	C. H. McLeon,	Missoula.
Neb.	R. B. Schneider,	Fremont.
Nev.	Patrick L. Flanigan,	Reno.
N. H.	J. H. Gallinger,	Concord.
N. J.	Franklin Murphy,	Newark.
N. Y.	George R. Sheldon,	New-York.
N. C.	J. C. Pritchard,	Marshall.
N. Dak.	Alexander McKenzie,	Bismarck.
Ohio.	Myron T. Herrick,	Cleveland.
Ore.	George A. Steel,	Portland.
Penn.	M. Stanley Quay,	Beaver.
R. I.	Charles R. Brayton,	Providence.
S. C.	John G. Capers,	Charleston.
S. Dak.	J. M. Greene,	Chamberlain.
Tenn.	Walter P. Brownlow,	Jonesboro.
Tex.	R. B. Hawley,	Galveston.
Utah.	O. J. Salisbury,	Salt Lake City.
Vt.	James W. Brock,	Montpelier.
Va.	George E. Bowden,	Norfolk.
Wash.	George H. Baker,	Goldendale.
W. Va.	N. B. Scott,	Wheeling.
Wis.	Henry C. Payne,	Milwaukee.
Wyo.	Willis D. Vandeventer,	Cheyenne.
Alaska.	John G. Healdt,	Juneau.
Arizona.	W. M. Griffith,	Florence.
N. Mexico.	Solomon Luna,	Las Lunas.
Oklahoma.	William Grimes,	Kingfisher.
Ind. Ter.	William M. Mellette,	Muskogee.
Dist. of C.	Myron M. Parker,	Washington.
Hawaii.	Samuel Parker,	Honolulu.

DEMOCRATIC.

OFFICERS OF NATIONAL COMMITTEE.—J. K. Jones, chairman, Washington; J. J. Stone, vice-chairman, St. Louis; C. A. Walsh, secretary; Ottumwa, Iowa; M. F. Dunlap, treasurer, Jacksonville, Ill. Headquarters National Committee, Washington, D.C.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—James K. Jones, chairman, Washington; J. G. Johnson, vice-chairman, Peabody, Kan.; C. A. Walsh, secretary, Ottumwa, Iowa; W. J. Stone, St. Louis, Mo.; H. D. Clayton, Eufaula, Ala.; D. J. Campau, Detroit, Mich.; Thomas Gahan, Chicago, Ill.; J. M. Guffey, Pittsburg, Penn.; George Fred. Williams, Boston, Mass.; T. D. O'Brien, St. Paul, Minn.; Thomas Taggart, Indianapolis, Ind.; James C. Dahlman, Omaha, Neb.; Norman E. Mack, Buffalo, N. Y.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

State or Ter.	Member.	P. O. address.
Ala.	Henry D. Clayton,	Eufaula.
Ark.	James P. Clark,	Little Rock.
Cal.	M. F. Tarpey,	Alameda.
Col.	Adair Wilson,	Denver.
Conn.	Homer S. Cummings,	Stamford.
Del.	R. R. Kenny,	Dover.
Fla.	George P. Raney,	Tallahassee.
Ga.	Clark Howell,	Atlanta.
Idaho	E. M. Wolfe,	Mountain Home.
Ill.	Thomas Gahan,	Chicago.
Ind.	Thomas Taggart,	Indianapolis.
Iowa	C. A. Walsh,	Ottumwa.
Kan.	J. G. Johnson,	Peabody.
Ky.	Urey Woodson,	Owensboro.
La.	N. C. Blanchard,	Shreveport.
Me.	George E. Hughes,	Bath.
Md.	Arthur P. Gorman,	Laurel.
Mass.	George Fred Williams,	Boston.
Mich.	Daniel J. Campau,	Detroit.
Minn.	T. D. O'Brien,	St. Paul.
Miss.	A. H. Longino,	Jackson.
Mo.	William J. Stone,	St. Louis.
Mont.	John S. M. Neill,	Helena
Neb.	James C. Dahlman,	Omaha.
Nev.	J. R. Ryan,	Virginia City.
N. H.	True L. Norris,	Portsmouth.
N. J.	W. B. Gourley,	Paterson.
N. Y.	Norman E. Mack,	Buffalo.
N. C.	Josephus Daniels,	Raleigh.
N. Dak.	J. B. Eaton,	Fargo.
Ohio	John R. McLean,	Cincinnati.
Ore.	M. A. Miller,	Lebanon.
Penn.	J. M. Guffey,	Pittsburg.
R. I.	George W. Green,	Woonsocket.
S. C.	B. R. Tillman,	Trenton.
S. Dak.	Maris Taylor,	Huron.
Tenn.	James M. Head,	Nashville.
Tex.	R. M. Johnston,	Houston.
Utah	David C. Dunbar,	Salt Lake City.
Vt.	John H. Senter	Montpelier.
Va.	J. Taylor Ellyson,	Richmond.
Wash.	W. H. Dunphy,	Walla Walla.
W. Va.	John T. McGraw,	Grafton.
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Wyo.	John E. Osborne,	Rawlins.
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Ind. Ter.	———,	———.
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[1]SOCIALIST.

National secretary, William Mailly, 303-304 McCague Building, Omaha, Neb.

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[1]Was formerly Social Democratic party and used that party designation in 1900.

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Tex.—James R. Wells, Brownsville.
Utah.—Frank J. Cannon, Ogden.
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Va.—J. Taylor Ellyson, Richmond.
Wash.—Henry Drum, Olympia.
W. Va.—J. H. Miller, Hinton.
Wis.—A. F. Warden, Milwaukee.
Wyo.—F. D. Hammond, Casper.

STATE PLATFORMS OF 1903.

COLORADO.

The Republican State Convention, at Denver, September 29, adopted these resolutions: "The Republican party of Colorado recognizes that a judicial convention should be divorced as far as possible from partisan politics; however, we

Republican. cannot meet without sending our greetings to the Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, the President of the United States, and approve with pride his splendid administration, his high and patriotic purposes, and renew here our devotion to the principles which he represents and which he has so patriotically exemplified in the splendid administration which he has given to the whole country. And we particularly approve and commend his respect and devotion to law and order, the effort he has made to bring all persons, rich and poor alike, in obedience to it and within its protection and power. We believe in the supremacy of law, and every citizen of the State is entitled to its protection. Life and property must be made secure and the entire power of the State should be used to guarantee to every citizen his rights under the constitution." Election frauds in the city of Denver were denounced and an honest ballot was demanded.

The Democratic State Convention at Denver, September 7, contented itself with declaring "The Democracy of Colorado, in convention assembled, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles enunciated by the last National Democratic

Democratic. Convention, held in Kansas City." No other reference was made to national politics. The platform deplored labor differences in the State, denounced the State Board of Equalization for reducing corporate property assessments, and urged the Legislature to pass legislation making operative the eight hour amendment to the State Constitution.

The Populist State Convention, at Denver, September 21, adopted a platform dealing exclusively with State issues, demanding Governor Peabody's impeachment and denouncing the sending of militia to keep order in the strike district at

Populist. Cripple Creek. This single plank was of national interest: "We denounce the Democratic party as being 'all things to all men' and earnest in nothing. In proof thereof, we show that the party is as willing to follow Cleveland as Bryan, and Hill as either, to readopt the Omaha platform which it stole at Kansas City, or to repudiate it in its entirety at the dictation of Wall Street, if thought necessary to elect Cleveland or some other candidate of similar views."

IOWA.

The Republican State Convention at Des Moines, July 1, adopted declarations restating and modifying the "Iowa Idea." The planks of chief importance follow:

"We reiterate our faith in the historic principle of protection.

Republican. Under its influence our country, foremost in the bounties of nature, has become foremost in production. It has enabled the laborer to successfully insist upon good wages and has induced capital to engage in production with a reasonable hope of a fair reward. Its vindication is found in the history of its success and the rapidity with which our national resources have been developed and our industrial independence secured, and we heartily renew our pledge to maintain it.

"Tariff rates enacted to carry this policy into effect should be just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism, and must from time to time be changed to meet the varying conditions incident to the progress of our industries and their changing relations in our foreign and domestic commerce. Duties that are too low should be increased, and duties that are too high should be reduced.

"We indorse the policy of reciprocity as the natural complement of protection. Reciprocity between nations is trade for mutual advantage, and both sides must give and take. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade and secures our own markets for ourselves; reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus. We approve the treaty with Cuba recently ratified as conferring substantial benefits upon both countries, and urge that the remaining steps necessary to make it effective be promptly taken.

"We believe that the large corporations commonly called 'trusts' should be so regulated and supervised, both in their organization and operation, that their evil tendencies may be checked and their evil practices prevented. In many instances they are efficient industrial instruments and the natural outcome of an inevitable process of economic evolution. We do not desire their destruction, but insist that they shall be so regulated and controlled as to prevent monopoly and promote competition, and in the fullest measure subserve and advance the public good.

"The patriotic and resolute course of the President of the United States in his recommendations to Congress upon this subject and upon the related subject of the further regulation of interstate commerce commands our confidence and admiration, and recent legislation of Congress in harmony with his recommendations meets our hearty approval.

"We note with satisfaction the gradual improvement of conditions in our relations with the Philippine Islands under an administration policy, avoiding the necessity for control through military power, and we recommend the steady progress made in the preparation of the Philippine people for the fullest practical degree of self-government.

"We renew our allegiance to the principle of the gold standard, as enunciated in the national platform of the National Republican conventions in 1896 and 1900, which resulted in the establishment of the parity of all our money and the stability of our currency on a gold basis.

"We are earnestly opposed to all legislation designed to accomplish the disfranchisement of citizens upon lines of race, color or station in life, and condemn the measures adopted by the Democratic party in certain States of the Union to accomplish that end.

"We commend entirely and without reservation the administration of President Roosevelt. Called as he was to the office of Chief Executive under the most trying circumstances, his fidelity to the public welfare, the wisdom and moderation of his utterances and counsel, and the painstaking zeal which he brings to the performance of all his duties, command our respect and admiration.

"Iowa Republicans, in common with the Republicans of the entire nation, expect and desire his unanimous nomination as his own successor."

The Democratic State Convention at Des Moines, June 24, defeated by a vote of 363 9-10 to 354 1-10 a resolution reaffirming the Democratic national platform of 1900. It adopted these declarations on national issues:

Democratic. "We are unalterably opposed to the policy of imperialism by this government, instituted, fostered and maintained by the Republican party. And we demand that our government shall declare it to be its purpose and without delay adopt such measures as shall give to the people of the Philippine Islands and Porto Rico their inalienable rights to self-government.

"We condemn the Republican party for its financial policies, which would foist upon the country an unstable currency based upon uncertain private securities.

"We protest against the plan presented in the Aldrich bill, recently before the United States Senate, by which the money of the nation shall be loaned to capitalists upon the bonds and securities of private corporations as an effort to give value and stability to watered bonds and securities of corporations and trusts, many of which are maintaining monopolies in defiance of law and public sentiment.

"We insist that the integrity of the money of the nation be guarded with jealous care, and demand that it shall be sufficient in volume to meet the needs of the business interests of the country, and that it shall be safeguarded by careful legislation, so as to prevent the gamblers of Wall Street from cornering the money market thus inflicting untold injury upon the smaller business men, the farmers, and the laborers of the land.

"We deplore the corrupt condition of the government service in the Postoffice Department, and demand a thorough investigation of that and other departments by a Congressional committee, publicity as to such conditions, and punishment of all wrongdoers.

"As the most alarming features of our present conditions are the evils which come from trusts, and as those evils are made possible by legislation favoring one class against another, by transportation privileges, and by monopoly of original sources of supply of natural products; therefore, to the end that the evils connected with the growth of trusts may be eliminated, we call for the removal of the tariff from all trust-made goods and demand that all tariff schedules be adjusted with a view to tariff for revenue only.

"We ask for such changes in our law, statutory or constitutional, as will limit the charges by railroads to such an amount as will yield only a reasonable return on the capital actually invested and will render it impossible for transportation favors to be granted to any one and such as will make certain that all railway companies would be treated alike, such statutes to provide penalties that will be effectual to secure a compliance with them.

"When the sources of supply of any product are in the ownership of those who combine to extort from the people an unreasonable amount for such products, then we believe it is the duty of the government to take such steps as may be necessary to secure an equitable distribution thereof, with fair compensation to the owners of the same, and so that the design of nature in making provisions for the wants of man may not be perverted into means for his oppression."

The platform further denounced government by injunction and favored the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

KENTUCKY.

The Republican State Convention at Louisville, July 16, adopted a platform which contained these declarations on national issues:

Republican. "We congratulate the people of the United States and its new possessions on the unparalleled prosperity achieved under National Republican policies that have maintained public honor, fostered industry, stimulated enterprise, extended American commerce, strengthened American influence, and ennobled citizenship by giving scurity to labor and capital alike, and insuring to every man who works a standard of living and an expectation worthy of American civilization and civic sovereignty. We stand for the continuance of existing Republican financial and tariff policies.

"We express highest appreciation of the record that President Roosevelt has made in continuing the great work begun by William McKinley, and in himself dealing with the new problems that he has had to solve in his handling of the Philippine question; in his firm management of the Venezuelan crisis; in his wise, courageous course with the anthracite coal strike; with his honest efforts to secure justice to Cuba; in his zeal for the Panama Canal; in his vigorous demand for official purity and honesty, and punishment of the corrupt and dishonest; in his resolute stand against the closing of Chinese ports to our trade; in the success achieved by his political efforts to enforce the law against unlawful combination, and in the encouragement he has given to the laying of a cable across the Pacific, which brings us into closer touch with the Philippines than we were with the Louisiana territory, or with California when acquired. He has shown himself a strong executive, as he is an ideal citizen, and we heartily and enthusiastically are for his nomination for the Presidency in 1904."

Lawlessness in Kentucky was thus arraigned: "We denounce assassination as lawlessness, whether in Servia or Kentucky, as destructive of civilization, and ca upon the enlightened intelligence of the State, through its executive and judici agencies, to employ remedies to re-establish order and punish crime within our bo ders. We especially arraign the present State chief executive for so exercising th pardoning power as to subserve political and partisan purposes, with the certain effe of encouraging crime by virtually rendering criminals of Democratic political fait immune from punishment."

MARYLAND.

Republican.

The Republican State Convention at Baltimore, September 17, adopted a platfor devoted almost exclusively to State issues. It rejoiced, however, "in the results Republican administration in the nation," and thus indorsed Pres dent Roosevelt: "We commend President Roosevelt's adherence t President McKinly's policies and his own great ability and courag showing him in every way worthy of election by the people to the Presidency. W favor his nomination for President next year." The platform arraigned the record mad by Governor Smith's administration, especially denouncing its efforts to restrict th suffrage and bewilder the voter. It pledged the Republican party, if successful, t re-enact fair and honest election laws, to pass a primary election and corrupt practic law applicable to the whole State, to take the management of the police force an the liquor licenses board of Baltimore out of politics, to reform the system of grant ing public service charters, to improve the public roads and the public schools, t foster the oyster industry, and to give Baltimore City a sewerage system, built with out the intrusion of corrupting political interests. It favored "impartial protectio to all citizens in the exercise of their just rights" and denounced all attempts "t inflame sectional or race prejudice as a cloak for dishonest government and furth outrages upon the elective franchise."

Democratic.

The Democratic State Convention at Baltimore, September 16, adopted a platfor which ignored national issues. It eulogized Governor Smith's administration and de clared the election of another Democratic Governor necessary to th continuance of white supremacy in the State. It declared: "We be lieve that the political destinies of Maryland should be shaped an controlled by the white people of the State, and while we disclaim any purpose to d any injustice whatever to our colored population, we declare without reserve ou resolute purpose to preserve in every conservative and constitutional way the politica ascendancy of our race."

The platform asserted that Democratic success would insure economical admini stration, an early extinction of the State debt, further amendments to the electio laws which would "promote intelligent voting," expansion of the public school system improvement of the highways, protection of the oyster industry, further modificatio and extension of the primary election law. It would also make certain "the electio to the United States Senate of a man who will truly represent the essential principle which the Democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own, and wh would scorn to malign and attack the white people of the South in their efforts t properly solve the great questions resulting from the enfranchisement of the negroes."

MASSACHUSETTS.

Republican.

The Republican State Convention at Boston, October 2, adopted this platform "The Republicans of Massachusetts, in convention assembled, give their cordial in dorsement to the administration of President Roosevelt. An abl honest, fearless chief executive, we pledge to him our loyal suppor for the campaign of 1904. We reaffirm our belief in the policy protection to American industries. While admitting that tariff schedules should b revised from time to time, to meet changing industrial conditions or to secure th benefits which may be obtained by reciprocity, we declare that the present tariff la should not be revised or changed until the need of such action and the benefits to b obtained from it are clearly shown. Whenever industrial conditions shall require readjustment of the tariff, the work will be undertaken by the Republican party, th friend and defender of protection, without unnecessary disturbance to business or com merce, and with fairness and justice to all American interests. To uphold law an order should be the first duty of every American citizen. In many sections of th country there is a disregard of law which is bringing discredit to the nation. A parties should insist that public officials should be firm and resolute in the enforce ment of law, regardless of personal or political consequences. In this land, dedicate to liberty and freedom, the rule of the mob should be suppressed. The Republica party favors legislation that is just and fair to all interests, that encourages and pro tects the enterprises of capital, and promotes and safeguards the welfare of labor."

Democratic.

The Democratic State Convention at Boston, October 1, adopted a platform re affirming "the principles of Democracy, which are eternal and immutable and var only in their application and expression as the needs and dangers our country demand." The platform arraigned the Republica party's record and policies in nation and State. Among its chi expressions of affirmative opinion were the following: "We favor immediate regulatio of trusts under the interstate commerce and taxation powers of Congress, and th admission free of duty on articles controlled by the trusts on raw materials of manu facture and the necessaries of life. We condemn the policy of conquest and subjuga tion, not only for its injustice and danger abroad, its sacrifice of the Monroe Doctrin and reliance on powerful armaments alone, its waste of life and health and treasu against a pitiful money profit, its policy of competition with the cheap labor of Asi

but for its betrayal of the principles of the founders and its corruption of American manhood; setting the false ideal of war before American youth and resulting in a militarism which arbitrarily promotes or degrades its servants. We demand that Cuba be treated as we promised; we demand that the Philippines be treated like Cuba. As citizens, the Philippines endanger our civilization; as subjects they make our republic an empire. Reciprocity with Canada, long the hope of Massachusetts, must soon be achieved or abandoned forever. We demand as a natural right an opportunity to preserve and enlarge our commerce with our northern neighbor. We urge that the broadest grounds of national policy as well as considerations of local advantage require the restoration of amicable relations and call upon our representatives in Congress to labor for its accomplishment. United States Senators should be elected by the people, and not by legislatures packed or corrupted. We want this great reform now; not by the vain pretence of asking for a constitutional amendment, but by State legislation allowing the people to express their choice of Senatorial candidates at the polls. We demand legislation throughout the country which shall equalize the hours of labor, shorten the hours of women and children, prohibit the labor of the very young in factories, and protect our mechanics and our employers by bringing other States to the Massachusetts standard. We demand from Congress a national labor code, which shall limit the hours of continuous employment of railroad engineers, telegraph operators and switchmen, and generally protect all trainmen and others engaged in interstate commerce, by uniform law throughout the country. We believe that there should be legislation defining the limits of imprisonment for contempt. We favor tribunals for voluntary arbitration in all labor disputes, with power to enforce their decrees, particularly in matters affected with a public interest or industries producing coal or other necessaries of life. We believe in public control and ownership in proper cases of public utilities, and that all monopolies should be sold at auction or granted in consideration of advantages secured to the public. Equal rights for all men, be they black or white, Christian or Hebrew, colonist or continental, is the Democratic watchword which still we hope our country may carry through the world. We should condemn lynchings in the South or in the North as we condemn massacres in Russia or murders in the Philippines. Hence we favor an early declaration of our purpose in the Philippines and oppose the repeal of the XIVth and XVth Amendments. We believe that the mission of America is one of peace; that the Monroe Doctrine was better than conquered colonies; that civilization by trade is better than civilization by cannon; that our problems are social and domestic, not military and European; that we should govern others as we govern ourselves; and in the principles of the Declaration of Independence." The platform also attacked the Republican party in Massachusetts for violating "home rule" principles in its treatment of the city of Boston.

Socialist.

The Socialist State Convention at Boston, September 28, adopted a platform containing these political demands: The reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the increasing facilities of production. Abolition of child labor. Raising the school age, and the increasing of the facilities by which every child may secure a liberal education. State insurance for the workers in case of death, accident, lack of employment or old age. Extension of municipal and town powers, to permit the public ownership of all public utilities. The initiative and referendum, proportional representation and the right of recall of representatives by their constituencies. Trial by jury in cases of injunction issued against working men and women. Equal civil and political rights for men and women. Abolition of capital punishment. That Election Day be made a legal holiday.

NEBRASKA.

Republican.

The Republican State Convention at Lincoln, August 18, adopted a platform declaring for President Roosevelt's nomination in 1904. It also said in part: "We adhere to the American protective policy of the Republican party, which has increased the revenues and not impeded trade; which has opened the doors of mills and factories to millions of American skilled mechanics, and is returning to them the higher wages which are a just recompense of their toil.

"The Republican party recognizes that legitimate business, fairly capitalized and honestly conducted, has increased our industries at home and expanded our trade abroad and enabled us to successfully compete with foreign countries in the markets of the world, but the Republican party is unalterably opposed to all combinations of capital, under whatever name, having for their purpose the stifling of competition and arbitrarily controlling production or fixing prices.

"We favor such legislation as shall make the seas give evidence that American-built, American-owned and American-manned ships are carrying American foreign commerce to the four corners of the earth.

"The Philippines are ours as the legitimate and crowning result of honorable warfare, and we hold them not for barter or sale, but as a part of the national domain. The people of those islands have received the benefits of American laws; are being educated in schools conducted by American teachers; their children are being dedicated to a wider and purer civilization, and we shall ever guard and protect them as an inheritance as sacred as are the principles of liberty and good government."

The platform also congratulates the State of Nebraska that "we have made it manifest that there is no permanent place in American politics for a political leader who bases his claims for popular support upon the failures or disappointments of the people."

John L. Webster, of Omaha, was declared the choice of the Nebraska Republicans for the Vice-Presidential nomination in 1904.

The Democratic State Convention, held at Columbus, August 26, made these decla-

rations on national issues: "We, the Democrats of Nebraska, in convention assemble
reaffirm our faith in the principles of the party as enunciated in th
Democratic. last national platform adopted at Kansas City.

"We denounce the National Republican Administration for it
failure to carry out its promises heretofore made, and its subservience to special in
terests at the expense of and detriment of the interests of the public at large.

"We are unalterably opposed to any form of asset currency legislation and to an
legislation of the character of the Aldrich bill.

"We demand that the Attorney General of our State shall make application t
the Supreme Court of the United States for permission to put the Nebraska maximu
freight rate law into immediate effect, in accord with the suggestion of that Court."

The Populist State Convention at Grand Island, August 25, after agreeing on
joint ticket with the Democratic organization, adopted resolutions re
Populist. affirming allegiance to the principles of the People's Party as expresse
in its national platforms, but declaring that the State election of 190
involved no questions of national politics.

OHIO.

At Columbus, June 4, the Republican State Convention adopted a platform con
taining these declarations on national issues: "The protective tariff policy of th
Republican party has made the United States the greatest industria
Republican. nation, has astonished the world with the tremendous developmen
of our boundless resources, has added vastly to our foreign com
merce, has greatly increased the prosperity of the farmer, and has advanced America
labor to the best scale of living ever attained. We oppose all attacks upon this polic
whatever the pretext, as tending to bring back the disastrous days of Democratic tari
revision and free trade. Changing conditions and the possible benefits of reciprocity ma
call for timely readjustment of schedules, but protection as a principle and as a polic
must be administered by the friends of American prosperity, and must not be sacrifice

"Combinations for the monopoly of trade and kindred unlawful purposes ar
directly amenable to penalties provided by Republican legislation and their vigorou
enforcement in the courts. No worthy interest is imperilled, but whatever will wor
public harm is restrained, and that without resort to the Democratic plan of destroy
ing all American industries through tariff revision or otherwise. If further legislatio
should be found necessary, the Republican party can be depended upon to enact an
enforce it with equity and safety to every legitimate interest.

"The Republican party, having restored the national credit after it was nearl
destroyed by the Democratic party, and having maintained and advanced it to th
highest in the world, with every dollar of full value, and having given to the peopl
the only banking system that operates uniformly everywhere without loss and at low
est cost, should now endeavor within safe lines to stimulate local bank circulation
thus securing an elasticity of currency supply commensurate with business demands
and we favor well guarded legislation to this end.

"We hold fast to the doctrine of equity everywhere in the exercise of the electiv
franchise, maintaining that justice requires any State excluding any of its citizen
from the ballot to be proportionately reduced in its representation in the Electora
Collage and the lower house of the National Congress.

"The improvement in our relations with the Philippine Islands is attested by th
reduction of our army to the lowest legal limit. Education and enlightenment unde
broadminded administrative policy are gradually obviating the necessity for contro
through military power, and we commend the rapid and steady progress made in th
preparation of the Philippines for the fullest practicable degree of self-government
Under President McKinley and President Roosevelt our foreign policy of equity to a
has made the United States the peacemaker of the world, guarding weaker nation
from aggression and giving the Monroe Doctrine a vital force greater than ever before

"As America's part in preserving the peace of the world, we indorse the Republi
can policy of developing the United States Navy to the highest efficiency, and w
favor every encouragement possible to our merchant marine in the extension o
American commerce in American ships upon every sea.

"We commend President Roosevelt's fidelity to duty, his adherence to Presiden
McKinley's policies and his own practical ability in his office, showing him in ever
way worthy of election by the people to be their Chief Magistrate. We favor hi
nomination for President in 1904. The re-election of Senator Hanna is a distinc
national demand upon our State, and we hereby cordially promise him the undivide
support of the entire Republican party of Ohio."

The platform favored a better classification of property for State taxation pur
poses, removing the double liability of stockholders in corporations, vesting the Gov
ernor with the veto power, giving each county at least one representative in th
General Assembly, modernizing the State's waterways, improving the public hig
roads, extending the rural free delivery service, and extending and strengthening th
laws protecting labor and promoting arbitration.

The Democratic State Convention at Columbus, August 26, adopted a platfor
dealing almost exclusively with State issues. It reaffirmed, however, "the declara
tions on national issues of our platform of 1902, adopted at San
Democratic. dusky, renewing our allegiance to the Democratic party of th
nation, and again avowing our devotion to the principles of its las
national platform. We accordingly condemn colonialism and imperialism, denounc
trusts and trust-fostering tariffs, repudiate government by injunction, and oppos
financial monopoly, together with every other legalized monopoly and special privileg

Adhering to these principles of the Kansas City platform, we repeat our condemnation of all efforts to renounce or ignore them."

The platform favored a better classification of property for State taxation purposes, the removal of the double liability of corporation stockholders, public reports from public service corporations, abolition of the railroad pass system and the establishment of a uniform two cents a mile rate of railroad fare, the maintenance of the "right of peaceable persuasion in times of labor disturbances," home rule for counties, cities and villages, submission of franchise ordinances to a vote of the people, the voiding of all waiver insurance contracts between railroad and mining corporations and their employes, home rule in school administration, the abolition of the county fee system and the nomination of candidates for the United States Senate by State conventions.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Republican.

At Harrisburg, May 27, the Republican State Convention made these declarations of national interest:

"We affirm our unswerving loyalty to the Republican principle of a protective tariff and deprecate any suggestion of a general revision at the present time of the tariff law enacted in 1897. Under its beneficent operation the terrible conditions of poverty and distress existing under the last Democratic National Administration have been changed as by the magician's wand, and we are now in the enjoyment of unparalleled prosperity. Capital and labor are both remuneratively employed, our home market has largely increased and we have secured our fair share of the markets of the world, with the promise of still further conquests therein. Since its enactment we have conducted an expensive war with Spain and paid its cost. Within the last three years Congress has reduced taxation to the amount of $115,000,000 per annum, and yet the National Treasury today is richer by $97,000,000 than it was before the war began. We believe it to be the dictum of wisdom to let well enough alone and not to imperil business interests by any suggestions of present interference with revenue legislation. Permanence and stability of tariff rates are essential to continued business prosperity.

"We commend the upbuilding of the navy begun under President Arthur's administration twenty years ago and continuously added to and strengthened. We believe that the position of the United States among the nations demands that she shall have and maintain the best navy in the world for the preservation of peace and protection of her vast and constantly increasing foreign commerce.

"We favor home rule for and the early admission to Statehood of the Territories of New-Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma.

"We commend and approve the administration of President Roosevelt, who with great ability, fidelity and vigor has enforced the policies of his lamented predecessor, William McKinley, and of the Republican party. We favor his nomination and election to the Presidency in 1904, and pledge thereunto the united support of the Republicans of Pennsylvania."

The platform favored a liberal pension policy, commended the State administration, congratulated the State on its financial condition and urged the permanent improvement of State roads and highways.

Democratic.

The Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg, September 2, made no declarations on national issues. The platform denounced the Salus-Grady Libel law and urged its repeal. It demanded a ballot law, with personal registration in cities, and better safeguards of a "free, equal, secret ballot." It commended labor unions and appealed for a reduction of the burdens of State taxation by the repeal of all mercantile license taxes, and a return to cities, counties and boroughs of all other license taxes collected therein.

RHODE ISLAND.

Republican.

The Republican State Convention, at Providence, October 6, adopted a platform pledging to President Roosevelt "united and hearty support in the campaign of 1904." It also declared, in part: "The Republicans of Rhode Island believe in the efficacy and wisdom of the policy of protecting by intelligent legislation the industries and labor of the United States from the destructive competition of countries where labor conditions and earnings are entirely unlike our own. They believe it to be the highest duty of a Republican Congress to ever fully maintain the integrity and value of our national currency. The great work of firmly establishing a gold standard may wisely be supplemented by modifications relieving the rigidity of existing laws relating to the currency and the collection of the revenues. Governmental action producing at critical times disastrous congestion, affecting the business of the entire country, should be prevented. The party is opposed to the immense trusts of the country so far as they inflate values beyond their normal condition, destroy competition and build up barons of wealth on the earnings of the common people; and it commends the courage of President Roosevelt and his advisers in bringing the operations of great trusts into publicity and their illegal proceedings to the bar of justice."

Democratic.

The platform adopted by the Democratic State Convention at Providence, October 1, deals solely with State issues. It arraigns Republican misgovernment and demands a revision of the State Constitution, extending the suffrage to all citizens equally, making representation in the legislature proportionate to voting population, giving the Governor the veto, liberalizing the registration laws and allowing a referendum on legislation on the petition of 5,000 voters.

ELECTIONS IN STATES.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE.

PRESIDENT, 1900.

Counties (61).	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.	S. D.
	McKinley...	Bryan....	Woolley.	Malloney.	Debs....
Albany	23477	18747	230	207	64
Allegany ..	7196	3623	759	11	12
Broome	10383	6652	847	14	15
Cattaraugus	9944	6225	499	17	22
Cayuga	10327	6330	336	171	49
Chautauqua	15320	6660	591	43	42
Chemung ..	6920	6528	385	119	42
Chenango ..	6359	4040	363	18	18
Clinton	6342	4288	118	13	12
Columbia ...	6482	4945	176	23	20
Cortland ...	4807	2773	347	11	—
Delaware ..	7631	4641	390	10	7
Dutchess ..	11938	7687	379	70	21
Erie	44779	39837	741	925	391
Essex	5069	1092	86	14	44
Franklin ...	6311	2663	213	13	12
Fulton	7232	3676	494	179	98
Genesee	5383	3268	263	60	26
Greene	4389	4267	135	83	28
Hamilton ..	650	511	22	1	1
Herkimer ..	8105	5397	299	55	168
Jefferson ...	11884	6779	576	55	174
Kings	108935	106221	596	1711	2331
Lewis	4312	2872	80	9	8
Livingston .	5608	3877	384	12	7
Madison ...	7177	3674	361	44	68
Monroe	26699	19612	1102	444	1019
Montgomery	7310	5128	221	47	24
Nassau	6988	4324	100	17	23
New-York ..	153033	181799	640	4867	6193
Niagara	9356	7733	429	67	26
Oneida	19213	12820	634	379	113
Onondaga ..	24328	14695	506	1099	336
Ontario	7702	5649	279	16	7
Orange	14138	10180	343	64	25
Orleans	4667	2851	307	45	20
Oswego	11165	6602	588	89	23
Otsego	7894	6140	327	20	11
Putnam	2221	1346	37	7	23
Queens	12341	14740	84	250	644
Rensselaer .	17087	13450	358	179	83
Richmond ..	6047	6751	147	144	109
Rockland ..	4189	4020	108	7	26
St. Lawrence	15293	5698	486	31	27
Saratoga ...	9598	5913	506	22	14
Schenectady	6775	4779	159	240	32
Schoharie ..	3863	4317	171	7	3
Schuyler ...	2601	1892	189	6	2
Seneca	3785	3459	121	25	4
Steuben	12417	8874	969	53	48
Suffolk	9583	5701	545	31	34
Sullivan	4399	3629	114	10	4
Tioga	4746	3036	243	6	1
Tompkins ..	5410	3852	370	41	22
Ulster	11340	9351	412	27	5
Warren	4826	2542	201	28	11
Washington	8213	3756	405	18	24
Wayne	7957	4475	321	9	14
Westchester	21271	16426	380	419	228
Wyoming ..	5030	2897	398	11	6
Yates	3427	2196	173	9	5
Totals ...	**821922**	**678386**	**22043**	**12622**	**12869**
Plurality ..	**143606**				

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued)

GOVERNOR, 1902.

Counties (61).	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.	S. D
	Benj. B. Odell, Jr.	Bird S. Coler....	Alfred L. Manierre	Daniel De Leon.	Benj. Hanford.
Albany	22950	16330	203	441	12
Allegany ...	6019	2218	560	45	1
Broome	9453	5728	470	61	2
Cattaraugus.	5546	4299	473	53	1
Cayuga	8194	5266	232	192	3
Chautauqua	13313	4930	503	194	9
Chemung ..	6223	5531	485	49	2
Chenango ..	5558	3133	360	45	4
Clinton	6312	2344	266	16	
Columbia ..	5609	4274	185	18	1
Cortland ...	4290	2437	268	7	
Delaware ..	6447	3504	338	14	
Dutchess ..	10049	7413	344	49	1
Erie	36353	36019	798	1031	50
Essex	4301	1618	82	29	6
Franklin ...	5237	2110	203	18	
Fulton	5272	3281	518	172	40
Genesee	4482	2653	255	43	3
Greene	4042	3402	265	25	7
Hamilton ..	661	748	15	1	
Herkimer ..	6396	5040	276	116	23
Jefferson ...	9877	5887	443	126	6
Kings	84120	110634	637	2869	438
Lewis	3934	2934	77	3	
Livingston .	5328	3544	242	18	
Madison ...	5957	3054	273	32	5
Monroe	21995	16300	900	864	219
Montgomery	6080	5139	412	53	2
Nassau	5605	4630	86	31	2
New-York ..	106131	192735	694	5820	1088
Niagara	8343	7699	369	40	5
Oneida	14637	14341	1012	181	14
Onondaga ..	21455	13757	393	456	36
Ontario	6512	4414	279	25	1
Orange	12327	8346	350	187	14
Orleans	3968	2497	321	26	1
Oswego	9409	6211	685	56	1
Otsego	6897	5090	353	21	1
Putnam	2184	1263	45	7	1
Queens	9372	16532	83	370	103
Rensselaer .	15336	12598	339	489	23
Richmond ..	4876	7231	94	123	12
Rockland ..	3306	3853	99	23	4
St. Lawrence	11987	4515	420	53	1
Saratoga ..	7670	5986	399	97	4
Schenectady	6480	5594	314	287	13
Schoharie ..	3460	3845	164	4	
Schuyler ...	2334	1540	132	5	
Seneca	3557	2997	101	28	1
Steuben	9595	6644	843	105	18
Suffolk	7513	6258	419	61	4
Sullivan	3909	3034	98	6	
Tioga	4010	2428	181	11	
Tompkins ..	4880	3510	308	19	3
Ulster	9705	8062	391	48	3
Warren	3638	2730	171	58	5
Washington	6314	3248	359	55	11
Wayne	6708	3593	264	29	2
Westchester	184 9	16754	315	557	70
Wyoming ..	4425	2121	259	15	
Yates	2998	1572	121	9	
Totals ...	**665150**	**655398**	**20490**	**15386**	**2340**
Plurality ..	**8803**				

Coler's total (including G. N. Y. D. vot of 949), 656,347. Ryder (L. D.), 1,894.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued).

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Counties (61).	Rep. Frank W. Higgins...	Dem. Charles N. Bulger....	Pro. John A. Hartman..	S.L. Norman S. Burnham..	S. D. Wm. Thurston Brown.
Albany	22837	16358	209	457	123
Allegany ..	6045	2175	558	47	16
Broome	9316	5690	479	62	21
Cattaraugus	8635	4213	458	52	17
Cayuga	8138	5284	237	198	31
Chautauqua	13191	4940	518	195	100
Chemung ..	6217	5517	498	49	27
Chenango ..	5499	3156	375	46	41
Clinton	6312	2321	274	17	4
Columbia ..	5585	4280	189	20	19
Cortland ...	4373	2431	275	7	5
Delaware ..	6409	3509	351	13	3
Dutchess ..	10111	7324	357	53	16
Erie	36276	36073	838	1046	508
Essex	4296	1605	86	30	72
Franklin ...	5236	2111	204	19	8
Fulton	5262	3249	530	181	474
Genesee	4459	2649	259	44	34
Greene	4024	3403	206	26	73
Hamilton ..	665	742	15	1	1
Herkimer ..	6393	4977	269	119	233
Jefferson ...	9839	5867	467	134	356
Kings	84335	109808	719	2997	4448
Lewis	3920	2935	79	4	7
Livingston .	5273	3560	251	16	7
Madison ...	5802	3079	286	32	56
Monroe	22046	16083	929	899	2281
Montgomery	6581	5113	413	55	28
Nassau	5613	4586	92	32	26
New-York ..	105774	192369	697	5879	10971
Niagara	8378	7621	379	40	48
Oneida	15003	13027	1026	188	138
Onondaga ..	21128	13635	419	446	361
Ontario	6478	4401	289	26	18
Orange	12237	8352	380	186	148
Orleans	3989	2428	363	24	12
Oswego	9105	6485	700	60	19
Otsego	6887	5065	366	20	9
Putnam	2180	1257	44	7	16
Queens	9388	16464	86	378	1044
Rensselaer .	15240	12590	353	515	235
Richmond ..	4858	7228	95	126	124
Rockland ..	3274	3854	105	23	40
St. Lawrence	11968	4504	417	53	13
Saratoga ...	7703	5900	409	97	44
Schenectady	6493	5570	310	299	141
Schoharie ..	3449	3843	168	4	7
Schuyler ...	2337	1510	132	5	8
Seneca	3523	2973	109	30	10
Steuben	9602	6555	872	99	184
Suffolk	7476	6226	426	60	47
Sullivan ...	3900	3077	103	7	6
Tioga	4008	2407	185	11	4
Tompkins ..	4871	3483	331	21	32
Ulster	9673	8003	397	50	40
Warren	3654	2692	172	59	61
Washington	6318	3195	374	51	110
Wayne	6674	3591	274	32	19
Westchester	18401	16666	573	563	699
Wyoming ..	4416	2108	209	13	6
Yates	2952	1585	124	10	8
Totals ...	663689	652602	21358	16233	23652
Plurality ..	10134				

Bulger's total (including G. N. Y. D. vote of 952), 653,555. Corbin (L. D.), 1,901.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued).

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Counties (61).	Rep. John F. O'Brien....	Dem. Frank H. Mott.....	Pro. Alden W. Young....	S.L. Boris Reinstein..	S. D. Leonard D. Abbott....
Albany	22856	16269	241	462	124
Allegany ...	5950	2220	597	48	15
Broome	9351	5686	493	63	21
Cattaraugus	8422	4396	493	50	16
Cayuga	8158	5260	239	195	30
Chautauqua	11680	6645	513	118	.. 61
Chemung ...	6174	5547	511	50	26
Chenango ..	5484	3147	386	47	41
Clinton	6607	2064	266	14	4
Columbia ..	5636	4223	169	18	19
Cortland ...	4446	2338	282	7	5
Delaware ..	6392	3508	356	13	4
Dutchess ...	10176	7236	370	55	14
Erie	36178	36122	846	1051	506
Essex	4305	1586	86	29	72
Franklin ...	5293	2059	201	17	8
Fulton	5228	3252	533	181	477
Genesee	4463	2630	261	45	33
Greene	4066	3357	208	27	73
Hamilton ..	669	736	15	1	1
Herkimer ..	6413	4948	273	121	232
Jefferson ...	9887	5813	479	131	355
Kings	84704	109128	730	3067	4525
Lewis	3911	2940	79	3	8
Livingston .	5266	3553	255	18	5
Madison ...	5887	3066	299	32	56
Monroe	22067	16031	957	909	2268
Montgomery	6108	5102	420	51	24
Nassau	5603	4588	92	33	26
New-York .	105923	191416	726	6002	11062
Niagara	8380	7606	391	41	43
Oneida	15155	13735	1045	179	145
Onondaga ..	21189	13507	448	454	365
Ontario	6468	4402	288	25	15
Orange	12283	8279	397	186	148
Orleans	4026	2426	333	25	12
Oswego	9396	6155	717	62	19
Otsego	6883	5063	369	20	11
Putnam	2183	1246	46	7	16
Queens	9466	16361	89	385	1044
Rensselaer .	15337	12448	371	514	233
Richmond ..	4886	7237	95	128	126
Rockland ..	3275	3835	109	26	39
St. Lawrence	11999	4454	423	54	12
Saratoga ...	7704	5869	434	96	45
Schenectady	6473	5566	323	299	144
Schoharie ..	3429	3855	174	5	5
Schuyler ...	2334	1510	135	5	2
Seneca	3533	2980	112	31	10
Steuben	9561	6551	880	97	184
Suffolk	7463	6203	436	60	47
Sullivan ...	3887	3081	109	8	6
Tioga	3993	2416	188	11	4
Tompkins ..	4866	3469	331	22	30
Ulster	9694	7957	399	50	36
Warren	3701	2633	176	65	67
Washington	6386	3123	372	56	109
Wayne	6676	3583	282	29	29
Westchester	18399	16612	323	572	707
Wyoming ..	4390	2117	275	13	6
Yates	2942	1596	128	11	5
Totals....	663590	650731	21584	16394	23766
Plurality ..	11890				

Mott's total (including G. N. Y. D. vote of 969), 651,700. Howarth (L. D.), 1,969.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued).

TREASURER.

Counties (61).	Rep. John G. Wickser	Dem. George R. Finch	Pro. Samuel Mitchell	S.L. Charles A. Ruby	S. D. Joel Moses
Albany	22894	16291	209	462	120
Allegany	5959	2210	598	49	15
Broome	9372	5667	482	63	21
Cattaraugus	8505	4296	486	53	17
Cayuga	8150	5269	240	199	30
Chautauqua	13120	4938	541	190	98
Chemung	6218	5518	501	49	26
Chenango	5485	3150	355	46	42
Clinton	6313	2318	276	15	5
Columbia	5589	4273	190	18	19
Cortland	4368	2413	282	7	5
Delaware	6391	3503	361	13	8
Dutchess	10112	7296	363	51	16
Erie	36974	35410	340	1030	500
Essex	4123	1762	90	29	71
Franklin	5236	2110	199	20	9
Fulton	5241	3274	538	179	476
Genesee	4451	2643	262	45	33
Greene	4024	3400	204	24	72
Hamilton	576	835	17	1	1
Herkimer	6396	4958	271	116	233
Jefferson	9832	5854	479	129	359
Kings	84418	109375	717	3089	4551
Lewis	3899	2954	80	3	8
Livingston	5285	3553	255	17	6
Madison	5887	3067	298	32	56
Monroe	22107	16020	938	906	2276
Montgomery	6089	5121	419	51	26
Nassau	5609	4571	97	32	25
New-York	105662	191922	708	5978	11060
Niagara	8416	7558	379	41	47
Oneida	15114	13777	1038	176	144
Onondaga	21146	13504	431	456	362
Ontario	6488	4379	287	25	14
Orange	12248	8319	392	186	147
Orleans	4019	2429	332	25	12
Oswego	9390	6178	707	62	19
Otsego	6883	5063	367	20	9
Putnam	2180	1250	46	7	17
Queens	9396	16419	90	389	1042
Rensselaer	15203	12595	353	514	234
Richmond	4842	7235	95	127	129
Rockland	3260	3845	108	24	41
St. Lawrence	11976	4477	420	53	13
Saratoga	7653	5918	425	107	49
Schenectady	6503	5566	314	298	140
Schoharie	3430	3854	174	5	5
Schuyler	2339	1504	133	6	2
Seneca	3551	2955	110	31	11
Steuben	9591	6512	891	99	183
Suffolk	7438	6217	437	60	46
Sullivan	3893	3070	108	7	7
Tioga	4000	2408	189	11	5
Tompkins	4878	3480	330	21	31
Ulster	9667	7992	401	47	37
Warren	3109	3231	189	68	65
Washington	6183	3332	368	56	116
Wayne	6672	3582	283	29	21
Westchester	18385	16951	320	571	703
Wyoming	4404	2111	272	13	6
Yates	2945	1599	127	11	5
Totals	663490	650981	21442	16432	23841
Plurality	11541				

Finch's total (including G. N. Y. D. vote of 963), 651,949. Fero (L. D.), 1,899.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued).

CONTROLLER.

Counties (61).	Rep. Nathan L. Miller	Dem. Charles M. Preston	Pro. James McNeil	S.L. Peter Jacobson	S. D. Warren Atkinson
Albany	22932	16264	204	454	121
Allegany	5959	2212	598	48	15
Broome	9374	5663	483	64	22
Cattaraugus	8500	4307	484	52	17
Cayuga	8153	5272	238	198	30
Chautauqua	13193	4953	542	192	97
Chemung	6216	5528	497	49	26
Chenango	5486	3145	384	47	41
Clinton	6313	2320	278	15	4
Columbia	5590	4263	200	18	19
Cortland	4612	2212	272	5	5
Delaware	6389	3511	355	13	3
Dutchess	10113	7310	364	52	15
Erie	36538	35833	840	1037	509
Essex	4293	1597	85	29	72
Franklin	5243	2103	201	20	8
Fulton	5260	3253	533	182	476
Genesee	4450	2636	268	45	34
Greene	4017	3403	204	25	74
Hamilton	666	739	15	1	1
Herkimer	6393	4957	271	118	234
Jefferson	9841	5850	478	129	359
Kings	84532	109343	720	3079	4527
Lewis	3912	2942	77	2	9
Livingston	5263	3555	251	17	6
Madison	5899	3058	296	32	56
Monroe	22123	16028	947	904	2269
Montgomery	6098	5111	413	51	25
Nassau	5623	4561	93	33	25
New-York	105769	191925	671	5918	11058
Niagara	8399	7578	376	39	44
Oneida	15104	13789	1034	174	145
Onondaga	21199	13492	432	451	362
Ontario	6485	4383	290	26	15
Orange	12233	8325	390	187	146
Orleans	4016	2436	331	25	12
Oswego	9386	6179	703	64	19
Otsego	6890	5058	365	20	10
Putnam	2178	1251	45	7	16
Queens	9405	16416	85	390	1044
Rensselaer	15211	12501	354	515	233
Richmond	4840	7243	97	127	130
Rockland	3257	3844	110	24	41
St. Lawrence	11979	4474	421	54	12
Saratoga	7723	5860	416	96	49
Schenectady	6513	5557	316	295	141
Schoharie	3436	3850	173	5	5
Schuyler	2341	1502	133	5	2
Seneca	3553	2961	110	32	10
Steuben	9598	6525	875	99	185
Suffolk	7449	6213	436	60	47
Sullivan	3895	3069	107	7	6
Tioga	4006	2407	187	11	4
Tompkins	4899	3459	324	21	971
Ulster	9291	8407	394	44	37
Warren	3639	2679	175	60	61
Washington	6314	3181	372	54	117
Wayne	6675	3582	278	29	21
Westchester	18410	16616	320	581	708
Wyoming	4399	2114	273	13	6
Yates	2939	1599	126	11	5
Totals	664412	650410	21310	16355	24769
Plurality	13939				

Preston's total (including G. N. Y. D. vote of 963), 651,373. Casley (L. D.), 1,937.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued).

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Counties (61).	Rep. Henry B. Coman....	Dem. John Cunneen...	Pro. John Cunneen...	S.L. John E. Wallace...	S. D. Lorenzo D. Mayer.....
Albany	22946	16237	201	462	121
Allegany ...	5058	2192	606	49	14
Broome	9376	5687	458	63	21
Cattaraugus.	8471	4337	478	52	18
Cayuga	8111	5536	—	202	30
Chautauqua	13104	4982	510	192	97
Chemung ...	6224	5528	488	49	26
Chenango ...	5491	3171	353	46	42
Clinton	6307	2599	—	15	4
Columbia ...	5589	4460	—	19	19
Cortland	4376	2412	276	7	5
Delaware ...	6398	3502	353	14	3
Dutchess ...	10105	7346	327	53	13
Erie	35955	37253	—	1033	510
Essex	4287	1606	82	29	72
Franklin ...	5240	2117	195	22	8
Fulton	5266	3262	511	181	476
Genesee	4438	2917	—	45	33
Greene	4029	3394	196	24	75.
Hamilton ..	695	742	15	1	1
Herkimer ..	6396	5216	—	119	234
Jefferson ...	9822	6359	—	129	355
Kings	84483	109985	—	2892	4543
Lewis	3910	2944	77	3	8
Livingston .	5249	3826	—	12	8
Madison	6302	2721	253	31	56
Monroe	22068	16991	—	896	2261
Montgomery.	6099	5124	409	53	25
Nassau	5616	4571	86	33	25
New-York ..	105421	192603	—	5679	10845
Niagara	8356	7652	354	40	45
Oneida	15098	13871	952	176	144
Onondaga ..	21138	13939	—	463	371
Ontario	6481	4665	—	29	14
Orange	12218	8716	—	188	152
Orleans	3944	2817	—	24	13
Oswego	9383	6884	—	63	19
Otsego	6895	5054	363	20	11
Putnam	2178	1261	30	7	16
Queens	9407	16489	—	379	1041
Rensselaer .	15221	12921	—	515	235
Richmond ..	4848	7326	—	129	127
Rockland ..	3284	3837	106	23	41
St. Lawrence	11976	4897	—	51	16
Saratoga ...	7707	5879	428	92	50
Schenectady	6507	5550	315	306	142
Schoharie ..	3431	4029	—	5	5
Schuyler ...	2339	1533	105	5	2
Seneca	3544	3070	—	34	10
Steuben	9571	7414	—	100	185
Suffolk	7432	6666	—	60	46
Sullivan ...	3894	3071	106	7	6
Tioga	3998	2413	186	11	4
Tompkins ..	4880	3487	314	22	31
Ulster	9670	8358	—	50	36
Warren	3053	2693	147	58	64
Washington	6767	3159	342	55	118
Wayne	6668	3861	—	31	22
Westchester	17359	15972	—	566	568
Wyoming ..	4390	2130	251	14	6
Yates	2941	1596	125	11	5
Totals....	662463	660424	10007	15939	23493
Plurality ..	9465				

Cunneen's total (including G. N. Y. D. vote of 997), 671,928. Spellissy (L.D.), 2,818.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued).

STATE ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.

Counties (61).	Rep. Edward A. Bond.....	Dem. Richard W. Sherman...	Pro. Emmett F. Smith.....	S.L. John M. Grady.....	S. D. Everett L. Holmes...
Albany	22966	16223	210	451	122
Allegany ...	5064	2263	601	48	17
Broome	9435	5607	476	64	21
Cattaraugus	8494	4305	487	54	17
Cayuga	8141	5254	237	200	31
Chautauqua	13113	4937	547	191	96
Chemung ..	6216	5523	498	50	26
Chenango ..	5468	3166	382	46	41
Clinton	6349	2312	275	15	4
Columbia ..	5590	4267	189	18	19
Cortland ...	4377	2405	280	8	5
Delaware ..	6394	3503	357	13	3
Dutchess ...	10117	7296	363	49	17
Erie	36511	35864	847	1042	505
Essex	4290	1589	86	29	72
Franklin ...	5245	2105	200	20	8
Fulton	5241	3274	536	180	480
Genesee ...	4449	2642	263	45	33
Greene	4030	3384	203	25	74
Hamilton ..	665	739	15	1	1
Herkimer ..	6357	4999	271	117	234
Jefferson ..	9963	5735	472	129	353
Kings	84509	109271	717	3090	4546
Lewis	3912	2936	81	2	9
Livingston .	5262	3561	245	24	6
Madison ...	5873	3077	294	32	56
Monroe	22174	15939	942	902	2247
Montgomery	6080	5148	423	51	25
Nassau	5614	4574	94	35	25
New-York ..	105614	192021	678	5990	11078
Niagara	8398	7580	383	41	47
Oneida	14496	14409	1025	180	136
Onondaga ..	21135	13498	827	454	363
Ontario	6493	4377	285	25	14
Orange	12245	8319	390	188	148
Orleans	4019	2430	332	24	12
Oswego	9372	6195	705	61	20
Otsego	6885	5066	365	21	9
Putnam	2178	1252	45	7	16
Queens	9396	16421	87	388	1045
Rensselaer .	15221	12563	355	508	242
Richmond ..	4816	7278	95	131	128
Rockland ..	3258	3845	107	24	40
St. Lawrence	11973	4477	420	54	14
Saratoga ...	7707	5876	418	97	46
Schenectady	6501	5572	312	296	140
Schoharie ..	3408	3871	177	7	5
Schuyler ..	2335	1509	131	5	2
Seneca	3558	2953	110	30	10
Steuben	9590	6520	862	100	185
Suffolk	7442	6210	445	60	46
Sullivan	3900	3062	107	9	6
Tioga	4002	2407	186	11	4
Tompkins ..	4879	3474	227	21	30
Ulster	9717	7922	392	57	38
Warren	3050	2678	175	60	61
Washington	6248	3247	369	57	117
Wayne	6673	3580	280	30	21
Westchester	18403	16565	312	582	705
Wyoming ..	4392	2116	273	13	6
Yates	2939	1599	126	11	5
Totals ...	663674	650700	21292	16473	23832
Plurality ..	11997				

Sherman's total (including G. N. Y. D. vote of 977), 651,677. Flinn (L. D.), 1,926.

NEW-YORK STATE VOTE—(Continued).

ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

Counties (61).	Rep. William E. Werner....	Dem. John Clinton Gray..	Pro. Erwin J. Baldwin...	S.L. Anton Metzler....	S. D. John F. Clark.....
Albany	22296	16908	212	454	118
Allegany ...	5955	2216	599	50	15
Broome	9297	5734	476	65	21
Cattaraugus	8485	4316	487	52	18
Cayuga	8109	5294	236	202	33
Chautauqua	13182	4981	544	169	96
Chemung ..	6197	5545	501	48	26
Chenango ..	5464	3168	385	44	41
Clinton	6288	2342	274	15	4
Columbia ..	5529	4336	187	18	20
Cortland ...	4323	2462	280	7	5
Delaware ..	6376	3522	357	13	3
Dutchess ...	10001	7403	362	49	14
Erie	36425	35940	847	1044	502
Essex	4276	1610	87	20	72
Franklin ...	5225	2116	201	21	8
Fulton	5248	3271	537	179	479
Genesee	4444	2651	263	44	33
Greene	4013	3413	205	25	73
Hamilton ..	663	740	15	1	1
Herkimer ..	6348	5001	268	116	231
Jefferson ...	9777	5906	471	132	355
Kings	80870	113101	694	3073	4543
Lewis	3890	2962	76	3	7
Livingston .	5263	3568	245	17	9
Madison ...	5817	3140	291	32	55
Monroe	22804	15391	912	872	2178
Montgomery	6061	5145	418	51	25
Nassau	5457	4730	89	32	25
New-York .	99411	198234	693	5960	16982
Niagara	8378	7615	383	41	45
Oneida	14938	13944	1025	176	147
Onondaga ..	20620	13984	420	449	362
Ontario	6481	4395	282	25	13
Orange	12064	8524	384	188	147
Orleans	4015	2439	332	24	12
Oswego	9344	6219	639	61	19
Otsego	6873	5077	364	19	11
Putnam	2138	1289	45	7	16
Queens	9085	16751	87	384	1039
Rensselaer .	15005	12822	351	508	231
Richmond ..	4664	7422	89	130	126
Rockland ..	3189	3914	107	22	40
St. Lawrence	11951	4496	421	54	13
Saratoga ...	7649	5934	420	110	46
Schenectady	6454	5614	316	299	141
Schoharie ..	3413	3872	176	5	5
Schuyler ..	2331	1516	133	5	2
Seneca	3533	2954	110	48	10
Steuben	9603	6514	863	98	181
Suffolk	7329	6334	430	61	44
Sullivan	3882	3082	107	7	7
Tioga	3992	2416	188	11	4
Tompkins ..	4837	3520	227	21	30
Ulster	9612	8037	393	47	36
Warren	3821	2704	175	59	69
Washington	6299	3201	371	55	116
Wayne	6658	3597	279	28	20
Westchester	17714	17309	301	579	689
Wyoming ..	4393	2118	273	13	6
Yates	2946	1600	125	12	5
Totals ...	650505	664359	21191	16363	23617
Plurality ..		14821			

Gray's total (including G. N. Y. D. vote of 967), 665,326. Stewart (L. D.), 1,842.

NEW-YORK BY COUNTIES.

ALBANY.

[In reckoning county pluralities, Coler's G. N. Y. D. vote is disregarded.]

	[1]PRESID'T, 1900. Rep. McKinley.	1900. Dem. Bryan.	[2]GOV'RNOR, 1902. Rep. Odell..	1902. Dem. Coler..
Albany (city):				
1st Ward..	924	583	912	54
2d Ward...	595	710	648	64
3d Ward...	576	871	637	69
4th Ward..	599	712	630	62
5th Ward..	814	673	734	72
6th Ward..	811	649	794	53
7th Ward..	783	603	847	47
8th Ward..	440	881	682	57
9th Ward..	310	788	427	61
10th Ward.	623	427	646	39
11th Ward.	705	426	814	31
12th Ward.	618	998	555	90
13th Ward.	736	325	667	32
14th Ward.	917	350	761	42
15th Ward.	423	602	426	56
16th Ward.	1003	464	858	51
17th Ward.	681	424	733	30
18th Ward.	642	241	637	28
19th Ward.	900	536	1033	34
Total city.	13109	11263	13461	985
Cohoes (city):				
1st Ward..	386	767	493	53
2d Ward...	541	259	484	23
3d Ward..	519	392	452	37
4th Ward..	732	435	654	42
5th Ward..	385	306	390	27
6th Ward..	495	150	395	21
Total city..	3058	2309	2868	205
Berne	378	238	337	17
Bethlehem ..	748	401	654	30
Coeymans ...	523	513	488	39
Colonie	1042	551	958	47
Green Island.	709	454	557	38
Guilderland ..	666	341	546	31
Knox	254	114	211	11
N.-Scotland .	571	297	572	24
Rensselaerville	316	258	303	21
Watervliet ..	1832	1799	1794	161
Westerlo	291	217	261	16
Total towns	7330	5183	6621	441
Total county.	23498	18755	22950	1632
Plurality. ...	4742		6623	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 69; Woolley (Pro.), 235; Malloney (S. L.), 208.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 203; De Leon (S. L.), 441; Hanford (S. D.), 123; Ryder (L. D.), 22; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 42.

ALLEGANY.

Alfred	328	82	303	4
Allen	142	29	88	2
Alma	119	100	80	3
Almond	210	211	163	14
Amity	357	166	361	10
Andover	334	201	320	13
Angelica	351	80	239	4
Belfast	286	123	237	7
Birdsall	105	97	76	5
Bolivar	273	214	191	12
Burns	257	150	236	13
Caneadia	222	91	174	6

ALLEGANY—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell...	Coler...
'entreville ..	196	291	141	21
larksville ..	160	64	153	27
uba	487	171	423	149
'riendship ..	392	206	392	157
enesee	157	70	116	19
ranger	195	34	144	27
rove	143	58	88	43
ume	435	132	395	105
ndependence.	269	98	207	44
lew-Hudson.	181	68	149	39
ushford	237	72	210	51
cio	196	155	184	89
Vard	61	74	46	49
Vellsville ...	663	542	603	306
Vest Almond	77	77	39	33
Villing	220	94	113	43
Virt	167	100	139	34
Totals.....	7200	3618	6348	2406
lurality. ...	3582		3942	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 12; Woolley (Pro.), 759; Malloney (S. L.), 12.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 560.

BROOME.

inghamton:				
1st Ward...	668	592	584	479
2d Ward...	384	253	340	213
3d Ward...	698	412	613	373
4th Ward...	245	118	212	104
5th Ward...	482	373	402	347
6ht Ward...	372	257	314	224
7th Ward...	629	363	533	341
8th Ward...	285	311	237	240
9th Ward...	217	113	169	116
10th Ward..	246	314	224	268
11th Ward..	648	470	491	393
12th Ward..	308	177	247	180
13th Ward..	321	111	293	98
Total city.	5503	3864	4659	3376
inghamton .	140	99	104	79
arker	165	128	159	107
henango ...	230	113	236	112
olesville ...	459	322	405	266
onklin	147	71		
ickinson ...	112	55		
enton	241	112	221	98
irkwood ...	122	152	148	125
isle	313	149	336	102
laine	255	123	283	93
anticoke ...	128	80	109	78
anford	595	334	566	258
riangle	295	193	287	181
nion	892	470	907	454
estal	272	206	279	159
indsor	528	178	506	150
Total towns	4894	2785	9205	5638
Total county	10397	6649		
lurality. ...			3567	

[1]Debs, 15; Woolley, 847; Malloney, 15.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 470; De Leon (S. L.), 1; Hanford (S. D.), 21; Ryder (L. D.), 45; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 58.

CATTARAUGUS.

llegany	432	431	374	360
shford	282	168	224	102

CATTARAUGUS—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell...	Coler...
Carrolton ...	215	233	133	156
Cold Spring..	116	199	117	72
Conewango ..	224	120	187	88
Dayton	333	127	314	76
East Otto....	233	92	196	61
Elko.	65	31	52	24
Ellicottville .	323	204	275	122
Farmersville	177	77	148	37
Franklinville	393	246	352	135
Freedom.	256	45	221	34
Great Valley.	273	188	227	124
Hinsdale	179	160	160	115
Humphrey ..	112	85	81	51
Ischua	131	89	113	85
Leon	207	85	186	41
Little Valley.	356	90	347	80
Lyndon	110	61	96	44
Machias	258	129	240	91
Mansfield ...	194	60	142	56
Napoli	196	56	130	48
New-Albion .	474	183	349	81
Olean (town).	584	441	465	321
Otto	187	100	146	75
Perrysburg .	196	81	160	50
Persia	281	182	269	116
Portville	380	211	373	145
Randolph	411	296	367	180
Red House...	129	78	76	43
Salamanca ..	690	603	639	452
South Valley.	96	62	86	40
Yorkshire ...	309	154	292	104
Olean (city)..	1143	938	1009	710
Totals.....	9704	6315	8546	4299
Plurality	3389		4247	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 49; Woolley (Pro.), 336; Malloney (S. L.), 171.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 473; De Leon (S. L.), 53; Hanford (S. D.), 17; Ryder (L. D.), 19; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 18.

CAYUGA.

Auburn:				
1st Ward..	560	352	428	406
2d Ward...	640	293	550	355
3d Ward...	301	225	238	221
4th Ward..	237	313	184	339
5th Ward..	258	245	204	217
6th Ward..	497	299	414	327
7th Ward..	322	261	254	224
8th Ward..	338	412	226	372
9th Ward..	459	191	404	195
10th Ward.	530	218	510	241
Aurelius	250	211	188	143
Brutus	504	239	431	219
Cato	329	145	268	95
Conquest	185	148	117	83
Fleming	193	102	152	63
Genoa	343	210	247	116
Ira	303	176	272	107
Ledyard	301	127	237	73
Locke	225	83	164	42
Mentz	323	226	284	207
Montezuma .	118	161	109	124
Moravia	448	251	357	129
Niles	214	221	137	182
Owasco	226	108	149	65
Scipio	257	158	206	91

CAYUGA—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Sempronius	170	105	142	77
Sennett	242	95	139	71
Springport	254	172	191	115
Sterling	524	166	344	127
Summer Hill	130	83	97	61
Throop	168	129	119	91
Venice	236	117	203	81
Victory	202	88	209	57
Totals	10327	6330	8194	5266
Plurality	3997		2928	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 49; Woolley (Pro.), 336; Malloney (S. L.), 171.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 232; De Leon (S. L.), 192; Hanford (S. D.), 30; Ryder (Lib. D.), 21.

CHAUTAUQUA.

Arkwright	139	97	136	72
Busti	382	194	339	110
Carroll	413	60	364	41
Charlotte	220	196	202	158
Chautauqua	639	240	594	164
Cherry Creek	286	143	213	116
Clymer	295	55	272	42
Ellery	330	129	280	69
Ellicott	684	122	631	97
Ellington	249	94	217	53
French Creek	193	68	190	29
Gerry	272	47	215	19
Hanover	809	428	691	385
Harmony	644	225	632	103
Kiantone	75	45	75	32
Mina	199	91	181	43
Poland	338	88	296	46
Pomfret	1013	451	954	374
Portland	503	167	495	121
Ripley	384	201	323	127
Sheridan	269	118	227	75
Sherman	324	111	284	75
Stockton	359	181	348	131
Villenova	181	159	173	101
Westfield	710	320	711	211
Dunkirk:				
1st Ward	314	537	307	415
2d Ward	427	238	361	224
3d Ward	417	301	365	253
4th Ward	226	351	198	307
Jamestown:				
1st Ward	669	198	514	173
2d Ward	632	314	451	237
3d Ward	689	142	505	133
4th Ward	794	98	563	84
5th Ward	646	183	489	132
6th Ward	300	266	509	160
Totals	15320	6718	13305	4912
Plurality	8602		8393	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 42; Woolley (Pro.), 591; Malloney (S. L.), 43.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 503; De Leon (S. L.), 191; Hanford (S. D.), 99; Ryder (Lib. D.), 23; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 16.

CHEMUNG.

Ashland	142	122	108	105
Baldwin	102	93	82	72
Big Flats	247	243	183	198

CHEMUNG—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR —1902.—	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Catlin	134	135	122	9
Chemung	242	138	209	15
Elmira (town)	214	108	213	9
Erin	107	171	99	14
Horseheads	721	517	688	38
Southport	319	227	271	18
Van Etten	212	210	227	16
Veteran	284	195	227	16
Elmira (city):				
1st Ward	427	207	277	17
2d Ward	467	639	407	61
3d Ward	534	390	441	42
4th Ward	538	503	580	38
5th Ward	356	410	363	33
6th Ward	172	431	130	47
7th Ward	261	354	276	31
8th Ward	228	284	185	23
9th Ward	385	268	321	19
10th Ward	342	366	319	30
11th Ward	150	219	113	18
12th Ward	338	298	282	28
Total	6922	6528	6123	563
Plurality	394		491	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 42; Woolley (Pro.), 384 Malloney (S. L.), 119.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 485; De Leon (S. L. 49; Hanford (S. D.), 26; Ryder (Lib. D. 37; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 40.

CHENANGO.

Afton	317	216	284	19
Bainbridge	439	183	424	13
Columbus	191	53	146	4
Coventry	178	112	143	5
German	88	34	73	5
Greene	496	422	405	31
Guilford	422	215	361	17
Lincklaen	135	43	134	2
McDonough	160	133	135	1
New-Berlin	484	254	399	21
N. Norwich	163	79	152	6
Norwich	1027	890	946	73
Otselic	251	126	222	9
Oxford	566	414	482	37
Pharsalia	107	116	94	6
Pitcher	112	93	106	8
Plymouth	177	114	151	7
Preston	80	100	71	6
Sherburne	506	222	415	15
Smithville	188	144	178	11
Smyrna	278	78	237	6
Totals	6365	4041	5558	316
Plurality	2324		2392	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 18; Woolley (Pro.), 353 Malloney (S. L.), 19.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 366; De Leon (S. L. 45; Hanford (S. D.), 41; Ryder (Lib. D. 13.

CLINTON.

Altona	272	318	441	10
Ausable	302	222	333	11
Beekmantown	276	200	326	10
Black Brook	318	111	280	6
Champlain	518	458	515	29

CLINTON—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	[2]GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Chazy	486	192	490	105
Clinton	108	264	133	152
Dannemora	359	159	275	106
Ellenburgh	415	253	343	150
Mooers	519	273	446	153
Peru	365	248	320	148
Pl'ttsb'g (cy)	1645	1117	1453	481
Pl'ttsb'g (tn)	—	—	367	118
Saranac	464	311	336	140
Schuy'r Falls	260	159	255	112
Totals	6327	4285	6313	2344
Plurality	2042		3569	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 12; Woolley (Pro.), 118; Malloney (S. L.), 13.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 266; De Leon (S. L.), 16; Hanford (S. D.), 5; Ryder (L. D.), 22.

COLUMBIA.

Ancram	146	172	145	124
Austerlitz	198	79	178	68
Canaan	242	97	195	80
Chatham	673	347	634	280
Claverack	642	528	535	427
Clermont	105	102	89	89
Copake	227	162	216	127
Gallatin	129	99	103	97
Germantown	240	209	240	138
Ghent	493	236	453	216
Greenport	155	154	135	118
Hillsdale	245	165	214	138
Kinderhook	487	328	391	444
Livingston	238	191	195	155
New-Lebanon	228	192	176	133
Stockport	370	184	328	184
Stuyvesant	252	205	200	196
Taghkanick	127	154	85	112
Hudson (city)				
1st Ward	166	268	173	216
2d Ward	267	311	237	249
3d Ward	355	239	279	237
4th Ward	200	183	159	176
5th Ward	299	240	229	259
Totals	6382	4815	5609	4264
Plurality	1567		1345	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 20; Woolley (Pro.), 176; Malloney (S. L.), 23.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 185; De Leon (S. L.), 18; Hanford (S. D.), 19; Ryder (Lib. D.), 14.

CORTLAND.

City of Cortland	1521	851	1478	842
Cincinnatus	140	114	115	108
Cortlandville	579	205	531	188
Cuyler	216	80	205	48
Freetown	98	90	99	59
Harford	130	122	106	110
Homer	757	330	643	263
Lapeer	106	51	73	46
Marathon	292	180	297	142
Preble	117	125	90	104
Scott	160	85	151	67
Solon	104	73	76	68
Taylor	122	76	92	61

CORTLAND—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	[2]GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Truxton	182	147	153	114
Virgil	266	131	194	120
Willett	106	114	97	99
Totals	4895	2774	4390	2437
Plurality	2121		1953	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 0; Woolley (Pro.), 347; Malloney (S. L.), 10.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 268; De Leon (S. L.), 6; Hanford (S. D.), 5; Ryder (Lib. D.), 2; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 9.

DELAWARE.

Andes	368	171	316	104
Bovina	190	58	147	40
Colchester	432	360	335	255
Davenport	222	247	192	219
Delhi	587	248	501	210
Deposit	289	174	225	137
Franklin	465	244	446	197
Hamden	307	93	258	82
Hancock	755	524	532	361
Harpersfield	251	101	227	90
Kortright	246	169	222	147
Masonville	231	124	229	89
Meredith	279	133	248	76
Middletown	552	406	539	330
Roxbury	317	276	151	82
Sidney	588	484	500	346
Stamford	350	228	288	215
Tompkins	386	222	297	120
Walton	816	368	659	276
Totals	7631	4641	6312	3356
Plurality	2990		2956	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 7; Woolley (Pro.), 390; Malloney (S. L.), 10.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 338; De Leon (S. L.), 14; Hanford (S. D.), 2; Ryder (Lib. D.), 11; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 32.

DUTCHESS.

Amenia	405	144	341	141
Beekman	206	62	178	44
Clinton	224	163	189	145
Dover	361	176	320	147
East Fishkill	305	259	258	213
Fishkill	1712	1126	1496	1096
Hyde Park	407	288	347	285
La Grange	215	151	167	105
Milan	135	112	159	75
Northeast	369	197	308	146
Pawling	338	169	264	140
Pine Plains	208	165	199	123
Pleasant Val.	252	168	196	140
P'k'psie (t'n)	585	527	490	432
Red Hook	553	477	461	514
Rhinebeck	533	358	445	338
Stanford	250	203	250	189
Union Vale	180	91	138	70
Wappingers	688	375	524	407
Washington	470	271	373	289
P'k'psie (c'y)				
1st Ward	371	530	305	514
2d Ward	535	466	435	463
3d Ward	544	272	413	390
4th Ward	623	314	539	403

DUTCHESS—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
5th Ward	483	253	455	256
6th Ward	524	158	461	206
7th Ward	465	215	339	297
Totals	11941	7690	10050	7413
Plurality	4251		2637	

[1]Debs (S. D), 21; Woolley (Pro.), 379; Malloney (S. L.), 70.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 344; De Leon (S. L.), 49; Hanford (S. D.), 14; Ryder (L. D.), 22; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 50.

ERIE.

Alden	285	310	235	260
Amherst	387	490	293	350
Aurora	638	336	584	268
Boston	126	200	111	164
Brant	241	137	197	137
Checktowaga	360	487	340	425
Clarence	507	217	343	173
Colden	175	184	146	130
Collins	465	248	378	238
Concord	583	479	540	337
East Hamb'g	351	169	309	122
Eden	301	252	256	202
Elma	318	189	260	164
Evans	405	267	326	200
G'd Island	194	69	163	70
Hamburg	559	620	578	549
Holland	238	238	220	179
Lancaster	777	786	530	604
Marilla	220	181	165	127
Newstead	592	310	433	263
North Collins	326	302	311	244
Sardinia	259	179	216	160
Tonawanda	1011	798	819	749
Wales	151	153	119	136
West Seneca	604	393	510	515
Total towns	10054	7994	8382	6766
Buffalo:				
1st Ward	460	814	453	624
2d Ward	532	1443	518	1346
3d Ward	1037	1476	759	1185
4th Ward	826	1370	668	1177
5th Ward	1477	2011	1344	1831
6th Ward	774	908	587	822
7th Ward	965	987	749	945
8th Ward	1176	795	992	744
9th Ward	1051	1360	830	1195
10th Ward	835	687	687	606
11th Ward	1501	2133	1218	1853
12th Ward	760	905	587	847
13th Ward	923	962	761	817
14th Ward	1478	2314	1129	1895
15th Ward	1018	945	825	869
16th Ward	1038	755	887	700
17th Ward	2367	1455	1973	1445
18th Ward	2685	2379	2123	1989
19th Ward	665	1216	510	1345
20th Ward	1191	945	942	880
21st Ward	2208	897	1638	1008
22d Ward	2115	1171	1743	1085
23d Ward	1896	903	1554	880
24th Ward	3707	1279	2972	1408

ERIE—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —19—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
25th Ward	2045	1733	1535	172
Total city	34725	31843	27984	2916
Total county	44779	39837	36366	3596
Plurality	4942		402	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 391; Woolley (Pro.), 741 Malloney (S. L.) 925.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 798; De Leon (S. L. 1,031; Hanford (S. D.), 506; Ryder (Lil D.), 190; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 55.

ESSEX.

Chesterfield	321	157	252	12
Crown Point	423	81	283	6
Elizabetht'wn	255	57	225	6
Essex	198	91	196	6
Jay	320	156	246	11
Keene	262	44	221	8
Lewis	230	84	196	7
Minerva	95	113	72	11
Moriah	611	325	672	20
Newcomb	49	84	48	9
North Elba	329	95	269	7
North Hudson	83	15	73	1
St. Armand	112	112	107	1
Schroon	139	33	185	1
Ticonderoga	891	317	641	22
Westport	269	104	275	8
Wilmington	225	107	118	1
Willsborough	142	18	222	9
Totals	5069	1993	4301	163
Plurality	3076		2663	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 44; Woolley (Pro.), 8 Malloney (S. D.), 13.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 82; De Leon (S. L. 29; Hanford (S. D.), 68; Ryder (L. D.), 4.

FRANKLIN.

Altamont	312	129	292	1
Bangor	526	95	459	6
Bellmont	364	103	275	9
Bombay	158	155	167	1
Brandon	194	47	170	2
Brighton	72	49	37	2
Burke	286	121	229	3
Chateaugay	343	281	288	2
Constable	197	90	165	6
Dickinson	358	54	298	4
Duane	55	18	56	
Ft. Covington	300	137	286	1
Franklin	218	95	158	4
Harrietstown	417	207	308	1
Malone	1530	681	1273	5
Moira	329	252	257	1
Santa Clara	104	61	101	3
Waverly	337	36	230	5
Westville	221	64	188	4
Totals	6311	2605	5237	21
Plurality	3646		3117	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 12; Woolley (Pro.), 21 Malloney (S. L.), 12.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 203; De Leon (S. L. 18; Hanford (S. D.), 8; Ryder (L. D.), 3 Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 27.

FULTON.

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell...	Coler..
Bleecker	60	120	33	91
Broadalbin ..	350	158	249	121
Caroga	81	58	63	61
Ephratah ...	308	174	260	134
Johnstown (town)	442	264	313	205
Mayfield	372	158	297	117
Northampton.	320	245	268	242
Oppenheim ..	90	139	130	98
Perth	119	52	92	45
Stratford	170	95	106	83
Gloversville:				
1st Ward..	671	234	534	252
2d Ward...	458	182	311	182
3d Ward...	607	196	468	205
4th Ward..	649	287	456	225
5th Ward..	413	147	297	184
6th Ward..	484	309	373	284
Johnstown (city):				
1st Ward..	360	209	197	166
2d Ward...	393	240	282	210
3d Ward...	473	274	327	232
4th Ward..	312	137	216	144
Totals.....	7232	3678	5272	3281
Plurality. ...	3554		1991	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 98; Woolley (Pro.), 494; Malloney (S. L.), 179.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 518; De Leon (S. L.), 172; Hanford (S. D.), 465; Ryder (Ldb. D.), 61; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 44.

GENESEE.

Alabama	267	168	231	185
Alexander ..	249	130	163	81
Batavia	1627	1039	1320	941
Bergen	252	201	232	150
Bethany	204	92	202	57
Byron	300	123	247	88
Darien	261	190	218	179
Elba	217	211	160	164
Le Roy.....	717	505	632	354
Oakfield	333	132	268	129
Pavilion	288	124	232	92
Pembroke ...	355	281	324	248
Stafford	313	72	253	45
Totals.....	5383	3268	4482	2713
Plurality. ...	2115		1769	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 26; Woolley (Pro.), 263; Malloney (S. L.), 60.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 255; De Leon (S. L.), 43; Hanford (S. D.), 33; Ryder (Lib. D.), 13.

GREENE.

Ashland	123	82	113	64
Athens	425	349	338	275
Cairo	309	319	282	262
Catskill	1206	1074	1197	852
Coxsackie ...	638	550	564	485
Durham	232	253	216	201
Greenville ...	241	240	204	186
Halcott	32	64	38	51
Hunter	359	304	311	246
Jewett	136	149	124	115
Lexington ...	104	208	92	179

GREENE—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell...	Coler..
N. Baltimore.	273	337	237	287
Prattsville ..	114	120	101	112
Windham ...	203	219	225	144
Totals.....	4395	4268	4042	3459
Plurality. ...	127		583	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 27; Woolley (Pro.), 139; Malloney (S. L.), 80.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 205; De Leon (S. L.), 25; Hanford (S. D.), 74; Ryder (L. D.), 10.

HAMILTON.

Arietta	24	41	28	48
Benson	25	46	18	59
Hope	42	64	34	79
Inlet	....	....	33	10
Indian Lake.	190	72	195	123
Lake Pleas'nt	84	51	68	79
Long Lake...	141	57	183	115
Morehouse-ville	51	35	17	35
Wells	94	143	85	200
Totals	651	509	661	748
Plurality ...	142			87

[1]Debs (S. D.), 1; Woolley (Pro.), 22; Malloney (S. L.), 1.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 15; De Leon (S. L.), 1; Hanford (S. D.), 1; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 1.

HERKIMER.

Columbia ...	275	114	203	78
Danube	162	137	134	123
Fairfield	235	164	195	156
Frankford ..	603	365	387	324
German Flats	1423	992	1122	957
Herkimer ...	1004	769	792	792
Litchfield ...	178	76	134	67
Little Falls (town).....	76	143	55	109
Mannheim ..	483	206	394	179
Newport	282	133	210	167
Norway	117	104	99	95
Ohio	119	66	96	83
Russia	377	141	321	127
Salisbury ...	304	84	271	72
Schuyler	256	82	205	66
Stark	190	129	178	97
Warren	202	164	140	180
Webb	137	84	73	93
Wilmurt	79	32	49	31
Winfield	288	121	232	116
Little Falls (city):				
1st Ward..	415	414	331	383
2d Ward...	383	247	340	253
3d Ward...	225	342	174	299
4th Ward..	287	288	261	273
Total city	1310	2191	1106	1188

HERKIMER—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Total county.	8105	6207	6396	5040
Plurality	2508		1356	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 168; Woolley (Pro.), 299; Malloney (S. L.), 55.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 276; De Leon (S. L.), 116; Hanford (S. D.), 234; Ryder (Lib. D.), 8.

JEFFERSON.

Adams	669	164	563	187
Alexandria	528	498	447	434
Antwerp	586	224	467	179
Brownville	621	258	480	200
Cape Vincent	323	389	268	242
Champion	458	178	351	125
Clayton	567	483	471	379
Ellisburg	743	335	711	296
Henderson	318	110	241	93
Hounsfield	399	202	323	201
Le Ray	340	300	286	257
Lorraine	141	129	113	121
Lyme	308	256	273	212
Orleans	334	267	338	233
Pamelia	154	86	114	58
Philadelphia	291	173	261	154
Rodman	256	80	241	59
Rutland	374	132	309	122
Theresa	320	243	271	203
W'tert'n (t'wn)	192	57	141	48
Wilna	824	475	714	423
Worth	121	91	84	53
Watertown (city):				
1st Ward	516	232	387	212
2d Ward	768	345	668	343
3d Ward	591	356	433	391
4th Ward	399	307	341	266
5th Ward	463	264	349	181
6th Ward	266	139	242	106
Total city	3003	1643	2420	1499
T'tal county	11870	6773	9887	5878
Plurality	5097		4009	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 174; Woolley (Pro.), 575; Malloney (S. L.), 54.
[2]Manierre (Pro.) 443; De Leon (S. L.), 126; Hanford (S. D.), 368; Ryder (L. D.), 12.

KINGS.

Assembly Districts.	*GOVERNOR. —1902.—			
	Rep.	Dem.	S. L.	S. D.
	Odell.	Coler.	De Leon.	Hanford.
1	3834	3771	54	59
2	1743	5558	75	87
3	1880	4384	49	64
4	4947	5230	87	100
5	4205	4088	136	193
6	4409	5128	195	261
7	5565	9039	174	149

KINGS—(Continued).

Assembly Districts.	*GOVERNOR. —1902.—			
	Rep.	Dem.	S. L.	S. D.
	Odell.	Coler.	De Leon.	Hanford.
8	1751	4129	40	36
9	1488	4763	73	91
10	4084	4312	52	52
11	4461	5569	59	71
12	5360	5550	143	159
13	3926	5663	228	298
14	1844	5655	156	126
15	2062	4131	276	354
16	6124	5082	98	188
17	6328	3271	39	52
18	7182	6623	102	135
19	2261	4807	191	372
20	4978	6246	264	1025
21	5679	7035	378	559
Totals	84120	110634	2869	4381
Plurality		26514		

*Manierre (Pro.), 637; Ryder (Lib. D.), 116.

The vote for President in Kings County in 1900 was: McKinley (R.), 108,985; Bryan (D.), 106,221; Debs (S. D.), 2,321; Woolley (Pro.), 596; Malloney (S. L.), 1,711. The detailed vote is not given for comparison with the vote for Governor this year, because now the Assembly district is used as the unit and then the ward was used. There are twenty-one Assembly districts in the county of Kings and there were thirty-two wards in the Borough of Brooklyn, which is coterminous with Kings County.

LEWIS.

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Croghan	358	321	307	270
Denmark	448	141	426	153
Diana	397	225	301	181
Greig	218	91	171	119
Harrisburg	123	65	132	70
Highmarket	50	130	64	138
Lewis	62	155	80	139
Leyden	245	192	245	182
Lowville	705	344	636	431
Lyonsdale	224	112	163	97
Martinsburg	340	151	309	173
Montague	132	91	114	90
New-Bremen.	220	178	165	197
Osceola	88	54	71	65
Pinckney	108	135	94	129
Turin	237	90	235	95
Watson	171	118	150	150
West Turin.	278	259	271	255
Totals	4312	2852	3934	2934
Plurality	1400		1000	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 8; Woolley (Pro.), 80; Malloney (S. L.), 9.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 77; De Leon (S. L.), 3; Hanford (S. D.), 7; Ryder (Lib. D.), 3; Coler (G N. Y. D.), 5.

LIVINGSTON.

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Avon	422	355	406	395
Caledonia	314	224	307	206
Conesus	206	99	195	91
Geneseo	601	244	560	226
Groveland	219	138	204	125
Leicester	253	134	211	134
Lima	200	378	188	264
Livonia	435	336	416	266
Mt. Morris	454	452	485	442
No. Dansville	530	552	491	587
Nunda	446	199	435	153
Ossian	147	79	119	73
Portage	200	102	169	81
Sparta	170	157	178	123
Springwater	393	192	378	133
West Sparta	130	123	133	113
York	487	113	453	132
Totals	5007	3577	5328	3544
Plurality	1730		1784	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 7; Woolley (Pro.), 384; Malloney (S. L.), 12.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 242; De Leon (S. L.), 18; Hanford (S. D.), 6; Ryder (Lib. D.), 5.

MADISON.

Brookfield	265	228	492	142
Cazenovia	659	305	544	284
De Ruyter	296	121	271	79
Eaton	572	193	494	152
Fenner	145	100	104	68
Georgetown	195	67	182	32
Hamilton	637	303	506	238
Lebanon	266	74	198	61
Lenox	807	510	637	309
Lincoln	198	107	151	96
Madison	365	192	311	189
Nelson	263	89	231	64
Oneida	1134	769	950	821
Smithfield	235	60	199	60
Stockbridge	315	137	240	120
Sullivan	525	437	457	339
Totals	7177	3689	5967	3054
Plurality	3488		2913	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 68; Woolley (Pro.), 362; Malloney (S. L.), 44.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 270; De Leon (S. L.), 32; Hanford (S. D.), 57; Ryder (L. D.), 21; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 40.

MONROE.

Brighton	592	238	489	199
Chili	294	219	210	151
Clarkson	259	158	227	136
Gates	336	341	219	259
Greece	592	576	448	376
Hamlin	367	124	307	69
Henrietta	297	219	260	183
Irondequoit	316	242	236	178
Mendon	388	371	312	289
Ogden	405	300	332	245
Parma	404	239	334	129
Penfield	471	186	330	130
Perinton	700	429	629	353
Pittsford	385	255	360	228

MONROE—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Riga	308	134	235	97
Rush	185	182	184	97
Sweden	771	471	746	420
Webster	523	218	337	160
Wheatland	336	202	327	179
Total towns	7928	5094	6522	3878
Rochester:				
1st Ward	341	396	293	295
2d Ward	446	515	531	338
3d Ward	920	581	786	502
4th Ward	764	584	561	469
5th Ward	772	896	625	748
6th Ward	1127	591	904	494
7th Ward	619	608	519	556
8th Ward	1357	930	934	879
9th Ward	657	598	546	572
10th Ward	1167	478	1025	449
11th Ward	1281	1102	1007	961
12th Ward	1905	612	1676	607
13th Ward	565	561	510	456
14th Ward	1035	668	908	575
15th Ward	574	828	417	710
16th Ward	905	665	717	628
17th Ward	1281	1276	898	971
18th Ward	1205	644	1005	550
19th Ward	1277	1054	1130	881
20th Ward	589	922	481	781
Total city	18788	14489	15473	12422
Total county	26716	19583	21995	16300
Plurality	7133		5695	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 1019; Woolley (Pro.), 1102; Malloney (S. L.), 444.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 900; De Leon (S. L.), 864; Hanford (S. D.), 2,198; Ryder (Lib. D.), 119.

MONTGOMERY.

Amsterdam (city):				
1st Ward	479	263	390	273
2d Ward	541	189	404	219
3d Ward	353	341	206	314
4th Ward	393	469	220	471
5th Ward	297	176	244	193
6th Ward	454	249	408	263
7th Ward	441	141	325	225
8th Ward			152	68
Total city	2958	1828	2349	2026
Amsterdam	601	206	363	156
Canajoharie	620	513	574	492
Charleston	178	100	157	76
Florida	337	236	258	223
Glen	375	309	343	276
Minden	743	619	649	651
Mohawk	504	326	450	294
Palatine	312	409	266	377
Root	256	246	250	218
St. Johnsville	426	336	421	350
Total county	7310	5128	6080	5139
Plurality	2182		941	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 24; Woolley (Pro.), 222; Malloney (S. L.), 40.

[2]Manierre (Pro.), 412; De Leon (S. L.), 53; Hanford (S. D.), 28; Ryder (Lib. D.), 19; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 35.

NASSAU.

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Hempstead	3663	1960	3033	2044
N. Hempst'd.	1259	872	1048	938
Oyster Bay.	2074	1494	1524	1648
Totals	6996	4326	5605	4630
Plurality	2670		975	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 23; Woolley (Pro.), 100; Malloney (S. L.), 17.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 86; De Leon (S. L.), 31; Hanford (S. D.), 24; Ryder (Lib. D.), 3; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 30.

NEW-YORK.

Assem. Dist.				
1	1466	3465	953	3133
2	2131	5160	1335	5080
3	2938	5119	1825	5046
4	2503	3981	1705	3870
5	5037	3826	3564	3798
6	2754	5541	1593	5895
7	3292	5598	2270	5091
8	2178	2462	1421	2664
9	3808	5316	2409	5659
10	3497	4113	2114	4086
11	3054	4622	1769	4063
12	2200	3536	1192	3394
13	2332	4239	1492	4077
14	2913	4844	1842	4721
15	2943	4824	2113	4834
16	2803	3861	1721	4282
17	2679	4726	1876	4563
18	2474	6071	1684	6291
19	3055	4543	1643	4979
20	3140	5792	2444	5340
21	11202	6701	8669	8317
22	2796	5742	1926	5576
23	7965	7164	7036	8627
24	2856	4749	1700	4859
25	5657	2874	3445	2963
26	2902	4108	1793	4148
27	5321	2522	3241	2601
28	2688	4870	1801	5109
29	7667	2869	5013	4103
30	3705	6121	2471	6124
31	10692	6076	8093	8335
32	4308	6295	2825	6913
33	3438	5034	2356	5371
34	7328	10346	4322	11271
35	10086	12078	8140	14087
Annexed Dist	1625	2611	1425	2556
Totals	153033	181799	106131	192735
Plurality		28766		86604

[1]Debs (S. D.), 6,193; Woolley (Pro.), 640; Malloney (S. L.), 4,867.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 694; De Leon (S. L.), 5,820; Hanford (S. D.), 10,885; Ryder (Lib. D.), 512; Avial (Ind.), 1; blank, defective and void votes, 3,782.

NIAGARA.

Cambria	249	165	173	132
Hartland	445	327	344	279
Lewiston	348	253	263	221
Lockport (town)	341	225	296	176
Newfane	474	341	494	329

NIAGARA—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Niagara	148	60	148	69
North Tonaw'da	964	873	906	853
Pendleton	134	192	109	163
Porter	324	213	299	152
Royalton	625	675	549	618
Somerset	334	177	289	141
Wheatfield	189	180	167	151
Wilson	374	290	329	192
Total towns	4949	3971	4366	3476
Lockport (city):				
1st Ward	311	336	239	352
2d Ward	240	188	201	310
3d Ward	399	191	339	232
4th Ward	374	240	352	265
5th Ward	607	379	526	427
6th Ward	323	324	313	327
Total city	2254	1658	1970	1911
Niagara Falls				
1st Ward	689	572	338	375
2d Ward	590	525	428	488
3d Ward	597	407	412	365
4th Ward	275	434	165	251
5th Ward			362	570
6th Ward			302	253
Total city	2154	1998	2007	2302
Total county	9354	7429	8343	7691
Plurality			644	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 26; Woolley (Pro.), 429; Malloney (S. L.), 67.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 369; De Leon (S. L.), 49; Hanford (S. D.), 51; Ryder (Lib. D.), 32; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 59.

ONEIDA.

Annsville	257	160	186	209
Augusta	337	205	251	200
Ava	107	93	69	110
Boonville	657	288	425	249
Bridgewater	222	82	155	88
Camden	766	237	691	266
Deerfield	284	166	232	156
Florence	189	160	166	184
Floyd	131	90	115	80
Forestport	289	94	281	212
Kirkland	653	498	556	498
Lee	277	202	202	203
Marcy	223	140	211	161
Marshall	289	217	253	178
New-Hartford	750	413	572	410
Paris	428	302	320	282
Remsen	231	55	193	57
Sangerfield	377	281	264	276
Steuben	157	73	130	69
Trenton	551	143	478	174
Vernon	513	288	434	302
Verona	596	413	439	461
Vienna	351	217	284	255
Western	263	191	259	187
Westmoreland	394	160	295	186
Whitestown	922	504	683	608
Total towns	10164	5672	8144	6161
Rome:				
1st Ward	477	398		475
2d Ward	271	261	185	296

ONEIDA—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
3d Ward...	330	406	240	393
4th Ward...	400	284	280	352
5th Ward..	598	284	449	380
Total Rome	2076	1633	1472	1896
Utica:				
1st Ward..	187	155	71	184
2d Ward...	508	461	300	515
3d Ward...	517	292	372	332
4th Ward..	516	263	355	326
5th Ward..	166	153	120	158
6th Ward..	260	275	196	348
7th Ward..	846	492	646	628
8th Ward..	797	985	584	1114
9th Ward..	602	659	470	690
10th Ward.	298	283	225	346
11th Ward.	579	347	348	383
12th Ward.	563	405	444	474
13th Ward.	294	257	284	254
14th Ward.	293	224	245	291
15th Ward.	516	250	418	317
Total Utica	6922	5501	5138	6360
Total county	19162	12806	14754	14417
Plurality. ...	6356		337	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 104; Woolley (Pro.), 612; Malloney (S. L.), 359.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 602; De Leon (S. L.), 55; Hanford (S. D.), 46; Ryder (Lib. D.), 31; Coler (G. N. Y. D.) 86.

ONONDAGA.

Camillus	353	236	283	233
Cicero	562	165	501	134
Clay	481	180	429	132
De Witt.....	832	501	665	505
Elbridge	463	432	419	322
Fabbis	294	154	264	77
Geddes	603	227	488	265
Lafayette ...	255	151	213	93
Lysander	907	400	817	377
Manlius	1082	459	848	438
Marcellus ...	451	221	426	188
Onondaga ...	725	421	582	312
Otisco	180	136	159	107
Pompey	401	316	357	252
Salina	485	313	402	304
Skaneatales...	706	361	571	302
Spafford	212	97	187	55
Tully	228	171	213	125
Van Buren...	557	311	486	269
Syracuse:				
1st Ward...	586	665	555	651
2d Ward...	503	667	450	699
3d Ward...	824	463	761	497
4th Ward...	692	275	650	348
5th Ward...	710	663	655	626
6th Ward...	813	367	102	367
7th Ward...	272	467	318	340
8th Ward...	631	524	585	517
9th Ward...	526	412	425	406
10th ward..	699	689	571	681
11th Ward..	466	793	411	642
12th Ward.	1176	515	1030	473
13th Ward..	1024	392	893	359
14th Ward..	1223	586	989	517
15th Ward..	796	556	611	635
16th Ward..	938	403	806	383
17th Ward..	873	229	836	253

ONONDAGA—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
18th Ward..	827	525	798	531
19th Ward..	972	252	996	299
Totals.....	24328	14695	20752	13714
Plurality. ...	9633		7038	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 836; Woolley (Pro.), 506; Malloney (S. L.), 1,099.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 893; De Leon (S. L.), 456; Hanford (S. D.), 367; Ryder (Lib. D.), 18; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 44.

ONTARIO.

Bristol	204	131	168	72
Canadice	142	60	118	25
Canandaigua	1466	804	1131	693
E. Bloomfield	301	282	303	173
Farmington .	251	204	211	152
Geneva (t'wn)	158	115	118	79
Geneva (city)	1461	1063	1317	994
Gorham	350	290	303	226
Hopewell	236	214	222	154
Manchester ..	693	554	638	457
Naples	409	294	307	197
Phelps	638	623	538	547
Richmond ...	248	158	207	88
Seneca	476	254	397	178
South Bristol	168	98	109	50
Victor	311	323	261	234
W. Bloomfield	195	173	173	99
Totals.....	7707	5640	6511	4418
Plurality. ...	2067		2093	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 7; Woolley (Pro.), 279; Malloney (S. L.), 16.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 278; De Leon (S. L.), 25; Hanford (S. D.), 25; Ryder (Lib. D.), 16.

ORANGE.

Blooming Grove	311	194	270	151
Chester	314	206	247	181
Cornwall	581	380	458	282
Crawford	230	255	192	213
Deer Park...	1405	1601	969	1082
Goshen	730	368	685	303
Greenville ...	64	142	49	101
Hamptonburg	147	131	142	99
Highlands ...	478	312	507	251
Minisink	152	239	119	184
Monroe	242	185	234	155
Montgomery..	1111	407	1049	364
Mount Hope..	153	138	138	92
Newburg (town)	478	352	417	281
New-Windsor	253	270	203	202
Tuxedo	345	66	283	74
Walkill	354	276	295	198
Warwick	732	689	377	636
Wawayanda..	182	233	130	191
Woodbury ...	356	81	329	89
Middletown:				
1st Ward...	455	434	313	392
2d Ward...	644	466	537	415
3d Ward...	275	203	201	239
4th Ward...	462	372	385	363

ORANGE—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Newburg (city):				
1st Ward...	922	701	932	569
2d Ward...	564	352	539	320
3d Ward...	552	206	523	169
4th Ward...	503	360	463	313
5th Ward...	599	299	620	209
6th Ward...	544	282	521	228
Totals.....	14138	10180	12127	8346
Plurality. ...	3958		3781	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 25; Woolley (Pro.), 343; Malloney (S. L.), 64.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 350; De Leon (S. L.), 187; Hanford (S. D.), 142; Ryder (Lib. D.), 36.

ORLEANS.

Albion	710	561	641	570
Barre	317	133	254	108
Carlton	423	127	283	83
Clarendon ...	205	189	212	138
Gaines	322	157	251	170
Kendall	307	134	278	79
Murray	533	387	459	364
Ridgeway ...	912	634	813	529
Shelby	538	430	473	367
Yates	400	99	304	89
Totals.....	4667	2851	3968	2497
Plurality	1816		1471	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 20; Woolley (Pro.), 308; Malloney (S. L.), 45.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 321; De Leon (S. L.), 26; Hanford (S. D.), 11; Ryder (Lib. D.), 14.

OSWEGO.

Albion	374	114	293	100
Amboy	143	102	142	81
Boylestqn ...	140	56	131	59
Constantia ..	461	144	391	118
Fulton			1159	784
Granby	808	491	317	170
Hannibal	422	229	316	155
Hastings	396	172	300	148
Mexico	616	202	532	176
New-Haven..	325	74	280	69
Orwell	240	47	198	48
Oswego (t'wn)	466	241	392	190
Palermo	313	95	262	100
Parish	299	96	256	75
Redfield	114	93	91	78
Richland	672	296	563	220
Sandy Creek.	436	154	367	144
Schroeppel ..	554	241	513	229
Scriba	486	174	416	170
Volney	1211	527	827	167
West Munroe	153	122	133	90
Williamstown	172	124	138	122
Oswego(city):				
1st Ward..	378	534	318	523
2d Ward...	145	259	102	239
3d Ward...	485	399	420	400
4th Ward..	350	343	283	353
5th Ward..	219	467	159	437
6th Ward..	334	238	270	259
7th Ward..	206	202	168	196
8th Ward..	248	366	173	331

OSWEGO—(Continued.)

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell...	Coler..
Total county	11165	6602	9409	6211
Plurality. ...	4563		3198	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 23; Woolley (Pro.), 588; Malloney (S. L.), 89.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 685; De Leon (S. L.), 56; Hanford (S. D.), 17; Ryder (Lib. D.), 17.

OTSEGO.

Burlington ..	255	153	214	136
Butternuts .	282	152	250	94
Cherry Valley	267	277	263	237
Decatur	95	77	84	54
Edmeston ...	318	196	299	169
Exeter	241	102	192	103
Hartwick	325	221	267	194
Laurens	258	171	230	143
Maryland	274	316	154	281
Middlefield ..	282	327	247	270
Milford	281	309	256	271
Morris	314	169	274	135
New-Lisbon..	192	166	173	140
Oneonta	1425	969	1243	742
Otego	297	226	234	164
Otsego	748	524	669	475
Pittsfield	171	140	131	123
Plainfield	195	50	158	40
Richfield	462	265	381	254
Roseboom ...	201	124	178	102
Springfield ..	220	292	176	292
Unadilla	319	394	282	297
Westford	186	145	120	116
Worcester ...	336	375	337	298
Totals.....	7894	6140	6812	5130
Plurality	1754		1682	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 11; Woolley (Pro.), 327; Malloney (S. L.), 20.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 353; De Leon (S. L.), 21; Hanford (S. D.), 10; Ryder (L. D.), 15; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 22.

PUTNAM.

Carmel	444	290	363	302
Kent	200	99	152	140
Patterson ...	275	104	268	114
Phillipstown	690	436	728	445
Putnam Val..	147	162	180	105
Southeast ...	465	205	495	166
Totals	2221	1346	2184	1272
Plurality	875		912	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 23; Woolley (Pro.), 37; Mallouey (S. L.), 7.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 42.

QUEENS.

Ist	5935	9070	4247	10157
IId	5839	5022	4733	5408
Part of IIId.	567	656	392	967
Totals	12341	14748	9372	16532
Plurality		2407		7160

[1]Debs (S. D.), 253; Woolley (Pro.), 82; Malloney (S. L.), 645.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 83; De Leon (S. L.), 370; Hanford (S. D.), 977; Ryder (Lib. D.), 14.

RENSSELAER.

	[1]PRESID'T. 1900.		[2]GOV'RNOR. 1902.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Berlin	822	136	277	175
Brunswick	615	217	446	184
E. Greenbush	295	270	191	153
Grafton	297	58	226	81
Hoosick	1318	914	1387	813
Nassau	351	219	346	188
N. Greenbush	688	319	190	125
Petersburg	283	126	274	106
Pittstown	623	258	541	257
Poestenkill	213	132	183	137
Rensselaer	982	920	1441	1132
Sandlake	411	172	387	155
Schaghticoke	550	272	521	279
Schodack	645	549	566	489
Stephentown	266	162	250	122
Troy:				
1st Ward	417	456	385	459
2d Ward	815	496	693	447
3d Ward	394	156	337	169
4th Ward	698	397	610	355
5th Ward	530	144	533	163
6th Ward	476	599	458	521
7th Ward	682	664	511	775
8th Ward	311	652	271	594
9th Ward	248	748	243	676
10th Ward	617	896	561	794
11th Ward	187	706	189	647
12th Ward	219	934	199	847
13th Ward	810	563	733	514
14th Ward	704	455	713	403
15th Ward	642	109	603	145
16th Ward	941	438	817	374
17th Ward	642	357	554	320
Total city	9333	8730	8410	8203
Total county	17087	13450	15336	12599
Plurality			2738	

[1]Debs (S. D.) 83; Woolley (Pro.), 358; Malloney (S. L.), 179.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 339; De Leon (S. L.), 489; Hanford (S. D.), 233; Ryder (Lib. D.), 24.

RICHMOND.

1st	6047	6751	4876	7231
Plurality				2355

[1]Debs (S. D.), 109; Woolley (Pro.), 147; Malloney (S. L.), 144.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 94; De Leon (S. L.), 123; Hanford (S. D.), 129; Ryder (Lib. D.), 6.

ROCKLAND.

Clarkstown	509	767	426	6.3
Haverstraw	776	1062	581	1006
Orangetown	1344	1091	1066	1121
Ramapo	1258	714	973	751
Stony Point	302	386	260	322
Totals	4189	4021	3306	3853
Plurality				547

[1]Debs (S. D.), 26; Woolley (Pro.), 108; Malloney (S. L.), 7.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 99; De Leon (S. L.), 23; Hanford (S. D.), 40; Ryder (Lib. D.), 3; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 17.

ST. LAWRENCE.

Brasher	348	270	238	153
Canton	1173	427	992	307

ST. LAWRENCE—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. 1900.		[2]GOV'RNOR. 1902.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Odell.	Coler.
Clare	70	10	26	7
Clifton	166	47	84	38
Colton	349	103	285	86
Dekalb	532	113	414	94
De Peyster	231	27	166	25
Edwards	295	62	228	51
Fine	337	68	234	52
Fowler	328	81	280	51
Gouverneur	588	363	813	240
Hammond	343	75	283	57
Hermon	288	96	211	76
Hopkinton	438	107	236	53
Lawrence	353	147	311	121
Lisbon	760	180	570	130
Louisville	254	107	191	131
Macomb	271	88	199	60
Madrid	361	105	327	88
Massena	635	252	433	182
Morristown	401	105	367	78
Norfolk	282	195	267	137
Oswegatchie	420	198	338	138
Parishville	527	79	442	41
Piercefield	—	—	85	37
Pierpont	419	60	291	43
Pitcairn	170	31	133	17
Potsdam	1561	514	1226	377
Rossie	196	117	180	98
Russell	438	106	201	67
Stockholm	572	190	491	134
Waddington	390	142	294	108
Ogdensburg:				
1st Ward	402	200	301	298
2d Ward	411	324	286	341
3d Ward	304	190	229	205
4th Ward	314	369	275	380
Totals	15297	5696	11987	4515
Plurality	9601		7482	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 27; Woolley (Pro.), 486; Malloney (S. L.), 31.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 420; De Leon (S. L.), 53; Hanford (S. D.), 13; Ryder (Lib. D.), 54.

SARATOGA.

Ballston	297	221	258	195
Charlton	180	130	138	111
Clifton Park	417	143	359	141
Corinth	508	190	445	200
Day	137	60	107	69
Edinburg	178	114	130	107
Galway	257	119	192	114
Greenfield	315	120	258	127
Hadley	184	33	136	35
Halfmoon	858	476	705	502
Malta	244	110	184	88
Milton	810	626	627	641
Morean	437	282	311	261
N'thumberl'd	250	102	231	89
Providence	101	60	89	48
Saratoga	618	419	464	309
Sar. Springs	1942	1459	1555	1524
Stillwater	660	604	451	610
Waterford	980	573	846	696
Wilton	225	54	184	49
Totals	9598	5913	7670	5916
Plurality			1754	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 114; Woolley (Pro.), 506; Malloney (S. L.), 22.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 390; De Leon (S. L.), 97; Hanford (S. D.), 48; Ryder (Lib. D.), 11.

SCHENECTADY.

	[1]PRESID'T. 1900.		[2]GOV'RNOR. 1902.	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Duanesburg	420	253	401	240
Glenville	489	289	473	278
Niskayuna	249	91	231	68
Princetown	126	61	121	48
Rotterdam	1059	687	415	321
Schenectady	4432	3398	4339	4630
Totals	6775	4779	6480	5594
Plurality	1996		886	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 33; Woolley (Pro.), 159; Malloney (S. L.), 241.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 314; De Leon (S. L.), 287; Hanford (S. D.), 136; Ryder (Lib. D.), 18; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 23.

SCHOHARIE.

Blenheim	124	126	95	127
Broome	222	143	198	184
Carlisle	161	213	132	169
Cobleskill	510	630	465	575
Conesville			105	119
Esperance	191	131	165	113
Fulton	211	371	195	297
Gilboa	275	193	239	189
Jefferson	259	152	264	101
Middleburg	364	440	324	410
Richm'ndville	237	298	212	261
Schoharie	404	435	366	434
Seward	174	256	146	244
Sharon	273	359	246	308
Summit	157	203	155	191
Wright	178	197	153	173
Totals	3661	4176	3460	3845
Plurality		515		385

[1]Debs (S. D.), 3; Woolley (Pro.), 170; Malloney, (S. L.), 7.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 164; De Leon (S. L.), 4; Hanford (S. D.), 5; Ryder (L. D.), 2.

SCHUYLER.

Catharine	243	147	202	95
Cayuta	61	70	38	69
Dix	642	479	571	426
Hector	728	443	673	333
Montour	294	148	276	143
Orange	189	215	141	168
Redding	205	170	201	149
Tyrone	239	220	222	165
Totals	2801	1892	2324	1548
Plurality	709		776	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 2; Woolley (Pro.), 189; Malloney (S. L.), 6.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 132; De Leon (S. L.), 5; Hanford (S. D.), 2.

SENECA.

Covert	305	263	280	202
Fayette	372	490	339	376
Junius	142	186	141	117
Lodi	288	180	222	172
Ovid	298	310	258	269
Romulus	290	330	277	291
Seneca Falls	998	1017	972	837
Tyre	129	145	136	121

SENECA—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. 1900.		[2]GOV'RNOR. 1902.	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Variek	186	160	150	121
Waterloo	784	489	782	491
Totals	3787	3460	3557	2997
Plurality	327		560	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 4; Woolley (Pro.), 122; Malloney (S. L.), 25.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 101; De Leon (S. L.), 28; Hanford (S. D.), 10; Ryder (L. D.), 5.

STEUBEN.

Addison	419	299	326	264
Avoca	307	274	264	212
Bath	1148	857	1035	748
Bradford	98	121	91	93
Cameron	234	145	201	86
Campbell	302	107	194	83
Canisteo	561	284	595	259
Caton	254	65	175	37
Cohocton	478	419	409	297
Corning (city)	1640	965	1301	884
Corning (town)	294	144	175	102
Dansville	198	191	145	117
Erwin	323	180	268	140
Fremont	195	89	111	50
Greenwood	217	97	181	71
Hartsville	137	74	108	44
Hornby	141	119	118	57
Hornellsville (city)	1371	1379	1021	1226
Hornellsville (town)	246	232	199	142
Howard	291	157	172	91
Jasper	254	99	177	47
Lindley	227	143	143	88
Prattsburg	351	310	321	215
Pulteney	270	197	243	115
Rathbone	169	131	132	94
Thurston	161	118	127	85
Troupsburg	358	148	243	87
Tuscarora	180	132	182	87
Urbana	396	379	300	317
Wayland	390	443	289	315
Wayne	98	110	82	73
West Union	155	108	106	71
Wheeler	174	166	124	106
Woodhull	383	183	288	130
Totals	12420	8813	9796	6832
Plurality	3607		2964	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 48; Woolley (Pro.), 969; Malloney (S. L.), 53.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 843; De Leon (S. L.), 105; Hanford (S. D.), 185; Ryder (Lib. D.), 14; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 50.

SUFFOLK.

Babylon	835	679	763	600
Brookhaven	1927	1152	1508	1365
Easthampton	490	204	329	261
Huntington	1183	671	838	625
Islip	1479	950	1054	1093
Riverhead	614	374	499	406
Shelter Isl'nd	149	49	128	62
Smithtown	364	310	294	320

SUFFOLK—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Southampton.	1416	657	1105	779
Southold	1130	667	997	733
Totals	9587	5713	7513	6244
Plurality. ...	3874		1255	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 35; Woolley (Pro.), 549; Malloney (S. L.), 31.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 419; De Leon (S. L.), 60; Hanford (S. D.), 45; Ryder (Lib. D.), 15.

SULLIVAN.

Bethel	343	170	315	151
Callicoon ...	193	302	189	295
Cochecton ...	119	150	113	141
Delaware	119	277	126	259
Fallsburg ...	467	303	454	282
Forestburg ..	56	80	35	48
Fremont	237	291	205	182
Highland	119	123	102	89
Liberty	688	424	607	381
Lumberland..	102	108	99	71
Mamakating..	543	249	405	181
Neversink ...	294	255	292	196
Rockland ...	480	363	435	258
Thompson ...	568	394	520	377
Tusten	77	138	72	124
Totals.....	4405	3627	3969	3034
Plurality. ...	778		935	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 4; Woolley (Pro.), 116; Malloney (S. L.), 10.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 98; De Leon (S. L.), 6; Hanford (S. D.), 5; Ryder (Lib. D.), 3; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 12.

TIOGA.

Barton	937	672	752	520
Berkshire ...	180	97	154	80
Candor	572	385	490	294
Newark Val'y	358	212	334	181
Nichols	331	107	282	75
Owego	1584	878	1361	763
Richford	140	142	149	89
Spencer	277	256	241	200
Tioga	328	287	247	246
Totals.....	4746	3036	4010	2428
Plurality. ...	1710		1582	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 1; Woolley (Pro.), 243; Malloney (S. L.), 6.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 181; De Leon (S. L.), 11; Hanford (S. D.), 4; Ryder (Lib. D.), 3; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 13.

TOMPKINS.

Caroline	349	207	321	194
Danby	265	149	205	119
Dryden	643	452	632	379
Enfield	189	181	164	170
Groton	644	347	582	256
Ithaca (town)	202	203	171	160
Lansing	366	333	363	227
Newfield	287	255	150	185
Ulysses	460	308	421	254

TOMPKINS—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.—		[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.—	
	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Ithaca (city):				
1st Ward..	282	292	247	362
2d Ward...	664	487	592	445
3d Ward...	636	464	585	507
4th Ward..	423	175	347	236
Totals	5410	3853	4780	3434
Plurality ...	1557		1346	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 19; Woolley (Pro.), 97; Malloney (S. L.), 30.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 258; De Leon (S. L.), 19; Hanford (S. D.), 33; Ryder (Lib. D.), 9.

ULSTER.

Deaning	133	98	101	86
Esopus	684	395	592	342
Gardiner	186	212	162	181
Hardenburg..	117	54	105	46
Hurley	283	189	230	125
Kingston (town)	40	64	21	31
Lloyd	378	256	336	219
Marbleton ..	547	272	417	226
Marlborough..	494	426	418	371
New-Paltz ..	274	277	320	228
Olive	281	340	275	304
Plattekill	267	198	254	134
Rochester ...	336	340	314	289
Rosendale ...	653	710	406	526
Saugerties ..	1374	961	1179	723
Shandaken ..	423	320	358	246
Shawangunk.	323	312	260	245
Ulster	346	340	288	327
Warwarsing..	936	778	798	714
Woodstock ..	305	100	251	106
Kingston (city):				
1st Ward..	354	178	290	199
2d Ward...	484	366	437	371
3d Ward..	294	177	272	157
4th Ward..	252	371	246	332
5th Ward..	151	384	140	312
6th Ward..	259	211	207	230
7th Ward..	269	299	242	278
8th Ward..	363	316	315	310
9th Ward..	533	412	461	414
Total city..	2959	2714		
Total county	11340	9354	9695	8072
Plurality. ...	1986		1623	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 5; Woolley (Pro.), 412; Malloney (S. L.), 27.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 391; De Leon (S. L.), 48; Hanford (S. D.), 39; Ryder (Lib. D.), 10.

WARREN.

Bolton	280	61	230	71
Caldwell	225	167	192	135
Chester	350	125	280	139
Hague	185	73	108	59
Horicon	205	60	147	89
Johnsburg ..	440	165	275	230
Luzerne	254	51	207	93
Queensbury .	2262	1442	1723	1521
Stony Creek.	172	72	102	96
Thurman ...	142	89	111	85
Warrensburg	314	233	263	212

WARREN—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Totals	4829	2538	3638	2730
Plurality ...	2291		908	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 11; Woolley (Pro.), 202; Malloney (S. L.), 29.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 171; De Leon (S. L.), 58; Hanford (S. D.), 59; Ryder (Lib. D.), 6; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 11.

WASHINGTON.

Argyle	387	78	289	66
Cambridge ..	356	155	278	121
Dresden	101	35	63	45
Easton	406	153	274	126
Fort Ann....	457	175	378	166
Fort Edward	809	472	646	480
Granville ...	946	394	819	324
Greenwich ..	830	257	723	284
Hampton ...	106	63	87	48
Hartford ...	280	75	226	52
Hebron	303	118	255	120
Jackson	212	59	115	44
Kingsbury ..	1112	433	806	459
Putnam	121	11	90	17
Salem	541	219	396	195
White Creek.	475	170	349	135
Whitehall ...	768	490	520	566
Totals	8210	3363	6314	3248
Plurality	4847		3066	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 24; Woolley (Pro.), 404; Malloney (S. L.), 18.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 359; De Leon (S. L.), 55; Hanford (S. D.), 117; Ryder (Lib. D.), 3; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 18.

WAYNE.

Arcadia	955	720	860	654
Butler	378	133	317	67
Galen	650	542	562	489
Huron	295	141	258	118
Lyons	837	673	739	629
Macedon	400	236	348	182
Marion	435	80	364	57
Ontario	442	181	476	125
Palmyra	708	313	635	250
Rose	321	175	265	89
Savannah ...	308	171	283	130
Sodus	764	518	594	385
Walworth ...	423	105	267	69
Williamson .	530	158	452	115
Wolcott	511	329	389	234
Totals.. ...	7957	4475	6809	3593
Plurality. ...	3482		3216	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 14; Woolley (Pro.), 320; Malloney (S. L.), 8.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 264; De Leon (S. L.), 29; Hanford (S. D.), 20; Ryder (Lib. D.), 4.

WESTCHESTER.

Bedford	590	306	544	322
Cortlandt ...	2098	1940	1804	1777
East Chester.	284	321	283	309
Greenburg ..	1965	1408	1651	1413
Harrison	197	194	137	164
Lewisboro ...	215	55	157	89
Mamaroneck	502	329	414	340

WESTCHESTER—(Continued).

	[1]PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	[2]GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Odell.	Dem. Coler.
Mt. Pleasant.	836	878	640	926
Mt. Vernon..	2477	1559	2238	1736
Newcastle ..	387	201	333	216
New-Rochelle	1607	1241	1533	1321
North Castle.	232	118	227	100
North Salem.	186	114	183	111
Ossining	1207	1008	933	1014
Pelham	231	77	174	118
Poundridge ..	119	57	120	46
Rye	1592	1172	1573	1084
Scarsdale ...	102	47	87	60
Somers	157	193	128	203
White Plains	997	722	900	767
Yonkers	4851	4237	4155	4419
Yorktown ...	337	249	245	219
Totals	21169	16426	18459	16754
Plurality ...	4743		1705	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 228; Woolley (Pro.), 380; Malloney (S. L.), 419.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 315; De Leon (S. L.), 557; Hanford (S. D.), 700; Ryder (Lib. D.), 64.

WYOMING.

Arcade	263	196	249	195
Attica	441	323	456	201
Bennington ..	183	296	131	200
Castile	435	159	320	129
Covington ...	200	73	153	35
Eagle	238	84	223	65
Gainesville ..	408	182	346	158
Genesee Falls	104	84	81	68
Java	201	262	180	221
Middlebury .	229	134	195	58
Orangeville .	166	88	130	47
Perry	732	232	604	190
Pike	331	52	298	56
Sheldon	196	299	185	184
Warsaw	762	338	760	235
Wethersfield	141	95	114	80
Totals	5630	2897	4425	2121
Plurality ...	2133		2304	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 6; Woolley (Pro.), 398; Malloney (S. L.), 11.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 259; De Leon (S. L.), 15; Hanford (S. D.), 6; Ryder (Lib. D.), 1; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 16.

YATES.

Barrington ..	228	144	202	102
Benton	370	215	323	149
Italy	192	88	169	59
Jerusalem ...	425	315	396	175
Middlesex ...	217	136	163	87
Milo	1011	732	825	615
Potter	281	188	246	117
Starkey	515	258	490	187
Torrey	195	142	184	101
Totals.....	3472	2198	2998	1572
Plurality. ...	1234		1426	

[1]Debs (S. D.), 5; Woolley (Pro.), 175; Malloney (S. L.), 9.
[2]Manierre (Pro.), 121; De Leon (S. L.), 9; Hanford (S. D.), 4; Ryder (Lib. D.), 4; Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 7.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, NEW-YORK STATE, 1902.

I. Frederic Storm (R.), 17,681; Townsend Scudder (D.), 17,788; Frank Bossen (S. D.), 266.

II. James R. Howe (R.), 9,593; George H. Lindsay (D.), 18,728; William Irvine (Pro.), 107; Isaac Bookman (S. L.), 821; George Stamer (S. D.), 1,033.

III. Charles T. Dunwell (R.), 17,457; Hugh E. Rogers (D.), 17,043; George M. Mather (Pro.), 133; Henry Kober (S. L.), 528; Henry Jander (S. D.), 973.

IV. William Schnitzpan (R.), 13,695; Frank E. Wilson (D.), 16,415; Henry T. Hinsch (Pro.), 126; Emil Mueller (S. L.), 647; William A. Heide (S. D.), 1,369.

V. Harry A. Hanbury (R.), 15,216; Edward M. Bassett (D.), 16,149; Robert T. Stokes (Pro.), 143; Justus Ebert (S. L.), 338; Peter E. Burrowes (S. D.), 378; Elmer S. White (Liberty), 854.

VI. Henry Bristow (R.), 17,420; Robert Baker (D.), 17,886; Adolph O. Carlson (Pro.), 153; Frederick A. Leise (S. L.), 328; Hugo Peters (S. D.), 341.

VII. James T. Williamson (R.), 10,432; John Fitzgerald (D.), 23,112; George W. Hunt (Pro.), 123; Bernard Hughes (S. L.), 288; Peter Larsen (S. D.), 277.

VIII. Timothy D. Sullivan (D.), 18,972; Montague Lessler (R.), 5,446; Robert Downs (S. L.), 228; Benjamin F. Funk (Pro.), 63; Gustave Theimer (S. D.), 370; Frank Mayo (L. D.), 70.

IX. Henry M Goldfogle (D.), 7,739; Charles S. Adler (R.), 4,235; T. N. Holden (Pro.), 82; Rudolph Katz (S. L.), 499; Alexander Jonas (S. D.), 1,355.

X. William Sulzer (D.), 15,451; William Blau (R.), 6,088; Ira Babcock (Pro.), 45; James T. Hunter (S. L.), 1,391; H. G. Wilshire (S. D.), 1,873.

X (as constituted in 1900). Edward Swann (D.), 18,302; Henry Birrell (R.), 8,599.

XI. William Randolph Hearst (D.), 26,-953; Henry Birrell (R.), 10,841; Edward A. Packer (Pro.), 119; Charles G. Tiche (S. L.), 423; Solomon Feldman (S. D.), 686.

XII. George B McClellan (D.), 21,275; Charles Shongood (R.), 7,039; John W. Andrews (Pro.), 48; Emil Hendricks (S. L.), 512; Frederick Paulitsh (S. D.), 1,005; August J. Durlacher (L. D.), 54.

XIII. Francis Burton Harrison (D.), 15,524; James W. Perry (R.), 13,987; J. H. Yarnell (Pro.), 81, Andreas H. Knudson (S. L.), 189; Peter Zoeler (S D.), 223; Francis M. Neall (L. D.), 51.

XIV. Ira Edgar Rider (D.), 10,490; Andrew J. Andersen (R.), 4,032; Arthur Chambers (S. L.), 394; John C. Wallace (Pro.), 30; William Ehret (S. D.), 1,475; John J. M. Issing (L. D.), 49.

XV. William H. Douglass (R.), 12,575; Henry B. Martin (D.), 12,161; David A. Howell (Pro.), 45; Robert J. McCall (S. L.), 224; Edward F. Cassidy (S. D.), 252.

XVI. Jacob Ruppert, jr. (D.), 15,657; William R. Spooner (R.), 7,485; Robert E. Niedig (Pro.), 91; Claus Vonderlieth (S. L.), 679; Hermann Walker (S. D.), 1,146.

XVII. Frank E. Shober (D.), 19,218; Harvey T. Andrews (R.), 17,731; George Gethin (Pro.), 138; Niles Johnson (S. L.), 367; James C. Kanely (S. D.), 560.

XVIII. Joseph A. Goulden (D.), 28,411; Frank C. Schaeffler (R.), 14,844; James H. Hardy (Pro.), 151; Frederick H. Olpp (S. L.), 392; Ernest Spranger (S. D.), 1,663.

XIX. Norton P. Otis (R.), 17,878; Cornelius A. Pugsley (D.), 17,338; Menzo C. Beardsley (Pro.), 291; Owen Carraher (S. L.), 553; William T. Wood (S. D.), 685.

XX. Thomas W. Bradley (R.), 19,747; Theodore W. Babcock (D.), 14,874; John Anthony (Pro.), 577; Edward Gidley (S. L.), 219; Beaumont Sykes (S. D.), 197.

XXI. John H. Ketcham (R.), 22,363; Curtis F. Hoag (D.), 15,777; Lester Howard (Pro.), 768; Andrew C. Fancher (S. D.), 120.

XXII. William H. Draper (R.), 21,689; John H. Morrison (D.), 15,698; Carl H. Casper, 344.

XXIII. George N. Southwick (R.), 28,-853; B. Cleveland Sloan (D.), 22,459; Jacob E. Alexander (S. L.), 760; Henry Vitalius (S. D.), 254.

XXIV. George J. Smith (R.), 23,842; Clifford Champion (D.), 20,046; Ira S. Jarvis (Pro.), 1,221.

XXV. Lucius N. Littauer (R.), 23,018; Frank Beebe (D.), 18,132; Leo R. Grinnell (S. D.), 611.

XXVI. William H. Flack (R.), 27,816; Henry Holland (D.), 10,392; Henry C. Shares (Pro.), 990; Isaac Peyser (S. D.), 108.

XXVII. James S. Sherman (R.), 21,743; Edward Lewis (D.), 18,497; Seth H. Warner (Pro.), 1,293.

XXVIII. Charles L. Knapp (R.), 23,-196, C. Frank Smith (D.), 14,883; Charles W. Richards (Pro.), 1,274.

XXIX. Michael E. Driscoll (R.), 27,-023; Martin F. Dillon (D.), 16,330; Albert Colt (Pro.), 744; James Trainor (S. L.), 474; John L. Franz (S. D.), 417.

XXX. John W. Dwight (R.), 28,211; Charles D. Pratt (D.), 17,176.

XXXI. Sereno E. Payne (R.), 24,130; Harry B. Harpending (D.), 14833; Harrison L. Hoyt (Pro.), 916; Frank L. Braunick (S. L.), 267.

XXXII. James Breck Perkins (R.), 22,-119; William De Graeff (D.), 15,933; Freeman H. Battys (Pro.), 941; Henry Engel (S. L.), 904; Charles R. Bach (S. D.), 2,249.

XXXIII. Charles W. Gillet (R.), 21,587; Frank P. Frost (D.), 16,494; William A. Allen (Pro.), 1,523.

XXXIV. James W. Wadsworth (R.), 26,007; Dean F. Currie (D.), 18,787; William E. Booth (Pro.), 1,701.

XXXV. John M. Farquhar (R.), 14,-715; William H. Ryan (D.), 19,884; E. J. Cook (Pro.), 282; William S. Patterson (S. L.), 752; Theodore E. F. Schorr (S. D.), 349.

XXXVI. De Alva S. Alexander (R.), 21,525; Ole L. Snyder (D.), 16,016; Thomas Tomlinson (Pro.), 558; William F. Rohloff (S. L.), 263; Tom Fitton (S. D.), 147.

XXXVII. Edward B. Vreeland (R.), 27,579; George J. Ball (D.), 11,470; William J. Hoyt (Pro.), 1,636.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

Vote for Senators, 1902.

I. Erastus F. Post (R.), 12,029; Edwin Bailey, jr., (D.), 13,905; Charles Whitam (S. L.), 169; Christian Le Grand (S. D.), 129.

II. William W. Cocks (R.), 16,214; Luke A. Keenan (D.), 19,890; John Hopp, 1,062; Luke A. Keenan, 10.

III. John M. Douglass (R.), 7,395; Thomas H. Cullen (D.), 13,762; William

McAlpin (Pro.), 88; Ferdinand Heineman (S. D.), 166.

IV. Thomas C. Whitlock (D.), 15,673; Abram C. Degraw (R.), 12,854; George M. Davison (Pro.), 129; John A. Schwarz (S. L.), 429; Frederick Schafer (S. D.), 538.

V. Harry D. Hopkins (R.), 8,901; James H. McCabe (D.), 17,728; William A. F. Miller (Pro.), 98; William A. Archer (S. L.), 283; Frederick L. Lachkenmacher (S. D.), 284.

VI. Rudolph Carl Fuller (R.), 13,734; Walter C. Burton (D.), 15,532; Ashbel E. Daniels (Pro.), 136; Elmer Lund (S. L.), 259; Julius Bychower (S. D.), 280.

VII. Charles C. G. Sprenger (R.), 8,208; Patrick H. McCarren (D.), 14,858; Sanford E. Pratt (Pro.), 122; William L. Brower (S. L.), 707; H. Weiss (S. D.), 802.

VIII. Henry Marshal (R.), 19,716; Arthur H. Cameron (D.), 14,710; Francis E. Hallock (Pro.), 187; Henry Kuhn (S. L.), 258; Mark Peiser (S. D.), 367.

IX. Frank F. Schultz (R.), 13,574; Joseph Wagner (D.), 17,289; Samuel Eden (Pro.), 109; John D. Stegman (S. L.), 840; Gustav Skorsetz (S. D.), 1,963.

X. Daniel J. Riordan (D.), 10,917; William A. Coakley (R.), 5,146; Lazarus Abelson (S. L.), 247; J. J. Mentz (S. D.), 906.

XI. John C. Fitzgerald (D.), 12,497; Mayer Shonfeld (R.), 5,234; A. W. Pfluger (Pro.), 35; Julius Frankel (S. L.), 547; Maxim Romm (S. D.), 1,336.

XII. Samuel J. Foley (D.), 12,329; Emerich Kohn (R.), 4,739; J. T. Brooks (Pro.), 37; Julius Hammer (S. L.), 1,304; Herman Reich (S. D.), 1,475.

XIII. Bernard F. Martin (D.), 13,853; James Stewart (R.), 7,659; Fitzhugh Smith (Pro.), 37; Edward J. Boyce (S. L.), 218; Paul Flaschel (S. D.), 206; Henry Donovan (L. D.), 42.

XIV. Thomas F. Grady (D.), 15,890; James Gaffney (R.), 6,547; D. Palmer Smagg (Pro.), 49; George H. Styles (S. L.), 352; Edward Loewenthal (S. D.), 458; Frank Killeen (L. D.) 62; John T. Cronin (G. N. Y. D.), 783.

XV. Nathaniel A. Elsberg (R.), 12,005; Frederick L. C. Keating (D.), 8,967; Charles E. Latimer (Pro.), 52; David B. Goldstein (S. D.), 152.

XVI. Patrick F. Trainor (D.), 13,842; Thomas M. Belknap (R.), 5,547; Jonas P. Barrett (Pro.), 56; Andrew Bahnsen (S. L.), 267; John Awsel (S. D.), 389; Alexander Law (L. D.), 49.

XVII. George W. Plunkitt (D.), 14,123; Michael Kirtland (R.), 9,786; James White (S. L.), 314; Matthew T. Lindsay (Pro.), 72; Henry Haupt (S. D.), 381.

XVIII. Victor J. Dowling (D.), 14,200; John Goode (R.), 5,093; Benjamin T. Rogers, jr. (Pro.), 40; J. Simon (S. L.), 491; John Novak (S. D.), 1,623; Charles A. Vogel (L. D.), 66.

XIX. John W. Russell (D.), 24,795; William H. Smith (R.), 22,991; Frank M. Johns (Pro.), 164; James J. Kavanagh (S. L.), 509; Charles A. Springer (S. D.), 737; Thomas J. Hayden (G. N. Y. D.), 786; Samuel Slater (Ind.), 10.

XX. James J. Frawley (D.), 17,267; M. Frederick Werner (R.), 7,400; F. B. Carpenter (Pro.), 105; William Heymann (S. L.), 665; Henry Stoll (S. D.), 1,565; John J. Egan (G. N. Y. D.), 1,239.

XXI. John A. Hawkins (D.), 25,611; John L. Burgoyne (R.), 13,531; Jesse Barton (Pro.), 122; Donald Ferguson (S. L.), 871; William C. Burgwald (S. D.), 1,495; Edward Polak (L. D.), 192; William J. McLoughlin (G. N. Y. D.), 362.

XXII. Isaac N. Mills (R.), 21,002; Charles P. McClelland (D.), 22,073; Otto C. Fransecky (S. L.), 715; George Lamsen (S. D.), 967; E. Paysen Porter (Pro.), 319.

(Special election Nov. 3, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Chas. P. McClelland). F. M. Carpenter (R.), 22,610; Wm. Temple Emmet (D.), 20,405; Geo. Lawson (S. D.), 812; C. M. Lyon (Pro.), 293; E. McCormick (S. L.), 283.

XXIII. Louis F. Goodsell (R.), 15,478; J. Erskine Ward (D.), 12,169; Howard Hasbrouck (Pro.), 493; Robert F. Paine (S. D.), 194; John Royle (S. L.), 208.

XXIV. Henry S. Ambler (R.), 17,635; Derrick Brown (D.), 13,032; John J. Hughes (Pro.). 580.

XXV. Frank J. Lefevre (R.), 14,118; Jacob Rice (D.), 11,056; Charles O. Sahlor (Pro.), 557; James Jamson (S. D.), 119.

XXVI. Jotham P. Allds (R.), 15,892. (No opposition.)

XXVII. Spencer K. Warwick (R.), 15,-325; Charles Rickard (D.), 13,080; Willard Platner (Pro.), 1,132; Elliott S. Timmerman (S. D.), 518.

XXVIII. Edgar T. Brackett (R.), 19,-678; Edward F. Marquette (D.), 15,382; R. L. Dunning (Pro.), 1,015; Russell R. Hunt (S. D.), 262; E. L. Lake (S. L.), 385.

XXIX. James B. McEwan (R.), 23,110; John A. McCarthy (D.), 16,037; J. W. Podmore (Pro.), 216; John Norton (S. L.), 456; Henry C. Romaine (S. D.), 123.

XXX. William D. Barnes (R.), 15,150; John B. Holmes (D.), 12,708; Frank E. Passonns (S. L.). 505; William Wallnik (S. D.), 225.

XXXI. Spencer G. Prime (R.), 14,385; Lansing R. Curtis (S. D.), 159.

XXXII. George R. Malby (R.), 23,682; George B. Barnes (D.), 670

XXXIII. Walter L. Brown (R.), 13,-322; Levi Thayer (D.), 9,974; Harlon Skeel (Pro.), 637.

XXXIV. William E. Lewis (R.), 14,-382; William Townsend (D.), 14,663.

XXXV. Eben R. Brown (R.), 13,435; Charles R. Lee (D.), 9,094; Duane Ormsby (Pro.), 592.

XXXVI. Horace White (R.), 20,743; Charles A. Richardson (D.), 13,851; Wesley Loomis (Pro.), 420; Archibald A. Grant (S. L.), 456; F. H. Horton (S. D.), 360.

XXXVII. Francis H. Gates (R.), 15,-378; Thomas A. McKay (D.), 9,127; Stephen M. Wing (Pro.), 1,013.

XXXVIII. George E. Green (R.), 17,-955. (No opposition.)

XXXIX. Benjamin M. Wilcox (R.), 11,479; Joel B. Jennings (D.), 8,399; William H Cronk (S. L.), 234.

XL. Edwin C. Stewart (R.), 13,421; Charles A. Lowe (D.), 10,596.

XLI. Franklin D. Sherwood (R.), 12,-418; William H. Willis (D.), 8,134; Ledrian H. Benjamin (Pro.), 970.

XLII. John Raines (R.), 13,190; George P. Price (D.). 7,906.

XLIII. Merton E. Lewis (R.), 11,491; Evertt O. Gibbs (D.), 8,131; Edward P. Clapp (Pro.), 520; John C. Vallertsen (S. L.), 503; Mark Michaels (S. D.), 1,454.

XLIV. William W. Armstrong (R.), 9,742; George E Warner (D.), 8,703; Frank J. Mitchell (Pro.), 419; Alvin Sousa (S. L.), 387; Michael Carroll (S. D.), 722.

XLV. Irving L'Hommedieu (R.), 16,-

818; Edward T. Williams (D.), 12,659; John C. Mechlin (Pro.), 986.

XLVI. Frederick C. Stevens (R.), 15,522; Norman A. Seymour (D.), 7,948; Cornelius D. Whitnack (Pro.), 1,103.

XLVII. Henry W. Hill (R.), 12,531; William F. Mackey (D.), 11,416; Linus Seely (Pro.), 250; Charles E. Nelson (S. L.), 150; Edward C. Fliege (S. D.), 89.

XLVIII. William Schneider (R.), 9,928; Samuel J. Ramsperger (D.), 12,481; Frank W. Thurber (Pro.), 154; Willard C. Vincent (S. L.), 548; C. Ulrich (S. D.), 223.

XLIX. George A. Davis (R.), 14,039; Edward B. Schwartz (D.), 11,725; Borden J. Cole (Pro.), 454; Henry B. J. Waldmann (S. L.), 299; R. Steiner (S. D.), 172.

L. Albert T. Fancher (R.), 21,692; Darius G. Pickett (D.), 9,306; Andrew G. Freeman (Pro.), 1,027.

Vote for Assemblymen, 1903.

ALBANY.

I. Chas. W. Mead (R.), 5,591; Anthony F. Henzel (D.), 3,836; Isaac S. Albright (Pro.), 56.

II. Abram S. Coon (R.), 6,724; John S. Wilber (D.), 3,447; James J. Corcoran S. L.), 55.

III. Ellsworth Carr (R.), 4,726; William V. Cooke (D.), 4,644; Herman Schaeder S. L.), 29.

IV. William J. Grattan (R.), 5,860; James E. McDonald, (D.), 4,832; Robert Campbell (Pro.), 65; J. M. Long (S. L.), 87.

ALLEGANY.

Jesse S. Phillips (R.), 6,223; Ebenezer S. Bartlett (D.), 2,663; Starr A. Burdick (Pro.), 643; Martin Moogan (S. D.), 71.

BROOME.

I. James T. Rogers (R.), 4,082; Henry W. Manwarren (D.), 2,205; R. W. Lowery (Pro.), 285.

II. Fred. B. Allen (R.), 4,594; Michael Shanley (D.), 2,632; J. A. Davis (Pro.), 346.

CATTARAUGUS.

I. Theodore Hayden (R.), 3,599; John Hunt (D.), 2,270.

II. James C. Sheldon (R.), 4,131; John A. Stevens (D.), 2,271; John A. Stevens (Pro.), 166.

CAYUGA.

I. Judson W. Haferman (R.), 4,125; Wm. H. Carr, jr. (D.), 2,565.

II. Charles J. Hewitt (R.), 3,743; Clarence Small (D.), 2,333.

CHAUTAUQUA.

I. Arthur C. Wade (R.), 5,327; J. Wm. Sanbury (D.), 2,460; Theo. N. Peterson (Pro.), 243; Chas. P. Bush (Soc. D.), 417.

II. S. Frederick Nixon (R.), 5,988; Myer Einstein (D.). 3.048; R. G. Hildred (Pro.), 240.

CHEMUNG.

Sherman Moreland (R.), 6,828; J. Bull, jr. (D.), 5,961; F. T. Keeney (Pro.), 233.

CHENANGO.

Edgar A. Pearsall (R.), 4,933; Fred. H. Wilcox (D.), 2,766; Hiram H. Tucker (Pro.), 380; James J. Dillon (Soc. D.), 90.

CLINTON.

H. Wallace Knapp (R.), 4,997; Herbert J. Short (D.), 2,595; Archibald MacDonald (Pro.), 315.

COLUMBIA.

Edgar Washburn Scovill (R.), 4,944; John Van Ness Philip (D.), 4,459; Otis Barringer (Pro.), 157.

CORTLAND.

Henry A. Dickinson (R.), 4,085; William J. Greenman (D.), 2,820; H. Horace Gillette (Pro.), 261.

DELAWARE.

James R. Cowan (R.), 5,990; Charles Warner (D.), 5,211; Thomas W. Boyd (Pro.), 259.

DUTCHESS.

I. John T. Smith (R.), 4,600; Frank C. Shaw (D.), 4,180; Farley Rikert (Pro.), 129.

II. Francis G. Landon (R.), 4,382; Robert W. Chanler (D.), 4,471; Jacob V. Beach (Pro.), 140.

ERIE.

I. Jeremiah Nehin (R.), 4,491; Charles J. Quinn (D.), 5,797.

II. Robert Lynn Cox (R.), 9,421; Wm. H. Jones (D.), 4,914.

III. Wm. G. B. Haese (R.), 4,556; Anthony F. Burke (D.), 5,599.

IV. Wm. C. Tenjost (R.), 3,507; Chas. V. Lynch (D.), 3,542.

V. Charles F. Brooks (R.), 3,418; Chas. W. Hinson (D.), 3,304.

VI. George Ruehl (R.), 6,014; Charles F. Boine (D.), 5,828.

VII. John K. Patton (R.), 4,443; John J. Madden (D.), 3,500.

VIII. Elijah Cook (R.), 5,020; Neil McCloskey (D.), 4,587.

ESSEX.

James McKinley Graeff (R.), 2,888; Louis M. Deyo (D.). 1,105; Palmer C. Bradford (Pro.), 80; I. Peyser (Soc. D.), 51.

FRANKLIN.

Charles R. Matthews (R.), 4,821; Willard J. Saunders (D.), 2,709.

FULTON AND HAMILTON.

Frank C. Wood (R.), 4,875; Erastus Darling (D.), 4,551; Warren B. Whitney (Pro.), 434; F. B. Stowe (Soc. D.), 370; Clarence W. Smith (Ind.), 917.

GENESEE.

S. Percy Hooker (R.), 4,430; William L. Bradley (D.), 3,043; John C. Squires (Pro.), 161.

GREENE.

Charles Nichols (R.), 4,062; George W. Holdridge (D.), 4,014.

HERKIMER.

Abram B. Steele (R.), 6,701; Anthony Steber (D.), 4,788; John L. Miller (Pro.), 217; Carl B. Myers (Soc. D.), 281.

JEFFERSON.

I. William A. Dennison (R.), 4,655; John O'Leary (D.), 3,155; Henry L. George (Pro.), 165; Patrick McRedmond (Soc. D.), 235.

II. J. Frank La Rue (R.), 8,029; John Rogers (Pro.), 247; Ralph J. Peltier (Soc. D.), 244.

KINGS.

I. Thomas O'Neill (R. and C. U.), 4,378; Joseph A. Kennedy (D.), 3,408; Henry Selden (Soc. D.), 96; Charles D. Bell (Pro.), 23.

II. John F. King (R. and C. U.), 2,263; John McKeown (D.), 5,205; Charles Williams (Soc. D.), 60.

III. John Q. Delaney (R and C. U.), 2,040; Thomas P. Reilly (D.), 4,285;

Burghard Weppler (Soc. D.), 82; Elmer Lund (Soc. Lab.), 36.

IV. Omar Powell (R.), 4,309; John E. Bullwinkel (D.), 5,245; William C. Hager (Soc. D.), 93; James T. Stanley (Pro.), 18; John D. Stegeman (Soc. Lab.), 32; Thomas A. Hill (C. U.), 976.

V. George Langhorst (R. and C. U.), 4,417; Fortescue C. Metcalfe (D.), 4,512; William Rachlin (Soc. D.), 204; Edward Tubby (Pro.), 28; Henry Teichlauf (Soc. Labor.), 90.

VI. Charles R. Rollings (R and C. U.), 4,598; Frank J. Ulrich (D.), 5,211; Peter Moeller (Soc. D.), 274; William Barry (Pro.), 18; A. Gleiforst (Soc. Lab.), 102.

VII. Thomas H. Evans (R.), 5,571; William Keegan (D.), 3,854; Louis W. Schmutz (Soc. D.), 328; Osbert J. Capeland (Pro.), 70; Erwin A. Archer (Soc. Lab.), 121; Thomas Duntze (C. U.), 339.

VIII. Thomas Farrell (R.), 2,165; John C. L. Daly (D.), 3,839; George H. Lewis (Soc. D.), 60; Peter O. Wahlman (Pro.), 9; Max Neuhaus (Soc. Lab.), 36; Thomas J. Farrell (C. U.), 23.

IX. Peter A. Bee (R.), 1,563; James Kehoe (D.), 4,577; James Walsh (Soc. D.), 90; William A. F. Miller (Pro.), 19; Albert H. O. Sands, 40; Michael F. McNamara (C. U.), 299.

X. Frank H. Cothren (R. and C. U.), 4,370; Edward Lazansky (D.), 4,315; Julius A. Bychower (Soc. D.), 75; John F. Martin (Soc. Lab.), 38.

XI. Ralph Underhill (R. and C. U.), 4,793; William S. Shanahan (D.), 5,778; Alexander Fraser (Soc. D.), 83; John Bergen (Pro.), 45; J. J. Hanlon (Soc. Lab.), 41.

XII. Oscar L. Thonet (R. and C. U.) 6,125; John F. Kearney (D.), 5,304; Henry Studt (Soc. D.), 158; James W. Manson (Pro.), 18; F. Leise (Soc. Lab.), 82.

XIII. Frank M. Davis (R.), 4,019; Thomas F. Mathews (D.), 5,745; Henry Feldner (Soc. D.), 298; Peter Williams (Pro.), 30; Theodore Christiansen (Soc. Lab.), 111.

XIV. William J. Donohue (R.), 2,971; John B. Ferre (D.), 4,482; Paul Salbach (Soc. D.), 121; Arthur Vail (Pro.), 12; Robert Mains, jr., (Soc. Lab.), 79; William J. McGinn (C. U.), 224.

XV. George B. Houston (R.), 2,334; Harry H. Dale (D.), 3,937; John F. Locher (Soc. D.), 438; Edmund Baldwin, (Soc. Lab.), 108.

XVI. Richard C. Perry (R.), 6,275; Max E. Lehman (D. and C. U.), 5,306; Bernard J. Riley (Soc. D.), 217; Preston E. Terry (Pro.), 44; George W. Moritz (Soc. Lab.), 56.

XVII. Edward C. Dowling (R and C. U.), 7,138; Joseph P. Donnelly (D.), 2,849; Joseph J. Sachtleben (Soc. D.), 60; Elliott H. Howard (Pro.), 32.

XVIII. Jacob D. Remsen (R.), 7,937; William H. Good (D and C. U.) 7,407; Emil J. Aberle (Soc. D.), 153; Christopher Johnston (Pro.), 66· Louis Kunz (Soc. Lab.), 51.

XIX. Joseph Chaffers (R. and C. U.), 2,402; John Wolf (D.), 4,789; Charles Gackenheimer (Soc. D.), 409; Max Peehland (Soc. Lab.), 86.

XX. John Morch (R. and C. U.), 5,584; Louis J. Zettler (D.), 6,213; Frederick Schaefer (Soc. D.), 1,008; William G. Sweney (Pro.), 45; Emil Mueller (Soc. Lab.), 98.

XXI. Joseph H. Adams (R.), 6,507; Edward A. Miller (D. and C. U.), 7,109; William Koenig (Soc. D.), 602; William Werfelman (Pro.), 86; Henry A. Wegman (Soc. Lab.), 117; Daniel J. Lee (Home Rule Party), 131.

LEWIS.

Humphrey H. Slocum (R.), 3,866; Frank D. Bigarel (D.), 2,886; J. H. Jones (Pro.), 32.

LIVINGSTON.

William Y. Robinson (R.), 3,575; Elfred A. Bronson (D.), 3,532.

MADISON.

Hobert J. Fish (R.), 5,758; F. C. Block (D.), 3,673; J. W. Goedell (Pro.), 199.

MONROE.

I. Martin Davis (R.), 6,264; Geo. R. Van Alstyne (D.), 4,955; Edwin P. Clapp (Pro.), 206; John Strohmeyer (Soc. D.), 972; Karl Luedecke (Soc. Lab.), 88.

II. Charles E. Ogden (R.), 6,815; Jacob H. Zimmer (D.), 4,019; Chas. W. Wood (Pro.), 143; Henry Kemson (Soc. D.), 641; Robert C. Wetzel (Soc. Lab.), 110.

III. Charles H. Callahan (R.), 5,500; Edmond Redmond (D.), 3,828; J. H. Sager (Pro.), 167; John R. Frank (Soc. D.), 440; Louis Bell (Soc. Lab.), 100.

IV. James L. Sackett (R.), 5,410; John Pallace, jr. (D.), 5,863; G. W. Doty (Pro.), 192; Adam Hoepfl (Soc. D.), 421; Berthold Bauml (Soc. Lab.), 98.

MONTGOMERY.

William B. Charles (R.), 6,111; Peter C. Wohlgemuth (D.), 5,663.

NEW-YORK.

I. William Ewald (R.), 777; Thomas B. Coughlin (D.), 3,095; William C. Jordan (Soc. D.), 20; James K. Moore (Pro.), 3; Joseph F. Reilly (Soc. Lab.), 17; Philip J. Reilly (C. U.), 249; Joseph M. Parker (Devery), 28.

II. Paul M. Kaminsky (R. and C. U.), 1,452; Alfred E. Smith (D.), 4,942; John Nagel (Soc. D.), 106; Frank T. Lea (Pro.), 5; Louis L. Krauss (Devery), 42.

III. Walter Fairchild (R. and C. U.), 2,010; Anthony J. Barrett (D.), 4,783; John F. Handlon (Soc. D.), 69; James F. Gillespie (Pro.), 12; John J. Walsh (Soc. Lab.), 73; Michael Papa (Devery), 135.

IV. Abraham L. Schomer (R. and C. U.), 2,342; William H. Burns (D.), 3,482; Julius Halpern (Soc. D.), 864; Timothy N. Holden (Pro.), 7; Joseph Levitch (Soc. Lab.), 97.

V. Edward R. Finch (R. and C. U.), 4,222; Leslie Jay Tompkins (D.), 3,717; Paul Flaschell (Soc. D.), 67; William Camlin (Pro.), 22; James J. Dunn (Soc. Lab.), 32; Edgar W. Law (Devery), 39.

VI. Marx Rubin (R. and C. U.), 1,720; Charles Anderson (D.), 5,632; Louis Simon (Soc. D.), 239; Henry Baumgartner (Pro.), 8; Andrew Sater (Soc. Lab.), 76.

VII. W. Grant Humphrey (R. and C. U.), 2,611; Peter P. Sherry (D.), 5,051; Frederick Uhl (Soc. D.), 92; Lars Larsen (Pro.), 18; James F. Wade (Soc. Lab.), 43.

VIII. Israel M. Lerner (R. and C. U.), 1,322; Bennett E. Siegelstein (D.), 2,630; Jacob Panken (Soc. D.), 827; E. G. Barton (Pro.), 25· H. Jager (Soc. Lab.), 69.

IX. John F. Tucker (R. and C. U.), 2,924; Patrick H. Bird (D.), 4,397; Joseph A. Dunne (Soc. D.), 94; James E. Mitch-

ell (Pro.), 19; Thomas Ceely (Soc. Lab.), 52; John Nash (Devery), 1,266.

X. Francis J. Etzel (R. and C. U.), 2,560; William Sohmer (D.), 5,620; Maxim Romm (Soc. D.), 751; R. B. Gardner (Pro.), 8; S. Moskovitz (Soc. Lab.), 164.

XI. William F. Schwenzer (R. and C. U.), 2,118; Hugh Dolan (D.), 3,005; Geo. Brown (Soc. D.), 102; Jonas P. Barrett (Pro.), 10; Andrew Hannsen (Soc. Lab.), 28.

XII. Mortimer W. Solomon (R. and C. U.), 1,753; Edward Rosenstein (D.), 3,109; J. Bing (Soc. D.), 569; F. H. Schwarz (Pro.), 7; C. A. Rathkopf (Soc. Lab.), 151.

XIII. John George Jenny (R. and C. U.), 1,674; John C. Hackett (D.), 3,959; Frederick Richter (Soc. D.), 185; John F. Baumel (Pro.), 4; John Donohue (Soc. Lab.), 78; Joseph A. Daly (Devery), 233.

XIV. John J. Frazer (R. and C. U.), 2,082; Albert C. Wiegand (D.), 4,714; Isidore Phillips (Soc. D.), 476; Hudson Langdon (Pro.), 4; J. Hurwitz (Soc. Lab.), 225.

XV. George C. White (R. and C. U.), 2,273; Thomas J. McManus (D.), 4,729; George Taufer (Soc. D.), 142; Daniel Feltner (Pro.), 18; James White (Soc. Lab.), 75; Clinton Spillane (Devery), 81.

XVI. Jacob Ullmann (R. and C. U.), 2,366; Samuel Prince (D.), 3,884; Berthold Korn (Soc. D.), 574; W. R. Wildey (Pro.), 5; Frank D. Lyon (Soc. Lab.), 382.

XVII. Washington Brauns (R. and C. U.), 2,225; John F. Curry (D.), 4,691; Henry Haupt (Soc. D.), 126; Matthew F. Lindsley (Pro.), 7; F. Raps (Soc. Lab.), 54.

XVIII. William F. Searing (R. and C. U.), 2,090; George P. Richter (D.), 6,552; Owen McPartland (Soc. D.), 171; Charles J. Anderson (Pro.), 11; Charles Hammond (Soc. Lab.), 79.

XIX. Charles F. Bostwick (R. and C. U.), 6,580; James S. Metcalfe (D.), 5,577; L. D. Abbott (Soc. D.), 91; J. C. Wallace (Pro.), 11; R. Glaser (Soc. Lab.), 48.

XXI. Joseph H. Adams (R.), 8,477; Harvey Watterson (D.), 8,223; Albert Abrahams, jr. (Soc. D.), 229; Fred. H. Sprague (Pro.), 18; Robert J. McColl (Soc. Lab.), 98; Sylvan Bier (C. U.), 2,663.

XXII. Henry Kipp Woodruff (R. and C. U.), 2,347; William H. Hornidge (D.), 5,649; Carl Classen (Soc. D.), 211; Sherwood Williams (Pro.), 5; Arvid Olson Soc. Lab.), 58; John Geraghty (Devery), 35.

XXIII. Josiah T. Newcomb (R. and C. U.) 9,102; Eugene J. McCarthy (D.), 8,823; Charles A. Sprenger (Soc. D.), 319; Benjamin T. Rogers, jr. (Pro.), 47; Patrick Twomey (Soc. Lab.), 169.

XXIV. Herman I. Lurie (R. and C. U.), 2,217; John F. Carew (D.), 4,911; Henry W. Meyer (Soc. D.), 375; W. N. Williams (Pro.), 8; Olof Sherrane (Soc. Lab.), 84; Adolph Steidle (Devery), 79.

XXV. Ezra P. Prentice (R. and C. U.), 4,061; James F. Mack (D.), 2,848; Franz E. Deiner (Soc. D.), 57; Welcome B. Sheldon (Pro.), 12; Jules Ferond (Soc. Lab.), 30.

XXVI. Samuel Haas (R. and C. U.), 2,547; Charles Leopold (D.), 3,839; Gustav Baur (Soc. D.), 631; William R. Hand (Pro.), 6; Frank Landa (Soc. Lab.), 123.

XXVII. George B. Agnew (R. and C. U.), 3,752; Champe S. Andrews (D.), 2,654; Charles Firnkas (Soc. D.), 37; Charles E. Latimer (Pro.), 8.

XXVIII. Charles Glogger (R. and C. U.), 2,170; Emanuel S. Cahn (D.), 5,147; C. Lemon (Soc. D.), 703; L. D. Brown (Pro.), 19; L. Newman (Soc. Lab.), 138.

XXIX. Frederick E. Perham (R. and C. U.), 5,743; William J. Hirschfeld (D.), 4,171; William Meier (Soc. D.), 81; Henry W. Wilbur (Pro.), 9.

XXX. Joseph Lash (R. and C. U.), 3,049; Gotthardt A. Litthauer (D.), 6,359; A. Lee (Soc. D.), 892; W. Aylesworth (Pro.), 10; A. Gilhaus (Soc. Lab.), 167.

XXXI. Ernest H. Wallace (R.), 8,893; Milton M. Goldsmith (D.), 8,061; Frederick Thomas (Soc. D.), 325; J. A. Brown (Pro.), 49; J. Samuels (Soc. Lab.), 127.

XXXII. Joseph Henry Dodin (R. and C. U.), 3,303; Julius Brosen (D.), 7,059; C. Dittman (Soc. D.), 620; T. S. Fletcher (Pro.), 12; D. Baum (Soc. Lab.), 191.

XXXIII. Robert D. Ireland (R. and C. U.), 2,820; James O. Farrell (D.), 5,332; J. Mitch (Soc. D.), 230; A. W. Palmer (Pro.), 2; D. H. Graney (Soc. Lab.), 103.

XXXIV. John T. Smith (R. and C. U.), 6,546; William J. Ellis (D.), 11,460; Benno R. B. Koerner (Soc. D.), 554; Harvey A. Santee (Soc. Lab.), 296.

XXXV. Hall Bell (R.), 10,781; Peter J. Everett (D.), 14,995; Ernest E. Spranger (Soc. D.), 1,130; Jesse Barton (Pro.), 61; F. A. Olpp (Soc. Lab.), 333.

NIAGARA.

I. George F. Thompson (R.), 4,246; James M. Hoffman (D.), 4,059; C. C. Eggleston (Pro.), 130.

II. John H. Leggett (R.), 4,053; O. W. Cutler (D.), 3,427; S. Langs (Pro.), 325.

ONEIDA.

I. Henry L. Gates (R.) 5,162; Thomas A. Mortimer (D.), 7,102.

II. Completion of canvass delayed by court orders for recount of votes. On the face of the returns, Dec. 5, Jay H. Pratt (R.) had a plurality of 25 over William H. Squires (D.).

III. John E. Evans (R.), 4,607; Chas. J. Durr (D.), 3,721.

ONONDAGA.

I. Frank X. Wood (R.), 5,256; Willard H. Tappan (D.), 3,255; Alva L. Spalding (Soc. D.), 94; Irving Kenyon (Pro.), 43.

II. Edward Schoeneck (R.), 4,895; Clarence A. Stone (D.), 3,900; Henry F. Waack (Soc. D.), 137; P. H. Hinsdell (Pro.), 88; George Terry (Soc. Lab.), 58.

III. Martin L. Cadin (R.), 5,678; Frank J. Elgabroad (D.), 3,855; G. A. Strebel (Soc. D.) 171; Albert Colt (Pro.), 55; E. N. Montaigne (Soc. Lab.), 47.

IV. Fred W. Hammond (R.), 6,298; Neal Brewster (D.), 4, 560; F. H. Horton (Soc. D.), 83; D. J. Countryman (Pro.), 76; John Kinney (Soc. Lab.), 53.

ONTARIO.

Jean L. Burnett (R.), 6,870; Theodore M. Norton (D.), 4,601; Myron F. Pierson (Pro.), 294.

ORANGE.

I. John Orr (R.), 5,930; David N. Hollenbeck (D.), 4,076; Frederick Gruber (Soc. Lab.), 73; S. B. Young (Pro.), 248; E. F. Gidley (Soc. D.), 68.

II. Louis Bedell (R.), 4,966; Wm. H. Nearpass (D.), 4,776; G. C. Kern (Soc. D.), 147.

ORLEANS.

Charles S. Bridgeman (R.), 3,169; Darius M. Morton (D.), 2,165; Howard R. Anderson (Pro.), 268.

OSWEGO.

I. Thomas D. Lewis (R.), 4,046; Moses J. Daly (D.), 3,428; Frank J. Eaton (Pro.), 460.

II. Frederick G. Whitney (R.), 4,435; William H. Enos (D.), 3,011; John W. Richards (Pro.), 423.

OTSEGO.

John B. Conkling (R.), 5,969; Martin De Witt Eckler (D.), 4,421; Hiram S. Bradley (Pro.), 420.

PUTNAM.

John R. Yale (R.), 2,108; John Smith (D.), 1,245; Charles E. Pierce (Pro.), 38.

QUEENS.

I. William Findlay (R.), 5,215; Joseph Sullivan (D.), 10,908.

II. William A. De Groot (R.), 5,530; James L. McElroy (D.), 5,272.

QUEENS AND NASSAU.

William W. Cocks (R.), 5,500; Eugene P. Parsons (D.), 4,712; George R. Scott (Pro.), 77.

RENSSELAER.

I. Frank L. Stevens (R.), 5,582; Wm. T. Keeshan (D.), 3,898; D. J. McAllidon (Soc. D.), 293; Luther Sipperly (Pro.), 137; George F. Bussey (Soc. Lab.), 51.

II. James D. Lamdrigan (R.), 3,908; Wm. V. Donovan (D.), 5,552; C. W. Gasser (Soc. D.), 524; Ruben Rynders (Pro.), 54; Otto I. Ziesen (Soc. Lab.), 46.

III. Calvin A. Gardner (R.), 5,889; Edwin J. Mesick (D.), 4,128; William Nugent Soc. D.), 159; Robert Baird (Pro.), 136; Archibald Salmon (Soc. Lab.), 56.

RICHMOND.

Edward Wanty (R. and C. U.), 6,473; George Bechtel (D.), 6,614; Gustav Theimer (Soc. D.), 139; G. W. Cole (Pro.), 56; J. S. Hoffman (Soc. Lab.), 82.

ROCKLAND.

Matthew Hurd (R.), 3,295; Thomas Finegan (D.), 3,202; Ervin R. Conklin (Pro.), 98; James Frank (Soc. Lab.), 95.

ST. LAWRENCE.

I. Charles S. Plank (R.), 5,019; Thos. J. Whitney (D.), 1,657; James D. Moore (Pro.), 217.

II. Edwin A. Merritt, jr. (R.), 5,030; Alfred W. Dutton (D.), 1,548; Charles F. Simpson (Pro.), 232.

SARATOGA.

George H. Whitney (R.), 7,521; Wm. A. Wood (D.), 4,175; Andrew T. Van Verst (Pro.), 434.

SCHENECTADY.

William W. Wemple (R.), 7,569; Harvey Leamon (D.), 5,632; Daniel W. Smith (Pro.), 183; E. G. Kastenhuber (Soc. D.), 391; Charles B. Gyatt (Soc. Lab.), 195.

SCHOHARIE.

Montressor Van Auken (R.), 2,769; Geo. M. Palmer (D.), 3,614; Newton Young (Pro.), 198.

SCHUYLER.

Olin T. Nye (R.), 1,885; Gideon C. Fordham (D.), 1,640; H. V. Lyon (Pro.), 130.

SENECA.

John F. Crosby (R.), 3,405; Ferdinand Isenman (D.), 3,187; William Schoonmaker (Pro.), 65.

STEUBEN.

I. Frank C. Platt (R.), 5,393; W. J N. Gervais (D.), 3,312; Francis L. Rasch (——), 151; George F. Roody (——), 230.

II. Jerry E. B. Santee (R.), 4,912; James E. Schwarzenbach (D.), 4,041.

SUFFOLK.

I. Willis A. Reeve (R.), 4,215; C. Clarence Topping (D.), 3,048; John D. Horton (Pro.), 218.

II. Orlando Hubbs (R.), 2,906; John W. Arthur (D.), 2,563; John D. Darling (Pro.), 78.

SULLIVAN.

John T. Simpson (R.), 3,505; Edwin T. Greenfield (D.), 3,184; John Anthony (Pro.), 105.

TIOGA.

Edwin S. Hanford (R.), 3,917; Frank J. Knapp (D.), 1,760; Frank E. Cooper (Pro.), 256.

TOMPKINS.

George R. Monroe (R.), 4,472; Seth C. Gooding (D.), 3,451; Andrew Lormor (Pro.), 241.

ULSTER.

I. Charles T. Contant (R.), 5,061; Abraham M. Rous (D.), 4,254; D. Brodhead Hendricks (Pro.), 96.

II. William D. Cunningham (R.), 4,964; Joseph A. Smith (D.), 4,278; Howard A. Wilcox (Pro.), 246.

WARREN.

Loyal L. Davis (R.), 3,723; Patrick Maynehan (D.), 3,598; Henry A. Webster (Pro.), 102.

WASHINGTON.

William H. Hughes (R.), 5,439; Winfield A. Hupprich (D.), 4,166; G. E. Foster (Pro.), 462; Henry Havens (Soc. D.), 91.

WAYNE.

Addison P. Smith (R.), 6,537; J. Selden Brandt (D.), 4,120; Thomas J. Bussey (Pro.), 207.

WESTCHESTER.

I. George N. Rigby (R.), 8,665; John J. Sloane (D.), 6,963; Charles E. Rafferty (Pro.), 89; Godfrey Lehner (Soc. D.), 307; Jacob Firschman (Soc. Lab.), 164.

II. J. Mayhew Wainwright (R.), 8,758; George S. Fowle (D.), 8,024; William H. Fish (Pro.), 79; Joseph Haas (Soc. D.), 340.

III. James K. Apgar (R.), 5,553; William R. Thorne (D.), 5,185; William R. Adams (Pro.), 115; J. J. Heleker, jr. (Soc. D.), 152; C. C. Crolly (Soc. Lab.), 65.

WYOMING.

Elmer E. Charles (R.), 3,330; Charles A. Mason (D.), 1,505; John C. Sanford (Pro.), 277.

YATES.

Cyrus C. Harvey (R.), 2,684; Frank E. Spencer (D.), 1,661; Chas. E. Golle (Pro.), 108.

Note.—But one State official, a judge of the Court of Appeals, was elected in New-York in 1903. Denis O'Brien (D.) was renominated by both the Republican and Democratic parties. For his total vote in the State and for the vote on the Constitutional amendment authorizing the appropriation of $101,000,000 to enlarge the State canal system, see under "New-York State Government."

ALABAMA.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. J. A. Smith	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Wm. D Jelks
Autauga	537	980	85	796
Baldwin	896	444	58	342
Barbour	272	2714	35	1100
Bibb	482	725	246	747
Blount	1134	1484	891	1320
Bullock	269	1586	2	562
Butler	1161	744	155	1194
Calhoun	567	1835	674	1717
Chambers	835	2837	90	1080
Cherokee	1169	1167	761	1139
Chilton	691	481	835	698
Choctaw	406	658	10	437
Clarke	372	2066	13	918
Clay	1687	990	745	1130
Cleburne	624	660	565	707
Coffee	535	998	288	1010
Colbert	1243	1542	152	647
Conecuh	803	718	242	717
Coosa	951	959	558	979
Covington	183	560	136	673
Crenshaw	549	1141	157	985
Cullman	820	1107	1158	1362
Dale	888	1141	756	1112
Dallas	161	4714	7	1264
De Kalb	1735	1873	1474	1642
Elmore	1104	1773	311	1141
Escambia	436	609	72	455
Etowah	1629	1734	1230	1334
Fayette	892	688	586	742
Franklin	1151	814	648	745
Geneva	657	679	455	754
Greene	107	964	16	442
Hale	348	1563	2	676
Henry	590	1084	155	1479
Jackson	1694	1933	562	1364
Jefferson	2842	4580	1014	4015
Lamar	509	890	299	952
Lauderdale	1458	1380	412	1268
Lawrence	996	1262	343	869
Lee	1626	1718	51	1092
Limestone	1157	1083	59	741
Lowndes	1524	1770	15	629
Macon	511	1295	12	600
Madison	1679	3641	191	1875
Marengo	234	2306	26	898
Marion	685	1137	545	999
Marshall	1139	1398	1430	1176
Mobile	2243	2939	311	2165
Monroe	145	909	15	887
Montgomery	567	3047	88	1743
Morgan	1500	1747	287	1127
Perry	80	1748	32	657
Pickens	203	797	160	795
Pike	498	1413	30	1206
Randolph	1377	1510	573	1141
Russell	135	1416	3	386
Shelby	1389	749	874	1045
St. Clair	1171	794	832	716
Sumter	204	1053	6	674
Talladega	1393	1602	318	1455
Tallapoosa	1202	2557	328	1400
Tuscaloosa	650	1173	152	999
Walker	1699	1250	906	1343
Washington	269	492	28	424
Wilcox	30	2031	2	746
Winston	519	539	678	525
Totals	55512	97131	24190	67649
Plurality		41619		43459
Per cent.	34.66	60.86	26.33	73.64
Scattering	6940		24	
Whole vote	159583		91863	

ALABAMA—(Continued).

The scattering vote for President in 1900 was: Barker (Pop.), 4,178; Woolley (Pro.), 2,762. The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: William D. Gay (Ind.), 22; A. Wimbs (Ind.), 1.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Russell M. Cunningham (Dem.), 65,804; Charles P. Lane (Rep.), 22,479; C. J. Hammett (Ind.), 11.

Secretary of State—J. Thomas Heflin (Dem.), 65,771; J. H. Karter (Rep.), 22,248; W. D. Witherspoon (Ind.), 10.

State Treasurer—J. Craig Smith (Dem.), 65,207; H. Lee Brown (Rep.), 22,176; R. O. Simpson (Ind.), 9.

State Auditor—Thomas L. Sowell (Dem.), 64,686; T. B. McNaron (Rep.), 21,679; J. D. Albritton (Ind.), 10.

Attorney General — Massey Wilson (Dem.), 65,341; W. H. Arabrecht (Rep.), 21,446; W. H. Blackman (Ind.), 10.

Superintendent of Education—Isaac W. Hill (Dem.), 64,891; J. C. Fonville (Rep.), 22,310; Buell Andrus (Ind.), 54; O. E. Comstock, 11; C. J. Hammett, 1.

Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries—Robert R. Poole (Dem.), 63,442; T. B. Morton (Rep.), 20,133; Buell Andrus (Ind.), 2,312; C. D. Alverson, 11.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. E. B. Hubbard (R.), 545; G. H. Wilkerson (R.), 65; G. H. Taylor (D.), 5,364.

II. Julius Sternfeld (R.), 861; A. A. Wiley (D.), 7,698.

III. M. W. Carden (R.), 905; J. P. Pelham (R.), 535; H. D. Clayton (D.), 7,595.

IV. J. A. Edwards (R.), 3,048; S. J. Bowle (D.), 6,880.

V. R. S. Nolen (R.), 2,495; Brewer (R.), 1; C. W. Thompson (D.), 9,043.

VI. William B. Ford (R.), 2,798; Croker (R.), 3; J. H. Bankhead (D.), 7,481.

VII. O. D. Street (R.), 8,044; W. T. L. Cofer (R.), 239; John L. Burnett (D.), 9,298.

VIII. James Jackson (R.), 1,889; William Richardson (D.), 7,935.

IX. J. C. Miller (R.), 1,723; F. Lemon (R.), 195; O. W. Underwood (D.), 6,782.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	1	2	3
Democrats	34	102	136
Populists	0	1	1
Dem. majorities	33	99	132.

ARKANSAS.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. Harry H. Meyers	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Jefferson Davis
Arkansas	598	990	272	804
Ashley	524	1381	393	1038
Baxter	287	723	256	430
Benton	1097	2980	749	2018
Boone	641	1338	364	940
Bradley	153	842	78	522
Calhoun	244	654	58	475
Carroll	735	1205	656	1109
Chicot	430	269	286	347
Clark	753	1232	534	887

ARKANSAS—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Harry H. Meyers	Dem. Jefferson Davis
Clay	627	1195	510	1063
Cleburne	205	520	140	830
Cleveland	286	870	136	759
Columbia	606	1440	205	806
Conway	805	1635	332	2077
Craighead	489	1326	338	1542
Crawford	1060	1449	517	1516
Crittenden	381	327	76	374
Cross	312	638	60	685
Dallas	514	746	261	563
Desha	168	328	99	350
Drew	569	1099	348	1122
Faulkner	682	1191	353	1319
Franklin	485	1367	427	1106
Fulton	397	984	198	523
Garland	708	940	281	1680
Grant	175	574	73	490
Greene	419	1091	358	1523
Hempstead	1330	1352	1245	1710
Hot Spring	423	763	252	758
Howard	585	986	299	882
Independence.	782	1526	580	1315
Izard	391	1119	231	543
Jackson	598	1050	331	995
Jefferson	1477	1363	678	1257
Johnson	552	1317	381	1110
Lafayette	448	422	169	501
Lawrence	476	958	348	1046
Lee	1296	2850	1354	1875
Lincoln	392	794	99	791
Little River	231	751	345	609
Logan	848	1557	643	1450
Lonoke	679	1337	573	1985
Madison	1239	1475	970	1407
Marion	375	905	347	793
Miller	759	865	481	758
Mississippi	378	591	318	720
Monroe	403	708	212	1042
Montgomery	293	468	185	613
Nevada	744	732	412	940
Newton	690	443	640	522
Ouachita	1143	1120	926	1097
Perry	293	459	144	550
Phillips	388	1349	280	1324
Pike	413	566	504	696
Poinsett	180	520	309	964
Polk	411	922	358	1144
Pope	835	1871	465	1409
Prairie	496	856	123	520
Pulaski	1932	2609	1038	2501
Randolph	428	1385	419	1629
Saline	342	811	115	926
Scott	313	733	289	957
Searcy	869	567	851	604
Sebastian	964	2094	836	1777
Sevier	360	772	142	722
Sharp	394	1059	234	727
St. Francis	703	634	225	595
Stone	231	520	189	611
Union	336	1238	115	1193
Van Buren	445	599	389	817
Washington	1347	2658	778	1970
White	811	1694	445	1717
Woodruff	549	990	247	1035
Yell	709	1554	399	1370
Totals	44800	81142	29251	77354
Plurality		36342		48103
Per cent.	35.03	63.45	24.48	64.59
Scattering	1924		13136	
Whole vote	127866		119741	

ARKANSAS—(Continued).

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: Greaves (Insurgent R.), 8,345; Kimbell (Pro.), 4,791.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Secretary of State—Crockett (D.), 85,542; Duke (R.), 34,480.

State Treasurer—Tipton (D.), 85,340; Berger (R.), 34,817.

State Auditor—Monroe (D.), 84,858; Smith (R.), 35,051.

Attorney General—Murphy (D.), 85,724; Cole (R.), 34,877.

Commissioner of State Lands—Conway (D.), 86,018; Conine (R.), 34,768.

Commissioner of Mines—Bradford (D.), 85,247; Baker (R.), 35,156.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Hinemon (D.), 85,058; Floyd (R.), 35,256.

Associate Justice Supreme Court—Battle (D.), 85,267; Waters (R.), 34,863.

Railroad Commissioners (three elected, all Democrats)—Hudgins, 85,459; Phillips, 89,886; Hampton, 87,562.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. R. B. Macon (D.), 4,796; scattering, 9.

II. Brund'dge (D.), 4,549; Coffman (R.), 858.

III. Dinsmore (D.), 4,808; McPherson (R.), 1,833.

IV. Little (D.), 4,213; Youmans (R.), 1,142.

V. Reid (D.), 4,530; Sugg (R.), 1,167.

VI. Robinson (D.), 5,195; Carpenter (R.), 622.

VII. Wallace (D.), 4,730; Floyd (R.), 971.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	0	2	2
Democrats	35	98	133
Dem. majorities	35	96	131

CALIFORNIA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Pardee	Dem. Lane
Alameda	14324	6677	13915	9022
Alpine	69	15	87	52
Amador	1384	1209	1376	1290
Butte	2322	2011	2271	2171
Calaveras	1600	1288	1726	1458
Colusa	648	1075	606	1158
Contra Costa	2165	1549	2122	1950
Del Norte	334	291	368	305
El Dorado	1193	1406	1160	1320
Fresno	3590	3300	3677	4080
Glenn	494	737	540	830
Humboldt	3902	1698	3447	2316
Inyo	396	305	435	427
Kern	1692	1960	1748	2539
Kings	1032	872	956	999
Lake	584	746	636	747
Lassen	549	326	540	434
Los Angeles	19200	13158	17471	11121
Madera	764	737	737	929
Marin	1681	904	1646	1168
Mariposa	505	717	526	828
Mendocino	2192	1861	2129	2340
Merced	811	1081	742	1179

CALIFORNIA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	GOVERNOR —1902.— Rep. Pardee.	Dem. Lane.
Modoc	446	532	478	592
Mono	284	258	292	278
Monterey	1964	1825	1924	1957
Napa	2017	1432	1941	1563
Nevada	2449	1758	2000	1901
Orange	2155	1777	2338	1536
Placer	2009	1592	1800	1722
Plumas	640	442	669	498
Riverside	2329	1134	2216	807
Sacramento	5506	4325	4661	5154
San Benito	724	786	680	945
San Ber'din'o.	3135	2347	3103	1932
San Diego	3800	2678	3182	2517
San Francisco	35208	25212	24106	33743
San Joaquin	3318	2873	2413	3488
S. L. Obispo	1564	1713	1628	1972
San Mateo	1645	914	1426	1383
S'ta Barbara	1988	1599	2150	1722
Santa Clara	7107	4607	6078	5745
Santa Cruz	2173	1635	1819	2009
Shasta	1681	1948	1741	2291
Sierra	702	436	708	506
Siskiyou	1898	1668	1643	1998
Solano	3114	2262	2366	2411
Sonoma	4381	3517	4192	4097
Stanislaus	1058	1270	1069	1458
Sutter	819	642	815	704
Tehama	1210	1138	1138	1255
Trinity	544	485	565	662
Tulare	1755	2246	1683	2397
Tuolumne	1309	1530	1227	1682
Ventura	1708	1333	1544	1405
Yolo	1510	1687	1447	1695
Yuba	1179	971	1129	1047
Totals	164755	124985	146332	143783
Plurality	39770		2553	
Per cent.	54.49	42.34	48.06	47.21
Scattering	14053		14362	
Whole vote	303793		304477	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: Brower (S.), 9,592; Kanouse (Pro.), 4,636.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Anderson (R.), 150,039; Dockweiler (D.), 129,749; Whitney (S.), 10,541; Meads (Pro.), 4,844.

Secretary of State—Curry (R.), 161,479; Rosborough (D.), 113,122; Wheeler (S.), 11,018; Banta (Pro.), 4,762.

Controller—Colgan (R.), 161,338; Harkness (D.), 109,650; Alderman (S.), 11,299; McComas (Pro.), 4,878.

Treasurer—Reeves (R.), 159,743; Brooks (D.), 111,856; Seifert (S.), 11,163; Campbell (Pro.), 4,803.

Attorney General—Webb (R.), 156,949; Gett (D.), 114,949; King (S.), 11,177; Smith (Pro.), 4,796.

Surveyor General—Woods (R.), 157,580; Holcomb (D.), 113,282; Stevenson (S.), 11,240; Russell (Pro.), 4,809.

Clerk of Supreme Court—Jordan (R.), 161,395; Wilson (D.), 110,191; Anderson (S.), 11,290; Cullins (Pro.), 4,807.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Kirk (R.), 159,933; Lindsey (D.), 109,901; Anna F. Smith (S.), 11,439; Edholm (Pro.), 4,626.

CALIFORNIA—(Continued).

Superintendent of State Printing—Shannon (R.), 161,243; Woodman (D.), 110,646; Laverty (S.), 10,766; Atwood (Pro.), 4,871.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court—Beatty (R.), 165,210; Lew (D.), 105,534; Walker (S.), 11,057; Stewart (Pro.), 4,512.

Associate Justices of the Supreme Court—Angelotti (R.), 155,828; Shaw (R.), 108,516; Farnsworth (D.), 105,236; Trask (D.), 87,409; Liess (S.), 10,552; Shepard (S.), 8,193; Blanchard (Pro.), 4,742; Wicks (Pro.), 3,120.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Gillette (R.), 21,268; Ford (D.), 19,696; Shore (S.), 810; Clark (Pro.), 362.

II. Coombs (R.), 21,181; Bell (D.), 21,536; Rogers (S.), 731; Fassett (Pro.), 367.

III. Metcalf (R.), 20,532; White (D.), 8,574; Wilkins (S.), 1,556; Montgomery (Pro.), 338.

IV. Kahn (R.), 16,005; Livernash (D. and Union Labor), 16,146; Costley (S.), 616; Rowell (Pro.), 69.

V. Loud (R.), 16,577; Wynn (D. and Union Labor), 22,712; Lawrence (S.), 620; Caton (Pro.), 301.

VI. Needham (R.), 17,268; Ashe (D.), 13,732; Cobb (S.), 815; Jolley (Pro.), 446.

VII. McLachlan (R.), 19,407; Johnson (D.), 8,075; Hewes (S.), 1,261; Wheeler (Pro.), 1,195.

VIII. Daniels (R.), 20,135; Smythe (D.), 15,819; Richardson (S.), 2,091; Leonardson (Pro.), 762.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	34	60	94
Democrats	4	13	17
Democrat-Labor	1	7	8
Independent Rep.	1	0	1
Rep. majorities	28	40	68

COLORADO.

Counties.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	S. C. JUDGE —1903.— Rep. John Campbell.	Dem. Adair Wilson
Arapahoe	25469	33754	384	285
Archuleta	578	391	303	548
Baca	157	134	285	229
Bent	569	546	61	50
Boulder	3719	5117	110	51
Chaffee	1033	1890	2199	961
Cheyenne	128	97	377	316
Clear Creek	761	2309	36	20
Conejos	1853	912	544	266
Costilla	384	453	510	642
Custer	510	870	319	78
Delta	822	1352	230	241
*			285	164
Denver			12281	17487
Dolores	66	412	44	66
Douglas	642	650	410	312
Eagle	412	943	177	118
Elbert	626	640	208	138
El Paso	7755	6280	5452	2131
Fremont	2572	3094	1038	701
Garfield	826	1700	361	284
Gilpin	1371	1498	727	475
Grand	171	182	83	40
Gunnison	945	1559	271	277

*Part of Arapahoe County.

COLORADO—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	S. C. JUDGE. 1903. Rep. Campbell.	S. C. JUDGE. 1903. Dem. Adair Wilson.
Hinsdale	230	595	163	207
Huerfano ...	2277	1022	1699	174
Jefferson	1807	2138	1296	381
Kiowa	151	144	60	35
Kit Carson...	884	259	150	88
Lake	2385	4755	1147	598
Pa Plata....	900	1844	417	763
Larimer	2343	2456	1079	475
Las Animas.	3382	4204	1010	982
Lincoln	255	124	136	86
Logan	594	583	186	96
Mesa	1317	1968	770	324
Mineral	208	709	118	107
Montezuma .	658	1058	121	268
Montrose ...	220	732	418	348
Morgan	723	538	328	120
Otero	1913	2266	449	235
Ouray	610	1636	298	293
Park	579	940	255	315
Phillips	347	275	80	42
Pitkin	458	2305	192	249
Prowers	769	633	262	101
Pueblo	6028	5877	2588	1364
Rio Blanco..	276	391	89	78
Rio Grande..	752	1118	463	200
Routt	575	828	236	218
Saguache ...	731	1085	245	229
San Juan....	362	1135	134	326
San Miguel...	717	1604	570	458
Sedgwick ...	256	163	76	34
Summit	394	967	124	98
Teller	4738	9659	2082	2127
Washington	312	191	126	65
Weld	2786	3336	1472	794
Yuma	316	392	185	96
Totals	93072	122733	45689	38103
Plurality ...		29661	7586	
Per cent.....	42.04	55.43	47.07	39.26
Scattering ..	5577		13254	
Whole vote..	221382		97046	

The scattering vote for Judge of the Supreme Court in 1903 was: Frank W. Owers (Pop.), 9,599; Channing Sweet (Soc.), 2,790; T. A. Knight (Soc. Lab.), 865.

In the Presidential election of 1900 the scattering vote was: Woolley (Pro.), 3,790; Debs (Soc. Dem.), 654; Barker (Pop.), 389; Malloney (Soc. Lab.), 714.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1902.

Peabody (R.), 87,684; Stimson (D.), 80,727; Provost (Soc.), 7,177; Owers (Pop.), 6,403; Knight (Soc. Lab.), 919.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

Representative-at-large — Franklin E. Brooks (Rep.), 85,207; Alva Adams (Dem.), 84,367; Milo H. Stark (Pro.), 3,845; Ida C. Hazlett (Soc.), 7,431; Robert Northcott (Pop.), 2,838; Robert E. Fitzpatrick (Soc. Labor), 1,349.

I. Robert W. Bonynge (R.), 38,648; John F. Shafroth (D.), 41,440; Marshal De Witt (Soc.), 2,680; Franklin Moore (Pro.), 1,832.

II Herschel M. Hogg (R.), 47,546; John C. Bell (D.-P.), 45,234; Wyatt F. Farrar (Soc.), 4,984; J. B. Lister (Pro.), 2,032.

COLORADO—(Continued).

LEGISLATURE OF 1903-04.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	10	39	49
Democrats	26	25	51
Dem. majority...	16	—	2
Rep. majority....	—	14	—

CONNECTICUT.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. Chamberlain.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Cary.
Fairfield	21317	15455	16992	15551
Hartford	22425	14490	18353	15017
Litchfield .	8534	4554	6838	4898
Middlesex ...	5000	3102	4306	3155
New-Haven	27766	25351	24223	20319
New-London	9582	6824	8185	6313
Tolland	2997	1678	2406	1743
Windham ...	4951	2560	4035	2334
Totals	102572	74014	85338	69330
Plurality ...	28558		16008	
Per cent.....	56.92	41.07	53.43	43.41
Scattering ..	3609		5050	
Whole vote..	180195		159843	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: Stanley (Pro.), 1,436; Wheeler (Soc.), 2,804; Oatley (S. L.), 791; all others, 141.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Roberts (R.), 84,449; Hubbard (D.), 70,013; Smith (Pro.), 1,457; Frank (Soc.), 2,728; Manee (S. L.), 655.

Secretary of State—Vinal (R.), 85,541; Calkins (D.), 68,843; Ganung (Pro.), 1,455; White (Soc.), 2,802; Harrison (S. L.), 634.

Treasurer—Gallup (R.), 84,781; Hugo (D.), 70,074; Beard (Pro.), 1,460; Chatfield (Soc.), 2,692; Marx (S. L.), 634.

Controller—Seeley (R.), 84,688; Kilduff (D.), 69,651; Perry (Pro.), 1,451; Peach (Soc.), 2,609; Serrer (S. L.), 893.

Attorney General—King (R.), 84,225; Pierce (D.), 70,025; Copp (Pro.), 1,456; Gowdy (Soc.), 2,735; Sherman (S. L.), 797.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

Representative at Large—George L. Lilley (R.), 83,666; Homer S. Cummings (D.), 70,589; George A. Sweetland (Soc.), 2,690; Robert J. Kirkpatrick (S. L.), 788; Fred G. Platt (Pro.), 1,454.

I. E. Stevens Henry (R.), 20,289; William F. O'Neil (D.), 17,211; Edward E. Agard (Pro.), 392; Robert W. Jameson (Soc.), 708; Joseph S. Powell (S. L.), 144.

II. Nehemiah D. Sperry (R.), 29,658; George N. Morse (D.), 22,283; Fred E. Bradley (Pro.), 356; Cornelius Mahoney (Soc.), 1,422; Joseph Colbassani (S. L.), 480.

III. Frank B. Brandegee (R.), 12,547; James H. Potter (D.), 8,364; Charles M. Reed (Pro.), 324; Henry Dorkins (Soc.), 100; Simon J. Coffee (S. L.), 49.

III. Special election to fill vacancy.—Frank B. Brandegee (R.), 5,208; scattering, 319.

CONNECTICUT—(Continued).

IV. Ebenezer J. Hill (R.), 24,333; William D. Bishop (D.), 19,888; Abel S. Beardsley (Pro.), 326; George W. Scott (Soc.), 396; Emil S. Singewall (S. L.), 90.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	18	187	205
Democrats	6	68	74
Rep. majorities...	12	119	131

DELAWARE.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	S. TREAS. —1902.— Rep. Burns.	Dem. Hosinger.
Kent	3920	3856	4153	3759
New Castle..	13642	10640	11166	8914
Sussex	4958	4362	5386	3949
Totals	22529	18858	20705	16652
Plurality	3671		4053	
Per cent.....	53.65	44.91	54.26	43.63
Scattering ..	595		804	
Whole vote..	41982		38161	

The scattering vote for State Treasurer in 1902 was: Kelley (Pro.), 575; Rodgers (L.), 229.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

State Auditor—Norman (R.), 20,650; Lowe (D.), 16,567; Hitch (Pro.), 576; Hill (L.), 224.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

Ball (R.), 8,028; Houston (D.), 16,396; Byrne (Union R.), 12,998.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	3	5	8
Democrats	7	14	21
Union Republicans	7	15	22
Rep. majorities...	3	6	9

FLORIDA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	SEC. STATE. —1902.— *Rep.	Dem. Crawford.
Alachua	397	1346	——	874
Baker	100	198	——	138
Bradford	296	734	——	323
Brevard	118	513	——	305
Calhoun	35	196	——	97
Citrus	16	413	——	223
Clay.	142	308	——	195
Columbia	307	663	——	305
Dade	390	806	——	392
De Soto	134	526	——	530
Duval	747	1857	——	1499
Escambia	432	1435	——	707
Franklin	146	239	——	159
Gadsden	61	684	——	294
Hamilton ...	106	322	——	229

FLORIDA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	SEC. STATE. —1903.— *Rep.	Dem. Croft.
Hernando ...	18	252	——	1177
Hillsborough..	849	2257	——	138
Holmes	69	339	——	527
Jackson	178	978	——	242
Jefferson	143	711	——	297
La Fayette..	21	326	——	292
Lake	141	492	——	371
Lee	30	278	——	127
Leon	162	932	——	423
Levy	157	383	——	288
Liberty	10	127	——	120
Madison	29	510	——	247
Manatee	60	535	——	393
Marion	306	1132	——	555
Monroe	252	747	——	428
Nassau	127	441	——	278
Orange	409	857	——	602
Osceola	31	266	——	144
Pasco	32	492	——	243
Polk	133	983	——	569
Putnam	275	648	——	363
Santa Rosa..	38	519	——	273
St. Johns....	201	764	——	235
Sumter	61	343	——	241
Suwanee	133	677	——	256
†Taylor			——	125
Volusia	258	755	——	441
Wakulla	10	254	——	131
Walton	139	382	——	269
Washington .	291	397	——	373
Totals	7499	28007		16428
Plurality		20508		
Per cent.....	19.02	71.06		
Scattering ..	3905			
Whole vote..	39411			

*No nomination.

†Returns defective; thrown out.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Justice Supreme Court—Hocker (D.), 16,215.

Controller—Croom (D.), 16,124.

Railroad Commissioners—Browne (D.), 15,653; Burr (D.), 15,215.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. S. M. Sparkman (D.), 5,597.

II. R. W. Davis (D.), 6,494.

III. William B. Lamar (D.), 4,249.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Democrats	32	67	99
Republicans	0	1	1
Dem. majorities...	32	66	98

GEORGIA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. —1903.— Dem Terrell	Pop. Hines.
Appling	446	477	642	——
Baker	87	478	138	——

GEORGIA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Terrell.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Pop. Hines.
Baldwin	76	500	380	16
Banks	269	402	979	202
Bartow	823	691	823	63
Berrien	101	509	440	2
Bibb	250	1876	1090	—
Brooks	103	429	479	9
Bryan	165	246	723	—
Bulloch	178	767	354	—
Burke	157	620	254	—
Butts	104	563	377	—
Calhoun	97	289	168	—
Camden	210	350	401	88
Campbell	283	350	397	21
Carroll	697	1270	1956	—
Catoosa	144	399	771	87
Charlton	64	168	254	—
Chatham	916	3352	1894	—
Chattah'chee	117	114	310	—
Chattooga	440	601	1739	—
Cherokee	550	535	1223	67
Clarke	199	672	188	9
Clay	81	271	1068	2
Clayton	179	346	286	—
Clinch	203	290	262	—
Cobb	311	1156	744	11
Coffee	614	402	1141	119
Colquitt	217	310	189	—
Columbia	42	215	108	—
Coweta	232	1063	571	—
Crawford	30	344	185	—
Dade	78	235	459	27
Dawson	194	224	693	—
Decatur	260	1007	807	—
De Kalb	216	756	893	1
Dodge	211	541	233	—
Dooly	3	720	386	—
Dougherty	29	360	279	—
Douglas	300	345	1498	—
Early	42	355	343	50
Echols	38	130	323	—
Effingham	66	387	118	1
Elbert	7	782	644	—
Emanuel	444	513	860	—
Fannin	867	533	839	—
Fayette	141	471	211	—
Floyd	638	1450	603	—
Forsyth	270	318	969	547
Franklin	178	530	1246	1135
Fulton	1676	5075	4121	1
Gilmer	493	502	1127	—
Glascock	62	157	246	—
Glynn	254	674	367	2
Gordon	504	637	488	34
Greene	303	493	353	—
Gwinnett	373	1052	774	5
Habersham	218	589	416	—
Hall	262	880	502	—
Hancock	16	526	263	—
Haralson	666	458	—	750
Harris	422	636	462	36
Hart	185	639	1214	—
Heard	32	548	195	—
Henry	378	639	361	1
Houston	81	798	426	—
Irwin	583	700	502	—
Jackson	477	836	1127	23
Jasper	32	630	393	1
Jefferson	128	394	240	1
Johnson	321	276	470	4
Jones	166	408	182	—

GEORGIA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Terrell.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Pop. Hines.
Laurens	395	942	1049	419
Lee	149	269	294	—
Liberty	304	248	969	—
Lincoln	4	173	118	—
Lowndes	277	444	354	—
Lumpkin	308	410	662	—
Macon	182	464	252	—
Madison	66	754	310	—
Marion	116	280	222	37
McDuffie	289	178	119	—
McIntosh	211	259	242	—
Meriwether	234	734	691	—
Miller	19	183	270	—
Milton	116	308	269	19
Mitchell	274	465	306	—
Monroe	92	810	395	10
Montgomery	232	608	230	—
Morgan	222	484	288	—
Murray	360	361	621	129
Muscogee	272	1245	476	—
Newton	294	790	511	5
Oconee	148	251	428	—
Oglethorpe	20	625	261	—
Paulding	609	496	785	597
Pickens	599	295	464	7
Pierce	290	267	284	—
Pike	168	759	513	11
Polk	1019	490	1792	26
Pulaski	28	631	364	3
Putnam	8	331	179	—
Quitman	84	173	98	—
Rabun	70	244	798	3
Randolph	108	602	302	—
Richmond	215	2045	891	1
Rockdale	184	393	315	52
Schley	163	221	160	5
Screven	376	488	229	1
Spalding	82	782	1045	—
Stewart	170	471	1189	—
Sumter	216	780	434	—
Talbot	107	405	284	—
Taliaferro	100	216	448	—
Tattnall	611	738	1267	92
Taylor	79	298	220	—
Telfair	122	568	394	—
Terrell	213	679	245	—
Thomas	432	1146	646	11
Towns	326	295	341	—
Troup	60	837	656	13
Twiggs	56	321	1521	—
Union	397	417	604	209
Upson	133	468	744	199
Walker	566	752	739	69
Walton	385	886	1697	13
Ware	107	601	336	—
Warren	230	317	471	—
Washington	282	720	543	—
Wayne	213	363	704	2
Webster	66	204	276	—
White	100	191	855	—
Whitfield	412	587	1176	346
Wilcox	228	407	1443	—
Wilkes	4	581	305	—
Wilkinson	184	422	260	—
Worth	430	590	457	22
Totals	35035	81700	81538	5566
Plurality		46665	75972	
Per cent.	28.53	66.57	93.61	6.39
Scattering	5980			
Whole vote	122715		87104	

GEORGIA—(Continued).

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Secretary of State—Cook (D.), 82,542; Lee (Pop.), 5,148.

Controller-General—Wright (D.), 82,182; Wilson (Pop.), 5,533.

Treasurer—Park (D.), 82,037; Taylor (Pop.), 5,508.

Attorney-General—Hart (D.), 82,137; Lary (Pop.), 5,484.

Commissioner of Agriculture—Stevens (D.), 82,114; Peek (Pop.), 5,476.

State School Commissioner—Merritt (D.), 82,038; Zeller (Pop.), 5,425.

Prison Commissioner—Thomas Eason (D.), 82,359.

Associate Justices Supreme Court (full term, 6 years)—Lumpkin (D.), 82,385; Cobb (D.), 82,110.

Associate Justice Supreme Court (unexpired term)—Candler (D.), 45,628; Ross (D.), 23,306.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Lester (D.), 4,349.
II. Griggs (D.), 3,797.
III. Lewis (D.), 2,957.
IV. Adamson (D.), 2,383.
V. Livingston (D.), 2,485.
VI. Bartlett (D.), 4,522.
VII. Maddox (D.), 5,305; McKnight (Pop.), 860.
VIII. Howard (D.), 3,139.
IX. Tate (D.), 4,749; Dobbs (Pop.), 20.
X. Hardwick (D.), 2,675.
XI. Brantley (D.), 3,606.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	1	3	4
Democrats	42	169	211
Populists	1	3	4
Dem. majorities	40	163	208

IDAHO.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. Morrison.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Hunt.
Ada	2706	2072	3105	2105
Bannock	1684	1581	2041	1526
Bear Lake	1055	1077	1139	1084
Bingham	1436	1683	2005	1484
Blaine	634	1345	934	994
Boise	695	852	727	781
Canyon	1350	1314	1848	1174
Cassia	674	624	762	537
Custer	261	590	401	614
Elmore	393	565	368	1768
Fremont	2174	2153	2923	1768
Idaho	1527	1884	1658	1868
Kootenai	1472	1871	1894	1704
Latah	2013	2004	2168	1364
Lemhi	523	897	694	785
Lincoln	370	355	459	331
Nez Perce	2184	2168	2495	1758
Oneida	1891	1222	1856	1336
Owyhee	584	884	589	788
Shoshone	2378	2994	2702	2260
Washington	1194	1240	1346	1224
Totals	27108	29414	31874	26021
Plurality		2216	5853	
Per cent.	46.96	50.79	52.89	43.18
Scattering	1302		2362	
Whole vote	57914		60257	

IDAHO—(Continued).

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: Andrews (Pop.), 188; Slattery (Soc.), 1,567; Gipson (Pro.), 607.

VOTE ON STATE OFFICERS.

Supreme Court Judge—J. F. Allshie (R.), 30,985; F. E. Fogg (D.), 25,429; J. E. Elder (Soc.), 1,704; W. A. Hall (Pro.), 650.

Lieutenant Governor—J. M. Stevens, (R.), 31,781; W. E. Adams (D.), 24,844; L. N. B. Anderson (Soc.), 1,712; S. E. Hunt (Pro.), 666.

Secretary of State—W. H. Gibson (R.), 31,638; C. J. Bassett (D.), 24,907; W. D. Candee (Soc.), 1,624; W. E. Schnebley (Pro.), 656.

Attorney General—John A. Bagley (R.), 31,759; F. D. Culver (D.), 24,725; D. W. Smith (Soc.), 1,712.

Auditor—Theo. Turne (R.), 31,396; John C. Callahan (D.), 25,123; G. W. Herrington (Soc.), 1,683; T. G. Hodgson (Pro.), 671.

Treasurer—H. N. Coffin (R.), 31,435; E. P. Coltman (D.), 24,837; J. E. Miller (Soc.), 1,693; Mrs. J. G. Hoadley (Pro.), 732.

Superintendent of Schools—May L. Scott (R.), 31,343; Permeal French (D.), 26,046; Ollie E. Ellis (Pro.), 650.

Inspector of Mines—Robert Bell (R.), 31,271; John H. Nordquist (D.), 24,638; O. C. Smith (Soc.), 1,538; George Klock (Pro.), 628.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

Burton L. French (R.), 32,384; Joseph H. Hutchinson (D.), 24,878; John A. Davis (Soc.), 1,738; H. A. Lee (Pro.), 636.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	15	35	50
Democrats	6	11	17
Rep. majorities	9	24	33

ILLINOIS.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	S. TREAS. 1902. Rep. F. A. Busse	S. TREAS. 1902. Dem. Duddleston
Adams	8047	8814	5304	5950
Alexander	2790	1760	2347	1360
Bond	2101	1629	1817	1313
Boone	3159	704	1554	193
Brown	988	1968	706	1304
Bureau	5478	3523	3750	1957
Calhoun	873	1175	799	842
Carroll	3425	1266	1829	436
Cass	1846	2626	1443	2083
Champaign	6660	5015	4981	3220
Christian	3686	4519	2960	3291
Clark	2929	3009	2660	2541
Clay	2356	2295	2137	1934
Clinton	1964	2637	1405	2078
Coles	4706	3921	3692	3000
Cook	208760	186193	148943	127162
Crawford	2301	2299	2136	1971
Cumberland	1870	1993	1623	1770
De Kalb	5923	1881	3468	569

ILLINOIS—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	S. TREAS. 1902. Rep. F. A. Busse	S. TREAS. 1902. Dem. George Duddleston
De Witt	2694	2861	2451	2298
Douglas	2733	2100	2172	1743
Du Page	3869	1947	2772	1402
Edgar	3766	3783	3426	3793
Edwards	1577	823	1412	684
Effingham	1853	2979	1101	1848
Fayette	2920	3423	2674	2928
Ford	2936	1469	2182	892
Franklin	2117	2226	1934	1790
Fulton	6130	5762	5095	4557
Gallatin	1432	2004	1137	1643
Greene	2131	3785	1044	1908
Grundy	3735	1687	2931	1115
Hamilton	1911	2467	1526	2128
Hancock	3907	4057	3288	3472
Hardin	753	839	709	757
Henderson	1772	976	1363	686
Henry	6892	2809	4529	1658
Iroquois	5243	3736	4118	2472
Jackson	4054	3723	3571	2848
Jasper	1923	2591	1331	1734
Jefferson	2805	3352	2402	2437
Jersey	1496	2145	1237	1580
Jo Daviess	3444	2543	2689	2053
Johnson	1940	1271	1752	1100
Kane	12031	5259	7470	3014
Kankakee	5798	2674	4823	1761
Kendall	2121	713	1263	299
Knox	7810	3299	5552	1957
Lake	5136	2235	3602	1111
La Salle	11781	8671	8273	6888
Lawrence	1961	2021	1802	1776
Lee	4820	2528	3265	980
Livingston	5805	4024	4503	2914
Logan	3501	3672	3064	3220
Macon	6096	4874	4872	3196
Macoupin	4814	5472	3927	4475
Madison	8106	6753	6838	5087
Marion	3221	3928	2567	3033
Marshall	2210	1908	1989	1718
Mason	2027	2508	1439	2058
Massac	2057	796	1420	431
McDonough	4076	3444	3602	2739
McHenry	5234	2076	3789	1218
McLean	9487	6613	6697	4709
Menard	1632	2078	1451	1787
Mercer	3304	2110	2399	1243
Monroe	1535	1757	1494	1575
Montgomery	3583	4078	2640	3119
Morgan	4341	4321	3851	3902
Moultrie	1728	1975	1432	1623
Ogle	5255	2171	3480	1314
Peoria	10700	9433	8650	6871
Perry	2336	2321	1981	1761
Piatt	2648	1905	2203	1428
Pike	3045	4715	2199	3242
Pope	1817	908	1388	612
Pulaski	2039	1077	1538	616
Putnam	738	450	554	402
Randolph	3045	3278	2904	2828
Richland	1793	2042	1394	1630
Rock Island	8299	4786	5770	3007
Saline	2495	2186	2253	1884
Sangamon	9769	9498	8844	8436
Schuyler	1791	2167	1579	1845
Scott	1204	1585	1051	1379
Shelby	3365	4514	2487	3032
Stark	1665	939	1311	758
St. Clair	9764	9827	9015	8040
Stephenson	4677	3983	4014	3562
Tazewell	3957	4048	3235	3487
Union	1695	2900	1338	2243
Vermilion	9852	6147	6404	2863
Wabash	1226	1643	1123	1334
Warren	3618	2501	2972	2178
Washington	2351	2081	2369	1679
Wayne	3117	3062	2667	2507
White	2658	3170	2185	2870
Whiteside	5669	2758	3705	1085
Will	10056	6655	7457	3960
Williamson	3723	2760	3399	2589
Winnebago	8103	2498	3118	477
Woodford	2421	2564	1784	2213
Totals	597985	503061	450895	360925
Plurality	94924		89770	
Per cent.	52.83	44.44	52.41	41.97
Scattering	30851		48354	
Whole vote	1131897		859974	

The scattering vote for State Treasurer in 1902 was: C. H. Tuesburg (Pro.), 18,434; A. W. Nelson (Soc.), 20,167; G. Renner (S. L.), 8,235; D. Balster (Peo.), 1,518.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Alfred Bayliss (R.), 442,505; A. L. Bliss (D.), 359,497; C. A. Blanchard (Pro.), 18,517; J. B. Smiley (Soc.), 19,352; J. R. Pepin (S. L.), 8,030; W. C. Gullett (Pop.), 1,410.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—Christopher Mamer (R.), 421,556; J. L. Pickering (D.), 378,748; R. H. Harding (Pro.), 18,202; David Roberts (Soc.), 19,813; G. A. Jenning (S. L.), 7,995; W. W. Scott (Pop.), 1,434.

Trustees of the University of Illinois—Laura B. Evans (Rep.), 430,329; William B. McKinley (Rep.), 439,336; L. H. Herrick (Rep.), 433,329; James E. White (D.), 362,439; Julia Holmes Smith (D.), 365,408; John Huston (D.), 356,182; Marie C. Brehm (Pro.), 20,969; J. O. Cunningham (Pro.), 20,166; Narcissa D. Akers (Pro.), 19,898; Gertrude B. Hunt (Soc.), 19,702; J. W. Saunders (Soc.), 19,602; Lydia Swanson (Soc.), 19,512; Carl Koechlin (S. L.), 7,778; Frank McVay (S. L.), 7,746; Philip Veal (S. L.), 7,852; Laura Power (Pop.), 1,550; Richard Standley (Pop.), 1,405; L. Henry Johnson (Pop.), 1,421.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Madden (R.), 35,339; Emerich (D.), 16,591; Wilcoxon (Pro.), 415.

II. Mann (R.) 18,097; Brust (D.), 9,532; Wakeley (Pro.), 557; Berlyn (Soc.), 2,332.

III. Wilson (R.), 13,977; Smith (D.), 10,517; Brooke (Pro.), 543; Wanhope (Soc.), 1,073.

IV. Foster (D.), 14,698; Stewart (Pro.), 317; Finsterbach (Soc.), 850.

V. McAndrews (D.), 12,346; Bassett (Pro.), 304; Winnen (Soc.), 1,263.

ILLINOIS—(Continued).

VI. Lorimer (R.), 16,540; Durborow (D.), 15,555; Chafin (Pro.), 536; Kuesch (Soc.), 667.

VII. Knopf (R.), 18,167; Hess (D.), 13,443; Ebinger (Pro.), 496; Bard (Soc.), 3,471.

VIII. Mahony (D.), 19,688; Wood (Pro.), 508; Evans (Soc.), 1,546.

IX. Boutell (R.), 15,857; Honore (D.), 13,774; Lofgren (Pro.), 288; Millar (Soc.), 1,305.

X. Foss (R.), 15,318; Philbin (D.), 9,733; Parkhurst (Pro.), 590; Lohse (Soc.), 986.

XI. Snapp (R.), 20,549; Monroe (D.), 9,968; Reber (Pro.), 927; Getting (Soc.), 623.

XII. Fuller (R.), 19,812; Steward (D.), 9,356; Regan (Pro.), 2,558.

XIII. Hitt (R.), 19,220; Dickes (D.), 9,401; Shirley (Pro.), 729.

XIV. Marsh (R.), 19,404; Lusk (D.), 13,195; Carnahan (Pro.), 988; Kindler (Soc.), 1,118.

XV. Prince (R.), 21,899; Olson (D.), 16,045; Batten (Pro.), 899; Whalen (Soc.), 601.

XVI. Graff (R.), 19,360; Niehaus (D.), 15,623; Peters (Pro.), 573.

XVII. Sterling (R.), 18,331; Yost (D.), 14,040; Allin (Pro.), 1,344.

XVIII. Cannon (R.), 22,941; Bell (D.), 15,274; Wright (Pro.), 1,106.

XIX. Warner (R.), 24,155; Hinds (D.), 19,895; Mavity (Pro.), 1,241.

XX. Danskin (R.), 14,889; Rainey (D.), 20,165; Morphis (Pro.), 642.

XXI. Anderson (R.), 16,698; Caldwell (D.), 20,774; Dugan (Pro.), 726.

XXII. Rodenberg (R.), 21,101; Kern (D.), 18,747; Cox (S. L.), 235; Rommerskirchen (Peo.) 39.

XXIII. Van Sandt (R.), 17,557; Crowley (D.), 20,735; Boles (Pro.), 1,144; Harbison (Peo.), 130.

XXIV. Chapman (R.), 17,719; Williams (D.), 17,971; Morris (Pro.), 651.

XXV. Smith (R.), 18,743; Lingle (D.), 16,444; Braden (Pro.), 958.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	36	88	124
Democrats	15	62	77
Independents	—	3	3
Rep. majorities	21	9	44

INDIANA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	SEC. STATE. —1902.— Rep. Storms	Dem. Schoonover
Adams	1688	3337	1430	2491
Allen	8250	10764	7066	8012
Bartholomew	3275	3300	3102	2975
Benton	2032	1563	1785	1250
Blackford	2121	2191	1890	1965
Boone	3360	3718	3337	3352
Brown	707	1450	590	1057
Carroll	2585	2690	2412	2385
Cass	4308	4672	4094	4143
Clark	3875	4134	3001	3455
Clay	3873	4114	3286	3379

INDIANA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	SEC. STATE. —1902.— Rep. Storms	Dem. Schoonover
Clinton	3677	3603	3593	3173
Crawford	1529	1731	1373	1480
Daviess	3298	3424	3070	2771
Dearborn	2533	3371	2083	2920
Decatur	2900	2598	2805	2286
Dekalb	3218	3488	2900	2976
Delaware	8301	4647	7004	3015
Dubois	1362	3192	1044	2578
Elkhart	6270	4950	5292	4034
Fayette	2320	1600	2099	1453
Floyd	3597	3781	2995	3271
Fountain	3015	2898	2772	2631
Franklin	1738	2781	1555	2436
Fulton	2313	2358	2247	2179
Gibson	3648	3509	3490	3236
Grant	8832	5312	7054	3681
Greene	3502	3491	3008	3471
Hamilton	4788	2931	4050	2395
Hancock	2295	2930	2096	2621
Harrison	2482	2824	2205	2381
Hendricks	3426	2359	3008	1902
Henry	4047	2754	3531	1726
Howard	4308	2823	3729	2305
Huntington	4122	3091	3724	3240
Jackson	2795	3849	2124	2866
Jasper	2083	1580	1918	1310
Jay	3518	3422	3295	3004
Jefferson	3371	2636	2850	2478
Jennings	2155	1925	1950	1727
Johnson	2367	3088	2114	2734
Knox	3554	4443	3228	3829
Kosciusko	4422	3265	3803	2843
Lagrange	2329	1431	1902	1061
Lake	5337	3733	4583	2935
Laporte	4809	4783	4355	4781
Lawrence	3535	2558	2874	2390
Madison	9891	8298	8858	7159
Marion	29272	23660	24853	20846
Marshall	2947	3149	2575	3040
Martin	1712	1660	1640	1614
Miami	3812	3849	3032	3797
Monroe	2788	2397	2459	2256
Montgomery	4507	4102	4219	3764
Morgan	2904	2632	2774	2457
Newton	1715	1165	1537	1011
Noble	3400	3077	3166	2846
Ohio	730	652	640	607
Orange	2247	1851	2098	1692
Owen	1706	2057	1626	1742
Parke	3138	2630	2821	2149
Perry	2078	2278	1883	2113
Pike	2420	2400	2247	2039
Porter	2797	1848	2457	1586
Posey	2553	3177	2308	2751
Pulaski	1501	1909	1514	1649
Putnam	2632	3251	2191	2870
Randolph	5050	2393	4421	1688
Ripley	2737	2732	2536	2543
Rush	2913	2503	2700	2274
Scott	874	1221	691	1018
Shelby	3291	3846	2934	3359
Spencer	2979	2816	2764	2499
Starke	1340	1315	1267	1150
Steuben	2715	1522	2378	1360
St. Joseph	8127	6948	7777	6882
Sullivan	2326	4008	2125	2822
Switzerland	1631	1713	1464	1547
Tippecanoe	6317	4673	5451	3323
Tipton	2410	2436	2273	2312
Union	1060	897	1019	738

INDIANA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	SEC. STATE. 1902. Dem. Storms.	SEC. STATE. 1902. Pop. Schoonover.
Vanderburgh	8228	7178	7265	5202
Vermillion	2322	1799	1984	1477
Vigo	7992	7472	7964	7178
Wabash	4433	2882	3950	2226
Warren	2167	1117	1861	758
Warrick	2540	2828	2445	2532
Washington	2152	2723	1855	2344
Wayne	6736	4020	5245	2607
Wells	2290	3599	2075	2853
White	2562	2510	2342	2245
Whitely	2271	2361	2159	2225
Totals	336063	309584	298819	263555
Plurality	26479		35264	
Per cent.	50.69	46.61	50.61	44.81
Scattering	18447		27982	
Whole vote	664094		590356	

The scattering vote for Secretary of State in 1902 was: Dungan (Pro.), 17,765; Gill (Peo.), 1,350; Meyer (Soc.), 7,111; Dryer (S. L.), 1,756.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Auditor—Sherrick (R.), 294,516; Riggs (D.), 258,917; Lord (Pro.), 17,246; Cline (Peo.), 1,249; Hutchison (Soc.), 6,897; More (S. L.), 1,762.

Treasurer—Hill (R.), 294,592; Herff (D.), 258,807; Rider (Pro.), 17,284; Brocksmith (Peo.), 1,241; Straw (Soc.), 6,905; Decker (S. L.), 1,754.

Attorney General—Miller (R.), 294,613; Stillwell (D.), 258,739; Hynes (Pro.), 17,309; Boger (Peo.), 1,261; McGregor (Soc.), 6,910; Loven (S. L.), 1,702.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction—Cotton (R.), 294,038; Scott (D.), 258,730; Mitchell (Pro.), 17,330; Smith (Peo.), 1,250; Biegler (Soc.), 6,899; Barnes (S. L.), 1,744.

State Geologist—Blatchley (R.), 294,303; Barrett (D.), 258,428; Stinesping (Pro.), 17,121; Shook (Peo.), 1,222; Adams (Soc.), 6,893; Bernine (S. L.), 1,726.

Chief Bureau of Statistics—Johnson (R.), 294,168; King (D.), 258,694; Speicher (Pro.), 17,262; Pope (Peo.), 1,244; Sturm (Soc.), 6,773; Loven (S. L.), 1,735.

Clerk Supreme Court—Brown (R.), 294,333; Heimberger (D.), 258,856; Holler (Pro.), 17,382; Brown (Peo.), 1,243; Shoub (Soc.), 6,927; Fritz (S. L.), 1,747.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS, 1902.

I. Hemenway (R.), 21,524; Spencer (D.), 17,833; Norman (Pro.), 540; Aydelotte (Peo.), 41; Smith (Soc.), 1,459.

II. Chaney (R.), 20,423; Miers (D.), 21,162; Hobsen (Pro.), 672; Wolfe (Peo.), 199; Heenan (Soc.), 332.

III. Maginness (R.), 16,784; Zenor (D.), 20,740; Richardson (Pro.), 483.

IV. Spencer (R.), 18,894; Griffith (D.), 21,751; Overman (Pro.), 828; McDonough (Soc.), 820.

V. Holliday (R.), 23,795; Wilterwood (D.), 21,562; Carter (Pro.), 1,231; Bishop (Soc.), 746.

VI. Watson (R.), 23,641; Arbuckle (D.), 19,535; Brown (Pro.), 1,529.

INDIANA—(Continued).

VII. Overstreet (R.), 25,191; Dunn (D.), 20,933; Henry (Pro.), 1,126; McClure (Soc.), 793; Viewegh (S. L.), 413.

VIII. Cromer (R.), 25,842; Truesdale (D.), 21,474; Kain (Pro.), 1,848; Fieser (Soc.), 529.

IX. Landis (R.), 25,824; Kirkpatrick (D.), 23,317; Jones (Pro.), 1,548.

X. Crumpacker (R.), 26,016; Guthrie (D.), 19,428; Delzell (Pro.), 714.

XI. Landis (R.), 24,390; Nelson (D.), 19,596; Shugart (Pro.), 2,344.

XII. Gilhams (R.), 19,035; Robinson (D.), 19,320; Wyrick (Pro.), 731; Wefel (Soc.), 1,065.

XIII. Brick (R.), 24,206; Hering (D.), 22,289; Love (Pro.), 1,286; Anderson (Soc.), 327.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	35	66	101
Democrats	15	34	49
Rep. majorities	20	32	52

IOWA.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Rep. Cummins.	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Dem. Sullivan
Adair	2327	1618	1936	1198
Adams	1873	1428	1566	1058
Allamakee	2659	1850	2338	1682
Appanoose	3538	2690	2849	1961
Audubon	1821	1301	1586	1078
Benton	3609	2575	2892	2394
Black Hawk	5010	2512	3741	2410
Boone	4151	2264	2732	1238
Bremer	2178	1929	1761	1925
Buchanan	2958	2053	2444	1819
Buena Vista	2632	936	1753	575
Butler	2902	1167	1921	924
Calhoun	2073	1224	2000	972
Carroll	2224	2434	1926	2259
Cass	3128	2010	2551	1539
Cedar	2740	2131	2201	1996
Cerro Gordo	3345	1320	1839	606
Cherokee	2432	1253	1861	915
Chickasaw	2085	2063	1759	1914
Clarke	1800	1322	1391	866
Clay	[illegible]	871	1329	355
Clayton	3386	2884	2945	2684
Clinton	5344	4758	4164	4117
Crawford	2268	2578	1854	2150
Dallas	3601	1940	2535	1254
Davis	1656	2165	1485	1861
Decatur	2410	[illegible]	2132	1751
Delaware	2805	1570	2161	1336
Des Moines	4315	3909	3305	3233
Dickinson	1352	445	1029	310
Dubuque	4752	6655	3990	5402
Emmet	1618	595	1227	291
Fayette	3984	2708	3332	2298
Floyd	2843	1295	1667	542
Franklin	2537	748	1599	412
Fremont	2170	2399	1744	1794
Greene	2777	1360	2018	1009
Grundy	2025	1203	1560	1040
Guthrie	2806	1824	2305	1137
Hamilton	3259	1134	2420	725
Hancock	2186	827	1816	627
Hardin	3741	1268	3571	867
Harrison	3303	2837	2622	1722

IOWA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	*GOV'RNOR. 1903. Rep. Cummins.	*GOV'RNOR. 1903. Dem. Sullivan.
Henry	2794	1907	2116	1450
Howard	1944	1420	1607	1348
Humboldt	2214	595	1359	299
Ida	1589	1304	1301	1061
Iowa	2336	1985	2128	1953
Jackson	2964	2854	2578	2575
Jasper	3894	3163	3227	2169
Jefferson	2482	1612	1810	1295
Johnson	3010	3182	2575	2881
Jones	3021	2052	2377	1982
Keokuk	3339	2669	2628	2391
Kossuth	3122	1777	2526	1590
Lee	4486	5182	3652	3769
Linn	7745	5019	5423	3338
Louisa	2185	1172	1677	635
Lucas	2225	1488	1920	1105
Lyon	1666	1239	1330	772
Madison	2590	1907	2247	1475
Mahaska	4480	3596	3571	2759
Marion	2950	2950	2603	2277
Marshall	4878	2329	2941	1389
Mills	2212	1733	1961	1414
Mitchell	2450	981	1817	589
Monona	2161	1934	1933	1490
Monroe	2233	1705	2524	1621
Montgomery	2927	1467	1894	764
Muscatine	3905	3021	3072	2149
O'Brien	2386	1461	1808	1021
Osceola	1106	799	965	708
Page	3424	1889	2270	776
Palo Alto	1908	1477	1727	1207
Plymouth	2712	2307	2207	1959
Pocahontas	2176	1287	1860	1145
Polk	12628	6180	8006	2651
Pottaw'mie	6525	5373	5159	3832
Poweshiek	3199	1765	2294	1090
Ringgold	2319	1311	1755	890
Sac	2786	1214	1745	731
Scott	6327	5157	5417	4469
Shelby	2182	2010	1929	1795
Sioux	3025	1809	1908	1027
Story	4032	1343	2817	640
Tama	3290	2736	2770	2433
Taylor	2792	1984	2156	1260
Union	2462	2218	1984	1803
Van Buren	2547	1893	2175	1628
Wapello	4742	3902	3916	3020
Warren	2966	1876	2446	1362
Washington	2844	2234	2264	1847
Wayne	2294	2001	2007	1792
Webster	4221	2266	3197	1947
Winnebago	2052	474	1731	165
Winneshiek	3486	1835	2823	1509
Woodbury	7045	4796	4878	3175
Worth	1730	475	1505	259
Wright	2990	891	2305	781
Totals	307808	209265	238798	159708
Plurality	98543		79090	
Per cent.	57.06	38.79	57.13	38.21
Scattering	12282		19446	
Whole vote	539355		417952	

*The figures for Governor in 1903 are semi-official. The vote is to be canvassed by the legislature in January, 1904.

The scattering vote for Governor in 1903 was: Hanson (Pro.), 12,378; Work (Soc.), 6,479; L. H. Weller (Pop.), 589.

IOWA—(Continued).

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Lieutenant-Governor—John Herriott (R.), 237,936; Butler (D.), 157,338; Scult (Pro.), 11,545; Gifford (Soc.), 6,485; S. M. Harney (Pop.), 590.

Railroad Commissioner—D. J. Palmer (R.), 237,608; W. S. Porter (D.), 156,775; H. R. Bradshaw (Pro.), 11,260; Oakley Wood (Soc.), 6,464; Walter McCully (Pop.), 616.

Superintendent Public Instruction—J. F. Riggs (R.), 237,922; A. R. McCook (R.), 156,535; John S. Ward (Pro.), 11,232; Florence Brown (Soc.), 6,581; A. Milo Bunce (Pop.), 573.

Judge Supreme Court—C. A. Bishop (R.), 238,048; John R. Caldwell (D.), 156,987; William Orr (Pro.), 11,457; J. L. McCrillis (Soc.), 6,361; J. A. Lowenberg (Pop.), 585.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Hedge (R.), 15,266; Craig (D.), 13,343; Sheperd (Pro.), 604; Leicht (Soc.), 301.

II. Huffman (R.), 18,667; Wade (D.), 19,825; Bacon (Pro.), 292; Gifford (Soc.), 1,152.

III. Birdsall (R.), 22,300; Boies (D.), 16,761; Earl (Pro.), 1,073; Lymburner (Soc.), 788; Dean (Anti-Monopoly), 16.

IV. Haugen (R.), 19,303; Sorter, jr. (D.), 14,280; McGrigor (Pro.), 668; Macha (Soc.), 168.

V. Cousins (R.), 19,516; Daly (D.), 13,733; Smith (Pro.), 993; Palmer (Soc.), 281.

VI. Lacey (R.), 18,828; Reese (D.), 17,015; Sopher (Pro.), 542; Rice (Soc.), 414.

VII. Hull (R.), 19,037; Sheldon (D.), 9,914; McFarland (Pro.), 1,270; Stouder (Soc.), 665.

VIII. Hepburn (R.), 21,657; Stewart (D.), 14,796.

IX. Smith (R.), 20,997; Cullison (D.), 13,639; Beckhart (Pro.), 604.

X. Conner (R.), 25,596; Faltinson (D.), 12,822; Elwell (Pro.), 978; Swick (Soc.), 510.

XI. Thomas (R.), 21,854; Parsons (D.), 12,721; Bennett (Soc.), 471.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	43	76	119
Democrats	7	23	30
Rep. majorities	36	53	89

KANSAS.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. W. J. Bailey.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. W. H. Craddock.
Allen	2680	2073	2721	1639
Anderson	1846	1757	1622	1431
Atchison	3390	2682	3002	2025
Barber	862	783	757	639
Barton	1564	1772	1377	1505
Bourbon	3024	2799	2561	1884
Brown	3137	2307	2650	1574
Butler	2947	2752	2530	2001
Chase	1084	956	947	741
Chautauqua	1618	1280	1427	910
Cherokee	4478	5302	3355	3330
Cheyenne	348	286	325	244

KANSAS—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. W. J. Bailey.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Dem. W. H. Craddock.
Clark	201	100	203	158
Clay	2001	1826	1579	1389
Cloud	2315	2045	1995	1214
Coffey	2159	2066	1900	1541
Comanche	249	194	232	151
Cowley	3679	3436	3005	2322
Crawford	4722	4824	4114	3214
Decatur	848	1158	757	877
Dickinson	2771	2352	2238	1708
Doniphan	2464	1244	1788	704
Douglas	3453	2333	2384	1168
Edwards	523	502	555	514
Elk	1632	1311	1327	950
Ellis	627	1228	639	1152
Ellsworth	1333	1006	1125	790
Finney	525	336	465	289
Ford	653	610	782	549
Franklin	2842	2005	2491	1941
Geary	1240	1009	1013	795
Gove	368	253	402	203
Graham	561	694	663	580
Grant	58	53	64	48
Gray	188	145	213	143
Greeley	118	36	106	12
Greenwood	2204	1917	1945	1460
Hamilton	182	194	189	170
Harper	1190	1261	1115	898
Harvey	2266	1658	1817	957
Haskell	79	44	87	39
Hodgeman	323	245	348	262
Jackson	2291	1745	1913	1128
Jefferson	2374	1912	1979	1359
Jewell	2448	2102	1999	1616
Johnson	2393	2171	2102	1832
Kearny	164	137	174	130
Kingman	1286	1183	1143	951
Kiowa	322	293	355	292
Labette	3319	3425	2974	2425
Lane	239	172	290	202
Leavenworth	4162	4109	3519	3157
Lincoln	1110	1250	962	978
Linn	2279	2043	1853	1595
Logan	319	176	337	166
Lyon	3083	2885	2536	2162
Marion	2622	1729	2037	955
Marshall	3413	2969	3062	2047
McPherson	2640	2122	2399	1397
Meade	238	209	276	176
Miami	2663	2401	2078	1953
Mitchell	1764	1702	1406	1230
Montgomery	3433	3213	2847	2260
Morris	1650	1326	1460	1161
Morton	51	34	51	42
Nemaha	2761	1848	2386	1766
Neosho	2424	2279	2068	1770
Ness	511	583	517	410
Norton	1320	1212	1252	845
Osage	3128	2901	2698	1637
Osborn	1555	1239	1348	838
Ottawa	1509	1367	1381	899
Pawnee	684	727	741	676
Phillips	1691	1511	1518	1206
Pot'watomie	2556	1929	2115	1466
Pratt	82	816	872	611
Rawlins	577	568	549	521
Reno	3769	2859	3145	1958
Republic	2499	1925	2029	1337
Rice	2013	1527	1745	1023
Riley	2119	1279	1691	960
Rooks	927	925	942	649
Rush	681	717	659	678
Russell	1233	810	977	723
Saline	2245	2199	1976	1668
Scott	128	159	167	137
Sedgwick	5363	5144	5155	3536
Seward	122	77	107	56
Shawnee	7667	4875	6248	2642
Sheridan	445	499	465	333
Sherman	380	418	373	269
Smith	1770	1978	1622	1390
Stafford	1055	1139	997	859
Stanton	50	36	55	39
Stevens	66	89	100	73
Sumner	3184	2982	2480	1922
Thomas	401	551	413	419
Trego	360	361	395	336
Wabaunsee	1793	1263	1432	698
Wallace	212	102	229	85
Washington	2960	2252	2259	1638
Wichita	201	128	211	99
Wilson	2193	1711	1733	1406
Woodson	1418	1115	1227	738
Wyandotte	8133	7304	6398	5563
Totals	185955	162601	159242	117148
Plurality	23354		42094	
Per cent.	52.55	45.96	55.45	40.79
Scattering	5210		10778	
Whole vote	353766		287168	

KANSAS—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	SEC. STATE. —1902.— *Rep. W. J. Bailey.	SEC. STATE. —1902.— Dem. W. H. Craddock.
Rooks	927	925	942	649
Rush	681	717	659	678
Russell	1233	810	977	723
Saline	2245	2199	1976	1668
Scott	128	159	167	137
Sedgwick	5363	5144	5155	3536
Seward	122	77	107	56
Shawnee	7667	4875	6248	2642
Sheridan	445	499	465	333
Sherman	380	418	373	269
Smith	1770	1978	1622	1390
Stafford	1055	1139	997	859
Stanton	50	36	55	39
Stevens	66	89	100	73
Sumner	3184	2982	2480	1922
Thomas	401	551	413	419
Trego	360	361	395	336
Wabaunsee	1793	1263	1432	698
Wallace	212	102	229	85
Washington	2960	2252	2259	1638
Wichita	201	128	211	99
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Totals	185955	162601	159242	117148
Plurality	23354		42094	
Per cent.	52.55	45.96	55.45	40.79
Scattering	5210		10778	
Whole vote	353766		287168	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: F. W. Emerson (Pro.), 6,065; A. S. McAllister (Soc.), 4,078; J. H. Lathrop (Pop.), 635.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—D. J. Hanna (R.), 157,383; F. J. Close (D.), 115,282; W. Buffington (Pro.), 4,836; J. M. Parr (Soc.), 4,266; T. B. Wolfe (Pop.), 620.

Supreme Judge (Two-Year Term)—E. W. Cunningham (R.), 158,287; J. G. Cannon (D.), 114,504; Charles Gorsuch (Soc.), 4,288; J. Y. Robbins (Pop.), 635.

Supreme Judge (Four-Year Term)—R. A. Burch (R.), 158,323; Frank Doster (D.), 117,272; H. H. Benson (Soc.), 4,179.

Supreme Judge (Six-Year Term)—H. F. Mason (R.), 159,847; J. C. Pollock (R.), 153,295; A. L. Greene (R.), 152,980; E. S. Waterbury (D.), 114,466; Milton (D.), 111,460; J. D. McCleverty (D.), 111,248; E. L. McDermott (Soc.), 4,375; C. R. Mitchell (Soc.), 4,262; F. J. Arnold (Soc.), 4,220; D. C. Tillotson (Pop.), 726.

Treasurer—T. H. Kelly (R.), 153,442; D. H. Heflebower (D.), 119,311; E. A. Kennedy (Pro.), 4,555; J. E. Taylor (Soc.), 4,172; F. B. Maxon (Pop.), 731.

State Auditor—Seth G. Wells (R.), 158,202; J. M. Lewis (D.), 114,559; S. P. Gould (Pro.), 4,243; W. J. McMillan (Soc.), 4,224; R. C. Bradshaw (Pop.), 629.

Secretary of State—J. R. Burrow (R.), 157,977; Claud Duval (D.), 115,232; George Holsinger (Pro.), 4,389; J. T. Narnes (Soc.), 4,216; E. F. Green (Pop.), 602.

Attorney General—C. C. Coleman (R.), 158,286; F. M. Pearl (D.), 113,838; F. M.

KANSAS—(Continued).

McHale (Pro.), 4,637; G. C. Clemens (Soc.), 4,338; Maxwell Thorpe (Pop.), 626.

School Superintendent—I. L. Dayhoff (R.), 157,632; William Stryker (D.), 114,876; Sena H. Wallace (Pro.), 4,160; Luella Kraybill (Soc.), 4,240; W. G. Riste (Pop.) 605.

Insurance Superintendent—C. H. Luling (R.), 156,754; Dan Hart (D.), 114,883; W. S. Coryell (Pro.), 4,130; C. G. Warrington (Soc.), 4,241; A. E. Munch (Pop.), 634.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

Congressman-at-Large—C. F. Scott (R.), 158,307; J. D. Botkin (D.), 115,342; W. H. Ransom (Pro.), 3,744; L. Matignon (Soc.), 3,984; S. B. Bloomfield (Pop.), 594.

I. Charles Curtis (R.), 23,954; John E. Wagner (D.), 13,774; C. B. Harmon (Soc.), 443.

II. J. D. Bowersock (R.), 23,608; Noah Bowman (D.), 19,250; F. A. Byrne (Soc.), 723.

III. P. P. Campbell (R.), 22,753; A. M. Jackson (D.), 18,690; W. E. Morgan (Soc.), 941.

IV. J. M. Miller (R.), 20,808; T. H. Grisham (D.), 14,361; Rolfe (Soc.), 267.

V. W. A. Calderhead (R.), 18,921; Andrew Sherer (D.), 13,930; August Eckwall (Soc.), 623.

VI. W. A. Reeder (R.), 18,300; C. M. Cole (D.), 15,832; A. M. Weed (Soc.), 306.

VII. C. I. Long (R.), 30,123; Vernon J. Rose (D.), 22,300; C. Bisher (Soc.), 614.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	33	95	128
Democrats	7	30	37
Rep. majorities	26	65	91

KENTUCKY.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Rep. Beknap.	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Dem. Beckham.
Adair	1713	1452	1740	1442
Allen	1725	1494	1568	1553
Anderson	1148	1485	1004	1429
Ballard	670	1877	586	1731
Barren	2234	3170	1906	3034
Bath	1654	1836	1367	1716
Bell	2142	748	1811	724
Boone	759	2302	561	1767
Bourbon	2217	2411	1993	2439
Boyd	1995	1514	2230	1782
Boyle	1646	1577	1505	1567
Bracken	1318	1869	1128	1645
Breathitt	850	1573	1131	1527
Breckenridge	2534	2231	2371	2436
Bullitt	772	1442	603	1304
Butler	2333	1131	2761	1146
Caldwell	1622	1475	1590	1496
Calloway	844	2876	822	2524
Campbell	5567	5141	5254	5048
Carlisle	533	1587	492	1403
Carroll	749	1808	585	1447
Carter	2452	1720	2362	1624
Casey	1786	1302	1710	1241
Christian	4473	3264	4179	3160
Clark	1900	2302	1683	2351
Clay	1948	681	1651	703
Clinton	1107	414	1023	367
Crittenden	1865	1517	1806	1414
Cumberland	1241	660	1176	693
Daviess	8738	4910	3442	4811
Edmondson	1156	914	1104	850
Elliott	624	1367	574	1225
Estill	1329	1000	1349	1619
Fayette	5302	4293	3299	5559
Fleming	2109	2180	1877	2167
Floyd	1197	1615	1181	1533
Franklin	1863	2946	1513	2921
Fulton	581	1487	437	1246
Gallatin	404	1018	304	907
Gerrard	1592	1312	1251	1533
Grant	1465	2039	1115	1676
Graves	2073	4759	1809	4174
Grayson	2213	1938	2216	2010
Green	1399	1243	1856	1230
Greenup	1982	1430	1779	1318
Hancock	1113	989	1105	947
Hardin	2053	3059	1718	2722
Harlan	1577	280	1870	271
Harrison	1843	2801	1480	2629
Hart	2140	1937	1909	1910
Henderson	2865	3937	2100	3207
Henry	1609	2366	1457	2257
Hickman	862	1876	593	1636
Hopkins	3024	3321	2794	3542
Jackson	1770	258	1663	237
Jefferson	24579	20883	19313	24686
Jessamine	1326	1565	1171	1509
Johnson	1897	1025	1895	946
Kenton	5650	7263	6106	6958
Knott	429	1015	480	1002
Knox	2606	976	2,867	951
Larue	1036	1420	993	1279
Laurel	2241	1198	2106	1079
Lawrence	2052	1946	1679	1838
Lee	857	637	903	687
Leslie	1186	110	1127	100
Letcher	1062	501	886	456
Lewis	2311	1482	2318	1396
Lincoln	1925	1871	1599	1858
Livingston	906	1515	878	1406
Logan	2624	3392	2294	2861
Lyon	789	1005	765	958
Madison	3084	3046	2736	2905
Magoffin	1321	955	1324	912
Marion	1491	2070	1286	1899
Marshall	997	1594	793	1590
Martin	812	246	755	240
Mason	2455	2952	2032	2715
McCracken	2506	3020	2147	2785
McLean	1344	1463	1204	1401
Meade	919	1470	767	1274
Menefee	470	845	399	793
Mercer	1775	1784	1589	1710
Metcalfe	1162	1050	1109	1103
Monroe	1724	867	1682	846
Montgomery	1533	1589	1185	1499
Morgan	1093	1732	1151	1860
Muhlenberg	2493	1857	2434	1948
Nelson	1407	2438	1270	2294
Nicholas	1262	1879	1094	1712
Ohio	3251	2891	3172	2889
Oldham	667	1062	563	991
Owen	1124	3380	936	2862
Owsley	1115	256	1071	251
Pendleton	1580	1862	1168	1522
Perry	1019	467	1027	424
Pike	2290	1979	2368	1931
Powell	696	788	631	776

KENTUCKY—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep.	Dem.	GOV'RNOR. —1903.— Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Belknap.	Beckham.
Pulaski	4084	2178	3866	2205
Robertson	494	718	422	658
Rockcastle	1037	1010	1438	873
Rowan	905	790	696	612
Russell	1206	780	1156	763
Scott	2107	2539	1685	2390
Shelby	1975	2794	1635	2645
Simpson	866	1571	872	1477
Spencer	682	1174	525	1142
Taylor	1131	1286	1118	1301
Todd	1525	1868	1591	1864
Trigg	1455	1533	1249	1438
Trimble	437	1437	325	1243
Union	1437	3104	1068	2698
Warren	2928	3455	2708	3556
Washington	1600	1669	1452	1667
Wayne	1574	1373	914	1165
Webster	1849	2481	1720	2391
Whitley	3634	989	3751	880
Wolfe	712	959	721	1059
Woodford	1617	1712	1306	1635
Totals	226801	234899	202764	229014
Plurality		8098		26250
Per cent.	48.56	50.02	46.15	52.13
Scattering	5889		7489	
Whole vote	467580		439267	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1903 was: T. B. Demaree (Pro.), 4,830; Alfred Schmitz (Soc. Lab.), 2,044; Adam Nagel (Soc.), 615.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Lieutenant Governor—W. P. Thorne (D.), 223,086; J. B. Wilhoit (R.), 199,149; O. T. Wallace (Pro.), 4,714; F. R. Markert (Soc. Lab.), 2,049; James Doyle (Soc.), 554.

Attorney General—N. B. Hays (D.), 222,738; W. M. Beckner (R.), 198,606; William Stone (Pro.), 4,524; Richard Duckwall (Soc.), 599.

Auditor—S. W. Hager (D.), 222,627; George W. Welsh (R.), 198,367; R. S. Bastin (Pro.), 4,523; J. C. Wells (Soc. Lab.), 1,999; Thomas Sweeney (Soc.), 544.

Treasurer—H. M. Bosworth (D.), 222,790; John A. Black (R.), 198,178; J. A. Barrall (Pro.), 4,520; J. H. Pocock (Soc. Lab.), 1,455; L. Kleinkenz (Soc.), 532.

Secretary of State—H. V. McChesney (D.), 222,430; Jesse Speight (R.), 198,629; Charles Brerard (Pro.), 4,550; Olaf Pearson (Soc. Lab.), 1,994; Frank Giffey (Soc.), 539.

Superintendent Public Instruction—James H. Fuqua (D.), 222,650; Livingston E. McCartney (R.), 198,107; Miss H. E. Brooks (Pro.), 4,525; Daniel Bond (Soc. Lab.), 2,006; Louis Fleischer (Soc.), 542.

Commissioner of Agriculture—Hubert Vreeland (D.), 222,015; George Baker (R.), 197,760; R. H. Ammerman (Pro.), 4,527; A. A. Lewis (Soc. Lab.), 2,024; James O'Hearn (Soc.), 529.

Clerk Court of Appeals—J. Morgan Chinn (D.), 222,347; J. H. Newman (R.), 198,405; B. C. McMath (Soc. Lab.), 2,053; Emile Guth (Soc.), 585.

KENTUCKY—(Continued).

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

I. James (D.), 12,731; Linn (R.), 5,474; Kirkpatrick (Pro), 955.

II. Stanley (D.), 15,522; Slack (R.), 11,675; Cooper (Pro.), 458.

III. Rhea (D.), 16,820; Moss (R.), 16,056; Milliken (Pro.), 326.

IV. Smith (D.), 14,114; Barrall (Pro.), 881.

V. Sherley (D.), 17,896; Irwin (R.), 15,892; Bradburn (Ind.), 1,187; Tydings (Pro.), 312; Arnold (Soc. Lab.), 278; Markert (Soc.), 213.

VI. Gooch (D.), 13,087; Applegate (R.), 10,370; Eckler (Pro.), 267; Brell (Soc. Lab.), 1,683; Hermes (Soc.), 260.

VII. Trimble (D.), 12,093; Cannon (R.), 7,639; Zachary (Pro.), 461.

VIII. Gilbert (D.), 13,531; Sumrall (R.), 11,458; Lowen (Pro.), 435.

IX. Kehoe (D.), 20,823; Castner (R.), 18,557; Dillon (Pro.), 403.

X. Hopkins (D.), 16,007; White (R.), 12,484; Long (Pro.), 245.

XI. Harrison (D.), 5,128; Boreing (R.), 13,141; Stone (Pro.), 822.

XI. (Special election November 17, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by death of Vincent Boreing). W. Godfrey Hunter (R.), 6,220; D. C. Edwards (R.), 6,115; John D. White (R.), 4,457.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. ball.
Republicans	9	27	36
Democrats	29	73	102
Dem. majorities	20	46	66

LOUISIANA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep.	Dem.	GOV'RNOR. —1900.— Rep.	Dem.	Fus.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Reems.	Heard.	Caffery.
Acadia	247	577	27	1050	612
Ascension	638	824	104	807	836
Assumpt'n	507	584	36	805	274
Avoyelles	167	951	43	1376	136
Bienville	65	889	6	905	182
Bossier	6	635	3	605	6
Caddo	55	1338	8	1378	20
Calcasieu	639	1559	114	2077	263
Caldwell	68	283	23	368	139
Cameron	72	185	7	223	57
Catahoula	144	526	9	735	220
Claiborne	34	885	6	878	166
Concordia	17	362	39	310	16
De Soto	17	923	1	652	38
E.B. Rouge	149	837	66	819	29
E. Carroll	8	176	1	159	7
E. Feliciana	20	554	13	561	31
Franklin	30	362	6	422	119
Grant	156	350	6	600	219
Iberia	668	1030	40	1035	712
Iberville	371	674	15	603	227
Jackson	82	333	6	531	399
Jefferson	59	1282	107	1460	11
Lafayette	338	696	8	832	481
Lafourche	825	1230	14	1540	1121
Lincoln	61	517	7	666	448
Livingston	15	399	7	511	97
Madison	5	153	2	131	17

LOUISIANA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan...	GOV'RNOR. —1900.— Rep. Reems...	Dem. Heard...	Pus. *Caffery.
Morehouse	8	461	3	435	20
N'chitoches	113	845	17	706	85
Orleans	4549	18168	888	15226	2740
Ouachita	46	663	8	590	237
Plaq'mines.	115	567	22	648	74
P. Coupée	22	586	17	671	14
Rapides	319	1120	17	1590	60
Red River.	6	462	—	488	21
Richland	13	304	8	352	30
Sabine	52	543	5	865	170
St. Bernard	46	398	14	624	6
St. Charles.	47	435	3	547	12
St. Helena.	—	—	2	308	34
St. James	418	395	242	453	524
St. J. Baptist	90	331	50	867	153
St. Landry.	229	1297	37	1986	608
St Martin.	113	538	5	826	23
St. Mary	606	818	22	1008	564
St. Tam'ny	159	515	105	601	74
Tangipahoa	229	938	24	473	77
Tensas	5	212	1	235	—
Terrebonne	490	740	8	1173	656
Union	105	750	5	808	256
Vermillion	371	625	145	828	103
Vernon	201	522	35	683	365
Wash'ton	54	449	20	327	23
Webster	9	604	6	670	69
W. F. Rouge	38	185	3	282	28
W. Carroll.	2	173	—	100	11
W. Feliana	19	320	3	276	8
Winn	234	293	10	516	376
Totals	14234	53671	2449	60206	14215
Plurality		39437		45991	
Per cent...	20.60	79.39	3.17	78.32	18.49
Whole vote	67905			76870	

*Pop. and Rep. fusion vote: Pops. gave 4,038; Reps., 9,277.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1900.

Lieutenant - Governor — Parhart (R.), 2,386; Estopinal (D.), 59,147; Sholars (Pop. and Rep. Fus.), 13,602.

Secretary of State—Thompson (R.), 2,425; Michel (D.), 59,380; C. Taylor Code (Pop. and Rep. Fus.), 13,485.

Auditor—Forsythe (R.), 2,400; Frazee (D.), 58,982; Deshotel (Pop. and Rep. Fus.), 13,358.

Treasurer—Bloomfield (R.), 2,361; Smith (R.), 59,139; Heaslip (Pop. and Rep. Fus.), 13,318.

Attorney-General—Hunter (R.), 2,398; Guion (D.), 59,137; Wily (Pop. and Rep. Fus.), 13,330.

Superintendent of Education—Lines (R.), 2,337; Calhoun (D.), 59,228; Staples (Pop. and Rep. Fus.), 13,383.

Judge of Court of Appeals—I. D. Moore (D.), 21,343.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Adolph Meyer (D.), 3,910; O. S. Livaudais (R.), 866.

II. R. C. Davey (D.), 5,014; R. E. Lee (R.), 868.

LOUISIANA—(Continued.)

III. Robert F. Broussard (D.), 2,725; W. E. Howell (R.), 707.

IV. Phanor Breazeale (D.), 2,567; S. M. Thomas (R.), 156.

V. Joseph E. Ransdell (D.), 2,645; H. B. Tallaferro (R.), 232.

VI. S. M. Robertson (D.), 2,124; C. S. Hebert (R.), 673.

VII. A. P. Pujo (D.), 3,233; G. L. Dupre (R.) 545.

LEGISLATURE OF 1902.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Democrats	39	113	152
Opposition	—	1	1
Dem. majorities	39	112	151

MAINE.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan...	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Hill.... John F.	Dem. Saml. W. Gould...
Androscoggin.	4688	3182	5118	3096
Aroostook	4102	1030	4936	1356
Cumberland	8824	5770	9260	7097
Franklin	2235	1085	1898	908
Hancock	3432	1860	3710	1954
Kennebec	6228	3410	5183	2450
Knox	2762	2765	2795	3230
Lincoln	2212	1419	2048	1479
Oxford	3912	2023	3611	1532
Penobscot	6873	3615	6965	3751
Piscataquis	2023	824	1708	491
Sagadahoc	2245	1025	1632	579
Somerset	3727	1948	2636	1997
Waldo	1468	710	2641	1067
Washington	3682	2110	3282	1679
York	6949	4046	6931	3750
Totals	65412	36822	63354	38107
Plurality	28590		25247	
Per cent.	61.90	34.81	58.73	35.32
Scattering	3463		6408	
Whole vote	105697		107869	

The scattering vote for Governor was: James Perrigo (Pro.), 4,429; Charles L. Fox (Soc.), 1,979.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Amos L. Allen (R.), 16,232; Seth C. Gordon (D.), 11,097; F. E. Irish (Soc.), 548.

II. Charles E. Littlefield (R.), 17,297; H. G. Foss (D.), 11,730; S. B. Martin (Soc.), 707.

III. Edwin C. Burleigh (R.), 15,613; Elliott C. Benson (D.), 8,032; F. A. Manter (Soc.), 615.

IV. Llewellyn Powers (R.), 16,349; Thomas White (D.), 7,763; L. B. Merritt (Pro.), 1,080.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	30	130	160
Democrats	1	20	21
Rep. majorities	29	108	137

MARYLAND.

Counties.	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley...	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan...	GOVERNOR 1903. Rep. Stevenson A. Williams	GOVERNOR 1903. Dem. Edwin Warfield.
Alleghany ..	5944	4528	4228	3263
Anne Arundel	4045	3298	2270	3038
Baltimore—				
City	58880	51979	41082	47724
County ...	9351	9147	6939	8774
Calvert	1414	866	795	622
Caroline	1798	1774	1450	1783
Carroll	4165	4025	3221	3521
Cecil	2960	2989	2200	2578
Charles	2271	1368	1204	1109
Dorchester ..	3369	2734	2383	2294
Frederick ...	6393	5824	5340	5005
Garrett	2264	1283	1714	918
Harford	3146	3509	2645	3082
Howard	1800	1905	1257	2031
Kent	2426	2077	1680	1905
Montgomery .	3355	3679	2458	3192
Prince G'ge's	3456	2787	1900	2255
Queen Anne's	1873	2553	1195	2100
St. Mary's...	2089	1585	1072	1120
Somerset	2855	2019	1527	2014
Talbot	2573	2233	1658	1907
Washington .	5476	4865	4256	4088
Wicomico ...	2378	2793	1898	2323
Worcester ...	1991	2451	1551	1907
Totals	136212	122271	95923	108548
Plurality ...	13941	——		12625
Per cent....	51.49	46.22	45.96	52.01
Scattering ..	6028		4215	
Whole vote..	264511		208686	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1903 was: Gisniel (Pro.), 2,913; Crabill (Soc.), 1,302.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Controller—L. P. Dennis (R.), 93,101; Gordon T. Atkinson (D.), 106,292; Miles (Pro.), 3,228; Wild (Soc.), 1,433.

Attorney General—George Whitelock (R.), 92,587; W. S. Bryan, jr. (D.), 105,-110; Higgins (Pro.), 3,040; Backman (Soc.), 1,560.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Jackson (R.), 17,968; Ellegood (D.), 16,179; McAllen (Pro.), 1,391.

II. Page (R.), 15,422; Talbott (D.), 16,971; Hanna (Pro.), 1,007.

III. Wachter (R.), 15,214; Meyer (D.), 15,031; Lewis (Pro.), 443; Mareck (Soc.), 499.

IV. Schirm (R.), 15,519; Denny (D.), 16,165; Church (Pro.), 620.

V. Mudd (R.), 17,621; Camalier (D.), 12,781; Neave (Pro.), 545.

VI. Pearre (R.), 18,310; Kenneweg (D.), 14,479; Hopkins (Pro.), 1,063.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. Bal.
Republicans	8	30	38
Democrats	19	71	90
Dem. majorities..	11	41	52

MASSACHUSETTS.

Counties.	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley..	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan...	GOVERNOR. 1903. Rep. Bates...	GOVERNOR. 1903. Dem. Gaston..
Barnstable ..	3372	749	2957	893
Berkshire ...	8980	5461	7490	6381
Bristol	19396	9355	16512	10127
Dukes	617	114	474	85
Essex	32924	19781	28496	20117
Franklin	4937	1874	4039	1907
Hampden ...	13757	10424	10514	8646
Hampshire ..	5550	2392	4520	2283
Middlesex ..	40638	29476	44446	32940
Nantucket ..	375	102	382	193
Norfolk	15144	7922	12285	8078
Plymouth ...	10813	4665	9354	4482
Suffolk	40951	47534	32615	49925
Worcester ..	32412	17148	25600	17643
Totals	238866	156997	199684	163700
Plurality ...	81869		35984	
Per cent.....	57.66	37.89	50.36	41.29
Scattering ..	18408		38090	
Whole vote..	414271		396474	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1903 was: John C. Chase (Soc.), 25,251; T. F. Brenna (Soc. Lab.), 4,561; O. W. Cobb (Pro.), 3,278.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Lieutenant-Governor—Curtis Guild, jr (R.), 134,520; Richard Olney, 2d, (D.), 147,142; John Quincy Adams (Soc.), 30,-967; Moritz E. Ruther (Soc. Lab.), 5,205; William F. Merrill (Pro.), 5,013.

Secretary of State—William M. Olin (R.), 196,574; Ezekiel M. Ezekiel (D.), 133,456; Olof Bokelund (Soc.), 26,696; John F. Coyle (Soc. Lab.), 7,222; Alfred L. Cutting (Pro.), 5,624.

Treasurer and Receiver-General—Edward S. Bradford (R.), 191,502; Thomas C. Thacher (D.), 135,219; John A. Billings (Soc.), 28,500; Frederick A. Nagler (Soc. Lab.), 5,818; Napoleon B. Johnson (Pro.), 4,934.

Attorney General—Herbert Parker (R.), 193,868; John J. Flaherty (D.), 132,379; William J. Carroll (Soc.), 25,429; John A. Anderson (Soc. Lab.), 8,505; Henry M. Dean (Pro.), 5,703.

Auditor—Henry E. Turner (R.), 191,-054; Francois X. Tetrault (D.), 131,349; Joseph Orr (Soc.), 24,349; John H. Hagan (Soc. Lab.), 9,708; Alfred E. Steele (Pro.), 6,062.

VOTE ON CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Lawrence (R.), 14,093; Fern (D.), 9,940; Koehler (Soc.), 1,259; Bascom (Pro.), 801.

II. Gillett (R.), 14,067; Nutting (D.), 6,998; Wrenn (Soc.), 2,779; Parsons (Pro.), 390.

III. Thayer (D.), 14,382; Dodge (R.), 13,602; Gibbs (Soc.), 1,005; Bemis (Pro.), 329.

IV. Tirrell (R.), 15,660; Coolidge (D.), 10,564; Mullen (Soc.), 2,739; Morley (Pro.), 370.

V. Ames (R.), 13,648; Sparks (D.), 12,765; Wilkinson (Soc.), 1,193; Searle (Pro.), 338; Youngjohns (S. L.). 253.

MASSACHUSETTS—(Continued).

VI. Gardner (R.), 16,164; Roads (D.), 12,246; Littlefield (Soc.), 2,679; Wylie (Pro.), 250.

VII. Roberts (R.), 15,729; Lyman (D.), 9,034; Turner (Soc.), 2,811; Jordan (Soc. Lab.), 814; Buttrick (Pro.), 580.

VIII. McCall (R.), 15,077; MacFarland (D.), 8,872; White (Soc.), 1,634; Johnson (Soc. Lab.), 614.

IX. Keliher (D. Citizen), 10,352; Conry (D. National), 10,099; Witt (R.), 5,108; McVey (Soc.), 1,581.

X. McNary (D.), 17,569; Towle (R.), 11,374; Sherman (Soc.), 3,506.

XI. Sullivan (D.), 16,333; Foss (R.), 14,467; Cutting (Soc.), 2,230.

XII. Powers (R.), 14,807; Stimson (D.), 10,303; Hayward (Soc.), 2,683; Johnson (Pro.), 384.

XIII. Greene (R.), 13,565; Luce (D.), 5,241; Humphries (Pro.), 1,178.

XIV. Lovering (R.), 14,410; Gilday (D.), 5,447; Skinner (Soc.), 4,300; Gaffney (Pro.), 512; Devine (Soc. Lab.), 460.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	30	152	182
Democrats	9	85	94
Socialists	—	1	1
Rep. majorities	21	66	87

MICHIGAN.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan	SP. CT. J'CE. —1903.— Rep. Hooker	SP. CT. J'CE. —1903.— Dem. Pound
Alcona	849	145	544	41
Alger	1016	416	693	263
Allegan	5597	3283	3573	1772
Alpena	2283	1435	1762	1030
Antrim	2583	737	1437	316
Arenac	975	860	614	421
Baraga	606	332	313	169
Barry	3292	2896	2613	1937
Bay	6462	5090	5412	3418
Benzie	1472	628	1242	354
Berrien	6597	4956	5065	3610
Branch	4298	3416	2979	1821
Calhoun	6226	5562	4771	2689
Cass	3217	2826	2468	2111
Charlevoix	2266	779	1097	317
Cheboygan	2092	1397	1689	889
Chippewa	2474	892	1832	820
Clare	1180	643	956	563
Clinton	3797	2925	2946	2058
Crawford	441	253	336	204
Delta	3081	1213	2108	445
Dickinson	2857	453	1823	286
Eaton	4808	3909	3708	2087
Emmet	2351	1291	1922	1007
Genesee	6486	3931	4323	2367
Gladwin	978	299	725	170
Gogebic	2168	676	1217	220
G'd Traverse	3126	1288	1787	644
Gratiot	4261	3207	3134	1891
Hillsdale	4787	3327	3030	1117
Houghton	8032	2424	3933	935
Huron	3669	2134	2755	1196
Ingham	5353	5102	4643	3889
Ionia	5101	4058	3856	2742
Iosco	1402	680	831	379

MICHIGAN—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan	SP. CT. J'CE. —1903.— Rep. Hooker	SP. CT. J'CE. —1903.— Dem. Pound
Iron	1559	259	1074	137
Isabella	2970	1997	2236	1249
Jackson	6327	6211	4896	4192
Kalamazoo	6007	4708	4328	3140
Kalkaska	1312	360	821	144
Kent	17891	13794	11883	6584
Keweenaw	452	31	274	21
Lake	840	350	621	169
Lapeer	3709	2217	2664	1384
Leelanau	1484	637	620	235
Lenawee	6848	5965	5001	4202
Livingston	2858	2730	2407	2145
Luce	405	159	326	120
Mackinac	1060	632	777	547
Macomb	4244	3489	3197	2257
Manistee	3146	2340	2602	1259
Marquette	5237	1476	3356	609
Mason	2186	1252	1613	800
Mecosta	2894	1376	1901	873
Menominee	3122	1543	1888	984
Midland	1783	1224	1516	721
Missaukee	1420	617	1002	439
Monroe	3874	3859	3110	2809
Montcalm	4826	2638	4159	1497
Montmorency	542	233	349	157
Muskegon	5247	2801	3694	2021
Newaygo	2612	1423	2441	824
Oakland	6174	4968	4862	3463
Oceana	2406	1200	1736	709
Ogemaw	1186	518	741	247
Ontonagon	982	430	1013	387
Osceola	2635	880	1572	574
Oscoda	245	60	212	65
Otsego	1021	435	409	124
Ottawa	5334	3064	3870	1702
Presque Isle	1322	494	1094	317
Roscommon	328	175	192	99
Saginaw	8414	7618	5712	4706
Sanilac	4177	2064	2826	840
Schoolcraft	1141	461	779	174
Shiawassee	5051	3443	4090	2197
St. Clair	7427	4405	3889	2623
St. Joseph	3194	3293	2499	2362
Tuscola	4741	2650	3200	1245
Van Buren	4890	3235	4360	2332
Washtenaw	5378	5072	4168	3828
Wayne	36745	28416	15782	14965
Wexford	2520	1019	1623	604
Totals	316269	211685	215825	127582
Plurality	104584		98243	
Per cent.	58.31	39.03	58.58	34.63
Scattering	14467		24898	
Whole vote	542421		368375	

The scattering vote for Justice of the Supreme Court included W. H. D. Fox (Pro.), 14,611; Herbert A. Hodge (S.), 6,402; Peter Friesoma, jr., (S. L.), 3,951.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Regents of the State University—Loyal E. Knappen (R.), 214,500; Peter White (R.), 215,032; Wellington R. Burt (D.), 124,167; Willis J. Abbott (D.), 122,984; John T. Ward (Pro.), 14,566; Jefferson D. Leland (Pro.), 14,245; John D. Hunt (Soc.), 6,380; William L. Benessi (Soc.), 6,234; Vernon F. King (S. L.), 3,768; Henry Ulbricht (S. L.), 3,774.

MICHIGAN—(Continued).

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. John B. Corliss (R.), 16,743; Alfred Lucking (D.), 20,009; John Sweet (Pro.), 403; Herman Richter (S.), 169.

II. Charles E. Townsend (R.), 22,198; Frederick B. Wood (D.), 18,390; Ebenezer R. Bragg (Pro.), 1,034.

III. Washington Gardner (R.), 19,741; Warner J. Sampson (D.), 13,900; Charles A. Wood (Pro.), 951; D. B. Read (S.), 196.

IV. Edward L. Hamilton (R.), 20,617; Thomas O'Hara (D.), 15,368; Edward F. Strickland (Pro.), 138.

V. William Alden Smith (R.), 19,040; Myron H. Walker (D.), 11,525; Edward S. Townsend (Pro.), 767; Charles A. Bissonette (S.), 289.

VI. Samuel W Smith (R.), 23,869; William H S. Wood (D.), 18,300; Ralph W. La Baron (Pro.), 224.

VII. Henry McMorran (R.), 17,830; Martin Crocker (D.), 12,481; John Scott (Pro.), 595; J. Merritt Lamb (S.), 207.

VIII. Joseph W. Fordney (R.), 17,392; Henry M. Youmans (D.), 11,389; J. George Fischer (Pro.), 1,004; S. Hackett (S.), 901.

IX. Roswell P. Bishop (R.), 14,502; Daniel W. Goodenough (D.), 6,166; Edwin S. Palmiter (Pro.), 696; David M. Stevens (S.), 330.

X. George A. Loud (R.), 17,069; Michael O'Brien (D.), 11,846; Louis R. Russell (Pro.), 574.

XI. Archibald B. Darragh (R.), 18,174; David J. Erwin (D.), 7,891.

XII. H. Olin Young (R.), 21,224; John Power (D.), 8,467.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	31	90	121
Democrats	1	10	11
Rep. majorities	30	80	110

MINNESOTA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Van Sant	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Dem. Rosing
Aitkin	988	262	879	425
Anoka	1511	555	1317	610
Antrim	2583	737	....	....
Arenac	975	860	....	....
Becker	1790	771	1566	697
Beltrami	1339	767	1993	789
Benton	849	751	964	698
Big Stone	1081	644	989	530
Blue Earth	3647	2254	2903	1757
Brown	1695	1471	1402	1110
Carlton	1119	467	961	528
Carver	1775	1146	1488	1123
Cass	1074	518	1002	398
Chippewa	1432	707	1167	603
Chisago	2354	411	1657	456
Clay	1903	1165	1561	696
Cook	81	65	128	59
Cottonwood	1368	547	1203	352
Crow Wing	1803	804	1822	725
Dakota	1904	1878	1621	1744
Dodge	1611	674	1359	372
Douglas	1917	1194	1515	1041
Faribault	2010	936	1849	677
Fillmore	3741	1364	2200	665
Freeborn	2934	838	2240	736
Goodhue	4894	1125	3232	1372
Grant	1062	456	849	249
Hennepin	26902	14498	21905	15177
Houston	1765	884	1303	580
Hubbard	1009	464	905	427
Isanti	1525	504	931	817
Itasca	770	413	876	544
Jackson	1757	993	1502	690
Kanabec	658	210	559	329
Kandiyohi	2343	1204	2026	751
Kittson	885	562	754	610
Lac qui Parle	1924	642	1475	442
Lake	639	278	395	444
Le Seuer	1941	1858	1883	1835
Lincoln	866	528	846	334
Lyon	1844	879	1784	534
McLeod	1691	1540	1509	1533
Marshall	1457	905	1173	839
Martin	1819	1233	1580	1131
Meeker	2062	1300	1675	1415
Mille Lacs	1072	358	951	591
Morrison	1880	1838	1780	1919
Mower	3076	1081	2090	597
Murray	1358	816	1098	761
Nicollet	1684	858	1380	887
Nobles	1709	1101	1515	871
Norman	1492	964	1268	362
Olmsted	2818	1597	2157	1569
Otter Tail	3446	3257	2940	1589
Pine	1121	726	982	896
Pipestone	1112	692	986	400
Polk	2863	2533	2993	1440
Pope	1774	481	1388	262
Ramsey	15384	10031	11973	10439
Red Lake	823	1165	1080	766
Redwood	2127	918	1690	509
Renville	2909	1326	2394	1229
Rice	2924	1688	2386	1505
Rock	1234	573	974	369
Roseau	632	537	723	516
St. Louis	8851	4667	5901	4270
Scott	996	1588	768	1331
Sherburne	931	373	745	264
Sibley	1736	1272	1305	1021
Stearns	2460	4244	2350	3492
Steele	1833	1188	1705	1370
Stevens	1036	682	894	566
Swift	1378	1028	1419	1041
Todd	2212	1487	2150	1160
Traverse	768	720	523	419
Wabasha	2114	1406	1930	1443
Wadena	949	448	881	360
Waseca	1744	1155	1430	1129
Washington	2984	1279	1989	1739
Watonwan	1509	509	1059	448
Wilkin	812	663	763	342
Winona	3505	3436	2919	2807
Wright	3153	1888	2026	1345
Yellow Medicine	1743	763	1407	485
Totals	190461	112901	155849	98362
Plurality	77560		56487	
Per cent	60.21	35.69	57.53	36.67
Scattering	12949		15677	
Whole vote	316311		270888	

MINNESOTA—(Continued).

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: Meighen (Pop.), 4,821; Scanlon (Pro.), 5,765; Nash (no party designation), 2,521; Van Lear (S. L.), 2,570.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieut.-Gov.—Jones (R.), 151,660; Smith (D.), 91,655; Hompe (Pop.), 7,736; Aaker (Pro.), 7,972; Bratland (Soc.), 5,143.

Sec. of State—Hanson (R.), 159,165; Odell (D.), 83,181; Lanman (Pop.), 8,315; Loveless (Pro.), 7,653; Morledge (Soc.), 5,303.

State Auditor—Iverson (R.), 163,543; Leick (D.), 85,259; Carlson (Soc.), 10,129.

State Treasurer—Block (R.), 159,320; Shirley (D.), 82,646; Knatvold (Pop.), 11,153; Kanne (Pro.), 8,100.

Attorney General—Douglas (R.), 165,744; Larrabee (D.), 90,520.

Clerk Sup. Court—Pidgeon (R.), 156,886; Jones (D.), 88,078; Imsdahl (Pop.), 11,554.

Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—Staples (R.), 155,296; Bowler (D.), 84,559; Gibbs (Pop.), 13,577.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Tawney (R.), 19,561; McGovern (D.), 12,545.

II. McCleary (R.), 16,100; Andrews (D.), 9,316.

III. Davis (R.), 16,700; Kolars (D.), 10,996; Charles H. Blood (Pro.), 647.

IV. Stevens (R.), 17,404; Gieske (D.), 11,412.

V. Lind (D.), 19,863; Fletcher (R.), 17,809; Holman (Soc.), 215; scattering, 847.

VI. Buckman (R.), 17,894; Du Bois (D.), 13,705.

VII. Volstead (R.), 20,826; Forsberg (People's), 5,397; Johnson (Pro.), 288.

VIII. Bede (R.), 14,613; Fay (D.), 8,882; Konecgny (Soc.), 538.

IX. Steenerson (R.), 18,955; McKinnon (D.), 4,572; Moen (People's), 6,784.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	52	104	156
Democrats	11	15	26
Rep. majority	41	89	130

MISSISSIPPI.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	*GOVERNOR. 1903. Dem. Vardaman	*GOVERNOR. 1903. Dem. Critz
Adams	113	530	623	318
Alcorn	88	773	1234	558
Amite	27	772	660	644
Attalla	138	1121	1270	906
Benton	66	621	657	150
Bolivar	183	392	340	219
Calhoun	73	868	1050	605
Carroll	69	712	962	564
Chickasaw	52	470	959	270
Choctaw	98	599	659	741
Claiborne	17	373	412	831
Clarke	17	676	351	833
Clay	22	690	273	833
Coahoma	106	266	847	271
Copiah	54	1314	1632	1147
Covington	206	452	935	589
De Soto	51	734	695	452

MISSISSIPPI—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	*GOVERNOR. 1903. Dem. Vardaman	*GOVERNOR. 1903. Dem. Critz
Franklin	86	403	558	474
Greene	65	139	86	470
Grenada	28	481	405	320
Hancock	67	314	337	339
Harrison	142	619	752	651
Hinds	66	1378	1234	985
Holmes	39	906	770	762
Issaquena	13	85	55	122
Itawamba	107	824	867	991
Jackson	167	423	364	452
Jasper	32	740	369	871
Jefferson	12	492	518	358
Jones	196	630	794	911
Kemper	90	688	675	767
Lafayette	89	1025	921	993
Lauderdale	41	1424	1386	1260
Lawrence	120	533	470	550
Leake	26	897	676	920
Lee	63	1032	1527	607
Leflore	6	431	526	164
Lincoln	225	636	982	775
Lowndes	21	749	880	442
Madison	67	674	625	538
Marion	182	488	762	653
Marshall	91	1095	827	732
Monroe	62	1277	1063	1097
Montgomery	28	844	745	672
Neshoba	41	803	997	647
Newton	16	1194	1107	691
Noxubee	7	627	288	558
Oktibbeha	14	666	549	665
Panola	33	1043	806	714
Pearl River	41	205	240	309
Perry	197	431	767	620
Pike	131	1252	974	1008
Pontotoc	182	739	932	942
Prentiss	210	907	919	811
Quitman	34	115	89	101
Rankin	45	816	697	758
Scott	17	669	531	768
Sharkey	18	186	170	104
Simpson	74	493	636	851
Smith	72	542	759	972
Sunflower	8	341	347	381
Tallahatchie	16	504	623	352
Tate	38	1033	1021	439
Tippah	106	933	1076	491
Tishomingo	123	706	600	590
Tunica	36	199	182	146
Union	189	1156	988	934
Warren	136	805	930	749
Washington	122	587	624	609
Wayne	74	424	299	580
Webster	156	696	722	673
Wilkinson	31	482	475	306
Winston	42	606	591	660
Yalobusha	68	939	957	586
Yazoo	15	917	1165	855
Totals	5753	51706	53032	46249
Plurality		45953	6783	
Per cent.	9.73	87.48	53.36	46.53
Scattering				
Barker (Pop.)	1644			
Whole vote	58503		99281	

*There was no opposition at the State election of 1903 to the Democratic ticket. The vote given is that of the Democratic

MISSISSIPPI—(Continued).

primary of August 27 for the regular Democratic nomination.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Governor—James K. Vardaman (D.), 32,191.

Lieutenant-Governor — James P. Carter (D.), 31,547.

Secretary of State — Joseph W. Power (D.), 32,193.

Auditor—Thomas M. Henry (D.), 31,863.

Attorney General — William Williams (D.), 31,832.

Treasurer—W. J. Miller (D.), 31,768.

Superintendent of Education—H. L. Whitefield (D.), 31,843.

Insurance Commissioner—W. Q. Cole (D.), 31,220.

Land Commissioner—E. H. Nall (D.), 31,289.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. E. S. Candler, jr. (D.), 3,245. No opposition.

II. Thomas Spicht (D.), 2,523. No opposition.

III. Benjamin Humphries (D.), 1,146. No opposition.

IV. W. S. Hill (D.), 2,834. No opposition.

V. Adam Byrd (D.), 3081. No opposition.

VI. E. J. Bowers (D.), 1,774. No opposition.

VII. F. A. McLean (D.), 2,022. No opposition.

VIII. John Sharp Williams (D.), 1,433. No opposition.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. Bal.
Democrats	45	133	178
Dem. majorities	45	133	178

MISSOURI.

Counties	PRESIDENT. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	PRESIDENT. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	J. SUP. CT. —1902.— Rep. Higbee	J. SUP. CT. —1902.— Dem. Valliant.
Adair	2673	2180	1776	1343
Andrew	2356	2022	1974	1673
Atchison	1767	1926	1506	1574
Audrain	1436	3477	952	2538
Barry	2420	2661	2084	2241
Barton	1780	2349	1606	1827
Bates	2731	3591	2493	2880
Benton	1980	1532	1617	1141
Bollinger	1515	1533	1413	1408
Boone	1672	4793	990	3483
Buchanan	8329	8925	5249	7626
Butler	1888	1670	1694	1600
Caldwell	2235	1722	1722	1199
Callaway	1864	4133	1032	3285
Camden	1511	1078	1270	812
C. Girardeau	2778	2318	2483	2073
Carroll	3192	3300	2698	2876
Carter	629	755	496	630
Cass	2162	3350	1484	2475
Cedar	1845	1820	1535	1359
Chariton	2138	3828	985	2016
Christian	2107	1326	1573	930
Clark	1899	2021	1631	1622
Clay	921	3585	477	2522
Clinton	1745	2405	1090	1700

MISSOURI—(Continued).

Counties	PRESIDENT. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	PRESIDENT. —1900.— Dem. Bryan	J. SUP. CT. —1902.— Rep. Higbee	J. SUP. CT. —1902.— Dem. Valliant.
Cole	2157	2320	1946	2160
Cooper	2738	2756	2608	2450
Crawford	1470	1318	1320	1186
Dade	1992	1821	1800	1384
Dallas	1506	1238	1460	921
Daviess	2373	2670	2039	2109
DeKalb	1669	1840	1467	1647
Dent	1085	1419	1003	1184
Douglas	1705	858	1453	574
Dunklin	1276	2711	963	2062
Franklin	3686	2652	2877	1995
Gasconade	2015	575	1495	411
Gentry	2186	2459	1951	2179
Greene	6009	5519	5114	4527
Grundy	2576	1532	1263	574
Harrison	3083	2209	2022	1245
Henry	2626	3777	2004	2826
Hickory	1270	777	1084	569
Holt	2292	1765	1981	1412
Howard	1295	3134	830	2359
Howell	2059	1975	1767	1637
Iron	642	932	585	855
Jackson	21581	22542	14331	20425
Jasper	8747	9658	7240	6779
Jefferson	2775	2798	2436	2474
Johnson	3051	3612	2238	2852
Knox	1344	1908	916	1372
Laclede	1686	1786	1619	1498
Lafayette	3311	4217	2019	2744
Lawrence	3552	3313	2736	2465
Lewis	1442	2583	796	1660
Lincoln	1563	2761	862	1914
Linn	3104	3137	2480	2543
Livingston	2493	2659	1973	2020
McDonald	1138	1469	1019	1163
Macon	3568	4174	3019	3140
Madison	881	1153	852	1082
Maries	544	1273	438	962
Marion	2490	3927	1131	2373
Mercer	1973	1106	1629	801
Miller	1796	1493	1685	1296
Mississippi	1020	1384	807	1190
Moniteau	1684	1876	1514	1615
Monroe	795	4016	402	2875
Montgomery	1866	2000	1772	1770
Morgan	1434	1390	1375	1277
New Madrid	668	1379	311	1091
Newton	2673	2877	2262	2469
Nodaway	3858	4055	3563	3588
Oregon	652	1768	407	1115
Osage	1731	1396	1661	1325
Ozark	1272	695	974	527
Pemiscot	655	1370	365	1215
Perry	1681	1660	1620	1557
Pettis	3824	3820	2971	2957
Phelps	1153	1603	1074	1471
Pike	2534	3747	1793	2741
Platte	997	3052	457	2100
Polk	2679	2178	2038	1722
Pulaski	782	1282	698	1074
Putnam	2337	1159	1527	650
Ralls	770	2161	468	1555
Randolph	1932	4006	1310	2664
Ray	2004	3631	1161	2575
Reynolds	451	1027	256	669
Ripley	822	1439	516	1051
St. Charles	3324	2343	2495	1472
St. Clair	1844	2036	1540	1592
St. Francis	2295	2707	2231	2502
St. Genevieve	935	1296	700	1014
St. Louis	6537	3864	5157	2095
Saline	2814	4901	1519	3219

MISSOURI—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	J. SUP. CT. 1902. Rep. Higbee.	J. SUP. CT. 1902. Dem. Valliant.
Schuyler	1061	1335	922	1112
Scotland	1277	1760	1039	1432
Scott	821	1706	638	1206
Shannon	716	1279	535	970
Shelby	1217	2578	746	1759
Stoddard	1840	2695	1281	1869
Stone	1182	573	755	302
Sullivan	2386	2395	2260	2238
Taney	1137	753	829	597
Texas	1713	2218	1463	1800
Vernon	2356	4396	1712	2738
Warren	1599	579	1168	360
Washington .	1751	1500	1561	1394
Wayne	1648	1745	1582	1616
Webster	1721	1702	1662	1637
Worth	1023	1123	1017	1008
Wright	1703	1500	1658	1325
St. Louis(c'y)	60597	59931	32245	46169
Totals.....	314092	351922	228397	273081
Plurality		37830		44684
Per cent.....	45.94	51.48	44.09	52.72
Scattering ...	17642		16449	
Whole vote...	683656		517927	

The scattering vote for Judge Supreme Court, 1902, was as follows: Gibbons (Soc.), 5,335; Wippermann (S. L.), 969; Meriwether (Pub. Own.), 3,358; Richey (Allied), 1,841; Robinson (Pro.), 4,945.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Judges Supreme Court, Division No. 2 (two to elect)—Lamm (Rep.), 228,564; Whybark (Rep.), 228,462; Burgess (Dem.), 271,218; Fox (Dem.), 271,485; Slanker (Soc.), 5,021, O'Hare (Soc.), 4,999; Howard (S. L.), 954; Rudnick (S. L.), 892; Cardwell (Pub. Own.), 3,220; Smith (Pub. Own.), 3,168; Ess (Allied), 1,804; Taylor (Allied), 1,771; Orr (Pro.), 4,901; Butts, (Pro.), 4,808.

Superintendent of Public Schools—White (Rep.), 229,161; Carrington (Dem.), 272,357; Hull (Soc.) 5,231; Heitzig (S. L.), 968; Green (Pub. Own.), 3,167; Brown (Allied), 1,753; Dungan (Pro.), 4,772.

Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner, Full Term—Crane (Rep.), 228,456; Knott (Dem.), 272,060; Thompson (Soc.), 5,037; Neidermeyer (S. L.), 900; Caldwell (Pub. Own.), 3,131; Forgraves (Allied), 1,753; Grassley (Pro.), 4,844.

Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner, Short Term—Frauenthal (Rep.), 229,457; Rice (Dem.), 271,327; Phifer (Soc.), 5,026; Mueller (S. L.), 919; Hackett (Pub. Own.), 3,174; Hicks (Allied), 1,747; Kiener (Pro.), 4,830.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Robinson (Rep.), 13,179; Lloyd (Dem.), 16,972.

II. Schmitz (Rep.), 13,298; Rucker (Dem.), 18,045.

III. Ward (Rep.), 14,618; Dougherty (Dem.), 17,270.

IV. Gilmer (Rep.), 14,510; Cochran (Dem.), 18,392.

V. Van Horn (Rep.), 14,393; Cowherd (Dem.), 20,628; Hughes (Pro.), 345; Wellman (Soc.), 49; Wolfe (Allied), 81.

MISSOURI—(Continued).

VI. Shafer (Rep.), 13,124; De Armond (Dem.), 15,639.

VII. Peale (Rep.), 17,250; Hamlin (Dem.), 19,277.

VIII. Enloe (Rep.), 13,133; Shackleford (Dem.), 14,465.

IX. Tubbs (Rep.), 14,770; Clark (Dem.), 18,591.

X. Bartholdt (Rep.), 21,516; Blow (Dem.), 15,262; Brandt (Soc.), 1,256; Grupp (S. L.), 236; Kunst (Allied), 807.

XI. Joy (Rep.), 10,077; Hunt (Dem.), 14,913; McInturff (Soc.), 426; Poelling (S. L.), 113; Chambers (Allied), 401.

XII. (Long term). Reynolds (Rep.), 8,698; Butler (Dem.), 15,316; Rocker (Soc.), 255; Billsbarrow (S. L.), 35; Artz (Allied), 200.

XII. (Short term). Wagoner (Rep.), 10,551; Butler (Dem.), 16,844; Artz (Allied), 257.

XIII. Raney (Rep.), 13,893; Robb (Dem.), 15,442.

XIV. Kinsolving (Rep.), 16,788; Vandiver (Dem.), 19,863.

XV. Lacaff (Rep.), 18,511; Benton (Dem.), 20,638; Dow (Pro.), 725.

XVI. Russell (Rep.), 12,996; Lamar (Dem.), 14,102.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	8	58	66
Democrats	26	84	110
Dem. majorities..	18	26	44

MONTANA.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	ASSO. JUS. 1902. R. & L. Holloway.	ASSO. JUS. 1902. Dem. Leslie.
Beaverhead .	767	937	932	679
Broadwater .	318	572	534	275
Carbon	930	907	994	487
Cascade	1997	2564	1620	2361
Choteau	1098	629	850	546
Custer	980	477	633	284
Dawson	521	209	445	171
Deer Lodge..	1636	3395	1502	1178
Fergus	1228	913	1162	903
Flathead	1104	1201	1304	885
Gallatin	1146	1297	1242	879
Granite	401	1020	773	412
Jefferson	488	980	861	408
Lewis & C'k'e	2043	2763	2404	1237
Madison	1030	1298	1547	848
Meagher ...	414	406	479	212
Missoula	1392	1893	1667	1046
Park	903	900	935	499
Powell	—	—	778	370
Ravalli	892	1052	1061	695
Rosebud	—	—	344	247
Silver Bow..	3873	12101	7310	5126
Sweet Grass.	460	287	406	203
Teton	573	457	587	442
Valley	363	234	430	288
Yellowstone .	816	654	890	523
Totals	25373	37146	31690	21204
Plurality ...		11773	10486	
Per cent.....	39.88	58.37	57.24	38.31
Scattering ...	1117		2466	
Whole vote..	63636		55360	

MONTANA—(Continued).

The scattering vote for Associate Justice in 1902 was: Cameron (S.), 2,466.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1900.

Governor—Folsom (R.), 22,691; Toole (D.), 31,419; Hogan (Ind. D.), 9,183; Fox (Soc. D.), 605.

Lieutenant Governor—Bennett (R.), 23,222; Higgins (D.), 29,700; Marion (Ind. D.), 8,592; Henry F. Davis (S. D.), 585.

Secretary of State—Yoder (R.), 23,338; Hays (D. and Ind. D.), 37,471; Horne (S. D.), 550.

State Treasurer—Edwards (R.), 23,372; Barrett (D.), 28,517; Livingston (Ind. D.), 9,043; Topel (S. D.), 558.

Associate Justice—Von Tobel (R.), 22,380; Milburn (D.), 29,377; Word (Ind. D.), 9,001.

Auditor—Proctor (R.), 23,895; Calderhead (D.), 28,174; McLean (Ind. D.), 8,549; Lawson (S. D.), 552.

Attorney General—Porter (R.), 24,161; Donovan (D.), 28,258; Stewart (Ind. D.), 8,509; Beckwith (S. D.), 551.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Harmon (R.), 24,379; Welch (D.), 27,476; Leamy (Ind. D.), 8,516; Partelow (S. D.), 502.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

Dixon (R.), 24,626; Evans (D.), 19,560; Dee (Lab.), 6,005; Sproule (S.), 3,131.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	13	45	58
Democrats	12	9	21
Labor	1	14	15
Rep. majorities	0	22	22

NEBRASKA.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	S. C. JUDGE. 1903. Rep. Barnes.	S. C. JUDGE. 1903. *Fus. Sullivan
Adams	1902	2114	1647	1656
Antelope	1242	1356	1335	1068
Banner	186	71	117	65
Blaine	103	75	107	75
Boone	1524	1536	1244	1166
Box Butte	707	494	477	472
Boyd	771	795	905	734
Brown	470	327	392	292
Buffalo	1916	2056	1703	1599
Burt	1929	1174	1389	760
Butler	1481	2147	1314	1712
Cass	2922	2259	2225	1923
Cedar	1441	1565	1350	1344
Chase	813	274	286	245
Cherry	922	298	712	469
Cheyenne	714	509	593	420
Clay	1932	1826	1551	1688
Colfax	1033	1357	811	1187
Cuming	1385	1736	1170	1401
Custer	2145	2159	1910	1856
Dakota	692	777	630	692
Dawes	613	587	599	479
Dawson	1280	1399	1188	1198
Deuel	403	241	331	234
Dixon	1285	1101	1108	845
Dodge	2632	2410	1898	1984
Douglas	14266	13241	8630	8894

*Democratic and Populist.

NEBRASKA—(Continued)

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	S. C. JUDGE. 1903. Rep. Barnes.	S. C. JUDGE. 1903. *Fus. Sullivan
Dundy	308	283	326	231
Filmore	1883	1860	1608	1472
Franklin	984	1122	879	955
Frontier	930	810	723	604
Furnas	1321	1319	1026	1020
Gage	4141	2701	3030	1716
Garfield	251	235	256	216
Gosper	494	570	409	435
Grant	148	97	89	79
Greeley	463	880	510	788
Hall	2017	1766	1783	1388
Hamilton	1524	1571	1427	1343
Harlan	880	977	819	783
Hayes	308	284	272	231
Hitchcock	450	528	440	423
Holt	1320	1492	1265	1621
Hooker	87	43	52	46
Howard	908	1283	834	1088
Jefferson	1862	1587	1497	1046
Johnson	1532	1179	1252	944
Kearney	1055	1109	908	934
Keith	246	216	227	211
Keya Paha	380	353	366	294
Kimball	137	48	105	59
Knox	1600	1630	1477	1186
Lancaster	7465	5677	4897	2793
Lincoln	1386	1169	1143	784
Logan	107	102	82	79
Loup	149	137	168	124
McPherson	85	54	74	31
Madison	2060	1690	1786	1425
Merrick	1212	996	873	834
Nance	1091	853	847	679
Nemaha	1788	1779	1508	1167
Nuckolls	1471	1480	1231	1110
Otoe	2718	2327	1953	1584
Pawnee	1632	1121	1240	695
Perkins	184	231	155	184
Phelps	1202	979	963	764
Pierce	919	913	822	791
Platte	1696	2117	934	1066
Polk	1023	1376	844	1086
Red Willow	1192	905	1010	655
Richardson	2491	2529	2123	2009
Rock	481	243	378	256
Saline	2238	2018	1789	1577
Sarpy	792	1090	689	788
Saunders	2325	2762	1999	2109
Scotts Bluff	400	276	381	209
Seward	1937	1865	1625	1583
Sheridan	626	703	502	444
Sherman	503	743	518	630
Sioux	199	248	147	149
Stanton	788	751	633	678
Thayer	1825	1516	1403	1163
Thomas	65	80	62	75
Thurston	803	656	502	593
Valley	810	864	828	676
Washington	1741	1412	1303	1087
Wayne	1244	951	1011	804
Webster	1355	1322	1170	1023
Wheeler	138	180	125	160
York	2207	1871	2011	1523
Totals	121835	113513	96991	87864
Plurality	8322		9127	
Per cent	50.54	47.13	50.29	45.56
Scattering	5812		8989	
Whole vote	240960		192844	

NEBRASKA—(Continued).

The scattering vote for Supreme Court Judge in 1903 was: Wright (Pro.), 5,294; Christianson (Soc.), 3,595.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Regents of the State University—Allen (R.), 101,595; Whitmore (R.), 98,282; Jones (Fus.), 79,811; Weber (Fus.), 77,361; Barker (Pro.), 5,197; Muir (Pro.), 4,762; Lippincott (Soc.), 3,823; Wilbur (Soc.), 3,850.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Burkett (R.), 16,534; Hanks (F.), 11,603; Fraser (Pro.), 579; Christensen (S.), 362.

II. Mercer (R.), 11,669; Hitchcock (F.), 13,509; McCaffery (S.), 1,379.

III. McCarthy (R.), 19,201; Robinson (F.), 18,541; Beveridge (Pro.), 632.

IV. Hinshaw (R.), 19,337; Stark (F.), 16,838; Farley (Pro.), 743.

V. Norris (R.), 14,927; Shallenberger (F.), 14,746; Stoddard (Pro.), 496.

VI. Kinkaid (R.), 16,699; Barry (F.), 13,997; Swander (Pro.), 660; Wisely (S.), 463.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. Bal.
Republicans	29	77	106
Fusionists	4	23	27
Rep. majorities	25	54	79

NEVADA.

Counties.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Cleveland.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Dem. Sparks.
Churchill	79	119	82	138
Douglass	212	219	243	197
Elko	476	860	632	765
Esmeralda	125	289	221	250
Eureka	121	389	175	283
Humboldt	364	700	420	662
Leander	144	325	142	280
Lincoln	233	564	323	321
Lyon	214	354	254	335
Nye	32	190	288	603
Ormsby	311	399	369	385
Storey	455	609	432	567
Washoe	919	1005	838	1536
White Pine	164	325	359	218
Totals	3849	6347	4778	6540
Plurality		2498		1762
Per cent	37.75	62.25	42.21	57.78
Scattering				
Whole vote	10196		11318	

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Button (R.), 4,728; Allen (D.), 6,296.

Secretary of State—Douglass (R.), 5,611; Howell (D.), 5,445.

Treasurer—Simon Bray (R.), 4,914; Ryan (D.), 6,145.

Controller—McMillan (R.), 5,283; Davis (D.), 5,705.

Survevor General—Gayhart (R.), 4,505; Kelley (D.), 6,441.

Attorney General—Platt (R.), 4,797; Sweeney (D.), 6,268.

Superintendent State Printing—Booth (R.), 4,645; Maute (D.), 6,226.

NEVADA—(Continued).

Superintendent Public Instruction—Ring (R.), 5,478; J. E. Bray (D.), 5,467.

Supreme Court Justice—Bowler (R.), 4,782; Talbot (D.), 6,305.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

Farrington (R.), 5,073; Van Duzer (S. D.), 5,848.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	4	4	8
Silver Democrats	13	30	43
Sil. Dem. majorit's	9	26	35

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Batchelder.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Dem. Jolls.
Belknap	3099	1819	2182	1959
Carroll	2626	1859	2317	1333
Cheshire	4435	2120	2827	1713
Coos	3383	2436	2785	2090
Grafton	6177	3619	4828	2982
Hillsborough	12653	8339	9211	9902
Merrimack	7517	5248	5944	5428
Rockingham	7503	4719	6855	4140
Strafford	4987	3792	4174	2864
Sullivan	2559	1538	1902	1433
Totals	54799	35489	42115	33844
Plurality	19310		8271	
Per cent	59.54	38.42	53.19	42.74
Scattering	2060		3203	
Whole vote	92348		79162	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: J. C. Berry (Pro.), 1,621; M. O'Neil (Soc.), 1,057; George Howie (Allied Peo.), 57; Alonzo Elliott (Ind.), 468.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. C. A. Sulloway (R.), 22,491; A. S. Langley (D.), 15,218; E. L. Carr (Pro), 577; G. H. Webster (Allied Peo.), 27; S. F. Claflin (Soc.), 479.

II. F. D. Currier (R.), 22,138; G. E. Bales (D.), 14,986; C. H. Thorndike (Pro.), 610; D. J. Driscoll (Allied Peo.), 44; J. S. Murray (Soc.), 413.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	20	258	278
Democrats	4	135	139
Rep. majorities	16	123	139

NEW-JERSEY.

Counties.	GOV'RNOR. —1901.— Rep. Murphy.	GOV'RNOR. —1901.— Dem. Seymour.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.
Atlantic	6051	3290	6122	2368
Bergen	7401	6061	9086	6456
Burlington	6877	5294	8881	5476
Camden	13571	8815	16148	7261

NEW-JERSEY—(Continued).

Counties	GOV'RNOR. 1901. Rep. Murphy.	GOV'RNOR. 1901. Dem. Seymour.	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.
Cape May....	1877	1231	2241	1110
Cumberland.	5567	3655	6780	4036
Essex	36780	29885	45318	25735
Gloucester ...	3504	2779	4471	2829
Hudson	27882	26380	32341	38025
Hunterdon ...	2078	4952	3873	5136
Mercer	10054	9083	13874	7858
Middlesex ...	7627	7517	9348	7191
Monmouth ..	8556	7781	10303	8568
Morris	6335	5456	7739	5793
Ocean	2516	1363	3182	1414
Passaic	13481	12179	15619	12891
Salem	2931	2749	3398	2981
Somerset	3490	3181	4438	3183
Sussex	2302	2953	2874	3395
Union	10215	8856	12522	7665
Warren	2919	3622	3589	5219
Totals	183814	166681	221707	164803
Plurality	17133	——	56899	——
Per cent.....	50.88	46.14	55.28	41.09
Scattering ...	10772		14535	
Whole vote..	361267		401050	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1901 was as follows: Brown (Pro.), 5,365; Vail (Soc.), 3,489; Wilson (S. L.), 1,918.

NEW-JERSEY CONGRESS DISTRICTS.

(Act of 1901.)

I—Camden, Gloucester, Salem.

II—Atlantic, Burlington, Cape May, Cumberland.

III—Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean.

IV—Hunterdon, Mercer, Somerset.

V—Morris, Union, Warren.

VI—Bergen, Passaic, Sussex.

VII—First, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Eleventh, Fifteenth wards of city of Newark, city of Orange, the towns of Bloomfield, Montclair and West Orange, boroughs of Glen Ridge, Caldwell and North Caldwell and townships of Franklin, Belleville, Livingston, Verona and Caldwell, all in the County of Essex.

VIII—Second, Third, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth wards of city of Newark, city of East Orange, town of Irvington, borough of Vailsburg, the village and township of South Orange and the townships of Clinton and Millburn, all in County of Essex.

IX—City of Bayonne, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth wards of city of Jersey City, all the Sixth Ward of Jersey City, excepting that portion which lies north of the Morris Canal and east of Summit-ave.; the towns of Kearny and Harrison and the borough of East Newark, all in Hudson County.

X—First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth wards of city of Jersey City, all that portion of the Sixth Ward which lies north of Morris Canal and east of Summit-ave., the city of Hoboken, the towns of West Hoboken, Union, West New-York and Guttenburg, the townships of North Bergen and Weehawken and the borough of Secaucus all in County of Hudson.

NEW-JERSEY—(Continued).

SENATE OF 1903.

Atlantic County—Edward S. Lee (R.), 1905, Atlantic City.

Bergen County—Edmund W. Wakelee, (R.), 1905, Demarest.

Burlington County—John G. Horner (R.), 1907, Palmyra.

Camden County—William J. Bradley (R.), 1906, Camden.

Cape May County—Lewis M. Cresse (R.), 1907, Ocean City.

Cumberland County—Bloomfield H. Minch (R.), 1905, Bridgeton.

Essex County—J. Henry Bacheller (R.), 1906, Newark.

Gloucester County—Thomas M. Ferrell, (D.), 1906, Glassboro.

Hudson County—Robert S. Hudspeth (D.), 1905, Jersey City.

Hunterdon County—George S. Martens, jr. (D.), 1907, New-Germantown.

Mercer County—Elijah C. Hutchinson (R.), 1905, Trenton.

Middlesex County—William H. C. Jackson (R.), 1907, New Brunswick.

Monmouth County—Oliver H. Brown, (R.), 1906, Spring Lake.

Morris County—Jacob W. Welsh (R.), 1905, German Valley.

Ocean County—George L. Shinn (R.), 1905, New-Egypt.

Passaic County—†Wood McKee (R.) 1907, Paterson.

Salem County—James Strimple (D.), 1906, Pedricktown.

Somerset County—Samuel S. Childs (D.), 1906, Bernardsville.

Sussex County—J. Cole Price (D.), 1907, Branchville.

Union County—Joseph Cross (R.), 1906, Elizabeth.

Warren County—Isaac Barber (D.), 1906, Phillipsburg.

ASSEMBLY OF 1903.

Atlantic County—†Thomas C. Elvins (R.), Hammonton.

Bergen County—†George Cook (R.), Allendale; ‡M. S. Ayers (R.), Fairview.

Burlington County—†Benjamin D. Sheddaker (R.), Burlington; Samuel K. Robbins (R.), Moorestown.

Camden County—†Henry S. Scovel (R.), Haddonfield; †Theodore B. Gibbs (R.), Clementon; †J. S. Roberts (R.), Camden.

Cape May County—James M. E. Hildreth (R.), Cape May.

Cumberland County—†Louis H. Miller (R.), Vineland; †B. F. Buck (R.), Milville.

Essex County—†Frederick R. Lehlbach (R.), Newark; †Everett Colby (R.), West Orange; William Pennington (R.), Newark; Frederick Manners (R.), Newark; Abraham Kaiser (R.), Newark; Herbert U. Taylor (R.), Newark; John J. Gallagher (R.), Newark; Samuel F. Wilson (R.), Newark; Edward D. Birkholz (R.), Newark; H. L. Johnstone (R.), Glen Ridge; E. D. Duffield (R.), South Orange.

Gloucester County—†John Boyd Avis (R.), Woodbury.

Hudson County—†James A. Hamill (D.), Jersey City; †J. W. Rufus Bessen (D.), Hoboken; †Joseph C. Duff (D.), Jersey City; James F. Fielder (D.), Jersey City; †William D. Kelly (D.), Jersey City; †Edgar H. Loveridge (D.), West Hoboken; †Thomas P. McGlennon (D.), East Newark; D. Kelsay Whittaker (D.), Bayonne; †Myron C. Ernst (D.), Jersey City; God-

NEW-JERSEY—(Continued).

frey Matthews (D.), Jersey City; Henry W. Lange (D.), Hoboken; John Callery (D.), Weehawken.

Hunterdon County—†James H. Willever (D.), Bloomsbury.

Mercer County—†Thomas Colclough, jr., (R.), Trenton; Ralph Hulse (R.), Trenton; T. B. DeCou (R.), Lawrence Township.

Middlesex County—Frank C. Henry (R.), Perth Amboy; J. H. T. Martin, jr., (R.), Woodbridge; Alex. R. Fordyce, jr., (R.), Dayton.

Monmouth County—†Charles F. McDonald (D.), Englishtown; †Amzi M. Posten (D.), Atlantic Highlands; William F. Lefferson (D.), Manasquan.

Morris County—†Thomas J Hillery (R.), Boonton; Charles A. Baker (R.), Kenville.

Ocean County—C. C. Pearce (R.), Burrsville.

Passaic County—†Frederick Van Blarcom (R.), Paterson; George H. Dalrymple (R.), Passaic; Thomas R. Layden (R.), Paterson; Ernest Shaw (R.), Haledon; Jacob DeLazier (R.), Paterson.

Salem County—Thomas E. Hunt (R.), Pennsgrove.

Somerset County—†Samuel S. Swackhammer (D.), North Plainfield.

Sussex County—†Lewis S. Iliff (D.), Newton.

Union County—Joseph T. Hague (D.), Elizabeth; Charles L. Moffett (D.), Plainfield; Joseph H. Gunn (D.), Springfield.

Warren County—John A. Wildrick (D.), Blairstown.

†Re-elected.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), 20,371; Richard T. Miller (D.), 15,279; Robert T. Seagrave (Nat. Pro.), 1,120.

II. John J. Gardner (R.), 19,966; Thomas A. Gash (D.), 9,465; Marion R. Owen (Nat. Pro.), 2,323; Daniel W. Davis (S. L.), 199.

III. Benjamin F. Howell (R.), 20,014; Jacob A. Geissenhainer (D.), 18,345; Robert Bruce Carroll (Nat. Pro.), 546.

IV. William M. Lanning (R.), 18,972; Lewis Perrine (D.), 16,966; William Lunger (Nat. Pro.), 588; William H. Wooton (S. L.), 381.

V. Charles N. Fowler (R.), 21,030; De Witt C. Flanagan (D.), 19,881; Joel G. Van Cise (Nat. Pro.), 883; John M. Beaman (Soc.), 415; Jacob Grieb (S. L.), 231.

VI. William Barbour (R.), 20,236; William Hughes (D.), 24,084; Robert H. Richards (Nat. Pro.), 435; W. H. Wyatt (Soc.), 777; Louis A. Magnet (S. L.), 419.

VII. Richard Wayne Parker (R.), 19,878; George A. Miller (D.), 14,371; Edmund L. Robb (Nat. Pro.), 243; Frank Clinton Day (Soc.), 335; William Walker (S. L.), 297.

VIII. William H. Wylie (R.), 18,814; Henry G. Atwater (D.), 12,005; John Berryman (Nat. Pro.), 192; James E. Billings (Soc.), 742.

IX. Robert Carey (R.), 18,700; Allan Benny (D.), 14,492; James Parker (Nat. Pro.), 147; A. R. Hopkins (Soc.), 813; George P. H. Herrschaft (S. L.), 378.

X. James D. Manning (R.), 10,595; Allan L. McDermott (D.), 19,311; Frederick Kraft (Soc.), 879; Rufus B. Artz (Pro.), 41; Charles Marquelin (S. L.), 523.

NEW-JERSEY—(Continued).

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. Bal.
Republicans	14	38	52
Democrats	7	22	29
Rep. majorities...	7	16	23

NEW-YORK.

For vote of New York by counties for State officers in 1902; for vote by towns and wards for Governor in 1902, and President in 1900; for vote for Representatives in 1902; State Senators in 1902, and Assemblymen in 1903, see "Elections in States," pages 169 to 193. For vote on Canal Amendment and total vote cast for Associate Judge of Court of Appeals in 1903, see under "New York State Government."

NORTH CAROLINA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.		C. J. SUP. CT. —1902.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Ind.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Clark.	Hill.
Alamance ...	2256	1923	1842	1517
Alexander ...	938	774	872	910
Alleghany ..	662	709	701	536
Anson	673	1856	1292	59
Ashe	1937	1513	1450	1530
Beaufort	1799	2316	1724	172
Bertie	1067	2420	1418	106
Bladen	1192	1102	1059	506
Brunswick ..	643	525	640	353
Buncombe ...	4141	3724	3212	2486
Burke	1110	1389	1154	852
Cabarrus	1111	1486	1166	1379
Caldwell	1317	1111	1126	1053
Camden	535	498	482	97
Carteret	767	1046	895	616
Caswell	1297	1342	1074	193
Catawba	1524	1607	1607	1400
Chatham	2240	1489	1531	1346
Cherokee	1157	774	626	854
Chowan	932	898	759	61
Clay	394	404	351	306
Cleveland ...	1311	2228	2250	818
Columbus ...	1237	1623	1568	604
Craven	1502	2027	1385	108
Cumberland .	2138	1965	1742	858
Currituck ...	435	927	829	24
Dare	231	404	406	366
Davidson	2229	1823	1955	1807
Davie	1251	832	854	1002
Duplin	1081	1878	1576	711
Durham	2026	2373	1720	942
Edgecombe ..	1625	3009	1648	99
Forsyth	2588	2483	2220	1992
Franklin	1602	2781	2244	381
Gaston	1626	1931	1980	617
Gates	564	1125	763	171
Graham	387	358	383	364
Granville	1587	2287	1736	494
Greene	820	1385	1088	199
Guilford	3296	3335	3002	1416
Halifax	2174	3990	1963	385
Harnett	1199	1342	1281	642
Haywood	1257	1735	1639	1154
Henderson ..	1483	973	947	1164
Hertford	732	1337	1003	86
Hyde	798	867	702	206
Iredell	2044	2523	1985	1246

NORTH CAROLINA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	C. J. SUP. CT. 1902. Dem. Clark.	C. J. SUP. CT. 1902. Ind. Hill.
Jackson	1047	1080	967	885
Johnston	1997	3154	2859	922
Jones	602	713	662	143
Lenoir	1224	1936	1603	188
Lincoln	1133	893	1122	728
Macon	1035	977	915	938
Madison	2327	1268	1086	1994
Martin	1088	1819	1469	41
McDowell	1105	1014	745	825
Mecklenburg	2234	3786	2874	799
Mitchell	1958	491	382	1269
Montgomery	920	1100	1062	770
Moore	2029	1606	1635	1004
Nash	1337	2600	1832	567
New-Hanover	60	2247	1327	106
Northampton	1587	1992	1643	1006
Onslow	618	1322	1094	148
Orange	1280	1274	1040	460
Pamlico	729	597	552	313
Pasquotank	1282	1196	1104	149
Pender	543	1137	1034	110
Perquimans	846	830	714	264
Person	1274	1466	1125	465
Pitt	2156	3264	2668	37
Polk	652	484	503	480
Randolph	2487	2264	2466	2198
Richmond	504	1264	930	287
Robeson	1146	3280	2664	866
Rockingham	2252	2682	2267	761
Rowan	1555	2461	2213	943
Rutherford	1981	2081	1390	1165
Sampson	2002	1257	1271	1725
Scotland	44	924	727	63
Stanly	792	1265	1273	719
Stokes	1798	1443	1283	1434
Surry	2451	1898	1922	2203
Swain	782	590	528	721
Transylvania	622	529	531	500
Tyrrell	383	466	467	190
Union	864	1790	1135	177
Vance	881	1233	1056	443
Wake	3947	4774	4147	773
Warren	1337	1573	1041	83
Washington	784	834	624	177
Watauga	1439	923	944	1242
Wayne	1965	3104	2632	588
Wilkes	2840	1704	1465	2231
Wilson	1194	2816	1795	547
Yadkin	1733	950	797	1461
Yancey	1082	954	938	929
Totals	133081	157752	132239	71275
Plurality		24671	60964	
Per cent.	45.81	53.90	64.97	35.00
Scattering	1836			
Whole vote	292669		203514	

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Supt. Public Instruction—J. Y. Joyner (D.), 135,840; D. A. Long (Ind.), 68,209.

Corporation Com.—E. C. Beddingfield D.), 135,639; D. H. Abbott (R.), 69,429.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. H. E. Hodges (R.), 1,834; John H. Small (D.), 14,086.

II. Scotland Harris (R.), 118; Claude Kitchin (D.), 12,705.

III. George E. Butler (R.), 4,567; Charles R. Thomas (D.), 11,108.

IV. T. L. Banks (R.), 771; E. W. Pou (D.), 13,799; J. W. Atwater (Pop.), 2,105.

NORTH CAROLINA—(Continued).

V. J. Lindsay Patterson (Ind.), 9,511; William W. Kitchin (D.), 17,900.

VI. A. H. Slocumb (R.), 4,430; Gilbert B. Patterson (D.), 9,901.

VII. Robert N. Page (D.), 13,269; Edwin H. Morris (Rep.), 2,482.

VIII. E. Spencer Blackburn (R.), 14,158; Theodore F. Kluttz (D.), 15,632; John W. Long (Ind.), 51.

IX. George B. Hiss (R.), 8,778; Edwin Y. Webb (D.), 14,087.

X. James M. Moody (R.), 12,517; James M. Gudger, jr., (D.), 12,700.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	4	19	23
Democrats	46	101	147
Dem. majorities	42	82	124

NORTH DAKOTA.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. White	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Cronan
Barnes	1324	1077	1368	437
Benson	1084	319	1207	441
Billings	158	51	132	22
Bottineau	728	628	1115	815
Burleigh	679	339	723	395
Cass	3485	1636	1858	1415
Cavalier	1361	1211	1297	968
Dickey	763	567	691	360
Eddy	455	235	415	165
Emmons	433	311	411	229
Foster	415	241	409	359
Grand Forks	2803	1352	1596	1538
Griggs	527	407	409	296
Kidder	225	70	259	52
La Moore	597	405	593	322
Logan	231	85	271	12
McHenry	595	222	1169	441
McIntosh	658	125	497	22
McLean	587	110	635	81
Mercer	269	41	212	4
Morton	1056	536	922	447
Nelson	994	576	838	438
Oliver	110	75	100	55
Pembina	1732	1321	1585	1014
Pierce	535	276	547	287
Ramsey	1147	496	975	293
Ransom	924	499	858	317
Richland	2067	1399	1563	1419
Rolette	566	355	592	407
Sargent	765	564	690	358
Stark	780	426	498	271
Steele	724	214	310	76
Stutsman	1077	711	971	587
Towner	805	454	707	426
Traill	1537	409	795	352
Walsh	1807	1804	1433	1463
Ward	880	364	1824	607
Wells	986	388	884	294
Williams	249	95	254	111
Totals	35898	20531	31613	17576
Plurality	15367		14037	
Per cent.	62.13	35.52	62.67	34.86
Scattering	1362		1245	
Whole vote	57791		50434	

NORTH DAKOTA—(Continued).

The scattering vote for Governor included: Grant (S.), 1,245.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Bartlett (R.), 32,955; McGinnis (D.), 15,195; Simpkins (S.), 1,180.

Secretary of State—Porter (R.), 33,373; Quarum (D.), 14,654; Lamb (S.), 1,237.

Auditor—Holmes (R.), 33,350; Morrison (D.), 14,713; Munter (S.). 1,172.

Treasurer—McMillan (R.), 32,980; McDonald (D.), 15,272; Olson (S.), 1,278.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Stockwell (R.), 36,769; Stefanson (D.), 15,347; Ballou (S.), 1,355.

Commissioner of Insurance—Leutz (R.), 32,494; Willson (D.), 15,197; Sande (S.), 1,196.

Attorney General—Frick (R.), 32,878; Barrett (D.), 15,168.

Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor—Turner (R.), 32,833; Will (D.), 14,943; Dow (S.), 1,180.

Railroad Commissioners—Shea (R.), 31,812; Lord (R.), 32,067; Schatz (R.), 30,039; Pritchard (D.), 14,675; Peterson (D.), 14,811; Knudson (D.), 14,924; Bailey (S.), 1,193; Madsen (S.), 1,169; Haight (S.), 1,166.

Supreme Court Judge—Cochrane (R.), 35,066.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

Marshall (R.), 32,986; Spalding (R.), 32,854; Lovell (D.), 14,392; Ueland (D.), 14,765; King (S.), 1,195.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	33	85	118
Democrats	7	15	22
Rep. majorities	26	70	96

OHIO.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Rep. Herrick	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Dem. Johnson
Adams	3535	3160	3189	3043
Allen	5281	6540	5058	5230
Ashland	2641	3399	2434	2909
Ashtabula	9272	3438	6511	2180
Athens	6126	2529	4849	1784
Auglaize	2895	4812	2196	3213
Belmont	8217	6251	6242	4463
Brown	2991	4397	2428	3253
Butler	6025	8880	5092	6898
Carroll	2668	1720	2298	1458
Champaign	4306	3192	3429	2083
Clark	8806	6243	6369	3835
Clermont	3990	4244	3689	3271
Clinton	4149	2394	3356	1540
Columbiana	10255	5997	7590	4244
Coshocton	3592	3940	3414	3663
Crawford	5150	5968	2478	4425
Cuyahoga	45299	42440	45063	36664
Darke	4934	6003	4494	5155
Defiance	2684	3766	2625	3151
Delaware	3765	3337	3552	2871
Erie	5353	4837	4510	4178
Fairfield	3738	5431	3213	4293
Fayette	3380	2438	3024	2058
Franklin	22237	19809	21305	17469
Fulton	3457	2262	2905	1552
Gallia	4159	2388	3365	1682
Geauga	2816	1117	2225	685
Greene	5100	2743	3952	1662
Guernsey	5014	3120	4189	2417
Hamilton	55466	40228	52604	22719
Hancock	5559	5822	4953	4246
Hardin	4359	4190	4334	3494
Harrison	3274	2261	2518	1502
Henry	2623	4157	2044	3150
Highland	4078	3958	3956	3299
Hocking	2023	2896	2391	2204
Holmes	1269	3394	1229	2694
Huron	4993	3906	4561	2851
Jackson	4932	3313	4264	2059
Jefferson	6470	3575	4862	2417
Knox	4011	3797	3782	3385
Lake	3929	1733	3171	1260
Lawrence	5305	2876	3707	1862
Licking	5854	6716	5357	5389
Logan	4806	2951	4138	1925
Lorain	8497	4989	6902	3855
Lucas	17128	15390	14537	9381
Madison	3197	2493	2849	2060
Mahoning	8939	7402	7027	5251
Marion	3770	4141	3675	3846
Medina	3510	2360	2977	1707
Meigs	4545	2237	3430	1576
Mercer	2015	4460	1462	2912
Miami	6197	5127	5634	3470
Monroe	2103	4143	2073	3333
Montgomery	19606	16236	16149	11772
Morgan	2639	2188	2301	1653
Morrow	2805	2278	2295	1880
Muskingum	7365	6667	6599	5359
Noble	2704	2173	2536	1922
Ottawa	2131	3185	1822	2781
Paulding	3597	3284	3122	2693
Perry	4180	3599	3960	2927
Pickaway	3201	4033	2799	3517
Pike	2342	1960	1970	2244
Portage	4311	3651	3855	2726
Preble	3548	3206	3201	2607
Putnam	2817	4943	2332	4075
Richland	5461	6581	5102	5562
Ross	5463	5035	4974	4196
Sandusky	4003	4915	3385	4078
Scioto	5756	3629	4178	2316
Seneca	4904	5946	4479	4882
Shelby	2482	3837	2331	3167
Stark	13165	10051	12131	8242
Summit	10072	8413	8483	6340
Trumbull	7723	3686	5892	2361
Tuscarawas	6355	6867	5961	5764
Union	3561	2484	3248	2111
Van Wert	4006	3582	3962	3607
Vinton	2141	1648	1731	1174
Warren	4311	2675	3583	1722
Washington	6542	5390	4969	3760
Wayne	4244	5263	3845	4531
Williams	3416	3049	3341	2467
Wood	7152	5752	5848	3383
Wyandot	2397	3268	2195	2753
Totals	543918	474882	475560	361748
Plurality	69036		113812	
Per cent.	52.29	45.65	54.89	41.75
Scattering	21273		29068	
Whole vote	1040073		866376	

OHIO—(Continued).

The scattering vote for Governor in 1903 was: Isaac Cowen (Soc.), 13,495; Nelson D. Craemer (Pro.), 13,502; John D. Goerke (S. L.), 2,071.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Lieutenant Governor—W. G. Hardin, (R.), 474,311; F. B. Niles (D.), 357,573; M. J. Hynes (Soc.), 14,054; J. M. Scott (Pro.), 13,491; D. F. Cronin (S. L.), 2,176.

Auditor of State—W. D. Guilbert (R.), 473,565; Charles A. Kloeb (D.), 357,201; H. H. Smith (Soc.), 14,203; A. C. Purvis (Pro.), 13,453; Wm. Garrity (S. L.), 2,173.

Treasurer—W. S. McKinnon (R.), 474,033; V. G. Dahl (D.), 356,617; I. B. Hinman (Soc.), 14,165; Will Kingham (Pro.), 13,488; J. H. T. Juergens (S. L.), 2,185.

Attorney General—Wade H. Ellis (R.) 470,589; Frank S. Monnett (D.), 360,916 J. C. Madden (Soc.), 13,922; T. W. Shreve (Pro.), 13,313; Otto Steinhoff (S. L.), 2,145.

Judge Supreme Court—A. N. Summers (R.), 471,742; E. J. Dempsey (D.), 358,898; J. J. Cavanaugh (Soc.), 14,041; E. Jay Pinney (Pro.), 13,493; Francis Henry (S. L.), 2,152.

Member Board of Public Works—George H. Watkins (R.), 472,687; T. H. B. Jones (D.), 356,849; L. R. McIntire (Soc.), 14,209; Benjamin Farquhar (Pro.), 13,355; Israel Hauser (S. L.), 2,125.

School Commissioner—Edmund A. Jones (R.), 473,252; John H. Secrist (D.), 356,083; A. S. Matter (Soc.), 14,117; John H. Dickason (Pro.), 13,422; Frank F. Young (S. L.), 2,127.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902

I. Longworth (R.), 24,052; Bentham (D.), 9,471; Johnson (Pro.), 187; Irwin (Soc.), 1,745.

II. Goebel (R.), 24,274; Busch (D.), 12,095; Pugh (Pro.), 208; Fox (Soc.), 2,681.

III. Nevin (R.), 25,406; Selz (D.), 19,551; Upfold (Pro.), 791; Hemler (Soc.), 2,375.

IV. Garber (D.), 15,242; Rogers (R.), 14,879; Lugibell (Pro.), 431.

V. Snook (D.), 19,086; Russell (R.), 16,548.

VI. Hildebrant (R.), 19,609; Thompson (D.), 15,188; Hays (Pro.), 612; Strickland (Soc.), 214.

VII. Kyle (R.), 18,381; Byran (D.), 13,994; Cannon (Pro.), 443; Howell (Soc.), 602.

VIII. Warnock (R.), 22,177; Niven (D.), 16,643; Yeisley (Pro.), 835.

IX. Southard (R.), 23.815; York (D.), 15,873; McLane (Pro.), 572; Pyle (Soc.), 2,386.

X. Morgan (R.), 21,593; Belcher (D.), 14,118; Taubman (Pro.), 518.

XI. Grosvenor (R.), 23,124; Lawrence (D.), 19,487; Cornell (Pro.), 456.

XII. Badger (D.) 18,569; Huling (R.), 17,793; Paul (Pro.), 425; Steinhoff (Soc.), 70.

XIII. Jackson (R.), 22,496; Norton (D.), 22,169; Peeke (Pro.), 441; Martin (Soc.), 402.

XIV. Skiles (R.), 22,365; Neal (D.), 17,615; Getchell (Pro.), 773.

XV. Van Voorhis (R.), 17,462; Schneider (D.), 16,850; Greene (Pro.), 1,120.

XVI. Gill (R.), 16,129; Lawler (D.), 11,499; Shreve (Pro.), 717.

XVI. (Special election November 3, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Joseph J. Gill). Weems (R.), 18,408; Mats (D.), 12,468; Hays (Soc.), 374.

OHIO—(Continued).

XVII. Cassingham (D.), 19,753; Stevens (R.), 17,563.

XVIII. Kennedy (R.), 22,461; Foley (D.), 10,502; Brosius (Pro.), 886; Duffy (Labor), 7,923.

XIX. Dick (R.), 24,732; Everhard (D.), 13,261; Crispin (Pro.). 1,068; Forrester (Soc.), 816.

XX. Beidler (R.), 20,523; Kohl (D.), 16,885; Scholes (Pro.), 568; Krumroy (Soc.), 815; Kircher (S. L.), 377.

XXI. Burton (R.), 24,353; Fall (D.), 16,805; Pinney (Pro.), 247; Thomas (Soc.), 1,030; Dinger (S. L.). 296.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	29	88	117
Democrats	4	22	26
Rep. majorities...	25	66	91

OREGON.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	S. JUDGE. 1902. Rep. Robt. S. Bean....	S. JUDGE. 1902. Dem. B. F. Bonham.
Baker	1458	1615	1946	1821
Benton	931	764	938	716
Clackamas ..	2234	1641	2517	1420
Clatsop	1329	688	1313	717
Columbia ...	863	403	878	383
Coos	1153	888	1197	713
Crook	474	381	618	494
Curry	308	152	331	163
Douglas	1910	1624	2042	1503
Gilliam	419	343	456	362
Grant	911	613	981	632
Harney	372	387	484	428
Jackson	1565	1525	1685	1498
Josephine ...	919	744	960	725
Klamath	428	324	534	387
Lake	456	233	496	295
Lane	2521	2037	2797	1787
Lincoln	472	266	590	243
Linn	1927	1997	1925	1851
Malheur	478	486	583	494
Marion	3112	2318	3265	2050
Morrow	723	358	682	430
Multnomah ..	9048	4436	10501	4862
Polk	1163	991	1177	951
Sherman	451	385	529	269
Tillamook ...	623	313	670	343
Umatilla	1975	1638	2222	1690
Union	1512	1646	1430	1328
Wallowa	651	559	722	603
Wasco	1576	1038	1613	922
Washington .	1655	1114	1775	1195
Wheeler	426	243	448	262
Yamhill	1583	1235	1571	1193
Totals.....	46526	33385	49876	32730
Plurality	13141		17146	
Per cent.....	55.24	39.64	56.87	37.31
Scattering ...	4305		5113	
Whole vote..	84216		87719	

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

*Governor—Chamberlain (D.), 39,862; Furnish (R.), 39,606.

Secretary of State—Dunbar (R.), 47,623; Sears (D.), 30,557; Barzee (S.), 5,589; Davis (Pro.), 4,935.

State Treasurer—Moore (R.), 46,418;

OREGON—(Continued).

Blackman (D.), 30,506; McDaniel (Pro.), 5,269; Myers (S.), 5,763.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Ackerman (R.), 47,045; Wann (D.), 31,840; Kelsey (Pro.), 4,876.

Attorney General—Crawford (R.), 45,423; Raley (D.), 32,311; Goyne (Pro.), 5,104.

State Printer—Whitney (R.), 42,649; Godfrey (D.), 31,010; Brooks (Pro.), 5,102; Hosmer (S.), 5,223.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Tongue (R.), 23,585; Weatherford (D.), 16,213; Gould (Pro.), 2,185; Ramp (S.), 2,576.

I. (Special election, June 1, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by death of Thomas H. Tongue.) Binger Herman (R.), 15,313; A. E. Reams (D.), 13,042; W. P. Elmore (Pro.), 1,449; J. W. Ingle (Soc.), 1,900.

II. Williamson (R.), 24,397; Butcher (D.), 15,598; Gerdes (S.), 2,753; Spaulding (Pro.), 1,967.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	21	48	69
Democrats	3	11	14
Independents	6	1	7
Rep. majorities	12	36	48

PENNSYLVANIA.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	TREAS'R. 1903. Rep. Wm. L. Mathues	TREAS'R. 1903. Dem. Joel J. Hill
Adams	3718	3967	1778	1837
Allegheny	71780	27311	61641	16282
Armstrong	6443	3438	3443	1835
Beaver	6759	4076	3910	1486
Bedford	4790	3445	3150	2255
Berks	13952	19013	4864	9086
Blair	9749	4528	5255	3995
Bradford	8625	4211	2799	1010
Bucks	9263	7287	8683	6752
Butler	6303	4465	2376	1458
Cambria	10476	7168	8964	7852
Cameron	971	514	450	212
Carbon	4222	4149	2979	2567
Centre	4684	4339	2093	2083
Chester	13809	6214	6026	2250
Clarion	3002	3472	1388	1736
Clearfield	7935	6066	7255	6230
Clinton	3157	2879	1895	1767
Columbia	2954	4982	1092	1998
Crawford	7705	7000	4705	2204
Cumberland	5587	5428	4104	4197
Dauphin	14673	7390	13486	3781
Delaware	13794	4249	10568	1472
Elk	3254	3103	1404	2985
Erie	11816	7281	6464	3071
Fayette	9637	7650	3460	2377
Forest	1309	714	478	212
Franklin	6483	4500	3158	2177
Fulton	1039	1224	698	876
Greene	2427	3674	1111	1886
Huntingdon	4645	1989	3052	1282
Indiana	5687	1767	3188	765
Jefferson	5950	3063	3992	1850
Juniata	1805	1621	1320	1133
Lackawanna	16763	14728	13669	9037
Lancaster	23230	8437	11080	3062

PENNSYLVANIA—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	TREAS'R. 1903. Rep. Wm. L. Mathues	TREAS'R. 1903. Dem. Joel J. Hill
Lawrence	6343	2754	2908	853
Lebanon	7089	3050	3475	1296
Lehigh	9775	10438	10177	10534
Luzerne	21793	16470	16283	13899
Lycoming	7750	7427	3304	3604
McKean	6319	3427	2110	674
Mercer	6950	4916	3608	1973
Mifflin	2594	1842	1212	899
Monroe	1264	3054	1235	2532
Montgomery	17051	11208	10411	6180
Montour	1292	1875	817	1123
Northampton	9849	11412	5341	6768
North'mb'rl'd	8366	7986	5651	5249
Perry	3400	2440	1735	1290
Philadelphia	173657	58179	163156	26330
Pike	694	1236	386	859
Potter	2224	2147	1084	475
Schuylkill	15327	14496	10812	10088
Snyder	2517	1319	1581	751
Somerset	6677	2151	2358	820
Sullivan	1266	1376	614	691
Susquehanna	5019	3527	3369	2052
Tioga	7458	2638	2797	1035
Union	2819	1359	1445	581
Venango	5981	4014	3563	1232
Warren	5609	2500	2308	949
Washington	10408	6380	6079	2984
Wayne	3229	2647	1193	1302
Westmoreld	16014	11010	8118	5331
Wyoming	2247	1875	1344	1114
York	12327	13732	6274	6578
Totals	712665	424232	503775	235168
Plurality	288433		268607	
Per cent.	60.75	36.16	61.88	28.89
Scattering	36313		75047	
Whole vote	1173210		813990	

As a candidate on a Citizens' ticket Mr. Mathues received 25,856 votes, 25,261 of them in Allegheny County. As a candidate on an Independence ticket Mr. Hill received 9,116 votes, 8,618 of them in Philadelphia. Total vote for Mathues, 529,631; total vote for Hill, 244,284. Mathues's total plurality, 285,347. The other scattering vote for State Treasurer was: Henry D. Patton (Pro.), 24,850; John A. Smith (Soc.), 13,245; David E. Gilchrist (Labor), 1,980.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Auditor General—William P. Snyder (R.), 492,116; William P. Snyder (Citizens), 25,847; Arthur G. Dewalt (D.), 231,169; Arthur G. Dewalt (Independence), 9,136; Elisha Kent Kane (Pro.), 24,945; William W. Atkinson (Soc.), 13,014; William J. Eberle (Labor), 2,066.

Judges of the Superior Court—Thomas A. Morrison (R.), 499,377; Thomas A. Morrison (Citizens'), 25,500; John J. Henderson (R.), 474,255; John J. Henderson (Citizens'), 25,185; John A. Ward (D.), 230,143; John A. Ward (Independence), 8,902; Calvin Rayburn (D.), 216,395; Calvin Rayburn (Independence), 8,656; Matthew H. Stevenson (Pro.), 23,493; Emmett D. Nichols (Pro.), 22,307; Alfred Leach (Soc.), 12,545; Louis Goazion

PENNSYLVANIA—(Continued).

(Soc.), 12,053; William H. Thomas (Labor), 1,922; John Burscheil (Labor), 1,760.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Bingham (R.), 32,068; Bingham (Union), 51.

II. Adams (R.), 35,231; Cooper (Pro.), 212; Adams (Union), 43.

III. Burk (R.), 56,882; Marsh (Pro.), 402; Stearn (Lib. Sun. L.), 35; Burk (Union), 29.

IV. Foerderer (R.), 21,056; Mutchler (Pro.), 361; Foerderer (Union), 38.

IV. (Special election November 3, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by death of Robert H. Foerderer). Reuben O. Moon (R.), 17,557; A. H. Ressler (Pro.), 250; A. Raymond Raff (Independence), 2,307.

V. Morrell (R.), 25,325; Smith (Pro.), 292; Morrell (Union), 33.

VI. McCreary (R.), 28,733; Eavenson (Pro.), 501; McCreary (Bal. Ref.), 1,546; McCreary (Union), 347.

VII. Butler (R.), 20,062; Rhodes (D.), 9,751; Paschall (Pro.), 666; Keevan (S.), 213.

VIII. Wanger (R.), 22,689; Ingersoll (D.), 20,080; Holcomb (Pro.), 392; Jaques (S.), 440; Wanger (Bal. Ref.), 1.

IX. Cassel (R.), 18,287; McCoy (D.), 7,036; Von Neida (Pro.), 402; Bixler (S.), 508.

X. Connell (R.), 13,055; Howell (Anti-Mach. D.), 13,600; Williams (Pro.), 641; Lamb (S.), 695; Connell (Bal. Ref.), 84.

XI. Palmer (R.), 16,257; Martin (D.), 14,041; Palmer (Pro.), 530; Quinn (S.), 3,911; Martin (Work.), 50.

XII. Patterson (R.), 14,151; Ryan (D.), 12,402; Zweizig (Pro.), 284; Lannon (S.), 1,928.

XIII. Sowden (R.), 19,772; Kline (D.), 24,771; Brown (S.), 1,233.

XIV. Wright (R.), 14,401; West (D.), 10,727; Dickerson (Pro.), 1,109.

XV. Deemer (R.), 17,518; Mansel (D.), 13,693; Mansel (Pro.), 1,287; Reese (S.), 691; Mansel (Union), 32.

XVI. Godcharles (R.), 13,171; Dickerman (D.), 14,019; Harman (Pro.), 705.

XVII. (Old district). To fill vacancy—Lord (R.), 12,143; Billmeyer (D.), 14,658.

XVII. Mahon (R.), 21,197; Huber (D.), 16,740.

XVIII. Olmsted (R.), 22,193; Forster (D.), 13,715; Ellenberger (Pro.), 1,253.

XIX. Evans, (R.), 20,814; Creswell (D.), 15,690; Thropp (Union). 128.

XX. Lafean (R.), 15,553; McClean (D.), 14,962; Tome (S.), 311.

XXI. Dresser (R.), 16,722; Hibner (D.), 13,243; McCoy (Pro.), 1,295.

XXII. Huff (R.), 18,827; Heineman (D.), 13,014; Woodburn (Pro.), 778.

XXIII. Cooper (R.), 15,546; Kennedy (D.), 13,791; Robinson (Pro.), 1,096.

XXIV. Acheson (R.), 15,147; Eckert (D.), 9,974; Bailey (Pro.), 1,335; Frethey (S.), 898; Cunningham (Cit.), 142.

XXV. Bates (R.), 15,538; Osborne (D.), 11,311; Mason (Pro.), 985; Cunningham (S. L.), 200; Ocamb (S.), 1,039.

XXVI. Nesbit (R.), 11,599; Shull (D.), 15,765; Dreibelbies (Pro.), 565; Hughes (S.), 1,671.

XXVII. Smith (R.), 16,018; Smiley (D.), 10,618; Haupt (Pro.), 1,007.

PENNSYLVANIA—(Continued).

XXVIII. Sibley (R.), 17,616; Watson (D.), 12,889; Buzza (Pro.), 3,042; Roth (S.), 1.

XXIX. Graham (R.), 14,535; Shiras (D. and Cit.), 14,553; Eaton (Pro.), 237; Hunt (S. L.), 121.

XXX. Dalzell (R.), 19,085; Garber (Pro.), 518; Jackson (S. L.), 460.

XXXI. Burke (R.), 14,532; Porter (D. and Cit.), 16,241; Conley (S. L.), 96.

XXXII. Barchfeld (R.), 13,471; Brown (D. and Cit.), 14,517; Hood (Pro.), 283; Gilchrist (S. L.), 329.

Note—In the XXIXth, XXXIst and XXXIId districts the successful candidates were Republicans, supported by a Citizens'-Democratic fusion.

RHODE ISLAND.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Rep. S. Pomeroy Colt	GOV'RNOR. 1903. Dem. L. F. C. Garvin.
Bristol	1273	727	1460	903
Kent	2613	1126	2412	1608
Newport	3283	1776	2994	2641
Providence ..	24194	15223	20074	24052
Washington .	2421	960	2335	1374
Totals	33784	19812	29275	30578
Plurality	13972			1303
Per cent.....	59.74	35.03	47.18	49.29
Scattering ..	2952		2182	
Whole vote..	56548		62035	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1903 was: ——— (Pro.), 936; Anzilly (Soc. Lab.), 943; Furlong (Soc.), 308.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1903.

Lieutenant-Governor—Utter (R.), 29,081; Archambault (D.), 28,700; Aldrich (Pro.), 1,841; La Voie (Soc. Lab.), 1,087; Thomas (Soc.), 416.

Secretary of State — Bennett (R.), 32,-593; Gilmartin (D.), 25,678; Prentice (Pro.), 1,414; Lawless (Soc. Lab.), 1,133; Allen (Soc.), 479.

General Treasurer—Reed (R.), 31,196; Potter (D.), 26,930; Trafton (Pro.), 1,253; Fassel (Soc. Lab.), 1,215; Workman (Soc.), 807.

Attorney General — Stearns (R.), 30,-613; Aldrich (D.), 27,040; Peabody (Pro.), 1,587; Holland (Soc. Lab.), 1,180; Berger (Soc.), 357.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Bull (R.), 14,535; Granger (D.), 15,-198; Wesley (Pro.), 388; Reid (S. L.), 894; Granger's plurality, 663.

II. Capron (R.), 13,680; Owen (D.), 12,657; Dexter (Pro.), 903; Capron's plurality, 1023.

LEGISLATURE OF 1904.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	*29	40	69
Democrats	12	32	42
Rep. majorities...	19	8	27

*Lieutenant-Governor's vote as Senator included.

Constitutional Amendment changing the judiciary system of the State—Approve, 23,344; reject, 7,821.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Heyward.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. No opposition.
Abbeville	8	1366	838	—
Aiken	53	1470	1041	—
Anderson	68	1858	1134	—
Bamberg	36	793	533	—
Barnwell	57	1356	893	—
Beaufort	385	378	546	—
Berkeley	112	472	401	—
Charleston	272	1720	1195	—
Cherokee	59	1084	682	—
Chester	20	836	525	—
Chesterfield	56	1314	905	—
Clarendon	83	1130	649	—
Colleton	120	889	808	—
Darlington	53	1230	436	—
Dorchester	43	770	455	—
Edgefield	17	919	782	—
Fairfield	17	670	415	—
Florence	74	1290	620	—
Georgetown	451	440	1086	—
Greenville	47	1777	1081	—
Greenwood	4	1484	999	—
Hampton	1	936	537	—
Horry	79	1330	555	—
Kershaw	43	910	472	—
Lancaster	70	1300	990	—
Laurens	30	1540	1070	—
Lee	—	—	532	—
Lexington	30	1302	1187	—
Marion	119	1296	608	—
Marlboro	35	714	384	—
Newberry	40	1368	945	—
Oconee	69	873	571	—
Orangeburg	167	2457	1557	—
Pickens	60	933	633	—
Richland	62	445	346	—
Saluda	7	1289	913	—
Spartanburg	101	2467	1751	—
Sumter	150	1199	469	—
Union	91	1182	861	—
Williamsburg	323	1256	705	—
York	37	1198	707	—
Totals	3579	47236	31827	—
Plurality		43657		
Per cent.	7.06	92.94		
Whole vote	50815			

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Sloan (D.), 31,814.
Secretary of State—Gantt (D.), 31,691.
Attorney General—Gunter, jr. (D.), 31,650.
Treasurer—Jennings (D.), 31,635.
Controller—Jones (D.), 31,634.
Superintendent of Education—Martin (D.), 31,633.
Adjutant General—Frost (D.), 31,622.
Railroad Commissioner—Caughman (D.), 31,630.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Legare (D.), 3,749; Prioleau (R.), 175.
II. Croft (D.), 5,134; Dixon (R.), 247.
III. Aiken (D.), 5,082; Scott (R.), 58.
IV. Johnson (D.), 4,642; Blalock (R.), 61.
V. Finley (D.), 4,535; White (R.), 34.
VI. Scarborough (D.), 3,981; no opposition.
VII. Lever (D.), 4,220; Dantzler (R.), 167.

SOUTH CAROLINA—(Continued).

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	—	—	—
Democrats	41	124	165
Dem. majorities	41	124	165

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Counties.	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. Herreid.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Martin.
Aurora	503	486	516	462
Beadle	1220	915	1274	626
Bon Homme	1271	1028	1242	964
Brookings	1707	1084	1539	322
Brown	2197	1722	1698	493
Brule	644	710	665	658
Buffalo	87	100	122	86
Butte	402	420	407	355
Campbell	626	230	555	128
Charles Mix	1108	1058	1250	991
Clark	996	752	946	274
Clay	1387	1037	1263	418
Codington	1225	805	941	798
Custer	438	415	407	328
Davison	853	782	915	522
Day	1558	1092	1392	366
Deuel	1052	604	883	329
Douglass	649	567	629	593
Edmunds	621	553	542	447
Fall River	521	421	463	330
Faulk	618	302	518	117
Grant	1305	716	841	308
Gregory	325	259	471	292
Hamlin	928	509	751	250
Hand	592	594	657	394
Hanson	607	607	540	529
Hughes	537	272	468	105
Hutchinson	1128	534	1095	171
Hyde	286	115	354	89
Jerauld	374	357	428	185
Kingsbury	1330	868	1185	230
Lake	1172	901	1039	290
Lawrence	3435	2619	2894	1210
Lincoln	1908	1220	1770	250
Lyman	429	210	448	172
McCook	978	989	926	747
McPherson	898	297	699	106
Marshall	820	728	748	168
Meade	550	565	495	370
Miner	662	697	606	577
Minnehaha	3410	2440	2802	747
Moody	1190	875	1170	302
Pennington	899	784	861	532
Potter	375	381	273	285
Roberts	1875	1067	1339	416
Sanborn	628	549	710	230
Spink	1496	1087	1257	438
Stanley	254	252	215	205
Sully	294	152	264	31
Turner	1977	877	1550	313
Union	1571	1358	1385	825
Walworth	478	282	429	101
Yankton	1639	1266	1470	923
Totals	54530	39544	48196	21396
Plurality	14986		26800	
Per cent.	56.72	14.14	64.86	28.73
Scattering	2057			
Whole vote	96131		74457	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902

SOUTH DAKOTA—(Continued).

was: Curtis (Pro.), 2,245; Crawford (S.), 2,620.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Snow (R.), 48,244; Smith (D.), 20,921; Edgar (Pro.), 2,214; Shakstad (S.), 2 556.

Secretary of State—Berg (R.), 48,221; Ashley (D.), 20,978; Brown (Pro.), 2,228; Brothers (S.), 2,511.

Auditor—Halladay (R.), 48,028; Taubman (D.), 21,021; Tasker (Pro.), 2,233; Walker (S.), 2,584.

Treasurer—Collins (R.), 48,100; Chladek (D.), 20,936; Lewis (Pro.), 2,268; Clark (S.), 2,579.

Attorney General—Hall (R.), 48,425; Lynch (D.), 21,055; Cranmer (Soc.), 2,636.

Superintendent of Instruction—Nash (R.), 48,464; Small (D.), 21,003; McClellan (Soc.), 2,620.

Railroad Commissioner—Smith (R.), 47,832; Rose (D.), 21,094; Reincke (Pro.), 2,100; Case (S.), 2,575.

Commissioner of School and Public Lands—Bach (R.), 48,029; Minnehan (D.), 20,920; Noble (Pro.), 2,129; Pierce (S.), 2,510.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

Two at large—Burke (R.), 48,310; Martin (R.), 48,454; Wilson (D.), 21,113; Robinson (D.), 20,814; Kelly (Pro.), 2,317; Smith (Pro.), 2,251; Knowles (S.), 2,738; Price (S.), 2,578.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. Bal.
Republicans	41	77	118
Democrats	4	10	14
Rep. majorities	37	67	104

TENNESSEE.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Campbell	Dem. Frazier
Anderson	1997	732	914	445
Bedford	1357	2167	808	1773
Benton	720	1385	512	892
Bledsoe	734	498	348	373
Blount	2201	825	1361	610
Bradley	1579	909	448	453
Campbell	2189	479	1424	369
Cannon	775	1213	293	863
Carroll	2516	1931	1654	1211
Carter	2763	408	1535	459
Cheatham	440	1190	187	790
Chester	702	894	477	648
Claiborne	987	770	653	769
Clay	498	830	293	522
Cocke	2360	1001	1559	806
Coffee	624	1660	260	1285
Crockett	1050	1428	510	688
Cumberland	750	405	298	241
Davidson	2501	6869	671	4535
Decatur	890	909	664	615
De Kalb	1442	1528	678	950
Dickson	964	1691	304	1127
Dyer	728	1975	113	819
Fayette	885	2282	205	1062

TENNESSEE—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Campbell	Dem. Frazier
Fentress	782	320	448	216
Franklin	613	2196	211	1800
Gibson	1509	3876	273	1328
Giles	1703	2790	590	2015
Grainger	1802	960	1142	599
Greene	3091	2868	1994	2631
Grundy	357	852	108	447
Hamblen	1322	959	881	828
Hamilton	3943	3188	1190	3092
Hancock	1429	382	736	301
Hardeman	1386	1974	478	1248
Hardin	1367	1159	1107	767
Hawkins	2515	1867	1303	1400
Haywood	214	1452	37	662
Henderson	1925	1308	1443	879
Henry	929	2605	483	1709
Hickman	894	1292	206	780
Houston	341	738	15	430
Humphreys	614	1561	219	894
Jackson	935	1479	497	1066
James	598	283	264	191
Jefferson	2347	816	1660	647
Johnson	1618	189	986	244
Knox	3982	4389	2415	4229
Lake	201	558	6	170
Lauderdale	437	1807	54	731
Lawrence	1327	1480	643	846
Lewis	202	400	65	228
Lincoln	728	2463	245	1589
Loudon	1116	512	939	571
Macon	1325	871	570	544
McMinn	2057	1289	923	822
McNairy	1498	1443	1086	945
Madison	1147	2379	330	1250
Marion	1585	1234	319	520
Marshall	763	2184	327	1661
Maury	2491	3325	478	1677
Meigs	619	701	251	426
Monroe	1743	1634	1081	1147
Montgomery	1815	2248	504	1994
Moore	66	838	51	661
Morgan	1053	421	690	315
Obion	771	2722	199	1310
Overton	764	1443	476	1197
Perry	608	851	322	596
Pickett	514	345	433	264
Polk	906	737	358	499
Putnam	1058	1452	626	1283
Rhea	832	798	531	669
Roane	2429	740	1321	522
Robertson	1128	2566	241	1564
Rutherford	1429	2517	387	1654
Scott	1498	171	1001	121
Sequachee	216	375	78	252
Sevier	2595	382	1805	264
Shelby	2961	5143	336	4104
Smith	1118	1940	417	1093
Stewart	793	1577	249	992
Sullivan	1739	2421	971	1825
Sumner	776	2589	454	2347
Tipton	1308	1887	440	1526
Trousdale	222	675	104	514
Unicoi	822	76	388	85
Union	1501	566	835	281
Van Buren	158	425	94	282
Warren	672	1926	393	1627
Washington	2488	1496	1412	1209
Wayne	1405	576	442	297
Weakley	1990	3609	451	1541

TENNESSEE—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. Campbell.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Dem. Frazier
White	656	1658	378	1540
Williamson	704	2136	134	1279
Wilson	1061	2674	309	1440
Totals	123008	145250	59002	98954
Plurality		22242		39952
Per cent	44.92	53.05	36.86	61.77
Scattering	5528		2193	
Whole vote	273786		160149	

Cheves (Pop.) received 2,193 votes for Governor.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Railroad Commissioner—John McKenzie (D.), 82,935; J. J. Elliott (R.), 35,272.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. W. P. Brownlow (R.), 15,373; C. H. Lyle (D.), 9,752.

II. Henry R. Gibson (R.), 12,054; Harvey H. Hannah (D.), 9,644.

III. John A. Moon (D.), 13,752; T. B. Janeway (R.), 343; J. D. Campbell, 8.

IV. M. C. Fitzpatrick (D.), 11,509; G. H. West (R.), 6,228

V. James D. Richardson (D.), 10,284; J. W Parker (R.), 3,113.

VI. J. W. Gaines (D.), 9,422; A. M. Tillman (R.), 2,025.

VII. L. P. Padgett (D.), 9,470; E. L. Gregory (R.), 3,106.

VIII. T. W. Sims (D.), 9,293; F. M. Davis (R.), 8,317.

IX. Rice A. Pierce (D.), 7,371; A. D. Kellar (R.), 1,557.

X. M. R. Patterson (D.), 7,869; T. C. Phelan (R.), 1,500; L. B. Eaton (R.), 91.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt bal.
Republicans	5	15	20
Democrats	28	84	112
Dem. majorities	23	69	92

TEXAS.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. G. W. Burkett	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Dem. S. W. T. Lanham
Anderson	1596	2462	845	1944
Andrews				
Angelina	512	1383	306	1255
Aransas	122	207	109	274
Archer	85	465	75	418
Armstrong	40	195	6	260
Atascosa	291	838	90	1022
Austin	1094	1863	1022	1859
Bailey				
Bandera	353	546	183	696
Bastrop	1829	2194	1206	2101
Baylor	89	471	38	515
Bee	301	1051	216	866
Bell	1214	4584	173	3984
Bexar	3845	5375	2090	5455
Blanco	383	524	143	656
Borden	30	130		246
Bosque	685	1729	170	1577
Bowie			867	3058
Brazoria	675	971	154	824
Brazos	1616	1786	730	1922
Brewster	198	256	102	285
Briscoe	31	217	6	261
Brown	632	1685	191	1450
Burleson	1351	1601	297	1856
Burnet	523	1253	54	1661
Caldwell	910	2168	393	1844
Calhoun			94	174
Callahan	288	820	99	771
Cameron	1562	1564	1013	1715
Camp	710	591	335	873
Carson	22	103	9	142
Cass	1714	1373	816	1449
Castro	24	116		197
Chambers	207	318	172	308
Cherokee	1528	1927	466	1759
Childress	56	379	10	542
Clay	270	1197		1074
Cochran				
Coke			71	477
Coleman	240	1433	30	948
Collin	1750	5090	856	3386
Collingsworth	13	201	7	269
Colorado	1382	2019	539	1263
Comal	542	725	417	849
Comanche	581	2204	192	2117
Concho	75	206	38	274
Cooke	517	3203	113	2071
Coryell	518	2174	145	1903
Cottle	29	157	5	184
Crane				
Crockett	173	170	72	251
Crosby			2	186
Dallam	2	26	20	222
Dallas	3448	8291	744	5355
Dawson				
Deaf Smith	41	184	8	356
Delta	613	1420	121	1637
Denton	956	3305	392	2196
De Witt	1287	1699	1079	1422
Dickens	10	192		219
Dimmit	124	144	63	217
Donley	122	325	35	357
Duval	481	338	462	727
Eastland			243	2275
Ector			3	115
Edwards	257	268	1	371
Ellis	1091	5659	429	4832
El Paso	1007	2492	138	2702
Erath	1185	2881	188	2560
Falls	2541	2968	392	2808
Fannin	1869	5561	1180	4928
Fayette	2331	3546	1873	3551
Fisher	113	431	74	484
Floyd	50	264	34	255
Foard	69	232	31	200
Fort Bend	969	628	132	728
Franklin				859
Freestone	1173	1460	636	1468
Frio	235	507	209	529
Gaines				
Galveston	2302	3523	1355	24
Garza				

TEXAS—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. G. W. Burkett.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. S. W. T. Lanham.
Gillespie	1148	434	924	598
Glasscock	5	16	—	95
Goliad	685	728	894	759
Gonzales	1280	2489	1239	2704
Gray	—	—	—	119
Grayson	2473	6444	871	4358
Gregg	970	737	520	906
Grimes	82	1595	44	1067
Guadalupe	1879	1606	1789	1722
Hale	46	280	3	350
Hall	31	324	28	356
Hamilton	532	1238	158	1475
Hansford	24	22	13	78
Hardeman	95	561	27	626
Hardin	345	578	319	596
Harris	2687	5564	1868	5193
Harrison	1122	1234	181	2834
Hartley	17	110	—	225
Haskell	72	416	72	752
Hays	489	1400	336	1507
Hemphill	55	153	29	168
Henderson	919	1627	366	1793
Hidalgo	426	1397	70	950
Hill	1159	4427	332	3541
Hockley	—	—	—	—
Hood	366	1087	—	705
Hopkins	1134	2521	324	2422
Houston	1297	1912	471	1799
Howard	103	351	69	558
Hunt	1201	4564	334	3669
Hutchinson	—	—	2	130
Irion	—	156	—	182
Jack	—	—	151	912
Jackson	385	441	483	534
Jasper	588	524	141	381
Jeff Davis	155	93	155	139
Jefferson	—	—	523	2041
Johnson	1057	3590	30	2144
Jones	147	747	67	942
Karnes	248	953	335	1122
Kaufman	—	—	496	3666
Kendall	485	266	458	322
Kent	27	169	13	192
Kerr	238	558	245	652
Kimble	158	288	22	479
King	6	119	—	122
Kinney	199	179	155	278
Knox	34	413	41	597
Lamar	1619	4187	333	3251
Lamb	—	—	—	—
Lampasas	438	847	168	869
La Salle	323	179	50	404
Lavaca	1210	2870	802	2377
Lee	1126	1185	944	1326
Leon	1062	1680	588	1117
Liberty	486	956	532	780
Limestone	1114	3144	252	2357
Lipscomb	60	135	50	143
Live Oak	57	406	47	404
Llano	365	752	62	990
Loving	—	—	—	—
Lubbock	41	168	13	298
Lynn	—	—	—	—
Madison	500	953	333	1052
Marion	789	390	114	315
Martin	11	83	—	164
Mason	339	602	257	667
Matagorda	259	347	1	515
Maverick	416	407	285	436

TEXAS—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. G. W. Burkett.	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. S. W. T. Lanham.
McCulloch	229	512	95	762
McLennan	1988	4868	393	4138
McMullen	64	168	58	136
Medina	535	880	634	739
Menard	168	312	8	419
Midland	76	282	37	347
Milam	1479	3408	479	2834
Mills	337	691	31	647
Mitchell	142	451	66	501
Montague	347	3051	99	1965
Montgomery	951	1381	1036	1367
Moore	9	27	1	122
Morris	—	—	213	1004
Motley	6	264	9	259
Nacogdoches	1094	1897	761	1813
Navarro	1911	4062	489	3619
Newton	506	769	357	684
Nolan	130	396	88	600
Nueces	462	1140	593	1225
Ochiltree	10	22	—	120
Oldham	21	82	9	75
Orange	407	842	405	846
Palo Pinto	362	1267	32	1528
Panola	678	1766	62	1370
Parker	882	2572	223	2342
Parmer	—	—	—	—
Pecos	—	—	92	348
Polk	896	1138	232	744
Potter	97	332	59	475
Presidio	437	258	118	453
Rains	454	546	231	676
Randall	—	216	19	276
Red River	848	2602	831	2492
Reeves	46	559	4	314
Refugio	84	192	135	219
Roberts	79	218	8	142
Robertson	1247	1868	163	3173
Rockwall	121	1140	32	757
Runnels	89	612	48	677
Rusk	1627	2250	920	1760
Sabine	—	—	—	—
St. Augustine	383	673	179	1026
San Jacinto	1128	862	1005	714
San Patricio	40	460	56	477
San Saba	341	1083	108	1070
Schleicher	—	—	21	187
Scurry	161	376	71	484
Shackelford	73	249	8	204
Selby	—	—	131	1170
Sherman	9	24	3	144
Smith	2471	2711	904	2154
Somervell	164	379	1	402
Starr	857	1249	58	1190
Stephens	45	735	11	540
Sterling	49	141	33	173
Stonewall	107	278	13	410
Sutton	158	176	94	214
Swisher	50	148	30	222
Tarrant	1746	5277	989	5102
Taylor	558	1253	48	1005
Terry	—	—	—	—
Throckmorton	54	254	28	220
Titus	445	956	171	934
Tom Green	235	602	155	725
Travis	2640	4203	1379	3819
Trinity	517	1111	295	1128
Tyler	522	1215	274	876
Upshur	—	—	145	637
Upton	—	—	—	—

TEXAS—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep.	Dem.	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan.	G. W. Burkett	S. W. T. Lanham...
Valde	280	558	235	637
al Verde...	227	571	40	770
an Zandt...	855	2278	84	2687
ictoria			1144	1243
Valker	1182	1299	336	1065
Waller	760	970	776	739
Ward			15	313
Washington .	1473	1811	658	2073
Webb	1771	1103	869	2212
Wharton	536	784	619	463
Wheeler				168
Wichita	217	913	149	781
Wilbarger ...	138	626	78	822
Williamson ..	1812	3667	548	3217
Wilson	477	1800	601	2273
Winkler				
Wise	703	2993	189	2492
Wood	1050	1630	288	1803
Yakum				
Young	160	934	61	970
Zapata	462	102	279	159
Zavala	35	126	16	153
Totals	130641	267432	65706	219076
Plurality		136791		153370
Per cent.....	30.96	63.65	21.48	71.62
Scattering ...	23787		21095	
Whole vote...	421860		305877	

In 1900 the scattering vote for President was: Barker (Pop.), 20,981; Woolley (Pro.), 2,644; Debs (Soc. Labor), 162.

In 1902 for Governor the scattering vote was: J. M. Mallett (Pop.), 12,387; G. W. Carroll (Pro.), 8,708.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

(Official, except for Lieutenant Governor.)

Lieutenant Governor—G. D. Neal (D.), 85,651; D. H. L. Bonner (Pop.), 14,572; S. E. Everts (Pro.), 7,463.

Attorney General—C. K. Bell (D.), 96,429; T. J. McMinn (Pop.), 15,272; W. P. McBride (S.), 3,615.

Controller—R. M. Love (D.), 295,500; J. L. Pardue (Pop.), 12,329; R. O. Longworthy (S.), 3,513.

Treasurer—John W. Robbins (D.), 275,-67; Eugene Nolte (R.), 65,415; B. Barry (Pop.), 13,461; M. T. Bruce (S.), 3,278.

Commissioner of General Land Office—J. J. Terrell (D.), 288,677; S. C. Granbury (Pop.), 15,654; J. W. Kuykendall (S.), 4,592.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Arthur Leflevre (D.), 294,573; J. Collier (Pop.), 16,583; J. E. Gibson (S.), 3,641.

Railroad Commissioner—O. B. Colquitt (D.), 292,945; E. P. Alsbury (Pop.), 4,587; J. G. Cloar (S.), 4,231.

Associate Justice of Supreme Court—W. A. Williams (D.), 290,668.

Associate Justice, Court of Criminal Appeals—W. L. Davidson (D.), 300,651.

For constitutional amendment making payment of poll tax a prerequisite to voting—200,650 against 107,748.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. J. Hurley (R.), 8,875; Morris Shepard (D.), 19,214.

TEXAS—(Continued).

II. W. McDaniel (R.), 2,632; S. B. Cooper (D.), 17,175.

III. L. L. Rhoades (R.), 561; J. G. Russell (D.), 16,628; scattering, 310.

IV. C. A. Gray (R.), 3,063; C. B. Randell (D.), 17,464.

V. S. H. Lumpkin (R.), 1,633; Jack Beall (D.), 19,873; scattering, 519.

VI. Scott Field (D.), 17,262.

VII. A. W. Gregg (D.), 13,162.

*VIII. L. McDaniel (R.), 6,431; T. H. Ball (D.), 14,301; scattering, 302.

IX. B. R. Burow (R.), 11,574; G. F. Burgess (D.), 18,316.

X. C. Schenken (R.), 2,990; A. S. Burleson (D.), 20,539; scattering, 20.

XI. A. Wurts (R.), 690; R. L. Henry (D.), 14,548; scattering, 199.

XII. S. A. Greenwell (R.), 3,424; O. W. Gillespie (D.), 16,220.

XIII. R. O. Rector (R.), 2,034; J. A. Stephens (D.), 24,027; scattering, 124.

XIV. D. H. Meek (R.), 4,915; J. L. Slayden (D.), 19,898; scattering, 552.

XV. J. C. Scott (R.), 10,707; J. N. Garner (D.), 16,542; scattering, 51.

XVI. D. G. Hunt (R.), 291; W. R. Smith (D.), 22,118; scattering, 100.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	0	1	1
Democrats	31	129	160
Independents	0	1	1
Dem. majorities...	31	127	158

*At a special election held Nov. 17, 1903, John Pinckney (D.), was elected to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of T. H. Ball.

UTAH.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep.	Dem.	J. SUP. CT. —1902.— Rep.	Dem.
	McKinley.	Bryan...	McCarty	Young.
Beaver	682	629	799	606
Box Elder...	1635	1460	1729	1352
Cache	2820	3082	3057	3058
Carbon	748	621	745	526
Davis	1238	1380	1212	1163
Emery	666	798	640	708
Garfield	649	395	539	225
Grand	178	204	238	189
Iron	628	708	546	511
Juab	1532	1986	1267	1359
Kane	392	161	278	119
Millard	938	844	844	748
Morgan	391	363	367	392
Piute	330	280	426	235
Rich	387	282	336	312
Salt Lake....	13496	12840	11550	10788
San Juan....	81	72	88	67
Sanpete	3575	2441	2724	2177
Sevier	1581	1261	1452	936
Summit	1555	1763	1819	1849
Tooele	1259	1114	1042	713
Utah	5698	5391	5157	4433
Uintah	689	773	623	670
Wasatch	723	781	744	672
Washington .	409	1003	489	871

UTAH—(Continued).

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	J. SUP. CT. —1902.— Rep. McCarty	Dem. Young
Wayne	324	282	305	254
Weber	4585	4092	4198	3500
Totals	47139	45006	43214	38433
Plurality	2133		4781	
Per cent	50.58	48.31	51.01	45.37
Scattering	1035		3069	
Whole vote	93180		84716	

The scattering vote for Judge of the Supreme Court in 1902 was: Warren Foster (S.), 3,069.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

Howell (R.), 43,710; King (D.), 38,196; Wilson (S.), 2,936.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	12	40	52
Democrats	6	5	11
Rep. majorities	6	35	41

VERMONT.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. McCullough	License Clement
Addison	3286	467	2464	1874
Bennington	2666	871	2294	2044
Caledonia	2957	817	2733	1354
Chittenden	3907	1822	2875	3796
Essex	758	358	665	311
Franklin	2787	1316	2613	2146
Grand Isle	356	146	340	294
Lamoille	1742	418	1430	959
Orange	2515	740	1914	1137
Orleans	2749	441	2687	730
Rutland	5901	1874	2902	5633
Washington	3819	1622	2926	2894
Windham	3948	1014	2804	1977
Windsor	5227	943	3317	3052
Totals	42568	12849	31864	28201
Plurality	29719		3663	
Per cent	75.94	22.85	45.57	40.33
Scattering	799		9862	
Whole vote	56216		69927	

In the Presidential election of 1900 there were 368 votes for Woolley (Pro.), and 431 scattering.

In the election for Governor in 1902 Felix W. McGettrick (D.), received 7,364 votes, and Sherbourne (Pro.), 2,498. No candidate having received a constitutional majority, the Vermont Legislature on

VERMONT—(Continued).

October 1 elected General McCullough Governor, the vote in joint convention standing: McCullough, 164; Clement, 5[illegible] McGettrick, 45.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor—Zerl S. Stanton (R.), 31,763; Elisha May (D.), 7,698; Frank W. Agan (L.), 25,624; Noble L. Ba[illegible] (Pro.), 2,231.

The legislature on October 1 elected M[illegible] Stanton Lieutenant Governor by this vote Stanton, 181; May, 37; Agan, 35.

Treasurer—John L. Bacon (R.), 54,36[illegible] Don C. Pollard (D.), 8,366; Eugene M[illegible] Campbell (Pro.), 2,085.

Secretary of State—Fred. G. Fleetwood (R.)), 54,123; James M. Burke (D.), 9,20[illegible] Clarence B. Wilson (Pro.)), 2,072.

Auditor—Horace F. Graham (R.), 54,[illegible] 006; James E. Byrne (D.), 8,401; Edmund H. Field (Pro.), 2,040.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

I. David J. Foster (R.), 16,007; [illegible] Walter Lyon (D.), 4,394; Henry M. Seele[illegible] (Pro.), 892.

II. Kittridge Haskins (R.), 17,53[illegible] Harris Wilder (D.), 4,150; Sherburne [illegible] Swasey (Pro.), 1,135.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. ba[illegible]
Republicans	25	192	217
Democrats	5	48	53
Independents	—	1	1
Labor	—	1	1

VIRGINIA.

Counties	GOV'RNOR. —1901.— Rep. Hoge	Dem. Montague.	PRESID'T —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan.
Accomac	768	1688	1460	32[illegible]
Albemarle	1250	1502	1674	24[illegible]
Alexandria	300	285	421	4[illegible]
Alleghany	1165	681	1451	8[illegible]
Amelia	482	529	838	6[illegible]
Amherst	706	1358	990	15[illegible]
Appomattox	114	798	457	10[illegible]
Augusta	1759	1726	2519	28[illegible]
Bath	418	375	454	4[illegible]
Bedford	1351	1758	1982	25[illegible]
Bland	488	484	465	5[illegible]
Botetourt	944	1100	1329	13[illegible]
Brunswick	729	1345	1177	10[illegible]
Buchanan	457	458	694	5[illegible]
Buckingham	318	973	922	9[illegible]
Campbell	893	1079	1288	13[illegible]
Caroline	804	1071	1144	10[illegible]
Carroll	1570	1052	1759	14[illegible]
Charlotte	247	1049	323	10[illegible]
Charles City	118	100	Thrown ou[illegible]	
Chesterfield	677	1024	884	13[illegible]
Clarke	273	556	426	10[illegible]
Craig	174	373	265	4[illegible]
Culpeper	657	1009	847	15[illegible]
Cumberland	118	557	205	5[illegible]
Dickenson	532	613	683	7[illegible]

VIRGINIA—(Continued).

Counties	GOV'RNOR. —1901.— Rep. Hoge.	GOV'RNOR. —1901.— Dem. Montague.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.
Dinwiddie ...	280	1041	583	990
Elizab'h City.	382	1077	697	1027
Essex	449	679	590	731
Fairfax	1053	1354	1507	2136
Fauquier	1055	1897	1377	2610
Floyd	1153	522	1566	648
Fluvanna ...	507	697	678	790
Franklin	1535	1487	1702	1785
Frederick ...	400	799	671	1748
Giles	749	976	858	1010
Gloucester ..	356	864	354	484
Goochland ...	654	509	876	602
Grayson	1172	998	1585	1252
Greene	483	366	459	511
Greenesville.	227	635	547	740
Halifax	926	2156	1632	2864
Hanover	719	1089	1201	1203
Henrico	364	1392	1049	2189
Henry	1221	853	1367	1356
Highland	350	359	540	512
Isle of Wight	237	1329	763	1206
James City..	81	297	255	294
King George.	562	381	643	480
King & Que'n	415	641	614	796
King William	700	423	871	462
Lancaster ...	347	854	508	971
Lee	1102	1070	1392	1493
Loudoun	1127	1809	1684	2690
Louisa	517	1105	1187	1169
Lunenburg ..	121	588	343	634
Madison	531	793	664	986
Mathews	124	710	294	726
Mecklenburg..	1802	1375	1855	1697
Middlesex ...	365	675	640	686
Mortgomery..	1310	954	1391	1102
Nansemond .	621	1071	992	1481
Nelson	927	1249	1163	1530
New-Kent ..	206	200	447	282
Norfolk	3172	2714	3024	2415
Northampton.	379	900	896	1180
Nor'umb'l'd ..	727	640	807	809
Nottoway ...	55	994	489	1076
Orange	674	1051	929	1100
Page	1035	637	1214	1041
Patrick	868	870	1281	1026
Pittsylvania.	1644	1904	2328	3758
Powhatan ...	615	420	582	458
Pr. Edward..	250	670	574	843
Pr. George...	96	282	301	367
P'cess Anne.	143	542	327	743
Pr. William..	451	820	680	1351
Pulaski	1142	842	1243	1048
Rappah'nock	692	637	507	813
Richmond ...	196	425	574	692
Roanoke	1049	794	1188	942
Rockbridge..	1673	1470	2223	1658
Rockingham.	2649	2076	2572	2852
Russell	830	1448	1377	1956
Scott	1211	1463	1659	1813
Shenandoah.	1648	1451	1862	1965
Smyth	1336	1198	1794	1252
Southampton	419	1580	610	1708
Spotts'vania.	640	657	817	774
Stafford	956	614	867	648
Surry	205	593	473	839
Sussex	218	622	430	733
Tazewell	1765	890	2663	1312
Warren	220	620	462	1068
Warwick	197	594	338	526

VIRGINIA—(Continued).

Counties	GOV'RNOR. —1901.— Rep. Hoge.	GOV'RNOR. —1901.— Dem. Montague.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.
Washington..	1620	1756	2498	2291
Westmorel'd.	316	587	597	691
Wise	1212	954	1725	1215
Wythe	1448	1581	1932	1607
York	103	356	631	551
Cities.				
Alexandria ..	706	1363	935	2003
Bristol	217	470	281	787
Buena Vista..	123	184	204	215
Charl'esville.	210	508	361	731
Danville	102	1187	310	1575
Fred'ricksb'rg	262	530	353	587
Lynchburg ..	374	1086	660	1081
Manchester ..	85	612	442	647
Newp't News	408	1377	1108	1896
Norfolk	1662	3751	2301	3883
Petersburg ..	88	1302	688	1589
Portsmouth..	523	1458	566	1743
Radford	133	213	197	257
Richmond....	349	5386	2729	6095
Roanoke	1243	1704	1120	1761
Staunton	244	535	375	612
Williamsb'g.	37	150	88	161
Winchester ..	304	338	423	593
Totals.....	81366	116682	115865	146080
Plurality		35316		30215
Per cent.....	40.59	58.21	43.80	55.23
Scattering ..	2392		2525	
Whole vote..	200440		264470	

The scattering vote for President in 1900 was as follows: Woolley (Pro.), 2,150; Debs (S. D.), 145; Malloney (S. L.), 167; Barker (Pop.), 63.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

I. Jones (D.), 7,381; Coles (R.), 2,762.

II. Maynard (D.), 9,746; Hughes (R.), 2,917; Wiggins (S.), 48; Hall (S.), 123.

III. Lamb (D.), 5,300; Edwards (R.), 969; Talley (Ind. R.), 209; Quantz (S.), 32; Harris (Ind.), 9.

IV. Southall (D.), 5,717; Vaughan (R.), 507; Jones (R.), 117.

V. Swanson (D.), 10,363; Davis (R.), 6,414; Dickerson (Pro.), 267.

VI. Glass (D.), 6,345; Graham (Pro.), 1,418.

VII. Hay (D.), 8,461; Hoffman (R.), 4,620.

VIII. Rixey (D.), 6,618; Skinker (R.), 2,011.

IX. Slemp (R.), 13,694; Rhea (D.), 13,476.

X. Flood (D.), 9,119; Lyons (R.), 4,235.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Democrats	37	82	119
Republicans	3	18	21
Dem. majorities...	34	64	98

WASHINGTON.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	SUP. CT. —1902.— Rep. Hadley.	SUP. CT. —1902.— Dem. Reavis.
Adams	461	523	699	644
Asotin	398	328	407	267
Chehalis	1850	1081	1714	786
Chelan	577	573	710	459
Clallam	723	407	708	343
Clarke	1668	1025	1539	717
Columbia	899	706	821	614
Cowlitz	1171	691	1123	473
Douglas	516	615	761	616
Ferry	423	830	399	438
Franklin	52	81	222	185
Garfield	528	437	526	368
Island	263	123	322	112
Jefferson	684	392	717	355
King	10218	7804	11276	5426
Kitsap	880	489	1108	241
Kittitas	1139	934	1070	770
Klickitat	906	495	913	894
Lewis	1907	1382	1903	1179
Lincoln	1414	1585	1517	1273
Mason	514	455	544	400
Okanogan	457	714	565	553
Pacific	887	393	846	181
Pierce	6269	3702	5607	2146
San Juan	428	245	431	112
Skagit	1814	1220	1945	1045
Skamania	175	203	182	110
Snohomish	2961	2418	3787	1700
Spokane	5515	5125	4691	3375
Stevens	1121	1612	1273	1207
Thurston	1208	975	1323	731
Wahkiakum	396	207	355	166
Walla Walla	2119	1480	1814	1135
Whatcom	2952	1700	3289	1227
Whitman	2366	2826	2205	1786
Yakima	1507	1066	1705	1010
Totals	57456	44833	59017	32544
Plurality	12623		26473	
Per cent.	53.43	41.70	60.75	33.50
Scattering	5235		5582	
Whole vote	107524		97143	

The scattering vote for Supreme Court Judge in 1902 was: Hoag (S. L.), 843; Neill (S.), 4,739.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

At Large—Cushman (R.), 59,366; Jones (R.), 59,095; Humphrey (R.), 58,323; Cotterell (D.), 34,315; Holcomb (D.), 32,118; Cole (D.), 32,968; Martin (S. L.), 814; McCormick (S. L.), 823; Jorgensen (S. L.), 806; Scurlock (S.), 4,598; Burgess (S.), 4,632; Scott (S.), 4,664; Sherwood (Pro.), 1,762; McKean (Pro.), 1,774; Fowler (Pro.), 1,785.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	33	83	116
Democrats	9	11	20
Rep. majorities	24	72	96

WEST VIRGINIA.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley.	PRESID'T. —1900.— Dem. Bryan.	GOV'RNOR. —1900.— Rep. White.	GOV'RNOR. —1900.— Dem. Holt.
Barbour	1840	1579	1826	1589
Berkeley	2506	2287	2487	2316
Boone	767	956	766	957
Braxton	1894	2103	1883	2109
Brooke	1001	717	1000	727
Cabell	3667	3251	3568	3359
Calhoun	946	1268	943	1274
Clay	902	718	892	731
Doddridge	1893	1222	1892	1230
Fayette	5404	3230	5341	3309
Gilmer	1117	1410	1098	1454
Grant	1355	367	1351	377
Greenbrier	1870	2465	1841	2485
Hampshire	659	2023	650	2033
Hancock	863	564	860	567
Hardy	596	1292	597	1302
Harrison	3918	2678	3898	2709
Jackson	2840	2194	2838	2217
Jefferson	1207	2727	1211	2746
Kanawha	7249	4736	6945	5058
Lewis	1973	1702	1962	1714
Lincoln	1712	1487	1705	1498
Logan	423	985	421	987
Marion	4351	3612	4250	3731
Marshall	3790	2132	3789	2159
Mason	3162	2460	3117	2506
Mercer	2699	2112	2669	2113
Mineral	1661	1241	1646	1245
Mingo	838	1363	830	1376
Monongalia	2928	1576	2999	1581
Monroe	1556	1532	1514	1540
Morgan	1091	586	1084	606
McDowell	3761	1218	3716	1256
Nicholas	1051	1254	1054	1263
Ohio	7093	5394	7017	5549
Pendleton	927	1157	933	1157
Pleasants	1203	1065	1202	1087
Pocahontas	793	1000	787	1008
Preston	3800	1323	3785	1341
Putnam	2118	1676	2190	1688
Raleigh	1385	1126	1384	1129
Randolph	1771	2154	1775	2157
Ritchie	2512	1571	2500	1583
Roane	2156	2066	2144	2081
Summers	1751	1822	1748	1831
Taylor	2092	1416	2077	1436
Tucker	1694	1199	1696	1203
Tyler	2514	1830	2516	1831
Upshur	2401	865	2392	874
Wayne	2258	2654	2255	2657
Webster	797	1147	792	1152
Wetzel	2083	2664	2078	2674
Wirt	1235	1157	1236	1162
Wood	4808	3700	4752	3744
Wyoming	898	764	896	766
Totals	119829	98807	118798	99282
Plurality	21022		19516	
Per cent.	54.26	44.74	54.03	44.79
Scattering	2179		1780	
Whole vote	220815		219860	

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Dovener (R.), 19,962; McKinney (D.), 16,922; Kinney (Pro.), 1,467.

II. Dayton (R.), 20,969; McGraw (D.), 19,628; Strickler (Pro.), 637.

WEST VIRGINIA—(Continued).

III. Gaines (R.), 19,970; Miller (D.), 17,215; Halstead (Pro.), 523.

IV. Woodyard (R.), 19,158; Chancellor (D.), 16,968; Brown (Pro.), 711.

V. Hughes (R.), 20,164; Johnston (D.), 17,917; McGilliard (Pro.), 56.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	25	57	82
Democrats	5	29	34
Rep. majorities	20	28	48

WISCONSIN.

Counties	PRESID'T. —1900.— Rep. McKinley	Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. —1902.— Rep. La Follette	Dem. Rose
Adams	1513	409	1236	338
Ashland	3034	1557	2280	1752
Barron	2950	943	2174	620
Bayfield	2128	632	1892	426
Brown	4934	3588	3654	3283
Buffalo	2001	1205	1267	826
Burnett	1112	218	865	90
Calumet	1631	1910	1238	1325
Chippewa	4215	2446	2967	1611
Clark	2864	1157	2577	1720
Columbia	4763	2181	3479	2240
Crawford	2333	1353	1746	1572
Dane	9396	6129	7561	6463
Dodge	4780	5813	2810	5343
Door	2362	674	1888	707
Douglas	4450	2187	2933	1762
Dunn	3016	1110	1736	817
Eau Claire	4378	1907	2762	1597
Florence	514	110	267	169
Fond du Lac	6258	5140	4443	4903
Forest	378	95	484	272
Gates			573	222
Grant	5609	3254	4411	2842
Green	2996	1776	2231	1602
Green Lake	2081	1522	1460	1532
Iowa	3270	1743	2659	1794
Iron	1818	356	1165	348
Jackson	2639	651	1735	593
Jefferson	3729	4127	2492	3842
Juneau	2914	1586	2308	1435
Kenosha	3078	2101	1959	1895
Kewaunee	1750	1729	1302	1718
La Crosse	5324	3609	3806	3300
Lafayette	2852	2100	2376	2144
Langlade	1598	1080	1167	1246
Lincoln	2147	1552	1992	1412
Manitowoc	4317	4167	3584	3376
Marathon	4717	3768	3745	3657
Marinette	4237	1535	2880	1769
Marquette	1560	866	1266	1045
Milwaukee	34799	25596	26787	22403
Monroe	3709	2247	2693	1912
Oconto	2754	1117	2097	1619
Oneida	1802	708	1154	670
Outagamie	5245	4068	3806	3287
Ozaukee	1280	1992	977	1677
Pepin	1099	470	611	341
Pierce	3433	1041	1315	765
Polk	2735	694	1386	215
Portage	3285	2633	2601	2499
Price	1725	529	1087	773
Racine	5925	3853	4452	3824
Richland	2593	1524	2080	1419
Rock	8249	3094	5078	3146
St. Croix	3368	2076	2408	1886
Sauk	4329	2491	2775	2085
Sawyer	723	305	578	467
Shawano	3243	1504	2298	1393
Sheboygan	5927	4049	4460	3731
Taylor	1420	1012	1026	1059
Trempealeau	3364	1190	2141	519
Vernon	4463	1263	3439	759
Vilas	1208	488	760	516
Walworth	5102	1742	2838	1488
Washburn	808	253	644	252
Washington	2614	2524	2140	2327
Waukesha	5127	3016	3799	3091
Waupaca	5284	1383	3489	1030
Waushara	2990	525	2107	565
Winnebago	7467	5605	6191	4811
Wood	3135	1878	2740	1920
Totals	265760	159163	193417	145818
Plurality	106597		47599	
Per cent.	60.02	35.96	53.03	39.99
Scattering	17578		26408	
Whole vote	442501		365643	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: Drake (Pro.), 9,647; Seidel (S. D.), 15,970; Peck (S. L.), 791.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Lieutenant Governor — Wattawa (D.), 135,127; Mott (Pro.), 9,471; Davidson (R.), 194,449; Saltiel (S. D.), 17,064; Hillman (S. L.), 858.

Secretary of State—Lange (D.), 134,755; Martin (Pro.), 9,648; Houser (R.), 193,630; Ziegler (S. D.), 17,360; Vierthaler (S. L.), 854.

Treasurer—Luckow (D.), 134,343; Russell (Pro.), 9,725; Kempf (R.), 193,697; Amman (S. D.), 17,389; Hanson (S. L.), 906.

Attorney General—Skaar (D.), 134,001; Allen (Pro.), 9,617; Sturdevant (R.), 193,153; Elsner (S. D.), 17,484; Fischer (S. L.), 900.

State Superintendent of Schools—Mathie (D.), 149,524; Collins (Pro.), 12,936; Cary (R.), 198,610; Evans (S. D.), 17,504; Echlund (S. L.), 901.

Insurance Commissioner—Ferber (D.), 133,426; Moe (Pro.), 9,456; Host (R.), 192,936; Zander (S. D.), 17,171; Maury (S. L.), 874.

Railroad Commissioner — Redner (D.), 138,119; Evans (Pro.), 9,328; Thomas (R.), 189,905; Lowry (S. D.), 17,197; Simon (S. L.), 866.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN, 1902.

I. Henry A. Cooper (R.), 20,437; Lewis C. Baker (D.), 12,122; T. W. North (Pro.), 1,411.

II. Henry C. Adams (R.), 17,519; John J. Wood, jr. (D.), 14,485; Charles F. Cronk (Pro.), 1,182.

III. Joseph W. Babcock (R.), 19,405; Jackson Silbaugh (D.), 11,155; Edward Owers (Pro.), 1,356.

WISCONSIN—(Continued).

IV. Theobald Otjen (R.), 15,101; John F. Donovan (D.), 13,468; Lyle B. Walker (Pro.), 375; Herman W. Bisbortous (S. D.), 5,167; Frank R. Wilke (S. L.), 120.

V. William H. Stafford (R.), 14,971; Henry Smith (D.), 10,971; W. D. Cox (Pro.), 458; Henry C. Berger (S. D.), 6,060; Charles Minkley (S. L.), 209.

VI. Charles H. Weisse (D.), 17,991; William H. Froelich (R.), 14,575; George C. Hill (Pro.), 532; John P. Wilson (S. D.), 1,394.

VII. John J. Esch (R.), 18,494; William Cernahan (D.), 9,543; Frank R. Sebenthall (Pro.), 925.

VIII. James H. Davidson (R.), 19,553; Thomas H. Patterson (D.), 12,651; Joseph Mathews (Pro.), 811; Charles C. Fraim (S. D.), 802.

IX. Edward S. Minor (R.), 15,958; Edward Decker (D.), 11,479; Thomas W. Lomas (Pro.), 518.

X. Webster E. Brown (R.), 19,554; Burt Williams (D.), 14,937; William D. Badger (Pro.), 659

XI. John J. Jenkins (R.), 19,329; Joseph A. Rene (D.), 8,261; Moses Y. Cliff (Pro.), 1,077.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	30	75	105
Democrats	3	25	28
Rep. majorities	27	50	77

WYOMING.

Counties	PRESID'T. 1900. Rep. McKinley	PRESID'T. 1900. Dem. Bryan	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Rep. Richards	GOV'RNOR. 1902. Dem. Beck
Albany	1540	1001	1173	941
Big Horn	943	479	961	777
Carbon	1757	1152	1864	997
Converse	795	406	816	429
Crook	692	531	730	557
Fremont	919	539	816	622
Johnson	466	440	566	446
Laramie	2181	1538	1902	1512
Natrona	520	267	616	334
Sheridan	1018	985	1193	839
Sweetwater	1101	740	1103	708
Uinta	2102	1748	2216	1579
Weston	548	338	527	276
Totals	14482	10164	14483	10017
Plurality	4318		4466	
Per cent.	58.76	41.24	57.81	39.98
Whole vote	24646		25052	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1902 was: Breitenstein (S.), 552.

VOTE ON STATE TICKET, 1902.

Secretary.—Chatterton (R.), 14,695; Stickney (D.), 9,373; Gates (S.), 604.

Auditor.—Grant (R.), 14,863; Hays (D.), 9,226; O'Neill (S.), 514.

Treasurer.—Hay (R.), 14,604; Hunter (D.), 9,496; Ketchum (S.), 502.

Superintendent of Instruction.—Tynan (R.), 14,398; De Lario (D.), 9,772; Brown (S.), 472.

WYOMING—(Continued).

Justice of Supreme Court.—Potter (R.), 15,211; Groesbeck (S.), 1,700.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN, 1902.

Mondell (R.), 15,808; Clemmons (D.), 8,892.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.	Jt. bal.
Republicans	20	46	66
Democrats	3	4	7
Rep. majorities	17	42	59

ARIZONA.

Counties	DELEGATE IN CONGRESS. 1900. Rep. N. O. Murphy	1900. Dem. M. A. Smith	1902. Rep. Robt E. Morrison	1902. Dem. J. F. Wilson
Apache	309	213	356	212
Cochise	665	804	1157	1504
Coconino	502	436	583	448
Gila	388	648	409	438
Graham	680	904	753	1345
Maricopa	1691	1706	1599	1762
Mohave	133	424	292	309
Navajo	270	303	326	234
Pima	699	877	940	812
Pinal	196	281	254	265
Santa Cruz	229	384	259	277
Yavapai	1670	1213	1960	1663
Yuma	284	471	351	447
Totals	7716	8664	9239	9716
Plurality		948		477
Per cent.	46.28	51.96	46.93	49.35
Scattering	292		733	
Whole vote	16672		19688	

Scattering vote for Delegate to Congress in 1902 was as follows: Ostora Gibson (Pro.), 223; William Neissl (S.), 510.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE, 1903.

	Council.	House
Republicans	5	4
Democrats	7	20
Democratic majorities	2	16

NEW-MEXICO.

Counties	DELEGATE IN CONGRESS. 1900. Rep. B. S. Rodey	1900. Dem. C. A. Larrazolo	1902. Rep. B. S. Rodey	1902. Dem H. B. Ferguson
Bernalillo	3332	1450	3818	42
Chaves	377	628	359	88
Colfax	1134	1194	1450	102
Dona Ana	948	918	1221	46
Eddy	255	376	194	45
Grant	1137	1281	849	87
Guadalupe	504	648	773	59
Lincoln	773	571	767	67
Luna			261	24
McKinley	445	287	390	17
Mora	1086	1099	1128	98
Otero	448	617	692	47

NEW-MEXICO—(Continued).

Counties	DELEGATE IN CONGRESS. —1900.— Rep. R. S. Roley.	Dem. C. A. Lar-razolo.	—1902.— Rep. B. S. Roley.	Dem. H. B. Fer-gusson.
Rio Arriba	1525	1207	1752	899
San Juan	224	490	346	390
San Miguel	2569	2271	2794	1984
Santa Fe	1569	1312	1630	1116
Sierra	325	554	426	379
Socorro	1416	1163	1483	987
Taos	996	927	1150	786
Union	719	740	732	711
Valencia	1785	124	1998	56
Totals	21567	17857	24222	14578
Plurality	3710		9646	
Per cent.	54.70	45.30	62.43	37.57
Whole vote	39424		38798	

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Senate.	House.
Republicans	12	20
Democrats	—	3
Republican majorities	12	17

One district tied in House.

OKLAHOMA.

Counties	DELEGATE IN CONGRESS. —1900.— Rep. Flynn.	Dem. Neff.	—1902.— Rep. Mc-Guire.	Dem. Cross.
Beaver	435	226	426	319
Blaine	1246	753	1482	1132
Caddo	——	——	2015	1705

OKLAHOMA—(Continued).

Counties	DELEGATE IN CONGRESS. —1900.— Rep. Flynn.	Dem. Neff.	—1902.— Rep. Mc-Guire.	Dem. Cross.
Canadian	1672	1492	1790	1603
Cleveland	1155	1395	1301	1660
Comanche	——	——	2434	2946
Custer	1223	958	1295	1235
Day	240	224	450	603
Dewey	788	722	1051	960
Garfield	2764	2137	2611	1901
Grant	2013	1799	1987	1536
Greer	815	1388	1276	2848
Kay	2712	2026	2440	2206
Kingfisher	2236	1810	2128	1372
Kiowa	——	——	1387	1761
Lincoln	2870	2591	2566	2506
Logan	2775	2062	2978	1777
Noble	1589	1155	1211	1208
Oklahoma	2373	2194	2786	3091
Pawnee	1474	1280	1419	1156
Payne	2037	2109	1965	1888
Pottawatomie	1975	2169	1846	3171
Roger Mills	407	643	638	1226
Washita	981	1103	982	1459
Woods	3478	2526	3444	2780
Woodward	995	747	1895	1360
Totals	38253	33529	45803	45409
Plurality	4724		394	
Per cent.	52.13	47.06	48.61	48.19
Scattering	1585		2998	
Whole vote	73367		94210	

The scattering vote in 1902 was: Smith (S.), 1,963; Van Cleeve (Pro.), 1,035.

LEGISLATURE OF 1903.

	Council.	House.
Republicans	7	14
Democrats	6	12

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

ALABAMA—CAPITAL, MONTGOMERY.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor	William D. Jelks	4 years	January 19, 1907	$5,500
Lieutenant-Governor	Russell M. Cunningham.	4 years	January 19, 1907	——
Secretary of State	Massey Wilson	4 years	January 19, 1907	——
Attorney-General	J. T. Heflin	4 years	January 19, 1907	1,800
Auditor	J. L. Sowell	4 years	January 19, 1907	2,400
Treasurer	J. Craig Smith	4 years	January 19, 1907	2,100
Comm'r Agriculture	R. R. Poole	4 years	January 19, 1907	2,100
Supt. of Education	Isaac W. Hill	4 years	January 19, 1907	——

All State officials Democrats.

ALASKA (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, SITKA.

Governor	John G. Brady	4 years	June 6, 1904	$5,000
Surveyor-General and ex-officio Secretary	William L. Distin	4 years	June 7, 1904	2,500
General Agent Education	Sheldon Jackson	Unlimited		2,000

All Territorial officials Republicans.

ARIZONA (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, PHOENIX.

Governor	Alexander O. Brodie	4 years	July, 1906	$2,600
Secretary of Territory	Isaac T. Stoddard	4 years	June, 1905	1,800
Treasurer	Isaac M. Christy	2 years	August, 1904	1,000
Attorney-General	E. W. Wells	2 years	August, 1904	3,500
Chief Justice	Edward Kent	4 years	March 4, 1906	4,000

All Territorial officials Republicans.

ARKANSAS—CAPITAL, LITTLE ROCK.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor	Jeff Davis	2 years	January, 1905	$3,500
Secretary of State	J. W. Crockett	2 years	January, 1905	1,800
[1]Auditor	T. C. Monroe	2 years	January, 1905	2,250
Treasurer	H. C. Tipton	2 years	January, 1905	2,250
Attorney-General	G. W. Murphy	2 years	January, 1905	2,500
Chief Justice	Henry G. Bunn	8 years	January, 1911	3,000
Land Commissioner	F. E. Conway	2 years	October 31, 1904	1,800
Supt. Public Instruction	J. H. Hinemon	2 years	October 31, 1904	1,800
Comm'r Agriculture	H. T. Bradford	2 years	October 31, 1904	1,800

All State officials Democrats.

CALIFORNIA—CAPITAL, SACRAMENTO.

Governor	George C. Pardee	4 years	January, 1907	$6,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Alden Anderson	4 years	January, 1907	[2]
Secretary of State	Charles F. Curry	4 years	January, 1907	3,000
Controller	Edward P. Colgan	4 years	January, 1907	3,000
Treasurer	Truman Reeves	4 years	January, 1907	3,000
Chief Justice	W. H. Beatty	4 years	January, 1907	5,000
Attorney-General	U. S. Webb	4 years	January 1907	3,000
Surveyor-General	Victor H. Woods	4 years	January, 1907	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction	Thomas J. Kirk	4 years	January, 1907	3,000

All State officials Republicans.

COLORADO—CAPITAL, DENVER.

Governor	James H. Peabody	2 years	January, 1905	$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Warren A. Haggott	2 years	January, 1905	1,000
Secretary of State	James Cowie	2 years	January, 1905	3,000
Auditor	John A. Holmberg	2 years	January, 1905	2,500
Treasurer	Whitney Newton	2 years	January, 1906	6,000
Chief Justice	J. C. Campbell	9 years	January, 1913	5,000
Attorney-General	Nathan C. Miller	2 years	January, 1905	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction	Mrs. Helen L. Grenfell	2 years	January, 1905	3,000

All State officials Republicans.

CONNECTICUT—CAPITAL, HARTFORD.

Governor	Abiram Chamberlain	2 years	January, 1905	$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Henry Roberts	2 years	January, 1905	500
Secretary of State	Charles G. R. Vinal	2 years	January, 1905	1,500
Controller	W. E. Seeley	2 years	January, 1905	1,500
Treasurer	Henry H. Gallup	2 years	January, 1905	1,500
Attorney-General	W. A. King	4 years	January, 1907	4,000
Chief Justice	David Torrance	8 years	October, 1909	4,500

All State officials Republicans.

DELAWARE—CAPITAL, DOVER.

Governor	John Hunn	4 years	January, 1905	$2,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Philip L. Cannon	4 years	January, 1905	[3]
Secretary of State	Caleb R. Layton	4 years	January, 1905	
Auditor	Purnal B. Norman jr.	4 years	January, 1905	1,200
Treasurer	Martin B. Burris	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Chancellor	John R. Nicholson	12 years	June, 1909	3,800
Chief Justice	Charles B. Lore	12 years	June, 1909	3,800
Attorney-General	Herbert H. Ward	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Insurance Commissioner	George W. Marshall	4 years	January, 1905	1,500

All State officials Republicans.

FLORIDA—CAPITAL, TALLAHASSEE.

Governor	William S. Jennings	4 years	January, 1905	$3,500
Secretary of State	H. Clay Crawford	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Controller	A. C. Croom	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Treasurer	James B. Whitfield	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Attorney-General	William B. Lamar	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Chief Justice	R. F. Taylor	6 years	January, 1905	3,000
Comm'r Agriculture	B. E McLin	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction	William M. Sheats	4 years	January, 1905	2,000

All State officials Democrats.

GEORGIA—CAPITAL, ATLANTA.

Governor	J. M. Terrell	2 years	November 1, 1904	$3,000
Secretary of State	Philip Cook	2 years	November 1, 1904	2,000
Controller	William A. Wright	2 years	November 1, 1904	2,000

[1]Also Insurance Commissioner. [2]Ten dollars a day as President of Senate during session of legislature. [3]Five dollars a day while presiding as Speaker of the Senate for sixty days.

GEORGIA—CAPITAL, ATLANTA—(Continued).

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Treasurer	Robert E. Park	2 years...	November 1, 1904..	$2,000
Chief Justice	Thomas J. Simmons	6 years...	October 29, 1904...	3,000
Attorney-General	John C. Hart	2 years...	November 1, 1904..	2,000
Comm'r Agriculture	O. B. Stevens	2 years...	November 1, 1904..	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	W. B. Merritt	2 years...	November 1, 1904..	2,000
Prison Commissioner	Thomas Eason	2 years...	November 1, 1904..	——

All State officials Democrats.

HAWAII (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, HONOLULU.

[1]Governor	George R. Carter	4 years...	June 14, 1904	$5,000
[1]Secretary of Territory	A. L. C. Atkinson	4 years...	June 14, 1904	3,000
[1]Chief Justice	Walter F. Frear	4 years...	June 14, 1904	5,500
[1]Auditor	J. H. Fisher	4 years...	June 14, 1904	3,600
[2]Treasurer	A. Noah Keroikai	4 years...	May 4, 1905	4,500
[2]Attorney-General	L. Andrews	4 years...	June 14, 1904	4,500
[2]Land Commissioner	J. W. Platt	4 years...	June 14, 1904	4,500
[2]Supt. Public Instruction	A. T. Atkinson	4 years...	June 14, 1904	3,600

All Territorial officials Republicans.

IDAHO—CAPITAL, BOISE.

Governor	John T. Morrison	2 years...	January, 1905	$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor	J. M. Stevens	2 years...	January, 1905	[3]
Secretary of State	Wilmot H. Gibson	2 years...	January, 1905	1,800
Auditor	Theo. Turner	2 years...	January, 1905	1,800
Treasurer	Henry N. Coffin	2 years...	January, 1905	1,000
Attorney-General	John A. Bagley	2 years...	January, 1905	2,000
Chief Justice	I. N. Sullivan	6 years...	January, 1905	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	May L. Scott	2 years...	January, 1905	1,500
Inspector of Mines	Robt. Bell	2 years...	January, 1905	1,200

All State officials Republicans.

ILLINOIS—CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD.

Governor	Richard Yates	4 years...	January, 1905	$8,000
Lieutenant-Governor	William A. Northcott	4 years...	January, 1905	1,000
Secretary of State	James A. Rose	4 years...	January, 1905	3,500
Auditor	James S. McCullough	4 years...	January, 1905	3,500
Treasurer	Fred A. Busse	2 years...	January, 1905	6,500
Attorney-General	H. J. Hamlin	4 years...	January, 1905	3,500

All State officials Republicans.

INDIANA—CAPITAL, INDIANAPOLIS.

Governor	W. T. Durbin	4 years...	January, 1905	$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	N. W. Gilbert	4 years...	January, 1905	1,000
Secretary of State	Daniel E. Storms	2 years...	January, 1905	6,500
Auditor	D. E. Sherrick	2 years...	January, 1905	7,500
Treasurer	Nathaniel V. Hill	2 years...	January, 1905	6,500
Attorney-General	Charles A. Miller	2 years...	January, 1905	7,500
State Statistician	B. F. Johnson	2 years...	January, 1905	2,000
State Geologist	W. S. Blatchley	2 years...	January, 1905	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction.	F. A. Cotton	4 years...	March, 1905	2,500

All State officials Republicans.

IOWA—CAPITAL, DES MOINES.

[4]Governor	Albert B. Cummins	2 years...	January, 1906	$3,600
Lieutenant-Governor	John Herriott	2 years...	January, 1906	1,100
[4]Secretary of State	W. B. Martin	2 years...	January, 1905	2,200
[4]Auditor	B. F. Carroll	2 years...	January, 1905	2,200
[4]Treasurer	G. S. Gilbertson	2 years...	January, 1905	2,200
Attorney-General	C. W. Mullan	2 years...	January, 1905	4,000
Chief Justice	Charles A. Bishop	6 years...	January, 1910	4,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	J. F. Riggs	2 years...	January, 1906	2,200

All State officials Republicans.

KANSAS—CAPITAL, TOPEKA.

Governor	W. J. Bailey	2 years...	January, 1905	$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor	D. J. Hanna	2 years...	January, 1905	[5]700
Secretary of State	J. R. Burrow	2 years...	January, 1905	2,500
Auditor	Seth G. Wells	2 years...	January, 1905	2,500
Treasurer	T. T. Kelly	2 years...	January, 1905	2,500
Attorney-General	C. C. Coleman	2 years...	January, 1905	2,500
Chief Justice	W. A. Johnston	5 years...	January, 1907	3,000

[1]Appointed by President. [2]Appointed by Governor. [3]Five dollars a day for sixty days. [4]Five hundred dollars a year extra as member of Executive Council. [5]And $6 a day during session of legislature.

KANSAS—CAPITAL, TOPEKA—(Continued).

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Insurance Commissioner	Charles H. Luling	2 years...	January, 1905	$2,000
Supt. Public Instruction	I. L. Dayhoff	2 years...	January, 1905	2,000

All State officials Republicans.

KENTUCKY—CAPITAL, FRANKFORT.

Governor	J. C. W. Beckham	4 years...	December, 1907	$6,500
Lieutenant-Governor	W. P. Thorne	4 years...	December, 1907	——
Secretary of State	H. V. McChesney	4 years...	December, 1907	3,000
Auditor	S. W. Hager	4 years...	December, 1907	3,600
Treasurer	H. M. Bosworth	4 years...	December, 1907	3,600
Attorney-General	N. B. Hays	4 years...	December, 1907	4,000

All State officials Democrats.

LOUISIANA—CAPITAL, BATON ROUGE.

Governor	W. W. Heard	4 years...	April, 1904	[2]$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Albert Estopinal	4 years...	April, 1904	1,500
[1]Secretary of State	John T. Michel	4 years..	April, 1904	[3]1,800
Auditor	W. S. Frazee	4 years...	April, 1904	2,500
Treasurer	LeDoux E. Smith	4 years...	April, 1904	2,000
Attorney-General	Walter Guion	4 years...	May, 1904	3,500
Chief Justice	F. T. Nichols	12 years..	May, 1904	5,000
Supt. Public Education	Joseph V. Calhoun	4 years...	May, 1904	2,000
Land Commissioner	James M. Smith	4 years...	July, 1904	[3]1,500
Com. of Agriculture	J. G. Lee	4 years...	April, 1904	2,500

All State officials Democrats.

MAINE—CAPITAL, AUGUSTA.

Governor	John F. Hill	2 years...	January 1, 1905	$2,000
Secretary of State	Byron Boyd	2 years...	January 1, 1905	1,500
Treasurer	Oramandel Smith	2 years...	January 1, 1905	2,000
Chief Justice	Andrew P. Wiswell	7 years...	January 2, 1907	3,500
Attorney-General	George M. Seiders	2 years...	January 1, 1905	1,000
Land Agent	E. E. Ring	3 years...	August 1, 1905	1,000
Supt. Public Instruction	W. W. Stetson	3 years...	January, 1904	1,500

All State officials Republicans.

MARYLAND—CAPITAL, ANNAPOLIS.

Governor	Edwin Warfield	4 years...	January, 1908	$4,500
Secretary of State	——	4 years...	January, 1908	——
Controller	Gordon T. Atkinson	2 years...	January, 1906	2,500
Attorney-General	William Shepard Bryan	4 years...	January, 1908	3,000
Treasurer	Murray Vandiver	2 years...	February, 1904	——
Chief Judge	James McSherry	15 years..	January, 1918	4,800
Supt. of Education	M. Bates Stevens	4 years...	May, 1906	3,000

All State officials Democrats.

MASSACHUSETTS—CAPITAL, BOSTON.

Governor	John L. Bates	1 year....	January, 1905	$8,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Curtis Guild, jr.	1 year....	January, 1905	2,000
Secretary Commonwealth	William M. Olin	1 year....	January, 1905	3,500
Attorney-General	Herbert Parker	1 year....	January, 1905	5,000
Auditor	Henry E. Turner	1 year....	January, 1905	3,500
Treasurer	E. S. Bradford	1 year....	January, 1905	5,000
Chief Justice	Marcus P. Knowlton	Life.....	.....	8,500

All State officials Republicans.

MICHIGAN—CAPITAL, LANSING.

Governor	Aaron T. Bliss	2 years...	January, 1905	$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor	O. W. Robinson	2 years...	January, 1905	[4]
Secretary of State	Fred M. Warner	2 years...	January, 1905	800
Auditor-General	Perry F. Powers	2 years...	January, 1905	3,000
Treasurer	Daniel McCoy	2 years...	January, 1905	1,000
Attorney-General	Horace M. Oren	2 years...	January, 1905	800
Chief Justice	Frank A. Hooker	10 years..	December 31, 1911	7,000
Insurance Commissioner	J. Victor Barry	Appointed	——	2,000
Land Commissioner	E. A. Wildey	2 years...	January, 1905	800
Supt. Public Instruction	Delos Fall	2 years...	January, 1905	1,000

All State officials Republicans.

MINNESOTA—CAPITAL, ST. PAUL.

Governor	Samuel R. Van Sant	2 years...	January, 1905	$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Ray W. Jones	2 years...	January, 1905	[5]
Secretary of State	Peter E. Hanson	2 years...	January, 1905	3,500
Auditor	S. G. Iverson	4 years...	January, 1907	3,600

[1]Also Insurance Commissioner. [2]And mansion. [3]And fees [4]Three dollars a day during session of legislature. [5]Ten dollars a day for ninety days.

MINNESOTA—CAPITAL, ST. PAUL—(Continued).

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Treasurer	Julius H. Block	2 years...	January, 1909...	$3,500
Attorney-General	W. B. Douglas	2 years...	January, 1905...	4,800
Chief Justice	Charles M. Start	6 years...	January, 1907...	5,000
Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners	Ira B. Mills, chairman.	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000

All State officials Republicans.

MISSISSIPPI—CAPITAL, JACKSON.

Governor	James K. Vardaman	4 years...	January, 1908...	$3,500
Lieutenant-Governor	J. P. Carter	4 years...	January 1908...	[2]
Secretary of State	J. W. Power	4 years...	January, 1908...	2,000
Auditor	T. M. Henry	4 years...	January, 1908...	2,500
Treasurer	George W. Carlisle	2 years...	January, 1906...	2,500
Attorney-General	William Williams	4 years...	January, 1908...	2,500
Land Commissioner	E. H. Nall	4 years...	January, 1908...	1,800

All State officials Democrats.

MISSOURI—CAPITAL, JEFFERSON CITY.

Governor	Alexander M. Dockery	4 years...	January, 1905...	$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	[1]Thomas L. Rubey	4 years...	January, 1905...	$4,000
Secretary of State	Sam B. Cook	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Treasurer	Robert P. Williams	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Auditor	Albert O. Allen	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Chief Justice	Waltour M. Robinson	10 years..	December 31, 1904.	4,500
Attorney-General	Ed. C. Crow	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	Wm. T. Carrington	4 years...	January, 1907...	3,000
Insurance Supt.	E. G. Yates	4 years...	March, 1905...	3,000

All State officials Democrats.

MONTANA—CAPITAL, HELENA.

Governor	Joseph K. Toole	4 years...	January, 1905...	$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Frank G. Higgins	4 years...	January, 1905...	[4]
Secretary of State	George M. Hays	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Auditor & Ins. Com.	J. H. Calderhead	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Treasurer	A. H. Barret	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Attorney-General	James Donovan	4 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Chief Justice	Theodore H. Brantley	6 years...	January, 1905...	4,000
Land Register	Thomas D. Long	4 years...	January, 1905...	2,500

All State officials Democrats.

NEBRASKA—CAPITAL, LINCOLN.

Governor	J. H. Mickey	2 years...	January, 1905...	$2,500
Lieutenant-Governor	E. G. McGilton	2 years...	January, 1905...	600
Secretary of State	George W. Marsh	2 years...	January, 1905...	2,000
Auditor	Charles Weston	2 years...	January, 1905...	2,500
Treasurer	P. Mortensen	2 years...	January, 1905...	2,500
Attorney-General	Frank N. Prout	2 years...	January, 1905...	2,000
Land Commissioner	George D. Follner	2 years...	January, 1905...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	William K. Fowler	2 years...	January, 1905...	——

All State officials Republicans.

NEVADA—CAPITAL, CARSON CITY.

Governor	John Sparks	4 years...	January, 1907...	$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Lemuel Allen	4 years...	January, 1907...	1,800
Secretary of State	W. G. Douglass	4 years...	January, 1907...	2,400
Controller	Samuel P. Davis	4 years...	January, 1907...	2,400
Treasurer	D. M. Ryan	4 years...	January, 1907...	2,400
Attorney-General	J. G. Sweeney	4 years...	January, 1907...	2,000
Chief Justice	C. H. Belknap	6 years...	January, 1905...	4,500
Surveyor General	E. D. Kelley	4 years...	January, 1907...	2,400
Supt. Public Instruction.	Orvis Ring	4 years...	January, 1907...	2,000
State Printer	Andrew Maute	4 years...	January, 1907...	2,000

All State officials Democrats, except Sec. of State (R.), and Supt. of Public Instruction (R.).

NEW-HAMPSHIRE—CAPITAL, CONCORD.

Governor	Nahum J. Bachelder	2 years ..	January, 1905...	$2,000
Secretary of State	Edward N. Pearson	2 years...	January, 1905...	3,000
Treasurer	Solon A. Carter	2 years...	January, 1905...	2,500
Chief Justice	Frank N. Parsons	70 yrs.age	September, 1924...	3,800

[1]Vice John A. Lee, resigned. [2]Five hundred dollars for regular session of legislature, and $6 a day for special session. [3]Seven dollars additional a day during session of legislature. [4]Ten dollars a day during session of legislature.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE—CAPITAL, CONCORD—(Continued).

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Attorney-General	Edwin G. Eastman	5 years.	January, 1907	$2,200
Supt. Public Instruction.	Channing Folsom	2 years.	September, 1904	2,500
Insurance Commissioner.	John C. Linehan	3 years.	October, 1905	2,000

All State officials Republicans.

NEW-JERSEY—CAPITAL, TRENTON.

Governor	Franklin Murphy	3 years.	January, 1905	$10,000
Secretary of State	Samuel D. Dickinson	5 years.	April 1, 1907	6,000
Controller	J. Willard Morgan	3 years.	February 20, 1905	6,000
Treasurer	Frank O. Briggs	3 years.	February 11, 1905	6,000
Attorney-General	Robert H. McCarter	5 years.	April, 1907	7,000
Chancellor	W. J. Magie	7 years.	January 14, 1908	10,000
Chief Justice	William S. Gummere	7 years.	November 16, 1908	10,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	Charles J. Baxter	5 years.	April 1, 1907	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.	David O. Watkins	3 years.	April 1, 1906	4,000

All State officials Republicans.

NEW-MEXICO (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, SANTA FE.

Governor	Miguel A. Otero	4 years.	January, 1906	$3,000
Secretary	J. W. Raynolds	4 years.	January, 1906	1,800
Auditor	W. G. Sargent	4 years.	March, 1905	3,000
Treasurer	J. H. Vaughan	2 years.	March, 1905	2,500
Chief Justice	William J. Mills	4 years.	February, 1906	3,000
Land Commissioner	A. A. Keen	2 years.	March, 1905	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	J. Francisco Chaves	2 years.	March, 1905	2,500

All Territorial officials Republicans.

NEW-YORK—CAPITAL, ALBANY.

For full list of New-York State officials, see "New-York State Government."

NORTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, RALEIGH.

Governor	C. B. Aycock	4 years.	January, 1905	$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor	W. D. Turner	4 years.	January, 1905	[1]
Secretary of State	J. Bryan Grimes	4 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Auditor	B. F. Dixon	4 years.	January, 1905	1,500
Treasurer	B. R. Lacy	4 years.	January, 1905	3,000
Chief Justice	Walter Clark	8 years.	January, 1911	2,750
Attorney-General	R. D. Gilmer	4 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.	James R. Young	4 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	J. Y. Joyner	4 years.	January, 1907	1,500

All State officials Democrats.

NORTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, BISMARCK.

Governor	Frank White	2 years.	January, 1905	$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor	David Bartlett	2 years.	January, 1905	1,000
Secretary of State	E. F. Porter	2 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Auditor	H. L. Holmes	2 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Treasurer	D. H. McMillan	2 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Attorney-General	C. N. Frich	2 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.	Frederick Leutz	2 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Chief Justice	N. C. Young	6 years.	December, 1904	4,000
Supt. Public Instruction.	W. L. Stockwell	2 years.	January, 1905	2,000
Com. of Agr. and Labor.	R. J. Turner	2 years.	January, 1905	2,000

All State officials Republicans.

OHIO—CAPITAL, COLUMBUS.

Governor	Myron T. Herrick	2 years.	January, 1906	$8,000
Lieutenant-Governor	W. G. Harding	2 years.	January, 1906	800
Secretary of State	Lewis C. Laylin	2 years.	January, 1905	4,000
Auditor	W. D. Guilbert	4 years.	January, 1908	4,500
Treasurer	W. S. McKinnon	2 years.	January, 1906	4,500
Attorney-General	William T. Spear	2 years.	January, 1906	4,500
Chief Justice	A. N. Summers	6 years.	February 9, 1905	4,000

All State officials Republicans.

OKLAHOMA (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, GUTHRIE.

Governor	Thomas B. Ferguson	4 years.	May, 1905	$2,600
Secretary	William Grimes	4 years.	June, 1905	1,800
Chief Justice	John H. Burford	4 years.	February, 1906	3,000

All State officials Republicans.

[1] Six dollars a day during session of legislature.

OREGON—CAPITAL, SALEM.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor	George E. Chamberlain	4 years	January, 1907	[3]$1,500
Secretary of State	Frank J. Dunbar	4 years	January, 1907	[4]1,500
Treasurer	Charles S. Moore	4 years	January, 1907	[5]800
Attorney-General	A. M. Crawford	4 years	January, 1907	3,000
Chief Justice	R. S. Bean	6 years	July, 1908	3,500
State School Supt	J. H. Ackerman	4 years	January, 1907	2,000

All State officials Republicans, except George E. Chamberlain (Governor), Democrat.

PENNSYLVANIA—CAPITAL, HARRISBURG.

Governor	Samuel W. Pennypacker	4 years	January, 1907	$10,000
Lieutenant-Governor	William M. Brown	4 years	January, 1907	5,000
Secy. of Commonwealth	Frank M. Fuller	4 years	January, 1907	4,000
Attorney-General	Hampton L. Carson	4 years	January, 1907	3,500
Secretary of Int. Affairs	Isaac B. Brown	4 years	May, 1907	4,000
Auditor-General	William P. Snyder	3 years	May, 1907	4,000
Treasurer	William L. Mathues	2 years	May, 1906	8,000
Supt. Public Education	Nathan C. Schaeffer	4 years	January, 1907	4,000
Chief Justice	James T. Mitchell	20 years	January, 1910	8,500

All State officials Republicans.

RHODE ISLAND—CAPITAL, PROVIDENCE.

Governor	L. F. C. Garvin	1 year	January, 1905	$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor	George H. Utter	1 year	January, 1905	500
Secretary of State	Charles P. Bennett	1 year	January, 1905	3,500
Auditor	Charles C. Gray	1 year	January, 1905	1,500
Treasurer	Walter A. Read	1 year	January 1905	2,500
Attorney-General	Charles F. Stearns	1 year	January, 1905	4,500
Chief Justice	John H. Stiness	Life	———	5,500

All State officials Republicans, except Governor (D).

SOUTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, COLUMBIA.

Governor	D. C. Heyward	2 years	January, 1905	$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor	John T. Sloan	2 years	January, 1905	400
Secretary of State	J. T. Gault	2 years	January, 1905	1,950
Controller-General	A. W. Jones	2 years	January, 1905	1,950
Treasurer	R. H. Jennings	2 years	January, 1905	1,950
Supt. Public Instruction	O. B. Martin	2 years	January, 1905	1,950
Attorney-General	M. Y. Gunter, jr	2 years	January 1905	1,950
Chief Justice	Edward McIver	8 years	July, 1906	2,850

All State officials Democrats.

SOUTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, PIERRE.

Governor	Charles N. Herreid	2 years	January, 1905	$2,500
Lieutenant-Governor	George W. Snow	2 years	January, 1905	[6]
Secretary of State	O. C. Berg	2 years	January, 1905	1,800
Auditor	J. F. Halladay	2 years	January, 1905	1,800
Treasurer	C. B. Collins	2 years	January, 1905	1,800
Attorney-General	Philo Hall	2 years	January, 1905	1,000
Chief Justice	Richard Haney	6 years	January, 1906	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction	G. W. Nash	2 years	January, 1905	1,800
Com. School & Pub. L'ds	C. J. Bach	2 years	January, 1905	1,800

All State officials Republicans.

TENNESSEE—CAPITAL, NASHVILLE.

Governor	James B. Frazier	2 years	January, 1905	$4,000
Secretary of State	John W. Morton	4 years	February, 1905	3,000
Controller	Theodore F. King	2 years	February, 1905	3,500
Treasurer	R. E. Folk	2 years	February, 1905	3,500
Attorney-General	Charles T. Cates, jr	8 years	August, 1910	3,000
Chief Justice	W. D. Beard	8 years	August, 1910	3,500

All State officials Democrats.

TEXAS—CAPITAL, AUSTIN.

Governor	S. W. T. Lanham	2 years	January 17, 1905	$4,000
Lieutenant Governor	Geo. O. Neal	2 years	January, 1905	[7]
Secretary of State	J. R. Curl	2 years	January, 1904	2,500
Controller	———	2 years	January, 1905	2,500
Treasurer	John W. Robbins	2 years	January 1905	2,500
Attorney-General	C. K. Bell	2 years	January, 1905	[8]2,500
Chief Justice	R. R. Gaines	6 years	January 15, 1907	4,000
Land Commissioner	J. J. Terrell	2 years	January 17, 1905	2,500

All State officials Democrats.

[1]Also Insurance Commissioner. [2]Appointed by Governor. [3]And specific sums for various duties, in all about $4,350 per annum. [4]And fees as Auditor, Land Commissioner and Insurance Commissioner. [5]Also fees as Land Commissioner. [6]Ten dollars a day during session of legislature, sixty days. [7]Five dollars a day during session of legislature. [8]And fees.

UTAH—CAPITAL, SALT LAKE CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor	Heber M. Wells	4 years	January, 1905	$2,000
Secretary of State	J. T. Hammond	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Auditor	C. S. Tingey	4 years	January, 1905	1,500
Treasurer	John De Grey Dixon	4 years	January, 1905	1,000
Attorney-General	M. A. Breeden	4 years	January, 1905	1,500
Chief Justice	William H. McCarty	7 years	January, 1910	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction	A. C. Nelson	4 years	January, 1905	1,500

All State officials Republicans.

VERMONT—CAPITAL, MONTPELIER.

Governor	John G. McCullough	2 years	October, 1904	$1,500
Lieutenant-Governor	Zed T. Stanton	2 years	October, 1904	[3]
Secretary of State	Frederick G. Fleetwood	2 years	October, 1904	[4]1,700
Auditor	H. F. Graham	2 years	October, 1904	[5]1,700
Treasurer	J. L. Bacon	2 years	October, 1904	[4]1,700
Chief Justice	John W. Rowell	2 years	October, 1904	[5]3,000
Supt. of Education	Walter E. Ranger	2 years	October, 1904	[5]2,000

All State officials Republicans.

VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, RICHMOND.

Governor	A. J. Montague	4 years	February 1, 1906	$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Joseph E. Willard	4 years	February 1, 1906	600
Sec. of Commonwealth	D. Q. Eggleston	2 years	February 1, 1906	2,000
Auditor	Morton Marye	2 years	February 1, 1904	3,000
Treasurer	A. W. Harman, jr	2 years	February 1, 1906	1,750
Attorney-General	W. A. Anderson	4 years	February 1, 1906	2,500
Chief Justice	James Keith	12 years	January 1, 1907	3,300
Supt. Public Instruction	J. W. Southall	4 years	February 1, 1906	2,000

All State officials Democrats.

WASHINGTON—CAPITAL, OLYMPIA.

Governor	*Henry McBride	4 years	January, 1905	$4,000
Secretary of State	S. H. Nichols	4 years	January, 1905	2,500
Auditor	J. D. Atkinson	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Treasurer	C. W. Maynard	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Chief Justice	J. B. Reavis	4 years	January, 1905	4,000
Attorney-General	W. B. Stratton	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Land Commissioner	S. A. Callvert	4 years	January, 1905	2,000
Supt. of Schools	R. B. Bryan	4 years	January, 1905	2,500

All State officials Republicans.

WEST VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, CHARLESTON.

Governor	A. B. White	4 years	March, 1905	$2,700
[1]Secretary of State	W. M. O. Dawson	4 years	March, 1905	[6]1,000
Auditor	Arnold C. Scherr	4 years	March, 1905	[6]2,000
Treasurer	Peter Silman	4 years	March, 1905	1,400
Attorney-General	R. H. Freer	4 years	March, 1905	1,300
Superintendent Schools	T. C. Miller	4 years	March, 1905	1,500

All State officials Republicans.

WISCONSIN—CAPITAL, MADISON.

Governor	Robert M. La Follette	2 years	January 6 1905	$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor	James O. Davidson	2 years	January 6, 1905	1,000
[1]Secretary of State	W. L. Houser	2 years	January 6, 1905	5,000
Treasurer	J. J. Kempf	2 years	January 6, 1905	5,000
Attorney-General	L. M. Sturdevant	2 years	January 6, 1905	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction	C. P. Cary	2 years	January 6, 1905	1,200
Insurance Commissioner	Z. M. Host	2 years	January 6, 1905	3,000
Chief Justice	John B. Cassoday	10 years	January, 1910	5,000

All State officials Republicans.

WYOMING—CAPITAL, CHEYENNE.

Governor	De Forest Richards	4 years	January, 1907	$2,500
Secretary of State and Lieutenant-Governor	F. Chatterton	4 years	January, 1907	2,000
Auditor	Le Roy Grant	4 years	January, 1907	2,000
Treasurer	Henry G. Hay	4 years	January, 1907	2,000
Attorney-General	J. A. Van Orsdel	2 years	January, 1905	2,000
Chief Justice	Samuel T. Corn	8 years	January, 1911	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction	T. T. Tynan	4 years	January, 1907	2,000

All State officials Republicans.

[1]Appointed. [2]Also Auditor. [3]Six dollars a day during session of legislature, and 60 per cent of fees as Insurance Commissioner. [4]And fees as Insurance Commissioner. [5]And travelling expenses. [6]And fees. *Succeeded by death of Governor Rogers.

THE STATES AND TERRITORIES—GENERAL INFORMATION.

POPULATION OF STATES AND TERRITORIES EACH CENSUS, 1800-1900.

States and Territories.	1800.	1810.	1820.	1830.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Alabama	—	—	127,901	309,527	590,756	771,623	964,201	996,992	1,262,505	1,513,017	1,828,697
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33,426	32,500	63,592
Arizona	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,658	40,440	59,620	122,931
Arkansas	—	—	14,255	30,388	97,574	209,897	435,450	484,471	802,525	1,128,179	1,311,564
California	—	—	—	—	—	92,597	379,994	560,247	864,694	1,208,130	1,485,053
Colorado	—	—	—	—	—	—	34,277	39,864	194,327	412,198	539,700
Connecticut	251,002	261,942	275,148	297,675	309,978	370,792	460,147	537,454	622,700	746,258	908,420
Delaware	64,273	72,674	72,749	76,748	78,085	91,532	112,216	125,015	146,608	168,493	184,735
Dist. of Columbia	14,093	24,023	33,039	39,834	43,712	51,687	75,080	131,700	177,624	230,392	278,718
Florida	—	—	—	34,730	54,477	87,445	140,424	187,748	269,493	391,422	528,542
Georgia	162,686	252,433	340,985	516,823	691,392	906,185	1,057,286	1,184,109	1,542,180	1,837,353	2,216,331
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	89,990	154,001
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,999	32,610	84,385	161,772
Illinois	—	12,282	55,162	157,445	476,183	851,470	1,711,951	2,539,891	3,077,871	3,826,351	4,821,550
Indiana	5,641	24,520	147,178	343,031	685,866	988,416	1,350,428	1,680,637	1,978,301	2,192,404	2,516,462
Indian Territory	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,761	66,152	76,895	180,389	392,060
Iowa	—	—	—	—	43,112	192,214	674,913	1,194,020	1,624,615	1,911,896	2,231,853
Kansas	—	—	—	—	—	—	107,206	364,399	996,096	1,427,096	1,470,495
Kentucky	220,955	406,511	564,135	667,917	779,828	982,405	1,155,684	1,321,011	1,648,690	1,858,635	2,147,174
Louisiana	—	76,556	152,923	215,739	352,411	511,762	708,002	726,915	939,946	1,118,587	1,381,625
Maine	151,719	228,705	298,269	399,455	501,793	583,169	628,279	626,915	648,936	661,086	694,466
Maryland	341,548	380,546	407,350	447,040	470,019	583,034	687,049	780,894	934,943	1,042,390	1,188,044
Massachusetts	422,845	472,040	523,159	610,408	737,699	994,514	1,231,066	1,457,351	1,783,085	2,238,943	2,805,346
Michigan	—	4,762	8,765	31,639	212,267	397,654	749,113	1,184,059	1,636,937	2,093,889	2,420,982
Minnesota	—	—	—	—	—	6,077	172,023	439,706	780,773	1,301,826	1,751,394
Mississippi	8,850	40,352	75,448	136,621	375,651	606,526	791,305	827,922	1,131,597	1,289,600	1,551,270
Missouri	—	20,845	66,557	140,451	383,702	682,044	1,182,012	1,721,295	2,168,380	2,679,184	3,106,665
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20,595	39,159	132,159	243,329
Nebraska	—	—	—	—	—	—	28,841	122,993	452,402	1,058,910	1,066,300
Nevada	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,857	42,491	62,266	45,761	42,335
New-Hampshire	183,858	214,460	244,022	269,328	284,574	317,976	326,073	318,300	346,991	376,530	411,588
New-Jersey	211,149	245,562	277,426	320,823	373,306	489,555	672,035	906,096	1,131,116	1,444,933	1,883,669
New-Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	61,547	93,516	91,874	119,565	153,593	195,310
New-York	589,051	959,049	1,372,111	1,918,608	2,428,921	3,097,394	3,880,735	4,382,759	5,082,871	5,997,853	7,268,894
North Carolina	478,103	555,500	638,829	737,987	753,419	869,039	992,622	1,071,361	1,399,750	1,617,947	1,893,810
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	182,719	319,146
Ohio	45,365	230,760	581,295	937,903	1,519,467	1,980,329	2,339,511	2,665,260	3,198,062	3,672,316	4,157,545
Oklahoma	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	61,834	398,331
Oregon	—	—	—	—	—	13,294	52,465	90,923	174,768	313,767	413,536
Pennsylvania	602,365	810,091	1,047,507	1,348,233	1,724,033	2,311,786	2,906,215	3,521,951	4,282,891	5,258,014	6,302,115
Rhode Island	69,122	76,931	83,015	97,199	108,830	147,545	174,620	217,353	276,531	345,506	428,556
South Carolina	345,591	415,115	502,741	581,185	594,398	668,507	703,708	705,606	995,577	1,151,149	1,340,316

South Dakota....	——	——	——	——	——	——	——	——	——	——	328,808	401,570
Tennessee.....	105,602	261,727	422,771	681,904	829,210	1,002,717	1,109,801	1,258,520	1,542,359	1,767,518	2,020,616	
Texas.....	——	——	——	——	——	212,592	604,215	818,579	1,591,749	2,235,523	3,048,710	
Utah.....	——	——	——	——	——	11,380	40,273	86,786	143,963	207,905	276,749	
Vermont.....	154,565	217,895	235,966	280,652	291,948	314,120	315,098	330,551	332,286	332,422	343,641	
Virginia.....	880,200	974,600	1,065,116	1,211,405	1,239,797	1,421,651	1,596,318	1,225,163	1,512,565	1,655,980	1,854,184	
Washington.....	——	——	——	——	——	——	11,594	23,955	75,116	349,390	518,103	
West Virginia....	——	——	——	——	——	——	——	442,014	618,457	762,794	958,800	
Wisconsin.....	——	——	——	——	30,945	305,391	775,881	1,054,670	1,315,497	1,686,880	2,069,042	
Wyoming.....	——	——	——	——	——	——	——	9,118	20,789	60,705	92,531	
Total population	5,308,483	7,239,881	9,633,822	12,866,020	17,069,453	23,191,876	31,443,321	38,558,371	50,155,783	62,622,250	*76,303,387	

*Inclusive of 91,219 persons in the military and naval service of the United States (including civilian employes, etc.) stationed abroad, not credited to any State or Territory. The census of Porto Rico showed a population of 953,243.

SETTLEMENT, AREA, LEGISLATIVE TERMS AND ELECTIONS.

States and Territories.	Settled.		Act of organization or date of admission.	Legislature.		Next general election.	[1]Square miles.
	By whom.	When.		Length of term.	Next session begins.		
Alabama	French	1713	Dec. 14, 1819	50 days	*Tu. a. 2 M. Jan., 1907	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1906.	52,250
Alaska	Purch'd from Russia.	——	July 27, 1868	——	——	——	577,390
Arizona	Spanish	1590	Feb. 24, 1863	60 days	*3 M. Jan., 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	113,020
Arkansas	French	1685	June 15, 1836	60 days	*2 M. Jan., 1905	*1 M. Sept., 1904	53,850
California	Spanish	1769	Sept. 9, 1850	90 days	†1 M. Jan., 1904	[2]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	158,360
Colorado	——	1850	Aug. 1, 1876	90 days	*1 W. Jan., 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	103,925
Connecticut	Em. from Mass.	1633	——	No limit.	*1 W. a. 1 M. Jan., 1905.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	4,990
Delaware	Swedes and Finns.	1627	——	60 days	*2 Tu. Jan., 1905	[2]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	2,050
Florida	Spanish	1565	March 3, 1845	60 days	*Tu a. 1 M. April, 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	58,680
Georgia	English	1733	——	50 days	†4 W. Oct., 1904	*1 W Oct., 1904	59,475
Hawaii	——	——	——	60 days	*3 W. Feb., 1905	*Nov. 8, 1904	6,600
Idaho	Emigrants	1842	July 3, 1890	60 days	*1 M. a. Jan. 1, 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	84,800
Illinois	French	1720	Dec. 3, 1818	No limit.	*W. a. 1 M. Jan., 1905.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	56,650
Indiana	French	1730	Dec. 11, 1816	61 days	*Jan. 8, 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	36,350
Iowa	Em. from New-Eng.	1833	Dec. 28, 1846	No limit.	†1 M. Jan., 1904	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	56,025
Kansas	Em. from West. States	1850	Jan. 29, 1861	50 days	*2 Tu. Jan., 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	82,080
Kentucky	Em. from Virginia	1775	June 1, 1792	60 days	*Jan. 2 1904	[2]Tu. a. 1 M. Jan., 1904.	40,400
Louisiana	French	1699	April 8, 1812	60 days	†2 M. May, 1904	†2 Tu April, 1904	48,720
Maine	English	1630	March 15, 1820	No limit.	*1 W. Jan., 1905	*2 M. Sept., 1904	33,040
Maryland	English	1634	——	90 days	†1 W. a. Jan. 1, 1904	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	12,210
Massachusetts	English Puritans	1620	——	No limit.	*1 W. Jan., 1905	[2]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	8,315
Michigan	French	1670	Jan. 26, 1837	No limit.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Jan., 1905.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	58,915
Minnesota	New-England Em.	1819	May 11, 1858	90 days	*1 Tu. a. 1 M. Jan., 1904	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	83,365
Mississippi	French	1716	Dec. 10, 1817	30 days	*1 W. a. Jan. 1, 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	46,810
Missouri	French	1755	Aug. 10, 1821	70 days	*1 M. Jan., 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	69,415
Montana	Em. from South.	1852	Nov. 8, 1889	60 days	*1 Tu. Jan., 1905	[2]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	146,080
Nebraska	Emigrants	1850	March 1, 1867	60 days	*3 M. Jan., 1905	Nov. 4, 1904	77,510
Nevada	Em. from California.	1850	Oct. 31, 1864	60 days	*1 W. Jan., 1905	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	110,700
New-Hampshire.	English	1623	——	No limit.	†2 Tu. Jan., 1904	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	9,305

SETTLEMENT, AREA, LEGISLATIVE TERMS AND ELECTIONS—(Continued).

States and Territories.	Settled.		Act of organization or date of admission.	Legislature.		Next general election.	[1]Square miles.
	By whom.	When.		Length of term.	Next session begins.		
New-Jersey	Dutch and Danes	1627	———	60 days.	*3 M. Jan., 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	7,815
New-Mexico	Spanish	1582	Sept. 9, 1850.	No limit.	†1 W. Jan., 1904.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	122,580
New-York	Dutch	1623	July 26, 1788.	60 days.	*W. a. 1 M. Jan., 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	49,170
North Carolina	English	1585	Nov. 21, 1789.	No limit.	*2 Tu. Jan., 1905.	[2]Nov., 1904.	52,250
North Dakota	Em. from Mid. States	1859	Nov. 2, 1889.	60 days.	*1 M. Jan., 1904.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	70,795
Ohio	New-England Em.	1768	Feb. 19, 1803.	No limit.	*Jan. 6, 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	41,060
Oklahoma	Emigrants	1889	May 2, 1890.	60 days.	*2 M. Jan., 1905.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	39,030
Oregon	Em. from New-York.	1811	Feb. 14, 1859.	40 days.	†1 Tu. Jan., 1905.	*1 M. June, 1904.	96,030
Pennsylvania	Swedes	1648	Dec. 12, 1787.	No limit.	†1 Tu. Jan., 1904.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	45,215
Rhode Island	English	1636	May 29, 1790.	60 days.	†2 Tu. Jan., 1904.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	1,250
South Carolina	French	1562	May 28, 1788.	40 days.	*T. a. 1 M. Jan., 1905.	*2 Tu. Nov., 1904.	30,570
South Dakota	Em. from Mid. States	1859	Nov. 2, 1889.	75 days.	*1 M. Jan., 1905.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	77,570
Tennessee	Em. from N. C.	1765	June 1, 1796.	75 days.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	42,050
Texas	Spanish	1690	Dec. 29, 1845.	No limit.	*2 Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904	*Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	265,780
Utah	Spanish	1847	Jan. 4, 1896.	60 days.	*2 M. Jan., 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	84,970
Vermont	Em. from Mass.	1763	March 4, 1791.	No limit.	*1 W. Oct., 1904.	*1 Tu. Sept., 1904.	9,565
Virginia	English	1607	———	90 days.	*1 W. Dec., 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	42,450
Washington	Em. from California.	1845	Nov. 11, 1889.	60 days.	*2 M. Jan., 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	69,180
West Virginia	English	1607	June 19, 1863.	45 days.	*2 W. Jan., 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	24,780
Wisconsin	French	1745	May 29, 1848.	No limit.	*Jan. 14, 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	56,040
Wyoming	Em. from Mid. States	1867	July 10, 1890.	40 days.	*2 Tu. Jan., 1905.	[3]Tu. a. 1 M. Nov., 1904.	97,890

Note—Abbreviations as "M.," "Tu.," "a" mean "Monday," "Tuesday" and "after." *Biennial. †Sessions annual. [1]Inclusive of land and water. [2]Quadrennial State elections. [3]Annual elections. [4]Quadrennial sessions. For terms of office, salaries, etc., of Governors and other State officers (including names of other officials) see under title "State Governments."

Note—If the forty-five States be arranged according to the mode of admission, excepting the thirteen original States, they would be grouped thus: Four were formed from other States—Vermont from New-York, Maine from Massachusetts, Kentucky and West Virginia from Virginia. One (California) had no previous Territorial government. One (Texas) was annexed; and the remaining twenty-six had been organized as Territories prior to their admission as States.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

In the United States women possess suffrage upon equal terms with men at all elections in four States: In Wyoming, established in 1869; Colorado, in 1893; Utah, in 1895; Idaho, in 1896. In Kansas women possess school suffrage, established in 1861, and municipal suffrage, established in 1887. In 18 additional States women possess school suffrage: In Michigan and Minnesota, established in 1875; New-Hampshire and Oregon, 1878; Massachusetts, 1879; New-York and Vermont, 1880; Nebraska, 1883; Wisconsin, 1885; Washington, 1886; Arizona, Montana, New-Jersey, North Dakota and South Dakota, 1887; Illinois, 1891; Connecticut, 1893; Ohio, 1894. Two additional States permit women to vote upon the issuance of municipal bonds: Montana, established in 1887; Iowa, 1894. Louisiana gave all women taxpayers the suffrage upon all questions of public expenditures in 1898. Either full or fractional suffrage for women exists in 26 States.

The National American Woman Suffrage Association maintains headquarters at Warren, Ohio. Its officers are: Honorary president, Susan B. Anthony, Rochester, N. Y.; president, Carrie Chapman Catt, No. 205 West Fifty-seventh-st., New-York; vice-president-at-large, the Rev. Anna H. Shaw, Philadelphia; corresponding secretary, Kate M. Gordon, New-Orleans; recording secretary, Alice Stone Blackwell, Boston; treasurer, Harriet Taylor Upton, Warren, Ohio; auditors, Laura Clay, Lexington, Ky., and Mary J. Coggeshall, Des Moines. State associations auxiliary to the national body exist in each State.

MARRIAGE LAWS.

States and Territories.	‡Age of consent. Male.	‡Age of consent. Female.	Prohibited degrees.	Void or voidable marriages.	Other prohibited or punishable marriages.
*Alabama	21	18	Ancestors, descendants, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, step-relatives.	Prohibited degrees.	2 6 13
Arizona	21	18	First cousins.	2 4	5 13 15
*Arkansas	21	18	Same as Arizona.	2 4 5 13	13
*California	18	15	Same as Arizona.	1 2 4 5 6 7 13	2 15
*Colorado	21	18	Same as Arizona.	2	13
*Connecticut	21	18	Same as Alabama.	5 6	Pauper.
*Delaware	21	18	Same as Alabama 22	1 2 7	
*Dist. of Colum.	21	16	Same as Alabama.	1	
Florida	21	16	Within Levitical degrees.	1 2	15
*Georgia	21	18	Same as Florida 17	1 2 4 5 7 13	
*Hawaii	20	18	Within fourth degree of consanguinity.	Prohibited degrees. 1 4 6 7 8 24	1 Prohibited degree.
*Idaho	18	18	Same as California.	1 2 4 5 6 7 8 13	4
*Illinois	21	18	Same as Arizona.	2 7 8	5
*9Indiana	21	18	Same as Arizona.	1 2 4 6 20	
*Iowa	21	18	Same as Alabama.	1 4 6 7	13
Kansas	—	—	Same as Arizona.	1 7 11	13
*Kentucky	21	21	Same as Alabama.	1 2 5 6 7 8 13	
Louisiana	21	21	Same as Alabama 17	1 13 and mistake in person.	13 16
*Maine	21	21	Same as Alabama.	2 (or mulatto or Indian) 6 7	
*Maryland	21	16	Same as Alabama.	1 2	
Massachusetts	21	18	Same as Alabama.	1 6 7 8	13
*12Michigan	16	16	Same as Alabama.	1 2 5 6 7 8 13	13 19
*Minnesota	21	16	Nearer of kin than first cousins.	1 5 11 13	5 13
Mississippi	21	18	Same as Alabama.	1 2	5 6 13
*Missouri	21	18	Same as Arizona.	1 2	5 6 13
*Montana	21	18	Same as Arizona.	1	13
*Nebraska	21	18	Same as California.	1 2 4 5 6 7 [illegible]	
*Nevada	21	18	Same as Arizona.	1 5 11	2 (also Indian, Chinese) 13
*N.-Hampshire	21	18	Same as Alabama 16	1 27	
*14New-Jersey	21	18	Same as Alabama.	1 4 6 13	
New-Mexico	21	18	Same as Arizona.	4 6	15
New-York	21	18	Ancestors, descendants, brothers and sisters.	1 4 5 6 11 13	
North Carolina	18	18	Same as Minnesota.	1 2 4 6	
*North Dakota	21	18	Same as Arizona 16	1 4 5 6 7 8 13	
Ohio	21	18	Same as Arizona.	None declared.	1 2 6
*Oklahoma	21	18	Same as Alabama 16	1 4 5 6 7 8 13	15
Oregon	21	18	Same as Minnesota 21	1 2 (Chinese or Kanaka, or more than half Indian) 4 5 11 13	
Pennsylvania	21	21	Same as Alabama.	Bigamous.	
23Philippines	23	23 †25	Within fourth degree of consanguinity 25	Prohibited degrees. 5 10 13 26	
23Porto Rico	20	17	Within fourth degree of consanguinity 25	Prohibited degrees. 5 10 13 26	
Rhode Island	§21	21	Same as Alabama.	1 7 8	7 8
South Carolina	21	16	Same as Alabama.	1 2 (mestizo or half-breed) 5 13	
South Dakota	18	16	Same as North Dakota.	1 5 6 7 8 10 13	2 13
Tennessee	21	18	Same as Alabama.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 13	
*Texas	21	18	Same as Alabama.	2 10	1 6 13
Utah	21	18	Same as Arizona.	1 2 5 6 13	
*Vermont	21	18	Same as Alabama.	1 4 5 6 7 8 13	
*Virginia	21	21	Same as Alabama.	1 2 4 6 7	Prohibited deg.
Washington	21	18	Same as Arizona.	1 5 11	
*West Virginia	21	21	Same as Alabama.	1 2 4 6 7	
*Wisconsin	21	18	Same as Minnesota 15	1 2 5 6 13	
*Wyoming	21	21	Same as Arizona.	1 6 6 7 8 13	

*License required. †Applies to females living with their parents, Sections 45 and 321. ‡Age under which parental consent is required. 1Bigamous. 2White with negro. 3Without parents or guardians, those over 18 do not require consent. 4Mentally or physically incapable. 5Fraud. 6Under age of consent. 7Insane. 8Idiot. 9Also penalty of $100 to $1,000 fine and imprisonment where white marries with colored. 10Consent obtained by force. 11Incapable from want of age or understanding. 12Except Friends. 13Marriage by force, menace or duress. 14License required of non-residents only.

DIVORCE LAWS.

CAUSES FOR ABSOLUTE DIVORCE.

ADULTERY.—In all States and Territories excepting South Carolina, which has no divorce laws.

IMPOTENCE.—In all excepting Arizona California, Connecticut, the Dakotas, Idaho, Iowa, Louisiana, New-York, South Carolina, Texas and Vermont.

DESERTION.—In all except New-York and South Carolina, as follows: Period—Six months' abandonment, Arizona. One year, in Alaska, Arkansas, California, Colorado, the Dakotas, Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming; two years, in Alabama, District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana Iowa, Michigan, Mississippi, Nebraska, North Carolina, Pennsylvania and Tennessee; three years, in Delaware, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New-Hampshire, New-Jersey, Ohio, Texas and West Virginia; five years, in Rhode Island, or shorter term (in discretion of court), and Virginia; seven years, in Connecticut and Vermont.

HABITUAL DRUNKENNESS.—In all except Maryland, New-Jersey, New-York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia and West Virginia. Also intoxication from opium habit in Maine, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, and in Rhode Island for intemperate use of morphine and chloral.

CRUELTY, INHUMAN TREATMENT, ET...—In all except Maryland, New-Jersey, New-York, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia. For this cause in Alabama, Kentucky and Tennessee divorce is granted to the wife only.

FELONY OR OTHER INFAMOUS CRIME.—In all except the District of Columbia, Florida, Maine, New-Jersey, New-York, North Carolina and South Carolina.

NEGLECT TO SUPPORT WIFE.—For six months, Arizona; for one year, California, Colorado, the Dakotas, Idaho, Nevada and Wyoming; for two years, Indiana; for three years, Delaware and New-Hampshire; time not specified, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Nebraska, New-Mexico, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin (at discretion of court).

OTHER CAUSES.—Voluntary separation—Kentucky and Wisconsin. Former husband or wife living—Arkansas, Colorado, District of Columbia, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, New-Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Tennessee. If member of religious sect which believes marriage unlawful—Kentucky, Massachusetts and New-Hampshire. Indicted for felony and fugitive from justice—Louisiana and Virginia. Husband indicted for felony and a fugitive—North Carolina. Refusal of a wife to "remove with her husband to this State"—Tennessee. Indignities to the person of the other to render his or her condition intolerable—Alaska, Arkansas, Missouri, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Washington and Wyoming. Conduct rendering it unsafe for wife to live with husband, or turning wife out of doors—Tennessee. Violent and ungovernable temper—Florida. Attempt by either upon the life of the other—Illinois, Louisiana and Tennessee. Gross neglect of duty—Kansas and Ohio. Wife given to intoxication—Wisconsin. Husband a vagrant—Missouri and Wyoming. Mental incapacity at time of marriage—District of Columbia, Georgia and Mississippi. Incurable chronic mania, or dementia, of ten years or more existence—Washington. Incurable insanity—North Dakota (act of March 6, 1899). Insanity—Idaho (by a reeent act). Insanity for four years or confinement in an asylum or adjudged insane by a committee—Florida and Utah. Any cause rendering marriage originally void—Maryland and Rhode Island. (See "Marriage Laws.") Marriage within prohibited degrees—Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, New-Jersey and Pennsylvania. Marriage by duress or fraud—Connecticut, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Washington. Marriage of either party under the age of consent—Delaware. When either party has obtained a divorce in another State—Florida, Michigan and Ohio. Defamation—Louisiana. Any other cause deemed by a court sufficient and when the court shall be satisfied that the couple can no longer live together—Washington. Insanity for six years—Idaho.

LIMITED DIVORCE.—Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota (in favor of wife only), Nebraska, New-Jersey, New-York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania (in favor of wife only), Rhode Island, Tennessee (in favor of wife only), Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.—Five years, Massachusetts (if when married both parties were residents three years); three years, Connecticut, New-Jersey; three years, District of Columbia; two years, Alaska, Florida (except in case of adultery), Hawaii, Indiana, Maryland, Michigan (when the cause for divorce occurred out of the State, otherwise one year), North Carolina, Rhode Island, Tennessee; one year, Alabama, California (abandonment, three years), Arkansas and Vermont (if cause occurred out of the State), Colorado (unless cause for divorce occurred within the State or while one or both of the parties resided in the State), Illinois (same as Colorado), Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky (if cause occurred out of the State plaintiff must have been a resident of the State at the time of occurrence), Maine, Minnesota, Missis-

[15]Less than one year after divorce. [16]First cousins. [17]Step-relatives. [18]Clandestine marriages of women under sixteen. [19]Persons divorced less than two years. [20]Penalty of fine of $100 to $1,000, and imprisonment. [21]Less than six months after divorce. Louisiana and some other States restrict divorced persons from remarriage for ten months; North Dakota, three months after divorce. [22]Publication of an edict by the municipal judge for fifteen days is required. [23]Also great nephews and great nieces. [24]Males under age of fourteen and females under age of twelve. [25]Also between guardians and wards, parents and adopted children. [26]Also marriages not properly celebrated as provided in Civil Code, Art. 100. [27]Also knowledge that former husband or wife is living.

sippi (in case of desertion, two years), Missouri (same as Colorado), Montana, New-Hampshire, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Alaska; six months, Idaho, Nebraska, Nevada, Texas; one year, Wyoming; one year, act of Congress for all Territories, act of May 26, 1897; North Dakota, one year (act of March 6, 1899); California and South Dakota, also one year.

ALABAMA.—The courts have decided that the legislature cannot grant divorces.

OKLAHOMA.—Divorces granted prior to 1895 by Probate Courts are made legal; thereafter divorces can be had only through District Court.

Absolute divorces are granted in:

HAWAII for following causes: (a) Adultery of either party. (b) Desertion for term of three years. (c) Imprisonment for life or more than seven years. (d) Chinese leprosy.

PORTO RICO AND THE PHILIPPINES—(a) Adultery on part of wife. This from Civil Code, but changed by act of Congress to read "on part of either husband or wife." (b) Personal violence actually inflicted or grave insults. (c) Violence to wife to change her religion. (d) Proposal of husband to prostitute his wife. (e) Proposal of either party to corrupt or prostitute children. (f) Condemnation of either party to chains or hard labor.

Article 104 says: "Divorce only produces the suspension of the life in common of the spouses."

Separation is granted in:

HAWAII, at option of party making application. Separation or absolute divorce is granted for the following causes: (a) Extreme cruelty; (b) habitual intemperance; (c) refusal to support. Residence for two years before divorce is required by recent act of Congress.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.

States and Territories.	Previous residence required.			Registration required.	Excluded from voting.
	State.	County.	District.		
*Alabama	1 yr.	3 mos.	30 d.	Yes.	14, 15, 16, 19, 20.
*Arizona Territory	1 yr.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	15, 16.
*Arkansas	1 yr.	6 mos.	30 d.	No.	15, 16.
*California	1 yr.	90 d.	30 d.	Yes.	15, 16, 21, 22.
Colorado	6 mos.	90 d.	10 d.	Yes.	15, 16, 20.
‡Connecticut	1 yr.	6 mos.	6 mos.	[12]Yes.	———
*Delaware	1 yr.	6 mos.	3 mos.	[12]Yes.	15, 16, 19.
*Florida	1 yr.	6 mos.	6 mos.	[11]Yes.	15, 16, 19.
†Georgia	1 yr.	6 mos.	30 d.	[11]Yes.	14, 15, 16, 19.
*Idaho	6 mos.	30 d.	10 d.	Yes.	15, 16, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25.
*Illinois	1 yr.	90 d.	30 d.	Yes.	———
*Indiana	6 mos.	6 mos.	30 d.	No.	———
*Iowa	6 mos.	60 d.	60 d.	[27, 31]Yes.	15, 16.
*Kansas	6 mos.	30 d.	30 d.	[3].	15, 19, 19, 20, 23, 26.
*Kentucky	1 yr.	6 mos.	60 d.	[3].	15, 19.
*Louisiana	1 yr.	6 mos.	30 d.	[11]Yes.	15, 16.
*Maine	3 mos.	3 mos.	3 mos.	[12, 30]Yes.	17, 20.
*Maryland	1 yr.	6 mos.	1 d.	Yes.	20.
*Massachusetts	6 mos.	6 mos.	6 mos.	[12]Yes.	15, 16, 17, 20.
*Michigan	3 mos.	3 mos.	10 d.	Yes.	21, 24.
*Minnesota	1 yr.	30 d.	30 d.	[11]Yes.	15, 15, 18, 20, 24.
*Mississippi	2 yrs.	1 yr.	1 yr.	[11, 12]Yes.	13, 19.
*Missouri	1 yr.	60 d.	60 d.	[4].	15, 16.
*Montana	1 yr.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	15, 19, 24.
*Nebraska	1 yr.	30 d.	30 d.	[32]Yes.	15, 16.
*Nevada	6 mos.	30 d.	30 d.	[12]Yes.	14, 15, 18, 26.
*New-Hampshire	6 mos.	6 mos.	6 mos.	Yes.	17.
*New-Jersey	1 yr.	5 mos.	30 d.	[31]Yes.	15, 16, 17.
New-Mexico Terr.	6 mos.	3 mos.	30 d.	Yes.	1, 24, 29.
*New-York	1 yr.	4 mos.	[10]30 d.	Yes.	19.
North Carolina	2 yrs.	6 mos.	4 mos.	[11, 12]Yes.	14, 15, 16.
*North Dakota	1 yr.	6 mos.	90 d.	[5].	15, 16.
*Ohio	1 yr.	30 d.	20 d.	[3].	15, 16.
Oklahoma Ter.	6 mos.	60 d.	30 d.	———	19.
*Oregon	6 mos.	90 d.	30 d.	Yes.	15, 16, 24.
*Pennsylvania	1 yr.	60 d.	60 d.	[11]No.	Non-taxpayers.
*Rhode Island	1 yr.	6 mos.	6 mos.	[7]Yes.	15, 16, 17, 19.
South Carolina	2 yrs.	1 yr.	4 mos.	[11, 12].	15, 16, 17, 18, 19.
*South Dakota	6 mos.	3 mos.	10 d.	[6]Yes.	———
*Tennessee	1 yr.	6 mos.	———	[11, 12]Yes.	14, 15, 16, 20.
*Texas	1 yr.	6 mos.	———	[9].	15, 16, 17.
*Utah	1 yr.	4 mos.	60 d.	Yes.	15, 16, 19.
*Vermont	1 yr.	3 mos.	30 d.	No.	20.
*Virginia	1 yr.	3 mos.	30 d.	Yes.	11, 13, 15, 16.
*Washington	1 yr.	6 mos.	30 d.	Yes.	24.
*West Virginia	1 yr.	6 mos.	6 mos.	No.	15, 16, 17, 19.
*Wisconsin	1 yr.	———	10 d.	[33]Yes.	15, 16, 19, 20.
*Wyoming	1 yr.	60 d.	30 d.	[12]Yes.	15, 16.

Note 1—Each State requires that a voter must be a citizen. *Australian ballot.

INTEREST LAWS AND STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.

States and Territories.	Interest laws.		Statute of limitations.			
	Legal rate, per cent.	Rate allowed by contract, per cent.	Judgments, years.	Notes, years.	Open accounts, years.	Days of grace.
Alabama	8	8	20	6	6	3
Arizona	6	Any	5	4	3	3
Arkansas	6	10	10	5	3	0
California	6	Any	5	5	2	3
Colorado	8	Any	20	6	6	0
Connecticut	6	[1]Any	7	6	6	0
Delaware	6	6	20	6	3	3
District of Columbia	6	10	12	3	3	0
Florida	8	10	20	5	[2]2	0
Georgia	7	8	7	6	4	3
Idaho	7	12	6	5	4	0
Illinois	5	7	20	10	5	0
Indiana	6	8	20	10	6	3
Iowa	6	8	20	10	5	3
Kansas	6	10	5	5	3	3
Kentucky	6	6	15	15	5	0
Louisiana	5	8	10	5	3	3
Maine	6	Any	6	[3]20	6	3
Maryland	6	6	3	3	3	0
Massachusetts	6	Any	20	6	6	0
Michigan	5	7	6 & 10	6	6	[4]3
Minnesota	6	10	10	6	6	3
Mississippi	6	10	7	6	3	3
Missouri	6	8	20	10	5	3
Montana	7	12	[5]10	8	5	0
Nebraska	8	8	10	10	1	3
Nevada	7	Any	6	6	4	3
New-Hampshire	6	6	20	6	6	0
New-Jersey	6	6	20	6	6	0
New-Mexico	6	12	7	6	4	3
New-York	6	6	20	6	6	0
North Carolina	6	6	10	7	3	3
North Dakota	6	12	10	6	6	0
Ohio	6	8	5	15	6	0
Oklahoma	7	12	1	5	3	3
Oregon	8	10	10	6	6	3
Pennsylvania	6	6	5	6	6	0
Rhode Island	6	Any	20	6	6	0
South Carolina	7	8	20	6	6	3
South Dakota	7	12	10	6	6	3
Tennessee	6	[7]Any	10	6	6	3
Texas	8	10	10	4	2	3
Utah	8	Any	7	4	2	0
Vermont	6	6	8	6	6	0
Virginia	6	6	[6]20	5	2	0
Washington	8	Any	6	6	3	0
West Virginia	6	6	10	10	3	3
Wisconsin	7	10	20	6	6	0
Wyoming	8	12	5	5	8	0

[1]Over 6 per cent cannot be collected by law. [2]Three years for merchants. [3]Not witnessed, six years. [4]Not on notes or drafts on demand. [5]Not courts of record, five years. [6]When return not made on execution, ten years. [7]Rate prevailing in another State permitted on evidence of indebtedness wholly secured by mortgage on property in the other State.

Ballot contains a column for each party. [1]Official ballot in envelope, each party having a ticket. [1]Soldiers. [2]In cities of over 20,000 population. [3]In cities of the first, second, third and fourth classes. [4]In cities of St. Louis, Kansas City, Joplin, Springfield and St. Joseph. [5]In cities of 3,000. [7]Non-property owners must be residents two years. [8]Towns of 1,000. [9]Cities of 10,000. [10]Must be citizens ninety days before election. [11]Prepayment of poll tax required. [12]Must be able to read. [13]Must be able to read and write. [14]Guilty of treason. [15]Lunatics. [16]Idiots. [17]Paupers. [18]Bigamists. [19]Guilty of bribery. [20]Under guardianship. [21]Duellists. [22]Dishonorably discharged soldiers. [23]Chinese. [24]Indians holding tribal relations. [25]Polygamists. [26]Persons who have voluntarily borne arms against the United States and not restored to civil rights by legislature. [27]Law requires voting machines. [28]For cities. [29]Camp followers. [30]In cities of more than 5,000. [31]Law permits voting machines. [2]In cities of 3,500 and over. All States prohibit persons convicted of felony from voting.

Note 2—The above are the ordinary qualifications and disqualifications for suffrage. In the State of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia additional tests have been imposed for the purpose of disfranchising the negro voter.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

ALABAMA—New Year's Day, R. E. Lee's birthday (Jan. 19), Shrove Tuesday, Washington's Birthday, Good Friday, Jefferson Davis's birthday (June 3), July 4, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas.

ARIZONA—Jan. 1, Washington's Birthday, May 30, July 4, Christmas, Election Day, Thanksgiving Day and Arbor Day.

ARKANSAS—Arbor Day, Thanksgiving Day, July 4 and Christmas.

CALIFORNIA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30, July 4, first Monday in September, Sept. 9, Dec. 25, Thanksgiving Day, day of general election and every day appointed by the President or the Governor.

COLORADO—Labor Day (first Monday in September) (only statutory holiday, but other big holidays are generally observed).

CONNECTICUT—Jan. 1, Feb. 12, Feb. 22, May 30, July 4, Good Friday, Labor Day, Dec. 25 and Thanksgiving.

DELAWARE—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, July 4, Arbor and Bird Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

FLORIDA—Jan. 1, Jan. 19 (R. E. Lee's birthday), Feb. 22, April 26 (Confederate Memorial Day), June 3 (Jefferson Davis's birthday), July 4, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

GEORGIA—Jan. 19 (R. E. Lee's birthday), April 26, June 3, July 4, Labor Day and Dec. 25.

IDAHO—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, Friday following May 1, July 4, Election Day, Christmas.

ILLINOIS—Jan. 1, Feb. 12 (Lincoln's Birthday), Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

INDIANA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), Thanksgiving and Christmas.

IOWA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

KANSAS—Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day) and Labor Day (first Monday in September).

KENTUCKY—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, July 4, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

LOUISIANA—Jan. 1, Jan. 8 (anniversary of the Battle of New-Orleans), Feb. 22, Mardi Gras (day before Ash Wednesday), Good Friday, June 3 (Confederate Memorial Day), July 4, Nov. 1 (All Saints' Day), Labor Day (Nov. 25), Thanksgiving Day and Dec. 25.

MAINE—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Fast Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

MARYLAND—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, Good Friday, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

MASSACHUSETTS—Feb. 22, April 19 (Patriots' Day), May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

MICHIGAN—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day and Dec. 25.

MINNESOTA—Jan. 1, Feb. 12 (Lincoln's Birthday), Feb. 22, Good Friday, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Thanksgiving, Dec. 25 and Arbor and Bird Days (designated by the Governor).

MISSISSIPPI—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, July 4, Thanksgiving and Christmas.

MISSOURI—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

NEBRASKA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, April 22 (Arbor Day), May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

NEVADA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Oct. 31 (Admission Day), General Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE—Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, Fast Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

NEW-JERSEY—Jan. 1, Feb. 12 (Lincoln's Birthday), Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, General Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

NEW-MEXICO—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), Arbor Day (second Friday in March), Labor Day, Thanksgiving, Dec. 25 and Flag Day.

NEW-YORK—Jan. 1, Feb. 12 (Lincoln's Birthday), Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

NORTH CAROLINA—Jan. 1, Jan. 19 (R. E. Lee's birthday), Feb. 22, May 10 (Confederate Memorial Day), May 20 (Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence), July 4, Oct. 12, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

NORTH DAKOTA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

OHIO—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

OKLAHOMA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, Arbor Day, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

OREGON—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

PENNSYLVANIA—Jan. 1, Feb. 12 (Lincoln's Birthday), third Tuesday in Feb-

ruary (local election), Feb. 22, Good Friday, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, November Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

RHODE ISLAND—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, second Friday in May, May 30 (Memorial Day), Labor Day, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

SOUTH CAROLINA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 10 (Confederate Memorial Day), July 4, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

SOUTH DAKOTA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

TENNESSEE—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, Good Friday, May 30 (Memorial Day), June 3 (Jefferson Davis's birthday), July 4, Labor Day, Election Day and Thanksgiving...

TEXAS—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, March 2 (Texas Independence), April 21 (Battle of San Jacinto), July 4, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

UTAH—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, Arbor Day, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 24 (Pioneers' Day), Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

VERMONT—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Aug. 16 (Bennington Battle Day), Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

VIRGINIA—Jan. 1, Jan. 19 (R. E. Lee's birthday), Feb. 22, July 4, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

WASHINGTON—Jan. 1, Feb. 12 (Lincoln's Birthday), Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

WEST VIRGINIA—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Labor Day, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

WISCONSIN—Jan. 1, Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

WYOMING—Jan. 1, Feb. 12 (Lincoln's Birthday), Feb. 22, May 30 (Memorial Day), July 4, Election Day, Thanksgiving and Dec. 25.

LABOR DAY (first Monday in September)—By an act of Congress approved June 28, 1894, this was made a federal holiday. Labor Day is observed in Louisiana on the fourth Saturday in November.

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAYS—After 12 o'clock noon. Legal holiday in Colorado and Louisiana (in cities and towns of 100,000 population and over), Delaware (Newcastle County only, in Wilmington throughout the year, and rest of county from June to September), District of Columbia, Maryland (Baltimore and Annapolis only), Michigan, Missouri (in cities of 100,000 or over), New-Jersey, New-York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina (in Charleston County only) and Virginia.

U. S. SENATORS ELECTED—1903.

Alabama.—The legislature of Alabama on January 26 elected Edmund W. Pettus (Dem.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. The vote in the two houses was unanimous.

Arkansas.—The legislature of Arkansas on January 20 elected James P. Clarke (Dem.) United States Senator to succeed James K. Jones (Dem.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Clarke, 19; Jones, 14. House of Representatives—Clarke, 58; Jones, 36; H. L. Remmel (Rep.), 2.

California.—The legislature of California on January 14 elected George C. Perkins (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Perkins's candidacy had been previously indorsed by a Republican State Convention. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Perkins, 33; Franklin K. Lane (Dem.), 5; Eugene E. Schmitz (Union Labor), 1. Assembly—Perkins, 58; Lane, 12; Schmitz, 6.

Colorado.—Control of the Colorado legislature of 1903 was bitterly disputed. The House of Representatives had been captured by the Republicans; the Senate had a Democratic majority. Several Democrats were unseated on contests in the lower branch, and the Senate majority, refusing to recognize the parliamentary authority of the Lieutenant Governor, Warren A. Haggott, chose a presiding officer of its own and unseated two Republican Senators. The upper house split into two bodies, neither of which was recognized by the lower branch. On January 20 a ballot was taken for United States Senator, with this result: Democratic Senate—Henry M. Teller (Dem.), 26. Republican Senate—Edward O. Wolcott (Rep.), 9, and 11 votes scattered among as many other candidates. House of Representatives—Teller, 25; Wolcott, 18; F. C. Goudy (Rep.), 13; Newbert (Rep.), 6; Dixon (Rep.), 1. The Republicans absented themselves from the joint session next day, and subsequently, and the Democratic forces could not at first muster a constitutional quorum. On January 24, however 51 Democrats voted in joint assembly for Mr. Teller, and he was declared elected United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Governor Peabody (Rep.) gave him a certificate of election.

Connecticut.—The General Assembly of Connecticut on January 20 elected Orville H. Platt (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Platt received a unanimous nomination in the Republican caucus. The vote in the separate branches of the General Assembly was: Senate—Platt, 18; Melbert B. Cary

(Dem.), 6. House of Representatives—Platt, 169; Cary, 47; R. L. Gilbert (Labor), 3; Donald T. Warner (Pop.), 1; absent or not voting, 35.

Delaware.—The legislature of Delaware, after another long continued deadlock, succeeded on March 2 in filling the two seats in the Federal Senate left vacant during practically the whole life of the LVIIth Congress. It chose on that day Lewis Heisler Ball (Anti-Addicks Republican) for the term ending March 3, 1905, and James Frank Allee (Addicks Republican) for the term ending March 3, 1907. The fight to defeat the election of J. Edward Addicks was renewed from the first day of balloting in the two houses. On January 20 the two branches voted separately for Senators, with this result: Senate—Long term—Addicks (Rep.), 7; Henry A. Du Pont (Rep.), 3; R. R. Kenney (Dem.), 7. Short term—Addicks, 7; Anthony Higgins (Rep.), 3; Willard Saulsbury (Dem.), 7. House of Representatives—Long term—Addicks, 14; Du Pont, 7; Kenney, 14. Short term—Addicks 13; Higgins. 7; Saulsbury, 14. Balloting in joint session continued without material change, except that the Democrats shifted candidates frequently, as did the Anti-Addicks Republicans. On February 5 Mr. Addicks published a letter withdrawing from the contest. But his followers continued to vote for him until March 2, when the deadlock was broken. The vote on February 6 was: Long term—Addicks, 21; L. T. Handy (Dem.), 21; L. H. Ball (Rep.), 8; Anthony Higgins (Rep.), 2. Short term—Addicks, 19; E. W. Tunnell (Dem.), 21; H. A. Du Pont (Rep.), 8; H. A. Richardson (Rep.), 2; T. C. Du Pont (Rep.), 2. On February 16 the vote stood: Long term—Addicks, 20; E. D. Hearne (Dem.), 20; Ball, 8; Higgins, 2. Short term—Addicks, 19; J. Henry Whiteman (Dem.), 20; H. A. Du Pont, 8; Richardson, 2; W. W. Lobdell (Rep.), 1. The vote in the two houses on the thirty-sixth and final ballot was: Long term—J. Frank Allee (Rep.), 30; Willard Saulsbury (Dem.), 17; J. H. Hughes (Dem.), 1; Woodburn Martin (Dem.), 1; E. W. Tunnell (Dem.), 1; not voting, 1 (Senator Allee). Short term—L. Heisler Ball (Rep.), 31; R. R. Kenney (Dem.), 19; B. B. Hazell (Dem.), 1; E. R. Cochran, jr. (Dem.), 1.

Florida.—The legislature of Florida on April 21 elected Stephen R. Mallory (Dem.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Mallory received all the votes cast in the State Senate and 64 in the House of Representatives, to 1 for J. M. Toombs (Rep.).

Idaho.—The legislature of Idaho on January 13 elected Weldon B. Heyburn (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed Henry Heitfeld (Dem.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Heyburn was nominated in a Republican caucus, receiving 28 votes to 22 for W. E. Borah. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Heyburn, 15; James H. Hawley (Dem.), 6. House of Representatives—Heyburn, 35; Hawley, 11.

Illinois.—The legislature of Illinois on January 20 elected Albert J. Hopkins (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed William E. Mason (Rep.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Hopkins had been indorsed as the Republican candidate for Senator by the Republican State Convention of 1902, and was nominated unanimously by a Republican legislative caucus. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Hopkins, 35; James R. Williams (Dem.), 15. House of Representatives—Hopkins, 88; Williams, 62; John G. Woolley (Pro. and Ind.), 2; not voting, 2.

Indiana.—The legislature of Indiana on January 20 elected Charles W. Fairbanks (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Fairbanks had no opposition for renomination. In the two houses the vote was: Senate—Fairbanks, 35; Benjamin F. Shively (Dem.), 13. House of Representatives—Fairbanks, 66; Shively, 31.

Kansas.—The legislature of Kansas on January 27 elected Chester I. Long (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed William A. Harris (Dem.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Long was nominated in the Republican caucus on January 22 on the fourth ballot, all other candidates withdrawing. On the third ballot the vote had stood: Long, 41; Representative Charles Curtis, 36; William E. Stanley, 29; Representative William A. Calderhead, 12, and Representative Justin De Witt Bowersock, 6. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Long, 30; William A. Harris (Dem.), 6. House of Representatives—Long, 93; Harris, 29.

Michigan.—The Michigan legislature on January 20 elected Russell A. Alger (Rep.) United States Senator to fill out the unexpired term of the late James McMillan, ending March 3, 1907. General Alger had served as Mr. McMillan's successor by appointment since September 27, 1902, and his election by the legislature was recommended by the Republican State Convention of 1902. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Alger, 31; Lorenzo T. Durand (Dem.), 1. House of Representatives—Alger, 122; Durand, 9.

Missouri.—The legislature of Missouri on January 20 elected William J. Stone (Dem.) United States Senator to succeed George G. Vest (Dem.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Stone was nominated unanimously in a Democratic caucus. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Stone, 25; Richard C. Kerens (Rep.), 7. House of Representatives—Stone, 82; Kerens, 59.

Nevada.—The legislature of Nevada on January 27 elected Francis G. Newlands (Dem.) United States Senator to succeed John P. Jones (Rep.) for the six-year term ending March 3, 1909. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Newlands, 13; Thomas P. Hawley (Rep.), 4. Assembly—Newlands, 30; Hawley, 5; absent, 2.

New-Hampshire.—The legislature of New-Hampshire on January 20 elected Jacob H. Gallinger (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Gallinger was unanimously renominated in the Re-

publican caucus. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Gallinger, 16; John M. Mitchell (Dem.), 2. House of Representatives—Gallinger, 221; Mitchell, 116.

New-York.—The legislature of New-York on January 20 elected Thomas C. Platt (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. At a Republican caucus held on January 19 Mr. Platt received 108 votes. One vote was cast for Elihu Root and there were seven absentees. The vote in the two houses of the legislature was: Senate—Platt, 25; Root (Rep.), 3; John B. Stanchfield (Dem.), 21. Assembly—Platt, 86; Stanchfield, 57.

North Carolina.—The legislature of North Carolina on January 30 elected Lee S. Overman (Dem.) United States Senator to succeed Jeter C. Pritchard (Rep.) for the six-year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Overman was nominated by the Democratic legislative caucus after a long continued deadlock. His chief opponents for the nomination were General Julius S. Carr, Lee Craig and D. K. Watson. On Jan. 15, after four ballots had been taken, General Carr withdrew. On that day Overman had 55 votes to 52 for Watson and 30 for Craig. The vote on January 29, on the sixty-first ballot, was: Overman, 73; Watson, 58; Craig, 11. In the separate houses on January 20 there was no choice for Senator, the Democratic vote in the two branches being split among eighty-five candidates. Jeter C. Pritchard (Rep.) received 4 votes in the Senate and 19 in the House. In joint assembly on January 30 the vote was: Overman, 136; Pritchard, 21; absent 9.

North Dakota.—The legislature of North Dakota on January 20 elected Henry C. Hansbrough (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Hansbrough was unanimously renominated. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Hansbrough, 30; Max Whipperman (Dem.), 10. House of Representatives—Hansbrough, 86; Whipperman, 14.

Oregon.—The legislature of Oregon on February 21 elected Charles W. Fulton (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed Joseph Simon (Rep.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. The legislature remained deadlocked until the last day of the session, the Republican majority failing to make a caucus nomination. The vote in the two houses on January 20 was: Senate—Fulton, 9; T. T. Geer (Rep.), 8; H. L. Pittock (Rep.), 3; M. C. George (Rep.), 3; C. E. S. Wood (Dem.), 6. House of Representatives—Fulton, 19; Geer, 12; George, 3; Wood, 12; George H. Williams (Rep.), 2; R. L. Glisan (Rep.), 1; C. E. Wolverton (Rep.), 1; A. H. Carey (Rep.), 1; Binger Hermann (Rep.) 1; George W. Stapleton (Rep.), 1; H. G. Kundret (Rep.), 1; H. H. Hewitt (Rep.), 1; W. D. Fenton (Dem.), 1; absent, 2. Balloting continued in joint session until February 20, when, on the forty-third trial, an election was had, the vote standing: Fulton, 46; H. W. Scott (Rep.), 21; T. T. Geer (Rep.), 3; C. E. S. Wood (Dem.), 17; not voting, 1; absent, 1.

Pennsylvania.—The legislature of Pennsylvania on January 20 elected Boies Penrose (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Penrose received a unanimous nomination in the Republican caucus. The vote in the two branches of the legislature was: Senate—Penrose, 37; James M. Guffey (Dem.), 10. House of Representatives—Penrose, 156; Guffey, 42.

South Carolina.—The legislature of South Carolina on January 27 elected Asbury C. Latimer (Dem.) to succeed John L. McLaurin (Dem.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Latimer was nominated in a Democratic primary by a majority of 17,700 over John Gary Evans. The vote for him in each branch of the legislature was unanimous.

South Dakota.—The legislature of South Dakota on January 20 elected Alfred B. Kittredge (Rep.) United States Senator to fill out the remainder of the term for which James H. Kyle (Rep.) had been elected, ending March 3 1903, and to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Kittredge had been serving as Senator by appointment since July 11, 1901. The vote in the two branches of the legislature for both short and long terms was: Senate—Kittredge, 37; John A. Bowler (Dem.), 4. House of Representatives—Kittredge, 72; Bowler, 9.

Utah.—The legislature of Utah on January 20 elected Reed Smoot (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed Joseph L. Rawlins (Dem.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Smoot was nominated on January 14 in a Republican caucus, in which he received 35 votes, to 6 for George Sutherland, 2 for George M. Cannon and 2 for Heber M. Wells. Seven Republicans absented themselves. In the two branches of the legislature the vote was: Senate—Smoot, 10; Wells (Rep.), 2; Rawlins (Dem.), 6. House of Representatives—Smoot, 36; Wells, 4; Rawlins, 4.

Washington.—The legislature of Washington on January 29 elected Levi Ankeny (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed George Turner (Dem.) for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. The ballot in the separate houses on January 20, which resulted in no election, was: Senate—Ankeny, 17; Harold Preston (Rep.), 12; George Turner (Dem.), 9; John L. Wilson (Rep.), 2; Carroll Graves (Rep.), 1; John B. Allen (Rep.) 1. House of Representatives—Ankeny, 31; Preston, 29; Turner, 14; Wilson, 10; Ira Inglehart (Rep.), 2; Wesley L. Jones (Rep.), 1; F. W. Cushman (Rep.) 1. Balloting continued in joint session until January 29, when Mr. Ankeny, having received a Republican caucus nomination on January 28, was chosen by the following vote: Ankeny, 99; George Turner (Dem.), 23; Harold Preston (Rep.), 9; John L. Wilson (Rep.), 2; W. L. Jones (Rep.), 1; absent, 2.

Wisconsin.—The legislature of Wisconsin on January 27 elected John C. Spooner (Rep.) United States Senator to succeed himself for the six year term ending March 3, 1909. Mr. Spooner was unanimously renominated in a Republican caucus. In the separate houses the vote was: Senate—Spooner, 33; Neal Brown (Dem.), 8. Assembly—Spooner, 73; Brown, 23.

ORGANIZATION OF LEADING CHURCHES

STATISTICS OF RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES

The following table of statistics of the churches in the United States, for 190 was compiled by H. K. Carroll, LL. D., and is reproduced by courtesy of "The Chris tian Advocate." The figures are obtained by deducting from the totals for the seven denominations the returns for missions, etc., in other countries, and this is done to make the statistics conform to the United States Census of 1900, which is the only complete basis of comparison:

Denominations.	Summary for 1902.			Net gains for 1902.		
	Ministers.	Churches.	Communicants.	Ministers.	Churches.	Communicants
Adventists (6 bodies)	1,554	2,402	98,487	49	116	9,7
Baptists (13 bodies)	35,564	51,142	4,629,487	164	*8	48,6
Brethren (River) (3 bodies)	151	108	3,605	*28	*3	*1,1
Brethren (Plymouth) (4 bodies)	—	314	6,661	—	—	—
Catholics (8 bodies)	12,779	11,070	9,531,303	259	289	120,6
Catholic Apostolic	95	10	1,491	—	—	—
Chinese Temples	—	47	—	—	—	—
Christadelphians	—	63	1,277	—	—	—
Christian Connection	1,151	1,517	97,207	—	—	*12,0
Christian Catholics (Dowie)	55	50	40,000	—	—	—
Christian Missionary Association	10	13	754	—	—	—
Christian Scientists	1,016	508	51,608	76	38	2,6
Church of God (Winebrennarian)	460	580	38,000	—	—	—
Church of the New Jerusalem	149	157	7,892	—	—	—
Communistic Societies (7 bodies)	—	22	3,064	—	*9	*9
Congregationalists	5,829	5,856	639,324	112	103	13,3
Disciples of Christ	6,477	10,957	1,207,377	92	268	27,8
Dunkards (4 bodies)	3,050	1,071	106,194	49	*30	*9,0
Evangelical (2 bodies)	1,421	2,479	162,031	47	*148	4,3
Friends (4 bodies)	1,354	1,093	118,306	*89	—	
Friends of the Temple	4	4	340	—	—	—
German Evangelical Protestant	100	155	20,000	55	100	*16,5
German Evangelical Synod	940	1,179	209,156	18	26	5,8
Jews (2 bodies)	301	570	143,000	—	—	—
Latter-Day Saints (2 bodies)	1,500	1,310	340,500	*400	*86	*3,5
Lutherans (22 bodies)	7,015	11,785	1,745,588	25	294	49,3
Swedish Evangelical Miss. Covenant (Waldenstromians)	274	291	32,100	6	10	1,1
Mennonites (12 bodies)	1,112	673	59,274	—	—	5
Methodists (17 bodies)	39,220	56,787	6,084,755	228	442	98,1
Moravians	126	106	15,506	9	*5	2
Presbyterians (12 bodies)	12,207	15,515	1,635,016	158	71	30,0
Protestant Episcopal (2 bodies)	5,071	6,725	767,334	44	8	16,3
Reformed (3 bodies)	1,906	2,474	385,038	4	10	8,4
Salvation Army	2,510	615	22,534	—	—	—
Schwenkfeldians	3	4	306	—	—	—
Social Brethren	17	20	913	—	—	—
Society for Ethical Culture	—	4	1,500	—	*1	2
Spiritualists	—	334	45,030	—	—	—
Theosophical Society	—	71	1,629	—	*51	*1,3
United Brethren (2 bodies)	2,348	4,855	277,352	*158	*172	10,5
Unitarians	540	452	71,000	*4	*1	—
Universalists	750	772	52,944	4	—	
Independent Congregations	54	156	14,126	—	—	—
Totals in 1902	147,113	194,116	28,689,028	720	1,261	403,7
Totals in 1901	146,393	192,855	28,285,285	2,561	2,431	924,6

*Decrease.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

This church has sixty dioceses and twenty-one missionary jurisdictions in th United States and eight foreign jurisdictions under the care of bishops using th same Liturgy and yielding obedience to the constitution of the canons enacted in Gen eral Convention.

BISHOPS IN THE UNITED STATES.

See.	Cons.	See.	Con
Alabama—Charles H. Beckwith	1902	California, Sacramento—William H. Moreland (missionary)	189
Alaska—Peter Trimble Rowe (miss.)	1895	California, Los Angeles—J. H. Johnson	189
Arizona—John Mills Kendrick (miss.)	1889	Colorado—Charles S. Olmsted	190
Arkansas—William M Brown	1897	Connecticut—Chauncey B. Brewster	189
California—William F. Nichols	1890		

See.	Cons.
Delaware—Leighton Coleman	1888
District of Columbia, Washington—Henry Y. Satterlee	1896
Florida—Edwin Gardner Weed	1886
Florida, South—W. C. Gray (miss.)	1892
Georgia—C. Kinloch Nelson	1892
Idaho, Boise—James B. Funsten (missionary)	1899
Illinois, Chicago—Wm. E. McLaren	1875
Charles P. Anderson, coadjutor	1900
Illinois, Quincy—M. Edward Fawcett (elect)	——
Ill., Springfield—George F. Seymour	1878
Ind., Indianapolis—Jos. M. Francis	1899
Indiana, Michigan City—John Hazen White	1895
Iowa—Theodore N. Morrison	1899
Kansas—Frank R. Millspaugh	1895
Kansas, Salina—Sheldon M. Griswold (missionary)	1903
Kentucky—Thomas U. Dudley	1875
Ky., Lexington—Lewis W. Burton	1896
Louisiana—Davis Sessums	1891
Maine—Robert Codman	1900
Maryland—William Paret	1885
Maryland, Easton—William F. Adams	1875
Massachusetts—William Lawrence	1893
Mass., West—Alexander H. Vinton	1902
Michigan—Thomas Frederick Davies	1889
Mich., Marquette—G. Mott Williams	1896
Mich., Western—G. De N. Gillespie	1875
Minnesota—Samuel C. Edsall	1899
Minnesota, Duluth—James D. Morrison (missionary)	1897
Mississippi—Theodore D. Bratton	1903
Missouri—Daniel Sylvester Tuttle	1867
Missouri, West—Edward R. Atwill	1890
Montana—Leigh R. Brewer (miss.)	1880
Nebraska—George Worthington	1885
Arthur L. Williams, coadjutor	1899
Nebraska, Laramie—A. R. Graves (missionary)	1890
Nevada, reconstituted with Utah.	
New-Hampshire—William W. Niles	1870
New-Jersey—John Scarborough	1875
New-Jersey, Newark—Edwin S. Lines	1903
New-Mexico—John Mills Kendrick (missionary)	1889
New-York—Henry Codman Potter	1883
David H. Greer, coadjutor (elect).	
New-York, Central—F. D. Huntington	1869
Charles T. Olmsted, coadjutor	1902
New-York, Western—Wm. D. Walker	1883
New-York, Long Island—Frederick Burgess	1902
New-York, Albany—Wm. C. Doane	1869
North Carolina—Joseph B. Cheshire	1893
N. C., East—Alfred A. Watson	1884
——— ———, coadjutor	——
North Carolina, Asheville—Junius M. Horner (missionary)	1898
North Dakota—Cameron Mann (miss.)	1902
Ohio—William Andrew Leonard	1889
Ohio, Southern—Thomas A. Jaggar	1875
Boyd Vincent, coadjutor	1889
Oklahoma and Indian Territory—F. K. Brooke (missionary)	1893
Oregon—Benjamin Wistar Morris	1868
Pennsylvania—Ozi William Whitaker	1869
Alexander Mackay-Smith, coadjutor	1902
Penn'a, Pittsburg—C. Whitehead	1882
Penn'a, Central—Ethelbert Talbot	1887
Rhode Island—Wm. N. McVicar	1903
South Carolina—Ellison Capers	1893
South Dakota—William H. Hare (missionary)	1873
Tennessee—Thomas F. Gailor	1893
Texas—George H. Kinsolving	1892
Texas, Dallas—A. C. Garrett	1874
Texas, Western—J. S. Johnston (missionary)	1888
Utah, Salt Lake—Abiel Leonard (missionary)	1888
Vermont—Arthur C. A. Hall	1894
Virginia—Robert A. Gibson	1897
Virginia, Southern—A. M. Randolph	1883
West Virginia—George W. Peterkin	1878
William L. Gravatt, coadjutor	1899
Wis., Milwaukee—I. L. Nicholson	1891
Wis., Fond du Lac—C. C. Grafton	1889
R. H. Weller, jr., coadjutor	1900
Washington, Olympia—Frederic W. Keator (missionary)	1902
Washington, Spokane—Lemuel H. Wells (missionary)	1892
Wyoming—Reconstituted with Idaho.	
Africa, Cape Palmas—S. D. Ferguson (missionary)	1885
Shanghai, China—F. R. Graves (missionary)	1893
Hankow, China— ——— (missionary)	——
Tokio, Japan—John McKim (miss.)	1893
Kioto, Japan—Sidney C. Partridge (missionary)	1900
Philippine Islands—Charles H. Brent (missionary)	1902
Porto Rico—James H. Van Buren (missionary)	1902
Channing Moore Williams, late Bishop of Yeddo, resigned	1866
Charles C. Penick, late Bishop of Cape Palmas, resigned	1877
S. I. J. Schereschewsky, late Bishop of Shanghai, China, resigned	1877

METHODIST EPISCOPAL OFFICERS.

BISHOPS.

Of	Names.	Born.	Entered Ministry. Conference.	Entered Ministry. Y'r.	Residence.
1872	Thomas Bowman	July 15, 1817	Baltimore	1839	East Orange, N. J.
1872	Stephen M. Merrill	Sept. 16, 1825	Ohio	1846	Chicago, Ill.
1872	Edward G. Andrews	Aug. 7, 1825	Oneida	1848	New-York.
1880	Henry W. Warren	Jan. 4, 1831	New-England	1855	Denver, Col.
1880	Cyrus D. Foss	Jan. 17, 1834	New-York	1857	Philadelphia, Penn.
1884	John M. Walden	Feb. 11, 1831	Cincinnati	1858	Cincinnati, Ohio.
1884	Willard F. Mallalieu	Dec. 11, 1828	New-England	1858	Auburndale, Mass.
1884	Charles H. Fowler	Aug. 11, 1837	Rock River	1861	Buffalo, N. Y.
1888	John H. Vincent	Feb. 23, 1832	New-Jersey	1853	Zurich, Switzerland.
1888	James N. FitzGerald	July 27, 1837	Newark	1862	St. Louis, Mo.
1888	Isaac W. Joyce	Oct. 11, 1838	N. W. Indiana	1859	Minneapolis, Minn.
1888	Daniel A. Goodsell	Nov. 5, 1840	N. Y. East	1859	Chattanooga, Tenn.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL OFFICERS—BISHOPS—(Continued).

Ordained	Names.	Born.	Entered Ministry. Conference.	Entered Ministry. Y'r.	Residence.
1888	*James M. Thoburn...	Mar. 7, 1836	Pittsburg.....	1858	Bombay, India.
1896	Charles C. McCabe....	Oct. 11, 1836	Ohio.....	1860	Omaha, Neb.
1896	Earl Cranston.....	June 27, 1840	Ohio.....	1867	Portland, Ore.
1896	*Joseph C. Hartzell...	June 1, 1842	Cent. Illinois..	1868	Vivi, Congo, Africa.
1900	David H. Moore.....	Sept. 4, 1838	Ohio.....	1860	Shanghai, China.
1900	John W. Hamilton....	Mar. 3, 1845	Pittsburg.....	1866	San Francisco, Cal.
1900	*Francis W. Warne...	Dec. 31, 1854	Rock River....	1884	Calcutta, India.

*Missionary Bishops.

AGENTS OF BOOK CONCERN.—Homer Eaton and George P. Mains, No. 10 Fifth-ave., New-York; H. C. Jennings and Samuel H. Pye, No. 220 West Fourth-st. Cincinnati.

EDITORS.—"Methodist Review," W. V. Kelley, editor; "The Christian Advocate," J. M. Buckley, editor; S. J. Herben assistant editor; Sunday school publications, T. B Neely; "Northern Christian Advocate," Bennett E. Titus, Syracuse; "Pittsburg Christian Advocate," C. W. Smith, Pittsburg; "Western Christian Advocate," Lev Gilbert; "Der Christliche Apologete," A. J. Nast; "Haus und Herd," Frederick Munz all at Cincinnati; "Northwestern Christian Advocate," David D. Thompson, Chicago "Central Christian Advocate," Claudius B. Spencer, Kansas City, Mo.; "Californi Christian Advocate," F. D. Bovard, San Francisco; "Southwestern Christian Advocate," I. B. Scott, New-Orleans; "Pacific Christian Advocate," Albert N. Fisher Portland, Ore.; "Epworth Herald," J. F. Berry, Chicago; "World Wide Missions," C. H. Fahs, managing editor, New-York; "Sandebudet," William Henschen, Chicago

MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—President, Bishop Stephen M. Merrill; corresponding secretary, A. B. Leonard; assistant corresponding secretary, H. K. Carroll; recording secretary, S. O. Benton; treasurer, Homer Eaton; assistant treasurer, H. C. Jennings Cincinnati, Ohio. Offices, No. 150 Fifth-ave., New-York.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—Corresponding secretary, W. F. McDowell; treasurer J. S. Stout. Offices, No. 150 Fifth-ave., New-York.

SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION AND TRACT SOCIETY.—Corresponding secretary T. B. Neely; treasurers, S. S. U., Daniel Denham; Tract Society, George P. Mains Office, No. 150 Fifth-ave., New-York.

BOARD OF CHURCH EXTENSION.—Corresponding secretary, J. M. King; assistant corresponding secretary, Robert Forbes; treasurer, Samuel Shaw. Offices, No 1,026 Arch-st., Philadelphia.

FREEDMEN'S AID AND SOUTHERN EDUCATION SOCIETY.—Corresponding secretaries, M. C. B. Mason and W. P. Thirkield; treasurer, H. C. Jennings. Offices No. 220 West Fourth-st., Cincinnati, Ohio.

OFFICERS AND AGENCIES OF THE PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The constitution of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America wa adopted in 1788, and the first General Assembly met in 1789. The General Assembl embraces the 32 synods and 239 presbyteries of the church, which has a total mem bership of 1,067,477; total contributions last year for missionary and educational wor and congregational expenses, $17,561,377. The next meeting will be on the thir Thursday of May, 1904, in the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, Buffalo, N .Y Its officers are: Moderator, Robert F. Coyle, D. D., Denver, Col.; vice-moderato Dr. Wm. M. Page, Leavenworth, Kan.; stated clerk and treasurer, William H Roberts, LL. D., No. 1,319 Walnut-st., Philadelphia; permanent clerk, William P Noble, D. D., Los Angeles, Cal. Trustees—Pres., S. C. Perkins, LL. D., Philadelphia treas., Frank K. Hipple, LL. D., Broad and Chestnut sts., Philadelphia; sec., Dr Edward B. Hodge. Office, No. 1,319 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

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BOARD OF EDUCATION.—Pres., Dr. George D. Baker, Philadelphia; cor. sec Dr. Edward B. Hodge; treas., Jacob Wilson. Office, No. 1,319 Walnut-st., Philadelphi

BOARD OF PUBLICATION AND SABBATH SCHOOL WORK.—Pres., the Hon Robert N. Willson, Philadelphia; sec., Dr. Elijah R. Craven, LL. D.; treas., the Rev Charles T. McMullin; supt. of Sabbath school and missionary work, Dr. James A Worden; editorial supt., Dr. James R. Miller; rec. clerk, Dr. Willard M. Rice; busi ness supt., John H. Scribner; manufacturer, Henry F. Scheetz. Office, No. 1,31 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

BOARD OF CHURCH ERECTION.—Pres., Dr. David Magie, Paterson, N. J cor. sec., Dr. Erskine N. White; rec. sec., Dr. David R. Frazer, Newark, N. J treas., Adam Campbell. Office, No. 156 Fifth-ave., New-York.

BOARD OF MINISTERIAL RELIEF.—Pres., A. Charles Barclay, Philadelphia; cor. sec., the Rev. Dr. Benjamin L. Agnew; rec. sec. and treas., the Rev. W. W. Heberton. Office, No. 1,319 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

BOARD OF MISSIONS FOR FREEDMEN.—Pres., Dr. Henry T. McClelland, Pittsburg; cor. sec., Dr. Edward P. Cowan; rec. sec. and treas., Dr. Samuel J. Fisher. Office, No. 516 Market-st., Pittsburg.

BOARD OF AID FOR COLLEGES AND ACADEMIES.—Pres., Dr. James G. K. McClure; cor. sec. and treas., Dr. Edward C. Ray, Chicago. Office, No. 78 La Salle st., Chicago.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON SYSTEMATIC BENEFICENCE.—Chairman, Dr. David G. Wylie, New-York; sec., Dr. William H. Hubbard, Auburn, N. Y.; treas., John Sinclair, New York.

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"ASSEMBLY HERALD" MANAGING COMMITTEE.—Chairman, Dr. A. Woodruff Halsey; Dr. Charles L. Thompson and William H. Scott. Office of publication, No. 1,328 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

PRESBYTERIAN HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—Pres., Dr. Henry C. McCook, Sc. D., Philadelphia; cor. sec., Dr. Samuel T. Lowrie, Philadelphia; rec. sec., Dr. James Price, Philadelphia; librarian, Dr. William L. Ledwith, Philadelphia; treas., Professor De B. K. Ludwig, Philadelphia; library and museum, No. 1,319 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (SOUTH).

The general officers of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States (South) are: Stated clerk and treas., W. A. Alexander, D. D., Clarksville, Tenn.; permanent clerk, ——— ———, ———; sec. Executive Committee on Foreign Missions, S. H. Chester, D. D., Nashville, Tenn.; sec. Executive Committee on Education for the Ministry, J. H. Lumpkin, D. D., Memphis, Tenn.; sec. Executive Committee of Publication, R. E. Magill, Richmond, Va.; sec. Executive Committee of Ministerial Relief, J. S. McElroy, D. D., Richmond, Va.; sec. Executive Committee of Colored Organization, Rev. J. G. Snedecor, Tuscaloosa, Ala.; gen. supt. of Sunday schools, A. L. Phillips, D. D., Richmond, Va.; moderator of General Assembly, A. C. Hopkins, D. D., Charleston, W. Va.; pres. Board of Trustees, General Assembly, Dr. E. Nye Hutchinson, Charlotte, N. C.

PRINCIPAL BAPTIST OFFICERS.

AMERICAN BAPTIST MISSIONARY UNION.—Rooms, Tremont Temple, Boston. Pres., Hon. H. Kirke Porter; rec. sec., Henry S. Burrage, D. D.; home sec., Henry C. Mabie, D. D; foreign sec., Thomas E. Barbour, D. D.; treas., Charles W. Perkins.

AMERICAN BAPTIST PUBLICATION SOCIETY.—No. 1,420 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia. Pres., Samuel A. Crozer; sec., Adoniram J. Rowland, D. D.; treas., Harry S. Hopper. Branch houses—New-York, No. 132 East Twenty-third-st.; Boston, No. 256 Washington-st.; Chicago, No. 177 Wabash-ave.; St. Louis, No. 902 Olive-st.; Atlanta, Ga., No. 69 Whitehall-st.; Dallas, Tex., No. 279 Elm-st.

AMERICAN BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY.—No. 111 Fifth-ave., New-York.—Pres., E. M. Thresher, Ohio; treas., Frank R. Hathaway; cor. sec., Henry L. Morehouse, D. D.; field sec., E. E. Chivers, D. D.

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AMERICAN BAPTIST EDUCATION SOCIETY.—No. 111 Fifth-ave., New-York. Pres., A. G. Slocum, LL. D., Michigan; cor. sec., H. L. Morehouse, D. D., New-York; treas., Edward V. Cary, Montclair, N. J.

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION OF AMERICA.—Pres., John H. Chapman, Chicago; gen. sec., Walter Calley, Chicago; treas., Frank Moody, Milwaukee, Wis.

WOMAN'S BAPTIST FOREIGN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—Rooms, Tremont Temple, Boston. Pres., Miss Sarah C. Durfee; clerk, Mrs. G. W. Dean; cor. secs., Mrs. H. G. Stafford, foreign dept.; Mrs. N. M. Waterbury, home dept.; treas., Miss Alice E. Stedman.

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WOMEN'S BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY.—Rooms, No. 2,411 Indiana-ave., Chicago. Pres., Mrs. J. N. Crouse; cor. sec., Miss M. G. Burdette; treas., Mrs. A. H. Barber.

WOMAN'S AMERICAN BAPTIST HOME MISSION SOCIETY.—Rooms, Tremont Temple, Boston. Pres., Mrs. Alice B. Coleman; cor. sec., Mrs. M. C. Reynolds; treas., Miss Gertrude L. Davis.

WOMAN'S MISSIONARY UNION.—Rooms, No. 9 West Lexington-st., Baltimore. Pres., Mrs. C. A. Stakely, Montgomery, Ala.; cor. sec., Miss Annie W. Armstrong; treas., Mrs. William C. Lowndes.

THE GERMAN BAPTIST CONFERENCES.—General Conference—Moderator, Professor L. Kaiser, Rochester; clerks, Rev. J. H. Merkel, Cleveland, Ohio, and Rev. H.

W. Geil, Rochester, N. Y.; cor. sec., Rev. G. A. Schulte, West Hoboken, N. J.; treas., J. A. Schulte, Philadelphia. Atlantic Conference—Moderator, Rev. G. Knobloch, Philadelphia; clerk, Rev. A. P. Mahm, Brooklyn. Eastern Conference—Moderator, Rev. A. Vogel, Buffalo, N. Y.; clerk, Rev. G. A. Sheets, Pittsburg. Central Conference—Moderator, Rev. J. Meier, Chicago; clerk, Rev. H. Von Berge, Cleveland. Northwestern Conference—Moderator, Rev. W. Schunke, Winnipeg, Man.; clerk, Rev. A. Baetig, Mooden, Man. Southwestern Conference—Moderator, Rev. R. Stracke, Lorraine, Kan.; clerk, Rev. J. Schuff, Topeka. Texas Conference—Moderator, Rev. F. Heisig, Denton, Tex.; clerk, Rev. August Becker, Grapevine, Tex. Pacific Conference—Moderator, Rev. J. A. H. Wuttke, Bethany, Ore.; clerk, Rev. G. Fichler, Portland, Ore.

THE NATIONAL BAPTIST CONVENTION OF THE UNITED STATES (Colored).—Pres., E. C. Morris, D. D., Helena, Ark.; rec. sec., W. L. Cansler, Nashville, Tenn.; treas., Rev. J. H. A. Cyrus, Port Royal, Va.

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BAPTIST CONGRESS.—Pres., Professor A. H. Bickmore, New-York City; sec., T. A. K. Gessler, D. D., Landing, N. J.; treas., W. C. Bitting, D. D., New-York City.

THE GERMAN BAPTIST PUBLICATION SOCIETY.—Nos. 957-959 Payne-ave., Cleveland, Ohio. Editor of "Sendbote," Rev. J. C. Grimmell, Cleveland, Ohio; manager, Rev. P. Ritter, Cleveland, Ohio.

THE GERMAN BAPTIST MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—Pres., Rev. J. Meier, Chicago, Ill.; rec. sec., Rev. E. Anschütz, West Hoboken, N. J.; gen. sec., Rev. C. A. Schulte, West Hoboken, N. J.; treas., J. A. Schulte, Philadelphia.

CONGREGATIONAL OFFICERS.

AMERICAN BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.—Headquarters, Congregational House, Boston. New-York office, Charities Building, Fourth-ave. and Twenty-second-st. Treas., Samuel B. Capen, LL. D.; secs., Dr. Judson Smith, Dr. Charles H. Daniels and Dr. James L. Barton; treas., Frank H. Wiggin; editorial sec., Dr. E. E. Strong; asst. sec., Harry W. Hicks; district secs., Dr. Charles C. Creegan, Charities Building, New-York; Dr. A. N. Hitchcock, Chicago, and the Rev. H. Melville Tenney, San Francisco.

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AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION.—Charities Building, New-York. Pres., Dr. Washington Gladden; treas., H. W. Hubbard; cor. secs., Dr. A. F. Beard, Dr. F. P. Woodbury and Dr. C. J. Ryder; sec. Women's Bureau, Miss D. E. Emerson; district secs., Dr. William L. Tenney, Chicago, and the Rev. George H. Gutterson, Boston.

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CONGREGATIONAL EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY.—Congregational House, Boston. Pres., Dr. William H. Wilcox; treas., S. F. Wilkins; sec., the Rev. Edward S. Tead.

CONGREGATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL AND PUBLISHING SOCIETY.—Congregational House, Boston. Pres., Dr. Willard Scott; sec. and treas., Dr. George M. Boynton; field sec., William A. Duncan, Ph. D.; editor, M. C. Hazard, Ph. D.; bus. manager, J. H. Tewksbury.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES.—Congregational House, Boston. Moderator, Dr. Amory H. Bradford; sec., the Rev. Asher Anderson; treas., the Rev. Samuel B. Forbes, Hartford, Conn.

NATIONAL COUNCIL'S MINISTERIAL RELIEF FUND.—No. 135 Wall-st., New-Haven, Con. Committee—Chairman, Dr. Henry A. Stimson, New-York City; treas., the Rev. S. B. Forbes, Hartford, Conn.

AMERICAN CONGREGATIONAL ASSOCIATION.—Congregational House, Boston. Pres., William O. Blaney; cor. sec., the Rev. Joshua Coit; treas., Augustus S. Lovett.

LUTHERAN CHURCH COUNCIL.

The General Council of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in North America is as follows: Pres., the Rev. Theodore E. Schmank, D. D., Lebanon, Penn.; English rec. sec., the Rev. Professor S. E. Ochsenford, D. D., No. 28 South Seventh-st., Allentown, Penn.; German rec. sec., the Rev. Gottlieb C. Berkemeier, D. D., Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Swedish rec. sec., the Rev. L. Holmes, D. D., L. H. D., Portland, Conn.; English cor. sec., the Rev. Dr. Stephen A. Repass, Allentown, Penn.; German cor. sec., the Rev. Christian G. Fischer, No. 34 Port-st., Elizabeth, N. J.; Swedish cor. sec., the Rev. A. W. Stark, De Kalb, Ill.; treas., William H. Staake, No. 133 South Twelfth-st., Philadelphia.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Young Men's Christian Association was organized in London in 1844 by George Williams, a junior clerk in a large drygoods house. The first association in America was established at Montreal in 1851; the first in the United States at Boston later in the same year. The American work is conducted under the following general departments: Office, Field, City and Town, Railroad, Student, Army and Navy, Colored and Indian, and sub-departments of Religious and Bible Study, Educational, Physical,

Social and Junior Work. The aggregate membership of the 1,736 North American associations is (Sept. 1, 1903) 350,455, and the net value of their property is $23,827,888; 690 have libraries, aggregating 544,450 volumes. The following are the officers of the committees:

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE.—Headquarters, No. 3 West Twenty-ninth-st., New-York. Chairman, Lucien C. Warner; treas., F. B. Schenck; general sec., Richard C. Morse.

CENTRAL INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE.—Headquarters, No. 3 Rue General Dufour, Geneva, Switzerland. Chairman, Edouard Barde; treas., Henry Fatio; gen. secs., Charles Fermaud and Christian Phildius. The committee is composed of members representing America, Australia, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, England, France, Germany, India, Japan, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Russia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland.

NEW-YORK STATE COMMITTEE.—Headquarters, No. 156 Fifth-ave., New-York. Chairman, Edmund P. Platt; treas., Samuel Woolverton; State secs., J. W. Cook and George A. Hall. The total membership in New-York State is 45,375, of whom 11,061 are railroad men, 2,981 students, and 6,864 are in the boys' department.

NEW-YORK CITY ASSOCIATION.—Headquarters, No. 156 Fifth-ave., New-York. Pres., William Fellowes Morgan; treas., Samuel Sloan, jr., gen. sec., Henry M. Orne.

Associations of Various Countries.

Countries.	No.	Countries.	No.	Countries.	No.
AMERICA.		Denmark	270	India	151
United States and Canada	1,736	Iceland	5	China	43
Bermuda	2	Switzerland	470	Japan	54
Argentine Republic	1	Norway	80	Turkey in Asia	5
Brazil	7	Sweden	125	Persia	2
Dutch Guiana	2	Italy	58	Syria	8
Chili	1	Spain and Portugal	15	Tonkin	2
Uruguay	3	Belgium	37	AFRICA.	
West Indies	3	Austria	87	Madagascar	1
EUROPE.		Hungary	27	North, West and Central Africa	11
England, Ireland and Wales	935	Russia	11	South Africa	8
Scotland	243	Finland	28	OCEANIA.	
France	103	Rumania	1	Australia	15
Germany	1,784	Bulgaria	3	New-Zealand	8
Luxemburg	1	Turkey in Europe	6		
Netherlands	314	Greece	1	Total	6,625
		ASIA.			
		Ceylon	14		

Associations in the United States and Canada.

Alberta	1	Indiana	36	Ohio	73
British Columbia	1	Indian Territory	1	Oklahoma	9
Manitoba	10	Iowa	53	Oregon	15
New-Brunswick	9	Kansas	49	Pennsylvania	194
Nova Scotia	16	Kentucky	64	Philippines	4
Ontario	51	Louisiana	9	Porto Rico	1
Prince Edward Island	2	Maine	20	Rhode Island	9
Quebec	8	Maryland	26	South Carolina	26
Mexico	1	Massachusetts	80	South Dakota	35
Hawaii	2	Michigan	32	Tennessee	50
Alaska	3	Minnesota	20	Texas	42
Alabama	25	Mississippi	14	Utah	1
Arkansas	10	Missouri	44	Vermont	13
California	32	Montana	3	Virginia	56
Colorado	13	Nebraska	28	Washington	12
Connecticut	25	Nevada	1	West Virginia	20
Delaware	4	New-Hampshire	13	Wisconsin	29
District of Columbia	2	New-Jersey	42	Wyoming	3
Florida	5	New-Mexico	1		
Georgia	35	New-York	182	Total	1,556
Idaho	4	North Carolina	38		
Illinois	118	North Dakota	15		

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETY.

The headquarters of the United Society of Christian Endeavor are at Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass. Officers: Pres., Dr. Francis E. Clark; gen. sec., Von Ogden Vogt; treas., William Shaw. Organized at Portland, Me., Feb. 2, 1881. Motto: "For Christ and the Church." On July 1, 1903, there were 64,020 societies in the world, 44,228 of which are in the United States, with 3,841,200 members. Pennsylvania led with 5,849 societies; then New-York, with 4,406; Ohio, 3,819; Illinois, 3,464; Indiana, 2,082; Iowa, 1,902; Michigan, 1,623; California, 1,583; Kansas, 1,546; Massachusetts, 1,522; Missouri, 1,476; New-Jersey, 1,461.

ROMAN CATHOLIC HIERARCHY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Apostolic Delegation.

His Excellency the Most Rev. Diomede Falconio (Archbishop of Larissa), Apostolic Delegate, No. 201 I-st., Washington, D. C.

Auditor of the Delegation, the Very Rev. Monsignor Marchetti. Secretary of the Delegation, ——— ———.

Archbishops.

See.		Cons.	See.		Cons.
Baltimore	J. Gibbons, Card.	1868	New-York	J. M. Farley	1895
Boston	J. J. Williams	1866	Portland	Alexander Christie	1898
Chicago	J. Edward Quigley	1897	Philadelphia	Patrick J. Ryan	1872
Cincinnati	William H. Elder	1857	St. Louis	J. N. Glennon	1896
Dubuque	John J. Keane	1878	St. Paul	John Ireland	1875
Milwaukee	———	———	San Francisco	P. W. Riordan	1883
New-Orleans	P. L. Chapelle	1891	Santa Fe	Peter Bourgade	1885

Bishops.

Albany, N. Y.	T. M. A. Burke	1894
Alton, Ill.	James Ryan	1888
Altoona	E. A. Garvey	1901
Baker City	C. J. O'Reilly	1903
Baltimore	A. A. Curtis, aux.	1886
Belleville, Ill.	J. Janssen	1888
Boise City	A. J. Glorieux	1885
Boston	John Brady aux.	1891
Brooklyn	C. E. McDonnell	1892
Buffalo	Charles H. Colton	1903
Burlington, Vt.	J. S. Michaud	1892
Charleston, S. C.	H. P. Northrop	1882
Cheyenne	John J. Keane	1902
Chicago	A. J. McGavick, aux.	1899
	P. J. Muldoon, aux.	1901
Cincinnati	H. Moeller, aux.	1900
Cleveland	Ig. F. Horstmann	1892
Columbus, Ohio	———	———
Concordia	J. F. Cunningham	1898
Covington, Ky.	C. P. Maes	1885
Dallas, Texas	E. J. Dunne	1893
Davenport, Iowa	H. Cosgrove	1884
Denver	Nicholas Matz	1887
Detroit	John S. Foley	1888
Duluth	James McGolrick	1889
Erie	J. E. Fitzmaurice	1898
Fort Wayne	H. J. Alerding	1900
Galveston	N. A. Gallagher	1882
Grand Rapids	H. J. Richter	1883
Green Bay, Wis.	S. G. Messmer	1892
Harrisburg	John W. Shanahan	1899
Hartford, Conn.	M. Tierney	1894
Helena, Mont.	———	———
Indianapolis	F. S. Chatard	1878
	D. O'Donaghue, aux.	1900
Fargo, N. D.	James Shanley	1889
Kansas City, Mo.	John J. Hogan	1868
La Crosse, Wis.	Jacob Schwebach	1892
Lead City, S. D.	J. N. Starika	1902
Leavenworth	L. M. Fink	1871
Lincoln, Neb.	Thos. Bonacum	1887
Little Rock	Edward Fitzgerald	1867
Los Angeles	Thomas J. Conaty	1901
Louisville	W. G. McCloskey	1868
Manchester, N. H.	———	———
Marquette, Mich.	Frederick Eis	1899
Mobile	Edward P. Allen	1897
Nashville	Thomas S. Byrne	1894
Natchez	Thomas Heslin	1889
Natchitoches	Anthony Durier	1885
Nesqually, Wash.	Edward O'Dea	1896
Newark	J. J. O'Connor	1901
New-Orleans	G. A. Rouxel, aux.	1899
Ogdensburg, N. Y.	H. Gabriels	1892
Omaha	Richard Scannell	1887
Peoria	J. L. Spalding	1877
	P. J. O'Reilly, aux.	1900
Pittsburg	Richard Phelan	1885
Philadelphia	E. F. Prendergast, aux.	1897
Portland, Me.	W. H. O'Connell	1901
Providence, R. I.	M. J. Harkins	1887
Richmond	A. Van de Vyver	1889
Rochester	B. J. McQuaid	1868
Sacramento	Thomas Grace	1886
St. Augustine	W. J. Kenny	1902
St. Cloud, Minn.	James Trobec	1897
St. Joseph, Mo.	M. F. Burke	1887
Salt Lake City	Lawrence Scanlan	1887
St. Louis, aux.	———	———
San Antonio, Tex.	J. A. Forest	1895
San Francisco	George Montgomery, aux.	1894
Savannah	B. J. Keiley	1900
Scranton	M. J. Hoban	1896
Sioux City, Ia.	P. J. Garrigan	1902
Sioux Falls	Thomas O'Gorman	1896
Springfield, Mass.	T. D. Beaven	1892
Syracuse	P. A. Ludden	1887
Trenton	J. A. McFaul	1894
Tucson	Henry Granjon	1900
Wheeling, W. Va.	P. J. Donahue	1894
Wichita, Kan.	J. J. Hennessy	1888
Wilmington, Del.	J. J. Monaghan	1897
Winona, Minn.	John B. Cotter	1889

Bishop of Antonia—Ignatius Mrak, Sutton Bay P. O., Mich.

Vicariates-Apostolic—T. Meerschaert, Pottawotomie Nation, Indian Territory and Oklahoma: Peter Verdaguer, Brownsville, Tex; Leo Haid, North Carolina, 1888; G. F. Ropert, 1892. Hawaiian Islands.

Arch Abbots—Leander Schnerr, St. Vincent's Abbey, Beatty, Penn.; Andrew Hintenach, Canon City, Col.

Mitred Abbots—Frowenus Conrad, Benedictine, Conception, Mo.; Alexis Edelbrock, New-York City; Edmund M. Obrecht, Gethsemane, Ky.; Peter Engel, Collegeville, Minn.; Rt. Rev. Athanasius Schmitt, St. Meinrad's, Ind.; Hilary Pfraengle, Newark, N. J.; Innocent Wolf, Atchison, Kan.; Leo Haid, Belmont, N. C.; B. Menges, Cullman, Ala.; Ignatius Conrad, Spielerville, Ark.; N. Jaeger, Chicago, Ill.

Prefecture-Apostolic of Alaska—J. B. René, S. J.

Bishop of Porto Rico—Rt. Rev. James H. Blenk, S. M. Philippines—Manila, Archbishop G. Harty, 1903; Jaro, F. Z. Rooker, 1903; Cebu, T. Hendrick, 1903; Nueva Sojovia, D. Daugherty, 1903.

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Note.—Where "U." appears it means "University"; "P. I." means "Polytechnic Institute"; "T. S." means "Theological Seminary," and where no letter follows the name it means it is "College."

TABLE I.—STATISTICS OF UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES FOR MEN AND FOR BOTH SEXES.

Founded	Name of institution.	Location.	Religious or non-sectarian control.	President or dean of faculty.	No. instructors.	No. of students.	Volumes in library	Value of property (including endowment).
1896	*Adelphi	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Non-sectarian	Charles H. Levermore, B. A., Ph. D.	30	400	9,000	$600,000
1866	*Albany	Albany, Ore.	Presbyterian	Wallace Howe Lee, LL. D.	11	176	2,633	45,000
1861	*Albion	Albion, Mich	Methodist	Samuel Dickie, LL. D.	27	442	16,000	550,000
1881	*Albright	Myerstown, Penn.	Un. Evang	James Daniel Woodring, A. M., D. D.	16	170	6,000	175,000
1836	*[1]Alfred U.	Alfred, N. Y.	Sev. Day Bap.	Boothe Colwell Davis, Ph. D., D. D.	27	250	15,000	513,000
1815	*Allegheny	Meadville, Penn.	Methodist	Rev. William H. Crawford, D.D., LL. D.	21	378	17,000	850,000
1880	*Allen	Columbia, S. C.	African Meth.	Rev. David Henry Johnson	16	380	150	50,000
1886	*Alma	Alma, Mich.	Presbyterian	August F. Bruske	23	300	10,000	400,000
1893	*[1]Am. U. of Har'man	Harriman, Tenn.	Non-sectarian	James Alexander Tate	9	110	3,000	50,000
1821	Amherst	Amherst, Mass.	Non-sectarian	George Harris	37	415	80,000	3,000 000
1852	*Antioch	Yellow Springs, Ohio	Non-sectarian	Stephen F. Weston, Ph. D.	9	60	7,000	100,000
1890	*Arkadelphia Meth.	Arkadelphia, Ark.	Methodist	G. C. Jones, M. A., LL. D.	15	250	2,000	75,000
1892	*Ark. Cumberland	Clarksville, Ark.	Cumb. Presby.	Edwin Hart Siles	9	111	4,000	35,000
1867	[1]Atlanta Baptist	Atlanta, Ga.	Baptist	Rev. George Sale, A. M.	12	175	2,500	85,000
1869	*Atlanta U.	Atlanta, Ga.	Non-sectarian	Rev. Horace Bumstead, D. D.	15	300	11,000	290,000
1869	[1]Augsburg Seminary	Minneapolis, Minn.	Lutheran	Georg Sverdrup	7	159	1,500	150,000
1860	*[1]Augustana C.&T. S.	Rock Island, Ill.	Lutheran	Gustav Andreen, Ph. D.	45	659	20,000	200,000
1848	Austin	Sherman, Tex.	Presbyterian	Thomas Stone Clyce, D. D.	8	133	6,000	120,000
1891	*Austin	Effingham, Ill.	Non-sectarian	William E. Lugenbeel, Ph. D.	10	175	4,000	50,000
1857	*Baker	Baldwin, Kan.	Methodist	Lemuel Herbert Murlin	22	900	10,000	225,000
1845	*Baldwin U.	Berea, Ohio	Methodist	G. A. Reeder, D. D.	24	378	7,500	200,000
1863	*[1]Bates	Lewiston, Me.	Free Baptist	George Colby Chase, D. D., LL. D.	22	356	24,000	750,000
1845	*[1]Baylor U.	Waco, Tex.	Baptist	Samuel Palmer Brooks, A. M.	42	825	18,000	600,000
1853	*Beaver C. & M. I.	Beaver, Penn.	Methodist	Rev. Arthur Staples, A. M., D. D.	17	311	2,000	145,000
1880	*Bellevue	Bellevue, Neb.	Presbyterian	David R. Kerr, D. D.	26	200	4,600	150,000
1846	*Beloit	Beloit, Wis.	Non-sectarian	Edward Dwight Eaton, D. D., LL. D.	27	465	30,000	1,350,000
1855	*Berea	Berea, Ky.	Non-sectarian	William Goodell Frost, Ph. D., D. D.	42	900	20,000	
1840	*[1]Bethany	Bethany, W. Va.	Christian	Thomas E. Cramblet	18	260	9,000	850,000
1881	*Bethany	Lindsborg, Kan.	Lutheran	Rev. Carl Swensson, Ph.D., D.D., R.N.O.	49	878	7,000	175,000
1854	Bethel	Russellville, Ky.	Baptist	William Henry Harrison	6	104	6,000	170,000
1867	[1]Biddle U.	Charlotte, N. C.	Presbyterian	Daniel J. Sanders	14	210	13,000	300,000
1859	*Blackburn	Carlinville, Ill.	Presbyterian	Walter H. Bradley, Ph. D.	13	133	4,000	85,000
1863	Boston	Boston, Mass.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. William F. Gannon, S. J.	24	350	50,000	530,000
1869	*[1]Boston U.	Boston, Mass.	Methodist	William E. Huntington, acting pres.	145	1,284	——	2,168,123
1794	Bowdoin	Brunswick, Me.	Congregational	William De Witt Hyde	34	341	70,000	1,700,000
1857	*Bowdon	Bowdon, Ga.	Non-sectarian	W. Claude Williams	5	225	1,000	18,000
1882	*Bridgewater	Bridgewater, Va.	German Baptist	Walter Bowman Yount, Ph. B.	14	340	3,000	35,000
1877	*[1]Brigham Young	Logan, Utah	L. Day Saints	James Henry Linford	32	731	3,800	205,733
1764	*Brown U.	Providence, R. I.	Baptist	Rev. Wm. Herbert Perry Faunce, D. D.	79	854	140,000	4,496,900

1870	*Buchtel	Akron, Ohio	Universalist	Augustus B. Church, D. D.	19	282	7,000	445,000
1846	*Bucknell U.	Lewisburg, Penn.	Baptist	John Howard Harris, D. D.	45	650	22,000	1,000,000
1891	*Buena Vista	Storm Lake, Iowa	Presbyterian	Rev. E. E. Reed, D. D.	17	222	4,000	92,000
1895	*Burleson	Greenville, Tex.	Baptist	William Irwin Gibson	5	100	200	35,000
1849	*Burritt	Spencer, Tenn.	Christian	William Newton Billingsley	10	276	3,865	20,000
1850	*‡Butler	Indianapolis, Ind.	Christian	Scot Butler	20	300	7,000	400,000
1870	*California	Oakland, Cal.	Non-sectarian	T. A. Brownson	8	55	3,250	83,000
1902	*Campbell	Holton, Kan.	Un. Brethren	Peter O. Bonebrake	17	466	3,000	100,000
1870	Canisius	Buffalo, N. Y.	Rom. Catholic	Aloysius J. Pfeil	31	283	24,400	385,000
1850	†Capital U.	Columbus, Ohio	Lutheran	Lewis H. Schuh	9	112	6,000	200,000
1866	*Carleton	Northfield, Minn.	Congregational	William Henry Sallmon, A. M.	23	340	20,000	500,000
1870	*Carthage	Carthage, Ill.	Lutheran	Frederick L. Sigmund	12	250	6,000	100,000
1887	†Catholic U. of Am.	Washington, D. C.	Rom. Catholic	Right Rev. Mgr. D. J. O'Connell, S.T.D.	28	160	35,000	1,816,974
1894	*Cedarville	Cedarville, Ohio	Ref. Presby.	Rev. David McKinney, D. D.	10	112	1,200	42,000
1825	Centenary C. of La.	Jackson, La.	Methodist So.	Charles C. Miller	7	108	3,000	125,000
1857	*Central	Fayette, Mo.	Methodist So.	Rev. James C. Morris, D. D.	10	112	7,500	300,000
1838	Central H. S of Phil.	Philadelphia	City	Robert Ellis Thompson, M. A., S. T. D.	58	1,584	9,500	1,587,043
1864	*‡Central Wesleyan	Warrenton, Mo.	Methodist	George B. Addicks	18	330	8,000	180,000
1819	Central U. of Ky.	Danville, Ky.	Presbyterian		18	207	20,000	750,000
1891	*†Charles City	Charles City, Iowa	Ger. Methodist	Jno. Fred. Hirsch	10	212	1,800	85,000
1785	College of Charleston	Charleston, S. C.	City	Harrison Randolph, M. A., LL. D.	8	61	15,239	450,000
1851	Christian Brothers	St. Louis, Mo.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. Brother Justin	32	405	10,000	450,000
1871	Christian Brothers	Memphis, Tenn.	Rom. Catholic	Brother Icarion, Acting President	20	250	2,500	——
1851	*‡Christian U.	Canton, Mo.	Christian	Carl Johann, A. M., LL. D.	14	139	4,000	150,000
1859	*Claflin U.	Orangeburg, S. C.	Methodist	Rev. L. M. Dunton, D. D.	40	700	5,000	200,000
1877	*Clark U.	South Atlanta, Ga.	Methodist	William Henry Crogman	22	600	1,800	800,000
1889	Clark U.	Worcester, Mass.	Non-sectarian	G. Stanley Hall	17	—	22,000	——
1878	*Clarksburg	Clarksburg, Mo.	Baptist	Rev. J. E. Dillard, A. M.	6	107	4,000	20,000
1881	*Coe	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Presbyterian	Rev. S. B. McCormick, D. D., LL. D.	25	290	4,000	350,000
1818	*Colby	Waterville, Me.	Baptist	Charles L. White, D. D.	15	190	40,000	650,000
1819	†Colgate U.	Hamilton, N. Y.	Baptist	George Edmunds Merrill, D. D., LL. D.	19	185	36,000	2,250,000
1874	*Colorado	Colorado Springs, Col.	Non-sectarian	William F. Slocum	43	527	27,000	1,385,000
1754	Columbia U.	New York City	Non-sectarian	Nicholas Murray Butler, Ph. D., LL. D.	576	4,512	340,354	20,000,000
1901	Columbia U.	University Park, Ore.	Roman Catholic	Rev. M. A. Quinlan, C. S. C.	12	120	——	——
1821	*Columbian U.	Washington, D. C.	Baptist	Charles W. Needham, LL. D.	19	1,298	12,000	1,000,000
1899	†Concordia	Fort Wayne, Ind.	Lutheran	Martin Luecke	10	206	5,000	1,300,395
1881	Concordia	Milwaukee, Wis.	Lutheran	Max J. F. Albrecht	9	250	5,000	150,000
1887	*Cooper	Sterling, Kan.	Un. Presby.	Rev. F. M. Spencer, D. D.	14	125	3,000	50,000
1853	*Cornell	Mount Vernon, Iowa	Methodist	William Fletcher King	38	743	23,687	691,641
1865	*Cornell U.	Ithaca, N. Y.	Non-sectarian	Jacob G. Schurman, A.M., D.Sc., LL.D.	450	3,500	272,899	12,082,232
1889	*†Cotner U.	Lincoln, Neb.	Christian	William Prince Aylsworth, LL. D.	44	325	3,000	150,000
1878	Creighton U.	Omaha, Neb.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. M. P. Dowling, S. J.	58	425	10,000	600,000
1842	*†Cumberland U.	Lebanon, Tenn.	Cumb. Presby.	David Earle Mitchell	66	730	20,000	600,000
1883	*Dakota U.	Mitchell, S. D.	Methodist	Rev. Thomas Nicholson, A. M., D. D.	14	400	3,000	155,000
190	*Dallas C. & LaCreole	Dallas, Ore.	——	Rev. Charles C. Poling, Ph. D	10	132	600	25,000
1769	Dartmouth	Hanover, N. H.	Non-sectarian	William Jewett Tucker, D. D., LL. D.	72	887	100,000	3,000,000
1837	Davidson	Davidson, N. C.	Presbyterian	Henry Louis Smith	16	240	15,000	800,000
1833	Delaware	Newark, Del.	State	George A. Harter, M. A., Ph. D	19	120	14,000	900,000
1831	*Denison U.	Granville, Ohio	Baptist	Emory W. Hunt, D. D., LL. D.	35	450	30,000	1,100,000
1837	*De Pauw U.	Greencastle, Ind.	Methodist	Edwin Holt Hughes	32	617	25,000	536,078
1865	*Des Moines	Des Moines, Iowa	Baptist	Justin K Richardson, S. T. D.	21	330	30,000	200,000

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY IN THE UNITED STATES.—(Continued).

Founded.	Name of institution.	Location.	Religious or non-sectarian control.	President or dean of faculty.	No. instructors.	No. of students.	Volumes in library.	Value of property (including endowment).
1877	Detroit	Detroit, Mich.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Louis Kellinger, S. J.	12	202	12,500	170,000
1872	*Doane	Crete, Neb.	Congregational.	David Brainerd Perry	16	189	9,050	300,000
1881	*[1]Drake U.	Des Moines, Iowa	Christian	Hill McClelland Bell	112	1,687	10,000	500,000
1873	*Drury	Springfield, Mo.	Congregational.	Homer Taylor Fuller	21	440	26,500	600,000
1859	*[1]Earlham	Richmond, Ind.	Friends	Robert L. Kelly	17	320	7,000	480,000
1871	Elmhurst Proseminar	Elmhurst, Ill.	Ger. Evang.	Rev. D. Irion, D. D.	7	104	1,987	50,000
1893	*Emerson	Campbell, Tex.	———	B. F. Holcomb	13	100	1,200	25,000
1836	Emory	Oxford, Ga.	Methodist So.	James Edward Dickey, D. D.	17	254	27,000	375,000
1837	*Emory and Henry	Emory, Va.	Methodist So.	Richard G. Waterhouse	9	128	10,000	100,000
1882	*Emporia	Emporia, Kan.	Presbyterian	John C. Miller	13	200	7,000	120,000
1839	*[1]Erskine	Due West, S. C.	A. R. Presby.	Rev. Frank Y. Pressly, D. D.	8	125	9,000	180,000
1855	*[1]Eureka	Eureka, Ill.	Christian	Robert E. Hieronymus	18	246	7,000	200,000
1867	*Ewing	Ewing, Ill.	Baptist	J. A. Leavitt	15	250	6,000	60,000
1895	*Fairmount	Wichita, Kan.	Congregational.	Nathan J. Morrison, D. D., LL. D.	21	253	23,000	200,000
1888	*Fargo	Fargo, N. D.	Congregational.	John H. Morley, LL. D.	15	192	4,300	260,000
1882	*[1]Findlay	Findlay, Ohio	Church of God.	Rev. Charles Manchester, A. M., D. D.	15	269	1,030	200,000
1865	*[1]Fisk U.	Nashville, Tenn.	Congregational.	Rev. James G. Merrill, D. D.	27	517	7,274	415,730
1851	*Florida State	Tallahassee, Fla.	State	Albert Alexander Murphree, A. M.	15	326	6,000	200,000
1881	*Fort Worth U.	Fort Worth, Tex.	Methodist	Rev. George MacAdam, A. M., D. D.	54	851	2,000	125,000
1725	*Franklin	New Athens, Ohio	Non-sectarian.	Rev. Robt. Gowan Campbell, A.M., D.D.	10	104	3,000	23,000
1834	*Franklin	Franklin, Ind.	Baptist	William Taylor Stott	11	175	14,500	425,000
1787	[1]Franklin & Marsh'l	Lancaster, Penn.	Reformed	John S. Stahr, Ph. D., D. D.	24	373	47,500	750,000
1893	*Fredericksburg	Fredericksburg, Va.	Presbyterian	Rev. J. W. Rosebro, D. D.	11	217	1,000	20,000
1885	*French-American	Springfield, Mass.	Non-sectarian.	Rev. Samuel H. Lee, A. M.	12	99	3,500	110,000
1851	Furman U.	Greenville, S. C.	Baptist	Edwin McNeill Poteat, D. D.	12	265	6,000	165,000
1864	*Gale	Galesville, Wis.	Presbyterian	Lars M. Gimmestad	6	80	3,000	25,000
1864	*[1]Gallaudet	Kendall Green, D. C.	National	E. M. Gallaudet, Ph. D., LL. D.	15	103	5,550	700,000
1849	*Geneva	Beaver Falls, Penn.	Ref. Presby.	William Pollock Johnston	15	288	4,000	350,000
1789	Georgetown U.	Washington, D. C.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Jerome Daugherty, S. J.	130	750	85,000	1,440,000
1873	*[1]German	Mount Pleasant, Iowa.	Methodist	Rev. E. S. Havighorst, A.M., S.T.B., D.D	12	155	1,000	55,000
1821	Gonzaga	Washington, D. C.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Edward H. Fink, S. J.	12	158	20,000	200,000
1887	[1]Gonzaga	Spokane, Wash.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Raphael J. Crimont	30	350	7,000	300,000
1806	*Graceland	Lamoni, Iowa	L. Day Saints.	Ernest Ritson Dewsnup, M. A., F. S. S.	8	75	1,500	36,000
1892	*Grand Island	Grand Island, Neb.	Baptist	George Sutherland	14	252	4,487	142,000
1867	*[1]Grant U.	Chattanooga-Athens, Tenn.	———	Rev. John H. Race, D. D.	63	899	9,000	325,000
1892	*[1]Greenville	Greenville, Ill.	Free Methodist.	Wilson Thomas Hogue	14	250	7,000	50,000
1876	*Grove City	Grove City, Penn.	Non-sectarian.	Isaacc C. Ketler, D. D., LL. D.	18	603	5,000	275,000
1837	*Guilford	Guilford College, N. C.	Friends	Lewis Lyndon Hobbs	13	225	6,000	150,000
1862	*Gustavus Adolphus	St. Peter, Minn.	Lutheran	Rev. M. Wahlstrom, Ph. D., K. N. S.	25	357	10,000	70,000
1812	Hamilton	Clinton, N. Y.	Non-sectarian.	M. Woolsey Stryker, D. D., LL. D.	18	196	45,000	1,000,000
1854	*Hamline U. of Min.	St. Paul, Minn.	Methodist	George H. Bridgman, D. D., LL. D.	65	466	10,000	700,000
1776	Hampden-Sidney	Hampden-Sidney, Va.	Non-sectarian.	Richard McIlwaine	9	92	15,000	300,000

1828	*Hanover	Hanover, Ind.	Presbyterian	Daniel W. Fisher, D. D., LL. D.	12	150	18,000	400,000
18—	*Hartselle	Hartselle, Ala.	Non-sectarian	James H. Riddle	4	180	500	4,700
1636	Harvard U.	Cambridge, Mass.	Non-sectarian	Charles William Eliot	547	$4,784	640,000	22,763,521
1882	*Hastings	Hastings, Neb.	Presbyterian	Rev. E. Van Dyke Wight	9	94	3,600	100,000
1833	Haverford	Haverford, Penn.	Friends	Isaac Sharpless, Sc. D., LL. D.	20	129	41,500	2,000,000
1870	*Heidelberg U.	Tiffin, Ohio	Reformed	Charles E. Miller, D. D.	30	347	15,000	225,000
1884	Hendrix	Conway, Ark.	Methodist So.	Stonewall Anderson	9	160	8,000	160,000
1894	*Henry Kendall	Muskogee, I. T.	Presbyterian	Rev. A. Grant Evans	14	200	1,500	60,000
1887	*Highland U.	Highland, Kan.	Presbyterian	Amos Alton Davis, A. M.	3	72	1,500	60,000
1855	*Hillsdale	Hillsdale, Mich.	Free Baptist	Joseph William Mauck, A. M., LL. D.	21	363	11,474	363,435
1850	*Hiram	Hiram, Ohio	Christian	Edmund B. Wakefield	18	330	11,000	370,000
1849	*Hiwassee	Hiwassee Col., Tenn.	Non-sectarian	Rev. J. E. Lowry, A. M.	5	124	3,100	15,000
1825	Hobart	Geneva, N. Y.	Prot. Episcopal	Rev. Langdon Chevos Stewardson	16	104	40,000	825,000
1843	Holy Cross, C. of the	Worcester, Mass.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. Joseph F. Hanselman S. J.	26	385	——	——
1878	Holy Ghost, C. of the	Pittsburg, Penn.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. Martin A. Hehir, C. S. Sp.	24	290	20,000	400,000
18—	*Hope	Holland, Mich.	Reformed	Gerrit J. Kollen, A. M., LL. D.	14	224	15,000	400,000
1843	Howard	Birmingham, Ala.	Baptist	Andrew Philip Montague	14	150	——	100,000
1867	*Howard U.	Washington, D. C.	National	John Gordon, D. D.	13	1,131	43,000	750,000
1889	*Howard Payne	Brownwood, Tex.	Baptist	James Harvey Grove	11	275	2,000	45,000
1883	*Huron	Huron, S. D.	Presbyterian	Rev. Calvin H. French, D. D.	14	266	7,500	50,000
1829	Illinois	Jacksonville, Ill.	Non-sectarian	Rev. Clifford W. Barnes, M. A.	22	245	15,500	500,000
1850	*Illinois Wesleyan U.	Bloomington, Ill.	Methodist	Edgar Monsena Smith	34	1,516	10,000	350,000
1847	Immaculate Concept.	New-Orleans, La.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. Henry S. Maring, S. J.	29	500	12,000	750,000
1881	*Indian U.	Bacone, I. T.	Baptist	John H. Scott, A. B.	11	200	1,500	75,000
1828	*Indiana U.	Bloomington, Ind.	State	William Lowe Bryan	70	1,469	46,275	350,000
1847	*Iowa	Grinnell, Iowa	Congregational	Dan F. Bradley	—	482	30,000	650,000
1844	*Iowa Wesleyan U.	Mount Pleasant, Iowa.	Methodist	John W. Hancher, A. M., S. T. D.	28	400	8,000	275,000
1829	Jefferson	Convent, La.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. Mathew Thouvenin	19	165	6,200	95,000
1887	*John B. Stetson U.	De Land, Fla.	Baptist	John F. Forbes	42	452	12,500	500,000
1876	Johns Hopkins U.	Baltimore, Md.	Non-sectarian	Ira Remsen, M. D., Ph. D., LL. D.	150	702	110,000	5,000,000
1876	*Juniata	Huntingdon, Penn.	Ger. Bap. Bret.	I. Harvey Brumbaugh, Acting President	20	330	20,000	150,000
1882	*Kansas Christian	Lincoln, Neb.	Christian	O. B. Whitaker, A. M., Ph. D.	7	135	3,000	25,000
1896	*Kansas City U.	Kansas City, Kan.	Methodist	David Stubert Stephens, D. D.	92	416	——	250,000
1799	*Kentucky U.	Lexington, Ky.	Christian	Burris Atkins Jenkins	18	400	——	800,000
1869	*Kentucky Wesleyan	Winchester, Ky.	Methodist So.	John L. Weber, D. D., Litt. D.	9	175	5,000	150,000
1825	Kenyon	Gambier, Ohio	Prot. Episcopal	Rev. Wm. Foster Peirce, A. M., L.H.D.	25	220	32,000	900,000
18—	*Knox	Galesburg, Ill.	Non-sectarian	Thomas McClelland, D. D.	28	636	10,000	550,000
1875	*Knoxville	Knoxville, Tenn.	Un. Presby.	Ralph W. McGranahan, D. D.	28	425	2,300	125,000
1826	Lafayette	Easton, Penn.	Presbyterian	Rev. Ethelbert Dudley Warfield, LL. D.	29	435	21,600	1,166,928
1883	*La Fayette	La Fayette, Ala.	Non-sectarian	John P. Neff	11	220	800	17,000
185—	*La Grange	La Grange, Mo.	Baptist	Jere Taylor Muir	14	160	7,000	45,000
1857	*Lake Forest	Lake Forest, Ill.	Presbyterian	Richard D. Harlan, D. D.	22	135	17,000	1,700,000
1862	*La Salle	Philadelphia	Rom. Catholic	Rev. Brother Abdas	15	227	9,500	8,500
1847	*Lawrence U. of Wis.	Appleton, Wis.	Methodist	Samuel Plantz, Ph. D., D. D.	31	583	20,397	587,600
1867	*Lebanon Valley	Annville, Penn.	Un. Brethren	Rev. Hervin U. Roop, A. M., Ph. D.	32	453	10,000	275,000
1866	Lehigh U.	So. Bethlehem, Penn.	Non-sectarian	Thomas Messinger Drown, LL. D.	53	600	117,794	2,500,000
1870	*Leland U.	New-Orleans, La.	Baptist	R. W. Perkins, Ph. D.	39	1,270	2,500	260,000
1885	*Leland Stanf'd. Jr. U.	Palo Alto, Cal.	Non-sectarian	David Starr Jordan	130	1,400	75,000	30,000,000
1891	*Lenoir	Hickory, N. C.	Lutheran	Rev. Robert L. Fritz, A. M.	9	200	1,200	40,000
1856	*Lenox	Hopkinton, Iowa.	Presbyterian	Rev. Francis W. Grossman	15	175	4,000	80,000
1893	*Lima	Lima, Ohio.	Lutheran	Rev. Carl Ackerman, Ph. D.	10	275	2,000	60,000

Founded	Name of institution.	Location.	Religious or non-sectarian control.	President or dean of faculty.	No. instructors.	No. of students.	Volumes in library	Value of property (including endowment).
1865	*Lincoln	Lincoln, Ill.	Cumb. Presby.	James Lincoln Goodknight, A. M., D. D.	13	164	4,500	216,000
1854	Lincoln U.	Lincoln University, Chester Co., Penn.	Presby. (Col'd.)	Isaac U. Rendell, D. D.	14	209	18,000	400,000
1891	*Lineville	Lineville, Ala.	Non-sectarian.	J. M. Langston	7	220	300	5,000
1880	*‡Livingston	Salisbury, N. C.	A. M. E. Zion.	William Harvey Goler	19	204	7,000	310,000
1851	*‡Lombard	Galesburg, Ill.	Universalist.	C. Ellwood Nash	17	204	7,000	325,000
1852	Loyola	Baltimore, Md.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. John F. Quirk, S. J.	18	155	40,000	300,000
1884	*Macalester	St. Paul, Minn.	Presbyterian.	James Wallace, Ph. D.	15	210	8,200	250,000
1835	*Marietta	Marietta, Ohio	Non-sectarian.	Alfred Tyler Perry, D. D.	23	246	60,000	530,000
1856	Maryland Agricultur'l	College Park, Md.	State.	R. W. Silvester	17	158	6,000	250,000
1819	*Maryville	Maryville, Tenn.	Presbyterian.	Samuel Tyndale Wilson, D. D.	22	431	12,000	335,121
1828	*McKendree	Lebanon, Ill.	Methodist.	McKendree H. Chamberlin, LL. D.	13	184	10,000	110,000
1858	*‡McMinnville	McMinnville, Ore.	Baptist.	Arthur Marion Brumback	10	200	4,000	95,000
1838	Mercer U.	Macon, Ga.	Baptist.	P. D. Pollock, A. M., LL. D.	23	265	19,600	450,000
1809	*Miami U.	Oxford, Ohio	State.	Rev. Guy Potter Benton, D. D.	26	773	20,000	800,000
1800	*Middlebury	Middlebury, Vt.	Non-sectarian.	Ezra Brainerd, LL. D.	12	116	25,000	650,000
1881	*‡Milligan	Johnson City, Tenn.	Christian.	Henry R. Garrett	9	200	3,000	10,000
1847	*Milton	Milton, Wis.	Sev. Day Bap.	Rev. Wm. Clifton Daland, A. M., D. D.	14	140	6,792	145,000
1859	‡Mission House of the Reformed Church	Franklin, Wis.	Reformed	H. A. Muehlmeier	8	70	6,000	65,000
1826	Mississippi	Clinton, Miss.	Baptist.	Rev. William Tyndale Lowrey, D. D.	9	287	3,000	110,000
1889	*Missouri Valley	Marshall, Mo.	Cumb. Presby.	William Henry Black, D. D.	14	313	8,000	260,000
1887	*Missouri Wesleyan	Cameron, Mo.	Methodist.	Benjamin W. Baker	12	250	300	60,000
1856	*Monmouth	Monmouth, Ill.	Un. Presby.	Thomas H. McMichael	19	350	7,000	320,000
1856	Moores Hill	Moores Hill, Ind.	Methodist.	Charles Willard Lewis, D. D.	10	186	5,000	50,000
1894	*Morningside	Sioux City, Iowa.	Methodist.	Wilson Seeley Lewis	38	568	3,500	225,000
1881	*‡Morris Brown	Atlanta, Ga.	African M. E.	Rev. James M. Henderson, D. D.	18	445	1,500	75,000
1888	*‡Morris Harvey	Barboursville, W. Va.	Methodist So.	D. W. Shaw	10	133	2,000	30,000
1872	*Morrisville	Morrisville, Mo.	Methodist So.	William W. Thomas	8	151	1,400	30,000
1808	‡Mount St. Mary's	Emmitsburg, Md.	Rom. Catholic.	Very Rev. Wm. L. O'Hara, LL. D.	35	240	28,000	
1858	*Mount Union	Alliance, Ohio	Methodist.	Rev. Albert Burdsall Riker, D. D.	24	498	7,591	350,000
1867	Muhlenberg	Allentown, Penn.	Lutheran.	Rev. Theodore Lorenzo Seip, D. D.	13	139	12,000	263,000
1837	*Muskingum	New-Concord, Ohio	Un. Presby.	Leonard Johnson Graham	14	275	3,650	74,000
1888	*Nebraska Wesleyan	University Place, Neb.	Methodist.	De Witt Clinton Huntington, D.D., LL.D.	40	600	5,000	200,000
1887	*Nevada State U.	Reno, Nev.	State.	Joseph Edward Stubbs, D. D., LL. D.	27	255	8,444	78,684
[illegible]	New-York U.	New-York, N. Y.	Non-sectarian.	H. M. MacCracken, D. D., LL. D., Chan.	212	2,101	70,000	3,552,000
1842	*New-Windsor	New-Windsor, Md.	Presbyterian.	Rev. James Fraser, Ph. D.	8	65	6,000	60,000
1847	New-York, Col. of the City of	New-York, N. Y.	City.	John H. Finley, LL. D.	116	2,508	34,911	1,646,500
1858	‡Niagara U.	Niagara Falls, N. Y.	Rom. Catholic	Very Rev. William F. Likly, C. M.	19	190	12,000	400,000
1872	*North Georgia Agr'l	Dahlonega, Ga.	State.	Joseph Spencer Stewart	11	190	5,300	60,000
1869	Northern Illinois	Fulton, Ill.	Non-sectarian.	J. E. Bittinger, A. M.	6	180	3 500	70,000
1892	*Northwest Missouri	Albany, Mo.	Methodist So.	James Ralph Clay	7	90	1,400	30,000
1851	*‡Northwestern	Naperville, Ill.	Evang. Assn.	H. J. Kiekhoefer	20	417	7,000	206,000

1851	*†Northwestern U.	Evarston, Ill.	Methodist	Edmund Janes James, Ph. D., LL. D.	304	3,691	113,045	7,752,947
1865	Northwestern U.	Watertown, Wis.	Lutheran	August F. Ernst	10	155	5,057	80,000
1861	Norwegian Luther	Decorah, Iowa	Lutheran	C. K. Preus	12	203	16,000	100,000
1810	Norwich U.	Northfield Vt.	Non-sectarian.	Rev. Allan D. Brown, LL. D.	8	100	12,000	70,000
1833	*†Oberlin	Oberlin, Ohio	Non-sectarian.	Henry Churchill King, D. D.	86	1,509	71,450	2,302,431
1887	*Occidental	Los Angeles, Cal.	Presbyterian	Guy W. Wadsworth	18	165	4,000	40,000
1883	*Odessa	Odessa, Mo.	Non-sectarian.	L. H. Gehman	5	85	550	10,000
1877	Ogden	Bowling Green, Ky.	Non-sectarian	William A. Obenchain, A. M.	5	80	3,600	175,000
1870	*Ohio State U.	Columbus, Ohio	State	William Oxley Thompson	140	1,735	48,223	3,525,398
1804	*Ohio U.	Athens, Ohio	State	Alston Ellis, Ph. D., LL. D.	39	551	17,500	710,253
1844	*Ohio Wesleyan U.	Delaware, Ohio	Methodist	James W. Bashford, Ph. D., LL. D.	65	1,485	55,000	1,596,629
1844	*Olivet	Olivet, Mich.	Congregational	Willard G. Sperry	22	250	30,000	350,000
1865	*Ottawa U.	Ottawa, Kan.	Baptist	John D. S. Riggs, Ph. D., L. H. D.	23	650	4,000	225,000
1847	*Otterbein U.	Westerville, Ohio	Un. Brethren	George Scott	26	350	11,000	200,000
1886	*Ouachita Baptist	Arkadelphia, Ark.	Baptist	John W. Conger, A. M.	25	400	3,000	125,000
1869	*Owensboro	Owensboro, Ky.	———	J. Byron La Rue	14	205	250	25,000
1891	*Pacific	Newberg, Ore.	Friends	H. Edwin McGrew	8	135	2,500	20,000
1854	*Pacific U.	Forest Grove, Ore.	Non-sectarian.	William N. Ferrin, LL. D.	15	240	12,800	287,000
1875	*Park	Parkville, Mo.	Presbyterian	Lowell Mason McAfee	23	351	15,000	300,000
1888	*Parker	Winnebago City, Minn.	Free Baptist	Elbert Wayland Van Aken	9	175	2,500	60,000
1875	*Parsons	Fairfield, Iowa	Presbyterian	Rev. F. W. Hiniitt, Ph. D., D. D.	20	255	———	275,000
1876	*P'body C. for T'ch'rs	Nashville, Tenn.	Non-sectarian.	James Davis Porter, LL. D.	33	1,500	20,000	200,000
1873	*Penn	Oskaloosa, Iowa	Friends	Absalom Rosenberger	15	360	5,000	168,300
1832	*Pennsylvania	Gettysburg, Penn.	Lutheran	Harvey Washington McKnight, D. D.	15	281	24,000	540,000
1862	Pennsylv'a Military	Chester, Penn.	Non-sectarian.	Charles Eliot Hyatt	15	116	1,600	———
1859	*Pennsylvania State	State College, Penn.	State	George W. Atherton, LL. D.	56	654	20,537	1,767,000
1877	*†Philander Smith	Little Rock, Ark.	Methodist	Rev. James M. Cox, D. D.	17	521	1,700	45,000
1865	*Philomath	Philomath, Ore.	Un. Brethren	Berton E. Emerick	9	103	550	21,000
1881	*Pike	Bowling Green, Mo.	Non-sectarian.	William A. Cate	9	125	2,300	15,000
1891	*Polytechnic	Fort Worth, Tex.	Methodist So.	Rev. Hiram A. Boaz, A. M.	13	200	2,500	50,000
1854	Poly. Inst. of B'klyn.	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Non-sectarian.	Henry Sanger Snow, LL. D.	50	600	12,000	515,388
1888	*Pomona	Claremont, Cal.	Congregational	George A. Gates, D. D., LL. D.	28	291	6,500	285,600
1850	*Presbyterian of S. C.	Clinton, S. C.	Presbyterian	Almon Edward Spencer	6	71	2,000	25,000
1746	Princeton U.	Princeton, N. J.	Non-sectarian.	Woodrow Wilson, Ph.D., LL.D., Litt.D.	108	1,565	176,302	———
1868	*Pritchett	Glasgow, Mo.	Non-sectarian.	Rev. Charles C. Hemenway, Ph. D.	10	90	1,000	140,000
1830	Randolph-Macon	Ashland, Va.	Methodist So.	Robert Emory Blackwell, LL. D.	10	130	11,000	400,000
1835	*Richmond	Richmond, Ohio	Non-sectarian.	George Whitfield Macmillan	4	60	3,000	40,000
1832	Richmond	Richmond, Va.	Baptist	Frederic W. Boatwright, LL. D.	16	224	15,000	1,000,000
1876	*Rio Grande	Rio Grande, Ohio	Free Baptist	John Merrill Davis	8	110	3,000	110,000
1851	*Ripon	Ripon, Wis.	Non-sectarian.	Richard Cecil Hughes, D. D.	14	150	11,000	435,000
1853	Roanoke	Salem, Va.	Lutheran	John Alfred Morehead	10	150	22,000	200,000
1857	Rock Hill	Ellicott City, Md.	Rom. Catholic	Brother Abraham, F. S. C.	18	130	8,000	100,000
1864	*†Roger Williams U.	Nashville Tenn.	Baptist	Rev. Peter Buel Guernsey, A. M.	14	250	7,000	150,000
1885	*Rollins	Winter Park, Fla.	Non-sectarian.	William Fremont Blackman	20	200	1,000	125,000
1900	*Ruskin	Glen Ellyn, Ill.	Un. Brethren	George McA. Miller, LL. B., Ph. D.	15	360	———	100 000
1867	*Rust U.	Holly Springs, Miss.	Methodist	William W. Foster, jr., D. D.	28	400	8,000	150,000
1766	Rutgers	New-Brunswick, N. J.	Reformed	Austin Scott, Ph. D., LL. D.	28	226	45,655	1,500,000
1888	Sacred Heart, Col. of	Denver, Col.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. Anthony J. Schuler, S. J.	16	200	5,000	150,000
1889	St. Anselm's	Manchester, N. H.	Rom. Catholic	Rt. Rev. Abbott Hilary, D. D., O. S. B.	21	95	5,000	———
1890	St. Bede	Peru, Ill.	Rom. Catholic	Very Rev. John Miller, O. S. B.	15	136	5,000	300,000
1858	St. Benedict's	Atchison, Kan.	Rom. Catholic	Rt. Rev. Innocent Wolf, O. S. B., D. D.	22	150	15,000	———

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY IN THE UNITED STATES.—(Continued).

Founded	Name of institution.	Location.	Religious or non-sectarian control.	President or dean of faculty.	No. instructors.	No. of students.	Volumes in library	Value of property (including endowment).
1868	St. Benedict's	Newark, N. J.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. George Blen	9	110	9,000	
1892	St. Bernard	[illegible]man, Ala.	Rom. Catholic.	Rt. Rev. Benedict Menges, O. S. B.	17	125	3,500	100,000
1801	St. Bonaventure's	Allegany, N. Y.	Rom. Catholic.	Very Rev. Joseph F. Butler, O. F. M.	20	225	9,856	250,000
1848	St. Charles	Ellicott City, Md.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Charles B. Schrantz, S. S., A. M.	17	230	19,000	
1861	St. Francis	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Rom. Catholic.	Brother Fidelis, O. S. F.	24	200	5,000	150,000
1860	St. Francis Solanus	[illegible]ainey, Ill.	Rom. Catholic.	Very Rev. P. Anselm Mueller, O. F. M.	17	200	5,600	150,000
1847	St. Francis Xavier	New-York, N. Y.	Rom. Catholic.	David W. Hearn, S. J.	32	600	101,000	
1886	St. Ignatius	Cleveland, Ohio.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. John I. Zahm, S. J.	17	265	8,000	165,000
1794	St. John's	[illegible]napolis, Md.	Non-sectarian.	Thomas Fell, Ph. D., LL. D.	11	106	9,000	300,000
1870	St. John's	Washington, D. C.	Rom. Catholic	Brother Germanus	12	150	5,000	150,000
1841	St. John's	New-York, N. Y.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. George A. Pettit, S. J.	38	442	51,000	1,000,000
1893	St. John's Lutheran	Winfield, Kan.	Lutheran.	Adolphus W. Meyer	7	80	1,000	40,000
1868	St. John the Baptist.	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Rom. Catholic.	Very Rev. Patrick McHale, C. M.	21	260	6,340	500,000
1867	St. John's U.	Collegeville, Minn.	Rom. Catholic.	Rt. Rev. Peter Engel, O. S. B.	36	337	18,000	
1873	St. Joseph's	Dubuque, Iowa.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. John P. Carroll, D. D.	9	150	2,000	200,000
1856	St. Lawrence U.	Canton, N. Y.	Universalist.	Almon Gunnison, LL. D.	20	350	20,000	700 0 0
1889	St. Leo Military	t. Leo, Fla.	Rom. Catholic.	Rt. Rev. Charles H. Mohr, O. S. B.	4	40	3,300	25,000
1828	St. Louis U.	St. Louis, Mo.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. W. Banks Rogers, S. J.	130	877	40,000	870,000
1871	St. Mary's	St. Mary's, Ky.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Michael Jaglowicz, C. R.	10	120	4,500	200,000
1878	St. Mary's	Belmont N. C.	Rom. Catholic	Rt. Rev. Leo Haid, D. D., O. S. B.	15	125	10,000	100,000
1869	St. Mary's	t Mary's, Kan.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Daniel Murphy, S. J.	7	67	9,000	
1855	St. Mary's U.	Galveston, Tex.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. James McCabe, S. J.	30	304	15,000	200,000
1871	St. Meinrad	St. Meinrad, Ind.	Rom. Catholic.	Rt. Rev. Athanasius Schmitt, O. S. B.	17	114	15,000	
1874	St. Olaf	[illegible]orthfield, Minn.	Lutheran.	Rev. John N. Kildahl	19	341	3,700	200,000
1878	St. Peter's	Jersey City, N. J.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. John W. Fox, S. J.	10	68	10,200	150,000
1860	St. Stephen's	Annandale, N. Y.	Prot. Episcopal	G. B. Hopson, D.D., D.C.L., Act. Warden	8	40	18,000	341,039
1846	St. Vincent's	Beatty, Penn.	Rom. Catholic.	Rt. Rev. Leander Schnerr, O. S. B.	35	354	40,000	
1865	St. Vincent's	Los Angeles, Cal.	Rom. Catholic.	Very Rev. Joseph S. Glass C. M., D. D.	18	250	4,000	
1831	St. Xavier	Cincinnati Ohio.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Albert A. Dierckes, S. J.	26	402	26,000	
1851	Santa Clara	Santa Clara, Cal.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. Robert Emmet Kenna, S. J.	29	275	18,400	145,000
1878	*Scarritt Col. Inst.	Neosho, Mo.	Methodist So.	J. T. Prichett, A. M.	14	178	2,500	45,000
1857	*Scio	Scio, Ohio.	Methodist.	James Hartley Beal	21	342	2,053	100,000
1856	*Seton Hall	South Orange, N. J.	Rom. Catholic.	Rt. Rev. John A. Stafford	25	165	40,000	
1865	*Shaw U.	Raleigh, N. C.	Baptist.	Charles Francis Meserve, LL. D.	38	490	1,500	167,000
1827	*Shurtleff	Upper Alton, Ill.	Baptist.	Stanley A. McKay, D. D.	20	165	8,000	250,000
1867	*Simpson	Indianola, Iowa.	Methodist.	Charles Eldred Shelton	39	772	3,500	210,000
1804	*South Carolina	Columbia, S. C.	State.	Benjamin Sloan	15	200	3,500	500,000
1850	*Southern U.	Greensboro, Ala.	Methodist So.	Rev. Samuel Monroe Hosmer, D. D.	10	123	8,000	175,000
1845	*Southw't'n Bap. U.	Jackson, Tenn.	Baptist.	George Martin Savage, A. M., LL. D.	20	300	4,000	150,000
1875	*Southw't'n Pres. U.	Clarksville, Tenn.	Presbyterian.	G. F. Nicolassen, Vice-Chancellor	10	71	8,500	350,000
1830	*Spring Hill	Spring Hill, Ala.	Rom. Catholic.	Rev. W. J. Tyrrell, S. J.	28	185	12,000	300,000
1891	*State C. for Col'd S.	Dover, Del.	State.	William C. Jason	7	75	400	30 000
1847	*State U. of Iowa	Iowa City, Iowa.	State.	George Edwin McLean, LL. D.	163	1,442	68,000	1,600 000
1869	*Straight U.	New-Orleans, La.	Congregational.	Oscar Atwood, A. M.	28	750	2,500	100,000

1858	*[1]Susquehanna U.	Selinsgrove, Penn.	Lutheran	G. W. Enders, D. D.	24	240	6,000	988,500
1864	*Swarthmore	Swarthmore, Penn.	Friends	Joseph Swain	25	282	22,000	—
1874	*Sweetwater Military.	Sweetwater, Tenn.	Non-sectarian	Otey Crawford Hulvey, M. A.	8	100	2,000	65,000
1851	*Syracuse U.	Syracuse, N. Y.	Methodist	James Roscoe Day, S. T. D., LL. D.	180	2,200	87,000	3,156,711
1852	*Tabor	Tabor, Iowa	Congregational	George Norton Ellis, A. M.	17	175	12,000	250,000
1883	*Tarkio	Tarkio, Mo.	Un. Presby.	Joseph Addison Thompson, D. D.	17	258	1,528	155,713
1893	*[1]Taylor U.	Upland, Ind.	Methodist	Burt Wilmot Ayres, Acting President	14	200	4,500	75,000
1870	*Thiel	Greenville, Penn.	Lutheran	Theophilus B. Roth	10	150	7,500	150,000
1891	*Throop Poly. Inst.	Pasadena, Cal.	Non-sectarian	Walter Allison Edwards, LL. D.	29	480	2,500	176,000
1823	Trinity	Hartford, Conn.	Prot. Episcopal	George Williamson Smith, D. D., LL. D.	18	180	46,000	2,000,000
1859	Trinity	Durham, N. C.	Methodist So.	John C. Kilgo, D. D.	23	376	40,000	1,000,000
1867	*Trinity U.	Waxahachie, Tex.	Cumb. Presby.	L. C. Kirkes, A. M.	20	356	3,000	144,000
1852	*[1]Tufts	Medford, Mass.	Universalist	Elmer Hewitt Capen	165	1,000	53,000	1,900,000
1834	Tulane U. of Louis'na	New-Orleans, La.	Non-sectarian	Edwin Anderson Alderman, LL. D.	91	1,365	30,000	2,398,000
1886	*Union	Barbourville, Ky.	Methodist	James P. Faulkner, A. M.	7	214	1,500	20,000
1891	*[1]Union	College View, Neb.	Sev. Day Adv.	Lewis A. Hoopes	25	425	2,000	200,000
1795	Union U.	Schenectady and Albany, N. Y.	Non-sectarian	Andrew V. V. Raymond	91	647	40,000	1,500,000
1859	*[1]Union Christian	Merom, Ind.	Christian	Leander J. Aldrich, D. D.	9	185	3,580	120,000
1831	*U. of Alabama	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	State	John William Abercrombie	40	400	15,000	1,500,000
1891	*U. of Arizona	Tucson, Ariz.	Territory	Kendrick Charles Babcock	24	198	8,000	195,000
1871	U. of Arkansas	Fayetteville, Ark.	State	Dr. Henry Simms Hartzog	70	1,084	5,000	450,000
1860	*U. of California	Berkeley, Cal.	State	Benjamin Ide Wheeler, Ph. D., LL. D.	423	3,050	113,000	5,750,500
1891	*[1]U. of Chicago	Chicago, Ill.	Baptist	Wm. Rainey Harper, Ph.D., D.D., LL.D	347	4,463	367,442	17,084,659
1819	*U. of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, Ohio	City	Howard Ayres	185	1,400	148,463	3,142,209
1877	*U. of Colorado	Boulder, Col.	State	James Hutchins Baker, A. M., LL. D.	109	1,024	27,000	400,000
1864	*U. of Denver	Denver and U. Park	Methodist	Henry Augustus Buchtel, D. D., LL. D.	172	1,311	12,000	700,000
1884	U. of Florida	Lake City, Fla.	State	Thomas Hardy Taliaferro	22	200	5,000	338,750
1785	Univ. of Georgia	Athens, Ga.	State	Walter B. Hill	26	320	30,000	998,592
1888	*U. of Idaho	Moscow, Idaho	State	James Alexander MacLean, LL. D.	25	350	7,000	300,000
1867	*U. of Illinois	Urbana, Ill.	State	Andrew Sloan Draper, LL. D.	399	3,824	75,000	2,945,000
1864	*U. of Kansas	Lawrence, Kan.	State	Frank Strong	105	1,300	42,000	1,500,000
1868	*U. of Maine	Orono, Me.	State	George Emery Fellows, Ph. D., LL. D.	63	520	26,000	2,000,000
1837	*U. of Michigan	Ann Arbor, Mich.	State	James Burrill Angell, LL. D.	200	4,000	175,000	3,382,173
1869	*U. of Minnesota	Minneapolis, Minn.	State	Cyrus Northrop, LL. D.	280	3,800	110,000	3,000,000
1848	*U. of Mississippi	University, Miss.	State	Robert Burwell Fulton	18	260	19,000	1,150,000
1839	*U. of Missouri	Columbia, Mo.	State	Richard Henry Jesse, LL. D.	120	1,591	60,000	2,500,000
1895	*U. of Montana	Missoula, Mont.	State	Oscar John Craig, Ph. D.	15	347	11,500	750,000
1869	*U. of Nebraska	Lincoln, Neb.	State	E. Benjamin Andrews, Chancellor	190	2,560	60,000	—
1889	*U. of New-Mexico	Albuquerque, N. M.	Territory	William G. Tight	14	150	6,000	170,000
1789	U. of North Carolina	Chapel Hill, N. C.	State	Francis Preston Venable, Ph. D., LL. D.	68	608	41,000	500,000
1888	*U. of North Dakota	Grand Forks, N. D.	State	Webster Merrifield	30	500	8,000	1,300,000
1842	U. of Notre Dame	Notre Dame, Ind.	Rom. Catholic	Very Rev. Andrew Morrissey, C. S. C.	60	700	55,000	2,000,000
1892	*U. of Oklahoma	Norman, Okla.	Territory	David R. Boyd	27	331	2,800	210,000
1876	*U. of Oregon	Eugene, Ore.	State	Prince S. Campbell	76	453	16,000	150,000
1851	*U. of the Pacific	San José, Cal.	Methodist	Eli McClish	16	272	2,000	250,000
1740	*U. of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia, Penn.	Non-sectarian	Charles Custis Harrison, LL. D., Provost	281	2,578	212,861	10,918,460
1850	*U. of Rochester	Rochester, N. Y.	Baptist	Rush Rhees	20	247	38,500	1,357,263
1854	U. of St. Mary	Galveston, Tex.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. A. Guyol	9	43	—	—
1882	*U. of South Dakota	Vermillion, S. D.	State	Garrett Droppers	35	450	15,000	350,000
1794	*U. of Tennessee	Knoxville, Tenn.	State	Charles William Dabney, Ph. D., LL. D.	120	756	17,800	1,038,290

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY IN THE UNITED STATES.—(Continued).

Founded.	Name of Institution.	Location.	Religious or non-sectarian control.	President or dean of faculty.	No. Instructors.	No. of students.	Volumes in library.	Value of property (including endowment).
1883	*U. of Texas	Austin, Tex.	State	William Lambdin Prather	96	1,348	40,000	1,000,000
1858	*U. of the South	Sewanee, Tenn.	Prot. Episcopal	Benj. L. Wiggins, M.A., LL.D., V.-Chan	44	517	40,000	750,000
1850	*U. of Utah	Salt Lake City, Utah	State	Joseph Thomas Kingsbury	38	800	21,000	350,000
1791	*U. of Vermont	Burlington, Vt.	State	Matthew H. Buckham, LL. D.	70	603	66,000	1,400,000
1819	U. of Virginia	Charlottesville, Va.	State	James Morris Page, Ch'man of Faculty	57	624	48,520	2,632,000
1861	*U. of Washington	Seattle, Wash.	State	Thos. F. Kane, Ph. D.	40	631	20,000	1,585,500
1868	*U of Wooster	Wooster, Ohio	Presbyterian	Louis Edward Holden, D. D., LL. D.	27	425	22,000	650,000
1886	*U. of Wyoming	Laramie, Wyo.	State	Charles Willard Lewis, D. D.	17	191	20,000	300,000
1857	*Upper Iowa U.	Fayette, Iowa	Methodist	Thomas J. Bassett, Ph. D., D. D.	30	413	8,000	225,000
1850	*Urbana U.	Urbana, Ohio	———	John H. Williams, A. M., Dean	9	51	5,800	110,000
1869	*Ursinus	Collegeville, Penn.	Reformed	Henry T. Spangler, D. D.	22	176	10,500	328,000
1842	†Villanova, St. Thos. of	Villanova, Penn.	Rom. Catholic	Rev. L. A. Delurey, D. D., O. S. A.	17	225	7,000	— —
1888	*Volant	Volant, Penn.	Non-sectarian	Charles F. Bull	6	100	1,000	25,000
1832	Wabash	Crawfordsville, Ind.	Non-sectarian	William Patterson Kane, D. D., LL. D.	17	225	40,000	1,000,000
1833	Wake Forest	Wake Forest, N. C.	Baptist	Charles Elisha Taylor	18	317	16,000	375,000
1866	*†Walden University	Nashville, Tenn.	———	Jay Benson Hamilton, D. D.	33	755	3,000	150,000
1868	Wartburg	Clinton, Iowa	Lutheran	Christian Otto Kraushaar	9	84	3,000	80,000
1865	*Washburn	Topeka, Kan.	Congregational	Norman Plass D. D.	68	406	12,000	412,000
1783	*Washington	Chestertown, Md.	Non-sectarian	James W. Cain, LL. D.	10	120	5,000	80,000
1795	*Washington	Wash'gton Coll., Tenn.	Presbyterian	James Thomas Coote, D. D.	10	142	3,000	60,000
1802	Washington and Jefferson	Washington, Penn.	Presbyterian	James David Moffat, D. D., LL. D.	28	350	16,000	800,000
1749	Washington & Lee U.	Lexington, Va.	Non-sectarian	George H. Denny, Ph. D., LL. D.	39	300	43,000	1,250,000
1885	Water Valley Mil. A.	Water Valley, Miss.	———	Colonel W. P. Maury, Superintendent	8	90	———	15,000
1874	*Weaverville	Weaverville, N. C.	Methodist So.	James M. Robeson	8	125	1,500	30,000
1831	*Wesleyan U.	Middletown, Conn.	Methodist	Bradford Paul Raymond, D. D., LL. D	36	335	63,000	2,250,156
1867	*West Virginia U.	Morgantown, W. Va.	State	Daniel Boardman Purinton, LL. D.	68	935	25,000	746,500
1856	*Western	Toledo, Iowa	Un. Brethren	Lewis Bockwalter, A. M., D. D.	15	250	3,500	78,000
1867	*Western Maryland	Westminster, Md.	Methodist	T. H. Lewis, D. D.	24	250	6,500	250,000
1826	Western Reserve U.	Cleveland, Ohio	Non-sectarian	Charles F. Thwing, LL. D.	150	875	50,000	1,200,000
1787	*Western U. of Penn.	Allegheny and Pittsburg, Penn.	Non-sectarian	John A. Brashear, Sc. D., Acting Chan.	126	914	20,000	800,000
1865	*Westfield	Westfield, Ill.	Un. Brethren	W. R. Shuey	10	150	3,000	75,000
1853	Westminster	Fulton, Mo.	Presbyterian	John J. Rice, Acting President	8	127	8,000	310,000
1852	*Westminster	N.-Wilmington, Penn.	Un. Presby.	Rev. Robert Grace Ferguson	13	286	6,000	225,000
1860	*Wheaton	Wheaton, Ill	Congregational	Charles A. Blanchard	20	300	4,000	250,000
1859	*Whitman	Walla Walla, Wash.	Congregational	Stephen B. L. Penrose, D. D.	22	350	11,000	500,000
1856	*†Wilberforce U.	Wilberforce, Ohio	African M. E.	Joshua H. Jones, A. M., D. D.	39	400	10,000	278,000
1873	*†Wiley U.	Marshall, Tex.	Methodist	Rev. M. W. Dogan, Ph. D.	22	502	5,250	65,000
1844	*†Willamette U.	Salem, Ore.	Methodist	John H. Coleman, D. D.	41	450	6,000	254,530
1693	William and Mary	Williamsburg, Va.	State	Lyon Gardiner Tyler, M. A., LL. D.	12	163	10,000	250,000
1849	†William Jewell	Liberty, Mo.	Baptist	John P. Greene	17	345	12,000	530,000
1793	Williams	Williamstown, Mass.	Non-sectarian	Henry Hopkins, D. D., LL. D.	54	455	50,500	2,018,196
1871	*Wilmington	Wilmington, Ohio	Friends	Albert J. Brown	8	108	3,500	75,000

1845	*Wittenberg	Springfield, Ohio	Lutheran	Charles G. Heckert	24	297	15,000	450,000
1854	*Wofford	Spartanourg, S. C.	Methodist So.	Henry Nelson Snyder	13	300	12,000	336,000
1701	*Yale U.	New-Haven, Conn.	Congregational	Arthur Twining Hadley, LL. D.	325	2,975	365,000	7,000,000
1881	*Yankton	Yankton, S. D.	Congregational	Rev. Henry Kimball Warren, LL. D.	19	275	7,500	285,000
1890	*York	York, Neb.	Un. Brethren	William E. Schell, A. M., D. D.	13	350	1,500	75,000

TABLE II.—STATISTICS OF COLLEGES FOR WOMEN.

1854	Alabama Con. Fem.	Tuskegee, Ala.	Methodist	John Massey, A. M., LL. D.	11	151	5,000	107,000
1884	Albert Lea	Albert Lea, Minn.	Presbyterian	Katharine Irwin Hutchison	10	94	2,300	70,000
1867	Allentown for Wom.	Allentown, Penn.	Reformed	Rev. J. William Knappenberger, A. M.	14	185	1,600	100,000
1854	Andrew Female	Cuthbert, Ga.	Methodist So.	Rev. Homer Bush, A. M.	12	220	1,500	50,000
1889	Barnard	New-York	Non-sectarian	Laura Drake Gill, A. M.	58	451	3,000	——
1855	Bapt.st Female	Lexington, Mo.	Baptist	Edward W. White	15	120	1,500	40,000
1845	Baylor Female	Belton, Tex.	Baptist	William A. Wilson, D. D.	18	375	5,000	175,000
1841	Beaumont	Harrodsburg, Ky.	Non-sectarian	Th. Smith, A. M.	10	90	4,000	20,000
1894	Belmaven (Y'g Ladies)	Jackson, Miss.	Non-sectarian	Lewis T. Fitzhugh	9	125	500	50,000
1854	Bethel Female	Hopkinsville, Ky.	Baptist	Edmund Harrison	10	110	1,000	50,000
1851	Blairsville	Blairsville, Penn.	Non-sectarian	Rev. Samuel B. Linhart, A. M.	14	125	800	50,000
1873	Blue Mountain Fem.	Blue Mountain, Miss.	Non-sectarian	B. G. Lowrey	23	363	2,000	50,000
1889	Boscobel (Y'g Ladies)	Nashville, Tenn.	Baptist	C. A. Folk	18	125	1,000	40,000
1878	Brenan	Gainesville, Ga.	Non-sectarian	A. W. Van Hoose	24	260	5,000	11,000
1851	Brownsville Female	Brownsville, Tenn.	Baptist	William Lowren Abbott	8	75	2,500	20,000
1880	Bryn Mawr	Bryn Mawr, Penn.	Non-sectarian	M. Carey Thomas	46	447	38,000	2,000,000
1860	Caldwell (Y'ng Wom.)	Danville, Ky.	Presbyterian	John Carey Acheson	16	150	——	50,000
1892	Central Baptist for Young Ladies	Conway, Ark.	Baptist	William Walter Rivers, A. M.	10	125	2,200	50,000
1869	Central Female	Lexington, Mo.	Methodist So.	Alfred Franklin Smith	14	152	2,000	105,000
1852	Chappell Hill Fem.	Chappell Hill, Tex.	Methodist So.	William Kemp Strother	8	75	2,000	25,000
1852	Chickasaw Female	Pontotoc, Miss.	Presbyterian	Mrs. Thida D. Moore	6	67	1,000	30,000
1851	Christian	Columbia, Mo.	Christian	Mrs. W. T. Moore	28	250	5,000	150,000
1880	Claremont	Hickory, N. C.	Non-sectarian	Adoniram Judson Bolin, A. M.	12	125	1,000	32,000
1881	Clifford Female	Union, S. C.	Presbyterian	B. G. Clifford	6	60	2,000	15,000
1854	Columbia Female	Columbia, S. C.	Methodist So.	William Wellington Daniel, A. M., D. D.	15	146	900	85,000
1890	College for Women	Columbia, S. C.	——	Euphemia McClintoch	24	213	——	70,000
1890	Converse	Spartanburg, S. C.	Non-sectarian	Robert Paine Pell	20	388	3,000	262,500
1884	Cottey	Nevada, Mo.	Methodist So.	Mrs. V. A. C. Stockard	14	200	800	50,000
1873	Dalton Female	Dalton, Ga.	Methodist So.	Miss Mabel Head	10	175	600	20,000
1859	Due West Female	Due West, S. C.	A. R. Presbyt'n	Rev. James Boyce	12	117	1,000	10,000
1897	Elizabeth	Charlotte, N. C.	Lutheran	Rev. Charles Banks King, A. M.	23	140	1,600	800,000
1879	Gaston	Dallas, N. C.	Lutheran	S. A. Wolff, A. M.	7	140	1,100	7,750
1858	Glendale	Glendale, Ohio	Presbyterian	Miss Rebecca Jane De Vore, A. M.	12	50	3,000	50,000
1838	Greensboro Female	Greensboro, N. C.	Methodist So.	Mrs. Lucy H. Robertson	12	100	700	75,000
1873	Hardin	Mexico, Mo.	Baptist	John Wilson Million	22	252	1,000	175,000
1853	Hillman (Y'g Ladies)	Clinton, Miss.	Baptist	John Lipscomb Johnson	8	154	2,000	15,000
1842	Hollins Institute	Hollins, Va.	Baptist	Miss Matty L. Cocke	25	253	2,000	150,000
1856	Howard Female	Gallatin, Tenn.	Non-sectarian	Z. K. Griffin	10	120	250	25,000
1859	Howard-Payne	Fayette, Mo.	Methodist So.	Hiram D. Groves, D. D.	15	203	1,300	60,000
1846	Illinois Woman's	Jacksonville, Ill.	Methodist	Rev. Joseph R. Harker, Ph. D.	23	326	1,000	160,000
1856	Irving	Mechanicsburg, Penn.	Lutheran	Edmond Ernest Campbell, Ph. D.	17	140	1,200	75,000
1852	Isbell	Talladega, Ala.	Presbyterian	Frank Bell Webb, D. D.	6	75	200	10,000
1854	Jessamine Institute	Nicholasville, Ky.	Non-sectarian	Mrs. J. B. Skinner	13	105	200	16,000

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY IN THE UNITED STATES.—(Continued).

Founded.	Name of institution.	Location.	Religious or non-sectarian control.	President or dean of faculty.	No. instructors.	No. of students.	Volumes in library.	Value of property (including endowment).
1852	Kee Mar	Hagerstown, Md.	Lutheran	Daniel W. Doub	17	140	3,000	100,000
1833	La Grange Female.	La Grange, Ga.	Methodist So.	Rufus Wright Smith, A. M.	16	200	2,300	182,000
1859	Lake Erie C. & S.	Painesville, Ohio	Non-sectarian.	Miss Mary Evans	22	123	8,000	354,000
1851	Lassell S. (Y'g Wom.)	Auburndale, Mass.	Non-sectarian.	Charles Cushman Bragdon, A.M., LL.D.	30	140	2,500	200,000
1874	Liberty	Glasgow, Ky.	Baptist	George J. Burnett, A. M.	11	210	—	25,000
1845	Limestone	Gaffney, S. C.	Baptist	Lee Davis Lodge, A. M., Ph. D.	14	151	4,112	130,000
1831	Lindenwood (Ladies).	St. Charles, Mo.	Presbyterian	Rev. George Frederic Ayers, Ph. D.	12	80	2,000	122,000
1857	Logan Female	Russellville, Ky.	Methodist So.	Benjamin E. Atkins	8	120	1,500	50,000
1857	Louisburg (Y'g Wom.)	Louisburg, N. C.	Methodist	Matthew S. Davis	12	180	1,000	20,000
1856	Louisiana Female	Keatchie, La.	Baptist	George W. Thigpen, M. A.	7	76	1,500	30,000
1858	Lucy Cobb Institute.	Athens, Ga.	Non-sectarian.	Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb	18	200	3,000	40,000
1820	*Maine Wes. S.	Kent's Hill, Me.	Methodist	Wilbur Fisk Berry	14	196	9,000	300,000
1854	Mansfield Female	Mansfield, La.	Methodist So.	T. S. Sligh	9	90	3,000	30,000
1874	Marion Female	Marion, Va.	Lutheran	J. J. Scherer, D. D.	9	75	—	25,000
1836	Marion Female	Marion, Ala.	Non-sectarian.	James Douglas Wade, A. M.	11	100	800	12,000
1858	Martha Washington.	Abingdon, Va.	Methodist So.	William Marion Dyer	18	195	1,500	70,000
1870	Martin	Pulaski, Tenn.	Methodist	B. F. Haynes, D. D.	18	140	2,000	130,000
1853	Maryland for Women.	Lutherville, Md.	Lutheran	J. H. Turner, D. D.	15	112	1,000	75,000
1842	Memphis Con. F. Ins.	Jackson, Tenn.	Methodist So.	A. B. Jones, A. M., D. D., LL. D.	18	232	5,498	55,000
1850	Millersburg Female	Millersburg, Ky.	Methodist So.	Rev. Charles C. Fisher, A. M.	12	115	300	10,500
1851	Milwaukee-Downer	Milwaukee, Wis.	Non-sectarian.	Miss Ellen C. Sabin, A. M.	29	336	7,500	445,716
1884	Miss. Ind. Inst. & C.	Columbus, Miss.	State	Andrew Armstrong Kincannon	40	600	5,000	500,000
1849	Monroe	Forsyth, Ga.	Baptist	C. H. S. Jackson, LL. D.	24	285	2,000	100,000
1749	Moravian Sem.	Bethlehem, Penn.	Moravian	J. Max Hark, D. D.	22	100	4,000	100,000
1837	Mount Holyoke	South Hadley, Mass.	Non-sectarian.	Mary Emma Woolley	58	676	23,000	1,450,000
1851	Notre Dame	San José, Cal.	R. Catholic	Sister Mary Bernardine	27	77	7,500	238,000
1850	Ogontz School for Young Ladies	Ogontz, Penn.	Non-sectarian.	Mrs. Sylvia J. Eastman	25	135	5,000	—
1891	*Owensboro Female	Owensboro, Ky.	Non-sectarian.	J. Byron LaRue	14	200	400	25,000
1849	Oxford	Oxford, Ohio	Presbyterian	Fannie Ruth Robinson, Ph. D.	20	145	2,800	60,000
1857	Packer Col. Ins.	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Non-sectarian.	Truman J. Backus, LL. D.	52	630	9,500	400,000
1869	Pennsylv'a for Wom'n	Pittsburg, Penn.	Presbyterian	Samuel A. Martin, D. D.	20	180	3,000	125,000
1888	Potter (Young Ladies)	Bowling Green, Ky.	Non-sectarian.	Rev. Benjamin Francis Cabell	20	212	5,000	80,000
1890	Presbyterian (Wom'n)	Columbia, S. C.	Presbyterian	Euphemia McClintoch	22	203	800	69,000
1893	Randolph-Macon	Lynchburg, Va.	Methodist So.	William Waugh Smith, A. M., LL. D.	26	275	4,000	236,000
1859	Roanoke Female	Danville, Va.	Baptist	Robert Edwin Hatton, A. M., Ph. D.	15	125	3,000	30,000
1849	Rockford	Rockford, Ill.	Non-sectarian.	Julia Henrietta Gulleine, Ph. D.	19	124	6,000	346,000
1849	Rogersville Synodical	Rogersville, Tenn.	Reformed	Rev. Thomas Peyton Walton	12	117	300	10,000
—	St. Elizabeth	Convent Station, N. J.	Rom. Catholic	Sister M. Pauline	20	230	6,500	300,000
1838	St. Mary's School	Knoxville, Ill.	Prot. Episcopal	Charles Wesley Leffingwell	15	120	2,500	150,000
1802	Salem Acad & C.	Winston-Salem, N. C.	Moravian	Rev. John H. Clewell, Ph. D.	34	400	6,000	250,000
1894	San Antonio Female	San Antonio, Tex.	Methodist So.	Rev. J. E. Harrison	14	150	1,600	90,000
1845	Sayre Female Inst.	Lexington, Ky.	Presbyterian	Henry Brainerd McClellan, A.M., Litt.D.	12	135	2,500	140,000
1877	Shorter	Rome, Ga.	Baptist	Thomas J. Simmons	26	207	3,500	200,000

1852	Silliman Col. Inst....	Clinton, La.....	Presbyterian...	Francis Walton Lewis.....	10	125	3.000	75,000
1889	Simmons	Boston, Mass.	Non-sectarian..	Henry Lefavour, Ph. D., LL. D.....	40	275	3,000	2,850,000
1880	Sisters of Bethany ..	Topeka, Kan.	Episcopal.....	Rt. Rev. Frank R. Millspaugh.....	18	100	1,500	350,000
1875	Smith	Northampton, Mass...	Non-sectarian..	L. Clark Seelye, D. D., LL. D.....	90	1,035	——	——
1852	Soule (Female)	Murfreesboro, Tenn. ..	Methodist.....	Miss V. O. Wardlaw.....	16	245	600	15,000
1842	Southern Female.....	La Grange, Ga.	Baptist.....	M. M. Hatton.....	12	140	2,000	60,000
1843	Southern Fem. (Cox).	College Park, Ga.	Baptist.....	Charles C. Cox, A. M., Ph. D.....	27	250	5,000	——
1873	Stanford Female.....	Stanford, Ky.	Non-sectarian..	Miss Mattie L. Paxton.....	8	100	500	5,000
1894	Stanton (Y'g Ladies)	Natchez, Miss.	Non-sectarian..	James Rhea Preston.....	16	187	1,500	50,000
1856	Stephens Female	Columbia, Miss.	Baptist.....	Sam Frank Taylor, D. D.....	18	160	3,000	150,000
1868	Stonewall Jackson....	Abingdon, Va.	Presbyterian...	Miss Kate M. Hunt.....	10	100	——	40,000
1870	Sullins (Y'g Ladies)..	Bristol, Va.	Methodist So...	R. G. Waterhouse, D. D.....	16	238	1,000	80,000
1871	Synodical Female ...	Fulton, Mo.	Presbyterian...	James M. Spencer.....	12	125	2,000	40,000
1856	Tennessee Female ..	Franklin, Tenn.	Non-sectarian..	T. E. Allen.....	14	160	2,000	20,000
1859	Tuscaloosa Female...	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	Methodist So...	Robert Jefferson Holston.....	12	115	800	20,000
1861	Vassar	Poughkeepsie, N. Y. ..	Non-sectarian..	James M. Taylor, D. D., LL. D.....	80	929	45.000	2,500.000
1874	Valley Female	...uray, Va.....	Methodist So...	A. B. Warwick, M. A.....	9	60	——	10,000
1884	Virginia Institute...	Bristol, Va.	——	John Thompson Henderson, A. M.....	14	140	1,000	125,000
1843	Virginia Female Inst.	Staunton, Va.	Prot. Episcopal	Miss Maria Pendleton Duval.....	20	150	1,200	75,000
1865	Ward Sem. (Young Ladies)	Nashville, Tenn.	Presbyterian...	John Diell Blanton, LL. D.....	30	385	3,000	100,000
1870	Wellesley	Wellesley, Mass.	Non-sectarian..	Caroline Hazard, A. M., Litt. D.....	111	974	54.000	1,500,000
1868	Wells	Aurora, N. Y.	Non-sectarian..	Jasper W. Freley, Acting President...	21	123	11,277	400,000
1831	*Westbrook Sem. and Female.....	Portland, Me.	Universalist....	Oscar Hoyt Perry.....	10	110	3.000	125,000
1855	Western for Women.	Oxford, Ohio	Non-sectarian..	Leila S. McKee, Ph. D.....	27	175	12,000	200,000
1836	Wesleyan Female....	Macon, Ga.	Methodist So...	Rev. J. W. Roberts, A. M., D. D.....	27	402	5,000	300,000
1859	Whitworth Female...	Brookhaven, Miss. ...	Methodist So..	Inman W. Cooper, D. D.....	17	153	1,600	81,000
1872	Williamston Female..	Williamston, S. C. ...	Methodist So...	Rev. Samuel Lander, A. M., D. D.....	10	92	3,000	20,000
1870	Wilson Female.....	Chambersburg, Penn...	Presbyterian...	M. H. Reaser.....	27	310	2,500	225,000
1890	Woman's	Frederick, Md.	Reformed.....	Joseph H. Apple, A M.....	18	175	3,500	95,000
1888	Woman's of Balt. ..	Baltimore, Md.	Methodist.....	John Franklin Goucher.....	30	348	10,000	1,350,000
1903	Young's Female.....	Thomasville, Ga.....	Presbyterian...	Rev. William R. Owings.....	7	90	2,500	50,000

TABLE III—SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY.

1890	Agricultural of Utah..	Logan, Utah.....	State.....	William Jasper Kerr, D. Sc.....	54	545	11,500	335,127
1893	Ag. & Mech. (Color'd)	Greensboro, N. C.	State.....	James Benson Dudley, A. M.....	14	167	929	88,000
1872	*Alabama Poly. Inst.	Auburn, Ala	State.....	Charles Coleman Thach.....	34	445	17,500	485,000
1871	*Alcorn Ag. & Mech.	Rodney, Miss.	State.....	William Henry Lanier.....	16	480	2,700	240,775
1892	Armour Ins. of Tech.	Chicago, Ill.	Non-sectarian..	Frank Wakely Gunsaulus.....	50	1,060	20,000	——
1881	Case Sch. of Ap. Sci.	Cleveland, Ohio	Non-sectarian .	Charles S. Howe, Ph. D.....	28	450	5,000	——
1896	*Thos. S. Clarkson M. S. of T.....	Potsdam, N. Y.	Non-sectarian.	William Sleeper Aldrich, M. E.....	9	90	1,500	500,000
1889	Clemson Agricultural.	Clemson Coll., S. C...	Non-sectarian..	Patrick Hughes Mell, Ph. D.....	44	580	7,500	706,414
1877	*Colorado Agricultural	Fort Collins, Col, ...	State.....	Barton O. Aylesworth.....	39	500	18,000	559,291
1874	*Colorado S. of Mines	Golden, Col.	State.....	Victor Clifton Alderson, Sc. D.....	17	245	7,000	300,000
1881	*Connecticut Agricul.	Storrs, Conn.	State.....	Rufus Whi taker Stimson, A. M., B. D..	23	98	9,675	322,424
1887	Georgia Sch. of Tech.	Atlanta, Ga.	State.....	Lyman Hall	40	500	3,000	400,000
1858	*Iowa of Ag & M. A.	Ames, Iowa	State.....	Albert Boynton Storms, A. M., D. D...	88	1,500	16.000	1,800,000
1863	*Kansas State Ag....	Manhattan, Kan.	State.....	Ernest R. Nichols.....	65	1,574	43,000	1,111,000

UNIVERSITIES, COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS OF TECHNOLOGY IN THE UNITED STATES.—(Continued).

Founded.	Name of institution.	Location.	Religious or non-sectarian control.	President or dean of faculty.	No. instructors.	No. of students.	Volumes in library	Value of property (including endowment).
1866	*Kentucky Ag. & M..	Lexington, Ky.....	State.....	Jas. Kennedy Patterson, Ph. D., LL. D.	43	686	——	750,000
1863	*Massachusetts Ag...	Amherst, Mass.	State.....	Henry Hill Goodell.....	22	184	24,435	498,900
1865	*Mass. Inst. of Tech.	Boston, Mass.	State.....	Henry Smith Pritchett, LL. D.....	175	1,550	60,000	3,552,623
1857	*Michigan State Agr.	Lansing, Mich.	State.....	Jonathan Le Moyne Snyder.....	60	854	24,000	678,858
1885	Michigan C. of Mines	Houghton, Mich, ...	State.....	Fred Walter McNair.....	25	220	18,150	375,000
1880	Miss. Ag. & Mech...	Agricultur'l Col., Miss.	State..	John Crumpton Hardy.....	43	655	9,694	500,000
1893	*Montana Agricult'l..	Bozeman, Mont.	State.....	James Reid	27	805	7,000	250,000
1885	*Newark Tech. Sch..	Newark, N. J.	City.....	Charles A. Colton, Director.....	14	300	1,600	100,000
1893	*N. H. of A. & M. A.	Durham, N. H.	State.....	William David Gibbs, M. S.....	20	121	9,435	200,000
1889	*N. M. of A. & M. A.	Mesilla Park, N. M...	Territory.....	Luther Foster	29	221	10,500	325,000
1887	*N. C. of A. & M. A.	West Raleigh, N. C...	State.....	George Taylor Winston, A. M., LL. D..	35	550	4,000	301,313
1890	*North Dakota Ag...	Fargo, N. D.	State.....	John Henry Worst, LL. D.....	30	715	8,000	1,228,000
1891	*Okla. Ag. & Mech...	Stillwater, Okla.	Territory.....	Angelo C. Scott.....	28	450	9,500	200,000
1868	*Oregon Agricultural.	Corvallis, Ore.	State.....	Thomas M. Gatch, Ph. D.....	30	541	3,400	175,000
1874	*Purdue University...	La Fayette, Ind.	State.....	Winthrop Ellsworth Stone, Ph. D.....	95	1,296	12,300	1,159,250
1890	*R. I. of A. & M. A.	Kingston, R. I.	State.....	Kenyon Leach Butterfield.....	24	100	11,000	——
1874	Rose Polytechnic Ins.	Terre Haute, Ind.	Non-sectarian.	C. Leo Mees.....	20	210	11,900	850,000
1842	South Carolina Mil. A.	Charleston, S. C.	State.....	Asbury Coward	8	133	7,000	100,000
1881	South Dakota Agr....	Brookings, S. D.	State.....	James Chalmers	36	457	7,000	1,029,500
1887	*S. D. S. of Mines...	Rapid City, S. D.	State.....	Robert Lincoln Slagle.....	10	139	2,600	51,000
1870	Stevens Ins. of Tech.	Hoboken, N. J.	Non-sectarian..	Alexander C. Humphreys, M. E.....	24	346	9,000	1,250,000
1876	Texas Ag. & Mech...	College Station, Tex. .	State.....	David Franklin Houston.....	36	350	5,000	700,000
1881	*[1]Tuskegee Institute..	Tuskegee, Ala.....	Non-sectarian..	Booker T. Washington.....	142	1,550	8,200	1,700,000
1802	U. S. Military Acad.	West Point, N. Y	Nation.....	Albert Leopold Mills, Superintendent...	70	486	45,000	10,000,000
1845	U. S. Naval Academy	Annapolis, Md	Nation.....	Captain Willard H. Brownson.....	65	654	44,785	404,000
1872	Virginia Ag. & Mech.	Blacksburg, Va	State.....	John McLaren McEryde, Ph. D., LL. D.	49	640	3,666	749,227
1839	Virginia Mil. Inst...	Lexington, Va.	State.....	General Scott Shipp, LL. D., Supt.....	22	277	12,500	375,000
1892	*Washington Agr....	Pullman, Wash.	State.....	Enoch Albert Bryan.....	52	669	8,000	515,000
1865	Worcester Poly. Inst.	Worcester, Mass.	Non-sectarian..	Edmund Arthur Engler, Ph. D., LL. D.	30	275	9,056	——

*Coeducational. †Marshall College founded 1836; consolidated 1852. [1]Has a theological department. [2]For the deaf. [3]This total includes 444 students registered in Radcliffe College, which is affiliated with Harvard University, though the instruction is in separate classes.

THE CARNEGIE INSTITUTION.

Endowed by Andrew Carnegie; headquarters, Washington, D. C. Objects: To promote original research by systematically sustaining projects of broad scope that may lead to the discovery and utilization of new forces for the benefit of man; projects of universal scope that fill in gaps of knowledge of particular things or restricted fields of research; the administration of a department of scientific research under a single director of competent methods; the appointment of research assistants; to increase the facilities for higher education by original research in universities and institutions of learning. The president is Daniel C. Gilman, the secretary Charles D. Wolcott. The other trustees are John S. Billings, David B. Henderson, S. P. Langley, Alexander Agassiz, William N. Frew, Lyman J. Gage, John Hay, Henry L. Higginson, Charles T. Hutchinson, William Lindsay, Wayne MacVeagh, D. O. Mills, S. Weir Mitchell, William W. Morrow, Elihu Root, Carroll D. Wright, E. A. Hitchcock, John Cadwalader, Cleveland E. Dodge and William Wirthow.

RHODES OXFORD SCHOLARSHIPS.

The first elections of scholars in the United States under the bequests of Cecil J. Rhodes will occur between February and May, 1904. One scholar will be chosen from each State and Territory to which scholarships have been assigned. All candidates in each State and Territory must pass an Oxford Responsions examination, and one competitor will be named for each by the committee or university charged with making appointments. It has been decided that all scholars shall have reached at least the end of their sophomore or second year work at some recognized degree-granting university or college of the United States. Scholars must be unmarried, must be citizens of the United States, and must be between nineteen and twenty-five years of age.

The committees and the universities making appointments will be furnished with a statement of the qualifications which Mr. Rhodes desired in the holders of his scholarships, and they will be asked in exercising their right of selection to comply as nearly as circumstances will permit with the spirit of the testator's wishes.

Any inquiries about Oxford, its colleges and the courses of study there should be addressed to F. J. Wylie, the Oxford agent of the Rhodes Trustees. The presidents of American colleges are requested to send to Mr. Wylie, for the information of the trustees, copies of their annual calendar, and such other college literature as they may think useful. Copies of Oxford Responsion papers for past years can be obtained from the Oxford University Press, Nos. 91 and 95 Fifth-ave., New-York.

The president of the State University or College is in each of the following States chairman of the committee of selection for that State: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New-Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

The following chairmen have been named for other States: Connecticut, President Arthur T. Hadley, Yale University; Illinois, President W. R. Harper, University of Chicago; Kentucky, President D. B. Gray, Georgetown College; Maryland, President W. A. Remsen, Johns Hopkins University; Massachusetts, President Charles W. Eliot, Harvard University; New-Jersey, President Woodrow Wilson, Princeton University; New-York State, President Nicholas Murray Butler, Columbia University; Rhode Island, President W. H. P. Faunce, Brown University.

In the following States appointments will be made by the chartered colleges and universities in rotation: California, University of California, Leland Stanford University, smaller colleges every seventh year; Maine, the order of rotation yet to be fixed; Vermont, University of Vermont, Middlebury College; Washington, the order of rotation yet to be fixed.

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION.

The American Society for the Extension of University Teaching was founded at Philadelphia in June, 1890, and incorporated in March, 1892. Present officers: President; Frederick B. Miles; treasurer, Charles A. Brinley; secretary, Charles D. Atkins. The office is in Philadelphia. The aim of University Extension is, first, to extend higher education to all classes of people; second, to extend education through the whole of adult life; third, to extend thorough methods of study to subjects of every-day interest. During the academic year 1902-'03 the society arranged for ninety-eight courses of lectures at seventy-nine centres. The course attendance at lectures was 24,794. The number of courses for 1902-'03 arranged by States is as follows: Pennsylvania, 44; New-York, 30; New-Jersey, 12; Maryland, 8; Connecticut, 3; Delaware, 1. The division by subjects is as follows. History, 33; literature, 35; music and art, 17; ethics, philosophy and education, 12; political economy, 1.

The constantly widening use that is being made of the society's lectures and of the University Extension System is shown by the following list and the various auspices under which the courses of last year were delivered: Centres primarily or mainly for teachers, 3; centres under control of women's clubs, 5; People's Institute New-York City, for (workingmen), 2 courses; educational institutions (schools, Brooklyn Institute, etc.), 10 courses; New-York City Board of Education ("Free Lectures to the People"), 21 courses; regular University Extension Centres, 57. The society has just completed its thirteenth year of work. Since its organization there have been delivered under its auspices 1,231 courses, comprising 7,219 lectures. The average attendance at each lecture has been 200, and the aggregate attendance 1,473,879. The most important work, outside of that of the general society in Philadelphia, is carried on under the auspices of the University of Chicago; the Regents of the University of the State of New York; Columbia University; Rutgers College, New Brunswick; University of California. Sample syllabi and circulars descriptive of University Extension can be obtained free of charge by addressing Charles D. Atkins, secretary, No. 111 South Fifteenth-st., Philadelphia.

PEABODY EDUCATION FUND.

The Peabody Education Fund was founded in 1867 by Mr. Peabody for the cause of education in the Southern and Southwestern States. The fund first amounted to $3,000,000, but as $000,000 of this amount was invested in Florida and Mississippi bonds, afterward repudiated, the fund was reduced to $2,100,000. Officers: Chairman, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Washington, D. C.; secretary, Samuel A. Green,

Boston, Mass.; general agent, Samuel A. Green, Boston, Mass. Executive Committee—William A. Courtenay, Daniel C. Gilman, Charles E. Fenner, James D. Porter, Hoke Smith.

THE GENERAL EDUCATION BOARD.

The General Education Board was incorporated by an Act of Congress approved January 12, 1903. The incorporators are William H. Baldwin, jr., Frederick T. Gates, Daniel C. Gilman, Morris K. Jesup, Robert C. Ogden, Walter H. Page, George Foster Peabody and Albert Shaw. The object of the incorporation is to promote education within the United States without distinction of race, sect or creed. For the promotion of such object the said corporation is to build, improve, enlarge, or equip, or to aid others to build, improve, enlarge, or equip, buildings for elementary or primary schools, industrial schools, technical schools, normal schools, training schools for teachers, or schools of any grade, or for higher institutions of learning, or, in connection therewith, libraries, workshops, gardens, kitchens, or other educational accessories; to establish, maintain, or endow, or aid others to establish, maintain, or endow, elementary or primary schools, industrial schools, technical schools, normal schools, training schools for teachers, or schools of any grade, or higher institutions of learning; to employ or aid others to employ teachers and lecturers; to aid, cooperate with, or endow associations or other corporations engaged in educational work within the United States of America, or to donate to any such association or corporation any property or moneys which shall at any time be held by the said corporation hereby constituted; to collect educational statistics and information, and to publish and distribute documents and reports containing the same.

PATRIOTIC SOCIETIES.

Grand Army of the Republic.

First post organized at Decatur, Ill., April 6, 1866. First national encampment held at Indianapolis November 20, 1866. Headquarters for 1903-'04, Memorial Hall, Chicago. There are forty-five State and Territorial departments. The officers of the national body are: Commander-in-chief, John C. Black, Chicago; senior vice-commander-in-chief, C. Mason Kinne, San Francisco; junior vice-commander-in-chief, Henry C. Kessler, Butte, Mont.; surgeon general, George A. Harman, Lancaster, Ohio; chaplain-in-chief, Winfield Scott, Scottsdale, Ariz.; adjutant general, Charles A. Partridge, Chicago; quartermaster general, Charles Burrows, Rutherford, N. J.; inspector general, Erwin B. Mosser, Hartley, Iowa: judge advocate general, James Tanner, Washington, D. C.; senior aide de camp and chief of staff, Charles H. McConnell, Chicago; Executive Committee of the National Council of Administration—Thomas W. Scott, Fairfield, Ill.; Thomas G. Sample, Allegheny, Penn.; L. W. Collins, St. Cloud, Minn.; John W. Hersey, Springfield, Mass.; E. B. Fenton, Detroit, Mich.; S. C. James, Centerville, Iowa; Henry A. Root, Michigan City, Ind., in addition to the commander-in-chief, the adjutant general and the quartermaster general.

The following was the membership in the various departments on June 30, 1903:

Departments.	Posts.	Members.	Departments.	Posts.	Members.
Alabama	12	126	Nebraska	226	4,921
Arizona	8	206	New-Hampshire	88	3,144
Arkansas	45	706	New-Jersey	108	5,000
California and Nevada	95	5,424	New-Mexico	5	144
Colorado and Wyoming	68	2,106	New-York	621	29,988
Connecticut	64	4,061	North Dakota	24	487
Delaware	22	538	Ohio	599	25,529
Florida	19	342	Oklahoma	71	1,574
Georgia	11	392	Oregon	56	1,944
Idaho	19	436	Pennsylvania	544	26,425
Illinois	548	20,800	Potomac	17	2,411
Indiana	416	15,599	Rhode Island	26	1,598
Indian Territory	21	378	South Dakota	83	1,675
Iowa	377	12,458	Tennessee	48	1,579
Kansas	385	10,525	Texas	27	586
Kentucky	92	2,270	Utah	5	233
Louisiana and Mississippi	34	1,038	Vermont	102	3,116
Maine	157	6,185	Virginia and North Carolina	40	741
Maryland	55	2,403	Washington and Alaska	89	2,551
Massachusetts	211	16,804	West Virginia	45	1,216
Michigan	363	13,709	Wisconsin	253	9,044
Minnesota	171	5,994			
Missouri	275	9,401	Totals	6,557	256,510
Montana	12	403			

The loss of the organization by death for the year ending March 30, 1902, was 8,299; for the year ending March 30, 1903, 8,366. The highwater mark of membership was reached in 1890, when 409,489 names were carried on the rolls. The membership on June 30, 1902, was 263,745, showing a net loss for the year of 7,235.

Department of New-York.—Officers elected at the thirty-seventh annual encampment, Niagara Falls, June 17 and 18, 1903: Commander, John S. Koster, Port Leyden; senior vice-commander, Michael J. Cummings, New-York City; junior vice-commander, David Isaacs, Niagara Falls; medical director, H. C. Hendrick, McGrawville; chaplain, Rev. McKindree Shaw, Williamson; assistant adjutant general, Henry E. Turner, Lowville; assistant quartermaster general, George E. Dewey, New-York City; department inspector, Samuel McAuliffe, Rochester; judge advocate, Noah Tebbetts, Brooklyn; chief mustering officer, James Taggert, Buffalo; senior aide-de-camp, James B. Black, New-York City. Council of Administration—L. V. S. Mattison, Oswego; M. H. Whalen, New-York City; Andrew M. Clarke, Buffalo; W. S. Newman, Hornellsville; Nelson Mattice, Binghamton.

American Flag Association.

The American Flag Association was organized February 17, 1898, its motto being "One Flag, One Country, God Over All." Its object is to secure national and State legislation for the protection of the flag from degrading and desecrating uses, and to secure a general celebration of June 14 as "Flag Day," because on that day in 1777 Congress enacted "That the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation." The officers of the association are: President, Colonel Ralph E. Prime, Yonkers, N. Y.; secretaries, Theodore Fitch, No. 120 Broadway, New-York, and Mrs. J. Wells Wentworth; treasurer, Edward Payson Cone, New-York.

American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society.

Incorporated in 1895 by the New-York Legislature, with the object of preserving, either by the acquisition as public trustees or otherwise, beautiful American scenery and landmarks and objects possessing scenic or historic value. President, ————— ————, ————; vice-presidents, Charles S. Francis, Troy, and F. W. Devoe, J. Pierpont Morgan and W. S. Logan, of New-York; treasurer, Edward Payson Cone, New-York; secretary, Edward Hagaman Hall, Tribune Building, New-York.

Association of the Army of the Tennessee.

The Association of the Army of the Tennessee was organized in 1902, "to keep alive the memory of each other and the stirring scenes in which the army took a part from 1861 to 1865." The officers are: President, Fletcher White, Washington, D. C.; vice-presidents, H. L. Deam, A. D. Gaston, L. D. Alden and W. P. Davis; recording secretary, B. W. Bonney, No. 624 C-st., N. E., Washington, D. C.; corresponding secretary, C. H. Stone; treasurer, James S. Roy.

Children of the American Revolution.

The National Society of the Children of the American Revolution was incorporated April 11, 1895, under the laws of Congress applicable to the District of Columbia, and its headquarters are fixed in Washington. The officers are: President, Mrs. Julius C. Burrows, Washington; vice-presidents, Miss Julia Ten Eyck McBlair, Mrs. Gertrude R. Darwin, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. A. L. Barber, Mrs. Adolphus W. Greely, Mrs. Robert I. Fleming, Mrs. Joseph Paul, Mrs. Russell A. Alger, Mrs. M. A. Knapp, Mrs. John Tweedale, Washington, and Mrs. Mary Harrison McKee, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; recording secretary, Miss Eliza C. Tulloch, Washington; corresponding secretary, Mrs. James Knox Taylor, the Portland, Washington; registrar, Mrs. Harry Heth, Washington; treasurer, Mrs. Violet Blair Janin, Washington; chaplain, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin, Washington. There are State organizations in Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New-Jersey, New-York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. Fees, 50 cents a year. A national convention is held each year in Washington in February. The objects of the organization are to preserve the places made sacred by the men and women who forwarded American independence; to ascertain the deeds and honor the memories of children and youth who rendered service during the American Revolution; to promote the celebration of all patriotic anniversaries; to hold our American flag sacred above every other flag on earth, and to love, uphold and extend the institutions of American liberty. Any girl under eighteen years or boy under twenty-one years of age is eligible for membership who is lineally descended from a man or woman who rendered material aid to the cause of American independence as a soldier, sailor, civil officer or recognized patriot in one of the several Colonies or States or of the United Colonies or States. Membership about 5,800.

Colonial Dames of America.

The Society of the Colonial Dames of America was organized May 23, 1890, and incorporated April 13, 1891. It was the first society of women for purely patriotic purposes ever founded in this country. Its objects are: (1) To collect and preserve relics, manuscripts, traditions and memories of the founders and builders of the thirteen original States of the Union, and of the heroes of the War for Independence, that the memory of their deeds and achievements may be perpetuated. (2) To promote celebration of great historic events of national importance, to diffuse information on all subjects concerning American history, particularly among the young, and to cultivate the spirit of patriotism and reverence for the founders of American constitutional history. Officers: President, Mrs. John Lyon Gardiner; vice-presidents, Mrs. James W. Gerard and Miss P. P. Boudinot; treasurer, Miss Helen van Cortlandt de Peyster; secretary, Mrs. Timothy M. Cheesman. Headquarters, No. 109 University Place, New-York City.

Daughters of the American Revolution.

The present efforts of the society are directed toward raising funds for a great hall to be built in Washington in memory of the men and women of the Revolution. The present membership is 38,300. Headquarters, No. 902 F-st., Washington, D. C. National Board of Management: President-general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Washington, D. C.; vice-president-general in charge of organization of chapters, Mrs. Miranda Barney Tulloch, No. 902 F-st., Washington, D. C.; chaplain-general, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin; recording secretary general, Mrs. John Walker Holcombe; corresponding secretary general, Mrs. Henry L. Mann; registrar general, Mrs. Ruth M. Griswold Peaker; treasurer general, Mrs. D. Kerfoot; historian general, Mrs. Anita Newcomb McGee; librarian general, Mrs. Edward Bennett. There are forty-eight State and Territorial organizations. A site for the proposed memorial in Washington was purchased for $50,266 17, and the society has now about $90,000 in hand toward beginning building.

*Founders and Patriots of America.

Organized, New-York City, May 13, 1896.—Object: To bring together the descendants of the founders of the country and those patriots who fought in the Revolution; to teach reverent regard for their names, their deeds and their heroism; to inculcate patriotism among the members; to discover, collect and preserve records, manuscripts, monuments and history relating to the genealogy and history of the first colonists and their ancestors and descendants, and to commemorate and celebrate events in the history of the Colonies and Republic. Eligibility: Any man above the age of twenty-one years, of good moral character and reputation, a citizen of the United States and who is lineally descended in the male line of either parent from an ancestor who settled in any of the original colonies, from May 13, 1607, to May 13, 1657, and whose intermediate ancestors in the same line adhered as patriots to the cause of the Revolutionary War. Officers: Governor-general, Colonel Ralph E. Prime, Yonkers, N. Y.; deputy governor-general, General William F. Draper, Massachusetts; chaplain-general, the Rev. Dryden William Phelps, Connecticut; secretary-general, Ferdinand P. Earle, Jumel Terrace and 160th-st., New-York; treasurer-general, George Clinton Batcheller, New-York, attorney-general, Edward Lang Perkins, Pennsylvania; registrar-general, Teunis Dimon Hunting, New-York; genealogist-general, Hon. James Jerome Belden, New-York; historian-general, Franklin Whetstone Hopkins, New-Jersey.

Mayflower Descendants.

Organized, New-York, December 22, 1894, by lineal descendants of the Mayflower Pilgrims "to preserve their memory, their records, their history and all facts relating to them, their ancestors and their posterity." Every lineal descendant over eighteen years of age, male or female, of any passenger of the voyage of the Mayflower which terminated at Plymouth, Massachusetts, December, 1620, including all signers of "The Compact," is eligible to membership. Initiation fee, $10; annual dues, $5. The annual meeting is held November 21, the anniversary of the signing of "The Compact." Societies are organized in New-York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Ohio, Illinois, New-Jersey, District of Columbia, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Maine and Rhode Island, with a membership of 3,000. The above State societies have formed a national organization, of which Henry E. Howland is governor-general and Richard Henry Greene secretary-general.

Medal of Honor Legion.

The general officers of the legion are: Commander, General O. O. Howard, Burlington, Vt.; senior vice-commander, Chief Boatswain W. L. Hill, Washington, D. C.; junior vice-commander, J. C. J. Langbein, New-York; chaplain, James Miller, Philadelphia. The organization is composed of men to whom medals of honor have been given by the national government.

Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

Organized April 15, 1865; non-sectarian and non-political. The members are of three classes: (1) Commissioned officers and honorably discharged commissioned officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps (regulars and volunteers) actually engaged in suppressing the Rebellion prior to April 15, 1865, and eldest sons of deceased officers who served as above. (2) The eldest sons of living original companions of the first class who are twenty-one years old. Membership on July 31, 1903, 9,054; composed of first class 8,086; second class, 944; third class, 24. Largest commanderies: New-York, 1,243 members, New-York City; Pennsylvania, 1,126, Philadelphia. The other eighteen State commanderies in order of their organization and place of headquarters are: Maine, 173, Portland; Massachusetts, 926, Boston; California, 690, San Francisco; Wisconsin, 209, Milwaukee; Illinois, 659, Chicago; District of Columbia, 851; Ohio, 830, Cincinnati; Michigan, 321, Detroit; Minnesota, 289, St. Paul; Oregon, 62, Portland; Missouri, 289, St. Louis; Nebraska, 112, Omaha; Kansas, 210, Leavenworth; Iowa, 267, Des Moines; Colorado, 246, Denver; Indiana, 353, Indianapolis; Washington, 88, Tacoma; Vermont, 119, Burlington. The present national officers are: Commander-in-chief, General D. McM. Gregg; senior vice-commander-in-chief, General John R. Brooke; junior vice-commander-in-chief, Admiral Charles E. Clark; recorder, Colonel John P. Nicholson, Philadelphia; registrar, Major William P. Huxford, Washington, D. C.; treasurer, Paymaster George De F. Barton; chancellor, Captain John O. Foering; chaplain, Henry S. Burrage; council, Major Henry L. Swords, Captain Russell H. Mason, Major Augustus M. Van Dyke, General Fred A. Starring, Major Charles A. Hopkins.

New-York Commandery.—Commander, Brigadier General Thomas H. Hub-

*No report for 1903.

bard, U. S. V.; recorder-paymaster, A. Noel Blakeman, U. S. N. Headquarters, No. 140 Nassau-st., New-York City.

Military Order of Foreign Wars.

Instituted December 27, 1894. Incorporated January 15, 1895. Eligibility: Veteran commissioned officers of the Revolution, war with Tripoli, war with Mexico, War of 1812, and war with Spain. Hereditary companions are defined as direct male descendants in the male line of veteran companions and all commissioned officers in any one of the above named wars. The officers of the National Commandery are: Commander general, General Alexander S. Webb, U. S. A.; vice-commanders general, General Charles F. Roe, General W. W. H. Davis Morris W. Seymour, Horace Davis, W. De Lancey Howe, General George M. Moulton, Colonel T. V. Kessler, Major General Henry A. Axline, U. S. V., Colonel Milton Moore, Captain Frank L. Greene, U. S. V.; Colonel H. Ashton Ramsay, Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N.; Dr. George Ben Johnston, Captain Stephen Waterman, U. S. V.; Commander J. W. Bostik, U. S. N.; Brigadier General William J. McKee, U. S V.; General E. A. Campbell, Colonel H. M. Seamon, Captain F. C. Kelley, General W. W. Gordon, General L. N. Oppenheimer; secretary general, James H. Morgan, St. Paul Building, New-York City; treasurer general, Colonel O. C. Bosbyshell, Philadelphia, Penn.; registrar general, Henry N. Wayne; historian general, Captain Samuel E. Gross; chaplain general, the Rev. C. Ellis Stevens; judge advocate general, F. M. Avery; deputy secretary general, Major David Banks, jr., deputy treasurer general, James T. Sands. There are twenty-two subordinate or State commanderies. The secretary of the New-York Commandery is Colonel W. G. Bates, No. 128 Broadway New-York City.

National Association of the Ladies' Naval Veterans.

Following are the officers of the association: Captain commander, Mrs. Margaret B. Dixon, No. 63 Brady-st., Detroit, Mich.; commander, Mrs. Mary J. Craig, Philadelphia; lieutenant commander, Mrs. Ada Shannon, Philadelphia; senior lieutenant, Mrs. Cora B. Stone, Baltimore; lieutenant, Mrs. Ellen M. Buxton, Peabody, Mass.; fleet paymaster, Mrs. Mary E. Baker, Boston; fleet surgeon, Mrs. Margaret Gammon, Minneapolis, Minn.; fleet chaplain, Mrs. Lena Raddatz, Philadelphia; national secretary, Mrs. S. E. Reynolds, Eaton, Ohio; chief of staff, Mrs. Annie R. Sears, Baltimore; national boatswain, Mrs. Agnes Nealon, Philadelphia; national historian, Mrs. Jennie Laird, Providence, R. I.

National Association of Union ex-Prisoners of War.

Officers elected at San Francisco August 19, 1903: Commander (re-elected), James D. Walker; senior vice-commander, John T. Kissam, Ohio; chaplain, John S. Ferguson, Keokuk, Iowa; historian, Harry White, Pennsylvania; quartermaster, Stephen M. Long, East Orange, N. J.; Executive Committee—Aaron T. Bliss, Lansing, Mich.; O. A. Parsons, Pennsylvania; Charles G. Davis, Boston; Charles S. Fisher, Maine.

National Society, Army of the Philippines.

This society was organized at Denver, Col., August 30, 1900. Its aims are the perpetuation of the ties of friendship between individuals and organizations of the Army of the Philippines, and the preservation of the history and relics of the Philippine campaign. Membership in it is open to every officer and enlisted man in the military service of the United States, or with honorable discharge from same, who served honorably at any time from the beginning of the war with Spain to the Fourth of July, 1902, in the Army of the Philippine Islands, either in the volunteers or in the regular establishment, and to all United States officers and enlisted men who at the time served on vessels which during the Spanish-American War co operated with the troops in the Philippine Islands or served since that time and previous to July 4, 1902, in the waters of the Philippine Archipelago. The present officers of the society are: President, Brigadier General Charles King, Milwaukee, Wis.; first vice-president, Colonel James W. Pepe, Denver, Col.; second vice-president, Captain Charles E. Locke, Denver, Col.; third vice-president, Fred M. Schutte, St. Paul, Minn.; fourth vice-president, Captain Hustead A. Crow, Connellsville, Penn.; fifth vice-president, Brigadier General Wilder S. Metcalf, Lawrence, Kan.; sixth vice-president, Major David S. Fairchild, jr., Clinton, Iowa; secretary, Albert E. Fout, No. 4,284 Cook-ave., St. Louis; treasurer, J. E. White, No. 22 Fifth-ave., Chicago; chaplain, the Rev. James Mailley, Stromsberg, Neb.

National Association of Naval Veterans.

Organized 1887. Commodore commanding, W. Scott Smith, Department of the Interior, Washington; fleet captain and chief of staff, George McNeil, Chicago; fleet commander, Robert A. McLean, Brooklyn; fleet lieutenant commander, John W. Prout, Newark, N. J.; fleet lieutenant, Edward Hubbell, New-Haven, Conn.; fleet master, James E. Luther, Providence, R. I.; fleet ensign, Edward F. Corrigan, New-Haven, Conn.; fleet surgeon, William E. Atwell, Zanesville, Ohio; fleet paymaster, I. D. Baker, Boston; fleet engineer, C. F. Briggs, Rockford, Ill.; fleet chaplain, A. S. McWilliams, Detroit; fleet boatswain, J. E. Robbins, Newark, N. J.; fleet historian, John B. Wirt, Indianapolis, Ind.; fleet secretary, Cyrus Soars, No. 423 East Lafayette-ave., Baltimore.

Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War.

National Commandery, No. 172 Fifth-ave., New-York; New-York Commandery, No. 172 Fifth-ave., New-York; Massachusetts Commandery, Boston; Pennsylvania Commandery, Philadelphia; Illinois Commandery, Chicago; Connecticut Commandery, Hartford; Ohio Commandery, Cincinnati; California Commandery, San Francisco. Objects—To cherish the memories and associations of the Spanish-American War. The membership is limited to those who served on the active list, or performed active duty, as a commissioned officer, regular or volunteer, in the United States Army, Navy or Marine

Corps during the war with Spain, or in the subsequent insurrection in the Philippines, or who participated in the said war or insurrection prior to April 1, 1901, as a naval or military cadet, or as an officer in the United States Revenue Cutter Service on any vessel assigned to duty under the control of the United States Navy Department during such war or insurrection, or as a warrant officer, non-commissioned officer or enlisted man who subsequently became a commissioned officer in the United States Army, Navy or Marine Corps. Commander in-chief, Rear Admiral J. N. Miller, New-York; senior vice-commander-in-chief, Colonel E. P. Clark, Connecticut; junior vice-commander-in-chief, Colonel Charles B. Dougherty, Pennsylvania; recorder-in-chief, Captain John T. Hilton, No. 172 Fifth-ave., New-York; registrar-in-chief, Major Harry Alvin Hall, Pennsylvania; treasurer-in-chief, Captain T. E. Brown, Illinois; chaplain-in-chief, Chaplain F. L. Phalen, Illinois.

Naval Order of the United States.

Organized July 4, 1890. It consists of the General Commandery and the State commanderies of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New-York, Illinois, California and District of Columbia. The membership is divided into two classes, the first including commissioned officers, midshipmen and naval cadets, or corps or staff officers with relative rank as such, or appointed volunteer officers in line of promotion, who were in actual service in the Navy, Marine Corps or Revenue Service under the authority of any of the thirteen original Colonies or States or of the Continental Congress during the War of the Revolution or of the United States during the war with France, the war with Tripoli, the War of 1812, the war with Mexico, the Civil War, the war with Spain, or in face of the enemy in any engagement in which the Navy of the United States has participated, and who resigned, were discharged with honor, or who are still in the service, or those who served as aforesaid, but in a grade below that of a commissioned officer, midshipman, naval cadet, or corps or staff officer, with relative rank as such, or appointed volunteer officer in line of promotion, and who subsequently became a commissioned officer, regular or volunteer, in the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Revenue Service: Provided, however, That this clause shall not be so construed as to include officers who at any time have borne arms against the Government of the United States. All male descendants of those who are eligible as above specified or in default thereof, then one such collateral representative as may be deemed worthy. The second class includes enlisted men who have received the naval medal of honor for bravery in face of the enemy. The last Triennial Congress of the order was held in New-York November 4, 1903. The general officers are: Commander, Rear Admiral Frederick Rodgers; vice-commander, Jacob William Miller (retired); recorder, Clinton Elgin Braine, No. 88 Wall-st., New-York City; treasurer, Allen Stoddard Apgar (retired); register, William Stiteler Wells; historian, William Tibbits Salter; chaplain, the Rev. Frank Landon Humphreys, S. T. D., canon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine; members of council, Lieutenant Commander Socrates Hubbard, Paymaster Henry Titus Skelding, Ernest Carter, John Loyd, Jarvis Bonesteel Edson, George Henry Butler, William D. Dimock, George De Forest Barton and Edward Trenchard; trustee of permanent fund, to serve until 1906, Eric Bernard Dahlgren. The officers of the New-York Commandery are: Commander, Rear Admiral A. S. Barker, U. S. N.; vice-commander, J. W. Miller, late U. S. N.; recorder, Ernest Carter, late U. S. N.; treasurer, A. S. Apgar, late U. S. N.

Commanderies.	Headquarters.	Recorders.	Address.
Massachusetts	Boston	Frederic Stanhope Hill	110 State House.
Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	A. W. Russell, jr	434 South 42d-st.
New-York	N. Y. City	Ernest Carter, late U. S. N.	
District of Columbia	Washington		
Illinois	Chicago	W. J. Wilson, late U.S.N.	1621 Masonic Temple.
California	San Francisco.	C. P. Welch, U. S. N.	1213 Taylor-st.

New-York State Society of the Cincinnati.

Officers of the society: President, Talbot Olyphant; vice-president, Francis Key Pendleton; secretary, Francis B. Hoffman; treasurer, Edward Wright Tapp; chaplain, the Rev. Manclus Holmes Hutton, D. D.; surgeon, Thomas M. L. Chrystie. Standing Committee—Dixon Gedney Hughes, Paul Ernest Tieman, Philip Schuyler (terms expire July 4, 1904); Frederick Jabez Huntington, William M. Austin, Arthur G. Morris (terms expire July 4, 1905); Thomas De Witt Cuyler, Forbes Hawkes, J. S. Van Cortlandt (terms expire July 4, 1906). Delegates and alternates to the general society: Delegates—J. S. Van Cortlandt, the Rev. Mancius Holmes Hutton, D. D., Talbot Olyphant, Francis Key Pendleton, John Alexander Rutherfurd. Alternates—John P. H. De Windt, William Linn Keese, Dixon Gedney Hughes, William Richmond Talbot, Gerald Hull Gray. Trustees—Edward Wright Tapp, William Linn Keese, Alexander J. Clinton.

Order of Pequot and King Philip.

The preamble of the Order of Pequot and King Philip recites that it is conferred upon descendants of soldiers in those so-called wars, or of those who were subjected to and sustained the years of peril, privation and hardship which those struggles involved. No direct applications or credentials are considered or accepted, the sole eligibility being the receipt of the Invitation of the Order officially issued upon nomination by a member. Membership is for life or in perpetuity. The insignia is worn around the neck, instead of displayed upon the breast. Founded 1902. The officers are O. L. Frisbee, chairman for New-England, Portsmouth, N. H.; Charles A. Williams, chairman for Western States, Buffalo, N. Y.; George W. Freeman, chairman for Southern States, Morgantown, W. Va.; general registrar, Appleton Morgan, Westfield, N. J.

Patriotic Order Sons of America.

The general officers of the society are: National president, J. Shindel Krause, Lebanon, Penn.; national vice-president, William H. Tilton, New-Jersey; national master of forms, William E. Valient, Maryland; national secretary, F. E. Stees, Pennsylvania; national treasurer, F. P. Spiese, Pennsylvania; national chaplain, the Rev. D. E. Rupley, Lock Haven, Penn.; national conductor, John L. Dill, Ohio; national inspector, F. W. Alexander, Virginia; national guard, Henry W. Ray, Kentucky. The society has camps in thirteen States, representing a membership of 115,000.

Settlers and Defenders of America.

A new hereditary patriotic order, incorporated in 1899. Officers: President general, Walter S. Carter; vice-president general, Robert D. Benedict; secretary general, Grenville Bayard Winthrop; treasurer general, Rodney S. Dennis; president executive council, Ralph E. Prime. Objects: "To stimulate genealogical, biographical and historical research, to publish patriotic manuscripts and records, to collect Colonial and Revolutionary relics, to preserve traditions, to mark patriotic graves, to locate and protect historic sites, to erect tablets and monuments, to aid in founding and erecting libraries, museums and memorial buildings, and in all other fitting ways, through broad fellowship and co-operation, to perpetuate the memory of the settlers and defenders of the nation, and to exemplify and teach in all later generations their spirit of wise patriotism, to the end that we may loyally advance the purposes for which they struggled." To be eligible a person must be eighteen years of age and to have lineally descended (1) from a settler in one of the thirteen original colonies during the first thirty-three years of its settlement; (2) from one who is also lineally descended from an ancestor who, between May 13, 1607, and April 19, 1775, inclusive, rendered civil or military service in the general government of such colony, and (3) who is likewise lineally descended from an ancestor who, between April 19, 1775, and September 13, 1783, inclusive, rendered actual service to the cause of American independence, either as a military or naval officer, soldier, seaman, privateer, militia or minute man, associator, signer of the Declaration of Independence, member of a Continental, Provincial or Colonial Congress, or Colonial or State legislature, or as a recognized patriot who performed or actually counselled or abetted acts of resistance to the authority of Great Britain; but no claim of eligibility through descent from a settler or from an ancestor who rendered Colonial service to be valid unless the descendants of such ancestor in the line of descent of the applicant were patriots in the War of the Revolution. Women are eligible to admission, and junior chapters of the order are to be established.

Society of the Army of the Cumberland.

Organized in 1872. Officers: President, General Henry V. Boynton; corresponding secretary, Major John Tweedale, Washington, D. C.; recording secretary, Colonel John W. Steele, Ohio; treasurer, General Frank G. Smith, Washington; historian, Colonel G. C. Kniffen, Washington; vice-presidents—Alabama, Colonel M. D. Wickersham; California, Colonel Peter T. Swain; Colorado, Colonel W. H. Fitch; Connecticut, Colonel A. W. Phillips; Delaware, Colonel James H. Wilson; District of Columbia, Colonel J. C. Breckinridge; Georgia, Major George S. Davis; Illinois, Major Matthew H. Peters; Indiana, Colonel C. E. Briant; Iowa General D. B. Henderson; Kansas, Captain O. Tannihill; Kentucky, Captain John Speed; Maine, General Francis Fessenden; Maryland, Colonel B. F. Taylor; Massachusetts, Colonel Horace N. Fisher; Michigan, General F. H. Duffield; Minnesota, General J. W. Bishop; Missouri, Colonel John Conover; Nebraska, General C. F. Manderson; New-York, General Anson G. McCook; Ohio, General Thomas J. Wood; Pennsylvania, Captain R. V. Ellwood; Tennessee, Major W. J. Colburn; Wisconsin, Captain George L. Robinson.

Society of the Army of the Ohio.

Officers: President, Lieutenant General John M. Schofield; first vice-president, General Thomas J. Henderson; treasurer, Major J. F. Stewart; secretary and historian, J. Fraise Richard; executive committee—Captain W. F. McMillan, Captain J. L. Thornton, Colonel John A. Joyce, Captain Gideon Lyon, Captain R. A. Ragan, N. N. McCullough and T. M. Tallmadge; publication committee—Captain J. C. Morgan, Captain Aven Pearson, Colonel John B. Brownlow, Captain F. A. Fenton, Lieutenant J. H. Simpson, Captain Armour and Lieutenant N. H. Merrill.

Society of the Army of the Tennessee.

Organized at Raleigh, N. C., April 14, 1865. Headquarters, Cincinnati, Ohio. Officers: President, Major General Grenville M. Dodge, Iowa; vice-presidents, Major William Warner, Missouri; Colonel James Kilbourne, Ohio; General W. T. Clark, District of Columbia; Colonel O. D. Kinsman, District of Columbia; Colonel B. H. Peterson, Louisiana; Captain G. A. Busse, Illinois; General John C. Black, Illinois; Major D. W. Reed, Illinois; Mrs. Minnie Sherman Fitch, Pennsylvania; Captain George Ady, Colorado; Major W. R. McComas, Ohio; Major George Mason, Illinois; Major W. L. B. Jenney, Illinois; Captain John B. Colton, Missouri; General J. W. Barlow, Connecticut; corresponding secretary General Andrew Hickenlooper, Cincinnati; recording secretary, Colonel Cornelius Cadle, P. O. box 35, Cincinnati; treasurer, Major Augustus M. Van Dyke, Cincinnati.

Society of Colonial Wars.

Principal officers—Governor general, Frederic J. De Peyster; vice-governor general, General Rowland Pell, New-York; secretary general, Samuel V. Hoffman, New-York; treasurer general, Edward Shippen, Philadelphia. A deputy governor general

is elected from each State society. For New York, Walter L. Suydam. Any male person above the age of twenty one years, of good moral character and reputation, may be eligible to membership in the Society of Colonial Wars, who is lineally descended in the male or female line from an ancestor who served as a military or naval officer, or as a soldier, sailor or marine, or as a privateersman, under authority of the Colonies which afterward formed the United States, or in the forces of Great Britain which participated with those of the said Colonies in any wars in which the said Colonies were engaged, or in which they enrolled men, from the settlement of Jamestown, May 13, 1607, to the battle of Lexington, April 19, 1775, or, who held office in any of the Colonies between the dates above mentioned, either as director general, vice-director general or member of the council or legislative body, in the Colony of New-Netherlands; Governor, Lieutenant or Deputy Governor, lord proprietor, member of the King's or Governor's Council or legislative body, in the Colonies of New-York, New-Jersey, Virginia, Pennsylvania and Delaware; lord proprietor, Governor, Deputy Governor or member of the council or legislative body, in Maryland and the Carolinas; Governor, Deputy Governor, Governor's assistant or Commissioner to the United Colonies of New England, or body of assistants or legislative body in any of the New-England Colonies. Membership, 3,000.

Society of the War of 1812.

The Society of the War of 1812 was organized September 14, 1814. It is composed of State societies, organized successively by the original participants in the war and their descendants in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Ohio, Illinois, District of Columbia, New-York, New-Jersey and Delaware, the members of each of which are borne upon the membership roll of the General Society. Any male person above the age of twenty-one years who participated in or who is a lineal descendant of one who served during the War of 1812, in the Army, Navy, Revenue-Marine or Privateer Service of the United States, and who is of good moral character and reputation, may become a member. Several surviving veterans of the war, who have passed the century mark, are still borne upon the Veteran Roll of this society. The officers are: President general, John Cadwalader, Philadelphia; secretary general, Henry Randall Webb, No. 727 Nineteenth-st., N. W., Washington, D. C.; assistant secretary general, Henry Harmon Noble, Albany, N. Y.; treasurer general, Frederick Bacon Philbrook, No. 32 Worcester Square, Boston, Mass.; registrar general, Albert K. Hadel, Baltimore; chaplain general, the Rt. Rev. Leighton Coleman, Bishop of Delaware; chairman Executive Committee, the Hon. Robert Adams, jr., Philadelphia.

Society of the Army of Santiago de Cuba.

Organized in the Governor's Palace at Santiago de Cuba, July 31, 1898. The purpose of this organization is to record the history and conserve the memory of the events of the campaign which resulted in the surrender on the 17th day of July, 1898, of the Spanish army, the city of Santiago de Cuba, and the military province to which it pertained. The membership of the Society shall consist of all officers and soldiers of the United States Army (including acting assistant surgeons and authorized volunteer aides) who constituted the expeditionary force to Santiago de Cuba, and who worthily participated in the campaign between the dates of June 14 and July 17, 1898, and the officers of the National Society elected are as follows: President, Major General William R. Shafter, U. S. A.; first vice-president, Major General Joseph Wheeler, U. S. V.; second vice president, Major General J. Ford Kent, U. S. V.; third vice-president, Major General John Coulter Bates, U. S. A.; fourth vice-president, Major General Adna R. Chaffee, U. S. A.; secretary and treasurer, Major Alfred C. Sharpe, assistant adjutant general, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.; registrar general, Lieutenant Colonel Philip Reade, U. S. A.; historian, Major G. Creighton Webb, inspector general, U. S. V. Annual dues $1, life membership $25. No initiation fee. There are branch societies in Massachusetts, New-York, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, California and the District of Columbia.

Society of Veterans of Indian Wars.

Organized April 23, 1896. Objects: To perpetuate the faithful services, heroism and privations of the officers and soldiers of the Army of the United States, as well as of the auxiliary forces of the several States of the Union, in the campaigns against the Indians on the frontiers, in the interests of civilization and for the settlement and defence of the Territories; also to collect and preserve for publication a record of these services and other historical data relating thereto, as well as to unite in a fraternal bond of union all those who are entitled to membership. There are two classes of members. The first class includes commissioned officers of the Army, on the active or retired list, or those who have become honorably separated from the service, of good moral character and reputation, and who have or may hereafter serve in the Army in an Indian war in a strictly military capacity, also any officer of a State National Guard or Militia meeting the above requirements, and who regularly served under a commission from the Governor of a State or Territory. The second class includes lineal male descendants of members of the first class, or of officers who served subsequent to January, 1784, who would have been thus eligible, but who died without such membership. The principal officers are: Commander, Brigadier General J. D. Bingham, U. S. A.; vice-commander, Brigadier General J. V. Furey, U. S. A.; recorder and treasurer, Captain Henry Hobart Bellas, U. S. A., No. 421 South Forty-fourth-st., Philadelphia; assistant recorder, Lieutenant G. R. Burnett, U. S. A.; historian, Brigadier General Charles King, U. S. A.; council, Colonel J. A. Wilcox, U. S. A.; Major H. E. Smith, late U. S. A.; Major H. Pennington, late U. S. A.; Captain E. J. Conway, U. S. A.; Lieutenant J. M. Walton, U. S. A.

Sons of the American Revolution.

A society of the lineal male descendants of soldiers, sailors and conspicuous patriots of the Revolution, formed to encourage the celebration of Revolutionary anniversaries, the preservation of records and relics and perpetuation of the memory and spirit of the men who established popular government in America. This society does not admit men of collateral descent. Originally instituted in California in October, 1875, and organized July 4, 1876. The several State societies organized a national society April 30, 1889. Officers of the national society are: President general, General Edwin S. Greeley, New-Haven, Conn.; vice-presidents general, Ira H. Evans, Austin, Tex.; John W. Bayne, Washington, D. C.; Daniel M. Lord, Chicago; John J. Hubbell, Newark, N. J.; Arthur W. Dennis Providence, R. I.; secretary general, Edward Payson Cone, No. 100 Broadway, New-York; treasurer general, Nathan Warren, No. 44 Equitable Building, Boston; registrar general, A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Institution, Washington; historian general, George Williams Bates, Nos. 32-33 Buhl Building, Detroit, Mich.; chaplain general, the Rev. Dr. Rufus W. Clark, Detroit.

Sons of the Revolution.

A society formed to perpetuate the memory and principles of the men of the American Revolution. The members are descendants of the active men of the Revolution. Officers of the general society: General president, John Lee Carroll, Ellicott City, Md.; general vice-president, Garret Dorset Wall Vroom, Trenton, N. J.; second general vice-president, Pope Barrow, Savannah, Ga.; general secretary, James Mortimer Montgomery, No. 102 Front-st., New-York; assistant general secretary, William Hall Harris, Baltimore; general treasurer, Richard McCall Cadwalader, No. 133 South Twelfth-st., Philadelphia; assistant general treasurer, Henry Cadle, Bethany, Mo.; general chaplain, the Rev. Dr. T. E. Green, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; general registrar, Walter Gilman Page, No. 90 Westland-ave., Boston; general historian, Holdridge Ozro Collins, Los Angeles, Cal.

Sons of Veterans.

The general officers of the Sons of Veterans are: Commander-in-chief, Arthur B. Spink, Providence, R. I.; senior vice-commander in-chief, James B. Adams, Atlantic City, N. J.; junior vice-commander-in-chief, F. H. B. McDowell, Racine, Wis.; adjutant general, William R. Congdon, Providence, R. I.; quartermaster general, Fred E. Bolton, Boston; judge advocate general, William T. Church, Chicago; chaplain-in-chief, E. E. Schoening, St. Louis; council-in-chief—H. V. Speelman, Cincinnati; N. J. McGuire, Indianapolis; Walter E. Smith, Allentown, Penn.

Spanish War Veterans.

The general officers of the National Army and Navy Spanish War Veterans are: Commander-in-chief, Harold C. M. McGrew, Indianapolis, Ind.; senior vice-commander in-chief, Captain Champ S. Andrews, New-York; junior vice-commander-in-chief, Colonel Lucien F. Burpee, Waterbury, Conn.; inspector general, Colonel Frederick C. Kuelhurle, New-York; surgeon general, Dr. Frank W. Handley, Cincinnati; chaplain general, W. H. I. Reaney, U. S. N.; judge advocate general, Lieutenant I. N. Kinney, Bay City, Mich.

At the annual convention at New-Haven in September, 1903, a membership was reported of about 140,009. The Woman's Auxiliary of the society elected the following officers: National president, Mrs. Isabelle Alexander, Cleveland; senior vice-president general, Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, Washington, D. C.; junior vice-president general, Mrs. Mary Dineen, Brooklyn; inspector general, Mrs. Eliza Hodson, Washington; surgeon general, Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, Washington; chaplain general, Mrs. Mary Lane, Boston; treasurer general, Miss Margaret Bright, Cleveland.

The Aztec Club.

Organized in the City of Mexico, 1847. Eligible to membership, officers in the Mexican War and their descendants. Officers: President, General Francis E. Pinto; vice-president, General Horatio G. Gibson; secretary, Macrae Sykes; treasurer, William Turnbull.

Thirteenth Army Corps Association.

Organized in 1889. Officers: President, General Eugene A. Carr, U. S. A. (retired); secretary, Fletcher White, Washington, D. C.; E. C. Dougherty, Washington, D. C.

Union Veterans' Legion.

The general officers of the organization are: National commander, W. H. Manning, Dayton; senior vice-national commander, R. O. S. Burke, Chicago; junior vice-national commander, John G. Morris, Philadelphia; surgeon general, W. H. Simpson, Camden, N. J.; quartermaster general, John M. Keyser, Pittsburg; chaplain, M. Auer, Danville, Ill.

Union Veterans' Union.

The general officers of the union are: Commander-in-chief, General A. M. Legg, Washington, D. C.; deputy commander-in-chief, J. W. Hammond, Louisville, Ky.; second deputy commander in-chief, J. W. Ellis, Maquoketa, Iowa; executive committee—J. S. Varley, Chicago; D. G. Butterfield, Dervitt, Iowa; Americus Whedon, Louisville, Ky.; J. H. Shannon, Saco, Me.; F. B. White, Brockton, Mass.; George N. Mead, South Camden, Mich.; R. H. L. Jewett, St. Paul, Minn.; J. F. Hopper, Omaha, Neb.; Hugh Stewart, New-York; Ed S. Grant, Middleport, Ohio; H. B. Moulton, Washington, D. C.

THE MASONIC ORDER.

MASONIC GRAND LODGES OF NORTH AMERICA.

Grand Lodges.	Grand Masters.	Grand Secretary's address.	Members.
Alabama	Robert J. Redden...	Geo. A. Beauchamp, Montgomery..	19,494
Arizona	Francis M. Zuck....	George J. Roskruge, Tucson.....	939
Arkansas	John T. Hicks.....	Fay Hemstead, Little Rock.....	11,386
British Columbia ...	E. E. Chipman.....	R. E. Brett, Victoria.....	2,355
California	Orrin S. Henderson..	George Johnson, San Francisco....	24,735
Canada	J. E. Harding.....	J. J. Mason, Hamilton.....	28,421
Colorado	Marshall H. Dean..	William D. Todd, Denver.....	9,432
Connecticut	Leon M. Woodford..	John H. Barlow, Hartford.....	17,730
Delaware	Harry J. Guthrie...	Benjamin F. Bartram, Wilmington.	2,433
Dist. of Columbia...	Geo. Harold Walker.	Arvine W. Johnston, Washington..	6,257
Florida	Thos. M. Puleston..	Wilber P. Webster, Jacksonville...	4,623
Georgia	Max Meyerhardt.....	W. A. Wolihin, Macon.....	21,138
Idaho	David F. Mason....	Theophilus W. Randall, Boise.....	1,532
Illinois	George M. Moulton.	J. H. C. Dill, Bloomington.....	63,034
Indiana	James W. Dunbar..	Calvin W. Prather, Indianapolis...	35,107
Indian Territory	Royal J. Allen.....	Joseph S. Murrow, Atoka.....	4,549
Iowa	Wills S. Gardner...	Newton R. Parvin, Cedar Rapids..	31,693
Kansas	Bestor G. Brown...	Albert K. Wilson, Topeka.....	22,388
Kentucky	John W. Landrum..	Henry B. Grant, Louisville.....	21,819
Louisiana	Robert R. Reid.....	Richard Lambert, New-Orleans....	6,361
Maine	Wm. J. Burnham...	Stephen Berry, Portland.....	23,224
Manitoba	R. Hill Myers.....	James A. Ovas, Winnipeg.....	3,486
Maryland	Thos. J. Shryock....	Jacob H. Medairy, Baltimore.....	8,278
Massachusetts	Baalis Sanford.....	Sereno D. Nickerson, Boston.....	42 090
Michigan	R. W. Broughton...	Jefferson S. Conover, Cold Water..	45,304
Minnesota	Henry R. Adams...	Thomas Montgomery, St. Paul....	17,528
Mississippi	Harry T. Howard...	Frederick Speed, Vicksburg.....	10,676
Missouri	John C. Yocum.....	John D. Vincil, St. Louis.....	36,138
Montana	Frank E. Smith.....	Cornelius Hedges, Helena.....	3,325
Nebraska	Nathaniel M. Ayers.	Francis E. White, Plattsmouth....	13,115
Nevada	Alex. O. Percy.....	C. N. Noteware, Carson City.....	904
New-Brunswick	A. I. Trueman.....	J. Twining Hart, St. John.....	1,884
New-Hampshire	Harry M. Cheney...	Frank D. Woodbury, Concord.....	9,480
New-Jersey	W. Holt Apgar.....	Thomas H. R. Redway, Trenton...	19,150
New-Mexico	E. A. Cahoon.....	Alpheus A. Keen, Albuquerque....	1,079
New-York	Elbert Crandall.....	Edward M. L. Ehlers, New-York..	118 185
North Carolina	H. I. Clark.....	John C. Drewry, Raleigh.....	12,012
North Dakota	W. L. Stockwell....	Frank J. Thompson, Fargo.....	3 998
Nova Scotia.....	L. B. Archibald.....	Thomas Mowbray, Halifax.....	3,720
Ohio	W. A. Belt.....	J. H. Bromwell, Cincinnati.....	51,374
Oklahoma	S. P. Larsh.....	James S. Hunt, Stillwater.....	3,291
Oregon	W. F. Butcher.....	James F. Robinson, Eugene.....	5,959
Pennsylvania	Edgar A. Tennis....	William A. Sinn, Philadelphia.....	57,266
Prince Edward Isl'nd	William R. Ellis....	Neil Mackelvery, Summerside.....	574
Quebec	J. B. Tresidder.....	Will H. Whyte, Montreal.....	4,033
Rhode Island	Wm. Henry Scott...	S. Penrose Williams, Providence..	5,685
South Carolina	W. M. Whitehead...	Charles Ingelsby, Charleston.....	6,532
South Dakota	Frank A. Brown....	George A. Pettigrew, Flandrew....	5,125
Tennessee	E. P. McQueen.....	John B. Garrett, Nashville.....	17,770
Texas	W. M. Fly.....	John Watson, Houston.....	31,568
Utah	Walter Scott.....	Chris. J. Diehl, Salt Lake City....	982
Vermont	Chas. R Montague.	Henry H. Rose, Burlington.....	10,674
Virginia	Ed. N. Eubank.....	George W. Carrington, Richmond..	13,444
Washington	John Arthur.....	Thomas M. Reed, Olympia.....	6 205
West Virginia	Eli M. Turner.....	George W. Atkinson, Charleston...	7,421
Wisconsin	D. McL. Miller.....	William W. Perry, Milwaukee.....	18 795
Wyoming.....	C. N Potter.....	W. L. Kuykendall, Saratoga.....	1,308
Total			961,008

New-York Grand Lodge.—Officers: Grand master, Elbert Crandall, New-York; deputy grand master, Frank H. Robinson, Hornellsville; senior grand warden, S. Nelson Sawyer, Palmyra; junior grand warden, Charles Smith, Oneonta; grand treasurer, Theodore A. Taylor, Brooklyn; grand secretary, Edward M. L. Ehlers, New-York.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE.

(Northern Masonic Jurisdiction, U. S. A.)

Officers of the Supreme Council.—Sovereign grand commander, M. W. Bayliss, Washington, D. C.; lieutenant grand commander, C. W. Edwards, Albany; minister of state, George Gibson, Washington; treasurer general, Holden O. Hill, Providence, R. I.; secretary general, M. W. Morton, Providence; master of ceremonies, Samuel G. Eberly, Washington; keeper of archives, James H. Curtin, New-

York; grand marshal, John A. Glidden, Dover, N. H.; standard bearer, William F. Butler, Dorchester, Mass.; captain of the guard, Peter O. Anderson, Brooklyn. The supreme council is composed of 46 active and about 750 honorary 33d sovereign grand inspectors general. The total membership in 82 Lodges of Perfection is 37,278; in 63 Councils of Princes of Jerusalem, 34,396; in 59 Chapters of Rose Croix, 33,807, and in 35 insistories, 33,025. The permanent fund consists of bonds of the par value of $280,000. The Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction exchanges representatives with every legitimate supreme council in the world and has a deputy in nearly every State of the Union. The deputy for New-York is William Homan, Active 33d, No. 450 Water-st., New-York City.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Grand Encampment Officers.—Grand master, Henry Bates Stoddard, Bryan, Tex.; deputy grand master, George M. Moulton, Chicago, Ill.; grand generalissimo, Henry W. Rugg, Providence, R. I.; grand captain general, William B. Melish, Cincinnati, Ohio; grand senior warden, Joseph A. Locke, Portland, Me.; grand junior warden, Frank H. Thomas, Washington, D. C.; grand prelate, Daniel C. Roberts, Concord, N. H.; grand treasurer, H. Wales Lines, Meriden, Conn.; grand recorder, John A. Gerow, Detroit, Mich.; grand standard bearer, Arthur MacArthur, Troy, N. Y.; grand sword bearer, Charles C. Vogt, Louisville, Ky.; grand warder, Robert Strong, New-Orleans, La.; grand captain of the guard, Charles E. Rosenbaum, Little Rock, Ark. Next conclave, San Francisco, Cal., September 6, 1904.

Officers of the Grand Commandery, State of New-York.—At the annual conclave of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of the State of New-York, held at Buffalo, September 1 and 2, 1903, the following officers were elected and installed: Grand commander, Charles D. Bingham, Watertown; deputy grand commander, John Little, No. 1196 Third-ave., New York; grand generalissimo, Erastus C. Knight, Buffalo; grand captain general, Adelbert P. Knapp, Saratoga Springs; grand senior warden, Herman R. Kretschmar, No. 26 West Seventieth-st., New-York; grand junior warden, Edwin B. Anderson, Palmyra; grand prelate, the Rev. Cornelius L. Twing, Brooklyn; grand treasurer, George A. Newell, Medina; grand recorder, Arthur MacArthur, Troy; grand standard bearer, Edwin C. Hall, Syracuse; gand sword bearer, J. Carlisle Loudon, New York; grand warden, Edward A. Stahlbrodt, Rochester; grand captain of the guard, Charles H. Kugel, Niagara Falls; committee on correspondence, Jesse B. Anthony, Masonic Home, Utica. The ninety-first annual conclave will be held at Niagara Falls, Tuesday, October 4, 1904.

SUPREME COUNCIL, 33D DEGREE.

Officers of the Sovereign Grand Consistory.—Most puissant sovereign grand commander, Max Scheur, No. 358 Broadway, New-York; puissant lieutenant grand commander, Newton W. Thompson, Albany, N. Y.; grand orator and minister of state, Benjamin C. Leveridge, New-York; grand sec.-general, Alfred C. Dupont, No. 310 West Twenty-third-st., New-York; grand treas.-general, John H. Russell, New-York; grand marshal-general, William J. Hirschfeld, New-York; grand master-general of ceremonies, Jacob W. Riglander, New-York; grand standard bearer, George C. Gill, Brooklyn; grand captain of the guard, Cyrus K. Porter, Buffalo. The official address of the Supreme Council is No. 320 Temple Court, Beekman-st., New-York.

Officers of the Grand Consistory, State of New-York.—Grand commander, Frank T. Watson, Clinton; grand lieutenant commander, Charles H. Treadwell, Oswego; grand orator, Chas. E. Hequambourg, Dunkirk; grand master of ceremonies, William P. Russell, Niagara Falls; grand captain of the guard, Grant Newcomb, Albany; grand secretary, Isaac W. Jacobson, No. 67 Pineapple-st., Brooklyn; grand treasurer, Henry S. Brightman, New-York; president of the council of administration, Andrew J. Provost, New-York; deputy for the metropolitan district, Judah Moses, No. 327 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

Officers of the General Grand Chapter of the United States, installed at Little Rock, Ark., October 8, 1903: High priest, Arthur G. Pollard, Lowell, Mass.; deputy high priest, Joseph E. Dyas, Paris, Ill.; king, William C. Swain, Milwaukee; scribe, Nathan Kingsley, Austin, Minn.; treasurer, John M. Carter, Baltimore; secretary, Christopher G. Fox, Buffalo; captain of the host, Bernard G. Wit, Henderson, Ky.; principal sojourner, George E. Corson, Washington, D. C.; royal arch captain, Frederick W. Craig, Des Moines, Iowa; master third veil, William F. Kuhn, Kansas City, Mo.; master second veil, Bestor G. Brown, Topeka, Kan.; master first veil, Charles N. Rix, Hot Springs, Ark. Next triennial meeting in 1906.

New-York Grand Chapter.—High priest, Rollin M. Morgan, New-York; deputy high priest, George A. Newell, Medina; king, Henry D. Hamilton, Brooklyn; scribe, Derrick Brown, Poughkeepsie; treasurer, Henry H Russ, Albany; secretary, Christopher G. Fox, Buffalo; chaplain, the Rev. Pierre Cushing, Leroy; captain of the host, Dana B. Pratt, New-York; principal sojourner, Willis W. Rice, Watertown; royal arch captain, Edwin P. Sears, Buffalo; grand master third veil, Charles C. Hunt, New-York; grand master second veil, Thomas W. Franklin, Brooklyn; grand master first veil, Charles F. Shelland, Oneonta; grand lecturer, George McGown, Palmyra. Next annual convocation, February 2, 1904, at Albany.

AMERICAN LEARNED SOCIETIES.

Academy of Natural Sciences, of Philadelphia.—Founded in 1812 and devoted to the cultivation of the natural sciences. President, Samuel G. Dixon; vice-presidents, Arthur Erwin Brown, Edwin G. Conklin; recording secretary, Edward J. Nolan; corresponding secretary, J. Percy Moore; treasurer, George Vaux, jr. Has a library of 52,000 volumes and valuable scientific collections.

Actuarial Society of America.—President, Israel C. Pierson, New-York; secretary, John Tatlock, No. 32 Nassau-st., New-York. Annual meeting in May. Annual dues, $5 for associates; $10 for members. Membership, 152. Organized in 1889 for the promotion of actuarial science.

American Academy of Arts and Sciences.—President, William W. Goodwin, Cambridge, Mass.; vice-presidents, John Trowbridge, Henry P. Walcott, John C. Gray; corresponding secretary, William M. Davis, Camp Hee, Mass.; treasurer, Francis Blake, Weston, Mass. Resident fellows, 198; associate fellows, 98; foreign honorary members, 72. Only residents of Massachusetts are eligible to election as resident fellows.

American Academy of Medicine.—President, John B. Roberts, Philadelphia; vice-presidents, T. D. Davis, Pittsburg, Penn.; J. H. McBride, Pasadena, Cal.; J. T. Searcy, Tuscaloosa, Ala.; S. A. Knopf, New-York City; secretary, Charles McIntire, Easton, Penn.; treasurer, Edgar M. Green, Easton, Penn. Twenty-ninth annual meeting at Atlantic City, N. J., June 4-6, 1904. Chairman committee of arrangements, W. M. Powell, No. 31 South Indiana-ave., Chicago; chairman committee on programme, D. C. Hawley, Burlington, Vt. Admission fee, $5. Annual dues, $1. Membership, 800. Organized in 1876 to encourage the proper educational preparation of physicians.

American Academy of Political and and Social Science.—President, L. S. Rowe, University of Pennsylvania; vice-presidents, Samuel McCune Lindsay, University of Pennsylvania; Franklin H. Giddings, Columbia University, and Woodrow Wilson, Princeton University; secretary, James T. Young, University of Pennsylvania; treasurer, Stuart Wood, No. 400 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia; counsel, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, North American Building, Philadelphia; librarian, John L. Stewart, Lehigh University. Annual dues, $5. Life membership, $100. Organized in 1889 to promote scientific study and investigation of the social sciences.

American Antiquarian Society.—President, Stephen Salisbury, Worcester, Mass.; vice-presidents, George Frisbie Hoar, Worcester, Mass., and Edward Everett Hale, Roxbury, Mass.; secretary, for foreign correspondence, Franklin Bowditch Dexter, New-Haven, Conn.; secretary for domestic correspondence, Charles Francis Adams, Lincoln, Mass.; recording secretary, Charles Augustus Chase, Worcester; treasurer, Nathaniel Paine, Worcester; librarian, Edmund Mills Barton. Admission fee, $5. Annual dues, $5 from New-England members. Resident membership, 140. Organized in 1812 for the purpose of collecting and preserving the antiquities of our country, and to contribute to the advancement of the arts and sciences not only in the United States, but in other parts of the globe.

American Asiatic Association.—President, Silas D. Webb; vice-presidents, Lowell Lincoln, New-York; John H. Converse, Philadelphia; Everett N. Bee, San Francisco; S. G. Hopkins, Washington; John B. Cleveland, Spartanburg, S. C.; E. A. Carolan, Schenectady, N. Y., and E. C. Potter, Chicago; treasurer, James S. Fearon, New-York, and secretary, John Foord, P. O. Box No. 1,500, New-York. Membership, 275. Annual dues, $10. Organized in 1898.

American Association for the Advancement of Science.—President, Carroll D. Wright, Washington, D. C.; permanent secretary, L. O. Howard, Cosmos Club, Washington, D. C.; general secretary, Wardell Stiles, Public Health and Marine Hospital service, Washington, D. C.; secretary of the council, Charles S. Howe, Case School, Cleveland, Ohio; treasurer, R. S. Woodward, Columbia University, New-York. Admission fee, $5; annual dues, $3; life membership, $50. Membership, 4,000. Organized in 1847.

American Bar Association.—President, James Hagerman, St. Louis; secretary, John Hinkley, No. 215 North Charles-st., Baltimore; treasurer, Frederick E. Wadhams, 34 Tweddle Building, Albany, N. Y. The membership numbers about 1,800. This association of lawyers was organized in 1878. The next meeting will be held in St. Louis, September 26, 27 and 28, 1904.

American Chemical Society.—President, John H. Long, No. 2,421 Dearborn-st., Chicago; secretary, William A. Noyes, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. Annual dues, $5. Membership, 2,500. Organized in 1876 for the advancement of chemistry and the promotion of chemical research.

American Dialect Society.—President, Professor George Hempl, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich., and secretary-treasurer, Professor O. F. Emerson, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio. Annual dues, $1. Membership, 300. Organized in 1888 for the study of the pronounciation and usage of American English when differing from generally accepted usage. Publishes "Dialect Notes" each year. Vol I. and parts I-V of Vol. II. already published.

American Economic Association.—President, E. R. A. Seligman, Columbia University, New-York, N. Y., and secretary-treasurer, Frank A. Fetter, Ithaca, N. Y. Annual dues, $3. Membership, 1,000. Organized in 1885 for the encouragement of economic research, the publication of economic monographs and the encouragement of perfect freedom of economic discussion.

American Electro-Therapeutic Association.—President, Alfonso David Rockwell, New-York, N. Y.; secretary, Clarence Edward Skinner, New-Haven, Conn.,

and treasurer, Richard J. Nunn, Savannah, Ga. Annual dues, $5. Membership, 200. Organized in 1892 for the purpose of determining the limitations and possibilities of the electric current in medicine and surgery.

American Entomological Society.—President, Philip P. Calvert; vice-president, H. W. Wensel; secretary, Henry Skinner, Philadelphia. Membership, 125. Organized in 1859 for the study of insects.

American Forestry Association.—President, James Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.; vice-president, Dr. B. E. Fernow, Ithaca, N. Y.; corresponding secretary, Edward A. Bowers, New-Haven, Conn.; treasurer, Otto J. J. Luebkert, Washington, D. C., and recording secretary, George P. Whittlesey, Washington, D. C. Annual dues, $2; sustaining membership, $25 a year, and life membership, $100. Membership, 2,400. Organized in 1882; incorporated January 25, 1897, to encourage protection and teach proper use of forests.

American Genealogical Society.—President, M. E. Poole, Ithaca, N. Y.; secretary-treasurer, L. Nelson Nichols, No. 197 Montague-st., Brooklyn. A society of skilled genealogical compilers. Previous service in compiling family records required for membership.

American Geographical Society, No. 15 West Eighty-first-st., New-York City.—President, Commander R. E. Peary, C. E., U. S. N.; vice-presidents, C. C. Tiffany, W. H. H. Moore and D. O. Mills; foreign corresponding secretary, Professor William Libbey, domestic corresponding secretary, Chandler Robbins; recording secretary, Anton A. Raven; treasurer, W. R. T. Jones. Annual dues, $10. Membership, 1,360. Organized in 1852 to encourage geographical exploration and to aid in spreading geographical knowledge.

American Historical Association.—President, Henry Charles Lea; secretary, A. Howard Clark, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.; corresponding secretary, Charles H. Haskins; treasurer, Clarence W. Bowen; secretary of the church history section, Samuel Macauley Jackson. Admission fee, $3; annual dues, $3. Membership, 2,000. Organized in 1884 for the promotion of historical studies. Incorporated by Congress in 1889.

American Institute of Architects.—President, W. S. Eames, St. Louis; first vice-president, Frank Miles Day, Philadelphia; second vice-president, W. A. Boring, New-York; secretary and treasurer, Glenn Brown, Washington, D. C.; auditors, J. C. Hornblower, J. G. Hill, Washington; directors, R. D. Andrews, Boston; Charles F. McKim and George B. Post, New-York.

American Institute of Electrical Engineers.—President, Bion J. Arnold, Chicago; treasurer, George A. Hamilton, No. 463 West-st., New-York; secretary, Ralph W. Pope, No. 95 Liberty-st. New-York. Admission fee, $5. Annual dues, $10 for associates, and $15 for members. Membership, 2,875. Organized in 1884 for the advancement of electrical engineering.

American Institute of Homœopathy.—President, J. P. Sutherland, Boston; first vice-president, H. E. Beebe, Sidney, Ohio; second vice-president, Annie W. Spencer, Batavia, Ills.; general secretary, Ch. Gatchell, No. 100 State-st., Chicago; registrar, J. Richey Horner, Cleveland, Ohio; treasurer, T. Franklin Smith, No. 269 Lenox-ave., New-York; necrologist, C. A. Weirick, Chicago. Admission fee, $2; annual dues $5. Membership, 2,300. Organized April 10, 1844. Next meeting, June, 1904, at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

American Institute of Mining Engineers.—President, Albert R. Ledoux, No. 99 John-st., New-York; secretary, R. W. Raymond, No. 99 John-st., New-York; treasurer, Frank Lyman, No. 88 Wall-st., New-York. Annual dues, $10. Membership, 3,500. Organized in 1871.

American League for Civic Improvement.—President, J. Horace McFarland, Harrisburg, Penn.; first vice-president, Edmund J. James, Evanston, Ills.; second vice-president, Mrs. Louis Marion McCall, St. Louis; third vice-president, William J. Palmer, Colorado Springs, Col.; corresponding secretary, Charles Zueblin, University of Chicago; treasurer, Morton D. Hull, No. 1303 Chamber of Commerce Building, Chicago. The league is a federation of organizations and individuals aiming to promote the higher life of American communities.

American Mathematical Society.—President, Thomas S. Fiske, Columbia University, New-York; secretary, F. N. Cole, Columbia University. Admission fee, $5; annual dues, $5. Membership, 400. Organized in 1888 as the New-York Mathematical Society; reorganized in 1894 as the American Mathematical Society to encourage and maintain an active interest in mathematical science.

American Medical Association.—President, Frank Billings, Chicago; president-elect, John H. Musser, Philadelphia; secretary, George H. Simmons, Chicago; treasurer, Henry P. Newman, Chicago. Admission fee, $5; annual dues, $5. Membership, 14,000. Publishes "Journal of the American Medical Association." Organized in 1847 for the purpose of fostering the growth and diffusion of medical knowledge.

American Microscopical Society.—President, Dr. T. J. Burrill, University of Illinois, Champaign, Ills.; first vice-president, Professor H. A. Weber, Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio; second vice-president, F. W. Kühne, Fort Wayne, Ind.; secretary, Henry B. Ward, University of Nebraska, Lincoln; treasurer, J. C. Smith, New-Orleans; custodian, Magnus Pflaum, Pittsburg. Admission fee, $3. Annual dues, $2. Life membership, $50. The society was organized for the purpose of encouraging microscopical research. It has invested funds to the extent of $2,000, known as the Spencer-Tolles Fund, the income of which is granted to members to aid in the prosecution of research.

American Numismatic and Archæological Society, No. 1,271 Broadway, New-York.—President, Andrew C. Zabriskie; vice-presidents, Richard H. Lawrence and Woodbury G. Langdon; recording secretary, J. Kensett Olyphant; corresponding secretary, J. Sanford Saltus; treasurer, Charles Pryer; librarian, Herbert Valentine; curator, Edward Groh. Admission fee, $10; annual dues, $10.

Membership, about 300. Organized in 1858; incorporated in 1863.

American Oriental Society.—President, Daniel C. Gilman, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore; corresponding secretary, E. Washburn Hopkins, Yale University, New Haven, Conn. Annual dues, $5. Membership, 344. Organized in 1842 to promote Oriental scholarship. Publishes an annual journal in two parts.

American Ornithologists' Union.—President, Dr. C. Hart Merriam, Washington, D. C., and secretary, John H. Sage, Portland, Conn. Admission fee, $10, $5 and $3, according to class of membership; annual dues, $5, $4 and $3. Membership, 783. Organized in 1883 for the advancement of its members in ornithological science.

American Philological Association.—President, George Hempl, University of Michigan; secretary-treasurer, Professor Herbert Weir Smyth, Harvard University. Admission fee, $5; annual dues, $3. Membership, 550. Organized in 1869 for the advancement and diffusion of philological knowledge.

American Philosophical Society, Hall, No. 104 South Fifth-st., Philadelphia.—President, Edgar F. Smith; vice-presidents, George F. Barker, Samuel P. Langley and William B. Scott; secretaries, I. Minis Hays, Edwin G. Conklin, Arthur W. Goodspeed and Morris Jastrow, jr.; treasurer, H. La Barre Jayne. Founded in 1743.

American Physical Society.—President, Arthur G. Webster, Clark University, Worcester, Mass.; vice-president, Elihu Thomson, Lynn, Mass.; secretary, Ernest Merritt, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.; treasurer, William Hallock, Columbia University, N. Y.

American Psychological Association.—President, W. L. Bryan, Indiana University; secretary, Professor Livingston Farrand, Columbia University. Annual dues, $3. Membership, 135. Organized in 1892 to advance the interests of psychology as a science.

American Public Health Association.—President, Carlos J. Finley, Havana; first vice-president, J. R. Moujaras, City of Mexico; second vice-president, William C. Woodward, Washington, D. C.; secretary, Charles O. Probst, Columbus, Ohio; treasurer, Frank W. Wright, New-Haven, Conn.; executive committee, A. H. Doty, New-York; John R. Leal, Paterson, N. J.; F. C. Robinson, Brunswick, Me. Admission fee, $5; annual dues, $5. Organized in 1872 to advance public hygiene. Annual meeting of 1904 at Havana, Cuba.

American Society of Civil Engineers.—President, Alfred Noble, New-York; secretary, Charles Warren Hunt, No. 220 West Fifty-seventh-st., New-York. Admission fee—Membership, $30; associate members, $25; associate, $20; junior, $10. Annual dues—Resident members, $25; non-resident members, $15; resident associate members, $25; non-resident associate members, $15; resident associates, $15; non-resident associates, $10; resident juniors, $15; non-resident juniors, $10. Membership, 2,900. Organized in 1852 for the advancement of engineering knowledge and the maintenance of a high professional standard. Meetings, first and third Wednesdays of each month (except July and August).

American Society of Naturalists.—President, William Trelease, St. Louis; secretary, R. G. Harrison, John Hopkins Medical School, Baltimore; treasurer, Bashford Dean, New-York. Annual dues, $1. Membership, 332. Organized in 1883 for the exchange of ideas regarding problems of natural history.

American Statistical Association.—President, Carroll D. Wright; vice-presidents, Horace G. Wadlin, Henry C. Adams, Henry Gannett, S. N. D. North and Walter F. Willcox; treasurer, S. B. Fearmain, No. 53 State-st., Boston; secretary, Davis R. Dewey, No. 491 Boylston-st., Boston; assistant secretary, John Hyde, No. 1,458 Euclid Place, Washington, D. C. Annual dues, $2. Membership, 404. Organized in 1839.

Archæological Institute of America.—President, Professor Thomas D. Seymour, Yale University; secretary, Professor F. W. Kelsey, University of Michigan; treasurer, James H. Hyde, New-York; recorder, Professor William N. Bates, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. Annual dues, $10. Membership, 1,050. Organized in 1879 to promote and direct archæological investigation and research.

Association of Economic Entomologists.—President, Mark V. Slingerland, Ithaca, N. Y.; secretary-treasurer, A. F. Burgess, Columbus, Ohio. Membership, 165. Organized in 1889 to consider work and results pertaining to economic entomology.

Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks.—President, Henry E. Howland, New-York; vice-presidents, Warren Higley, William Barbour, James MacNaughton, William G. Rockefeller and William C. Whitney, New-York; treasurer, Edwin S. Marston, New-York; secretary, Henry S. Harper, New-York; assistant secretary and manager, Edward Hagaman Hall, Tribune Building, New-York. The association was organized in January, 1902, and incorporated June 20, 1902. Its objects are to preserve the Adirondack forests, waters, game and fish, and to maintain healthful conditions in the Adirondack region.

Astronomical and Astrophysical Society of America.—President, Simon Newcomb, Washington; secretary, G. C. Comstock, Madison, Wis. Membership, 175. Organized in 1898.

Geological Society of America.—President, S. F. Emmons, U. S. Geological Survey; vice-presidents, Arnold Hague, Washington, D. C., H. S. Williams, New-Haven, Conn.; secretary, H. L. Fairchild, University of Rochester; treasurer, I. C. White, Morgantown, W. Va.; editor, J. Stanley-Brown, Washington, D. C., and librarian, H. P. Cushing, Western Reserve University. Admission fee, $10; annual dues, $10. Membership, 260. Organized in 1888 for the promotion of geological science.

Modern Language Association of America.—President, Professor George Hempl, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.; secretary, Professor C. H. Grandgent, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.; treasurer, Professor H. C.

von Jugermann, Harvard University. Membership, 710. Annual dues, $3. Publications quarterly.

National Academy of Sciences.—President, Alexander Agassiz, Cambridge, Mass.; vice-president, Ira Remsen, Baltimore; home secretary, Arnold Hague, United States Geological Survey, Washington; foreign secretary, Simon Newcomb, Washington; treasurer, S. F. Emmons, Washington. Membership, 100. Organized in 1863. Two meetings a year, April and November.

National Educational Association.—President, John W. Cook, DeKalb, Ill.; vice-president, Charles W. Eliot, Cambridge, Mass.; treasurer, McHenry Rhoads, Owensboro, Ky.; permanent secretary, Irwin Shepard, Winona, Minn. The general offices of the association are at Winona, Minn. Membership, 4,300 active, limited to teachers and those actively identified with educational work; associate, 30,000. Annual dues, $2.00. The association has an invested fund of $110,000, which is increased by annual additions of $10,000 or more. Organized to elevate the character and advance the interests of the profession of teaching and to promote the cause of public education in the United States.

National Geographic Society, Hubbard Memorial Hall, Washington, D. C.— President, Alexander Graham Bell; vice-president, W. J. McGee; treasurer, John Joy Edson; secretary, David T. Day. Annual dues, $2. Membership, 2,600. Organized in 1888 for the increase and diffusion of geographic knowledge.

Naval Architects and Marine Engineers.—President, Francis T. Bowles, Quincy, Mass.; vice-presidents, Rear Admiral W. L. Capps, Rear Admiral Charles W. Rae, Charles H. Cramp, Naval Constructor Frank L. Fernald, Rear Admiral Philip Hichborn, Commodore Charles H. Loring, Frank E. Kirby, Rear Admiral George W. Melville, George W. Quintard, Edwin A. Stevens, Stevenson Taylor and Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans; members and associate members of council, W. Irving Babcock, Captain W. H. Brownson, James E. Denton, George W. Dickie, William F. Durand, W. D. Forbes, C. R. Hanscom, Nat G. Herreshoff, Ira N. Hollis, William H. Jaques, Commander John C. Kafer, Frank B. King, Naval Constructor J. H. Linnard, Walter M. McFarland, Jacob W. Miller, Lieutenant Commander Albert P. Niblack, Lewis Nixon, Cecil H. Peabody, Walter A. Post, Harrington Putnam, Horace See, H. Platt Stratton, Naval Constructo David W. Taylor and George E. Weed. Members, 749. Organized May 10, 1893, to promote practical and scientific knowledge in the art of shipbuilding and marine engineering, etc.

New-York Zoological Society.—President, Levi P. Morton; secretary, Madison Grant, No. 11 Wall-st.; treasurer, Percy R. Pyne, 52 Wall-st., New-York; director, William T. Hornaday, Zoological Park, 183d-st. and Southern Boulevard, New-York; Charles H. Townsend, director of the Aquarium, Battery Park. Annual dues, $10. Membership, 1,400. Organized in 1895.

Scientific Alliance of New-York.—President of the council, C. F. Cox; treasurer, E. G. Love; secretary, N. L. Britton, New-York Botanical Garden, New-York City. Membership, 1,100. Organized in 1891 to promote the interests of the allied scientific societies which compose it.

Society of American Authors.—President, Rastus S. Ransom; treasurer, Morris P. Ferris; secretary, G. Grosvenor Dawe. Office of society, No. 128 Broadway, New-York City. Admission fee, $2; annual dues, $5; non-resident, $3. Membership, 500. Organized in 1892. Incorporated in 1895 for the mutual benefit of authors.

Society for the Promotion of Agricultural Science.—President, William Frear, State College, Penn.; secretary-treasurer, F. M. Webster, Urbana, Ill. Admission fee, $2; annual dues, $2. Membership, 80. Organized in 1880 to promote the sciences applied in agriculture.

Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education.—President, Professor C. Frank Allen, Massachusetts School of Technology; vice-presidents, Professor Charles L. Crandall, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.; Professor James C. Nagle, Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas; secretary, Professor Clarence A. Waldo, Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind.; treasurer, Professor Arthur N. Talbot, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill. Membership, $25.

LEADING FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

American Benefit Society.—Founded January 17, 1893; membership, 4,500; lodges, 125; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $42,336; head office, No. 2 Park Square, Boston. Officers—President, William H. Carberry, Roxbury, Mass.; vice-president, William N. Davenport, Marlboro, Mass.; second vice-president, James H. Moran, Lawrence, Mass.; supreme secretary, Norman P. Cormack, Boston; supreme treasurer, John D. H Gauss, Salem, Mass.; supreme chaplain, Sarah T. Hamlen, New-Bedford, Mass.; supreme marshal, Edwin Stead, Lynn, Mass.; supreme warden, James A. Leeman, Orono, Me.; supreme sentry, Edward F. Hurley, Roxbury, Mass.; medical director, Dr. M. Morey Pearson, Boston.

American Guild.—Founded in 1890; membership, 15,000; lodges, 750; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $197,999; head office, No. 9 North Tenth-st., Richmond, Va. Officers—Supreme governor, Charles T. O'Ferrall; supreme vice-governor and counsel, Beverly T. Crump; supreme secretary, S. Galeski; supreme treasurer, J. B. Montgomery; supreme auditor, C. W. Kimpton; supreme medical examiner, Joseph A. White, M. D., and supreme chaplain, the Rev. Dr. W. R. L. Smith.

American Insurance Union.—Founded in 1894; membership, 7,782; lodges, 150; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $64,166.71; head office, Outlook Building, Columbus, Ohio. Officers—President, John J. Lentz; secretary, John A. Lotz, and treasurer, Albert Bernet.

American Legion of Honor.—Founded December 18, 1878; membership, 5,323; lodges, 239; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $520,852.51; head office, No. 200 Huntington-ave., Boston, Mass. Officers, supreme commander, P. F. McGowan; supreme secretary, Adam Warnock; supreme treas., G. W. Kendrick, jr.

American Order of Protection.—Founded July, 1899; membership, 9,706; lodges, 77; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $12,565; head office, Lincoln, Neb. Officers—Commander, W. A. Poynter; treasurer, J. A. Patton; secretary, George W. Hall.

Ancient Order of Gleaners.—Founded October, 1894; membership, 37,600; lodges, 700; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $240,000; head office, Caro, Mich. Officers—Supreme C. G., John Livingston; supreme secretary, G. H. Slocum; supreme treas., J. M. Ealy.

Ancient Order of the Pyramids.—Founded May, 1895; membership, 12,500; lodges, 349; reserve fund, $60,000. Main office, No. 770 Gibraltar Building, Kansas City, Mo. Officers—E. B. Pfost, president; H. S. Landis, secretary.

Ancient Order of United Workmen.—Founded October 27, 1868; membership, 451,000; lodges, 5,625; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $9,860,412.18; head office, Meadville, Penn. Officers—Supreme master workman, William H. Miller, St. Louis; supreme recorder, M. W. Sackett, Meadville, Penn.

Ben-Hur, Supreme Tribe.—Founded 1894; membership, 70,300; courts, 974; benefits disbursed from January 1 to October 1, 1903, $414,320; head office, Crawfordsville, Ind. Officers—Supreme chief, D. W. Gerard; supreme scribe, F. L. Snyder; supreme keeper of tribute, S. E. Voris, and supreme medical examiner, Dr. J. F. Davidson.

Brotherhood of American Yeomen.—Founded February 25, 1897; membership October 1, 1903, 37,684; lodges October 1, 1903, 984; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $269,452.23; head office, Des Moines, Iowa. Officers—President, J. E. Paul; sec., W. E. Davy.

Catholic Mutual Benefit Association.—Founded July, 1876; membership, 62,000; reserve fund, $1,100,000; supreme council, 7 State grand councils, and 780 branches; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $1,125,657.14; head office, Hornellsville, N. Y. Officers—Supreme president, John J. Hynes, Buffalo; supreme recorder, Joseph Cameron, Hornellsville, N. Y.; supreme treasurer, James M. Welsh, Hornellsville.

Catholic Order of Foresters.—Founded May 24, 1883; membership December 31, 1902, 104,562; lodges, 1,373; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $751,-183.34; head office, No. 1,231 Stock Exchange Building, Chicago. Officers—High chief ranger, Thomas H. Cannon; vice-high chief ranger, J. B. Gendreau; high secretary, Thomas F. McDonald; high treasurer, John A. Limback, and high medical examiner, Dr. J. P. Smyth.

Chevaliers.—Founded February 6, 1901; membership, 1,200; lodges, 43; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $5,400; head office, Nos. 520 and 522 Hamilton Building, Akron, Ohio. Officers—Supreme past president, L. C. Laylin, Columbus, Ohio; supreme president, Charles Dick, Akron, Ohio; supreme counsellor, Dayton A. Doyle, Akron; supreme secretary, H. V. Egbert, Akron; supreme treasurer, F. H. Lyder, Akron; supreme medical director, Dr. James P. Boyd, Akron; supreme chaplain, O. E. Olin, Akron.

Court of Honor.—Founded July 16, 1895; membership January 1, 1903, 62,-152; lodges, 1,116; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $477,640; head office, Springfield, Ill. Officers—Supreme chancellor, A. L. Hereford; supreme vice-chancellor, J. T. Smith; supreme recorder, W. E. Robinson, and supreme treasurer, B. F. Workman.

Fraternal Aid Association.—Founded October 14, 1890; membership, 34,000; lodges, 625; benefits disbursed since organization, $1,644,332.38; head office, Lawrence, Kan. Officers—General president, H. E. Don Carlos; general secretary, T. G. Edmonds; general treasurer, Charles C. Carwin, and general medical examiner, W. R. Priest.

Fraternities, Ancient Order, The.—Founded October 23, 1894; membership, 8,500; councils, 167; benefits disbursed to date, over $100,000; head office, Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia. Officers—Grand councillor, D. E. Stevens; grand sec., E. S. Cook; grand treas., Milton Birch; past grand councillor, H. C. Stewart.

Fraternal Choppers of America.—Founded August 2, 1900; membership, 8,000; lodges, 130; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $12,575; head office, Des Moines, Iowa. Officers—Head consul, H. A. Miller; head clerk, C. D. Tillson; head banker, E. N. Wood.

Fraternal Mystic Circle.—Founded December 10, 1884; membership, 13,501; lodges, 423; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $261,843.31; head office, Land Title Building, Philadelphia. Officers—Supreme mystic ruler, F. H. Duckwitz, Philadelphia; supreme vice-ruler, Hon. H. W. Johnson, Ottawa, Ill.; supreme recorder, J. D. Myers, Philadelphia; supreme treasurer, A. H. Swartz, Philadelphia, and supreme medical director, Dr. F. S. Wagenhals, Columbus, Ohio.

Fraternal Tribunes, The.—Founded June 23, 1897; membership, 8,500; lodges, 152; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $30,500; head office, Rock Island, Ill. Officers—Supreme tribune, K. M. Whitham; supreme secretary, Robert Rexdaler; supreme treasurer, Harold A. Weld.

Fraternal Union of America, Supreme Lodge of the.—Founded September 1, 1896; membership, 25,000; lodges, 550; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $190,000; head office, Fraternal Union Building, Denver, Col. Officers—Supreme president, F. F. Roose; supreme vice-president, J. L. Handley; supreme secretary, Samuel S. Baty; supreme treasurer, Willis M. Marshall; supreme physician, S. T. McDermith.

German Beneficial Union.—Founded April 14, 1892; net membership, January 1, 1903, 9,563; lodges, 228; benefits disbursed in the year ending January 1, 1903, $55,479; office, Nos. 422 and 424 Sixth-ave., Pittsburg. Officers—Supreme president, Louis Volz; supreme vice-president, Gust. A. Menzenmaier; supreme secretary, Louis Thumm; supreme treasurer, Gust. A. Ende; supreme manager, A. T. Wedemeyer.

Home Circle, Supreme Council of the.—Founded October 2, 1879; membership, about 6,000; lodges, 223; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $115,000; head office, No. 120 Tremont-st., Boston. Officers—Supreme leader, Charles P. Battelle; supreme secretary, J. M. Swain; supreme treasurer, Geo. I. Vincent; supreme medical examiner, Dr. R. B. Dixon.

Ideal Reserve Association.—Founded in 1899; membership, 1,500; lodges, 42; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $2,500; head office, No. 1,401-4 Majestic Building, Detroit, Mich. Officers—President, A. O. Wheeler; general manager, E. W. Donovan.

Improved Order Heptasophs.—Founded August 28, 1878; membership, 57,255; lodges, 742; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $1,060,401.86; head office, Baltimore, Md. Officers—Supreme archon, Morris G. Cohen, Pittsburg; supreme provost, Thomas B. Hicks, No. 212 North Second-st., Richmond, Va.; supreme secretary, Samuel H. Tattersall, Baltimore; supreme treasurer, Charles H. Ramsay, Boston; supreme medical director, Dr. Charles H. Bubert, Baltimore; supreme organizer, John W. Cruett, Baltimore; supreme prelate, Charles A. Greer, Altoona, Penn.; supreme inspector, Ezekiel Cooper, Dover, Del.; supreme warder, Joseph Nobilt, Wenonah, N. J.; supreme sentinel, Walter V. Handrick, Scranton, Penn.

Independent Order of Foresters.—Founded June 17, 1874; incorporated July, 1881; membership, 220,000; courts, 4,597; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $1,748,351; head office, Toronto, Canada. Officers—S. C. R. and general manager, Dr. Oronhyatekha; supreme secretary, John A. MacGillivray; supreme treasurer, Harry A. Collins; supreme physician, Thomas Millman; Frank E. Hand, D. S. C. R., No. 100 Pineapple-st., Brooklyn, Eastern representative.

Iowa Legion of Honor.—Founded March 19, 1879; membership, 4,375; lodges, 170; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $126,607.30; head office, Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Officers—Grand president, E. H. Burlingham, Oelwein, Iowa; grand secretary, J. H. Helm, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Knights and Ladies of Columbia.—Founded in April, 1896; membership, 6,000; lodges, 149; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $21,300; head office, South Bend, Ind. Officers—Supreme counsellor, Ormond Kennedy; supreme scribe, John Roth; supreme cashier, Elmer Crockett.

Knights and Ladies of Honor, Supreme Lodge.—Founded September 6, 1877; membership, 71,000; lodges, 1,200; benefits disbursed in the year ending June 30, 1903, $1,950,000; head office, Indianapolis, Ind. Officers—Supreme protector, L. B. Lockard, Toledo, Ohio; supreme vice-protector, W. S. McCullough, Brinckley, Ark.; supreme secretary, George D. Tait, Indianapolis, Ind.; supreme treasurer, George A. Byrd, Indianapolis, Ind.; supreme medical examiner, Dr. L. D. Witherill, Union, N. Y.; past supreme protector, R. G. Lamberton, Franklin, Penn.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.—Founded 1877; membership, 70,000; castles, 807; relief disbursed last fiscal year, $226,771.63; head office, Nos. 814-816 North Broad-st., Philadelphia. Officers—Supreme chief, William H. Ruf, Manasquan, N. J.; vice-supreme chief, James Livingstone, Baltimore; high priest, William B. Small, Maine; keeper of exchequer, William Culbertson, Pennsylvania; master of records, A. C. Lytle, Philadelphia; sir herald, F. A. Williams, Ohio; first guardsman, S. D. Harger, Michigan; second guardsman, Eli Manchester, Connecticut.

Knights of Honor, Supreme Lodge.—Founded June 30, 1873; membership, 55,773; lodges, 1,962; benefits disbursed in fiscal year ending January 1, 1903, $3,227,088.94; head office, St. Louis. Officers—Supreme dictator, J. C. Sheppard, Edgefield, S. C.; supreme vice-dictator, Clarke H. Johnson, Providence, R. I.; supreme assistant distator, L. E. Bentley, Donaldsonville, La.; supreme treasurer, Frank B. Sliger, St. Louis; supreme medical examiner, H. C. Dalton, St. Louis; supreme reporter, Noah M. Givan, St. Louis.

Knights of the Loyal Guard.—Founded February 21, 1895; membership, 6,339; lodges, 210; benefits disbursed in the fiscal year ending December 31, 1902, $39,400; head office, Flint, Mich. Officers—President, Edwin O. Wood; secretary, F. H. Rankin; treasurer, B. F. Cotharin.

Knights of Pythias, Supreme Lodge, Endowment Rank.—Founded in 1877; membership, 63,000; sections, 3,800; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, ending September 30, 1903, $1,427,233.25; head office, Manhattan Building, Chicago. Officers—President, Charles F. S. Neal; secretary, Samuel M. Smith; medical examiner, George G. McConnell; general counsel, Carlos S. Hardy.

Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association.—Founded April 9, 1890; membership, 87,460; lodges, 866; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $465,500; head office, No. 1,115 Walnut-st., Erie, Penn. Officers—Supreme spiritual adviser, the Right Rev. Dr. B. J. McQuaid, Bishop of Rochester, N. Y.; supreme senators, Mrs. F. M. Mayer, Ellerslie, Md.; and Mrs. Kate Woods, Union City, Penn.; supreme president, Mrs. E. B. McGowan; supreme first vice-president, Mrs. Mary A. Flanagan; supreme second vice-president, Mrs. Maria Quinn; supreme recorder, Mrs. J. A. Royer; supreme treasurer, Mrs. Felice M. Girardot; supreme marshal, Mrs. Theresa Lutz; supreme guard, Miss Mary O'Neil; supreme medical examiner, Dr. Jane W. Carroll.

Ladies of the Maccabees of the World, Supreme Hive.—Founded October 1, 1892; membership, 130,268;

odges, 2,497; benefits disbursed in the ast fiscal year, $457,873 33; head office, Maccabee Temple, Port Huron, Mich. Officers—Supreme commander, Mrs. Jillian M. Hollister; supreme record keeper, Miss Bina M. West; supreme nance keeper, Mrs. A. Louise Myers; upreme medical examiner, Dr. Susan Fisher Rose.

Legion of the Red Cross.—Founded eptember 19, 1885; membership, 9,500; ouncils (male), 42; conclaves (female), ; benefits disbursed in last fiscal year, 53,650; head office, No. 1,417 Hollis- t, Baltimore. Officers—Supreme com- nander, Charles F. Geissler, No. 2,500 arrish-st., Philadelphia; past supreme ommander, Henry C. Schafer, Balti- nore; supreme vice-commander, Samuel Beck, Wilmington, Del.; supreme re- order, John B. Treibler, jr., No. 1,417 Hollis-st., Baltimore; supreme treasurer, H. Livingston, postoffice box 520, Baltimore; supreme marshal, Edmund R. Daubmann, Camden, N. J.; su- reme prelate, L. Harry Johnson, Wil- mington, Del.; supreme warder, Charles Woodward, Baltimore; supreme sen- inel, Samuel Flood, Camden, N. J.; upreme reading clerk, Elmer E. Cox, Philadelphia; supreme medical exam- ner, Dr. G. E. Reading, Woodbury, N. J.

Loyal Association.—Founded Novem- er 29, 1889; membership, 7,000; coun- ils, 113; benefits disbursed in the last scal year, $126,600; head office, No. 76 Montgomery-st., Jersey City. Officers— Supreme councillor, G. T. Applegate; upreme recorder, Frank S. Petter.

Loyal Americans.—Founded Septem- er 7, 1900; membership, 23,210; lodges, 36; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal ear, $66,500; head office, Springfield, Il. Officers—Supreme president, Edwin . Smith; supreme secretary, Ira J. Bell.

Loyal Mystic Legion of America.— Founded February 24, 1892; member- hip, 7,000; lodges, 236; benefits dis- ursed in the last fiscal year, $42,000; ead office, Hastings, Neb. Officers— President, James T. Ogden; secretary, George O. Churchill.

Modern Samaritans, The.—Founded in une, 1897; membership, 5,500; councils, 0; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal ear, $29,000; head office, Nos. 703-04-05 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn. Offi- ers—Imperial Good Samaritan, George I. Crosby; imperial vice-Good Samari- an, John Christie; imperial scribe, C. J Lovett; imperial treasurer, O. F. Col- ier; imperial counsellor, A. E. Mc- Manus; imperial medical examiner, Dr. William H. Salter; imperial organizer, I. R. Young; imperial chief messenger, I. J. Achenbach.

Modern Woodmen of America.— Founded January 2, 1883; membership, 50,000; lodges, 1 grand and 11,385 sub- rdinate; benefits disbursed in last scal year, $6,840,500; head office, Rock sland, Ill. Officers—Head consul, A. S. Talbot, Lincoln, Neb.; head clerk, Charles W. Hawes, Rock Island, Ill.; ead banker, A. N. Bort, Beloit, Wis.; ead chaplain, the Rev. W. A. Gardner, Providence, R. I.; head adviser, Daniel S. Horne, Davenport, Iowa; head es- ort, C. D. Elliott, Seattle, Wash.; head entry, W. E. Beachley, Hagerstown, Md.; head watchman, George L. Bow- man, Kingfisher, Okla.

Mutual Protective League.—Founded April 15, 1897; membership, 16,037; lodges, 397; benefits disbursed during last fiscal year, $119,900; head office, Litch- field, Ill. Officers—Supreme president, E. E. Burson; supreme sec., J. R. Paisley.

Mystic Workers of the World.—Char- tered February 24, 1896, by State of Illi- nois; membership, 27,500; lodges, 625; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $211,000; head office, Fulton, Ill. Officers —Supreme master, Robert S. Cowan, Rockford, Ill.; supreme vice-master, George Lein, Fulton, Ill.; supreme secre- tary, Edmund Jackson, Fulton, Ill.; su- preme banker, Al. F. Schoch, Ottawa, Ill.; supreme medical examiner, G. W. Clendenen, Fulton, Ill.; general attorney, B. F. Lichtenberger, Savanna, Ill.; su- preme conductress, Mrs. Joanna E. Downes, Harvard, Ill.; supreme sentinel, Mrs. Lillias M. Kelley, Colo, Iowa, and supreme picket, C. L. Adams, Moberly, Mo.

National Protective Legion.—Founded October 16, 1890; membership, 62,000; lodges, 725; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $569,519 41; head office, Wa- verly, N. Y. Officers—National past presi- dent, E. D. Born, Allegan, Mich.; national president, E. E. Rogers, Buffalo, N. Y.; national vice-president, S. L. Stanton, Nile, N. Y.; national secretary, George A. Scott, Waverly, N. Y.; national treas- urer, H. C. Bruster, Waverly; national medical examiner, Dr. W. M. Hilton, Waverly.

National Provident Union.—Founded January, 1883; membership, 4,162; coun- cils, 49; disbursements, 1902, $102,000; to- tal disbursements to date, $2,071,526 89. Head office, Room 407 Arbuckle Building, Nos. 367-378 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Of- ficers — President, William Herries, Brooklyn; vice-president, Austin F. Knowles, Elizabeth, N. J.; secretary, F. E. Currier, Arbuckle Building, Brook- lyn; treas., Arthur C. Jacobson, Brooklyn.

National Union.—Founded May 14, 1881; membership, 66,561; lodges, 850; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $1,791,750; head office, National Union Building, Toledo, Ohio. Officers—Presi- dent, M. G. Jeffris; secretary, J. W. My- ers, and treasurer, C. O. Evarts.

New-England Order of Protection.— Founded November 12, 1887; membership, 33,361; lodges, 341; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $499,750; head office, No. 20 Pemberton Square, Boston. Offi- cers — Supreme warden, Jonathan W. Chapin, New-Haven, Conn.; supreme vice- warden, Harry Mauser, Auburn, Me.; su- preme secretary, D. M. Frye, Somerville, Mass., and supreme treasurer, John P. Sanborn, Newport, R. I.

New Era Association.—Founded Octo- ber 20, 1897; membership, 7,500; lodges, 205; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $62,000; head office, No. 29 Foun- tain-st., Grand Rapids, Mich. Officers— President, Cyrus E. Perkins; first vice- president, Charles B. Kelsey; general manager, Charles D. Sharrow, No. 29 Fountain-st., Grand Rapids, Mich.; sec- retary, Dr. A. M. Webster, No. 29 Foun- tain-st., Grand Rapids, Mich.; treasurer, Marsh H. Sorrick; medical director, Dr.

A. L. Ruffe, and attorney, Loyal E. Knappen.

Order of Knights of Columbus.—Founded February 2, 1882; membership: insurance, 37,000; associate, 60,000; lodges, 809; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $231,000; head office, Poli Building, New-Haven, Conn. Officers—Supreme knight, Edward L. Hearn; deputy supreme knight, P. J. McArdle; national secretary, Daniel Colwell; national treasurer, P. J. Brady, and national chaplain, the Rev. P. J. McGivney; national physician, Dr. William T. McMannis; national advocate, J. E. McConnell.

Order Mutual Protection, Supreme Lodge.—Founded in 1878; membership, 7,450; lodges. 100; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $78,879 13; head office, Chicago. Officers—President, D. G. Clemow, Peoria, Ill.; past president, W. F. Deubach, St. Louis; secretary, G. DelVecchio, Chicago; treasurer, G. F. Schmalstieg, Chicago, and chief examiner, Dr. W. K. Harrison, Chicago.

Order of Odd Fellows, Sovereign Grand Lodge.—Officers—Grand sire, John B. Goodwin, Atlanta, Ga.; deputy grand sire, Robert E. Wright; grand secretary, J. Frank Grant, No. 25 North Liberty-st., Baltimore, Md.; grand treasurer, M. Richards Muckle, Philadelphia. Next annual session, San Francisco, September, 1904. On December 31, 1902, there were 55 grand lodges and 52 grand encampments; 12,817 subordinate lodges, and 2,831 subordinate encampments and 6,027 Rebekah lodges. Total membership, 1,329,956; total revenue, $12,276,924 71; total relief given, $4,068,510 96; total amount invested, $34,386,495 74.

Order of Patricians.—Founded October 6, 1896; membership, October 1, 1903, 4,800; lodges, 103; benefits disbursed to date, $73,354 56; head office, Tonnelier Block, Benton Harbor, Mich. Officers—Supreme senator, William C. Hicks; supreme scribe, Frank H. Platt, and supreme quæstor, Richard Coward.

Order of the Star of Bethlehem.—Permanently established in America in 1869; Eminent Grand Commandery of North America reorganized and incorporated in 1884; subordinate lodges, 290; membership, 18,300. Officers—Eminent grand commander, Sir Henry C. Judson, M. D., Detroit; eminent grand vice-commander, Sir R. H. Blaisdell, M. D., P. E. G. C., Sheridan, Mich.; eminent grand scribe, Sir Thomas J. Crowe, P. E. G. C., Detroit; eminent grand treasurer, Sir Frank C. Reichlan, Detroit; eminent grand chaplain, Rev. H. C. Montgomery, Doe Run, Mo.; eminent grand marshal, Sir Henry Riemann, Trenton, N. J.; eminent grand assistant marshal, Lady Hattie A. Stevens, York, Penn.; eminent grand inside sentinel, Lady Mary A. Bentley, Bridgeport, Conn.; eminent grand outside sentinel, Sir John D. Oaks, Muncie, Ind.; advisory council, Sir T. Calvert Crowe, Detroit, Mich.; Sir J. Jacob Siggins, M. D., Youngsville, Penn.; Lady Abbie Lynch, Allegheny, Penn. The annual meetings in Detroit on the Tuesday in June nearest St. John's Day of each year. The Insurance Auxiliary—"The Eastern Star Benevolent Fund," incorporated in 1892; membership, 8,200.

Pathfinder, The.—Founded in June 1898; membership, 17,000; lodges, 300; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year $46,000; head office, Akron Ohio. Officers—Supreme president, U. F. Hourlet; supreme secretary, G. C. Berry.

Protected Home Circle.—Founded August 7, 1886; membership, 48,681; lodges, 542; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $340,750; head office, Sharon, Penn. Officers—President, H. C. Hall; vice-president, James V. Rose; secretary, W. S. Palmer; treasurer, Alexander McDowell; medical director, Dr. Salem Heilman; solicitor, A. W. Williams; guardian, J. C. Skelton; guide, A. C. McLean; sentinel, A. J. Martin, and chaplain, the Rev. A. H. Miller.

Royal Arcanum, Supreme Council.—Founded June 23, 1877; membership September 30, 1903, 276,313; lodges, 2,089; benefits disbursed January 1, 1902, to December 31, 1902, $6,899,868 73; emergency fund, September 30, 1903, $2,000,568 73; head office, No. 407 Shawmut-ave., Boston. Officers—Supreme regent, A. S. Robinson, St. Louis, Mo.; supreme secretary, W. O. Robson, Boston, supreme treas., E. A. Skinner, Westfield, N. Y.

Royal Highlanders, The.—Founded June 9, 1896; membership, 20,000; lodges, 400; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year; $70,700; head office, Aurora, Neb. Officers—President, W. E. Sharp; chief secretary, F. J. Sharp, and chief treasurer, A. E. Siekman.

Royal Society of Good Fellows.—Founded in 1882; membership, 5,781; lodges, 179; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $67,850 91; head office, No. 200 Summer-st., Boston. Officers—Premier, Thos. L. Ferris, Boston; vice-premier, the Rev. M. M. Cutter, Boston; supreme treasurer, James G. Whitehouse, Providence, R. I., and supreme secretary, Arthur J. Bates Boston.

Royal Templars, The.—Founded February 16, 1870; membership, 22,000; lodges, 400; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $361,316; head office, No. 4 Niagara-st., Buffalo, N. Y. Officers—Supreme councillor, Charles Mills; supreme secretary, J. W. Grosvenor; treasurer, Manufacturers and Traders' Bank of Buffalo, and supreme examiner, Dr. Charles A. Stedman.

United Artisans, founded November 1, 1894; membership about 9,000; lodges, 225; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $63,450; office of supreme assembly, Portland, Ore. Officers—Supreme master artisan, Isaac E. Staples; supreme superintendent, C. B. Bellinger; supreme inspector, F. S. Akin; supreme secretary, C. L. McKenna; supreme treasurer, P. J. Willis; supreme conductor, A. L. Miller, and supreme master of ceremonies, George W. Bates.

United Order of the Pilgrim Fathers.—Founded March 15, 1879; membership, 23,000; lodges, 216; benefits disbursed in the last fiscal year, $451,000; head office, No. 292 Essex-st., Lawrence, Mass. Officers—Supreme governor, Edw. P. Lincoln, Chelsea, Mass.; supreme secretary, Nathan Crary, Lawrence, Mass.; supreme treasurer, Albert V. Bugbee, Lawrence, Mass., and supreme lieutenant governor, Edwin O. Foster, Salem, Mass.

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

RULERS OF THE CHIEF COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

(Titles and terms in parentheses.)

Country.	Ruler.	Acceded.
Abyssinia	Menelek II (Emperor)	March 12, 1889
Afghanistan	Habibullah Khan (Ameer)	October 3, 1901
Argentine Republic	Gen. Julio A. Roca (President, 6 years)	October 12, 1898
Austria-Hungary	Francis Joseph I (Emperor)	December 2, 1848
Bavaria	Otho I (King)	June 13, 1886
Belgium	Leopold II (King)	December 10, 1865
Bolivia	José Manuel Pando (President)	August 6, 1899
Brazil	Senhor Francisco de Paula Rodrigues Alves (President)	November 15, 1902
Bulgaria	Ferdinand I (Prince)	July 7, 1887
Chili	German Riesco (President)	July 25, 1901.
China	Kwang Hsü (Emperor)	January 12, 1875
Colombia	J. M. Marroquin (President)	August 10, 1900.
Corea	Li Hui (Emperor)	January, 1864
Costa Rica	Asunción Esquivel (President)	May 8, 1902
Cuba	General Tomas E. trada Palma (President)	May 20, 1902
Denmark	Christian IX (King)	November 15, 1863
Dominican Republic	Leonidas Plaza (President)	February 6, 1901
Ecuador	Abbas II (Khedive)	January 7, 1892
Egypt	Emile Loubet (President, 7 years)	February 18, 1899
France	William II (Emperor and King of Prussia)	June 15, 1888
Germany	Edward VII (King)	January 22, 1901
Great Britain	George I (King of the Hellenes)	June 5, 1863
Greece	Manuel Estrada Cabrera (President)	February 8, 1898
Guatemala	Alexis Nord (President)	1903
Hayti	Terencio Sierra (President)	January 1, 1895
Honduras	Victor Emmanuel III (King)	July 31, 1900
Italy	Mutsu Hito (Emperor)	February 13, 1867
Japan	G. W. Gibson (President)	December, 1900.
Liberia	[1]Porfirio Diaz (President, 4 years)	December 1, 1884
Mexico	Nicholas I (Prince)	August 14, 1860
Montenegro	Muley Abdul Aziz (Sultan)	June 7, 1894
Morocco	Wilhelmina (Queen)	November 23, 1890
Netherlands	[2]José Santos Zelaya (President, 4 years)	December 1, 1898
Nicaragua	Oscar II (King)	September 18, 1872
Norway	Provisional junta	November 3, 1903
Panama	Hector Carvallo (President)	, 1900
Paraguay	Muzaffer-ed-Din (Emperor)	May 1, 1896
Persia	Manuel Cándamo (President)	September 8, 1903
Peru	Carlos I (King)	October 19, 1889
Portugal	(See Germany)	
Prussia	Charles I (King)	May 10, 1866
Rumania	Nicholas II (Czar)	November 1 1894
Russia	Tomas Regalado (President)	March 1, 1899
Salvador	George (King)	June 20, 1902
Saxony	Peter I (King)	June 15, 1903
Servia	Chulalonkorn (King)	October 1, 1868
Siam	Alfonso XIII (King)	May 17, 1886
Spain	Same as Norway	
Sweden	Hafiz Mehemet Pacha (Governor-General)	
Tripoli	Mohammed Ali Pacha (Bey)	June 11, 1902
Tunis	Abdul Hamid II (Sultan)	August 31, 1876
Turkey	Juan Lindolfo Cuestas (President)	August 25 1897
Uruguay	Cipriano Castro (President)	December 1, 1899
Venezuela		

[1]Re-elected fifth quadrennial term. [2]Re-elected second quadrennial term.

*VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS, OCTOBER 1, 1903.

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U.S.gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and parts.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	†Gold: 20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.408	Silver: boliviano and divisions.

*VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS, OCTOBER 1, 1903—(Continued).

Countries.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U.S. gold dollar.	Coins.
Brazil	Gold..	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10 and 20 milreis. Silver ½, 1 and 2 milreis.
British N. A. (except Newfoundland)	Gold..	Dollar	1.000	
Central America—				
Costa Rica	Gold..	Colon	.465	Gold: 2, 5, 10 and 20 colons ($9.307 Silver: 5, 10, 25 and 50 centimo
British Honduras.. Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and Salvador	Gold..	Dollar	1.000	
	Silver.	Peso	.408	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chili	Gold..	Peso	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloo ($3.650), and condor ($7,300). Si ver: peso and divisions.
§China	Silver.	Tael	———	
Colombia	Silver.	Peso	.438	Gold: condor ($9.647) and doub condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold..	Peso	.926	Gold: Doubloon Isabella, cente ($5.017). Alphonse ($4.823). Si ver: peso.
Denmark	Gold..	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Gold..	Sucre	.487	Gold: 10 sucres ($4.8665). Silver sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold..	Pound	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piastres), 5, 1 20 and 50 piastres. Silver: 1, 2, 10 and 20 piastres.
Finland	Gold..	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 mark ($1.93).
France	Gold..	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 franc Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold..	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10 and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold..	Pd. sterling..	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold..	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 drach mas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Hayti	Gold..	Gourde	.965	Gold: 1, 2, 5 and 10 gourdes. Si ver: gourde and divisions.
India	Gold..	†Pd. sterling.	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold..	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 lir Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold..	Yen	.498	Gold: 5, 10 and 20 yen. Silver 10, 20 and 50 sen.
Liberia	Gold..	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver.	Dollar	.443	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10 an 20 dollars. Silver: dollar ((peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold..	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1 an 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold..	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	Gold..	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver.	Kran	.075	Gold: ¼, 1 and 2 tomans ($3.409 Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2 and 5 kran
Peru	Gold..	Sol	.487	Gold: libra ($4.8665). Silver: s and divisions.
Portugal	Gold..	Milreis	1.080	Gold, 1, 2, 5 and 10 milreis.
Russia	Gold..	Ruble	.515	Gold: imperial, 15 rubles ($7.718 and ½ imperial, 7½ rubl ($3.859). Silver: ¼, ½ and rubl
Spain	Gold..	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 peseta
Sweden	Gold..	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold..	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 franc Silver: 5 francs.
Turkey	Gold..	Piastre	.044	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, 500 piastre
Uruguay	Gold..	Peso	1.034	Gold: peso. Silver: peso and part
Venezuela	Gold..	Bolivar	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 bolivar Silver: 5 bolivars.

*The coins of silver standard countries are valued by their pure silver content at the average market price of silver for the three months preceding October 1, 190
†Under former system—Gold: 4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287), ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. ‡The sovereign is the standard coin of Indi but the rupee ($0.3244½) is the money of account, current at 15 to the sovereig
§Amoy, .659; Canton, .657; Chefoo, .630; Chin Kiang, .644; Fuchau, .610; Haikw (customs), .671; Hankow, .617; Nanking, .652; Niuchwang, .618; Ningpo, .634; Pekin .648; Shanghai, .602; Swatow, .609; Takau, .663; Tien-Tsin, .639.

AREA, POPULATION, REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, ETC., OF THE PRINCIPAL NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

Year.	Countries.	Imports.	Exports.	Area. (Sq. miles.)	Population.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	‡Debt.
1901	Argentina	$109,971,158	$161,846,038	1,318,247	4,794,000	$63,339,189	¥63,283,632	$509,604,444
1900	Australia	*§201,125,092	*§228,477,442	3,077,377	3,767,000	167,335,000	161,736,000	1,183,055,000
1901	Austria-Hungary	325,486,000	382,748,000	240,942	45,015,000	73,659,000	173,659,000	1,154,791,000
1900	Austria	[2]	[2]	115,903	[2]	215,237,000	215,208,000	642,194,000
1900	Hungary	[2]	[2]	125,039	[2]	209,001,000	208,509,000	904,941,000
1901	Belgium	428,651,000	352,839,000	11,373	6,815,000	85,494,672	83,883,880	504,429,540
1901	Bolivia	7,561,000	16,760,000	567,430	2,020,000	3,431,000	3,712,000	2,336,258
1901	Bulgaria	13,513,506	15,974,563		3,744,000			
1901	Brazil	96,175,000	197,887,000	3,209,878	14,334,000	90,152,000	70,061,000	480,885,000
1900	*British Colonies, n.e.s.	*§400,595,145	*§283,731,924	654,630	10,048,000	79,956,595	81,071,024	265,541,000
1901-2	Canada	196,480,000	172,011,000	3,048,711	5,372,000	51,030,000	42,975,000	265,494,000
1901	Chili	50,845,000	62,723,000	290,629	3,051,000	43,206,000	38,052,000	113,240,000
1901	China	190,763,000	120,626,000	*4,218,401	*400,000,000	*73,500,000	*73,500,000	287,123,500
1898	Colombia	10,695,000	18,487,000	*505,000	*4,000,000	7,031,000	8,697,000	15,809,000
1901	Costa Rica	4,411,000	5,793,000	*23,000	*310,000	3,513,000	3,190,000	13,124,000
1901	Cuba	66,583,973	63,278,380		1,573,000			
1901	Denmark	106,371,000	78,290,000	15,289	2,465,000	19,247,008	20,619,361	55,795,724
1900	Ecuador	6,541,000	7,509,000	*120,000	1,204,000	3,564,000	3,620,000	7,882,435
1901	Egypt	75,355,729	77,753,825	712,916	9,821,000	56,424,345	54,437,259	500,402,729
1901	France	843,254,000	774,498,000	204,092	38,962,000	691,349,500	691,291,192	5,800,691,814
1901	German Empire	1,290,254,000	1,054,685,000	208,830	56,367,000	471,002,000	489,804,000	557,628,622
1900	German States							2,015,958,000
1901	Greece	26,781,703	18,099,724	25,014	2,434,000	13,650,533	13,626,200	168,548,444
1900	Guatemala	3,127,000	1,212,000	63,400	1,574,000	2,687,000	2,643,000	20,828,507
1900-1	Honduras	2,047,000	3,036,000	46,250	588,000	1,114,429	1,119,295	89,376,920
1901-2	India (British)	264,317,582	403,805,000	*1,068,814	231,901,000	328,955,934	316,103,507	1,031,603,705
1900	India (French)	38,575,997	30,512,766		17,800,000			
1901	India (Dutch)	86,895,000	98,723,000		38,042,000			
1901	Italy	331,497,902	265,283,305	110,646	32,475,000	317,349,332	313,276,071	2,583,983,780
1901	Japan	127,396,689	125,670,000	147,655	44,261,000	121,433,725	119,934,893	206,799,994
1900-1	Mexico	*65,084,000	*77,307,000	767,005	13,605,000	29,267,131	26,085,775	168,771,428
1901	Netherlands	818,377,000	695,762,000	12,648	5,268,000	68,328,000	60,922,000	466,419,294
1901	New-Zealand	55,267,000	53,779,000		773,000			
1900-1	Nicaragua	3,445,000	3,888,000	49,200	*500,000	*1,459,950	*2,433,250	4,901,819
1901	Norway	76,981,000	41,456,000	124,445	5,136,000	21,457,420	20,912,308	58,211,132
1900	Paraguay	1,838,710	2,064,290	*98,000	636,000	844,000	892,000	19,972,000
1900	Peru	11,276,410	21,889,512	695,000	4,610,000	5,914,000	6,072,000	20,321,784
1900-1	Philippine Islands	30,162,000	24,503,000		*8,000,000			
1901	Portugal	62,449,000	30,545,000	36,038	5,022,000	56,363,000	59,237,000	670,221,374
1901	Rumania	56,440,000	68,289,000	48,307	5,913,000	28,001,000	29,249,000	280,136,991
1901	Russia	289,493,000	375,722,000	[10]8,660,395	[10]128,962,000	891,772,000	921,068,000	3,167,320,000
1901	Servia	8,460,000	12,677,000	19,050	2,536,000	15,144,548	14,842,825	81,972,118
1901	Siam	13,626,000	21,211,000		6,320,000			
1901	Spain	182,076,000	152,575,000	197,670	18,608,000	170,998,000	174,752,000	1,727,994,620
1901	Sweden	123,195	94,736,000	172,876	5,136,000	39,043,000	39,043,000	85,154,320
1901	Switzerland	194,142,000	159,984,000	15,976	3,325,000	19,892,000	81,924,000	15,919,219
1899	Turkey	117,134,000	59,072,000	[11]1,111,741	[11]24,029,000	81,893,462	81,533,341	726,511,195
1901	United Kingdom	2,540,265,299	1,362,728,993	120,979	41,605,000	583,201,360	650,258,113	3,060,926,304

1901-2	[12]United States.....	903,321,071	1,855,482,000	2,970,038	79,003,000	[12]684,082,843	595,795,609	909,467,241
1901	Uruguay	24,497,456	28,673,984	72,110	955,000	16,608,000	16,608,000	124,374,189
1898	Venezuela	[8]8,560,000	[8]14,900,000	593,943	[8]2,600,000	6,452,000	8,790,000	37,725,814
	Totals	$10,869,458,000	$9,674,068,000	35,194,587	1,345,107,000	$5,902,879,975	$5,881,372,515	$31,063,505,258

[8]Exclusive of commerce between the Australasian colonies. [7]Totals in United States currency. [1]Does not include debt charge or military expenditures in Bosnia and Herzegovina. [2]Included with Austria-Hungary. [3]Estimated. [4]Except Australasia, Canada and British India. [5]Includes specie and bullion. [6]Includes dependencies. The area of China proper is 1,536,841 square miles. [7]Includes only the cultivated and settled area of the Nile. [8]Includes only the population of the Nile Valley and delta. [9]Exclusive of feudatory States. [10]Including Asiatic dominions. [11]Includes Turkish dominions in Europe and Asia, and Tripoli and Benghazi in Africa. [12]Figures for June 30, 1902. [13]Postal revenue and expenditure estimated for the fourth quarter.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES.

Countries.	Periods.	Imports. 1902.	Imports. 1903.	Exports. 1902.	Exports. 1903.	Excess of imports (—) or exports (+). 1902.	Excess of imports (—) or exports (+). 1903.
[1]Argentina	6 mos. ended June.....	$49,449,717	$59,735,578	$101,521,649	$124,310,993	+$52,071,932	+$64,575,415
Austria-Hungary	8 mos. ended August.....	231,400,048	246,492,839	247,006,999	272,385,929	+ 15,606,951	+ 25,893,090
Belgium	8 mos. ended August.....	292,655,000	[3]310,977,000	225,956,000	[3]242,550,000	— 66,699,000	— 68,427,000
[1]Brazil	9 mos. ended Sept., 1901-'02	(No data.)	81,949,378	128,591,442	126,903,998	(No data.)	+ 44,954,620
[1]Bulgaria	6 mos. ended June.....	6,421,182	7,428,517	8,220,011	9,102,986	+ 1,798,829	+ 1,674,469
Canada	2 mos. ended August.....	32,451,830	41,030,289	36,746,854	39,855,302	+ 4,295,024	— 1,174,987
Cape of Good Hope....	7 mos. ended July 31.....	75,840,000	93,714,000	37,127,000	58,933,000	— 38,723,000	— 34,781,000
Chili	12 mos. ended Dec., 1901-'02	50,844,780	48,386,291	62,649,208	61,878,615	+ 11,804,428	+ 13,542,321
[5]China	12 mos. ended Dec., 1901-'02	190,703,375	198,363,896	120,625,954	134,720,216	— 70,137,421	— 63,643,680
Cuba	8 mos. ended March.....	15,655,487	15,271,749	13,212,392	18,239,522	— 2,383,095	+ 2,967,773
Egypt	8 mos. ended August.....	44,901,283	49,724,741	46,240,757	49,742,061	+ 1,339,474	+ 17,320
France	8 mos. ended August.....	564,517,000	[2]596,896,000	529,229,000	[2]530,661,000	— 35,288,000	— 66,235,000
[1]Germany	6 mos. ended June.....	662,125,000	[2]714,107,000	520,427,000	[2]561,689,000	—141,698,000	—153,018,000
[1]Greece	3 mos. ended March.....	5,701,627	5,998,914	3,509,630	3,017,956	— 4,531,750	— 4,992,929
[4]India, British.....	4 mos. ended July.....	80,901,215	82,804,905	134,366,917	151,306,259	+ 53,465,702	+ 68,501,354
Italy	8 mos. ended August.....	220,865,282	232,143,230	178,254,041	178,381,166	— 42,611,241	— 53,762,064
Japan	8 mos. ended August.....	86,746,932	112,292,040	74,472,062	88,338,127	— 12,274,800	— 23,953,913
Mexico.....	12 mos. ended June.....	65,169,324	74,687,327	75,763,414	88,199,632	+ 10,594,090	+ 13,512,305
Netherlands	12 mos. ended Dec., 1901-'02	815,441,770	867,307,701	695,762,588	732,975,255	—119,679,182	—134,332,446
Norway	7 mos. ended July.....	42,271,600	45,796,200	24,372,000	24,942,200	— 17,899,600	— 20,856,000
Philippine Islands.....	12 mos. ended June.....	32,141,842	32,971,582	23,927,679	33,121,780	— 8,214,163	— 149,802
Portugal	6 mos. ended June.....	28,911,069	32,631,654	14,927,220	15,572,072	— 13,983,849	— 17,109,582
Rumania	12 mos. ended Dec., 1901-'02	56,440,102	54,655,498	68,289,359	72,340,109	+ 11,849,257	+ 17,654,611
Russia, Europ'n frontier	6 mos. ended June.....	131,118,000	146,420,000	178,302,000	223,381,000	+ 47,254,000	+ 76,961,000
Spain	8 mos. ended August.....	98,503,821	102,043,944	90,719,765	95,181,277	— 7,784,056	— 6,862,667
Sweden	12 mos. ended Dec., 1900-'01	140,849,000	128,195,000	104,872,000	94,736,000	— 35,977,000	— 28,459,000
[1]Switzerland	6 mos. ended June.....	102,367,868	107,838,133	80,645,389	82,892,413	— 21,722,479	— 24,943,720
United Kingdom.....	9 mos. ended September..	1,892,440,902	1,918,557,091	[6]1,019,535,015	[6]1,057,873,975	—872,905,887	—860,683,136
United States.....	9 mos. ended September....	702,149,643	758,796,291	922,707,806	967,796,420	+220,558,163	+209,000,129
[1]Uruguay	8 mos. ended March.....	6,029,242	6,614,382	11,732,154	13,998,360	+ 5,702,912	+ 7,383,978

[1]Quarterly statement. [2]Provisional figures on the basis of 1902 prices. [3]Average value of the haikwan tael, 71.1 cents and 62.9 cents, for 1901 and 1902, respectively. [4]The Indian rupee has been computed on the basis of 15 rupees = £1. [5]British and Irish.

CUBA.

THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.

Capital, Havana.

President.....Tomas Estrada Palma
Vice-President.....Luis Estevez Romero

MEMBERS OF THE CABINET.

Secretary of State and Government.....Eduardo Yero
Secretary of Finance.....José Garcia Mentes
Secretary of Justice.....Carlos Zaldo
Secretary of Agriculture, Commerce and Industries...Manuel Luciano Diaz (acting)
Secretary of Public Instruction.....Leopoldo Cancio
Secretary of Public Works.....Manuel Luciano Diaz

President of the Senate.....Domingo Mendez Capote
President of the House.....Carlos M. La Torre
Commander-in-Chief of Rural Guards.....General Alexandro Rodriguez

CIVIL GOVERNORS OF PROVINCES.

Province of Havana.....Emilio Nunez
Province of Pinar del Rio.....Colonel Luis Perez
Province of Matanzas.....Domingo Lecuona
Province of Puerto Principe.....Lope Recio
Province of Santa Clara.....José Miguel Gomez
Province of Santiago.....Manuel Yero Sagol

The island of Cuba, for four hundred years a Spanish colony, was relinquished by the Spanish Government as a result of the war with the United States, under the Treaty of Paris of December 10, 1898. Thereafter for a time the island was occupied and administered by the United States through a Military Governor. Steps toward the formation of a native government began with the election of municipal officers on June 16, 1900. On September 15, 1900, delegates to a constitutional convention were elected, and on November 5, 1900, the convention began its labors. The work of the convention was completed on October 1, 1901. A general election for Governors of Provinces, Representatives in Congress and Senatorial and Presidential electors was held on December 31, 1901. The Presidential electors met on February 24, 1902, and chose Tomas Estrada Palma to be first President of the Republic of Cuba. Mr. Palma, who was at that time a resident of the United States, proceeded to Cuba in April, and made a tour of the island, being everywhere received with popular enthusiasm. On May 20 he was formally inaugurated as President, the last remains of United States control were withdrawn from the island, and the free and independent government of Cuba by the Cubans became an accomplished fact.

The attention of the Cuban Congress was largely occupied during its first session by financial questions. A public loan of $35,000,000 was authorized for the payment of wages to soldiers of the revolutionary army and for other urgent purposes. The President was authorized to float the loan at such times and in such manner as he pleased, provided that it was to be redeemable in from ten to forty years, the minimum rate of issue to be 90 per cent, and the maximum rate of interest to be 5 per cent. A commission authorized to arrange for floating this loan visited the United States in 1903, but the details of the issue are not yet settled. To pay the interest on the army loan the Cuban Congress passed, on February 27, 1903, a Stamp Tax act, which met with great criticism and opposition, and was modified by supplementary acts of May 7 and June 13. These provided for taxes on the importation of liquors, wines, beverages, matches and playing cards, on the exportation of cigars, cigarettes and tobacco, and on the manufacture, sale and consumption of liquors, wines, beers, beverages, matches, playing cards, cigars, leaf tobacco and sugar. The tax laws became effective on November 1, but the government, which has discretion under them, does not propose to enforce the export tax on tobacco or the tax on the manufacture of sugar unless driven thereto by actual necessity.

President Palma, in his message to Congress on November 2, 1893, drew an optimistic picture of Cuban progress. The balance in the Treasury on November 1 he reported as $3,843,000. A surplus of $1,205,000 had been accumulated in the preceding seven months. In the budget for 1904, submitted November 17, the income for the fiscal year was estimated at $18,899,600, and the expenditure at $17,924,000. The principal sources of income were given as follows: Customs, $14,746,500; internal taxes, $610,000; postal and telegraph, $500,000. Among the expenditures estimated were: Public instruction, $3,751,000; public works, $3,030,000; internal government, $4,980,000; executive, $85,700; legislative, $413,319; State and justice, $310,316; finance, $1,801,000; judiciary, $950,000; agriculture, $165,319. President Palma pointed out to the Congress as a cause for national satisfaction that during the year Cuban imports had increased $4,400,000 in value and Cuban exports $24,000,000.

The American Congress having failed to pass any measure authorizing tariff concessions on Cuban products in return for similar concessions offered by Cuba on American imports, President Roosevelt authorized the negotiation of a commercial treaty with Cuba, which was signed in Havana on December 11, 1902.

No action was taken on this convention during the life of the LVIIth Congress; but at a special session of the Senate, called March 5, 1903, it was considered, and, with amendments, was ratified on March 19. The Cuban Government ratified the amended instrument on March 28. (For full text of the convention see under "LVIIth Congress, Treaties with Foreign Countries," elsewhere in this volume.) By its terms the treaty was not to become operative until "approved by Congress," and a special session of Congress was called by President Roosevelt for give this approval. The House of Representatives passed on November 19, and the Senate on December 16, a bill affirming the treaty.

A naval station cession was agreed on by the two governments on July 2, by which Cuba granted sites for United States stations at Guantanamo and Bahia Honda. The former station was transferred to the United States early in November. On July 2 a treaty was signed in Havana confirming Cuba's sovereignty over the Isle of Pines. On May 22 Minister Squiers and Senor Zaldo, Cuban Secretary of State, signed in Havana a permanent treaty between the United States and Cuba, embodying the terms of the Platt Amendment. A postal treaty was also concluded, and signed by Postmaster General Payne and President Roosevelt in August last, perpetuating the regulations for the exchange of mails between the two countries, made when Cuba was under American control.

Cuba's imports and exports by countries for the years 1899–1902 are shown in the following table:

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

Whence Imported.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
United States	$29,181,700	$29,176,000	$28,078,600	$26,053,395
South American countries	10,573,800	9,383,100	11,270,800	8,208,937
Germany	2,024,000	2,982,800	3,495,900	3,612,038
Spain	11,116,500	9,755,700	9,498,700	10,105,816
France	2,741,500	3,267,600	2,944,300	3,222,087
England	9,831,900	10,453,300	9,562,600	9,098,890
Othern countries of Europe	1,124,700	1,399,200	1,404,600	1,482,681
All other countries	189,000	230,900	328,500	351,620
Totals	$66,783,100	$66,658,600	$66,584,000	[1]$62,135,464

The foregoing figures show that the imports of 1902 were $4,448,536 less than those of 1901, and that the exports of 1902 exceeded the imports by $2,813,340.

EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.

Whither Exported.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
United States	$37,411,600	$33,246,600	$48,066,600	$49,498,587
South American countries	640,500	1,309,000	1,420,300	1,306,342
Germany	1,592,500	5,545,800	4,240,200	3,967,789
Spain	1,155,900	830,400	711,400	1,681,294
France	1,200,600	1,257,200	1,348,600	1,298,094
England	2,702,800	5,427,700	5,941,300	5,807,247
Other countries of Europe	252,900	777,200	1,067,700	1,032,675
All other countries	110,500	500,700	482,300	356,776
Totals	$45,067,300	$48,904,600	$63,278,400	[1]$64,948,804

The exports of 1901 and 1902 show a large increase. It must be noted also that the importations from the United States in Cuba since 1899 have fallen off considerably, whereas importations from Germany, especially, and all other countries in Europe show a steady increase.

Imports from the United States into Cuba by classes of articles are tabulated below:

Selected Articles.	1896.	1900.	1901.	1902.
Agricultural implements	$36,826	$175,816	$105,397	$61,852
Animals	121,881	2,983,766	2,079,918	1,924,832
Breadstuffs	774,792	2,934,224	3,180,232	3,474,560
Cars, carriages, etc.	46,874	365,833	633,511	401,285
Coal	613,411	726,815	1,004,341	1,069,758
Cotton manufactures	63,834	612,252	386,037	378,081
Iron and steel, and manufactures of	769,356	3,717,596	3,800,985	4,319,314
Leather, and manufactures of	75,481	343,209	474,029	640,628
Oils	348,745	538,568	509,539	587,437
Paper, and manufactures of	69,314	271,997	240,004	233,125
Bacon and hams	734,540	1,453,952	1,070,436	919,126
Lard	1,551,185	2,183,001	2,811,696	2,144,229
Dairy products	81,440	530,156	455,553	484,776
Vegetables	386,792	825,090	624 970	684,678
Wood, and manufactures of	490,396	2,122,553	1,539,355	1,805,007

[1]Including specie.

Cuban sugar production and exports to the United States are shown in the following tables:

PRODUCTION OF SUGAR IN CUBA, 1874–1903.

Year.	Tons.	Year.	Tons.	Year.	Tons.	Year	Tons.
1874	681,000	1882	595,837	1890	632,368	1897	212,051
1875	718,000	1883	460,397	1891	819,760	1898	305,543
1876	590,000	1884	553,987	1892	976,789	1899	345,260
1877	520,000	1885	631,967	1893	815,894	1900	308,543
1878	533,000	1886	731,723	1894	1,054,214	1901	635,856
1879	670,000	1887	646,578	1895	1,004,264	1902	850,181
1880	530,000	1888	656,719	1896	225,221	1903	[1]975,000
1881	493,764	1889	560,338				

[1]As reported to September 8.

EXPORTS OF SUGAR FROM CUBA TO THE UNITED STATES, 1893–1903.

Year ending June 30—	Crop.	Exported to the United States.	
		Amount.	Value.
	Tons.	Tons.	
1893	815,894	[1]823,058	60,687,670
1894	1,051,244	949,778	63,147,745
1895	1,004,264	824,001	40,100,180
1896	225,221	[1]488,023	24,102,835
1897	212,051	[1]257,942	11,982,473
1898	305,543	196,529	9,828,607
1899	345,260	296,225	16,412,088
1900	308,543	[1]314,936	18,243,644
1901	635,856	490. .	26,373,690
1902	850,181	439,382	18,205,359
1903	975,000	[1]1,069,610	42,697,546

[1]Drawn in part from reserve stock.

The population of Cuba by Provinces in 1899 was:

Province.	Number.	Province.	Number.
Havana	424,804	Santa Clara	356,536
Matanzas	202,444	Santiago de Cuba	327,715
Pinar del Rio	173,064		
Puerto Principe	88,234	Total	1,572,797

Government receipts and expenditures in the period from July, 1898, to June, 1903, have been:

Years.	Revenues.	Expenditures.
July 18, 1898–June 30, 1899	$7,961,828.55	$5,798,738.98
July 1, 1899–June 30, 1900	17,385,898.38	15,661,093.67
July 1, 1900–June 30, 1901	17,160,580.61	17,645,427.34
July 1, 1901–May 19, 1902	14,798,302.07	16,401,490.76
May 20, 1902–December 31, 1902	9,729,448.85	8,102,587.39
January 1, 1903–June 30, 1903	8,197,940.09	[1]5,229,250.72

[1]Unofficial.

MEXICO.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

Capital, Mexico City.

President.....Porfirio Diaz

MEMBERS OF THE CABINET.

Secretary of Foreign Affairs.....Ignacio Mariscal
Secretary of the Interior.....R. Corral
Secretary of Justice and Public Instruction.....Justiano Fernández
Secretary of Colonization and Industries.....General G. Cosio
Secretary of Commerce and Public Works.....Leandro Fernández
Secretary of Finance and Public Credit.....J. Ives Limantour
Secretary of War and Marine.....General F. Z. Mena

The territory of the United Mexican States (Estados Unidos Méjicanos) is divided into 27 States, 2 Territories and 1 Federal District, whose organization follows that of

the American Union. The States, Territories and Federal District, with their capitals, areas and populations, are as follows:

States.	Capitals.	Area in English square miles.	Population. 1895.	Population. 1900.
Aguascalientes	Aguascalientes	2,951	104,615	
Campeche	Campeche	18,095	88,302	84,281
Chiapas	Tuxla Gutierrez	27,230	319,599	363,607
Chihuahua	Chihuahua	87,820	262,771	327,004
Coahuila	Saltillo	62,376	241,026	280,899
Colima	Colima	2,273	55,752	65,026
Durango	Durango	38,020	286,906	371,274
Guanajuato	Guanajuato	11,374	1,062,554	1,065,317
Guerrero	Chilpancingo	25,003	417,621	474,594
Hidalgo	Pachuca	8,920	558,769	603,074
Jalisco	Guadalajara	31,855	1,107,227	1,137,311
México	Toluca	9,250	841,618	924,457
Michoacán	Morelia	22,881	894,753	935,849
Morelos	Cuernavaca	2,774	159,355	161,697
Nuevo León	Monterey	24,324	309,252	326,940
Oaxaca	Oaxaca	35,392	884,909	947,910
Puebla	Puebla	12,207	984,413	1,024,446
Querétaro	Querétaro	3,558	228,551	228,489
San Luis Potosí	San Luis Potosí	25,323	568,449	582,486
Sinaloa	Culiacán	33,681	258,865	296,109
Sonora	Hermosillo	76,922	191,281	220,553
Tabasco	San Juan Bautista	10,075	134,839	158,107
Tamaulipas	Ciudad Victoria	32,585	206,502	218,948
Tlaxcala	Tlaxcala	1,595	166,803	172,217
Veracruz	Jalapa	29,210	866,355	960,570
Yucatán	Mérida	35,214	298,850	312,264
Zacatecas	Zacatecas	24,764	452,578	462,886
Territories.				
Tepic	Tepic	11,279	148,776	149,677
Baja California	La Paz	58,345	42,245	47,082
	Ensenada de Todos Santos			
Federal District	City of México	463	476,613	540,478
Islands		1,471		
Totals		76,226	12,619,949	13,545,462

Cities and towns of Mexico with a population of over 20,000 were according to the census of 1895:

City or Town.	State.	Population.	City or Town.	State.	Population.
México	Federal District.	329,774	Morelia	Michoacán	33,890
Puebla	Puebla	88,684	Oaxaca	Oaxaca	32,437
Guadalajara	Jalisco	83,934	Orizaba	Veracruz	31,512
San Luis Potosí	San Luis Potosí	69,050	Aguascalientes	Aguascalientes	30,872
Leon	Guanajuato	58,426	Saltillo	Coahuila	26,801
Monterey	Nuevo León	45,695	Durango	Durango	26,425
Pachuca	Hidalgo	40,487	Veracruz	Veracruz	24,085
Zacatecas	Zacatecas	39,912	Toluca	México	23,150
Guanajuato	Guanajuato	39,404	Acanceh	Yucatan	22,916
Mérida	Yucatán	36,935	Celaya	Guanajuato	21,245
Querétaro	Querétaro	34,576	Zopotlanejo	Jalisco	20,270

Trade between the United States and Mexico is constantly increasing. About 60 per cent of the total value of goods imported into Mexico in 1902 came from the United States, against 55 per cent of the total imported in 1890. Of all goods exported from Mexico in 1902 the United States took about 80 per cent, against about 68 per cent in 1890.

The exports to and imports from the United States for the years 1890 to 1903 were as follows:

Year.	Exports to the U. S.	Imports from the U. S.	Year.	Exports to the U. S.	Imports from the U. S.
1890	$22,690,015	$13,285,287	1897	$18,511,572	$23,421,064
1891	27,295,992	14,969,620	1898	19,004,863	21,206,939
1892	28,107,525	14,293,999	1899	22,995,772	25,483,075
1893	33,555,099	19,563,634	1900	28,646,053	34,974,961
1894	28,727,006	12,842,149	1901	28,851,635	36,475,850
1895	15,635,788	15,005,906	1902	40,382,596	39,873,606
1896	17,456,177	19,450,256	1903	41,313,711	42,237,106

Copper and vegetable fibre form the largest individual items of American imports from Mexico, and iron and steel products constitute the largest American exports to

that country. In 1902 American imports of copper ore and regulus were almost $10,000,000, as compared with less than $100,000 in 1892; imports of pigs, bars, ingots, etc., of copper increased in the same time from $84,000 to nearly $3,750,000. In 1892 no copper ore was sent to Mexico, but in 1902 nearly $700,000 worth was so exported. Of unmanufactured vegetable fibre (mainly sisal grass) American imports increased from $5,500,000 to over $12,000,000, while of the manufactures of these materials imports increased from $6,000 to nearly $650,000. Hides and skins were imported to the value of nearly $3,500,000 in 1902—more than double the 1892 value. American imports of coffee fell off during the decade from over $4,000,000 to less than $3,000,000. Exports of iron and steel not only constitute the largest item of American trade with Mexico, but show the largest growth in the last ten years, exports of machinery alone increasing from about $1,500,000 to over $7,000,000. Other items which show large gains are breadstuffs, vehicles, chemicals, coal and coke, copper ore, vegetable oils and lumber.

The regular army of Mexico on its present footing consists of eight major generals, fifty-three brigadier generals, 944 commissioned officers, 2,481 non-commissioned officers and 27,247 privates.

PANAMA.

Capital, City of Panama.

PROVISIONAL JUNTA (exercising executive powers).

José Augustin Arjano. Federico Boyd. Tomas Arias.

PROVISIONAL CABINET.

Minister of Government.....Eusbis Morales
Minister of Finance.....Dr. Manuel Amador
Minister of Foreign Relations.....F. V. de la Espriella
Minister of Justice.....Carlos Mendoza
Minister of Public Instruction.....N. Victoria
Minister of War and Marine.....M. de Obarrio, Jr.

On November 3, 1903, a revolution broke out in the City of Panama, which soon spread to other parts of the State of Panama, and resulted in the complete obliteration of Colombian sovereignty. Independence was proclaimed by a provisional junta composed of José Augustin Arjano, Federico Boyd and Tomas Arias. The Governor of Panama and the general commanding the Colombian military forces were arrested and deported, and within forty-eight hours the last vestige of Colombian authority on the Isthmus had vanished. Not a life was lost accomplishing the revolution.

The junta quickly sought recognition as a de facto and then as a de jure government. The United States recognized its de facto responsibility, and prepared to keep the line of Isthmian transit free from interruption in case Colombia should attempt to reimpose her sovereignty. Orders were given to allow no Colombian troops to be landed at points from which they would menace Isthmian transit. Colombia not making, and having no power to make, a serious effort to reconquer the Isthmus, the new republic soon asked and obtained complete political recognition. Philippe Bunau-Varilla was commissioned envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the United States. He reached Washington from New-York on November 7, and was formally received on November 13 by President Roosevelt. On November 17 the new government was recognized by France, and shortly afterward by Great Britain, Germany and Russia.

One of the first acts of the new Panama Government was to propose the conclusion of an Isthmian Canal treaty with the United States. A special commission, consisting of Federico Boyd, a member of the Provisional Junta, and Dr. Manuel Amador, Minister of Finance, was sent to Washington to conduct the negotiations. A canal treaty was drawn and signed in Washington on November 18. It was ratified by the Panama Government on December 2, 1903, and was submitted for ratification to the United States Senate by President Roosevelt on December 7. On December 13 the provisional junta published a decree convoking a national convention for January 15, 1904. This convention will formulate a constitution and laws for the government of the republic. It will be composed of thirty-two Representatives—four each for the provinces of Bocas del Toro, Colon, Coele, Veraguas, Los Santos and Chiriqui, and eight for Panama.

All male persons born within the boundaries of the republic who have reached the age of twenty-one years and reside on the Isthmus, and all Colombians who have sworn allegiance to the republic, shall have the right to vote, unless they have been deprived of their rights of citizenship. Members of the junta, ministers, magistrates, the director of telegraphs and all public officials having authority throughout the republic are debarred from election to the convention. In the capital of each province there will be organized an electoral committee of five members, appointed by the junta. The voting will be direct and secret. The elections were set for December 28, 1903.

The Republic of Panama has an area of 31,571 square miles and a population of 300,000. The principal ports are Panama, on the Pacific Coast, and Colon on the Atlantic side, and these ports are visited annually by more than one thousand vessels, which land over one million tons of merchandise and nearly 100,000 passengers, chiefly for transfer over the Panama Railway, forty-seven miles in length, connecting the Pacific port of Panama with the Atlantic port of Colon.

Colon, or Aspinwall, as it is sometimes called, has a population of about 3,000 persons. The city of Panama has a population of about 25,000. It was founded in

1519, burned in 1671, and rebuilt in 1673, while Colon is of much more recent date, having been founded in 1855.

Population.

The population of the republic is composed of various elements—Spanish, Indian, negro, and a limited number of persons from the European countries and the United States, especially those engaged in commerce and transportation and the operation of the Panama Railway. Another element is that of persons brought to the Isthmus as laborers for the construction of the canal, and their descendants. Since the abolition of slavery in Jamaica many blacks and mulattoes have settled on the Isthmus as small dealers and farmers, and in some villages on the Atlantic side they are said to be in the majority, and as a result the English language is much in use, especially on the Atlantic side. Some of the native population have retained their customs, speech and physical type, notably those in the western part of the province, and claim to be descendants of the natives found in that region by the Spaniards when they discovered and conquered the country.

Commerce.

Of the commerce of Panama, which reaches a value of $3,000,000 annually, the United States supplies a larger share than any other country. The importations at the port of Colon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, as shown by the report of the United States consul, amounted to $952,684 of which $614,179 was from the United States, $119,086 from France, $118,322 from England, $76,386 from Germany. The figures of the fiscal year 1903 show a considerable increase from those of 1902, in which the value of the imports at Colon were $776,345. Of the $614,179 imports from the United States at Colon in 1903 $200,744 was drygoods, $189,333 provisions, $59,890 coal, $38,642 lumber, $32,900 kerosene, $30,400 liquors, and $31,940 hardware. The value of the importations from the United States in 1903 exceeded those of 1902 by about $160,000. The exports to the United States from Colon in 1903 amounted to $173,370, of which $75,432 was bananas, $54,960 cocoanuts, $12,472 turtle shells, $9,400 ivory nuts, $6,460 hides, and $5,924 coffee.

From the port of Panama the exports to the United States in the fiscal year 1903 amounted to $193,342, of which $56,767 was hides, $49,974 india rubber, $27,805 cocobolo nuts, $16,598 ivory nuts, $13,372 deerskins, and $6,908 coffee. The consul at Panama states that the imported articles come mostly from England, Germany, France, Italy and the United States, but gives no statistics of the imports.

Panama is connected with San Francisco by a weekly steamer schedule operated by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and with Valparaiso by a weekly steamer schedule operated by the Pacific Steam Navigation Company and South American Steamship Company. Two passenger and two freight trains leave Panama daily for Colon and Colon daily for Panama. The time for passenger trains over the forty-seven miles of railway is three hours.

From Panama there is one cable line north to American ports and one to the south. The actual time consumed in communicating with the United States and receiving an answer is stated by the consul to be usually about four hours. There are also cable lines from Colon to the United States and Europe.

The money of the country is silver, the rate of exchange having averaged during the last year about 150 per cent.

Felix Ehrman, vice consul general at the port of Panama, writing to the State Department on October 15, gives these additional facts about the trade and commerce of Panama. "Efforts at manufacturing have not been very serious. There are a few factories, but none of great importance. Ice artificially manufactured sells at 25 cents silver per kilogram (10 cents gold per 2.2 pounds). There are a number of small distilleries. Import duties average about 10 per cent gold. On liquors and beverages there are special taxes; these vary according to the kinds and qualities of the imports. Cigars, tobacco, cigarettes, salt and ice are government monopolies or are let out by the government to private parties. Postal charges are: Foreign, 20 cents Colombian silver per 15 grams; domestic, 10 cents per 15 grams. Packages from Colon to Panama pay 25 cents gold per package."

THE ISTHMIAN CANAL.

The United States Senate ratified on March 17, 1903, an Isthmian Canal Treaty with Colombia, drawn to vest in the United States perpetual control for canal purposes of a strip of land 30 miles in width stretching across the Isthmus of Panama. The United States was to exercise police powers in the canal strip, but sovereign rights were not ceded by Colombia. Colombian tribunals were to be established to settle controversies arising between Colombians or between Colombians and foreigners other than citizens of the United States. American tribunals were to be established to settle disputes between Americans, or between Americans and foreigners other than citizens of Colombia. Joint tribunals were to be created, with general civil, criminal and admiralty jurisdiction. The United States was to pay Colombia $10,000,000 in gold on the ratification, and an annual rental of $250,000 in gold, beginning nine years after ratification.

On August 12, 1903, the Colombian Senate rejected the treaty, and on September 12 the time fixed for exchanging ratifications expired. On November 3 the Department of Panama revolted and an independent republic was proclaimed. A canal treaty between this new republic and the United States was signed on November 18, 1903, ratified by Panama on December 2 and transmitted for ratification to the United States on December 7.

Terms of the New Treaty.

The new canal convention differs from the Colombian convention in giving the United States absolute sovereignty over the canal strip and doing away with joint tribunals and divided responsibility. The first five articles of the new convention, dealing with the question of cession and sovereignty are as follows:

Article I—The United States guarantees and will maintain the independence of the Republic of Panama.

Article II—The Republic of Panama grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation and control of the zone of land and land under water for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of said canal of the width of ten miles, extending to the distance of five miles on each side of the central line of the route of the canal to be constructed; the said zone beginning in the Caribbean Sea three marine miles from mean low water mark, and extending to and across the Isthmus of Panama into the Pacific Ocean to a distance of three marine miles from mean low water mark, with the proviso that the cities of Panama and Colon and the harbors adjacent to said cities, which are included within the boundaries of the zone above described, shall not be included within this grant. The Republic of Panama further grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation and control of any other lands and waters outside of the zone above described which may be necessary and convenient for the construction and maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said canal or any auxiliary canals or their works necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said enterprise. The Republic of Panama further grants to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation and control of all islands within the limits of the zone above described, and in addition thereto the group of small islands in the Bay of Panama, named Perico, Naos, Culebra and Flamenco.

Article III.—The Republic of Panama grants to the United States all the rights, power and authority within the zone mentioned and described in Article II of this agreement, and within the limits of all auxiliary lands and waters mentioned and described in said Article II, which the United States would possess and exercise if it were the sovereign of the territory within which said lands and waters are located, to the entire exclusion of the exercise by the Republic of Panama of any sovereign rights, power and authority.

Article IV—As rights subsidiary to the above grants, the Republic of Panama grants in perpetuity to the United States the right to use the rivers, streams, lakes and other bodies of water within its limits for navigation, the supply of water or water power or other purposes, so far as the use of the said rivers, streams, lakes and bodies of water and the waters thereof may be necessary and convenient for the construction, maintenance, operation, sanitation and protection of the said canal.

Article V—The Republic of Panama grants to the United States in perpetuity a monopoly for the construction, maintenance and operation of any system of communication by means of canal or railroad across its territory between the Caribbean Sea and the Pacific Ocean.

The cities of Panama and Colon retain their municipal autonomy under the Republic of Panama, so long as they maintain public order and sanitary conditions to the satisfaction of the United States. Failure to do this gives the United States, according to the treaty, the right to force strict compliance with the wishes of this government in this direction, and the United States can even use force to compel obedience to its rules as to public order and public health in these cities. The canal is to be neutral and open on equal terms to all nations of the world.

The President's Synopsis.

In outlining the terms of the treaty in his message to Congress of December 7, President Roosevelt said: "By it our interests are better safeguarded than in the treaty with Colombia which was ratified by the Senate at its last session. It is better in its terms than the treaties offered to us by the republics of Nicaragua and Costa Rica.

"By the provisions of the treaty the United States guarantees and will maintain the independence of the Republic of Panama. There is granted to the United States in perpetuity the use, occupation and control of a strip ten miles wide and extending three nautical miles into the sea at either terminal, with all lands lying outside of the zone necessary for the construction of the canal or for its auxiliary works, and with the islands in the Bay of Panama. The cities of Panama and Colon are not embraced in the canal zone, but the United States assumes their sanitation and, in case of need, the maintenance of order therein; the United States enjoys within the granted limits all the rights, power and authority which it would possess were it the sovereign of the territory, to the exclusion of the exercise of sovereign rights by the republic.

"All railroad and canal property rights belonging to Panama and needed for the canal pass to the United States, including any property of the respective companies in the cities of Panama and Colon; the works, property and personnel of the canal and railways are exempted from taxation, as well in the cities of Panama and Colon as in the canal zone and its dependencies. Free immigration of the personnel and importation of supplies for the construction and operation of the canal are granted.

"Provision is made for the use of military force and the building of fortifications by the United States for the protection of the transit. In other details, particularly as to the acquisition of the interests of the New Panama Canal Company and the Panama Railway by the United States, and the condemnation of private property for the uses of the canal, the stipulations of the Hay-Herran treaty are closely followed, while the compensation to be given for these enlarged grants remains the same, being $10,000,000, payable on exchange of ratifications, and, beginning nine years from that date, an annual payment of $250,000 during the life of the convention."

SEAGOING VESSELS, DIMENSIONS, ETC.

LARGEST MERCHANT VESSELS.

Name.	Nation.	Dimensions. Length, ft. in.	Breadth, ft. in.	Gross tonnage.
Cedric	British	700.00	75.00	21,000
Celtic	British	700.00	75.03	20,880
Kaiser Wilhelm II.	German	706.06	72.00	19,800
Great Eastern	British	691.00	82 08	18,915
Oceanic	British	705.06	68.03	17,274
Deutschland	German	686.06	67.04	16,502
Republic	British	600.00	68.00	15,400
Arabic	British	632.00	65.00	15,300
Kronprinz Wilhelm	German	663.00	66.00	15,000
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	German	649.00	66.00	14,349
Ivernia	British	600.00	64.09	13,963
Saxonia	British	600.00	64.00	13,963
Manchuria	American	625.08	65.03	13,638
Mongolia	American	625.08	65.03	13,638
Carpathia	British	560.00	64.03	13,555
Cretic	British	600.00	60.00	13,500
Minnehaha	British	632.00	65.05	13,403
Minneapolis	British	632.00	65.05	13,401
Minnetonka	British	632.00	65.05	13 400
Pennsylvania	German	585.00	62.02	13,265
Pretoria	German	585.00	62.00	13,190
Canopic	British	600.00	60.00	12,760
Graf Waldersee	German	585.00	62.00	13,148
Patricia	German	584.00	62.03	13,023
Noordam	Dutch	585.00	62.00	13,000
Ryndam	Dutch	585.00	62.00	13,000
Lucania	British	620.00	65.02	12,952
Campania	British	620.00	65.02	12,950
Finland	American	580.00	60.00	12,760
Kroonland	American	580.00	60.00	12,760
Cymric	British	580.00	64.03	12,617
Kaiser Friedrich	German	581.07	63.07	12,480
Korea	American	572.04	63.00	12 276
Siberia	American	572.04	63.00	12.276
Moltke	German	525.00	62.00	12,000
Blücher	German	525.00	62.00	12,000
Zeeland	British	580.00	60.00	11,905
Vaderland	British	580.00	60 00	11,899
Merion	British	530.00	59.00	11,635
Haverford	British	530 00	59.00	11,635
St. Louis	American	534.00	63.00	11,629
St Paul.	American	534.00	63.00	11,629
La Lorraine	French	580.00	60.00	11,869
Romanic	British	600.00	60.00	11,500
La Savoie	French	580.00	60.00	11,200
New-York	American	560.00	63.00	10,674
Philadelphia	American	560.00	63.00	10,433

RECORD OF FAST TRIPS OF STEAMSHIPS.

The time of steamships arriving at or departing from New-York is taken at the Sandy Hook Lightship, where the ocean voyage practically ends and begins.

Cunard Line—Lucania, New-York to Queenstown, October, 1894 5 d., 8 h., 38 m.; average hourly speed, 22.01 knots. Queenstown to New-York, September, 1894 (short route), 5 d., 7 h., 23 m., average hourly speed, 21.81 knots.

White Star Line—Oceanic, New-York to Queenstown, August 27-September 2, 5 d., 18 h., 25 m.; average hourly speed, 20.28 knots. Teutonic, Queenstown to New-York, August, 1891, 5 d., 16 h., 31 m.; average hourly speed, 20.349.

North German Lloyd Line—Kronprinz Wilhelm, New-York to Plymouth, November, 1901, 5 d., 8 h., 18 m.; average hourly speed, 23.21 knots. Kronprinz Wilhelm, Cherbourg to New-York, September 10-16, 1902, 5 d., 11 h., 57 m.; average hourly speed, 23.09 knots. Kronprinz Wilhelm, New-York to Plymouth, June 3-9, 1902 (long route), averaged 23.47 knots an hour, erroneously stated that she had beaten the Deutschland's speed record.

Hamburg-American Line—Deutschland, New-York to Plymouth, September, 1900, 5 d., 7 h., 38 m.; average hourly speed, 23.30 knots: best average hourly speed, July, 1901 (long route), 23.51 knots. Cherbourg to New-York, Sept., 1903, 5 d., 11 h.,

54 m.; average hourly speed, 23.15 knots; best average hourly speed, August, 1901 (long route), 23.07 knots. On this voyage the Deutschland in twenty-four hours covered 601 knots, the greatest distance ever covered by any steamship in one day.

American Line—St. Louis, New-York to Southampton, September, 1897, 6 d., 10 h., 14 m.; average hourly speed, 19.94 knots. St. Paul, Southampton to New-York, August, 1896, 6 d., 31 m.; average hourly speed, 21.08 knots

French Line—La Lorraine, New-York to Havre, October, 1902, 6 d., 11 h.; average hourly speed, 20.50 knots. Havre to New-York, March, 1902, 6 d., 4 h.; average hourly speed 21.06 knots.

New-York and Cuba (Ward Line)—Morro Castle, New-York to Havana, December, 1900, 3 d., 37 m.; average hourly speed, 15.43 knots. Havana to New-York, June, 1901, 2 d., 13 h., 41 m.; average hourly speed, 19.01 knots.

HEIGHT OF FAMOUS MOUNTAINS.

The height of few mountains has been ascertained with surveying instruments. Those which any one actually ascends are usually measured by the barometer, which is not infallible, and which at different times may give dissimilar results. The elevation of other mountains, which no explorer has yet climbed, is estimated by persons who scrutinized them from adjacent peaks. Here, again, equally good authorities disagree. Besides, in some instances—Ararat and Sinai, for instance—modern geographers cannot with certainty identify mountains of great historic interest. In a table like the following, therefore, it is impossible to do more than closely approximate the real facts. But Longmans, Green & Co.'s Gazetteer, which has been used in the main, is probably as safe a standard as can be found, although at the time when the last edition came out (1895) Fitzgerald had not ascended Aconcagua, the Duke of the Abruzzi had not visited Mount St. Elias, and Mount McKinley, now believed to be the loftiest peak in North America, had not even been discovered:

Name.	Location.	Feet.	Name.	Location.	Feet.
Everest	India, Nep'l	29,000	Ruwen-zori	Africa	20,000
Dapsang	India, Kash'r	28,700	Kilima-Njaro	East Africa	19,720
Gdwin-Austen	India, Kash'r	28,265	Cotopaxi	Ecuador	19.613
Kanchánjanka	India, Nep'l	28,176	Logan	Canada	19 514
Makulu	India, Nep'l	27,800	Antisana	Ecuador	19,335
Mustagh-ata (Kash-gar)	Pamir	25,800	Cayambe	Ecuador	19,186
Lunkho (Hindoo Koosh)	Pamir	25,600	Huila	Colombia	18,700
Aconcagua	Chili	23,080	Elbruz (Caucasus)	Russia	18,526
Pioneer Peak	India	22,600	Orizaba	Mexico	18,314
Illimani	Bolivia	22,500	St. Elias	Alaska	18 120
Huascan	Peru	22,000	Popocatapetl	Mexico	18,000
Sorata	Bolivia	21,500	Ararat	Armenia	16,925
Demavend	Persia	21,150	Charles Louis	New-Guinea	16,730
Sajama	Bolivia	21,000	Pichinca	Ecuador	15,918
Chimborazo	Ecuador	20,498	Mont Blanc	Fr'ch Savoy	15,775
McKinley	Alaska	20,464	Fairweather	Alaska	15.500
El Misti	Peru	20,230	Monte Rosa	Switzerland	15.215
Nan Shan range	China	20,000	Whitney	California	14,900
Sierra Blanca	Colorado	14,464	Matterhorn	Switzerland	14,775
Rainier	Washington	14,444	Tizi Tamjurt, Atlas	Morocco	14,600
Shasta	California	14,442	Corno, Apennines	Italy	9,580
Long's Peak	Colorado	14,271	Pic du Midi	France	9,440
Pike's Peak	Colorado	14,147	Perim Dagh	Macedonia	8,800
Mauna Kea	Hawaii	13,953	Gerlachfalva	Hungary	8,700
Mauna Loa	Hawaii	13,760	Sinai	Arabia	8,535
Jungfrau	Switzerland	13,670	Pindus, range	Eur'n Turk'y	8,450
Fremont's Peak	Wyoming	13,570	Galdhoppingen	Norway	8,399
Apo, Mindanao	Philippines	13,300	Nikona	Greece	8,240
Gross Glockner	Aust'n Tyrol	12,455	Monte Azul	Cuba	8,070
Fujimo-yama	Japan	12,425	Parnassus	Greece	8,065
Cook	New-Zeal'd	12,350	Spelai, Pindus	Greece	7,665
Teneriffe	Canary Is'ds.	12,196	Adam's	Ceylon	7,420
Korinchi	Sumatra	12,100	Townsend	Australia	7,350
Muley Hacen, Si. N.	Spain	11,781	Mitchell	N. Carolina	6.711
Hood	Oregon	11,225	Washington	N. Hampsh'e.	6,288
Anethou, Pyrenees	Spain	11,168	Adams	N. Hampsh'e.	5,776
Petermann's Peak	Greenland	11,000	Teplos-iz, Urals	Russia	5,540
Etna	Sicily	10,865	Marcy	New-York	5,403
Dhor-el-Khodib	Syria (Mount Lebanon)	10,625	Mansfield	Vermont	4,430
Shar Dagh	Albania	9,800	Ben Nevis	Scotland	4,406
St. Helen's	Alaska	9,750	Vesuvius	Naples	4,260
Zugspitze	Bavaria	9,710	Slide, Catskills	New-York	4,205
			Yunque	Porto Rico	3.670
			Snowdon	Wales	3,571

THE WORLD'S FAIR AT ST. LOUIS.

The Louisiana Purchase Exposition will be opened on April 30, 1904, and will b closed not later than December 1, 1904. The first stake for the location of the Exposi tion buildings was driven on September 3, 1901. Ground was first broken by Pres.den David R. Francis on December 20, 1901, and on September 30, 1902, space was allotte for buildings and exhibits. The fair was dedicated on April 30, May 1 and May 2 1903, President Roosevelt and ex-President Cleveland delivering addresses, and man ceremonies being arranged for. Forty-six foreign countries and colonies will sen exhibits, and most of the States and Territories of the United States have erecte buildings. There are to be fifteen exhibits departments, comprising 144 groups and 80 classes. The United States Government has erected a building at a cost o $450,000 and has appropriated $800,000 for the arrangement of exhibits. In al the national government has given in aid of the Exposition: for general fund $5,000,000; government building, $450,000; exhibits, $800,000; Indian exhibit $40,000; life saving station, $8,000; act authorizing World's Fair, $10,000; Alaska exhibit, $50,000; Philippine Islands exhibit, to be paid from the insular treasury $600,000; Agricultural College exhibit, $100,000; Bureau of Plant Industry exhibit $5,000. Total, $7,063,000. Up to July 15, 1903, the States and Territories hac appropriated $4,482,500. New York voted $350,000 for building and exhibits Pennsylvania, $300,000; Illinois, $262,000; Kansas, $175,000; Indiana and Colorado $150,000 each; California, $130,000; Iowa, $125,000; Connecticut, Louisiana, Mas sachusetts, Minnesota, New-Jersey and Wisconsin, $100,000 each; Missouri $1,000,000. Following is a list of the officers of the Exposition:

OFFICERS OF THE EXPOSITION COMPANY.

President, David R. Francis; first vice-president, Corwin H. Spencer; second vice president, Samuel M. Kennard; third vice-president, Daniel M. Houser; fourth vice president, Cyrus P. Walbridge; fifth vice-president, Seth W. Cobb; sixth vice-presi dent, Charles H. Huttig; seventh vice-president, August Gehner; eighth vice-presi dent, Pierre Chouteau; treasurer, William H. Thompson; secretary, Walter B Stevens; general counsel, Franklin Ferris.

EXECUTIVE DIVISIONS.

Division of Exhibits: Director, Frederick J. V. Skiff. Education, Howard J Rogers, chief. Art, Halsey C. Ives, chief; Charles M. Kurtz, assistant chief Liberal Arts, John A. Ockerson, chief. Manufactures and Varied Industries, Milai H. Hulbert, chief. Machinery, Thomas M. Moore, chief; David P. Jones, consultin engineer. Electricity, W. E. Goldsborough, chief; Thomas A. Edison, honorory chief consulting engineer. Transportation, Willard A. Smith, chief; A. C. Baker assistant chief. Agriculture, Frederick W. Taylor, chief. Horticulture, Frederick W. Taylor, chief. Forestry. Tarleton H. Bean, chief. Mines and Metallurgy, J. A Holmes, chief; David T. Day, honorory chief. Fish and Game, Tarleton H. Bean chief. Anthropology and Ethnology, W. J. McGee, chief. Social Economy, Howarc J. Rogers, chief. Physical Culture, James E. Sullivan, chief. Live Stock, F. D Coburn, chief; Charles F. Mills, secretary. Director of International Congresses Howard J. Rogers. Music, George D. Markham, chief.

Division of Works.—Director, Isaac S. Taylor.

Commission of Architects.—Isaac S. Taylor, chairman; Frederick Widmann Robert N. Walsh, C. D. Boiselier, Howard Walker, Thomas R. Kimball, Henry Var Brunt, Frank M. Howe, William S. Eames, Thomas C. Young, John M. Carrère Thomas Hastings, George D. Barnett, John F. Haynes, Thomas P. Barnett, Theo dore C. Link, Cass Gilbert. Chief of Design, E. L. Masqueray, Chief Draughts man, W. H. H. Weatherwax. Chief Building Engineer, Philip J. Markmann. Chie Electrical and Mechanical Engineer, Henry Rustin. Chief Landscape Architect George E. Kessler. Chief Civil Engineer, R. H. Phillips.

Advisory Committee of Sculptors.—J. Q. A. Ward, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Daniel C. French; Chief of Sculpture, Karl T. F. Bitter.

Department of Mural and Decorative Painting.—Louis J. Millet, chief.

Medical Department.—Director, Leonidas H. Laidley.

Jefferson Guard.—Commandant, Lieutenant-Colonel Edward A. Godwin, 7th United States Cavalry.

NATIONAL COMMISSION.

(U. S. Commissioners appointed by the President of the United States.)

Thomas H. Carter, Montana, president; Martin H. Glynn, New-York, vice president; John M. Thurston, Nebraska; William Lindsay, Kentucky; George W McBride, Oregon; Frederick A. Betts, Connecticut; John M. Allen, Mississippi John F. Miller, Indiana; Philip D. Scott, Arkansas. Joseph Flory, St. Louis secretary.

United States Officials in Charge of Government Exhibits.—J. H. Brigham chairman, Department of Agriculture; William H. Michael, Department of State Walter C. Hills, Treasury Department; Colonel J. B. Brownlow, Postoffice Depart ment; Frank Strong, Department of Justice; Edward M. Dawson, Department of the Interior; B. F. Peters, Navy Department; John C. Scofield, War Department G. W. Hanger, Bureau of Labor Statistics; W. de C. Ravenel, U. S. Fish Commis sion; Williams C. Fox, Bureau of American Republics. W. V. Cox, secretary; W M. Geddes, disbursing officer.

Board of Lady Managers—(Appointed by the United States Government Commission).—President, ——————; ——————; vice-presidents, first, Mrs. Edward L. Bookwalter, Springfield, Ohio; second, Mrs. Finis P. Ernest, Denver, Col.; third, Mrs. Helen Boice-Hunsicker, Philadelphia, Pa.; fourth, Miss Anna L. Dawes, Pittsfield, Mass.; fifth, Mrs. Belle L. Everest, Atchison, Kan.; sixth, Mrs. M. H. De Young, San Francisco, Cal.; seventh, Mrs. Fannie L. Porter, Atlanta, Ga.; eighth, Mrs. Daniel Manning, Washington, D. C. Secretary, Mrs. Frederick M. Hanger, Little Rock, Ark. Treasurer, Mrs. William H. Coleman, Indianapolis, Ind. Miss Helen M. Gould, New-York City; Mrs. Louise E. Frost, Winona, Minn.; Mrs. John M. Holcombe, Hartford, Conn.; Mrs. W. E. Andrews, Hastings, Neb.; Mrs. Jennie Gilmore Knott, Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. Margaret P. Daly, Anaconda, Mont.; Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery, Portland, Ore.; Mrs. John Miller Horton, Buffalo, N Y.; Mrs. A. L. Von Mayhoff, New-York City; Mrs. James Edmund Sullivan, Providence, R. I.; Mrs. Annie McLean Moores, Mount Pleasant, Tex.; Miss Lavinia Egan, Shreveport, La.

Chairmen of State Commissions.—Alabama, E. L. Russell, president, Mobile; Arizona, A. J. Doran, Prescott; Arkansas, George R. Belding, Hot Springs; California, J. A. Filcher, San Francisco; Colorado, James H. Peabody, Denver; Connecticut, Frank L. Wilcox, president, Berlin; Georgia, William H. Venable, Atlanta; Hawaii, W. G. Irwin, Honolulu; Illinois, H. M. Dunlap, Savoy; Indiana, Newton W. Gilbert, Fort Wayne; Indian Territory, F. C. Hubbard, Muscogee; Iowa, William Larrabee, Clermont; Kansas, John C. Carpenter, Chanute; Kentucky, A. Y. Ford, Louisville; Louisiana, William W. Heard, Baton Rouge; Maine, Louis B. Goodal, Sanford; Maryland, L. Victor Baughman, Frederick; Massachusetts, George Harris, Amherst; Michigan, Fred B. Smith, Detroit; Minnesota, Conde Hamlin, St. Paul; Mississippi, A. H. Longino, Jackson; Missouri, M. T. Davis, Aurora; Montana, Lee Mantle, Butte; Nebraska, G. W. Wattles, Omaha; Nevada, John Sparks, Carson City; New-Hampshire, Albert B. Woodworth; New-Jersey, Foster M. Voorhees, Elizabeth; New-Mexico, Charles A. Spiess, Las Vegas; New-York, Edward H. Harriman, New-York; North Dakota, Frank White, Bismarck; Ohio, William F. Burdell, Columbus; Oklahoma, Joseph Meibergen, Enid; Oregon, Jefferson Meyers, Portland; Pennsylvania, S. W. Pennypacker, Harrisburg; Philippine Islands, W. P. Wilson, Commissioner General, Philadelphia; Porto Rico, Gustavo Preston, Boston; Rhode Island, Robert B. Treat, Providence; South Carolina, D. C. Hayward, Columbia; South Dakota, S. W. Russell Deadwood; Tennessee, James B. Frazier, Nashville; Texas, John H. Kirby, Houston; Utah, Heber M. Wells, Salt Lake City; Virginia, G. W. Koiner, Richmond; Washington, A. L. Black, Fairhaven; West Virginia, N. E. Whitaker, Wheeling; Wisconsin, W. D. Hoard, Fort Atchinson; Wyoming, Robert Homer, Laramie City.

THE TRIBUNE FRESH AIR FUND.

Organized in 1877; incorporated in 1888. Its object is to send children of the New-York poor into the country for a summer vacation of two weeks. Hospitable country people receive them, not as boarders, but give them food and lodging and freedom of the country grounds. The fund is dependent upon voluntary contributions. The following table shows the condition of the work from the beginning:

Year.	Number of children sent for two weeks.	Expenditures.	Cost per child.	Number for one day.*	Total number of beneficiaries.
1877	60	$187 62	$3 12	——	60
1878	1,077	2,980 29	2 77	——	1,077
1879	2,400	6,511 54	2 71	——	2,400
1880	2,500	8,519 71	3 55	600	3,100
1881	3,202	8,217 64	2 54	1,000	4,203
1882	5,500	21,325 06	2 35	——	5,500
1883	4,250	14,908 67	3 36	5,700	9,950
1884	6,253	18,756 14	3 00	1,000	7,253
1885	6,650	19,863 95	2 98	6,073	12,723
1886	8,536	24,092 69	2 89	1,600	9,936
1887	7,748	22,783 85	2 94	——	7,748
1888	10,920	25,036 64	2 35	——	10,920
1889	10,352	24,978 29	2 42	——	10,352
1890	11,193	23,804 11	2 12	18,029	29,222
1891	13,568	28,038 28	2 03	22,088	35,656
1892	15,236	27,925 51	1 83	25,560	40,796
1893	13,846	26,620 75	1 92	26,329	40,175
1894	10,171	22,809 60	2 24	28,432	38,603
1895	8,021	19,810 53	2 47	28,924	36,945
1896	10,040	23,948 09	2 35	30,610	40,650
1897	10,285	26,703 30	2 60	31,073	41,358
1898	7,180	18,047 16	2 51	26,915	34,095
1899	8,002	21,368 84	2 67	26,007	34,009
1900	7,431	20,536 48	2 76	26,770	34,201
1901	9,125	27,103 95	2 97	26,611	35,736
1902	9,130	25,230 91	2 77	27,738	36,868
1903	9,180	26,297 41	2.84	25,347	34,584
Totals	211,715	$537,066 41	$2 84	386,406	598,121

*By private gift not included in fund.

NEW-YORK STATE GOVERNMENT.

PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICERS.

(The dates given are those when the terms expire.)

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor	B. B. Odell, jr.	2 years.	January, 1905.	$10,000
Lieutenant-Governor	F. W. Higgins	2 years.	January, 1905.	5,000
Secretary of State	J. F. O'Brien	2 years.	January, 1905.	5,000
[1]Controller	Otto Kelsey	2 years.	January, 1905.	6,000
Treasurer	John G. Wickser	2 years.	January, 1905.	5,000
[2]Attorney-General	John Cunneen	2 years.	January, 1905.	5,000
State Engineer	Edward A. Bond	2 years.	January, 1905.	5,000

Railroad Commissioners (term 5 years, salary $8,000).—Joseph M. Dickey, Feb., 1908; George W. Dunn, March 15, 1907; Frank M. Baker, Jan. 29, 1908.

State Commission in Lunacy (term 6 years).—Frederick Peterson, M. D., $5,000, Dec. 31, 1906; William L. Parkhurst, $5,000, Dec. 31, 1908; Daniel N. Lockwood, $5,000, Dec. 31, 1904.

Superintendent of Prisons (term 5 years, $6,000).—Cornelius V. Collins, April 17, 1908.

Superintendent of Public Works (term expires with Governor's, $6,000).—Charles Spencer Boyd, Dec. 31, 1904.

Labor Commissioner (term 3 years, $3,500).—John McMackin, Dec. 31, 1904.

Superintendent Banking Department (term 3 years, $7,000).—F. D. Kilburn, May 9, 1905.

Adjutant-General (term 2 years, $4,000). —Nelson H. Henry, Dec. 31, 1904.

Major-General (no term).—Charles F. Roe.

Commissioner of Agriculture (term 3 years, $4,000).—Charles A. Wieting, April 29, 1905.

Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner (term 5 years, $5,000).—Dewitt C. Middleton, March 21, 1905.

Excise Commissioner (term 5 years, $5,000).—Patrick W. Cullinan, April 1, 1903.

Board of Mediation and Arbitration.—John McMackin, John Williams, John Lundrigan.

Civil Service Commissioners (no term, $3,000).—Charles F. Milliken, Cuthbert W. Pound, John B. Kraft.

Board of Charities (term 8 years, no salary).—William R. Stewart, March 23, 1905; Anne G. De Peyster, May 28, 1905; Dennis McCarthy, March 23, 1907; Newton Aldrich, March 23, 1910; John Notman, Jan. 17, 1907; Simon W. Rosendale, March 23, 1911; William H. Gratwick, March 23, 1900; Enoch V. Stoddard, March 28, 1908; Stephen Smith, May 28, 1905; Michael J. Scanlan, March 25, 1906; Augustus Floyd, Jan. 27, 1904; Ralph W. Thomas, March 23, 1906.

Regents of the University (term life, no salary).—William Croswell Doane, chancellor; Whitelaw Reid, vice-chancellor; Chauncey M. Depew, Charles E. Fitch, William H. Watson, Henry E. Turner, St. Clair McKelway, Daniel Beach, Pliny T. Sexton, T. Guilford Smith, Lewis A. Stimson, A. Vander Veer, Chester S. Lord, Thomas A. Hendrick, Robert C. Pruyn, William Nottingham, Charles A. Gardiner, Charles S. Francis; secretary, James Russell Parsons; ex-officio, Governor Odell, Lieutenant-Governor Higgins, Secretary of State O'Brien and Superintendent Skinner.

State Architect.—George Lewis Heins, $7,500. No term set.

Canal Board. — Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, State Controller, State Treasurer, Attorney-General, State Engineer, Superintendent of Public Works.

Land Commissioners.—Lieutenant-Governor, Speaker of Assembly, Secretary of State, State Controller, State Treasurer, Attorney-General, State Engineer.

Judges of Court of Claims (term 6 years, $5,000).—J. Adolph Rodenbeck, Dec. 31, 1903; Gilbert D. B. Hasbrouck, Dec. 31, 1903; Theodore H. Swift, Dec. 31, 1905.

Superintendent of Public Buildings.—Robert J. Hill, Newburg, $5,000.

Niagara Reservation Commission.—Alexander J. Porter, Niagara Falls; Thomas P. Kingsford, Oswego; Charles M. Dow, Jamestown; George Raines, Rochester. All terms expire May 11, 1908.

Health Officer of New-York.—Dr. Alvah H. Doty, $12,500 and fees, Jan. 4, 1907.

Commissioner of Health.—Dr. Daniel Lewis, New-York City, $3,500, Dec. 31, 1904.

State Tax Commission (term 3 years, $5,000).—George E. Priest, Ithaca, Dec. 31, 1904; J. Edgar Leaycraft, New-York City, Dec. 31, 1903; Lester F. Stearns, Dunkirk, Dec. 31, 1905.

Quarantine Commission.—Charles H. Murray, May 23, 1904; Joseph Simonson, April 18, 1904; Frederick H. Schroeder, May 23, 1904; salary, $2,500 each.

State Historian.—Hugh Hastings, $4,500, April 25, 1907.

Miscellaneous Reporter. — Robert G. Scherer, $4,500, July 1, 1907.

Gas Meter Inspector.—Jastrow Alexander, $5,000, Feb. 1, 1904.

Superintendent of Elections. — George Wilson Morgan, Manhattan, $5,000, Dec. 31, 1906.

Superintendent of Public Instruction (term 3 years, $5,000).—Charles R. Skinner, April 6, 1904.

State Fair Commission. — Lieutenant-Governor Higgins, Charles A. Wieting, Commissioner of Agriculture; Abraham E. Perren, Augustus Denniston, De Forest Settle, Elliot B. Norris, George I. Wilber, Samuel D. Willard, James H. Durkee, George A. Smith, Milo H. Olin.

Superintendent of Insurance (term 3

[1]Appointed November 12 to succeed Nathan L. Miller, resigned. [2]Elected as a Democrat. All others Republicans.

years, $7,000).—Francis Hendricks, Feb. 11, 1906.

State Commission of Prisons.—John P. Jaeckel, president, Dec. 31, 1904; Cornelius V. Collins, Dec. 31, 1907; John G. Wickser, Dec. 31, 1904; president's salary, $2,500; other Commissioners, no salaries.

THE JUDICIARY OF NEW-YORK STATE.

The Court of Appeals.

Judges.	Residences.	Counties.	Sal'r's.	Politics.	Terms Exp.
Alton B. Parker, Chief Judge	Kingston ...	Ulster.....	$14,200	Dem ..	Dec. 31, 1911
Albert Haight, Asso'te Judge	Buffalo	Erie.....	13,700	Rep ...	" 31, 1908
John Clinton Gray, "	New-York ..	New-York...	13,700	Dem ..	" 31, 1913
Irving G. Vann, "	Syracuse ...	Onondaga....	13,700	Rep ...	" 31, 1910
Edward T. Bartlett, "	New-York ..	New-York...	13,700	Rep ...	" 31, 1907
Denis O'Brien, "	Watertown .	Jefferson.....	13,700	Dem ..	" 31, 1907
Celora E. Martin, "	Binghamton .	Broome.....	13,700	Rep ...	" 31, 1904
*Edgar M. Cullen, "	Brooklyn ...	Kings.....	13,700	Dem ..	" 31, 1908
*William E. Werner, "	Rochester ..	Monroe.....	13,700	Rep ...	" 31, 1908

*Supreme Court Judges, sitting in the Court of Appeals by designation of the Governor.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court.

Department.	Justices.	Residences.	Pol.	Desig. ends.
1st. The county of New-York.	Charles H. Van Brunt..	New York..	Dem .	Dec. 31, 1905
	Edward Patterson.....	" ..	Dem..	" 31, 1905
	Morgan J. O'Brien.....	" ..	Dem..	" 31, 1905
	George L. Ingraham....	" ..	Dem..	" 31, 1911
	Chester B. McLaughlin.	Port Henry.	Rep ..	" 31, 1907
	Frank C Laughlin.....	Buffalo.....	Rep ..	May 5, 1906
	Edward W. Hatch.....	Buffalo	Rep ..	Apr. 16, 1905
2d. The counties of Kings, Queens, Nassau, Richmond, Suffolk, Rockland, Westchester, Putnam, Orange, Dutchess.	Willard Bartlett.....	Brooklyn ..	Dem..	Dec. 31, 1907
	John Woodward.....	Jamestown.	Rep ..	" 31, 1907
	Michael H. Hirschberg..	Newburg ..	Rep ..	Jan. 4, 1905
	Almet F. Jenks.....	Brooklyn ..	Dem..	Apr. 4, 1905
	Warren B. Hooker....	Fredonia...	Rep ..	No trm. nmd
3d. The counties of Sullivan, Ulster, Greene, Columbia, Schoharie, Albany, Rensselaer, Fulton, Schenectady, Montgomery, Saratoga, Washington, Warren, Hamilton, Essex, Clinton, Franklin, St. Lawrence, Delaware, Otsego, Broome, Chenango, Madison, Cortland, Tioga, Tompkins, Schuyler, Chemung.	Charles E. Parker.....	Owego.....	Rep ..	Dec. 31, 1906
	Emory A. Chase.....	Catskill....	Rep ..	Jan. 3, 1906
	Walter Lloyd Smith.....	Elmira	Rep ..	Dec. 31, 1907
	Edgar L. Fursman.....	Troy.....	Dem..	" 31, 1903
	Alden Chester.....	Albany.....	Rep ..	Nov. 11, 1907
	James W. Houghton...	Saratoga S	Rep ..	Sept. 10, 1908
4th. The counties of Herkimer, Oneida, Lewis, Jefferson, Oswego, Onondaga, Cayuga, Seneca, Wayne, Ontario, Yates, Steuben, Livingston, Monroe, Allegany, Wyoming, Genesee, Orleans, Niagara, Erie, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua.	Peter B. McLennan....	Syracuse ..	Rep ..	Dec. 31, 1906
	Alfred Spring.....	Frank'nville	Rep ..	Jan. 9, 1909
	Pardon C. Williams.....	Watertown..	Rep ..	Jan. 9, 1905
	Frank H. Hiscock.....	Syracuse...	Rep ..	Oct. 1, 1906
	Martin L. Stover.....	Amsterdam.	Rep ..	Dec. 31, 1905

Justices of the Supreme Court.

The salaries of Justices of the Supreme Court are: First and Second Districts, $17,500; remaining Districts, $7,200; but non-resident Justices, sitting in the Appellate Divisions of the First and Second Departments, receive the same compensation as the Justices in those Departments; if assigned to duty in the First and Second Districts, other than in the Appellate Division, their additional compensation is $10 per day.

Districts.	Justices.	Residences.	Pol.	Terms Exp.
1st. The city and county of New-York.	George C. Barrett.....	New York..	Dem .	Dec. 31, 1908
	Edward Patterson.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1909
	Samuel Greenbaum.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1915
	Morgan J. O'Brien.....	" ..	Dem..	" 31, 1915
	George L. Ingraham....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1905
	Francis M. Scott.....	" ..	Dem..	" 31, 1911
	Charles H. Van Brunt..	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1905
	Charles H. Truax.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1909
	James A. Blanchard....	" ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1915
	Charles F. MacLean....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1909
	Vernon M. Davis.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31 1916
	Philip H. Dugro.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1914
	*John J. Freedman.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1904
	Edward E. McCall.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1916

JUDICIARY OF NEW-YORK STATE—(Continued).

Districts.	Justices.	Residences.	Pol.	Terms Exp.
	Eli. A. Gildersleeve.....	" ..	Dem..	Dec. 31, 1905
	James Fitzgerald.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1912
	James A. O'Gorman.....	" ..	Dem..	" 31, 1913
	†Henry Bischoff, jr.....	" ..	Dem..	" 31, 1917
	David Leventritt.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1912
	†Leonard A. Giegerich..	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1906
	Edward B. Amend.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1916
	John Proctor Clarke.....	" ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1915
2d. Kings, Queens, Nassau, Richmond, Suffolk, Rockland, Westchester, Putnam, Orange and Dutchess counties.	William J. Gaynor.....	Brooklyn ..	Dem .	" 31, 1907
	‡Edgar M. Cullen.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1908
	Willard Bartlett.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1911
	Martin J. Keogh.....	N. Rochelle	Dem .	" 31, 1909
	William D. Dickey.....	Brooklyn ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
	Wilmot M. Smith.....	Patchogue ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
	Josiah T. Marean.....	Brooklyn ..	Dem .	" 31, 1912
	Almet F. Jenks.....	" ..	Dem .	" 31, 1912
	Garret J. Garretson.....	Flushing ...	Rep ..	" 31, 1910
	William J. Kelly.....	Brooklyn ..	Dem..	" 31, 1917
	Michael H. Hirschberg..	Newburg ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1910
	Samuel T. Maddox.....	Brooklyn ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1910
3d. Columbia, Rensselaer, Sullivan, Ulster, Albany, Greene and Schoharie counties.	D. Cady Herrick.....	Albany	Dem .	Dec. 31, 1905
	Wesley O. Howard.....	Troy	Rep ..	" 31, 1916
	A. V. S. Cochrane.....	Hudson	Rep ..	" 31, 1915
	Alden Chester.....	Albany	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
	Emory A. Chase.....	Catskill	Rep ..	" 31, 1910
	James A. Betts.....	Kingston ..	Dem .	" 31, 1912
4th. Warren, Saratoga, St. Lawrence, Washington, Essex, Franklin, Clinton, Montgomery, Hamilton, Fulton and Schenectady counties.	John M. Kellogg.....	Ogdensburg	Rep ..	" 31, 1917
	Edgar A. Spencer.....	Gloversville	Rep ..	" 31, 1915
	James W. Houghton....	Saratoga S.	Rep ..	" 31, 1914
	Martin L. Stover.....	Amsterdam.	Rep ..	" 31, 1905
	Henry T. Kellogg.....	Plattsburg .	Rep ..	" 31, 1917
	Chester B. McLaughlin.	Port Henry.	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
5th. Onondaga, Jefferson, Oneida, Oswego, Herkimer and Lewis counties.	William S. Andrews....	Syracuse ...	Rep ..	" 31, 1913
	Watson M. Rogers.....	Watertown.	Rep ..	" 31, 1914
	Maurice L. Wright.....	Oswego	Rep ..	" 31, 1905
	Frank H. Hiscock.....	Syracuse ...	Rep ..	" 31, 1910
	Pardon C. Williams.....	Watertown.	Rep ..	" 31, 1911
	Peter B. McLennan.....	Syracuse ...	Rep ..	" 31, 1906
	William E. Scripture....	Rome	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
6th. Otsego, Delaware, Madison, Chenango, Tompkins, Broome, Chemung, Schuyler, Tioga and Cortland counties.	Charles E. Parker.....	Owego	Rep ..	" 31, 1906
	Albert H. Sewell.....	Walton	Rep ..	" 31, 1913
	Nathan L. Miller.....	Oneonta	Rep ..	" 31, 1904
	Gerrit A. Forbes.....	Canastota ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1906
	Walter Lloyd Smith.....	Elmira	Rep ..	" 31, 1916
	George F. Lyon.....	Binghamton	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
7th. Livingston, Ontario, Wayne, Yates, Steuben, Seneca, Cayuga and Monroe counties.	James A. Robson.....	Canandaig'a	Rep ..	" 31, 1904
	Adelbert P. Rich.....	Auburn	Rep ..	" 31, 1914
	‡William E. Werner....	Rochester ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1908
	John F. Parkhurst.....	Bath	Rep ..	" 31, 1913
	John M. Davy.....	Rochester ..	Rep ..	" 31, 19 6
	Edwin A. Nash.....	Avon	Rep ..	" 31, 1906
	James W. Dunwell.....	Lyons	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
8th. Erie, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Orleans, Niagara, Genesee, Allegany and Wyoming counties.	John S. Lambert.....	Fredonia ...	Rep ..	" 31, 1917
	Warren B. Hooker.....	" ..	Rep ..	" 31, 1913
	Daniel J. Kenefick.....	Buffalo	Rep ..	" 31, 1913
	Henry A. Childs.....	Medina	Rep ..	" 31, 1906
	Edward W. Hatch.....	Buffalo	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
	Alfred Spring.....	Frank'nville	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
	Frank C. Laughlin.....	Buffalo	Rep ..	" 31, 1909
	Truman C. White.....	"	Rep ..	" 31, 1910
	Frederick W. Kruse....	Olean	Rep ..	" 31, 1914
	John Woodward.....	Jamestown..	Rep ..	" 31, 1910

*Judges of the former New-York City Superior Court. †Judges of the former New-York Court of Common Pleas. All of limited jurisdiction. ‡Assigned to Court of Appeals by Governor.

NEW-YORK STATE SENATE, 1903-'04.

FRANK W. HIGGINS, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate, Olean.
JAMES S. WHIPPLE, Clerk, Salamanca.

Dist.	Name.	Address.
1	Edwin Bailey, jr. (D.),	Patchogue.
2	Luke A. Keenan (D.),	L. I. City.
3	Thomas H. Cullen (D.),	Brooklyn.
4	Thomas C. Whitlock (D.),	Brooklyn.
5	James Henry McCabe (D.),	Brooklyn.
6	Walter C. Burton (D.),	Brooklyn.
7	Patrick H. McCarren (D.),	Brooklyn.
8	Henry Marshall (R.),	Brooklyn.
9	Joseph Wagner (D.),	New-York.
10	Daniel J. Riordan (D.),	New-York.
11	John C. Fitzgerald (D.),	New-York.
12	Samuel J. Foley (D.),	New-York.

NEW-YORK STATE SENATE—(Continued).

Dist.	Name.	Address.
13	Bernard F. Martin (D.)	New-York.
14	Thomas F. Grady (D.)	New-York.
15	Nathaniel A. Elsberg (R.)	New-York.
16	Patrick F. Trainor (D.)	New-York.
17	George W. Plunkitt (D.)	New-York.
18	Victor J. Dowling (D.)	New-York.
19	John W. Russell (D.)	New-York.
20	James J. Frawley (D.)	New-York.
21	John A. Hawkins (D.)	New-York.
22	*Francis M. Carpenter (R.)	Mt. Kisco.
23	Louis F. Goodsell (R.)	Highland Falls.
24	Henry S. Ambler (R.)	Chatham.
25	Frank J. Lefevre (R.)	New-Paltz.
26	Jotham P. Allds (R.)	Norwich.
27	Spencer K. Warnick (R.)	Amsterdam.
28	Edgar T. Brackett (R.)	Saratoga Spgs.
29	James B. McEwan (R.)	Albany.
30	William D. Barnes (R.)	Brainard's.
31	Spencer G. Prime (R.)	Upper Jay.
32	George R. Malby (R.)	Ogdensburg.
33	Walter L. Brown (R.)	Oneonta.
34	William Townsend (D.)	Utica.
35	Elon Rouse Brown (R.)	Watertown.
36	Horace White (R.)	Syracuse.
37	Francis H. Gates (R.)	Chittenango.
38	Geo. Edward Green (R.)	Binghamton.
39	Benj. Martin Wilcox (R.)	Auburn.
40	Edwin C. Stewart (R.)	Ithaca.
41	F. D. Sherwood (R.)	Hornellsville.
42	John Raines (R.)	Canandaigua.
43	Merton E. Lewis (R.)	Rochester.
44	Wm. W. Armstrong (R.)	Rochester.
45	Irving L'Hommedieu (R.)	Medina.
46	Frederick C. Stevens (R.)	Attica.
47	Henry Wayland Hill (R.)	Buffalo.
48	Samuel J. Ramsperger (R.)	Buffalo.
49	George Allen Davis (R.)	Buffalo.
50	Albert T. Fancher (R.)	Salamanca.

Republicans, 29; Democrats, 21; total, 50.

NEW YORK STATE ASSEMBLY OF 1904.

Republicans, 97; Democrats, 52; Republican majority, 45; vacant, 1.

ALBANY.

1. [1]Charles W. Mead (R.).Albany.
2. [1]Abram S. Coon (R.)..Albany.
3. Ellsworth Carr (R.)....Albany.
4. [1]Wm. J. Grattan (R.)..Cohoes.

ALLEGANY.

[1]Jesse S. Philipps (R.)..Andover.

BROOME.

1.[1]James T. Rogers (R.)...Binghamton.
2. [1]Fred. E. Allen (R.).. Whitney's Pt.

CATTARAUGUS.

1. [1]Theodore Hayden (R.)..Sandusky.
2. [1]Jas. C. Sheldon (R.)....Randolph.

CAYUGA.

1. Jud'n W. Hopeman (R.).Meridian.
2. [1]Chas. J. Hewitt (R.)..Locke.

CHAUTAUQUA.

1. Arthur C. Wade (R.)...Jamestown.
2. [1]S. Fred Nixon (R.)....Westfield.

CHEMUNG.

[1]Sherman Moreland (R.).Van Etten.

CHENANGO.

[1]Edgar A. Pearsall (R.).Oxford.

CLINTON.

[1]H. Wallace Knapp (R.).Moers.

COLUMBIA.

[1]Edgar W. Scovill (R.)..Hudson.

CORTLAND.

[1]Hy. A. Dickinson (R.).Cortland.

DELAWARE.

[1]James R. Cowan (R.)..Hobart.

DUTCHESS.

1. [1]John T. Smith (R.)....Fishkill.
2. Robt. W. Chanler (D.)..Red Hook.

ERIE.

1. Chas. J. Quinn (D.)....Buffalo.
2. [1]Robt. Lynn Cox (R.)...Buffalo.
3. [1]Anth. F. Burke (D.)...Buffalo.
4. [1]Chas. V. Lynch (D.)..Buffalo.
5. Chas. F. Brooks (R.)..Buffalo.
6. [1]George Ruehl (R.).....Buffalo.
7. [1]Jno. K. Patton (R.)..Tonawanda.
8. [1]Elijah Cook (R.).....Hamburg.

ESSEX.

[1]Jas. McK. Graeff (R.).Westport.

FRANKLIN.

Chas. R. Matthews (R.).Bombay.

FULTON AND HAMILTON.

Frank C. Wood (R.)..Gloversville.

GENESEE.

[1]S. Percy Hooker (R.).Le Roy.

GREENE.

[1]Chas. E. Nichols (R.)..Catskill.

HERKIMER.

Abram B. Steele (R.).Herkimer.

JEFFERSON.

1. [1]Wm. A. Dennison (R.). Ellisburg.
2. [1]J. Frank La Rue (R.)..Philadelphia.

KINGS.

1. Thomas O'Neil (R.)....Brooklyn.
2. [1]John McKeown (D.)...Brooklyn.
3. Thos. P. Reilly (D.)....Brooklyn.
4. [1]J. E. Bullwinkel (D.)..Brooklyn.
5. [1]F. C. Metcalfe (D.)....Brooklyn.
6. [1]Frank J. Ulrich (D.)..Brooklyn.
7. [1]William Keegan (D.)...Brooklyn.
8. [1]John C. L. Daly (D.)..Brooklyn.
9. [1]James J. Kehoe (D.)..Brooklyn.
10. Frank Cothren (R.)....Brooklyn.
11. [1]Wm. S. Shanahan (D.).Brooklyn.
12. Oscar F. Thonet (R.)...Brooklyn.
13. [1]Thos. F. Matthews (D.).Brooklyn.
14. [1]John B. Ferre (D.)....Brooklyn.
15. [1]Harry H. Dale (D.)...Brooklyn.
16. Richard C. Perry (R.)..Brooklyn.
17. [1]Edw. C. Dowling (R.).Brooklyn.
18. [1]Jacob D. Remsen (R.).Brooklyn.
19. [1]John Wolf (D.).....Brooklyn.
20. [1]Louis J. Zettler (D.)...Brooklyn.
21. [1]Edwd. A. Miller (D.)..Brooklyn.

LEWIS.

Hu'ph'y E. Slocum (R.).Beaver Falls.

LIVINGSTON.

Wm. Y. Robinson (R.)..Nunda.

*Elected Nov. 3, 1903, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Charles P. McClelland (D.).

MADISON.

Robert J. Fish (R.).....Oneida.

MONROE.

1. [1]Martin Davis (R.).....RochesterJune.
2. Charles E. Ogden (R.)..Rochester.
3. Charles E. Callahan (R.).Rochester.
4. [1]John Pallace, jr. (D.).Brookport.

MONTGOMERY.

Wm. B. Charles (R.)....Amsterdam.

NEW-YORK.

1. Thos. E. Coughlin (D.).New-York.
2. Albert E. Smith (D.)...New-York.
3. Anthony J. Barrett (D.).New-York.
4. [1]Wm. H. Burns (D.)...New-York.
5. [1]Edwd. R. Finch (R.)..New-York.
6. Charles Anderson (D.)..New-York.
7. [1]Peter H. Sherry (D.)..New-York.
8. B. E. Siegelstein (D.)..New-York.
9. Patrick H. Bird (D.)....New-York.
10. William Sohmer (D.)...New-York.
11. [1]Hugh Dolan (D.).....New-York.
12. [1]Edwd. Rosenstein (D.).New-York.
13. [1]John C. Hackett (D.)..New-York.
14. Albert E. Wiegand (D.).New-York.
15. [1]T. J. McManus (D.)...New-York.
16. [1]Samuel Prince (D.)....New-York.
17. [1]John C. Curry (D.)....New-York.
18. [1]George P. Richter (D.).New-York.
19. [1]Chas. F. Bostwick (R.).New-York.
20. P. F. Fitzsimmons (D.).New-York.
21. Joseph H. Adams (R.)..New-York.
22. [1]Wm. H. Hornidge (D.).New-York.
23. Josiah T. Newcomb (R.).New-York.
24. John S. Carew (D.).....New-York.
25. Ez a K. Prentice (R.)..New-York.
26. Charles Leopold (D.)...New-York.
27. [1]George B. Agnew (R.).New-York.
28. Emmanuel S. Cahn (D.).New-York.
29. Frdk. E. Perham (R.)..New-York.
30. [1]G. A. Litthauer (D.)...New-York.
31. Ernest H. Wallace (R.).New-York.
32. Julius Brosin (D.).....New-York.
33. [1]James O. Farrell (D.)..New-York.
34. [1]Wm. J. Ellis (D.).....New-York.
35. [1]Peter J. Everett (D.)...New-York.

NIAGARA.

1. George F. Thompson(R.)Middleport.
2. [1]John H. Leggett (R.)..Niagara Falls.

ONEIDA.

1. [1]Thos. A. Mortimer (D.).Utica.
2. Jay H. Pratt (R.).....Verona.
3. [1]John C. Evans (R.)....Rome.

ONONDAGA.

1. Frank X. Wood (R.)....Navarino.
2. Edwd. Schoeneck (R.)..Syracuse.
3. [1]Martin L. Cadin (R.)..Syracuse.
4. [1]F. W. Hammond (R..Syracuse.

ONTARIO.

[1]Jean L. Burnett (R.)..Canandaigua.

ORANGE.

1. [1]John Orr (R.).....Orr's Mills.
2. [1]Louis Bedell (R.).....Goshen.

ORLEANS.

[1]Chas. S. Bridgman (R.).Kendall.

OSWEGO.

1. Thomas D. Lewis (R....Fulton.
2. Fred. G. Whitney (R.)..Pulaski.

OTSEGO.

[1]John B. Conkling (R.).Cooperstown.

PUTNAM.

[1]John R. Yale (R.)....Brewster.

QUEENS.

1. [1]Joseph Sullivan (D.)....Corona.
2. Wm. A. DeGroot (R.)...Richmond Hil
3. William W. Cocks (R)...Old Westbury.

RENSSELAER.

1. Frank L. Stevens (R.)..Hoosick Falls.
2. W. V. Dohovan (D.)....Troy.
3. Calvin A. Gardner (R.).So. Schodack.

RICHMOND.

George Bechtel (D.). ..Stapleton.

ROCKLAND.

Matthew Hurd (R.)....Stony Point.

ST. LAWRENCE.

1. [1]Charles S. Plank (R.)..Waddington.
2. [1]E. A. Merritt, jr. (R.).Potsdam.

SARATOGA.

[1]Geo. H. Whitney (R.).Mechanicville

SCHENECTADY.

[1]Wm. W. Wemple (R.)..Schenectady.

SCHOHARIE.

[1]George M. Palmer (D.).Cobleskill.

SCHUYLER.

[1]Olin T. Nye (R.).....Watkins.

SENECA.

John F. Crosby (R.)....Seneca Falls.

STEUBEN.

1. [1]Frank C. Platt (R.)....Painted Post.
2. J. E. B. Santee (R.)....Hornellsville.

SUFFOLK.

1. [1]Willis A. Reeve (R.)...Patchogue.
2. [1]Orlando Hubbs (R.)....Central Islip.

SULLIVAN.

[1]John F. Simpson (R.)..Hurleyville.

TIOGA.

[1]Edwin S. Hanford (R.).Waverly.

TOMPKINS.

[1]George E. Monroe (R.).Dryden.

ULSTER.

1. [1]Chas. T. Coutant (R.)..Kingston.
2. W. T. Cunningham (R.).Ellenville.

WARREN.

[1]Loyal L. Davis (R.)....Glens Falls.

[2]WASHINGTON.

WAYNE

[1]Addison P. Smith (R.).Savannah.

WESTCHESTER.

1. [1]George N. Rigby (R.)..Yonkers.
2. [1]J. M. Wainwright (R.).Rye.
1. [1]James K. Apgar (R.)..Peekskill.

WYOMING.

Elmer E. Charles (R.)..Warsaw.

YATES.

[1]Cyrus C. Harvey (R.). Dundee.

[1]Renominated. [2]William H. Hughes (R.), re-elected Nov. 3, 1903, committed suicide after election. Vacancy filled at special election Dec. 29, 1903.

LEGISLATION OF 1903.

Following is a summary of the most important laws passed by the New-York Legislature in 1903:

Tax Rate and Appropriations.

The legislature imposed a tax rate of thirteen-hundredths of a mill for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1903, for the purpose of making an annual contribution to the Canal Debt Sinking Fund required by the constitution. This State tax of thirteen-hundredths of a mill, on a valuation of the property within the State subject to taxation of $5,854,500,121, amounted to the sum of $761,085 02. The total of all appropriation acts sent to Governor Odell by the legislature of 1903 was $25,652,061 70. The Governor disapproved of items of direct appropriation amounting to $2,057,913 93, and disallowed reappropriated items amounting to $96,705 28, making the gross amount of disapproved items $2,154,619 21, and leaving the total net appropriations $23,497,442 49. Indirect taxes mainly met the appropriations made by the legislature and rendered unnecessary the imposition of any direct tax other than that already referred to, amounting to $761,085 02. An amendment made to the Liquor Tax law by which the taxes imposed by that law were increased 50 per cent and the State's proportion of the amount collected was increased, it was estimated, would increase the State's revenue from that source $5,000,000. Another indirect taxation law passed by the legislature of 1903 imposed a tax upon the heirs of persons owning real estate of more than $10,000 in value. It was estimated that this act would bring $500,000 into the State treasury.

Increase of Indirect Taxation.

Chapter 115 of the Laws of 1903, increasing the liquor taxes 50 per cent, increased the taxation of each liquor store in the Borough of Manhattan, New-York, from $800 to $1,200; in the Borough of Brooklyn from $650 to $975; in cities and boroughs having a population of less than 500,000, but more than 50,000, from $500 to $750, and in cities and villages having a population of less than 50,000, but more than 10,000, from $350 to $525. The law was also changed so as to give the State one-half instead of one-third of the revenues resulting from the taxation of the traffic in liquors.

Chapter 41 amends the taxation laws by providing that if real or personal property of the value of $10,000 is transferred by the death of its owner the persons to whom it comes shall pay a tax of 1 per cent upon the market value of the property.

One Hundred Millions for Canals.

The chief legislative measure of the year 1903, other than those already referred to, was an act submitting to the people at the November election a law to expend $101,000,000 in the improvement of the Erie Canal, the Champlain Canal and the Oswego Canal by enlarging them so as to permit of their being navigated by barges of 1,000 tons capacity. The act provided for the issuing of bonds of the State to the amount of $101,000,000 if a majority of the people should vote affirmatively upon the law.

General Enactments.

Under Chapter 486 the State Commissioner of Excise may, upon the request of the district attorney of any county, designate an attorney to act with or for or in the place of the district attorney in the trial of any person charged with a violation of the Liquor Tax law.

Chapter 632 authorized the Governor to appoint a board of barber examiners, and declared that no person should hereafter practise the occupation of a barber unless such person should have first received a certificate of qualification from the board of examiners.

Chapter 141 provided that at the request of the presiding justice of any judicial department the presiding justice of any of the other departments of the State may consent to the assignment from among the trial justices of any judicial district in his department of such justices as in his opinion may be spared from said district to hold trial or special terms in the department whence the request may come.

Chapter 283 authorizes any councils of the Knights of Columbus to form a corporation for the construction of a hall or to create and maintain a library.

Chapter 544 appropriates $245,000 to pay judgments made by the Court of Claims on account of the canals of the State.

Chapter 350 permits of the investment of the common school and literature funds of the State in the judgments or awards of the Court of Claims.

Chapter 326 makes criminal the action of a junk dealer who receives wire or cable belonging to a railroad without ascertaining that the person who makes the sale has a legal right to do so.

Chapter 308 made it unlawful after July 1, 1903, to buy or sell old metal without obtaining a license so to do from the mayor of the city or the president of the village in which the business was to be transacted.

Chapter 333 makes it a misdemeanor to give any information to the inmate of a State prison or jail unless with the consent of the officials having charge of these institutions.

Chapter 619 provides that manufacturers of thread shall put upon every spool of thread a label designating its weight in pounds and ounces and length in yards, under penalty, if convicted, of a forfeit of $20 for each spool sold without such label.

Chapter 526 says the extent of the examination of a witness in proceedings brought by the executor of a will shall be in the discretion of a surrogate.

Chapter 521 provides that no justice of a town adjoining an incorporated city shall have jurisdiction of any action brought against a resident of such adjoining city unless one of the parties plaintiff in such action is a resident of such town.

Chapter 367 says that when the estate of an intestate is distributed, if there be no widow and no children and no representatives of a child, the whole surplus shall be distributed to all the brothers and sisters of the intestate if they be living, or, if any of them be living and any be dead, to the brothers and sisters living and the descendants in whatever degree of those dead.

Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

Chapter 546 appropriated $200,000, and reappropriated $100,000, for the State's exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis and the construction of the State building at the same exposition.

Chapter 189 appropriated $50,000 for the transportation of soldiers of the State to St. Louis who were to be in attendance at the ceremonies attending the dedication of the buildings of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

Chapter 638 provides that no hospital, camp or other establishment for the treatment of patients suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis shall be established in any town unless the board of supervisors of the county and the town board of the town shall each adopt a resolution authorizing the establishment thereof.

Chapter 628 legalized the acts of notaries public performed since March, 1902, so far as such acts might be affected by change of residence.

Chapter 623 amends Section 6 of Chapter 319 of the Laws of 1848, "An act for the incorporation of benevolent, charitable, scientific and missionary societies," by providing that any corporation formed under that act may receive property bequeathed to it, provided that no person leaving a wife or child or parent shall devise or bequeath to such institution or corporation more than one-half of his or her estate.

Chapter 540 appropriates $870,000 for the construction of buildings and repairs at the State hospitals for the insane.

Chapter 950 amends the Navigation law generally, one of the amendments providing that State inspectors shall examine the boilers of all steam vessels carrying passengers or freight for hire before they shall be used.

Chapter 473 provides that all purchases for the use of the State charitable institutions shall be made for cash or on credit or time not exceeding thirty days.

Chapter 468 says that "no person, corporation or municipality shall place or cause to be placed, or discharge or cause to be discharged, into any of the waters of this State, unless the same shall have been permitted by the State Commissioner of Health, any sewage" from any shop.

Chapter 863 provides that in all buildings owned by the State the plans for water supply and sewage disposal shall be subject to the approval of the State Commissioner of Health.

Chapter 370 authorizes the courts to appoint successors to executors of wills where these persons die or become insane.

Chapter 368 gives committees the right to apply for the release of an inchoate right of dower in certain cases.

Chapter 293 authorized the Board of Regents to appoint a board of five examiners of persons seeking a certificate of his or her qualifications to practise as a registered nurse.

Chapter 221 authorizes the State Commission in Lunacy to appoint a medical inspector for the purpose of having him visit and inspect the several State hospitals for the insane and other institutions for the insane subject to the inspection of the Commission.

Chapter 85 provides that the decision of the court or the report of a referee upon the trial of whole issues of fact must state separately the facts found and the conclusions of law.

Chapter 576 authorized the Governor to appoint a commission to investigate the condition of the adult blind in the State.

Chapter 289 authorizes the courts, in the case of any educational corporation whose dissolution has been decreed by the Regents, and upon the application of the trustees of such corporation, to appoint a receiver for the property.

Chapter 272 makes guilty of a misdemeanor any person convicted of mutilating any flag of the United States.

Classification of Charities Employes.

Chapter 239 provides that the State Controller and the president of the State Board of Charities shall from time to time classify into grades the officers and employes of the various charitable and reformatory institutions required by law to report to the Fiscal Supervisor, and in the month of September of each year recommend to the Governor such changes in the salaries or wages of such officers and employes for the ensuing fiscal year as may seem proper.

Chapter 238 provides that the execution of a judgment for the recovery of money only shall not be stayed without security for more than thirty days after the service upon the attorney for the appellant of a copy of the judgment.

Chapter 137 provides that a sentence of imprisonment in a State prison for a definite, fixed period of time is a definite sentence, and that a sentence to imprisonment in a State prison having minimum and maximum limits fixed by a court is an indeterminate sentence.

Chapter 96 authorizes the burial of the widow of any soldier of the United States, married to him previous to 1890, at the expense of a county, the expense not to exceed $35.

Chapter 62 makes eligible for instruction as a State pupil in one of the deaf and dumb institutions of the State any deaf and dumb person over twelve years of age who has been a resident of this State for one year.

Chapter 568 appropriates the sum of $3,000 toward the erection of a monument to Brevet Major General George Sears Greene, deceased, on the battlefield of Gettysburg.

Chapter 494 provides that it shall be a misdemeanor for any person to distribute "trial samples" of any medicine in a letter box or in any other manner that children may become possessed of the same.

Chapter 488 says that the interlocutory judgment in a suit for divorce may, in the discretion of the court, provide for the payment of alimony until the entry of final judgment.

Chapter 461 provides that where a judgment has been recovered wholly for necessaries sold, and where an execution has been returned wholly or partly unsatisfied, the judgment creditor may apply to the court in which said judgment was recovered, and upon satisfactory proof of such facts by affidavit the court must grant an order directing that an execution issue against the profits of such judgment debtor.

Portraits as Advertisements.

Chapter 132 makes it a misdemeanor to use for advertising purposes the name, portrait or picture of any living person without having first obtained the written consent of such person.

Chapter 328 authorizes the officers of savings banks to invest the funds of these institutions in the bonds of any town or village in the State.

Chapter 225 provides that the child of a marriage which is annulled on the ground that one or both of the parties had not attained the age of legal consent is deemed for all purposes the legitimate child of both parents.

Chapter 216 declares that a justice of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court shall not be disqualified from taking part in the decision of an action in which an insurance company is a party by reason of his being a policy holder therein.

Chapter 264 exempts from taxation the real property of any fraternal corporation created to build and maintain a building for its meeting, the entire net income of which real property is used to maintain an asylum for the care of worthy members of the fraternity.

Chapter 100 declares that the capital of a trust company shall be invested in bonds and mortgages on unincumbered real property in this State to the extent of 60 per centum of the value thereof, in stocks and bonds of this State or of the United States, or of any county or incorporated city of this State duly authorized by law to be issued.

Chapter 148 authorizes the immediate committal of a person believed to be insane to a State hospital, but declares that within five days an order for his commitment to the institution must be obtained in a manner otherwise prescribed.

Chapter 447 provides that all articles manufactured in the State prisons, reformatories and penitentiaries shall be of the styles, patterns, designs and qualities fixed by the Board of Classification.

Chapter 129 provides that the Governor may remove any county treasurer, after giving such officer a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity to be heard in his defence.

Chapter 84 provides that a co-operative savings and loan association, a building and mutual loan association, a building, mutual loan and accumulation fund association or a building and lot association shall not make deductions from stock payments for running expenses.

Laws Relating to Labor.

Chapter 151 provides that no male child under ten years of age and no girl under sixteen years of age shall in any city of the State of the first class sell or vend newspapers.

Chapter 184 declares that no child under the age of fourteen years shall be employed, permitted or suffered to work in or in connection with any factory in the State.

Chapter 255 provides that no child under the age of sixteen years shall be employed, permitted or suffered to work in or in connection with any mercantile establishment, business office or telegraph office, restaurant, hotel, apartment house, or in the distribution or transmission of merchandise or messages, more than fifty-four hours in any one week, or more than nine hours in any day, or before 7 o'clock in the morning or after 10 o'clock in the evening of any day.

Chapter 380 declares that "any person who knowingly makes a false statement in relation to any application made for an employment certificate as to any matter required by Articles 6 and 11 of the Labor law to appear in any affidavit, record or certificate therein provided for is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Chapter 561 says that no male child under the age of eighteen years nor any female shall be employed in any factory in this State in operating or using any emery, tripoli, rouge, corundum, stone, carborundum or any abrasive.

The National Guard.

Chapter 349 declares that any one is guilty of a misdemeanor who either by himself or with another wilfully deprives a member of the National Guard of his employment, "or prevents his being employed by himself or another, or obstructs or annoys said member of said National Guard, or his employer in respect of his trade, business or employment, because said member of said National Guard is such member, or dissuades any person from enlistment in the said National Guard by threat of injury to him in case he shall so enlist in respect of his employment, trade or business."

Chapter 74 provides that the Adjutant General shall biennially advertise for bids for the furnishing and making of the uniforms and equipments of the National Guard.

Chapter 75 provides a certain rate for "duty pay" for members of the National Guard of various ranks.

Chapter 76 makes eligible for appointment as a brigadier general a man who has been in active service in the National Guard as a commissioned officer for a period of fifteen years, ten of which were as a field or general officer, or both combined.

Chapter 77 provides that the Governor, or commanding officer of the National Guard, with the approval of the Governor, may relieve any organization of the militia on active duty from the further performance of such duty and may order any other organization to perform such duty.

Chapter 195 provides that when the Governor shall, with the consent of the legislature, be out of the State in time of war, at the head of the military force thereof, he shall continue commander in chief of all the military force of the State.

Chapter 435 provides that the Governor may, upon the recommendation of the commanding officer of the National Guard or of the Naval Militia, respectively, detail supernumerary or retired officers for active duty.

Chapter 633 appropriates $25,000 for the purchase of additional land for the rifle range at Creedmoor.

Chapter 213 provides that the staff of the Governor shall have sixteen aides-de-camp.

Financial Reports.

Chapter 347 provides that every city of the second and third class shall annually within sixty days after the close of its fiscal year make a report of its financial condition to the Secretary of State.

Insurance Laws.

Chapter 450 provides that no fraternal beneficiary society shall hereafter make any promise with its members for the payment of money upon the expiration of a fixed period in case a death loss has not been incurred before the expiration of such period, except certain specified societies.

Chapter 106 provides that it shall not be lawful for any association of individual underwriters known as Lloyds to stamp, print or write, or otherwise cause or permit to be stamped, written or printed, upon any fire insurance policy issued by it, any words which may in any way tend to convey the impression that such policy is in form or substance the standard form of policy prescribed by Chapter 690 of the Laws of 1892 for the use of corporations authorized by law to transact the business of fire insurance within this State.

Chapter 294 provides for the payment of a tax by persons who have procured any policy of insurance from a foreign fire insurance corporation not authorized to transact business in this State by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department, under the provisions of Article III of Chapter 690 of the Laws of 1892.

Chapter 471 says that the associations of underwriters known as Lloyds shall yearly file with the Superintendent of the Insurance Department a statement of their affairs.

Chapter 530 provides that foreign fire insurance companies not authorized to do business in this State by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department under the provisions of Chapter 690 of the Laws of 1892, which shall insure any property in this State against loss or injury by fire, shall annually on or before the first day of July pay a tax of 1 per centum on all premiums or assessments collected or received by it for such insurance to the Superintendent of the Insurance Department.

Chapter 566 amends the Insurance law in relation to the assets and liabilities of casualty insurance corporations by providing that there shall also be charged, as a liability to each company which undertakes or writes insurance under Subdivision 3 of Section 70 of Chapter 690 of the Laws of 1892, whether organized under this or any other State or country, a further reserve, which is described in detail.

Chapter 135 provides that the president of a title and guarantee corporation must be elected from among the directors.

Laws Concerning Railroads.

Chapter 537 provides that in villages the board of trustees shall have authority to grant consent to the construction of a street surface railroad, "except that in villages where the control of the streets is vested in any other board or authorities such other board or authorities shall be the local authorities referred to, and the consent of such other board or authorities hereafter or heretofore obtained shall be sufficient."

Chapter 121 makes it the duty of the owners of steamboats, except ferryboats on the Hudson River, to transport the bicycle of any passenger as ordinary baggage.

Chapter 325 provides that after December 1, 1904, the cars of street railway companies operated outside of city limits, except those of the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn, during the months of December, January, February and March, except cars attached to the rear of other cars, shall have the fronts of their platforms to the front of their hoods inclosed; and except also that where the cars of any corporation are operated wholly in cities other than the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn such corporations need inclose only one-third of the front platforms of their cars prior to December 1, 1904.

Chapter 30 provides that the consolidation of a domestic with a foreign railroad corporation shall not be deemed invalid because such roads at the time of the consolidation did not form a connected and continuous line if when the consolidation was effected or thereafter an intermediate line by purchase or by a lease became with the consolidated roads a continuous line of railroad.

Chapter 311 says personal service of a summons upon a defendant, if a foreign corporation, may be made by delivering a copy of it to certain of its officials, who are named.

Chapter 597 extends for three years from January 1, 1904, the time for the completion of street surface railroads which have acquired one-third of their right of way.

Chapter 626 suspends the limitation of time for the beginning of the construction of railroads while in the hands of receivers.

Assessment of Bank Stock.

Chapter 267 says, after prescribing the method of assessing bank shares of solvent banks, that in assessing bank shares the value of each share of stock in each bank or banking association in liquidation shall be ascertained and fixed by dividing the actual assets of such bank or banking association by the number of outstanding shares of such bank or banking association.

Corporation Law Amendments.

Chapter 320 provides that the number of directors of any stock corporation may be increased or reduced, but not below the minimum number prescribed by law.

Chapter 384 says that the admission of a member of an aggregate corporation who is not a party shall not be received as evidence against the corporation unless it was made while a member of such corporation and testifying as a witness concerning a transaction of the corporation.

Chapter 290 provides that a receiver of the property of a corporation can be appointed only by a court and in one of several cases, one being upon the application of the Regents of the University in aid of the liquidation of a corporation whose dissolution they contemplate or have decreed.

Foreign Wills.

Chapter 472 provides that a will made in a foreign land must be authenticated by a certificate of a judge of a court of record of such foreign country.

Relating to Children.

Chapter 13 authorizes a magistrate of a criminal court to issue a warrant for the arrest of the father of an abandoned child when the child has been committed to a charitable institution; the court may then require the payment by him of a weekly sum toward the support of the child.

Chapter 331 provides that all cases involving the commitment or trial of children actually or apparently under the age of sixteen years for any violation of law in any court shall be heard and determined by such court at suitable times separate and apart from the trial of other criminal cases.

Chapter 329 provides that when a child under the age of sixteen years is arrested in New-York or Buffalo a police officer may accept the personal recognizance of a parent or other custodian of such a child to produce such child before the proper court on the following day.

Chapter 309 makes it a misdemeanor for the proprietor of a junk shop to buy any goods of a child under the age of sixteen years.

Chapter 613 provides that when practicable any child under the age of sixteen years arrested for a criminal offence and then placed on probation shall be placed with a probation officer of the same religious faith as that of the child's parents.

Chapter 376 provides that a parent or other person having the care or custody, "for nurture or education, of a child under the age of fourteen years, who deserts the child in any place, with intent wholly to abandon it, is punishable by imprisonment in a State prison for not more than seven years."

Rural Legislation.

Chapter 27 exempts from assessments for highway labor all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who have lost an arm or a leg in the military or naval service of the United States.

Chapter 542 provides that no fruit shall be sold in packages unless the package contains a label stating the State where the fruit was grown.

Chapter 492 provides that in a town which has adopted the money system of taxation for highway purposes the town board may at a regular meeting fix the compensation of the commissioner of highways of such town at a sum of not less than $2 nor more than $3 a day.

Chapter 465 authorizes the board of supervisors of each county to raise by tax on real and personal property not more than $5,000, to be expended in the repair and construction of sidepaths in such county.

Chapter 339 provides that the board of supervisors of any county may by resolution fix a time when the biennial town meetings in such county shall be held, which shall be either on some day between the first day of February and the first day of May, inclusive, or on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of an odd numbered year.

Chapter 610 provides that in any town in which a highway has been or may be graded under certain enumerated laws the owner of the land adjacent shall be entitled to recover from the town the damage resulting from any change of grade.

Chapter 305 provides that if a farm is divided by a line between two or more tax districts it shall be assessed in the tax district in which the dwelling house or other principal buildings are located.

Chapter 324 authorizes the town board of any town to fix the compensation of the assessors in their town, not to exceed $3 a day each.

Chapter 222 says that whenever a town board of health shall certify to the board of trustees of a town that there is need of more sewers the latter board shall consider such recommendations and, if it approves of them, certify the fact to the State Department of Health for its approval, and that if the State Department of Health approves of the recommendations the work shall be undertaken.

Chapter 196 provides that the fire commissioners in any fire district may expend $100 annually in the purchase of fire apparatus without any appropriation voted therefor by the taxpayers of such district.

Chapter 313 provides that if a village constitutes only one election district the trustees, president and clerk of the village, after the first election of village officers, shall be inspectors of election for the village.

Chapter 469 authorizes towns to borrow money for constructing highways.

Chapter 275 provides that the provisions of any special or local law or municipal ordinance requiring the payment of a license fee for exhibitions or entertainments

shall not apply to any exhibition held on the grounds of a town or county fair association if the association derives a pecuniary profit from such exhibition or entertainment by the lease of its grounds for such purpose or otherwise.

Aid to County Fairs.

Chapter 142 provides that of all moneys appropriated in the regular appropriation bill during any one year by the legislature for distribution among the agricultural societies by the Commissioner of Agriculture, the said Commissioner may distribute to the agricultural societies entitled to partake thereof an amount to each one yearly from the moneys due said society not to exceed 50 per centum of the amount of premiums paid by the said society at its annual fair held during said year.

Chapter 1 appropriated $10,000 for the prevention and suppression of infectious and contagious diseases among domestic animals.

Chapter 606 provides for diminishing the boundaries of a village under certain circumstances.

Chapter 489 authorizes an increase of the number of members of the board of education of a union free school district.

Chapter 463 says that no change shall be made in the number of trustees of a school district unless notice is given by the board of education at the time the annual school meeting is called that a vote will be taken upon the question at such meeting.

Chapter 338 provides that a non-resident who owns real property in a town may file with the town clerk a notice stating his (the non-resident's) name and residence, and thus secure notice of the taxes due on his property.

Chapter 233 provides that the boards of education in union free school districts may borrow money in anticipation of taxes for the purposes of paying school expenses.

Chapter 228 provides that all moneys collected for the repair and construction of highways and all money received from the State for the same purpose, except in the counties of Nassau and Oneida, shall be paid to the supervisor of the town, who shall be its custodian.

Chapter 214 provides that persons bringing neat cattle into this State for dairy or breeding purposes shall report the fact immediately to the Commissioner of Agriculture, giving their point of destination.

Chapter 170 provides that the expense of the publication of the notice of sale of unredeemed lands upon which taxes have not been paid in a county not included in the Forest Reserve, if thereafter redeemed, shall be a charge on the land liable to be sold and shall be added to the tax and interest.

Chapter 136 provides for the payment of the cost of cutting weeds growing along the sides of a highway by the owner of the adjacent land.

Chapter 131 authorizes a village board to expend a certain sum in improving a village water system.

Chapter 122 authorizes a town board in a town in which ballot machines are used to alter the boundaries of election districts.

Chapter 57 authorizes the election of two commissioners of highways.

Chapter 20 provides that "no person shall knowingly or wilfully keep any peach tree affected with the disease known as little peach."

Limiting Speed of Automobiles.

Chapter 625 provides that no ordinance adopted by the authorities of any city shall require the owner of any automobile to propel it at a slower rate of speed than eight miles an hour within the closely built up portions of such city, nor at a slower rate of speed than fifteen miles an hour where the houses in such city upon any highway are more than one hundred feet apart.

Educational Laws.

Chapter 459 provides that every child between eight and fourteen years of age shall regularly attend upon instruction at a school in which at least six common school branches of reading, spelling, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and geography are taught, or upon equivalent instruction by a competent teacher elsewhere than at a school. The law also says that every such child between eight and fourteen years of age shall so attend upon instruction as many days annually, during the period between the first days of October and the following June, as the public school of the district or city in which such child resides shall be in session during the same period.

Chapter 265 provides that school trustees may make contracts for the teaching of children in any other school district.

Adulteration of Food.

Chapter 524 declares that "no person or persons, firm, association or corporation shall within this State manufacture, produce, sell, offer or expose for sale any article of food which is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act." The act also says: "The term food as used herein shall include all articles used for food, confectionery or condiments by man, whether simple, mixed or compound. In the case of confectionery, an article shall be deemed to be adulterated if it contain terra alba, barytes, talc, chrome yellow or other mineral substances or poisonous colors or flavors or other ingredients deleterious or detrimental to health. In the case of food an article shall be deemed to be adulterated if any substance or substances has or have been mixed or packed with it so as to reduce or lower or injuriously affect its quality or strength, so that such product, when offered for sale, shall deceive or tend to deceive the purchaser."

Protection of Wild Fowl.

Chapter 256 provides that ducks, geese, brant and swan shall not be taken from January 1 to September 15, both inclusive, or possessed from March 1 to September 15, both inclusive.

Amendments to the Constitution.

Several amendments to the constitution were approved of by the legislature. One amends Section 4 of Article VII by declaring that direct taxes must be imposed to pay the principal of any debt incurred by the State within a period of fifty years instead of within a period of eighteen years, as at present required, and that bonds to run for a period of fifty years may be issued under these circumstances.

Another amends Section 12 of Article VII by authorizing the incurring of debt to the amount of $50,000,000 for the improvement of highways.

Another amends Section 1 of Article XII by declaring that "the legislature may regulate and fix the wages or salaries, the hours of work or labor and make provision for the protection, welfare and safety of persons employed by the State, or by any county, city, town, village or other civil division of the State, or by any contractor or sub-contractor performing work, labor or services for the State or for any county, city, town, village or other civil division thereof." This amendment will be submitted to the people at the general election held in 1905.

Another amendment amends Section 1 of Article VI by authorizing the legislature to increase the number of justices in any judicial district. This amendment will be submitted to the people at the general election held in 1905.

Another amendment amends Section 10 of Article VIII, which limits the power of a city to incur debt by providing that debts incurred by the city of New-York after January 1, 1904, to provide for a supply of water, shall not be included in the list of securities considered in estimating the debt of a city.

Another amendment adds to Article VII a new section, to be known as Section 11, which provides in substance that if the indirect revenues of the State are sufficient for the maintenance of its government and the payment of its debts no direct State tax need be imposed in any year.

STATE APPROPRIATIONS.

The annual Appropriation act, Chapter 598, Laws of 1903, as it received the approval of Governor Odell, appropriated, including refunds (which amounted to $623,515 44) and reappropriations (which amounted to $66,346 32), the sum of $17,423,311 15. The appropriations were made for the following objects:

	General fund.		General fund.
Executive	$51,050 00	Insane	$4,019,100 00
Judiciary	969,250 00	†National Guard	486,000 00
Court of Claims	31,600 00	Prison Commission	11,000 00
Legislative	538,000 00	State Prison	642,500 00
Secretary of State	47,500 00	Dannemora Hospital	54,000 00
*Controller	132,055 00	Matteawan Hospital	71,400 00
Stationery	11,000 00	Printing	375,000 00
Treasurer	29,300 00	Quarantine	37,520 00
Attorney General	79,820 00	Railroad Commission	77,900 00
*State Engineer	24,520 00	Superintendent of Elections	97,800 00
††Department of Public Instruction	54,200 00	*Public Works	1,800 00
†Regents	536,836 23	Public Buildings	220,450 00
Department of Agriculture	266,700 00	Inspector Steam Vessels	8,000 00
State Architect	50,030 00	Tax Commission	54,000 00
Bank Department	83,320 00	Fiscal Supervisor	26,820 00
Board of Charities	78,300 00	Public Institutions	1,421,950 00
Civil Service	35,950 00	Educational Institutions	274,915 45
Department of Excise	329,370 00	Cornell University	94,423 80
Forest, Fish and Game	147,150 00	County treasurers	55,000 00
Health Department	66,400 00	Niagara Reservation	25,000 00
State Historian	6,350 00	Redemption	10,000 00
Inspector of Gas Meters	23,500 00	Indian affairs	8,526 67
Insurance Department	170,700 00	Various	9,100 00
Land Office	5,000 00	Total	$11,979,972 15
Department of Labor	129,860 00		

*Canal fund—Controller, $11,995; State Engineer, $3,000; Public Works, $925,044.
†Trust fund—Department of Public Instruction, $252,000; Regents, $97,500; National Guard, $2,000.
‡Free school fund—Department of Public Instruction, $4,503,300.

There was also reappropriated $66,346 32. The appropriations therefore were as follows:

General fund	$11,979,972 15
Canal fund	940,039 00
Free school fund	4,503,300 00
Total	$17,423,311 15
Trust fund	351,000 00
Grand total	$17,774,311 15

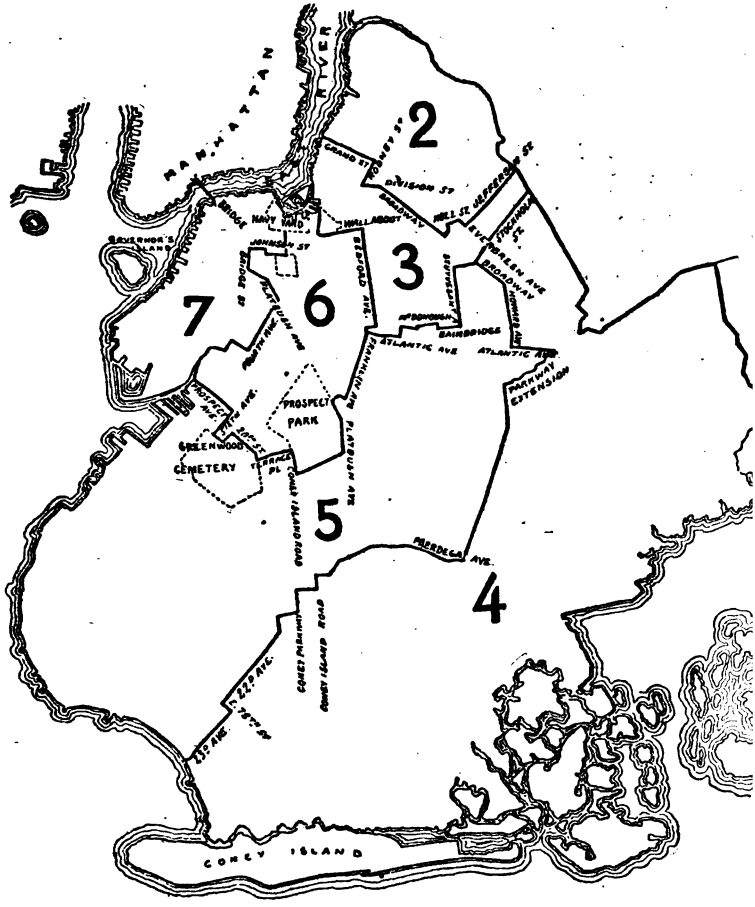
The appropriation from the "trust fund" mentioned above does not involve any taxation, but simply appropriates money previously raised by taxation. "Reappropriations" also do not involve any taxation.

CONGRESS DISTRICTS OF NEW-YORK STATE.

LAW OF APRIL 27, 1901.

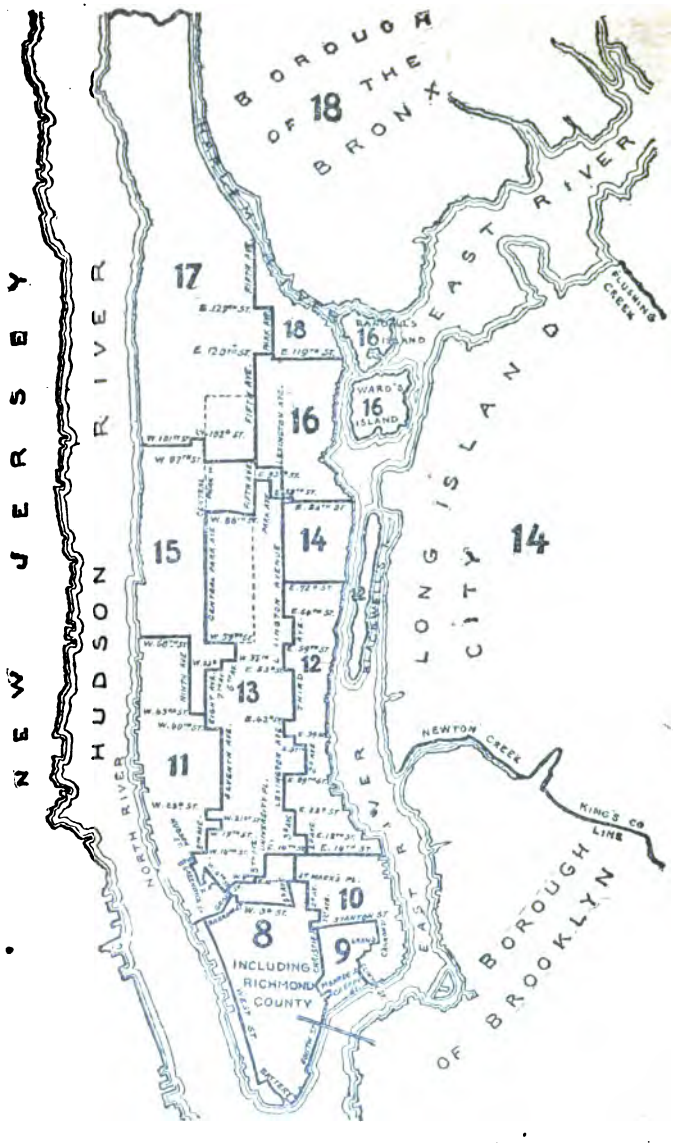
Section 1. For the election of Representatives in Congress of the United States th State shall be and is hereby divided into thirty-seven districts, namely:

1st—Counties of Suffolk, Nassau and the Third, Fourth and Fifth wards Queer Borough. IId-XVIIIth New-York City Congress districts—(See maps). XIXth—Wes



CONGRESS DISTRICTS OF NEW-YORK CITY.

chester County. XXth—Sullivan, Orange and Rockland counties. XXIst—Greene, Co lumbia, Putnam and Dutchess counties. XXIId—Rensselaer and Washington counties XXIIId—Albany and Schenectady counties. XXIVth—Delaware, Otsego, Ulster an Schoharie counties. XXVth—Fulton, Hamilton, Montgomery, Warren and Saratog counties. XXVIth—Clinton, Essex Franklin and St. Lawrence counties. XXVIIth- Herkimer and Oneida counties. XXVIIIth—Jefferson Lewis and Oswego counties XXIXth—Onondaga and Madison counties. XXXth—Broome, Chenango, Tioga, Tomp kins and Cortland counties. XXXIst—Cayuga, Ontario, Wayne and Yates counties XXXIId—Monroe County. XXXIIId—Chemung, Schuyler, Seneca and Steuben counties XXXIVth—Genesee, Livingston, Niagara, Orleans and Wyoming counties. XXXVth-



CONGRESS DISTRICTS OF NEW-YORK CITY.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth wards of Buffalo. XXXVIth—The Seventeenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth wards of Buffalo as now constituted and the VIIth and VIIIth Assembly districts of Erie County. XXXVIIth—Allegany, Cattaraugus and Chautauqua counties.

NEW-YORK STATE TAXES.

The following table gives the total amount of State taxes against the several counties, together with the valuations of real and personal property reported by the State Board of Equalization on September 1, 1902 and 1903:

Counties.	Equalized value of real and personal property.		State tax levied upon each county.	
	1902.	1903.	1902.	1903.
Albany	$87,310,815	$90,357,328	$11,350 41	$11,746 45
Allegany	14,474,074	14,717,291	1,881 63	1,913 25
Broome	32,835,626	33,423,843	4,268 63	4,345 10
Cattaraugus	23,244,090	22,850,794	3,021 73	2,970 61
Cayuga	32,351,333	32,801,145	4,205 67	4,264 15
Chautauqua	31,505,236	31,604,645	4,095 68	4,108 60
Chemung	25,106,203	25,360,373	3,263 81	3,289 05
Chenango	15,636,203	15,565,855	2,032 71	2,023 56
Clinton	9,221,043	9,546,355	1,198 74	1,241 03
Columbia	23,503,949	22,144,073	3,055 51	2,878 73
Cortland	11,759,971	11,900,288	1,528 80	1,547 04
Delaware	14,259,271	14,391,294	1,853 71	1,870 87
Dutchess	43,394,363	43,856,299	5,641 27	5,701 32
Erie	301,877,819	304,264,097	39,244 12	39,554 33
Essex	9,817,599	10,178,259	1,276 29	1,323 18
Franklin	10,670,274	10,750,430	1,387 14	1,397 56
Fulton	14,378,490	15,014,657	1,869 20	1,951 91
Genesee	23,043,381	23,462,303	2,995 64	3,050 10
Greene	12,633,821	12,825,835	1,642 40	1,667 36
Hamilton	2,899,352	3,077,602	376 92	400 09
Herkimer	20,535,753	21,124,954	2,669 65	2,746 24
Jefferson	32,270,701	33,294,875	4,195 19	4,328 33
Kings	758,568,941	767,687,941	98,613 96	99,799 43
Lewis	9,386,541	9,451,008	1,220 25	1,228 63
Livingston	25,500,437	25,711,036	3,316 23	3,342 43
Madison	20,606,778	20,089,856	2,600 88	2,611 68
Monroe	136,359,015	137,825,687	17,726 67	17,917 34
Montgomery	24,787,269	24,988,259	3,222 34	3,249 47
Nassau	27,341,229	29,821,035	3,554 35	3,876 73
New-York	2,908,755,146	2,980,231,340	378,138 17	387,430 07
Niagara	39,334,864	40,596,071	5,120 03	5,277 49
Oneida	56,075,778	55,420,867	7,289 85	7,204 71
Onondaga	103,759,062	104,382,892	13,488 68	13,560 79
Ontario	28,746,689	29,282,034	3,737 07	3,806 66
Orange	41,754,661	41,688,129	5,428 11	5,419 46
Orleans	14,897,703	15,061,306	1,936 70	1,957 97
Oswego	26,321,170	25,914,088	3,421 75	3,368 91
Otsego	20,663,321	20,807,837	2,686 22	2,705 02
Putnam	7,150,721	8,478,108	929 50	1,102 15
Queens	102,984,178	101,354,295	13,387 94	13,176 06
Rensselaer	70,450,356	70,319,184	9,158 55	9,141 49
Richmond	52,422,430	43,078,550	6,814 92	5,600 21
Rockland	14,480,553	14,812,667	1,882 47	1,925 65
St. Lawrence	32,628,001	34 373,587	4,241 65	4,468 57
Saratoga	25,430,536	25,811,757	3,292 97	3,355 53
Schenectady	20,763,616	24,575,545	2,691 47	3,194 82
Schoharie	10,754,405	11,163,485	1,398 08	1,455 15
Schuyler	6,687,750	6,666,661	869 41	866 67
Seneca	14,709,266	14,276,462	1,912 20	1,855 94
Steuben	31,029,551	30,893,932	4,033 84	4,016 21
Suffolk	43,568,424	49,235,765	5,663 99	6,010 65
Sullivan	5,810,331	5,728,457	755 34	744 70
Tioga	12,966,803	12,959,817	1,685 68	1,684 78
Tompkins	15,744,652	15,726,852	2,046 80	2,044 49
Ulster	25,630,655	25,644,681	3,331 99	3,333 81
Warren	7,485,437	7,623,082	973 11	991 00
Washington	17,845,181	17,818,835	2,319 87	2,316 45
Wayne	25,347,755	24,941,313	3,295 21	3,242 37
Westchester	150,746,870	155,669,910	19,597 09	20,229 29
Wyoming	14,462,729	14,549,183	1,880 15	1,891 39
Yates	10,413,082	10,415,322	1,353 70	1,353 99
Totals	$5,754,490,382	$5,854,500,121	$748,072 05	$761,085 02

SHERIFFS AND COUNTY CLERKS OF NEW-YORK STATE.

(Term three years except in Kings and New-York Counties. Term ends Dec. 31 in years given.)

County.	County seat.	Sheriff. Term ends.	County Clerk. Term ends.
Albany	Albany	Sebastian W. Pitts (R.)1906	John Franey (R.)1904
Allegany	Belmont	Wm. H. Bellamy (R.).1906	Clarence Ricker (R.)...1906
Broome	Binghamton	H. P. Worthing (R.)...1905	Allyn K. Marean (R.).1906
Cattaraugus	Little Valley	Edgar E. Waite (R.).1906	Elmer E. Kelley (R.)..1906
Cayuga	Auburn	Loren A. Colton (R.)...1904	Geo. W. Benham (R.).1906
Chautauqua	Mayville	John C. Jones (R.)...1906	James D. Gallup (R.)..1906
Chemung	Elmira	John M. McDowell (R.)1906	F. Schornstheimer (R.)1905
Chenango	Norwich	George L. Page (R.)..1906	W. A. Shepardson (R.).1906
Clinton	Plattsburg	Alonson T. Dominy(R.)1904	J. W. H. Holcombe (R.)1906
Columbia	Hudson	W. Judson Alvord (R.)1905	Robert Storm (D.).....
Cortland	Cortl'd Village.	Eber J. Bowdish (R.).1906	Otis D. Patrick (R.)..1906
Delaware	Delhi	Wm. R. Kilpatrick (D.)1906	William T. Black (R.).1906
Dutchess	Poughkeepsie	James H. Kipp (R.)..1906	Fred'k Bostwick (R.)..1906
Erie	Buffalo	Harry M. Kaiser (D.).1905	John H. Price (R.)....1906
Essex	Elizabethtown.	Sidney W. Barnard (R.)1906	Victor W. Prime (R.).1905
Franklin	Malone	F. S. Steenberge (R.).1906	Harvey J. Dudley (R.).1906
Fulton	Johnstown	Wm. H. Rupert (R.).1904	Chauncey Heagle (R.).1904
Genesee	Batavia	David Clark (R.).....1905	Charles B. Pivley (R.).1906
Greene	Catskill	Charles A. Post (D.)..1906	D. G. Green (R.)....1906
Hamilton	Lake Pleasant	B. Frank Kathan.....1905	Carl L. Fry (D.).....1904
Herkimer	Herkimer	John M. Richard (R.).1906	Ivan T. Burney (R.)..1906
Jefferson	Watertown	E. J. Tallman (R.)....1905	Eug. A. Chapman (R.).1906
Kings	Brooklyn	Henry Hesterberg (D.)1905	Edward Kaufmann (D.)1905
Lewis	Lowville	John L. Beach (D.)...1905	Milton W. Holt (R.)...1906
Livingston	Geneseo	Isaac B. Knapp (R.)..1906	Henry B. Curtis (R.).1904
Madison	Morrisville	A. L. Cameron (R.)...1905	Wm. A. Northry (R.).1906
Monroe	Rochester	Chas. H. Bailey (R.)..1905	Jas. L. Hotchkiss (R.).1906
Montgomery	Fonda	Wm. O. Dodds (R.)...1906	F. E. Hufnail (D.)....1906
Nassau	Mineola	J. B. Johnson (R.)....1904	Thos. S. Cheshire (R.).1904
New-York	New-York City	M. L. Erlanger (D.)...1905	Thos. L. Hamilton (R.)1905
Niagara	Lockport	John S. Reardon (R.)...1905	Hector M. Slocum (R.).1905
Oneida	Utica	Samuel H. Jones (D.)..1906	Hermon Clarke (D.)..1905
Onondaga	Syracuse	Wm. H. Turner (R.)..1906	Jas. E. Hubbell (R.)..1906
Ontario	Canandaigua	Francis Flynn (R.)....1906	Porter F. Leech (R.)..1906
Orange	Goshen	Peter E. Gumaer (R.).1906	James J. Leonard (D.).1906
Orleans	Albion	David L. Sole (R.)....1904	Geo. H. Rolfe (R.)....1904
Oswego	Oswego	Elden H. Cook (R.)....1905	William E. Lewis (R.).1906
Otsego	Cooperstown	Elias C. Mather.....1905	S. J. W. Reynolds (R.)1905
Putnam	Carmel	Leonard Jaycox (R.)...1906	Edw. C. Weeks (R.)..1905
Queens	Jamaica	Joseph Meyerrose (D.).1906	D. L. Van Nostrand(D.)1906
Rensselaer	Troy	Victor M. Allen (R.)..1906	Jacob V. Jacobs (R.)..1904
Richmond	Richmond	Chas. McCarmack (D.).1906	C. L. Bostwick (D.)..1905
Rockland	New City	William Dewey (R.)...1906	Cyrus M. Crum (D.)..1904
St. Lawrence	Canton	Chas. C. Caldwell (R.).1906	J. F. Hammond (R.)..1906
Saratoga	Ballston Spa	F. W. Kavanaugh (R.)1906	Geo. H. West (R.).....1905
Schenectady	Schenectady	Merritt Hammond (R.).1906	Jas. B. Alexander (R.).1906
Schoharie	Schoharie	Adee V. Baldwin (D.).1905	Clarke Shaule (D.)....1906
Schuyler	Watkins	George W. Ely (R.)...1906	Chas. R. Watkins (R.)1905
Seneca	Ovid	Thos. E. Mills (D.)....1906	Patrick Savage (D.)....1904
Steuben	Bath	W. O. Feenaughty (R.)1906	John D. Wheeler (R.).1904
Suffolk	Riverhead	Henry H. Preston....1905	Solomon Ketcham (R.)1906
Sullivan	Monticello	William F. Royce (R.).1906	Gabriel F. Currey (R.)1905
Tioga	Owego	Irving J. Delavan (D.).1904	William B. Smith (R.).1906
Tompkins	Ithaca	Grant Curry (R.).....1906	L. H. Van Kirk (R.)..1906
Ulster	Kingston	Grove Webster (R.)...1906	John D. Fratsher (R.).1906
Warren	Lake George	Wm. W. Bowyer (R.).1906	Edward C. Sisson (R.).1906
Washington	Argyle	Forest E. Kenyon (R.).1906	Ezra H. Snyder (R.)..1906
Wayne	Lyons	Albert Yeomans (R.)..1906	Ledyard S. Cuyler (R.)1905
Westchester	White Plains	James C. Merritt (R.).1906	Leslie Sutherland (R.).1904
Wyoming	Warsaw	W. H. Richardson (R.)1905	Edw. M. Jennings (R.).1906
Yates	Penn Yan	Elias F. Pulver (R.) ..1906	Henry T. Read (R.)...1906

GOVERNORS OF NEW-YORK STATE.

The following table gives the names and politics and the terms which the Governors of New-York State have served since the first election. Those marked with an asterisk served three year terms and the others served two year terms. On February 13, 1787, an act was passed for regulating elections, which provided that the Governor and the Lieutenant-Governor should enter on the duties of their respective offices on July 1 succeeding their election. The Constitution of 1821 provided that the terms should begin on January 1 succeeding the election. Those with "D. R." following the name were elected as Democratic Republicans, the leaders of that party being of the Thomas Jefferson class of politics, and from which the Democratic party claims

direct descent. The present Republican party at its beginning enrolled most of the old Whigs.

Name.	Politics.	Years served.
*George Clinton	D. R.	1777–1795
*John Jay	Federal	1795–1801
*George Clinton	D. R.	1801–1804
*Morgan Lewis	D. R.	1804–1807
*D. D. Tompkins	D. R.	1808–1817

(John Taylor, Lieutenant-Governor, succeeded D. D. Tompkins when he became Vice-President, March 4 1817, and filled out the term.)

Name.	Politics.	Years served.
*De Witt Clinton	D. R.	1817–1823
*Joseph C. Yates	D. R.	1823–1826
De Witt Clinton	D. R.	1826–1828

(Nathaniel Pitcher, Lieutenant-Governor, succeeded Governor Clinton at his death, February 11, 1828, and filled out the term.)

Name.	Politics.	Years served.
Martin Van Buren	D.	1829

(Enos T. Throop, Lieutenant-Governor, succeeded Governor Van Buren, who was elected United States Senator and resigned March 12, 1829.)

Name.	Politics.	Years served
Enos T. Throop	D.	1831–1833
William L. Marcy	D.	1833–1839
William H. Seward	Whig	1839–1843
William C. Bouck	D.	1843–1845
Silas Wright	D.	1845–1847
John Young	Whig	1847–1849
Hamilton Fish	Whig	1849–1851
Washington Hunt	Whig	1851–1853
Horatio Seymour	D.	1853–1855
Myron H. Clark	Whig	1855–1857
John A. King	R.	1857–1859
Edwin D. Morgan	R.	1859–1863
Horatio Seymour	D.	1863–1865
Reuben E. Fenton	R.	1865–1869
John T. Hoffman	D.	1869–1873
John A. Dix	R.	1873–1875
Samuel J. Tilden	D.	1875–1877
*Lucius Robinson	D.	1877–1880
*Alonzo B. Cornell	R.	1880–1883
*Grover Cleveland	D.	1883–1885

(David B. Hill, Lieutenant-Governor, succeeded Governor Cleveland January 6, 1885, the latter resigning to accept the Presidency.)

Name.	Politics.	Years served.
*David B. Hill	D.	1885–1892
*Roswell P. Flower	D.	1892–1895
Levi P. Morton	R.	1895–1897
Frank S. Black	R.	1897–1899
Theodore Roosevelt	R.	1899–1901
B. B. Odell, jr.	R.	1901–1903

NEW-YORK NATIONAL GUARD.

The National Guard consists of two companies of a signal corps, one squadron of three troops and two separate troops of cavalry, four batteries of light artillery, one regiment of heavy artillery, one regiment of engineers and thirteen regiments, five battalions and forty-four separate companies of infantry, forty-three of the separate companies constituting the 1st and 2d regiments and the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th battalions.

The National Guard is commanded under the orders of the Governor by Major General Charles F. Roe, with headquarters at the Capitol, Albany, and an office at No. 280 Broadway, New-York City, to whose headquarters are attached the First and Second companies of the signal corps, Squadron A, Troop C and Troop B, cavalry, the 1st, 2d, 3d and 6th batteries, light artillery, the 13th Regiment, heavy artillery, and the 22d Regiment, engineers.

The infantry is organized in four brigades, as follows:

First Brigade, Brigadier General George Moore Smith, headquarters No. 50 East Fifty-ninth-st., New-York City, composed of the 7th, 8th, 9th, 12th, 69th and 71st regiments; Second Brigade, Brigadier General James McLeer, headquarters Municipal Building, Brooklyn, N. Y., composed of the 14th, 23d and 47th regiments and the 17 Separate Company; Third Brigade, Brigadier General James Horace Lloyd, headquarters State Armory, Albany, N. Y., composed of the 1st and 2d regiments and the 4th and 10th battalions, and Fourth Brigade, Brigadier General Lauren W. Pettebone, headquarters No. 474 Main-st., Buffalo, N. Y., composed of the 65th and 74th regiments and 1st, 2d and 3d battalions.

The strength of the National Guard September 30, 1903, is as follows:

General and staff officers	62
Signal corps	117
Engineers	695
Cavalry	409
Artillery	1,497
Infantry	11,397
Total	14,177

The Naval Militia is commanded, under the orders of the Governor, by Captain Jacob William Miller, with headquarters on board the New-Hampshire, foot of East Twenty-fourth-st., New-York City, and is composed of the 1st and 2d battalions and 2d Separate Division. The strength of the Naval Militia is 53 officers and 595 enlisted men, a total of 648.

THE STATE LIBRARY.

The State Library, established by the Legislature in 1818, was made an integral part of the University of the State of New-York in 1889. It includes general, sociology, law, medical, education and history libraries. Its field covers, besides the usual work of a great reference library, compilations of catalogues, bibliographies, indexes, reference lists and other aids and guides for readers of the State not having direct access to the library; lending books to students and the promotion of the general library interests of the State. The total number of books, including travelling libraries and duplicates, is 504,525. In its home education department, which is

carried on through travelling libraries and annotated book lists and the organization and maintenance of free libraries, the State expends about $60,000 yearly. The director of the State Library is Melvil Dewey.

STATE CIVIL SERVICE LAWS.

The merit system of appointment in the Civil Service was established in New-York by Chapter 354 of the Laws of 1883, which was amended from time to time in various important respects until, finally, a new act (Chapter 370 of the Laws of 1899) was passed, codifying and uniting all previous acts and extending the area of their operation.

The original act followed closely the form of the federal act. It provided for the classification of all State offices and for the various departments of cities of 50,000 and over. The application of the system to cities, however, was permissive merely. In 1884 the latter provision was made mandatory and was amended to include all cities in the State. This, with various amendments—principal among which were the reactionary provisions of the so-called "Black Act" of 1897—remained in force until suspended by the act of 1899. The general Civil Service statutes of the State were reinforced very materially by an amendment to the State Constitution prepared by the Constitutional Convention of 1894 and adopted by the people.

This provision, which embodies in the concisest terms the essential principles of the reform, is as follows: "Appointments and promotions in the Civil Service of the State, and of all the civil divisions thereof, including towns and villages, shall be made according to merit and fitness to be ascertained so far as practicable by examinations which, so far as practicable, shall be competitive; provided, however, that soldiers and sailors of the late Civil War shall be entitled to preference in appointment and promotion, without regard to their standing on any list from which appointments or promotions shall be made." The original rules and classification of New-York City were drawn under the permissive act of 1883 and under the supervision of a commission of experts appointed by Mayor Edson in 1884. Rules were adopted in the same manner and at about the same time in Buffalo and Brooklyn. In 1896, through the action of the Commission appointed by Mayor Strong, the application of the rules was greatly extended, until, excepting heads of departments, not more than sixty positions were omitted from the competitive classification. The system of labor registration was also adopted.

There were approximately 40,000 positions in the New-York municipal Civil Service on January 1, 1898, of which number 9,000 in the educational department were subject to a separate system. The classifications included 7,006 in the police force, 6,000 in the labor service under the registration system, and the remainder, for the most part, in the general competitive schedules. The competitive schedules embraced positions of every character, both clerical, technical and professional. Examinations were conducted by a board of nine examiners, chosen with especial reference to their expert ability, and the examinations generally were of the most practical character. The rules required that the higher places should be filled by promotion, unless the appointing officer certified to the Civil Service Commission that none in the lower grades were fit for the higher duties to be performed. Through careful work the system had been well developed and placed on a highly satisfactory basis. During the period from January, 1898, until the passage of the general act of 1899, these rules were very much modified, under authority claimed to be derived from the greater New-York charter.

Much laxity was permitted in the matter of temporary appointments in the absence of eligible lists; persons dismissed at any time within the previous three years were permitted to be appointed without examination; the scope of selection from the eligible list was materially broadened. On July 11, 1899, the charter rules were superseded by rules framed in pursuance of the new law, which were put in force by the State Board after the failure of the Mayor to promulgate them. These restore all of the essential features of the genuine merit system omitted from the charter rules, and are expected in future to keep the city service on a fairly competitive basis, open to all citizens. Stringent inhibitions upon payment of salaries to persons improperly appointed, reinforcing those previously in force, add to the effectiveness of the system. Since the adoption of the act of 1899 new rules have been framed for Buffalo, Albany and other large cities, which are well calculated to give effect to the existing constitutional and statutory provisions, and that will firmly maintain the "merit system" in these other parts of the State, and on June 16, 1900, through the action of the State Board and Governor Roosevelt, the offices in five of these were included: New-York, Kings, Queens, Richmond and Erie.

NEW-YORK STATE COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN.

Chairman, George W. Dunn; secretary, Reuben L. Fox; treasurer, Edwin A. McAlpin. Headquarters, Fifth Avenue Hotel.

District.	District.
1—W. M. McKinney, Northport, L. I.	6—C. S. Devoy, Brooklyn.
2—Harry Jaquillard, Brooklyn.	7—M. J. Dady, Brooklyn.
3—L. M. Swazey, Brooklyn.	8—Cornelius Van Cott, New-York.
4—William Watson, Brooklyn.	9—C. H. Murray, New-York.
5—F. J. H. Kracke, Brooklyn.	10—Ferd. Eidman, New-York.

District.	
11—C. W. Meade, New-York.	25—W. W. Worden, Saratoga Springs.
12—Smith Pine, New-York.	26—W. C. Witherbee, Plattsburg.
13—R. C. Morris, New-York.	27—Thomas Wheeler, Utica.
14—J. H. Gunner, New-York.	28—J. T. Mott, Oswego.
15—L. E. Quigg, New-York.	29—Francis Hendricks, Syracuse.
16—Frank Raymond, New-York.	30—G. W. Dunn, Binghamton.
17—Samuel Strasbourger, New-York.	31—A. S. Wood, Wolcott.
18—W. H. Ten Eyck, New-York.	32—G. W. Aldridge, Rochester.
19—W. L. Ward, Port Chester.	33—J. S. Fassett, Elmira.
20—L. F. Goodsell, Highland Falls.	34—T. E. Ellsworth, Lockport.
21—L. F. Payn, Chatham.	35—John Grimm, jr., Buffalo.
22—I. V. Baker, jr., Comstock.	36—W. C. Warren, Buffalo.
23—William Barnes, jr., Albany.	37—G. H. Witter, Wellsville.
24—R. L. Fox, Oneonta.	

Additional member, C. W. Anderson, New-York.

Executive Committee: William Barnes, jr., chairman; Reuben L. Fox, secretary; T. E. Ellsworth, Edwin A. McAlpin, George W. Aldridge, George W. Dunn, R. C. Morris, William C. Warren, Cornelius Van Cott, Francis Hendricks, W. W. Worden, John T. Mott, Clarence W. Meade, L. E. Quigg, Michael J. Dady, J. S. Fassett, Thomas Wheeler, Louis F. Payn, Isaac V. Baker, jr., William H. Ten Eyck and F. J. H. Kracke.

DEMOCRATIC.

Chairman, Frank Campbell; secretary, John N. Carlisle; treasurer, Eugene Hughes.

Dstrict.	District.
1—J. J. Kenney, New Brighton.	26—Elliott Danforth, Bainbridge.
2—Joseph Casey, Long Island City.	27—J. H. Brown, Summit.
3—Hugh McLaughlin, Brooklyn.	28—J. H. Glavin, Waterford.
4—J. W. Webber, Brooklyn.	29—P. E. McCabe, Albany.
5—W. A. Doyle, Brooklyn.	30—David Morey, Troy.
6—James Shevlin Brooklyn.	31—J. T. Finch, Glens Falls.
7—P. H. McCarren, Brooklyn.	32—George Hall, Ogdensburg.
8—J. L. Shea, Brooklyn.	33—Clinton Beckwith, Herkimer.
9—Edward Glinnen, Brooklyn.	34—J. H. Flanigan, North Bay.
10—D. E. Finn, New-York.	35—J. N. Carlisle, Watertown.
11—T. D. Sullivan, New-York.	36—John Dunfee, Syracuse.
12—A. T. Oakley, New-York.	37—C. N. Bulger, Oswego.
13—P. H. Keahon, New-York.	38—H. G. Jackson, Binghamton.
14—C. F. Murphy, New-York.	39—C. F. Rattigan, Auburn.
15—F. B. Harrison, New-York.	40—Daniel Sheehan, Elmira.
16—G. F. Scannell, New-York.	41—Frank Campbell, Bath.
17—D. F. McMahon, New-York.	42—C. A. Lux, Lyons.
18—T. J. Dunn, New-York.	43—W. F. Balkam, Rochester.
19—H. C. Hart, New-York.	44—Jacob Gerling, Rochester.
20—T. F. McAvoy, New-York.	45—G. W. Batten, Lockport.
21—L. F. Haffen, New-York.	46—F. W. Brown, Warsaw.
22—M. J. Walsh, Yonkers.	47—J. J. Kennedy, Buffalo.
23—Michael McCabe, Haverstraw.	48———————, Buffalo.
24—James Purcell, Valatie.	49—Henry Burgard, Buffalo.
25—L. M. Black, Kingston.	50—T. H. Dowd, Salamanca.

Executive Committee: John N. Carlisle, chairman; Hugh McLaughlin, Chas. F. Murphy, John W. Cox, John D. Crimmins, Lewis Nixon, Thos. M. Mulry, Fredk. Cook, Herbert P. Bissell, Arthur A. McLean, George Hall and Frank Campbell.

VOTE ON CANAL AMENDMENT, 1903.

(Authorizing the issue of $101,000,000 of bonds to meet the cost of improving the Erie, Oswego and Champlain canals).

Counties.	Affirmative	Negative.	Counties.	Affirmative	Negative.
Albany	16,153	14,452	Genesse	1,446	3,680
Allegany	994	7,073	Greene	1,823	4,017
Broome	2,401	11,696	Hamilton	307	513
Cattaraugus	2,239	7,391	Herkimer	4,692	4,874
Cayuga	6,140	1,309	Jefferson	1,924	11,166
Chautauqua	3,116	10,738	Kings	162,282	209,925
Chemung	975	6,879	Lewis	1,020	5,222
Chenango	1,034	6,917	Livingston	761	6,063
Clinton	1,910	4,006	Madison	2,089	6,268
Columbia	1,526	5,498	Monroe	5,247	21,443
Cortland	695	6,140	Montgomery	3,074	3,962
Delaware	1,326	9,111	Nassau	4,393	2,740
Dutchess	4,099	7,779	New-York	252,608	28,979
Erie	39,451	8,355	Niagara	8,514	4,014
Essex	1,864	1,660	Oneida	8,491	12,038
Franklin	912	5,302	Onondaga	9,061	11,477
Fulton	1,751	2,409	Ontario	1,532	9,951

VOTE ON CANAL AMENDMENT—(Continued).

Counties.	Affirmative	Negative.	Counties.	Affirmative	Negative.
Orange	5,326	8,952	Suffolk	5,701	5,021
Orleans	2,684	2,411	Sullivan	1,306	5,252
Oswego	7,564	5,759	Tioga	374	5,579
Otsego	1,105	9,068	Tompkins	720	5,498
Putnam	1,096	1,552	Ulster	8,369	7,728
Queens	20,945	4,308	Warren	2,525	2,745
Rensselaer	3,546	6,892	Washington	3,844	5,237
Richmond	8,965	1,517	Wayne	2,473	7,091
Rockland	3,939	1,866	Westchester	24,498	8,499
St. Lawrence	1,172	12,713	Wyoming	865	3,593
Saratoga	4,508	6,894	Yates	294	4,097
Schenectady	1,816	2,622			
Schoharie	836	5,476	Totals	673,010	427,698
Schuyler	280	3,356	Majority	245,312	
Seneca	907	4,687	Defective or blank	158,069	
Steuben	1,502	14,638	Total vote	1,258,777	

VOTE FOR JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, 1903.

Denis O'Brien (R. and D.), 1,307,998; Charles M. Matchett (Soc. D.), 33,399; Charles E. Manierre (Pro.), 19,347; Daniel De Leon (Soc. Lab.), 10,677.

Note.—For vote for Assemblymen in New-York, 1903, State Senate, 1902, Governor and other State officers, 1902, and President, 1900, see under "Elections in States," pages 169-193.

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT, Ist JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Henry Bischoff (D. and R.), 313,365; Reinhold Meyer (Soc. D.), 12,060; James H. Laird (Pro.), 510; Donald Ferguson (Soc Lab.), 3,761.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT, IVth JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

John M. Kellogg (R.), 59,731; Henry T. Kellogg (R.), 59,665; Richard Hand (D.), 35,924; Thomas Spratt (D.), 35,556; John H. Bullard (Soc. D.), 1,185; Elliott S. Timerman (Soc. D.), 1,154; James D. Rogers (Pro.), 2,732; Charles P. Sanders (Pro.), 2,704; John E. Wallace (Soc. Lab.), 587; Arthur Playbad (Soc. Lab.), 566.

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT, VIIIth JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

John S. Lambert (R. and D.), 149,141; Squire B. Early (Soc. D.), 2,223; John Sayles (Pro.), 3,443; William S. Patterson (Soc. Lab.), 1,018.

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT, IId JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

	James McKeen (Rep.).	William J. Kelly (Dem.).
Kings	97,835	104,706
Queens	11,561	17,231
Richmond	6,521	6,505
Nassau	4,721	3,890
Suffolk	7,098	5,474
Dutchess	9,520	7,931
Orange	11,061	8,495
Putnam	2,117	1,228
Rockland	3,127	3,312
Westchester	22,968	19,670
Totals	176,529	178,437

Scattering vote: Arthur F. Simons (Soc. D.), 7,436; Andrew L. Martin (Pro.), 2,100; Peter Jacobson (Soc. Lab.), 2,365.

VOTE OF NEW-YORK STATE SINCE 1894.

		Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Soc. Lab.	Plurality
1894	*Governor	Morton. 678,818	Hill. 517,710	Baldwin. 23,525	Matthews. 11,049	Matchett. 15,368	156,108
1895	Secretary of State.	Palmer. 601,205	King. 511,060	Smith. 25,239	Wakeman. 6,916	Pellenz. 21,497	90,145
1896	President	McKinley. 819,838	Bryan. 551,369	Levering. 16,052	Palmer (N. D.). †8,950	Matchett. 17,667	268,469
1896	Governor	Black. 787,516	Porter. 574,524	Smith. 17,449	Griffin (N. D.). 26,698	Balkam. 18,362	212,992
1897	Court of Appeals	Wallace. 493,791	Parker. 554,680	Baldwin. 19,653		Cuno. 20,854	60,889
1898	Governor	Roosevelt. 661,715	Van Wyck. 643,921	Kline. 18,383	Bacon (C. W.). 2,103	Hanford. 23,860	17,794
1900	President	McKinley. 821,992	Bryan. 678,386	Woolley. 22,043	Debs (S. D.). 12,869	Malloney. 12,622	143,606
1900	Governor	Odell. 804 859	Stanchfield. 693,733	Wardwell. 22,704	Hanford. 13,493	Corregan. 13,762	111,126
1902	Governor	Odell. 665,150	†Coler. 655,398	Manierre. 20,490	Hanford. 23,400	De Leon. 15,886	8,803

*Wheeler (State Dem.), 27,202. †Coler (G. N. Y. D.), 949.

SPORTING RECORDS.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD, 1903.

Clubs.	Pittsburg.	New-York.	Chicago.	Cincinnati.	Brooklyn.	Boston.	Phil'd'phia.	St. Louis.	Games won	Percentage.
Pittsburg	..	10	8	16	11	15	16	15	91	.650
New-York	10	..	12	8	12	12	15	15	84	.604
Chicago	12	8	..	9	12	13	12	16	82	.594
Cincinnati	4	12	11	..	10	13	12	12	74	.532
Brooklyn	9	7	8	10	..	11	11	14	70	.514
Boston	5	8	7	7	9	..	10	12	58	.420
Philadelphia	4	5	6	8	8	8	..	10	49	.362
St. Louis	5	5	4	7	4	8	10	..	43	.313
Games Lost	49	55	56	65	66	80	86	94	..	—

BEST BATTING AVERAGES (Official).

Player and Club.	Games.	Runs.	Base Hits.	Per Cent.
*Kennedy, Pittsburg	18	7	21	.362
Wagner, Pittsburg	129	97	132	.355
Donlin, Cincinnati	124	110	174	.351
Clarke, Pittsburg	102	88	150	.351
Bresnahan, New-York	111	87	142	.350
Seymour, Cincinnati	135	85	191	.342
Beaumont, Pittsburg	141	137	209	.341
Sheckard, Brooklyn	139	99	171	.332
Thomas, Philadelphia	130	88	156	.327
Chance, Chicago	123	83	144	.327
Beckley, Cincinnati	119	85	150	.327
Donovan, St. Louis	105	63	134	.327
McCreedie, Brooklyn	56	40	69	.324
Keister, Philadelphia	100	53	128	.320
Kelly, Cincinnati	104	85	121	.316
Browne, New-York	141	105	185	.313
Doyle, Brooklyn	139	94	164	.313
Tenny, Boston	122	79	140	.313
Steinfeldt, Cincinnati	118	71	137	.312
Wolverton, Philadelphia	123	72	152	.308
Slagle, Chicago	139	104	162	.298
Leach, Pittsburg	127	97	151	.298
Kling, Chicago	132	67	146	.297
Smoot, St. Louis	129	67	148	.296
Evers, Chicago	123	70	136	.293
Daly, Cincinnati	79	42	90	.293
Tinker, Chicago	124	67	134	.291
Casey, Chicago	112	56	126	.290
Cooley, Boston	138	76	160	.289
Dolan, Cincinnati	93	64	111	.288
Ritchey, Pittsburg	137	66	145	.287
Titus, Philadelphia	72	38	80	.286
Burke, St. Louis	113	55	123	.285
Gleason, Philadelphia	106	65	117	.284
Warner, New-York	85	38	81	.284
Jones, D., Chicago	130	64	140	.282
Phelps, Pittsburg	79	32	77	.282
Lauder, New-York	108	52	111	.281
Hearne, Brooklyn	19	8	16	.281
Mertes, New-York	138	100	145	.280
Sebring, Pittsburg	124	71	140	.277
McCarthy, Chicago	24	11	28	.277
Barry, Philadelphia	158	75	152	.276
Bowerman, New-York	59	22	58	.276

BEST FIELDING AVERAGES (Official).

First Basemen.

Player and Club.	Games.	Put Outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Per Cent.
Ryan, St. Louis	18	174	9	2	.989
McGann, New-York	129	1,188	64	15	.988
Douglass, Phila	97	902	51	15	.985
Doyle, Brooklyn	139	1,418	83	29	.981
Bransfield, Pittsburg	127	1,347	88	28	.981
Beckley, Cincinnati	119	1,127	78	30	.976

Second Basemen.

Magoon, Cincinnati	32	79	91	5	.971
Ritchey, Pittsburg	137	281	460	30	.961
Gleason, Phila	102	256	280	22	.959
Bonner, Boston	24	64	68	6	.957
Lowe, Chicago	22	37	72	6	.948
Evers, Chicago	110	245	306	37	.937

Third Basemen.

Wolverton, Phila	123	182	247	27	.941
Steinfeldt, Cincin'ati	104	159	212	25	.937
Greminger, Boston	140	217	300	36	.935
Dunn, New-York	25	25	47	5	.935
Casey, Chicago	112	143	190	31	.915
Strang, Brooklyn	124	147	245	37	.914

Shortstops.

Dahlen, Brooklyn	138	296	477	42	.948
Corcoran, Cincinnati	115	263	367	38	.943
Wagner, Pittsburg	111	303	397	50	.933
Babb, New-York	113	238	343	56	.912
Brain, St. Louis	72	163	244	41	.908
Dunn, New-York	27	47	80	13	.907

Outfielders.

Gessler, Brooklyn	43	56	4	1	.984
Mertes, New-York	137	265	24	8	.973
Dunleavy, St. Louis	38	58	11	2	.973
Jones, D., Chicago	130	249	14	8	.970
Dobbs, Chi., Brklyn	126	278	12	9	.970
Barry, Philadelphia	107	211	14	7	.970
Bresnahan, N. Y	84	150	14	6	.965
Thomas, Phila	130	318	19	13	.963
Clarke, Pittsburg	101	168	10	7	.962
Van Haltren, N. Y.	75	136	3	6	.959
Carney, Boston	92	112	10	6	.953
Cooley, Boston	126	246	11	13	.952
Donovan, St. Louis	105	142	16	8	.952
Titus, Philadelphia	72	126	13	7	.952

Pitchers.

Murphy, St. Louis	16	3	31	—	1000
Lundgren, Chicago	27	8	40	1	.980
Mathewson, N. Y	45	18	93	3	.974
Schmidt, Brooklyn	40	14	109	4	.969
Kennedy, Pittsburg	18	2	29	1	.969
Fraser, Philadelphia	31	14	70	3	.966
Reidy, Brooklyn	15	2	25	1	.964
Phillippe, Pittsburg	36	11	65	3	.962
Willis, Boston	33	13	84	4	.960
Ewing, Cincinnati	29	12	80	4	.958
Leever, Pittsburg	36	12	76	4	.957
Brown, St. Louis	26	5	60	3	.956
Sutthoff, Cincinnati	30	10	54	3	.955
Taylor, L., N. Y	33	10	62	4	.947

Catchers.

Warner, New-York	85	450	123	8	.979
Zimmer, Philad	35	162	50	7	.959

CATCHERS—(Continued).

Player and Club.	Games.	Put Outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Per Cent.
Kling, Chicago	132	565	189	24	.958
Weaver, St. L., Ptg.	31	135	44	5	.957
Kittredge, Boston	30	160	42	4	.957
Bowerman, N. Y.	55	316	66	9	.953
Smith, Pittsburg	60	259	75	9	.952
Bergen, Cincinnati	58	251	85	7	.952
Ryan, St. Louis	47	168	65	7	.951
Jacklitsch, Brooklyn	53	201	71	7	.951
Phelps, Pittsburg	76	315	81	8	.950

PENNANT WINNERS.

Year. Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
1876—Chicago	52	14	.788
1877—Boston	31	17	.648
1878—Boston	41	19	.707
1879—Providence	55	28	.705
1880—Chicago	67	17	.798
1881—Chicago	56	28	.667
1882—Chicago	55	29	.655
1883—Boston	63	35	.643
1884—Providence	84	28	.750
1885—Chicago	87	25	.770
1886—Chicago	90	34	.725
1887—Detroit	79	45	.637
1888—New-York	84	47	.641
1889—New-York	83	43	.659
1890—Brooklyn	86	43	.667
1891—Boston	87	51	.630
1892—Boston	102	48	.680
1893—Boston	86	44	.662
1894—Baltimore	89	39	.695
1895—Baltimore	87	43	.669
1896—Baltimore	90	39	.698
1897—Boston	93	39	.705
1898—Boston	102	47	.685
1899—Brooklyn	101	47	.682
1900—Brooklyn	82	54	.603
1901—Pittsburg	90	49	.647
1902—Pittsburg	103	36	.741
1903—Pittsburg	91	49	.650

AMERICAN LEAGUE RECORD, 1903.

Clubs.	Boston	Phil'delphia	Cleveland	New-York	Detroit	St. Louis	Chicago	Washington	Games won	Percentage
Boston	—	12	12	13	10	14	14	15	91	.660
Philadelphia	6	—	11	8	9	11	14	16	75	.556
Cleveland	8	9	—	14	9	11	10	16	77	.550
New-York	7	10	6	—	9	15	11	14	72	.537
Detroit	9	11	11	10	—	6	9	9	65	.478
St. Louis	6	8	9	5	14	—	11	12	65	.467
Chicago	6	6	10	7	10	9	—	12	60	.438
Washington	5	3	4	5	10	8	8	—	43	.314
Games Lost	47	60	63	62	71	74	77	94	—	—

BEST BATTING AVERAGES (Official).

Player and Club.	Games.	Runs.	Base Hits	Per Cent.
Farrell, Boston	17	5	21	.404
Lajoie, Cleveland	126	90	173	.355
Delehanty, Wash.	43	22	52	.338
Altrock, Chicago	14	6	11	.333
Crawford, Detroit	137	93	181	.332

BATTING AVERAGES—(Continued).

Player and Club.	Games.	Runs.	Base Hits	Per Cent.
Dougherty, Boston	130	108	195	.332
Hickman, Cleveland	130	67	171	.330
Young, Boston	41	24	44	.330
Keefer, New-York	132	98	164	.318
Orth, Washington	54	18	49	.318
Bradley, Cleveland	137	103	171	.315
Barrett, Detroit	136	95	164	.315
Green, Chicago	136	77	155	.313
Hartsel, Philadelphia	98	65	116	.311
Bay, Cleveland	141	97	174	.310
Clark, Chicago	15	7	20	.308
Jones, Chicago	137	71	154	.304
Parent, Boston	139	82	169	.304
Seybold, Philadelphia	137	78	159	.299
Flick, Cleveland	142	84	158	.299
Elberfeld, New-York	125	77	143	.299
H. Davis, Philadelphia	101	74	120	.298
Collins, Boston	130	87	100	.296
Burkett, St. Louis	133	74	152	.296
L. Cross, Philadelphia	137	61	162	.292
Callahan, Chicago	118	49	126	.290
Clingman, Cleveland	21	9	18	.286
Freeman, Boston	141	74	161	.285
Ganzel, New-York	129	62	135	.285
Anderson, St. Louis	139	67	157	.285
Hughes, Boston	32	14	26	.283
Carr, Detroit	135	59	156	.282
Pickering, Philadelphia	137	92	144	.281
Heidrick, St. Louis	121	55	131	.281
Williams, New-York	132	60	143	.281
C. Stahl, Boston	78	69	83	.279
Lush, Boston	117	69	115	.278
Mullin, Detroit	46	11	35	.278
Conroy, New-York	125	74	139	.277
Murphy, Philadelphia	133	65	141	.275
Abbott, Cleveland	76	25	69	.271
Holmes, Chicago	107	63	110	.270
McCarthy, Cleveland	109	48	110	.265
McAllister, Detroit	78	33	70	.264
Gibson, Boston	25	8	17	.262
Isbell, Chicago	138	52	139	.259
Yeager, Detroit	109	35	101	.259
Lachance, Boston	141	59	135	.258
Bemis, Cleveland	93	34	83	.258
Selbach, Washington	141	68	135	.252
Drill, Washington	51	11	41	.252
Coughlin, Washington	125	57	118	.251
Ferris, Boston	141	70	131	.250
Dolan, Chicago	28	16	26	.250

BEST FIELDING AVERAGES (Official).

First Basemen.

Player and Club.	Games.	Put Outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Per Cent.
Anderson, St. Louis	139	1,497	91	21	.987
Lachance, Boston	141	1,442	94	21	.986
Ganzel, New-York	129	1,379	96	21	.986
Isbell, Chicago	120	1,312	88	22	.985
Carr, Detroit	135	1,398	108	25	.984
Clarke, Washington	88	867	42	15	.984

Second Basemen.

McCormick, Wash.	83	171	263	16	.964
Long, Detroit	85	80	92	7	.961
Williams, New-York	132	477	428	29	.60
Lajoie, Cleveland	124	355	426	35	.957
Padden, St. Louis	20	57	93	7	.955
Ferris, Boston	441	334	446	46	.944

FIELDING AVERAGES—(Continued).

Third Basemen.

Player and Club.	Games...	Put Outs..	Assists...	Errors....	Per Cent..
L. Cross, Philada...	136	157	216	18	.954
Coughlin, Wash.....	121	178	216	20	.952
Courtney, Detroit...	19	25	29	3	.947
Collins, Boston.....	130	172	258	26	.943
Hill, St. Louis.....	58	123	152	21	.929
Bradley, Cleveland..	137	152	301	37	.924

Shortstops.

Moran, Washington.	96	233	305	31	.946
Parent, Boston.....	133	290	445	53	.934
M. Cross, Philada..	133	308	388	49	.934
Wallace, St. Louis.	136	300	472	60	.928
Elberfeld, New-York	124	285	404	61	.928
Courtney, New-York	23	25	76	10	.910

Outfielders.

Jones, Chicago.....	137	326	11	4	.988
Ryan, Washington..	114	284	7	6	.980
Gessler, Detroit.....	29	86	1	1	.974
Hartsel, Philada....	97	145	7	5	.968
Pickering, Philada..	135	271	17	10	.966
Stahl, Boston.....	74	126	12	5	.965
Crawford, Detroit....	137	225	16	9	.964
Barrett, Detroit.....	136	298	20	12	.964
Robinson, Wash.....	27	47	5	2	.963
Lush, Detroit.....	103	233	19	10	.962
Hemphill, St. Louis.	105	154	16	7	.960
McCarthy, Cleve....	109	181	8	8	.960
O'Brien, Boston.....	74	131	10	6	.959
Selbach, Washington	141	257	15	12	.958
Dougherty, Boston..	139	251	15	12	.957
Flick, Cleveland....	142	216	14	11	.954

Catchers.

O'Connor, New-York	64	286	54	4	.988
Sullivan, Chicago....	81	122	32	2	.987
McAllister, Detroit..	17	85	22	2	.983
Bemis, Cleveland....	83	392	90	9	.982
Powers, Philada....	66	363	64	9	.980
Criger, Boston.....	96	478	154	14	.978
Kittredge, Wash....	59	238	74	7	.978
Sugden, St. Louis..	66	329	88	10	.976

Pitchers.

Chesbro, New-York.	38	11	101	1	.991
Plank, Athletics....	41	23	85	1	.990
Griffiths, New-York	24	9	49	1	.983
Tannehill, N. Y....	34	11	82	2	.979
Dineen, Boston.....	34	10	79	2	.978
Flaherty, Chicago..	39	19	105	11	.978
Townsend, Wash....	17	6	30	1	.973
Wilson, Washington	30	13	54	2	.971
White, Chicago.....	34	25	95	4	.967
Henley, Athletics....	26	8	50	2	.966
Owens, Chicago.....	26	12	71	4	.961
Wolfe, New-York....	19	6	37	2	.955
Bernhard, Cleve....	20	7	55	3	.954
Sievers, St. Louis...	30	16	86	5	.953
Patterson, Chicago.	33	21	94	6	.950
Sudhoff, St. Louis..	35	16	99	6	.950

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES.

The winners of the National League, Pittsburg, and the American League, Boston, played a special series of best five in nine games at the end of the regular season for the championship of the world. Only eight games were necessary to decide the question of superiority, and then Boston had won 5 and Pittsburg 3, scoring a total of 38 runs against 22. Boston made 112 base hits and 15 errors in all eight games, against 92 base hits and 15 errors for Pittsburg. The record of the games follows:

AT BOSTON, OCT. 1.

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg (N. L.). 4 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0—	7	12	2
Boston (A. L.).... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1—	3	6	4

Batteries—Phillippe and Phelps; Young and Criger.

AT BOSTON, OCT. 2.

Boston (A. L.).... 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—	3	9	0
Pittsburg (N. L.). 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	3	2

Batteries—Dineen and Criger; Leever and Smith.

AT BOSTON, OCT. 3.

Pittsburg (N. L.). 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 1 0—	4	7	1
Boston (A. L.).... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—	2	4	2

Batteries—Phillippe and Phelps; Hughes and Criger.

AT PITTSBURG, OCT. 6.

Pittsburg (N. L.). 1 0 0 0 1 0 3 0 0—	5	12	1
Boston (A. L.).... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3—	4	8	1

Batteries—Phillippe and Phelps; Dineen and Criger.

AT PITTSBURG, OCT. 7.

Boston (A. L.).... 0 0 0 0 0 6 4 1 0—	11	14	2
Pittsburg (N. L.). 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—	2	6	4

Batteries—Young and Criger; Kennedy and Phelps.

AT PITTSBURG, OCT. 8.

Boston (A. L.).... 0 0 3 0 2 0 1 0 0—	6	10	1
Pittsburg (N. L.). 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—	3	10	3

Batteries—Dineen and Criger; Leever and Phelps.

AT PITTSBURG, OCT. 10.

Boston (A. L.).... 2 0 0 2 0 2 0 1 0—	7	11	4
Pittsburg (N. L.). 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1—	3	10	3

Batteries—Young and Criger; Phillippe and Phelps.

AT BOSTON, OCT. 13.

Boston (A. L.).... 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0—	3	10	0
Pittsburg (N. L.). 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	4	1

Batteries—Dineen and Criger; Phillippe and Phelps.

OTHER AMERICAN VS. NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

There were a number of other games played at the end of the season between National League and American League teams, resulting as follows:

Oct. 1—At Philadelphia: Philadelphia (A. L.), 6; Philadelphia (N. L.), 0.

Oct. 2—At Philadelphia: Philadelphia (N. L.), 5; Philadelphia (A. L.), 1.

Oct. 3—At Cleveland: Cleveland (A. L.), 2; Cincinnati (N. L.), 1.

Oct. 3—At St. Louis: St. Louis (A. L.), 5; St. Louis (N. L.), 0.

Oct. 3—At Philadelphia: Philadelphia (A. L.), 5; Philadelphia (N. L.), 0.

Oct. 4—At St. Louis: St. Louis (A. L.), 9; St. Louis (N. L.), 2.

Oct. 4—At Cincinnati: Cincinnati (N. L.), 7; Cleveland (A. L.), 3.

Oct. 4—At Chicago: Chicago (A. L.), 10; Chicago (N. L.), 2.

Oct. 5—At Chicago: Chicago (A. L.), 4; Chicago (N. L.), 3.

Oct. 5—At Philadelphia: Philadelphia (A. L.), 6; Philadelphia (N. L.), 1.

Oct. 6—At Philadelphia: Philadelphia (N. L.), 14; Philadelphia (A. L.), 2.

Oct. 6—At Chicago: Chicago (N. L.), 5; Chicago (A. L.), 2.

Oct. 6—At St. Louis: St. Louis (A. L.), 10; St. Louis (N. L.), 2.
Oct. 7—At Philadelphia: Philadelphia (N. L.), 13; Philadelphia (A. L.), 3.
Oct. 7—At Newark, O.: Cleveland (A. L.), 11; Cincinnati (N. L.), 5.
Oct. 9—At Chicago: Chicago (N. L.), 1; Chicago (A. L.), 0.
Oct. 10—At St. Louis: St. Louis (N.) L.), 12; St. Louis (A. L.), 6.
Oct. 10—At Cleveland: (First game), Cleveland (A. L.), 4; Cincinnati (N. L.), 1. (Second game), Cleveland (A. L.), 6; Cincinnati (N. L.), 1.
Oct. 10—At Chicago: Chicago (N. L.), 4; Chicago (A. L.), 2.
Oct. 11—At Cincinnati: (First game), Cincinnati (N. L.), 7; Cleveland (A. L.), 6. (Second game), Cleveland (A. L.), 3; Cincinnati (N. L.), 1.
Oct. 12—At Chicago: Chicago (A. L.), 4; Chicago (N. L.), 2.

FOOTBALL.

The football season of 1903 ended with a more consistent record than for some seasons past. Princeton earned a clear title to the Intercollegiate championship, having won all of her preliminary games and beaten Yale, which was the only team to score against her eleven. Yale beat Harvard decisively by 16 to 0, while Columbia and Dartmouth made about equally good records, and should come next in order, each having lost only one game—Columbia to Yale and Dartmouth to Princeton. Harvard and University of Pennsylvania both had weak teams, while Cornell also had little success. Harvard was beaten by both Dartmouth and Amherst, beside Yale.

The season's records follow:

RECORD OF THE PRINCIPAL TEAMS FOR 1903.

West Point.

0—Colgate 0
17—Tufts 0
12—Dickinson ... 0
0—Harvard 5
5—Yale 17
20—Vermont 0
58—Manhattan .. 0
10—Chicago 6
40—Annapolis — 5

162 — 33

Dickinson.

45—Albright 0
0—West Point...12
0—Annapolis .. 5
0—Lehigh 17
12—Balt. Medical 0
6—Penn. State. 0
35—Lafayette ... 0

98 — 34

Brown.

23—Colby 0
11—Wesleyan ... 0
0—Princeton ...29
0—Pennsylvania36
0—Harvard 29
22—Williams .— 0
24—Vermont 0
12—Syracuse 5
0—Dartmouth ..62

92 — 161

N. Y. University.

35—Trinity 5
40—Stevens 0
0—Wesleyan 6
6—Lafayette ... 8
0—Haverford .. 6
15—Rutgers 18
0—Union 11

96 — 54

Amherst.

6—Williston ... 0
23—Colby 0
23—Bowdoin 0
5—Harvard 0
0—Columbia ...12
16—Union 0
18—Trinity 0
0—Holy Cross .36
0—Dartmouth ..18

91 — 66

Indians.

28—Lebanon Val. 0
46—Gettysburg .. 0
12—Bucknell 0
30—F. and M. .. 0
0—Princeton ...11
12—Swarthmore . 5
11—Harvard 12
28—Georgetown . 6
16—Pennsylvania. 6
6—Virginia 6

189 — 46

Princeton.

34—Swarthmore. 0
5—Georgetown . 0
68—Gettysburg .. 0
29—Brown 0
12—Lehigh 0
11—Indians 0
17—Bucknell 0
17—Dartmouth .. 0
44—Cornell 0
11—Lafayette ... 0
11—Yale 6

259 — 6

Harvard.

17—Williams ... 0
24—Bowdoin 0
6—Maine 0
23—Bates 0
0—Amherst 6
17—Wesleyan ... 6
5—West Point.. 0
29—Brown 0
12—Indians 11
17—Pennsylvania10
0—Dartmouth ..11
0—Yale 16

150 — 59

Pennsylvania.

27—Dickinson ... 0
17—F. and M. .. 0
16—Lehigh 0
58—Harvard 0
39—Penn. State.. 0
72—Gettysburg .. 0
30—Brown 0
6—Columbia ...18
47—Bucknell ... 6
10—Harvard 17
6—Indians 16

370 — 57

Cornell.

12—Hobart 0
26—Alfred 0
11—Rochester ... 0
12—Colgate 0
6—Bucknell 0
41—W. R. Univ.. 0
0—Princeton . .44
0—Lehigh 0
12—Columbia ...17
0—Pennsylvania42

120 — 103

Lafayette.

36—Gallaudet ... 0
11—Gettysburg . 0
48—Susquehanna. 0
41—Fordham ... 0
6—Annapolis .. 5
8—N. Y. Univ. . 6
0—Princeton ...11
29—Bloomburg .. 0
6—Lehigh 12
0—Dickinson ..35

185 — 69

Yale.

35—Trinity 0
19—Tufts 0
46—Vermont 0
33—Wesleyan .. 0
22—Springfield .. 0
36—Holy Cross..10
27—West Point.. 5
25—Columbia ... 0
30—Syracuse ... 0
6—Princeton ..11
16—Harvard 0

312 — 26

Lehigh.

83—Albright 0
40—Manhattan .. 0
0—Pennsylvania 0
10—Swarthmore . 5
41—Ursinus 0
0—Princeton ...12
71—Villa Nova.. 0
17—Dickinson ... 0
0—Cornell 0
45—Susquehanna. 0
12—Lafayette ... 6
12—Georgetown . 6

331 — 29

Annapolis.

6—Un. Virginia. 5
18—Gallaudet ... 0
5—Dickinson .. 0
5—Lafayette .. 6
0—Balt. Medical. 0
0—Penn State .17
28—N. Y. N. M.. 0
0—Wash. and Jeff. 16
5—Bucknell ...23
0—Va. P. I. ...11
5—West Point..40

72 — 118

Columbia.

10—Wesleyan ... 0
16—Alumni 0
36—Union 0
29—Hamilton ... 0
5—Williams 0
5—Swarthmore . 0
12—Amherst 0
18—Pennsylvania. 6
0—Yale 25
17—Cornell 12

168 — 43

Dartmouth.

12—M. A. C. .. 0
18—Holy Cross... 0
36—Vermont 0
34—Union 0
17—Williams 0
0—Princeton ...17
34—Wesleyan ... 6
18—Amherst 0
11—Harvard 0
62—Brown 0

243 — 23

HARVARD-YALE-PRINCETON GAMES.

Harvard vs. Yale.

1876—Yale, 1 goal; Harvard, 2 touchdowns.
1877—No game.
1878—Yale, 1 goal; Harvard, 0.
*1879—Harvard, 4 safeties; Yale, 2 safeties.

*Tie game; safeties not counted in scoring

1880—Yale, 1 goal, 1 touchdown; Harvard, 0.
1881—Harvard 4 safeties; Yale, 0 safeties.
1882—Yale, 1 goal, 3 touchdowns; Harvard, 2 safeties.
1883—Yale, 4 goals; Harvard, 1 touchdown, 1 safety.
1884—Yale, 6 goals, 4 touchdowns; Harvard, 0.
1885—No game.
1886—Yale, 5 goals; Harvard, 1 touchdown.
1887—Yale, 3 goals, 1 safety; Harvard, 1 goal.
1888—No game.
1889—Yale, 1 goal; Harvard, 0.
1890—Harvard, 2 goals; Yale, 1 goal.
1891—Yale, 1 goal, 1 touchdown; Harvard, 0.
1892—Yale, 1 goal; Harvard, 0.
1893—Yale, 1 goal; Harvard, 0.
1894—Yale, 12; Harvard, 4.
1895—No game.
1896—No game.
1897—Yale, 0; Harvard, 0.
1898—Harvard, 17; Yale, 0.
1899—Yale, 0; Harvard, 0.
1900—Yale, 28; Harvard, 0.
1901—Harvard, 22; Yale, 0.
1902—Yale, 23; Harvard, 0.
1903—Yale, 16; Harvard, 0.

Princeton vs. Yale.

1876—Yale, 2 goals; Princeton, 0.
1877—Yale, 2 touchdowns; Princeton, 0.
1878—Princeton, 1 goal; Yale, 0.
1879—Princeton, 5 safeties; Yale, 2 safeties.
1880—Princeton, 11 safeties; Yale, 5 safeties.
1881—Yale, 0; Princeton, 0.
1882—Yale, 2 goals, 1 safety; Princeton, 1 goal, 1 safety.
1883—Yale, 1 goal; Princeton, 0.
1884—Yale, 1 goal; Princeton, 1 touchdown.
1885—Princeton, 1 goal from touchdown; Yale, 1 goal from field.
1886—Yale, 1 touchdown; Princeton, 0.
1887—Yale, 2 goals; Princeton, 0.
1888—Yale, 2 goals; Princeton, 0.
1889—Princeton, 1 goal, 1 touchdown; Yale, 0.
1890—Yale, 32 points; Princeton, 0.
1891—Yale, 2 goals, 2 touchdowns; Princeton, 0.
1892—Yale, 2 goals; Princeton, 0.
1893—Princeton, 1 goal; Yale, 0.
1894—Yale, 24; Princeton, 0.
1895—Yale, 20; Princeton, 10.
1896—Princeton, 24; Yale, 6.
1897—Yale, 6; Princeton, 0.
1898—Princeton, 6; Yale, 0.
1899—Princeton, 11; Yale, 10.
1900—Yale, 29; Princeton, 5.
1901—Yale, 12; Princeton, 0.
1902—Yale, 12; Princeton, 5.
1903—Princeton, 11; Yale, 6.

LAWN TENNIS.

Championships of 1903.

The national championship tournament for men was held at Newport, R. I., beginning August 18. H. L. Doherty won the all-comers' singles, beating W. J. Clothier in the finals by 6—3, 6—2, 6—3. In the challenge round for the championship Doherty beat W. A. Larned, the previous champion, by 6—0, 6—3, 10—8. The championship for doubles was divided as usual into Eastern and Western sections. Holcombe Ward and L. E. Ware won the Eastern championship at Longwood, Mass., and Kriegh Collins and L. H. Waidner won the Western championship at Chicago. In the final round at Newport (East vs. West) Collins and Waidner beat the Eastern pair by 6—3, 6—4, 7—5. They then challenged the Doherty brothers, last year's champions, and were beaten in the championship round by 7—5, 6—3, 6—3.

The women's national championship tournament was held at Philadelphia June 23 and following days. In the final round of the singles Miss E. H. Moore beat Miss C. B. Neely, 6—2, 6—4, and in the challenge round Miss Moore beat Miss Marion Jones, the previous holder, by 7—5, 8—6. In the women's doubles Miss E. H. Moore and Miss C. B. Neely beat Miss M. R. Jones and Miss Josephine Hall, 6—4, 6—1. In the final round of the mixed doubles Miss Helen Chapman and H. F. Allen beat Miss C. B. Neely and W. H. Rowland, 6—4, 7—5.

The intercollegiate championship tournament was held at Philadelphia beginning October 6. In the final round of the singles E. W. Dewhurst (University of Pennsylvania) beat L. B. Mahan (Columbia) by 6—3, 6—1, 6—2. In the final of doubles E. J. Clapp, jr., and F. A. Colston (Yale) beat L. B. Mahan and H. McLaughlin (Columbia) by 7—5, 6—4, 6—4.

International Matches.

The English Lawn Tennis Association challenged again for the Davis Trophy in 1903 and sent a team to America in July to try again for the international championship. The visiting team was composed of R. F. Doherty, H. L. Doherty and H. S. Mahony. The international matches were held at the Longwood Cricket Club, Boston, Mass., August 4, 7 and 8. The English team won by 4 matches to 1. Scores: H. L. Doherty (England) beat R. D. Wrenn (America), 6—0, 6—3, 6—4; W. A. Larned (America) beat R. F. Doherty (England), by default (Doherty wrenched his shoulder and could not play); R. F. Doherty and H. L. Doherty (England) beat R. D. Wrenn and G. L. Wrenn, jr. (America), 7—5, 9—7, 2—6, 6—3; R. F. Doherty (England) beat R. D. Wrenn (America), 6—4, 3—6, 6—3, 6—3, 6—4; H. L. Doherty (England) beat W. A. Larned (America), 6—3, 6—8, 6—0, 2—6, 7—5.

Official Ranking for 1903.

The official ranking of the first ten players of America for the season of 1903 was as follows: (1) W. A. Larned, owes 3-6 of 15; (2) Holcombe Ward; (3) W. J. Clothier and (4) Beals C. Wright, owe 2-6 of 15; (5) Kriegh Collins, owes 1-6 of 15; (6) E. P. Larned; (7) H. F. Allen; (8) E. W. Leonard and (9) R. H. Carleton, scratch; (10) Kenneth Horton, 2-6 of 15.

Previous American Champions.

Singles—1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, R. D. Sears; 1888, 1889, H. W. Slocum, jr.; 1890, 1891, 1892, O. S. Campbell; 1893, 1894, R. D. Wrenn; 1895, F. H. Hovey; 1896, 1897, R. D. Wrenn; 1898, 1899, 1900, M. D. Whitman; 1901, 1902, W. A. Larned; 1903, H. L. Doherty.

Doubles—1881, C. M. Clark and F. W. Taylor; 1882, 1883, 1884, R. D. Sears and James Dwight; 1885, R. D. Sears and J.

S. Clark; 1886 1887, R. D. Sears and James Dwight; 1888, O. S. Campbell and V. G. Hall; 1889, H. W. Slocum, jr., and H. A. Taylor; 1890, V. G. Hall and C. Hobart; 1891, 1892, O. S. Campbell and R. P. Huntington, jr.; 1893 1894, C. Hobart and F. H. Hovey; 1895, M. G. Chase and R. D. Wrenn; 1896, C. B. Neel and S. R. Neel; 1897, 1898, L. E. Ware and G. P. Sheldon, jr.; 1899, 1900, 1901, D. F. Davis and Holcombe Ward; 1902, 1903, R. F. Doherty and H. L. Doherty.

COURT TENNIS, RACQUETS AND SQUASH.

Championships of 1903.

The annual tournament for the amateur championship of America at racquets was held at the New-York Racquet and Tennis Club February 16 to February 22. There were entries from New-York, Philadelphia, Boston and Montreal, and the meeting ended with the defeat of the general favorite for first honors, Q. A. Shaw, jr., of Boston, in the finals, by Payne Whitney, of New-York, by 12—15, 15—10, 15—10, 15—10.

The doubles were held at the Philadelphia Racquet Club, February 27 and 28, but only three teams took part in the matches, the New-Yorkers being absent. One team was entered from Boston and beaten in the first round, and two Philadelphia teams came together in the finals, Hugh Scott and R. K. Cassatt beating Newbold Etting and James Potter, jr., by 15—4, 15—3, 15—6, 15—10.

The annual tournament for the amateur court tennis championship of America was held at the Boston Athletic Association March 30 to April 2. In the final round Joshua Crane, jr., of Boston, met Charles E. Sands, of New-York, and won by 6—1, 5—6, 6—5, 13—11.

The annual tournament for the amateur championship of America at squash racquets was held at the Tuxedo Racquet and Tennis Club February 21, 22 and 23. In the final round George I. Scott, of New-York, met B. Wendell, jr., of Harvard, and won by 15—9, 15—6, 15—6. The final match for the consolation cup resulted in a victory for J. G. Douglass, of New-York, over L. L. Green, of Harvard, by 15—9, 12—15, 7—15, 15—9, 17—15.

ROQUE—CROQUET.

Championships of 1903.

The annual tournament for the championship of America at roque-croquet was held at Norwich, Conn., during the week ending August 22. As usual, the contestants were divided into three divisions, according to their skill, and the championship was decided by the result of the series in the first division. The title was won by George C. Cox, of Malden, Mass. In the second division D. A. Mitchell, of Philadelphia, Penn., was returned the winner, while in the third section three players tied, each having won 6 games and lost 1—Dr. J. Davenport, of Northampton, Mass.; S. Davenport, of New-York, and Rev. Mr. Kidd, of Bridgeport, Conn.

The roque-croquet championship has been won during the last nine years as follows: 1895, G. C. Strong, New-London, Conn.; 1896, E. C. Butler, Middletown, Conn.; 1897, S. C. Durvea Washington, D. C.; 1898, W. H. Wahly, Washington, D. C.; 1899, 1900, G. C. Williams, Washington, D. C.; 1901, W. H. Wahly, Washington, D. C.; 1902, S. L. Duryea, Washington, D. C.; 1903, G. C. Cox, Malden, Mass.

GOLF.

Championships of 1903.

The amateur championship for men was held at the Nassau Country Club, Long Island, during the first week of September. The conditions were altered from previous years, all of the tournament being decided by match play, with no qualifying round. There were 145 entries, the largest field yet turned out, and this necessitated a preliminary round to reduce the number to an even power of two. The weeding-out process, each match at 18 holes, was continued for four days before the finals were reached, and then Walter J. Travis, of Garden City, and Eben M. Byers, of Pittsburg, came together at 36 holes. Travis won by five up and four to play.

The amateur championship for women was decided at the Chicago Golf Club, Wheaton, Ill., at the end of September. The old method of qualifying was preserved in this tournament, and 32 women qualified with scores varying from 94 to 120. Mrs. Caleb Fox won the gold medal for the lowest qualifying score with 94. Miss Bessie Anthony, of Chicago, and Miss Anna Carpenter, of Chicago, came together in the final round, and Miss Anthony won by 7 up and 6 to play.

The open (professional) championship tournament was held at the Baltusrol Golf Club, Shorthills, N. J., the last week in June. The conditions called for 72 holes medal play, and out of a very large field the best scores were: Willie Anderson, Apawamis Golf Club, 307; David Brown, Wollaston Golf Club, 307; Stewart Gardner, Garden City Golf Club, 315; Alexander Smith, Nassau Country Club, 316; Donald Ross, Oakley Country Club, 318; Jack Campbell, Brookline Country Club, 319. The best amateur to finish was Findlay Douglas, who won a gold medal for his score of 322, the eighth best of the tournament. Anderson and Brown tied for the championship at 307, and Anderson won the play-off later with 82 for 18 holes, against 84 for Brown.

The intercollegiate championship tournament was held at the Garden City Golf Club October 20 to 24. In the team series, with six men on each team, Yale beat University of Pennsylvania by 16½ points to 1½ in the preliminary round. In the semi-finals Harvard beat Yale 9½ points to 2, and Princeton beat Columbia by 20 points to 0. The finals brought Princeton and Harvard together, and Harvard won by 21½ points to 2½. In the individual championship series F. O. Reinhart, of Princeton, met W. C. Chick, of Harvard, in the finals (36 holes), and won by 4 up and 3 to play.

The metropolitan championship for men was won by Findlay S. Douglas, at the

Deal (N. J.) Golf Club, May 30. The metropolitan championship for women was won by Mrs. Edward A. Manice, at the Baltusrol Golf Club, Shorthills, N. J., June 6.

The English championship for amateurs was won by R. Maxwell, and for professionals by Harry Vardon.

A team of ten crack golfers representing the Oxford and Cambridge Golfing Society, most of them graduates of the two universities, made an American tour during the middle of the season, and played team matches in many of the most prominent clubs. They won every match but one, beating the All-Collegiate team, an All-Eastern team and an All-Western team, but lost after a close finish (September 7) to an All-American team, representing the United States Golf Association, by five matches to four.

POLO.

Championships of 1903.

The annual tournament of the Polo Association for the championships of America, senior and junior, was held at the Philadelphia Country Club June 24 to July 1. The Lakewood team, including George Gould and his two sons, captured the junior championship, and this victory made them eligible for the senior series, but they did not play in it. The Westchester Country Club won the senior title. Scores of the finals in each event:

Senior championship, July 1—Westchester Country Club beat Bryn Mawr first, 9½ goals to 6.

Senior championship team—J. E. Cowdin, J. M. Waterbury, jr., H. P. Whitney and Lawrence Waterbury.

Junior championship, June 25—Lakewood beat Bryn Mawr second (The "Foxhunters"), 14¾ goals to 6¼.

Junior championship team—George J. Gould, Jay Gould, Kingdon Gould and Benjamin Nicoll.

There were no international polo matches in 1903. The English Polo Association had promised to send over a team to play in some of the American tournaments, but the players were unable to come and had to withdraw at the last moment.

The senior championship at polo has been won during the last nine years as follows: 1895, Myopia Hunt Club; 1896, Rockaway Hunting Club; 1897, 1898, Meadow Brook Hunt Club; 1899, Westchester Country Club; 1900, Dedham Country Club; 1901, 1902, Lakewood Country Club; 1903, Westchester Country Club.

LACROSSE.

The Interuniversity Lacrosse Association held its usual series of games for the intercollegiate championship during 1903, but the season ended in a fizzle. Five games were actually played, and Columbia forfeited 1 game to Harvard, Columbia and Cornell each winning 2 and losing 1, while Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania each won 1 and lost 2. This left Cornell and Columbia tied for the championship, but each protested players on the other's team, and both protests were upheld, so that the championship lay between Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania. In the regular series Pennsylvania had beaten Harvard and lost to the other two, while Harvard had won her only game by default from Columbia. This record would apparently give Pennsylvania the best right to the championship with the two leading teams disqualified, but the season was unsatisfactory to all concerned.

The Crescent Athletic Club's team, of Brooklyn, was easily the strongest of the American teams in 1903. They played and beat nearly all of the other leading clubs and some of the foreign combinations. The Oxford-Cambridge players were beaten by the Crescent A. C. by 4 goals to 3. Harvard was beaten by 18 goals to 3, but Toronto University beat the Crescents by 5 goals to 4.

The Oxford and Cambridge picked lacrosse team made a short tour in America and won from most of the American college teams, including Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania, but lost to the Crescent A. C., the American champions, by 4 goals to 3.

The University of Toronto team that came down from Canada won all of their games here, beating, among others, the Crescent A. C. by 5 to 4, and Johns-Hopkins by 9 goals to 6.

The Seneca Indians played a match game at Ithaca with the Cornell University team, and it resulted in a tie, each side having made 3 goals.

CRICKET.

Season of 1903.

A picked team of the best gentlemen players from Philadelphia made an extended tour of Great Britain during the summer of 1903, and met with more success than any previous visitors from this side of the Atlantic. The Philadelphians arrived in London June 4 and reached home again August 15. They played fifteen games while abroad, winning seven games, losing six and drawing two. A summary of their games abroad follows:

June 8-10—Philadelphia, 433; Cambridge, 434. Lost by 6 wickets.

June 11-13—Philadelphia, 280; Oxford, 90. Drawn game. (Unfinished on account of rain.)

June 16-17—Philadelphia, 155 (one inning); Gloucestershire, 129. Won by an inning and 26 runs.

June 18-20—Philadelphia, 559; Notts, 374. Won by 185 runs.

June 22-24—Philadelphia, 158; Marylebone, 159. Lost by 5 wickets.

June 25-27—Philadelphia, 427; Kent County, 365. Won by 62 runs.

June 29-30—Philadelphia, 293; Somerset, 295. Lost by 10 wickets.

July 6-8—Philadelphia, 330; Lancashire, 320. Won by 9 wickets.

July 9-10—Philadelphia, 303; Warwickshire, 304. Lost by 7 wickets.

July 13-15—Philadelphia, 378; Worcestershire, 593. Lost by 215 runs.

July 16-18—Philadelphia, 230; Hampshire, 371. Drawn game. (Unfinished on account of rain.)

July 23-25—Philadelphia, 265; P. F. Warner's team, 461. Lost by 196 runs.

July 30-31—Philadelphia, 184; Glamorganshire, 180. Won by 10 wickets.

August 3-5—Philadelphia, 487; Leicestershire, 386. Won by 101 runs.

August 6-8—Philadelphia, 638; Surrey, 528. Won by 110 runs.

The Kent County team made a short trip to America in the fall and played four games between their arrival September 16 and their return October 9. They won all four, as follows:

September 18-19—Kent County, 116; Philadelphia "Colts," 114. Won by 8 wickets.

September 25-28—Kent County, 324; Philadelphia, 322. Won by 7 wickets.

September 30-October 1—Kent County, 278; New-York, 154. Won by 124 runs.

October 2-4—Kent County 244; Philadelphia, 243. Won by 7 wickets.

The New-Jersey Cricket Club team won the championship of the Metropolitan League with an unbroken record of victories.

Oxford beat Cambridge by 550 runs to 282 in their annual match.

RIFLE AND REVOLVER SHOOTING.

Championships of 1903.

The most important rifle shooting event in 1903 was the international match for the Palma trophy in England. This trophy was originally offered in America in 1875 to represent the shooting championship of the world. In 1901 it was captured at Sea Girt, N. J., by a Canadian team, and in 1902 it was taken across the ocean by an English team. The Americans sent a team of eight men to England for it last season, and they brought back the trophy. The international shoot was held at Bisley, July 11, and the Americans won by 1,570 points against 1,555 for the British team, their nearest rivals. The Canadian team scored 1,518, finishing third, and teams representing Australia, Natal, France and Norway were also entered, finishing in the order named, France tieing Norway for last place, with 1,240 points.

The annual meetings of the National Rifle Association, the New-Jersey Rifle Association and the U. S. Revolver Association were combined in one big shooting tournament at Sea Girt, N. J., during the first two weeks of September. The principal matches resulted as follows:

Team championship of United States (approved by U. S. Congress)—Won by the New York State team, with a score of 2,988 (out of possible 3,600); New-Jersey team second, with 2,902; Massachusetts team third, with 2,888; District of Columbia team fourth, with 2,873, and Ohio team fifth, with 2,787. This match was a combination of the old Hilton trophy match and that for the "Soldier of Marathon" trophy. These two were prizes awarded to the second and third teams, respectively, and a new trophy, authorized by Congress, was awarded for the first time to the winners.

Wimbledon Cup—Won by Captain W. H. Richards, of Bloomingdale, Ohio, with a score of 91 (out of possible 100); Private S. B. Wetherald, D. of C.; Private G. E. Cook, D. of C.; Private E. J. Frank, D. of C., and Lieutenant W. M. Farrow, D. of C., all tied for second, with 88 each.

President's match (for military championship of the U. S.)—Won by Lieutenant K. K. V. Casey, 71st Regiment, N. Y., with a score of 192 (out of possible 225); Sergeant A. C. Corbett, 71st Regiment, N. Y., second, with 188;, and Lieutenant A. E. Ramey, 71st Regiment, N. Y., third, with 185.

Regimental team match—Won by 1st Regiment, New-Jersey, with a score of 533 (out of possible 600); 6th Regiment, Massachusetts, second, with 533, and 1st Regiment, District of Columbia, third, with 532.

Dryden trophy—Won by U. S. Army Infantry team, with a score of 995; District of Columbia team second, with 990; New-Jersey team third, with 977.

The annual indoor championship tournament of the U. S. Revolver Association was held in New-York, Boston and Chicago, simultaneously (by telegraph), March 11 to 17. There were two classes, revolver and pistol, and they resulted as follows:

Revolver championship—Won by Dr. W. H. Luckett, with a total of 437 (out of possible 500); J. A. Dietz, jr., second, with 435; Dr. R. H. Sayre, third, with 416.

Pistol championship—Won by J. A. Dietz, jr., with a total of 456 (out of possible 500); Dr. R. H. Sayre second, with 446, and A. L. A. Himmelwright third, with 438.

BOXING.

Principal Bouts of 1903.

February 23—"Kid" McCoy outpointed Jack McCormick in a six round bout at Philadelphia.

February 25—Terry McGovern knocked out Billy Maynard in four rounds at Philadelphia.

March 11—Joe Walcott knocked out Charlie Haghey in five rounds for the welterweight championship at Boston.

March 31—"Young" Corbett knocked out Terry McGovern in the eleventh round for the featherweight championship at San Francisco.

April 3—Marvin Hart won from Jack Bonner on a foul in the fourth round at Louisville.

April 2—Joe Walcott and Billy Woods boxed a twenty round draw for the welterweight championship at Los Angeles.

April 6—George Gardner knocked out Peter Maher in one round at Boston.

April 22—Jack Root outpointed "Kid" McCoy in a ten round bout at Detroit.

May 2—Benny Yanger outpointed "Kid" Broad in a twenty round bout at Louisville.

July 4—George Gardner knocked out Jack Root in the twelfth round for the new "light heavyweight" championship at Buffalo.

August 14—Jim Jeffries won from Jim Corbett in ten rounds for the heavyweight championship at San Francisco. Corbett's seconds threw up the sponge.

September 8—Gus Ruhlin failed to knock out "Kid" Carter in a six round bout at Philadelphia.

September 28—Gus Ruhlin outpointed "Kid" Carter in a six round bout at Philadelphia.

October 13—Joe Walcott outpointed "Kid" Carter in a fifteen round bout at Boston.

October 19—Joe Gans failed to knock out Joe Grim in a six round bout at Philadelphia.

October 20—Terry McGovern outpointed Jimmy Briggs in a fifteen round bout at Boston.

October 27—"Young" Corbett knocked out Hughey Murphy in eleven rounds at Boston for the featherweight championship.

November 25—Bob Fitzsimmons outpointed George Gardner in a twenty round bout for the "light heavyweight" championship at San Francisco.

ATHLETICS.

AMERICAN AMATEUR RECORDS ACCEPTED BY THE A. A. U.

RUNNING.

Distance.	Time.	Record Holder.	Date.
50 yards	0:00:05½	L. E. Myers	Dec. 12, 1884.
75 yards	0:00:07⅝	L. H. Cary	May 9, 1891.
		B. J. Wefers	Jan. 25, 1896.
100 yards	0:00:09⅘	A. F. Duffy	May 31, 1902.
150 yards	0:00:14⅘	C. H. Sherrill	May 17 1890.
		J. Owen, jr.	Sept. 13, 1890.
200 yards	0:00:20	W. Baker	Nov. 8, 1890.
220 yards	0:00:21⅕	B. J. Wefers	May 30, 1896.
300 yards	0:00:30⅘	B. J. Wefers	Sept. 26, 1896.
400 yards	0:00:41⅕	M. W. Long	Oct. 4, 1900.
440 yards	0:00:47	M. W. Long	Oct. 4, 1900.
500 yards	0:00:57⅘	T. E. Burke	June 17, 1897.
600 yards	0:01:11	T. E. Burke	Sept. 19, 1896.
700 yards	0:01:31	L. E. Myers	Sept 16, 1882.
880 yards	0:01:53⅘	C. H. Kilpatrick	Sept. 21, 1895.
1,000 yards	0:02:13	L. E. Myers	Oct. 8, 1881.
1,320 yards	0:03:02⅘	T. P. Conneff	Aug. 21, 1895.
1 mile	0:04:15⅖	T. P. Conneff	Aug. 28, 1895.
2 miles	0:09:28⅘	Alex. Grant	Sept. 26, 1903.
3 miles	0:14:30	W. D. Day	May 30, 1890.
4 miles	0:20:15½	W. D. Day	Nov. 16, 1889.
5 miles	0:25:23⅗	E. C. Carter	Sept. 17, 1887.
6 miles	0:31:27⅘	E. C. Carter	Oct. 21, 1893.
7 miles	0:36:54	E. C. Carter	Nov. 6, 1886.
8 miles	0:42:19	E. C. Carter	Nov. 6, 1886.
9 miles	0:47:41⅘	S. Thomas	Oct. 26, 1889.
10 miles	0:52:38⅘	W. D. Day	Oct. 26, 1889.
20 miles	2:13:05	J. Gassman	Feb. 22, 1884.
30 miles	3:36:03½	J. Gassman	Feb. 22, 1884.
40 miles	5:20:30	W. C. Davies	Feb. 22, 1882.
50 miles	7:29:47	P. Golden	Feb. 22, 1883.
60 miles	9:44:20	J. Saunders	Feb. 22, 1882.
70 miles	11:34.05	J. Saunders	Feb. 22, 1882.
80 miles	13:13:55	J. Saunders	Feb. 22, 1882.
90 miles	15:24:10	J. Saunders	Feb. 22, 1882.
100 miles	17:36:14	J. Saunders	Feb. 22, 1882.

WALKING.

75 yards	0:00:12¼	F. J. Mott	April 18, 1898
220 yards	0:00:39⅘	W. H. Parry	July 4, 1882
440 yards	0:01.23	H. L Curtis	Sept. 26, 1891
880 yards	0:03:02⅘	F. P. Murray	Oct. 22, 1883
1 mile	0:06:20⅘	F. P. Murray	Oct. 27, 1883
2 miles	0:13:48⅘	F. P. Murray	May 30, 1884
3 miles	0:21:09½	F. P. Murray	Nov. 6, 1883
4 miles	0:29:40⅘	T H. Armstrong, jr.	Nov. 6, 1877
5 miles	0:38:58	W. H. Purdy	May 22, 1880
10 miles	1:17:40¾	E E. Merrill	Oct. 5, 1880
20 miles	3:08:10	J. B. Clark	Dec. 5, 1879
25 miles	4:08:35	J. B. Clark	Dec. 5, 1879
50 miles	9:29:22	G B. Gillie	May 11, 1878
100 miles	21:00:42	G. B Gillie	May 11, 1878

HURDLE RACING.

60 yards	*0:00:08⅘	A. A. Jordan	Oct. 9, 1887
80 yards	*0:00:11¼	A. A Jordan	Oct. 9, 1887
100 yards	*0:00:13½	H. L. Williams	Sept. 20, 1890
120 yards	*0:00:15⅘	A. C. Kraenzlein	June 18, 1898
220 yards	0:00:23⅘	A. C. Kraenzlein	May 28, 1898
300 yards	0:00:36⅗	A. C. Kraenzlein	May 12, 1897
440 yards	0:00:56⅘	H. Arnold	Sept. 17, 1901

*Hurdles 3½ feet high; others 2½ feet.

JUMPING.

Style.	Distance.	Record Holder.	Date.
Standing high....	5 feet 5 inches...	R. C. Ewry.....	Sept. 7, 1901
Running high....	6 feet 5⅝ inches...	M. F. Sweeney.....	Sept. 21, 1900
Pole vault.....	11 feet 10½ inches...	R. G. Clapp.....	June 18, 1900
Pole leap.....	27 feet 5 inches...	A. H. Green.....	Sept. 16, 1890
Standing broad..	11 feet 3 inches...	R. C. Ewry.....	April 27, 1900
Running broad...	24 feet 7¼ inches...	M. Prinstein.....	April 28, 1900

THROWING WEIGHTS.

Style.	Distance.	Record Holder.	Date.
16-lb. hammer...	171 feet 0 inches...	J. Flanagan.....	Sept. 3, 1900
12-lb. hammer...	184 feet 1 inch.....	J. R. de Witt.....	May 27, 1900
12-lb. shot.....	55 feet 2 inches...	G. R. Gray.....	June 11, 1890
16-lb. shot.....	47 feet.....	G. R. Gray.....	Sept. 16, 1890
24-lb. shot.....	33 feet 11¾ inches...	G. R. Gray.....	April 12, 1890
Discus.....	127 feet 8¾ inches...	M. J. Sheridan.....	Aug. 30, 1902
56-lb. weight....	36 feet 0½ inches...	J. Flanagan.....	Oct. 20, 1901

NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS.

The annual games for the national championships were held under the auspices of the A. A. U., at Milwaukee, Wis., with the following results:

One hundred and twenty yard hurdle—Won by F. W. Schule, Milwaukee; Dr. M. Bockman, Milwaukee, second; S. S. Jones, New-York, third. Time—0:16⅘.

One hundred yard dash—Won by A. Hahn, Milwaukee; P. J. Walsh, New-York, second; V. Rice, Chicago, third. Time—0:10⅕.

One mile run—Won by Alex. Grant, New-York; James Lightbody, Chicago, second; Roland Pomeroy, Montreal, third. Time—4:52.

Four hundred and forty yard dash—Won by H. L. Hillman, New-York; J. D. Morrow, Montreal, second; George Smith, Chicago, third. Time—0:52.

Two hundred and twenty yard dash—Won by A. Hahn, Milwaukee; P. J. Walsh, New-York, second; V. Rice, Chicago, third. Time—0:23⅕.

Two hundred and twenty yard hurdle—Won by Dr. M. Bockman, Milwaukee; H. L. Hillman, New-York, second; F. W. Schule, Milwaukee, third. Time—0:26.

Eight hundred and eighty yard run—Won by H. M. Valentine, New-York; E. Breitkrentz, Milwaukee, second; P. Molson, Montreal, third. Time—2:00⅘.

Two mile run—Won by Alex. Grant, New-York; F. A. Rowe, Chicago, second; Irwin K. Stone, Chicago, third. Time—10:39⅕.

Pole vault—Won by Charles Dvorak, Chicago, with a vault of 11 feet; J. Norris, Chicago, second, with a vault of 10 feet 9 inches; W. R. Knox, Milwaukee, third, with a vault of 10 feet 6 inches.

Throwing the discus—Won by J. H. Maddock, Chicago, with a throw of 113 feet; T. A. Speik, Chicago, second, with a throw of 108 feet 6 inches; Charles H. Henneman, Milwaukee third, with a throw of 107 feet 2 inches.

Running high jump—Won by S. S. Jones, New-York, with a jump of 5 feet 11 inches; Otto Kracke, Chicago, and F. W. Schule, Milwaukee, tied for second and third, with 5 feet 10 inches, and in the jump-off Schule won, clearing the same height.

Putting sixteen pound shot—Won by E. J. Feuerbach, New-York, with a put of 42 feet 11⅝ inches; H. Kirby, Chicago, second, with 41 feet 7¾ inches; J. H. Maddock, Chicago, third, with 37 feet 2⅝ inches.

Throwing sixteen pound hammer—Won by J. S. Mitchel, New-York, with a throw of 140 feet 1 inch; J. H. Maddock, Chicago, second, with 130 feet 11 inches; E. E. Parry, Chicago, third, with 128 feet 8 inches.

Running broad jump—Won by P. Molson, Montreal, with a jump of 22 feet 2½ inches; Myer Prinstein, New-York, second, with 22 feet; W. R. Knox, Milwaukee, third, with 20 feet 8 inches.

Throwing fifty-six pound weight—Won by James S. Mitchel, New-York, with a throw of 33 feet 2¾ inches; Charles H. Henneman, Milwaukee, second, with 27 feet 2¼ inches; J. H. Maddock, Chicago, third, with 25 feet 11 inches.

Team Cup—Won by New-York A. C. team, with 50 points; Milwaukee A. C. second, 36 points; 1st Regiment A. A., of Chicago, third, 24 points.

Intercollegiate Championships.

The annual intercollegiate championship games were held in New-York, May 29 and 30. Result: Yale, 41½ points; Harvard, 41; Cornell, 16; Princeton, 11½; Syracuse, 11; Amherst, 9; Georgetown, 8; University of Pennsylvania, 3, and Williams, 2.

Individual games—Yale beat Harvard at New-Haven, May 23, by 58 points to 46; Yale beat Princeton, at Princeton, May 9, by 75 points to 29; Columbia beat Princeton, at New-York, May 16, by 58½ points to 45½; Cornell beat Princeton, at Albany, May 23, by 67 points to 50.

Oxford beat Cambridge, at London, March 29, in dual games, by 8 events to 2.

Other Championships.

Arthur F. Duffy, the American champion sprinter, competed abroad in a number of big meetings during 1903. He won the English championship for one hundred yards in 0:10 at Northampton, July 4. In the Scotch championships at Glasgow, July 1, he broke the Scotch record and equalled the British record for the one hundred yard dash, winning in 0:09⅘.

Ellery H. Clark, of Boston, won the all-round championship of the Amateur Athletic Union, at New-York, July 4, with a total score of 6,318¼ per cent; against 5,808¼ per cent for the second man, A. B. Gunn, of Buffalo.

AUTOMOBILE RECORDS.

STRAIGHTAWAY ROAD RECORDS.

Gasolene.

Distance.	Time.	Operator, machine, place and date.
*1 kilo....	0:26⅘	M. Dubray (Gibbon-Brille), Doudran, France, Nov. 5, 1903.
1 kilo....	0:32⅘	Alex. Winton (Winton), Ormonde Beach, Fla., March 27, 1903.
*1 mile...	0:46	M. Augieres (Mors), Dourdan, France, Nov. 12, 1902.
1 mile...	0:51⅘	Herny Fournier (Mors), Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1901.

Steam.

*1 kilo....	0:29⅘	Leon Serpollet (Serpollet), Nice, France, April, 1902.
*1 mile...	1:05¼	G. C. Cannon (Cannon), Providence, R. I., Sept 24, 1903.

Electricity.

*1 kilo....	0:35⅕	W. C. Baker (Baker), Staten Island, N. Y., May 31, 1902.
*1 mile...	1:03	A. L. Riker (Riker), Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 16, 1901.

Motor Cycle.

*1 kilo....	0:35⅕	M. Lamberjack (Giffon), Dourdan, France, Nov. 5, 1903.
1 kilo....	0:39	Oscar Hedstrom (Indian), Ormonde Beach, Fla., May 28, 1903.
1 mile...	1:03⅕	Oscar Hedstrom (Indian), Ormonde Beach, Fla., March 27, 1903.

AMERICAN TRACK RECORDS.

Gasolene Machines Weighing Over 1800 Pounds.

Distance.	Time.	Holder, machine, place and date.
1 mile...	0:00:54⅘	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 21, 1903.
2 miles..	0:01:50⅕	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 20, 1903.
3 miles..	0:02:50⅘	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
4 miles..	0:03:47⅘	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
5 miles..	0:04:40⅕	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 21, 1903.
6 miles..	0:05:42	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
7 miles..	0:06:39¼	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
8 miles..	0:07:37¼	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
9 miles..	0:08:34½	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
10 miles..	0:09:32½	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
11 miles..	0:10:28¾	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
12 miles..	0:11:27½	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
13 miles..	0:12:25¾	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
14 miles..	0:13:23¾	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
15 miles..	0:14:21	Barney Oldfield (Winton), Denver, Col., Oct. 29, 1903.
20 miles..	0:25:25⅗	Henry Fournier (Mors), Fort Erie, Can., Sept. 26, 1901.
25 miles..	0:31:44⅕	Henry Fournier (Mors), Fort Erie, Can., Sept. 26, 1901.
50 miles..	1:17:50	Alex. Winton (Winton), Chicago, Ill., Sept. 18, 1900.

Gasolene Machines Weighing Under 1800 Pounds.

1 mile...	0:01:01	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
2 miles..	0:02:06	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
3 miles..	0:03:08⅗	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
4 miles..	0:04:07⅘	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
5 miles..	0:05:08⅘	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
6 miles..	0:06:10⅘	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
7 miles..	0:07:11⅗	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
8 miles..	0:08:12⅗	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
9 miles..	0:09:14⅗	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
10 miles..	0:10:16⅗	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.
15 miles..	0:15:07⅗	Henri Page (Decauville), Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1903.

Gasolene Machines Weighing Under 1200 Pounds.

1 mile...	0:01:14⅘	D. Wurgis (Oldsmobile), Syracuse, N. Y., Sept, 12, 1903.
2 miles..	0:02:21⅕	D. Wurgis (Oldsmobile), Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 12, 1903.
3 miles..	0:03:31½	D. Wurgis (Oldsmobile), Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 12, 1903.
4 miles..	0:04:40¼	D. Wurgis (Oldsmobile), Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 12, 1903.
5 miles..	0:05:49	D. Wurgis (Oldsmobile), Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 12, 1903.

Track Records with Steam and Electricity.

Steam.				Electricity.			
Distance	Time.	Holder.	Machine.	Distance	Time.	Holder.	Machine.
1 mile..	01:01	G. C. Cannon	(Cannon).	1 mile..	01:21⅘	D. Chisholm	(Baker).
2 miles.	02:24⅘	G. C. Cannon	(Cannon).	2 miles.	02:35⅘	D. Chisholm	(Baker).
3 miles.	03:36⅘	G. C. Cannon	(Cannon).	3 miles.	03:53	D. Chisholm	(Baker).
4 miles.	04:48⅘	G. C. Cannon	(Cannon).	4 miles.	05:11½	D. Chisholm	(Baker).
5 miles.	05:56⅘	G. C. Cannon	(Cannon).	5 miles.	06:29⅘	D. Chisholm	(Baker).
10 miles.	12:20⅘	J. L. Hedges	(White).	10 miles.	17:58	W. C. Baker	(Baker).

*World's records; others are American records. A kilo. is equal to .621 of a mile.

BICYCLE RECORDS.

Best times recorded in America under various conditions by both amateurs and professionals, as revised and accepted by the Board of Control of the National Cycling Association.

PACED.

Amateur.					Professional.			
	Against Time.		In Competition.		Against Time.		In Competition.	
Distance.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.
¼ mile	0:20⅕	R. C. Holzel	——	——	0:20	Major Taylor	——	——
½ mile	0:29⅘	R. C. Holzel	——	——	0:27⅘	J. S. Johnson	——	——
¾ mile	0:44⅘	Geo. Leander	——	——	0:41	Major Taylor	——	——
1 mile	1:18	Samuel Sulkin	1:24⅘	Samuel Sulkin	1:07	R. Waltour	1:09⅕	Hugh McLean.
2 miles	2:58⅕	Walter Smith	2:47⅘	Samuel Sulkin	2:20⅕	Joe Nelson	2:19	Hugh McLean.
3 miles	4:23	Walter Smith	4:18⅘	Samuel Sulkin	3:30⅕	Joe Nelson	3:32⅕	H. Caldwell.
4 miles	5:52⅘	Walter Smith	5:43⅕	Samuel Sulkin	4:41⅕	Joe Nelson	4:43	H. Caldwell.
5 miles	7:18⅗	Walter Smith	7:07⅘	Samuel Sulkin	5:51	Joe Nelson	5:53	H. Caldwell.
6 miles	9:51⅗	Joe Nelson	8:31⅘	Samuel Sulkin	Competition Records for distances over five miles have exceeded time trials.		7:03	H. Caldwell.
7 miles	11:28⅘	Joe Nelson	9:58⅕	Samuel Sulkin			8:13	H. Caldwell.
8 miles	13:05⅗	Joe Nelson	11:20⅗	Samuel Sulkin			9:23⅕	H. Caldwell.
9 miles	14:43⅘	Joe Nelson	12:44⅕	Samuel Sulkin			10:34	H. Caldwell.
10 miles	16:21	Joe Nelson	14:08⅕	Samuel Sulkin			11:44	H. Caldwell.
11 miles	17:58	Joe Nelson	18:14	Joe Nelson			12:55	R. A. Walthour.
12 miles	19:34⅘	Joe Nelson	19:55	Joe Nelson			14:04⅘	R. A. Walthour.
13 miles	21:12	Joe Nelson	21:36⅘	Joe Nelson			15:14	R. A. Walthour.
14 miles	22:50	Joe Nelson	23:18⅘	Joe Nelson			16:22⅕	R. A. Walthour.
15 miles	24:26⅘	Joe Nelson	24:55⅘	Joe Nelson			17:29⅕	R. A. Walthour.
20 miles	33:05⅗	Joe Nelson	34:02⅘	Ray Duer			23:30	H. Caldwell.
25 miles	41:27	Joe Nelson	47:37	John Nelson			29:22⅘	H. Caldwell.

UNPACED.

Amateur.					Professional.			
	Against Time.		In Competition.		Against Time.		In Competition.	
Distance.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.	Time.	Holder.
¼ mile	0:25	Calvin Snow	0:28⅘	M. L. Hurley	0:25⅗	Major Taylor	0:28⅕	F. L. Kramer.
⅓ mile	0:33⅗	A. B. Simons	0:38⅘	W. S. Fenn	0:34⅕	W. W. Hamilton	0:38⅗	E. C. Bald.
½ mile	0:53⅗	N. C. Hopper	0:57⅕	M. L. Hurley	0:52⅗	W. E. Samuelson	0:54⅘	F. L. Kramer.
⅔ mile	1:21⅕	J. G. Heil	1:18	M. L. Hurley	1:14⅕	W. C. Sanger	——	——
1 mile	2:02⅗	W. F. Wahrenberger	1:57⅗	E. E. Smith	1:53⅗	W. M. Samuelson	1:55⅗	F. A. McFarland
2 miles	4:25	F. S. Dusenberg	4:10⅘	Marcus Hurley	4:10	A. B. Hughes	3:59⅘	F. L. Kramer.
3 miles	6:39⅕	F. S. Dusenberg	——	——	6:32⅘	F. J. Titus	——	——
4 miles	9:31⅗	C. B. Hackenberger	——	——	8:50	F. J. Titus	——	——
5 miles	11:36⅘	C. B. Hackenberger	10:56	M. L. Hurley	11:04⅕	Alex. Peterson	10:15	W. S. Fenn.
10 miles	——	——	21:23	J. P. Linley	23:09⅗	W. W. Hamilton	21:38⅗	W. S. Vaughn.
15 miles	——	——	35:32	G. H. Collett	35:03	W. W. Hamilton	33:34	F. L. Kramer.
20 miles	——	——	47:39	G. H. Collett	47:08⅗	W. W. Hamilton	46:06⅕	E. C. Hausman.
25 miles	——	——	1:00:39	Edward Forrest	59:13⅗	W. W. Hamilton	57:52⅘	F. L. Kramer.

PROFESSIONAL HOUR RECORDS.

Time.	American Record. Distance.	Holder.	Date.	World's Record. Distance.	Holder and Nation.	Date.
1 hour	50 m. 3 yds.	Harry Caldwell	Aug. 27, 1903	54 m. 534 yds.	Hall (French)	Oct. 29, 1903
2 hours	77 m. 440 yds.	James Moran	Aug. 8, 1903	82 m. 1,566 yds.	Dickentman (German)	Aug. 3, 1902
3 hours	89 m. 440 yds.	Charles Turville	Sept. 15, 1901	122 m. 1,392 yds.	Robl (German)	Aug. 3, 1902
4 hours	117 m. —— yds.	Charles Turville	Sept. 15, 1901	156 m. 518 yds.	Robl (German)	Aug. 3, 1902
5 hours	146 m. —— yds.	Charles Turville	Sept. 15, 1901	188 m. 188 yds.	Robl (German)	Aug. 3, 1902
6 hours	172 m. —— yds.	Charles Turville	Sept. 15, 1901	222 m. 1,410 yds.	Robl (German)	Aug. 3, 1902
12 hours	319 m. —— yds.	R. W. Pierce	July 3, 1899	349 m. 1,456 yds.	Walters (French)	Sept. 15, 1900
18 hours	416 m. —— yds.	John Lawson	June 10, 1900	493 m. 1,296 yds.	Walters (French)	Sept. 15, 1900
24 hours	528 m. 925 yds.	John Lawson	June 10, 1900	634 m. 774 yds.	Walters (French)	July 8, 1899

PROFESSIONAL DAY RECORDS.

Time.	Distance.	B. W.	Holder.	Year.	Time.	Distance.	Holder.	Year.
1 day	464 miles 460 yards		Pierce	1898	4 days	1,300 miles 1,100 yards	Charles Miller	1898
2 days	880 miles 880 yards	—*	Gimm	1898	5 days	1,921 miles 440 yards	Charles Miller	1898
3 days	1,275 miles 440 yards	—*	Gimm	1898	6 days	2,192 miles —— yards	Charles Miller	1898

*Amateur records. All others are professional.

CHAMPIONSHIPS OF 1903.

There were two championship circuits among the professional bicycle riders during the season of 1903. The table of results in the two sections follow:

National Paced Circuit Championship.

Name.	1st.	2d.	3d.	Pts.
1—Walthour	8	3	0	30
2—De Guichard	4	1	3	17
3—Nelson	1	3	4	13
4—Caldwell	3	1	1	12
5—Butler	2	3	0	12
6—Stinson	0	5	3	13
7—Lawson	2	2	0	10
8—Leander	1	2	2	9
9—Munroe	0	1	4	6
10—Mettling	0	2	1	5
11—McLean	1	0	1	4
12—Moran	0	1	1	3
13—Freeman	0	0	3	3

Grand Circuit Championship.

Name.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Pts.
1—Kramer	6	4	1	0	62
2—Lawson	4	5	1	1	50
3—M'Farla'd	1	0	2	4	21
4—J. Bedell	1	0	2	2	17
5—Fenn	0	1	2	2	12
6—Collett	0	1	1	0	10
7—Root	0	1	1	0	10
8—Bardgett	0	0	2	1	5
9—Galvin	0	0	0	1	2
10—M. Bedell	0	0	0	1	1

BASKETBALL.

There were no regular championship tournaments for National or Metropolitan divisions during 1903, but the Intercollegiate championship series proved to be more interesting than before. It resulted:

Colleges.	Games won.	Games lost.
Yale	7	1
Columbia	5	3
Princeton	4	4
Cornell	2	6
Harvard	2	6
Totals	20	20

HANDBALL.

Championships of 1903.

Michael Egan, of Jersey City, and Louis Keegan, of Chicago, played a handball match for the professional championship of America in April. It was the best of fifteen games, seven in Jersey City and the others in Chicago. Egan won all of the first seven games in his own court, and on April 12 in Chicago he won the second game of the last half of the match, taking the series by 8 games to 1.

After winning the American championship Egan played a match for the championship of the world with Timothy Twohill, of Ireland, with similar terms, the best of fifteen games, seven in Jersey City and the remainder in Twohill's home court in Kantuck, County Cork, Ireland. Egan won by 21—5, 21—1, 21—6, 21—5, 21—5, 21—4, 21—0 in Jersey City, June 23, and in Ireland, on July 13, he took the first game by 21—6, ending the match in eight straight games.

HORSE RACING.

PRINCIPAL RACES OF 1903.

Race.	Date.	Track.	Dist.	Winner.	Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Time.	Second Horse.	Third Horse.
Kings Co. Handicap.	May 2	Jamaica	6 fur....	The Musketeer.	5	120	Hoar	1:13⅗	Yellow Tail.....	Himself.
Montague Stakes....	May 4	Jamaica	1 1-16 m.	Yellow Tail.....	6	129	Waterbury	1:46⅘	Injunction	Africander.
Metropolitan H'cap..	May 7	Morris Park...	W. Mile.	Gunfire	4	109	Burns	1:38½	Old England....	Lux Casta.
Kentucky Derby.....	May 2	Louisville	1¼ m....	Judge Himes....	3	117	Booker.....	2:09	Early	Bourbon.
Withers Stakes.....	May 16	Morris Park...	W. Mile.	Shorthose	3	126	Haack	1:41	Mexican	Injunction.
Nat. Stallion Stakes.	May 23	Morris Park...	5 fur....	Magistrate	2	122	Bullman	0:58	Palmbearer	Leonidas.
Brooklyn Handicap..	May 28	Gravesend ...	1¼ m....	Irish Lad.....	3	103	O'Neill	2:05⅘	Gunfire	Heno.
Great Amer. Stakes.	June 6	Gravesend ...	5 fur....	Broomstick	2	125	Odom	1:00	Stalwart	Tim Sullivan.
Brooklyn Derby.....	June 13	Gravesend ...	1½ m....	Whorler	3	118	O'Neill	2:39⅘	Golden Maxim...	Merry Acrobat.
Tidal Stakes.....	June 20	Sheepshead B.	1¼ m....	Shorthose	3	126	Haack	2:12⅕	Charles Elwood..	Whorler.
American Derby.....	June 20	Chicago	1½ m....	The Picket.....	3	115	Helgerson	2:33	Claude	Bernays.
Suburban Handicap..	June 18	Sheepshead B.	1¼ m....	Africander	3	110	Fuller	2:10⅗	Herbert	Hunter Raine.
English Derby.....	May 27	Epsom Downs	1½ m....	Rock Sand.....	3	—	Maher	——	Vinicius	Flotsam.
Great Trial Stakes..	June 27	Sheepshead B.	6 fur....	Pulsus	2	122	O'Neill	1:13⅘	Broomstick	Conjuror.
Lawrence Real. Stk.	July 7	Sheepshead B.	1⅝ m....	Africander	3	126	Bullman	2:45⅕	Golden Maxim...	Savable.
Brighton Handicap..	July 8	Brighton Bch.	1¼ m....	Waterboy	4	124	Odom	2:03⅕	Roehampton	River Pirate.
Brighton Junior Stk.	July 11	Brighton Bch.	6 fur....	James V.....	2	112	Shea	1:15⅗	Ormonde's Right.	Mohave.
Venus Stakes.....	July 18	Brighton Bch.	5 fur....	Turquoise Blue.	2	99	Wilkerson	1:01⅘	Inquisitive Girl.	Audience.
Forest Handicap.....	Aug. 1	Jamaica	1⅛ m....	Sheriff Bell.....	3	120	Hicks	1:55⅕	Duke of Kendal.	Tugal Bey.
Flash Stakes.....	Aug. 3	Saratoga	5½ fur..	Tippecanoe	2	117	Hicks	1:08	Ormonde's Right.	Montreson.
Saratoga Handicap..	Aug. 3	Saratoga	1¼ m....	Waterboy	4	127	Odom	2:05⅗	Hunter Raine....	Caughnawaga.
Spinaway Stakes....	Aug. 6	Saratoga	5½ fur..	Raglan	2	119	Hicks	1:12⅘	Little Em.....	Memories.
Saratoga Cham. Stk.	Aug. 15	Saratoga	1¼ m....	Irish Lad.....	3	116	Redfern	2:05	Hermis	Heno.
Hopeful Stakes.....	Aug. 15	Saratoga	6 fur....	Delhi	2	112	Gannon	1:13⅕	Highball	Palmbearer.
Merc. & Cit. H'cap.	Aug. 18	Saratoga	1⅛ m....	Hermis	4	124	Odom	1:51⅘	Irish Lad.....	Rigodon.
Saratoga Cup.....	Aug. 22	Saratoga	1¾ m....	Africander	3	113	Fuller	2:58	Heno	Waterboy.
Gr. Union Hotel Stk	Aug. 22	Saratoga	6 fur....	Highball	2	117	Fuller	1:14⅕	Dimple	Rapid Water.
Adirondack H'cap...	Aug. 26	Saratoga	6 fur....	Sweet Gretchen.	2	100	Fuller	1:15⅘	Leonidas	Gold Saint.
Futurity Handicap..	Aug. 29	Sheepshead B.	6 fur....	Hamburg Belle.	2	114	Fuller	1:13	Leonidas	The Minute Man.
Great Filly Stakes...	Sept. 2	Sheepshead B.	6 fur....	Beldame	2	116	Bullman	1:12⅘	Ocean Tide	Mineola.
Twin City Handicap.	Sept. 7	Sheepshead B.	1¼ m....	McChesney	4	129	Fuller	2:04⅘	Hermis	His Eminence.
Annual Champ'n St.	Sept. 12	Sheepshead B.	2¼ m....	Igniter	4	119	Fuller	3:53⅘	Douro	Maj. Daingerfield
Gr. Eastern H'cap..	Sept. 12	Sheepshead B.	6 fur....	Lady Amelia....	2	114	Martin	1:12	Pulsus	Bobadil.
Junior Champion St.	Sept. 14	Gravesend ...	6 fur....	Highball	2	127	Fuller	1:10⅘	Leonidas	Ormonde's Right
First Special.....	Sept. 14	Gravesend ...	1¼ m....	McChesney	4	128	Fuller	2:08	Goldsmith	Sheriff Bell.
Second Special.....	Sept. 19	Gravesend ...	1½ m....	McChesney	4	126	Fuller	2:34	The Picket.....	Sheriff Bell.
Annual Champ'n St.	Oct. 7	Morris Park...	7 fur....	Stalwart	2	112	Hicks.....	1:26	Pulsus	Wotan.
Ramapo Handicap...	Oct. 8	Morris Park...	1⅛ m....	River Pirate....	3	108	Hicks	1:42⅕	Injunction	Ada Nay.
Woodlawn Vase.....	Oct. 10	Morris Park...	2¼ m....	Shorthose	3	111	Fuller	4:01	Maj. Daingerfield	(Only 2 starters)
Cup Preliminary....	Oct. 13	Brighton Bch.	1½ m....	Hermis	4	128	Fuller	2:32⅕	Maj. Daingerfield	Igniter.
Produce Stakes.....	Oct. 17	Brighton Bch.	6 fur....	Audience	2	112	Odom	1:15⅘	Algonquin	Fine Art.
Brighton Cup.....	Oct. 20	Brighton Bch.	2¼ m....	Hermis	4	124	Redfern	3:53⅘	Maj. Daingerfield	Igniter.

RECORDS.

Distance.	Time.
¼ m.—Bob Wade (4), Butte, Mont., Aug. 20, 1890	0:21¼
⅜ m.—Fashion (4), Lampasas, Tex., Aug. 15, 1891	0:34
⅜ m.—Red S. (aged), 122 lb, Butte, Mont., July 23, 1896	0:34
½ m.—Geraldine (4), 122 lb, Morris Park (straight), Aug. 30, 1889	0:46
½ m.—Bessie Macklin (2), 100 lb, Dallas, Tex., Oct. 3, 1899	0:46½
4½ fur.—Handpress (2), 100 lb, Morris Park (straight), May 26, 1897	0:52
4½ fur.—Meadows (6), 103 lb, Alexander Island, Va., March 28, 1895	0:53
5 fur.—Maid Marian (4), 111 lb, Morris Park (straight), Oct 9, 1894	0:56¾
5 fur.—George F. Smith (4), 100 lb, San Francisco, March 7, 1895	0:56¾
5½ fur.—Plater (2), 107 lb, Morris Park (straight), Oct. 21, 1902	1:02½
5½ fur.—Tormentor (6), 121 lb, Morris Park (straight), Oct. 10, 1893	1:03
5½ fur.—McGee (3), 104 lb, Harlem track, Chicago, Oct. 1, 1903	1:05⅛
Futurity Course (170 feet less than 6 furlongs)—Kingston (aged), 139 lb, Sheepshead Bay, June 22, 1891	1:08¾
¾—Firearm (4), 120 lb, Morris Park, (straight), Oct. 3, 1899	1:08¾
¾—Endurance by Right (2), 112 lb, Coney Island, N. Y., Sept. 28, 1901	1:08¾
6½ fur.—Van Ness (4), 107 lb, Sheepshead Bay, New-York (straight), Sept. 11, 1903	1:18
6½ fur.—Jane Holly (4) 99 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 3, 1903	1:18⅝
⅞—Bella B. (5), 103 lb, Monmouth Park (straight), July 8, 1890	1:23½
⅞—Isidor (aged), 12[illegible] lb, Saratoga Park, N. Y., Aug. 15, 901	1:25⅛
7½ fur.—Ragtag (3), 104 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 1, 1903	1:32⅛
1—Salvator (4), 110 lb, Monmouth Park (straight, against time), Aug. 28, 1890	1:35½
1—Kildeer (4), 91 lb, Monmouth Park (straight), Aug. 13, 1892	1:37¾
1—Alan-a-Dale (3), 110 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 1, 1903	1:37⅝
1—Dick Welles (4), 112 lb, Harlem track, Chicago, Aug. 14, 1903	1:37⅝
1—Chuctanunda (4), 118 lb, Saratoga, N. Y. (circular track), Aug. 16, 1902	1:38
1 20 yds.—Macy (4), 107 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 2, 1898	1:40
1 20 yds.—Maid Marian (4), 106 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 19, 1893	1:40
1 50 yds.—Floronso (3), 93 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 6, 1898	1:42½
1 50 yds.—John Bright (4), 122 lb, Louisville, May 15, 1900	1:42½
1 70 yds.—Jiminez (3), 101 lb, Chicago (Harlem) Sept. 5, 1901	1:42⅝
1 1-16—Glassful (3), 101 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 2, 1903	1:44⅝
1⅛—Bonnibert (4), 120 lb, Brighton Beach, N. Y., July 30, 1902	1:51
1⅛—Watercure (5), 100 lb, Brighton Beach, June 18, 1900	1:51⅛
1⅛—Advance Guard (5), 129 lb, Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 26, 1902	1:51⅝
1⅛—McChesney (3), 122 lb, Harlem track, Chicago, Sept. 6, 1902	1:51⅝
1 3-16—Scintillant (6), 106 lb, Harlem track, Chicago, Sept. 1, 1902	1:57⅝
1¼—Waterboy (4), 124 lb, Brighton Beach, New-York, July 8, 1903	2:03½
1 500 yds.—Bend Or (4), 115 lb, Saratoga, July 25, 1882	2:10½
1 5-16—Sir John (4), 116 lb, Morris Park, June 9, 1891	2:14¼
1⅜—Sabine (4), 109 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 5, 1894	2:18¾
1½—Goodrich (3), 102 lb, Washington Park, Chicago, July 16, 1898	2:30¼
1⅝—Africander (3), 126 lb, Sheepshead Bay, New-York, July 7, 1903	2:45½
1¾—Ethelbert (4), 126 lb, Morris Park, Oct. 13, 1900	2:58½
1⅞—Julius Cæsar (5), 108 lb, New-Orleans, Feb. 21, 1900	3:19
2 —Judge Denny (5), 105 lb, San Francisco, Feb. 12, 1898	3:26½
2 —Ten Broeck (5), 110 lb, Louisville (against time), May 29, 1877	3:27½
2⅛—Joe Murphy (4), 99 lb, Hawthorne Park, Chicago, Aug. 30, 1894	3:42
2¼—Ethelbert (4), 124 lb, Brighton Beach, Aug. 4, 1900	3:49
2½—Kyrat (3), 88 lb, Newport, Ky., Nov. 18, 1899	4:24½
2⅝—Ten Broeck (5), 110 lb, Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16, 1876	4:58½
2¾—Hubbard (4), 107 lb, Saratoga, Aug. 9, 1873	4:58¾
3 —Drake Carter (4), 115 lb, Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 6, 1884	5:24
4 —Lucretia Borgia (4), 85 lb, Oakland, Cal. (against time), May 20, 1897	7:11
4 The Bachelor (aged), 113 lb, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 22, 1899	7:16½

TROTTING RECORDS.

One mile: World's record—1:58½, by Lou Dillon, br. m. (Sidney Dillon), at Memphis Tenn., October 24, 1903. Yearling—2:23, by Adbell, b. c. (Advertiser), at San José, Cal., September 27, 1894. Two-year-old—2:10¾, by Arion, b. c. (Electioneer), at Stockton, Cal., November 10, 1891. Three-year-old—2:08¾, by Fantasy, b. f. (Chimes), at Nashville, Tenn., October 17, 1893. Four-year-old—2:05¼, by Directum, blk. c. (Director), at Nashville, Tenn., October 18, 1893. Aged horse—1:59¾, by Cresceus, ch. s. (Robert McGregor), at Wichita, Kan., October 19, 1903. Stallion—1:59¾, by Cresceus, ch. s. (Robert McGregor), at Wichita, Kan., October 19, 1903. Mare—1:58½, by Lou Dillon, br. m. (Sidney Dillon), at Memphis, Tenn., October 24, 1903. To wagon—2:00 (amateur driver), by Lou Dillon, br. m. (Sidney Dillon), at Memphis, Tenn., October 28, 1903. Double team—2:08, by The Monk, br. g., and Equity, blk. g., at Memphis, Tenn., October 28, 1903. Fastest two heats in

race—2:03¼ and 2:06¼, by Cresceus, ch. s. (Robert McGregor), 1901. Fastest three heats in race—2:06, 2:06¼ and 2:05¼, by Alix, b. m. (Patronage), at Terre Haute Ind., August 17, 1894.

Two miles—4:17, by Cresceus, ch. s. (Robert McGregor), at Memphis, Tenn., October 31, 1902.

Three miles—6:55½, by Nightingale, ch. m. (Mambrino King), at Nashville, Tenn., October 20, 1898.

Four miles—10:12, by Senator L., b. s. (Dexter Prince), at San José, Cal., November 1, 1894.

Five miles—12:24, by Zambra, 1902.

Ten miles—26:15, by Pascal, blk. g. (Pascarel), at New-York, November 2, 1898.

Twenty miles—58:25, by Captain McGowan, r. g., sire unknown, at Boston, Mass., October 31, 1865.

Fifty miles—3:55:40½ by Ariel, br. m., sire unknown, at Albany, N. Y., May 5, 1846.

One hundred miles—8:56:01, by Conqueror, b. g. (Latourette's Bellfounder), at Centreville, N. Y., November 12, 1853.

PACING RECORDS.

One mile: World's record—1:56¼, by Dan Patch, br. s. (Joe Patchen), at Memphis, Tenn., October 22, 1903. Yearling—2:20¾, by Belle Acton, b. f. (Shadeland Onward), at Lyons, Neb., October 14, 1892. Two-year-old—2:07¾, by Directly, blk. c. (Direct), at Galesburg, Ill., September 20, 1894. Three-year-old—2:05½, by Klatawah, b. c. (Steinway), at Louisville, Ky., September 28, 1898. Four-year-old—2:04, by Online, b. g. (Shadeland Onward), at Sioux City, Iowa, October 12, 1894. Aged horse—1:59¼, by Star Pointer, b. s. (Brown Hal), at Boston, Mass., August 28, 1897. Stallion—1:56¼, by Dan Patch, br. s. (Joe Patchen), at Memphis, Tenn., October 22, 1903. Mare—2:00¼, by Darill, b. m., at Memphis, October 24, 1906. Fastest two heats in a race—2:02¼ and 2:00¾, by Prince Alert, b. g., at Memphis, Tenn., October 26, 1901. Fastest three heats in a race—2:02½, 2:03½ and 2:03¾, by Star Pointer, b. s. (Brown Hal), at Boston, Mass., September 18, 1896. To wagon—1:57¼, by Dan Patch, br. s. (Joe Patchen), at Memphis, Tenn., October 27, 1903. Double team—2:05½, by Direct Hal, blk. s. (Direct), and Prince Direct, blk. s. (Direct), at Memphis, Tenn., October 29, 1902.

Two miles—4:19¼, by Chehalis, blk. s., (Altamont), at Salem, Ore., October 7, 1897.

Three miles—7:33¼, by Joe Jefferson, br. s. (Thomas Jefferson), at Knoxville, Iowa, November 6, 1891.

Four miles—10:10, by Joe Jefferson, br. s. (Thomas Jefferson), at Knoxville, Iowa, November 13, 1891.

Five miles—12:54¾, by Lady St. Clair, b. m. (St. Clair), at San Francisco, Cal., December 11, 1874.

WINNERS ENGLISH DERBY.

1867, Hermit; 1868, Blue Gown; 1869, Pretender; 1870, Kingcroft; 1871, Favonius; 1872, Cremorne; 1873, Doncaster; 1874, George Frederick; 1875, Galopin; 1876, Kisber; 1877, Silvio; 1878, Sefton; 1879, Sir Bevys; 1880, Ben d'Or; 1881, Iroquois; 1882, Shotover; 1883, Blaise; 1884, St. Gatian-Harvester; 1885, Melton; 1886, Ormonde; 1887, Hampton; 1888, Ayrshire; 1889, Donovan; 1890, Sainfoin; 1891, Common; 1892, Sir Hugo; 1893, Isinglass; 1894, Ladas; 1895, Sir Visto; 1896, Persimmon; 1897, Galtee More; 1898, Jeddah; 1899, Flying Fox; 1900, Diamond Jubilee; 1901, Volodyovski; 1902, Ard Patrick; 1903, Rock Sand.

BOWLING.

Highest Scores on Record.

Individual record—300 pins, by W. B. Sellers, 1890; G. Wadleigh, 1891; L. F. Ulrich, 1898; C. K. Starr, 1900; Max Brunn, 1901; Oscar Hammer, 1902; W. P. Mackey, 1902, and Ben Stell, 1902.

Individual averages—233½ (for two games), by J. Cummings, at Buffalo, N. Y., January 19, 1899; 223 (for three games), by L. F. Ulrich, at Chicago, January 5, 1899.

Five-men team record—1,103, by Empire team, in New-York, February, 1900.

Five-men team averages—1,029 (for two games), by Palace team, at Columbus, Ohio, March 2, 1901: 1,017 (three games), Tosetti team, at Chicago, October 15, 1901.

American Bowling Congress.

The third annual convention and championship tournament of the American Bowling Congress was held in Indianapolis, Ind., at the end of February. The Congress was badly split over the question of using loaded balls, and as the Westerners all favored allowing this innovation the Eastern delegates withdrew from the tournament, and also from the Congress, later forming in New-York an organization of their own. In their absence at Indianapolis the Western bowlers had everything their own way. Results:

Individual championship—Won by H. Jones, Milwaukee, 683 (for 3 games); J. Chalmers, Chicago, second, 661.

Two-men team championship—Won by Collins and Seibach, Columbus, 1,227 (for 3 games); Morgan and Terrell, of Cleveland, second, 1,205 pins.

Five-men team championship—Won by the O'Leary team, Chicago, 2,819 (for 3 games); the Wrigley team, Chicago, second, 2,813.

Greater New-York Individual Championship.

Eighteen of the best bowlers in Greater New-York rolled in a tournament in New-York for the championship of the district during April, May and June, each of them bowling a series of best-three-in-five games against all of the others in turn. The championship was finally won by Joseph Arnold, of the Metropolitan team, with a record of 112 series won and 5 lost. He rolled 72 games in all, averaging 197 5-9, with a high score of 253. Four players, Noack, Rothermeil, Sherwood and Dumas, were tied for second honors, each having won 11 series and lost 6.

SKATING.

FASTEST TIMES ON RECORD BY AMATEURS.

Distance.	Time.	Record Holder.	Date.
50 yards	0:00:06	L. D. See	Dec. 28, 1885
		C. B. Davidson	Dec. 28, 1885
75 yards	0:00:08⅘	L. D. See	Dec. 30, 1885
100 yards	0:00:09⅘	J. S. Johnson	March 1, 1893
120 yards	0:00:11⅘	J. S. Johnson	March 1, 1893
150 yards	0:00:15⅘	G. D. Phillips	Jan. 27, 1888
200 yards	0:00:17⅘	J. S. Johnson	Feb. 26, 1893
220 yards	0:00:20⅕	J. Nilssen	Feb. 1, 1896
		W. Caldwell	Feb. 6, 1897
300 yards	0:00:31⅘	G. D. Phillips	Dec. 30, 1883
440 yards	0:00:39⅕	J. K. McCulloch	Jan. 27, 1896
*546.8 yards	0:00:46⅘	A. Noess	Feb. 5, 1897
600 yards	0:00:55¼	O. Rudd	March 5, 1893
880 yards	0:01:20	J. Nilssen	Feb. 11, 1903
*1,093.61 yards	0:01:47	J. K. McCulloch	Feb. 10, 1897
1,320 yards	0:02:13	J. S. Johnson	Feb. 26, 1894
*1,640.42 yards	0:02:40⅘	J. K. McCulloch	Feb. 6, 1897
1 mile	0:02:41½	O. Rudd	Feb. 14, 1896
2 miles	0:05.42⅘	O. Rudd	Jan. 25, 1895
3 miles	0:08:48⅘	J. Nilssen	Feb. 2, 1895
15,000 metres	0:09:25⅘	J. K. McCulloch	Feb. 10, 1897
4 miles	0:12:00⅖	A. Nilssen	Feb. 13, 1894
		A. Schiebe	Feb. 13, 1894
5 miles	0:14:24	O. Rudd	Feb. 20, 1896
10 miles	0.31:11⅕	J. S. Johnson	Feb. 28, 1894
15 miles	0:49:17⅘	A. D. Smith	Jan. 26, 1894
20 miles	1:06:56⅘	A. D. Smith	Jan. 26, 1894
30 miles	1.53:20	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 26, 1893
40 miles	2.34.46	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 26, 1893
50 miles	3.15:59⅘	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 26, 1893
60 miles	4:07:00⅘	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 26, 1893
70 miles	4:55:15⅘	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 26, 1893
80 miles	5:41.55	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 26, 1893
90 miles	6:25:57⅘	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 25, 1893
100 miles	7:11:38⅘	J. F. Donoghue	Jan. 26, 1893

*Respectively 500, 1,000 and 1,500 metres. †Three miles, 188.06 yards.

HOMING PIGEONS.

NATIONAL FEDERATION RECORDS FOR SPEED—OLD BIRDS.

Distance.	Owner of bird.	Date.	Speed, yds., per minute.
100 miles	W. J. Lauts, Buffalo, N. Y.	1900	2,511.87
200 miles	G. H. Watchman, Baltimore, Md.	1897	1,893.59
300 miles	F. Rouff, Detroit, Mich.	1896	1,843.00
400 miles	Charles Cupitt, Rosebank, N. Y.	1893	1,532.86
500 miles	W. J. Lauts, Buffalo, N. Y.	1898	1,608.04
600 miles	James McGauhey, Philadelphia, Penn.	1896	1,308.99
700 miles	W. J. Lauts, Buffalo, N. Y.	1898	1,546.97

Best general average for speed (100 to 500 miles), by bird owned by Harry Robertson, Brooklyn, N. Y. Speed, 1,394.63 yards a minute.

Long distance record, 1,253.17 miles in 13 days 5½ hours, by bird owned by Fred Bowers, Fall River, Mass, 1896.

YOUNG BIRDS.

Distance.	Owner of bird.	Date.	Speed, yds., per minute.
100 miles	J. G. Gunning, Brooklyn, N. Y.	1897	1,488.74
200 miles	P. C. Clark, Philadelphia, Penn.	1894	1,875.45
300 miles	H. J. Koenig, Buffalo, N. Y.	1898	1,355.73
400 miles	Jacob Eberle, Philadelphia, Penn.	1897	1,060.99
500 miles	H. J. Maynard, Newark, N. J.	1903	1,375.41
600 miles	G. W. Shaffer, Cream Ridge, N. J.	1897	557.73

Long distance record, 620 miles, by bird owned by H. A. Lippincott, Philadelphia, Penn., 1894.

ICE HOCKEY.

Season of 1903.

Again the Crescent Athletic Club team won the championship of the Amateur Hockey League without losing a single game in 1903. The record follows:

Teams.	Games won.	Games lost.	Games tied.
Crescent Athletic Club..	8	0	0
New-York Athletic Clb.	5	3	0
Hockey Clb. of N.-Y..	3	4	1
Brooklyn Sktg. Clb....	2	6	0
St. Nicholas Sktg. Clb.	1	6	1
Totals.....	19	19	2

In the intercollegiate championship series Harvard won easily. Her team scored four straight victories over her rival colleges, the final record of the regular series being as follows:

Teams.	Games won.	Games lost.	Games tied.
Harvard	4	0	0
Yale	2	2	0
Princeton	2	1	1
Columbia	1	2	1
Brown	0	4	0
Totals.....	9	9	2

The result was much complicated by the disbandment of the Princeton team. The Princeton team failed to play off the tie with Columbia and defaulted the game when they disbanded. This brought Yale, Columbia and Princeton all tied, and Yale and Columbia played off for the second place, Yale winning. Yale and Harvard then played off a special series for the St. Nicholas Cup, emblematic of the intercollegiate championship. Harvard won both of the first two games by 6 goals to 2 and 5 goals to 1, taking the championship without the loss of a game.

BILLIARDS.

Best Performances on Record.

"Straight rail" billiards (with three balls)—Highest run made in match play (on 5x10 table), 1,531 points, by Maurice Vignaux, at Paris, 1880. Highest average for match play, 333⅓, by Jacob Schaefer, at Chicago, 1879.

Cushion carroms—Highest run made in tournament play, 85 points, by Frank C. Ives, at Boston, 1896. Highest average for tournament play, 10 (for 200 points), by Jacob Schaefer, at Chicago, 1887.

Fourteen-inch balkline — Highest run with "anchor nurse" allowed, 566 points, by Jacob Schaefer, at New-York, 1893. Highest run with "anchor nurse" barred, 359 points, by Frank C. Ives, at Chicago, 1894. Highest average with "anchor nurse" allowed, 100, by Jacob Schaefer, at New-York, 1893, and by Frank C. Ives at Chicago, 1894. Highest average with "anchor nurse" barred, 63 2-10, by Frank C. Ives, at New-York, 1894.

Highest amateur record run for tournament games by Class A players, 139 points, by W. C. McCreary, at New-York, 1899. Highest amateur run by Class B players, 97 points, by J. Byron Stark, at New-York, 1898. Highest amateur average for tournament games by Class A players, 18 12-16, by Wilson P. Foss, at New-York, 1903. Highest amateur average by Class B players, 11 3-27, by J. De M. Smith, at New-York, 1899.

Eighteen-inch balkline—Highest run for tournament play (with five shots allowed in "anchor spaces"), 290 points, by Frank C. Ives, at New-York, 1896. Highest run with "anchor nurse" barred, 200 points, by W. H. Sutton, at Paris, 1903. Highest average for tournament games (with five shots allowed in "anchor spaces"), 50, by Frank C. Ives, at New-York, 1896. Highest average for tournament games with "anchor nurse" barred, 40, by Jacob Schaefer, at Chicago, 1898.

Championship Matches of 1903.

A professional tournament for the championship of the world at 18-inch balkline billiards was held at Paris in February with four players entered, two Frenchmen and two Americans. Schaefer, the recognized champion, who had won the title in New-York a year before at the same style of game, was not entered, and contested the right of the winner to the world's championship. Sutton, Vignaux and Curé all tied for first place, each having won two games and lost one, and the tie was not played off. Vignaux claimed the championship and refused to play off the tie because it was originally agreed that in case of a tie the player with the highest grand average should win, but it was also claimed by Sutton that the competitors had all agreed just before the tournament began to play off any ties. The question of prize money and precedence was carried to the French courts, and they awarded the championship title to Vignaux, although the tie was never played off. The result was as follows:

Players.	W.	L.	H.R.	Gd.Ave.
Sutton	2	1	200	20.20
Vignaux	2	1	136	22.30
Curé	2	1	113	19.50
Slosson	0	3	71	18.50

The annual tournament for the amateur championship of the United States was held by the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at the Hanover Club, in Brooklyn, early in February. Wilson P. Foss, who has long been in a class by himself among the amateurs, won easily, although he lost a single game to Conklin early in the tournament. Foss and Gardner tied for first honors, each having won five games and lost two, and when the play-off came Foss won easily by 300 to 149, averaging 15. The tournament results follow:

Players.	W.	L.	H.R.	Gd.Ave.
Foss	5	1	82	12.12
Gardner	5	1	58	8.78
Conklin	3	3	59	0.42
Stark	2	4	47	6.80
Mial	2	4	70	7.31
Poggenburg	2	4	71	7.51
Townsend	2	4	59	7.45

POOL.

Championships of 1903.

There was a large professional tournament at continuous pool held in Brooklyn late in January and early in February, although it could hardly be called a championship meeting, because Grant Eby, the recognized champion, was not present. H.

P. Stofft, of Cleveland, captured first honors, with the following record:

Players.	Won.	Lost.	H.R.
H. P. Stofft	6	1	29
Chas. Weston	6	1	55
W. H. Sneeden	5	4	30
Joseph Kirkland	5	4	42
Peter Rogers	5	4	28
Thomas Burns	4	5	20
W. A. Wenrick	3	6	44
Nat. Ward	3	6	27
George Smith	3	6	30
George Hamber	1	8	48
Totals	45	45	..

Stofft won the play-off for first honors, beating Weston by 125 balls to 124. In the play-off for third and fourth places Sneeden beat both of the others, and Kirkland beat Rogers.

Grant Eby and W. H. Clearwater played a three-nights' match for the world's championship at continuous pool at Pittsburg, January 28, 29 and 30. Eby won by 600 balls to 466.

Frank Hueston then challenged Grant Eby for the championship, and a match of 1,200 points, in blocks of 200, each of six nights, was held at St. Louis during the week ending April 25. This resulted in favor of Eby, who retained his championship title by a score of 1,200 balls to 989.

CHESS.

International Cable Match.

America (Brooklyn Chess Club) vs. Great Britain (London Chess Club)—Played simultaneously by cable in Brooklyn and London for the Newnes International Challenge Trophy, on April 3 and 4, 1903. Results:

Board No.	American Team. Player.	Result.
1	Pillsbury	½
2	Barry	1
3	Hodges	½
4	Marshall	1
5	Hymes	0
6	Voight	1
7	Newman	0
8	Delmar	½
9	Howell	0
10	Helms	1
	American total	5½

Board No.	British Team. Player.	Result.
1	Lawrence	½
2	Blackburne	0
3	Mills	½
4	Atkins	0
5	Bellingham	1
6	Trenchard	0
7	Mitchell	1
8	Jacobs	½
9	Gunston	1
10	Hooke	0
	British total	4½

The American players had the white men on the even numbered boards, while their opponents had the first move on the other.

There have been eight of these annual cable matches for the Newnes Trophy to date. Of these, American players have won five: In 1898, 1899, 1900, 1902 and 1903. The Englishmen have won twice in 1897 and 1898, and one match (in 1901 resulted in a tie.

International College Match.

Yale, Harvard, Columbia and Princeton vs. Oxford and Cambridge—Played simultaneously by cable in Boston and London for the Rice International Trophy March 27 and 28, 1903. Results:

Board No.	British Team. Player. College.	Result
1	H. A. Webb (Cambridge)	½
2	H. Bateman (Cambridge)	0
3	H. F. Davidson (Oxford)	1
4	H. D. Roome (Oxford)	0
5	Bumpass (Oxford)	1
6	Brown (Cambridge)	1
	Total	3½

Board No.	American Team. Player. College.	Result
1	C. T. Rice (Harvard)	½
2	F. H. Sewall (Columbia)	1
3	J. T. Sawin (Yale)	0
4	C. S. Richardson (Princeton)	1
5	H. A. Keeler (Columbia)	0
6	V. W. Bridgeman (Harvard)	0
	Total	2½

American players have won the Rice Trophy only once, in 1902. It was won three times (in 1899, 1900 and 1903) by the English University players, while in 1901 the match resulted in a tie.

Intercollegiate Matches.

The eleventh annual championship tournament of the Intercollegiate Chess Association was held in New-York, December 29, 30 and 31, 1902. Results:

	Won.	Lost
Columbia	7½	4½
Yale	7	5
Harvard	6	6
Princeton	3½	8½
Totals	24	24

Columbia won the championship in 1892, 1893, 1900 and 1902; Harvard won in 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898 and 1899 Yale won in 1901.

"Triangular" Intercollegiate Tournament played in New-York, December 31 and January 1, 2 and 3, 1903. Results:

	Won.	Lost
Cornell	5	3
University of Pennsylvania	4½	3½
Brown	2½	5½
Totals	12	12

International Masters' Tournaments.

Monte Carlo, February and March, 1903

Players.	Won.	Lost
1—Tarrasch	20	6
2—Maroczy	19	7
3—*Pillsbury	18½	7½
4—Schlechter	17	9
5—Teichmann	16½	9½
6—Marco	15½	10½
7—Wolf	14	12
8—Mieses	13	13
9—*Marshall	12	14
10—Mason	10½	15½
11—Taubenhaus	10½	15½
12—Albin	8	18
13—Reggio	7½	18½
14—Moreau	0	26

Vienna, May, 1908. (Gambit tourney.)

	Won.	Lost.
1—Tschigorin	13	5
2—*Marshall	11½	6½
3—Marco	11	7
4—*Pillsbury	10	8
5—Maroczy	9	9
6—Mieses	9	9
7—Teichmann	9	9
8—Swiderski	8½	9½
9—Schlechter	7	11
10—Gunsberg	2	16

*American players.

FENCING.

Championships of 1903.

The annual tournament for the fencing championships of the United States was held under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Union at the New-York Athletic Club, April 25. There were competitions in three classes, and they resulted as follows: Foils—Won by Fitzhugh Townsend, Fencers' Club, who beat Charles Tatham, Fencers' Club, in the extra bout to decide a tie for first place. Charles Bothner, New York Turn Verein, was third. Dueling swords—Charles Tatham, Fencers' Club, won first honors with 3 victories and 1 defeat; Dr. J. H. Woodward, Boston A. A., was second, with 2 victories and 2 defeats; Charles Bothner, New-York Turn Verein, was third, with 1 victory and 3 defeats. Sabres—Won by A. V. Z. Post, Fencers' Club, with 15 points; H. Anderson, New-York A. C., second, 11 points, and Charles Bothner, New-York Turn Verein, third, 5 points.

The intercollegiate championship tournament was held at the New-York Athletic Club, March 28. The team score was:

	Won.	Lost.
West Point	35	10
Columbia	31	14
Cornell	22	23
Yale	19	26
Pennsylvania	16	29
Harvard	12	33

ROWING.

The Oxford-Cambridge interuniversity race was held on the Thames River, London, from Putney to Mortlake (about 4½ miles), on April 1. It was won by Cambridge by 6 lengths. Time—19:35.

The Yale University crew rowed a special match race on the Severn River, at Annapolis, Md., against the crew of the U. S. Naval Academy, May 9 (distance 2 miles), and won by 3 lengths in the fast time of 10:45.

The annual races between the Yale and Harvard crews were held on the Thames River, at New-London, June 25, and resulted in a triple victory for Yale. The 'varsity race (4 miles) was won by the Yale crew by 3 lengths. Time—20:19⅘. Harvard's time was 20:29⅘. The four-oared crew made up of substitutes for the 'varsity crew beat the Harvard boat by 2 lengths. Time—10:59⅘ (for 2 miles). The Yale freshman crew won a third victory for the Blue by beating the Harvard freshmen by 2 lengths. Time—9:43⅕ (for 2 miles).

The intercollegiate regatta on the Hudson River, off Poughkeepsie, was held as usual June 26. Six colleges were represented in the races—Cornell, University of Pennsylvania, Columbia, University of Wisconsin, Georgetown and Syracuse University. There were three races, and all three were won by Cornell. In the most important, the 'varsity race, Cornell finished 6 lengths ahead of Georgetown, with Wisconsin third, Pennsylvania fourth, Syracuse fifth and Columbia last. The times of the leaders were: Cornell, 18:57; Georgetown, 19:27; Wisconsin, 19:29⅘. In the four-oared race (2 miles) Cornell won by ⅘ of a length in 10:34, with Pennsylvania second, Wisconsin third and Columbia fourth. (There were only four crews in this race.) In the freshmen race Cornell won by 1 length, Syracuse second, Wisconsin third, Columbia fourth, Pennsylvania fifth. Cornell's time was 9:18, a new freshman record.

The Henley regatta, at London, was held during the first week in July. The entries of two Americans—C. S. Titus, of New-York, and F. Demourelle, of New-Orleans—were both refused, but that of J. B. Juvenal, of Philadelphia, was accepted for the Diamond Sculls, the great international event. Juvenal won a first heat, but was then beaten easily by J. Beresford, July 7, by 1¼ lengths. Time—9:30 (for 2 miles).

The annual championship regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen was held on Lake Quinsigamond, at Worcester, Mass., August 14 and 15; course 1½ miles. The principal races resulted as follows: Senior single sculls—Won by F. B. Greer, Boston. Time—9:38¾. Association single sculls—Won by L. F. Scholes, Toronto. Time—9:56¼. Intermediate single sculls—Won by W. H. Hodgman, Boston. Time—10:31. Senior pair-oared shells—Won by Harlem R. C. (J. W. Maher and J. E. Nagle). Time—11:09½. Senior double sculls—Won by Toronto R. C. (L. F. Scholes and F. S. Smith). Time—9:14. Senior eight-oared shells—Won by Winnipeg R. C. Time—7:02. War canoe race—Won by Crescent Canoe Club. Time, 7:18¾.

SWIMMING.

World's best records by amateurs. (A.) American, (E.) English, (Aus.) Australian.

Bath Record.

Distance.	Time.	Holder.
25 yards.	0:12⅘	W. C. Miller (A.)
50 yards.	0:26⅘	J. H. Derbyshire (E.)
75 yards.	0:42	H. A. Widemann (A.)
100 yards.	0:58⅘	R. S. Cavill (E.)
150 yards.	1:38⅘	J. H. Derbyshire (E.)
200 yards.	2:26	J. H. Tyers (E.)
220 yards.	2:38⅕	F. C. Vane (Aus.) / J. H. Derbyshire (E.)
440 yards.	5:41⅘	D. Billington (E.)
880 yards.	12:17	J. A. Jarvis (E.)
Mile.....	21:11⅘	R. S. Cavill (Aus.)

Open Water Record.

25 yards.	0:14⅘	W. C. Johnson (A.)
50 yards.	0:31⅘	W. B. Izard (A.)
75 yards.	0:52⅘	W. C. Johnson (A.)
100 yards.	1:05⅗	E. C. Schaefer (A.)
150 yards.	2:11⅗	A. T. Kenney (A.)
220 yards.	2:50⅘	E. C. Schaefer (A.)
440 yards.	6:26	E. C. Schaefer (A.)
880 yards.	12:45⅘	P. Cavill (Aus.)
Mile.....	25:13⅘	J. A. Jarvis (E.)

YACHTING.

THE SEASON OF 1903.

The chief interest in yachting during the season of 1903 centred in the international races for the America's Cup and the preparations for them. The third challenge of Sir Thomas Lipton, who had built Shamrock III for another attempt to "lift the Cup," promised a closer struggle for the time-honored trophy than any of its predecessors, although the promise did not materialize. A new Cup defender was ordered by a syndicate of New-York Yacht Club yachtsmen, headed by J. Pierpont Morgan, and the Herreshoffs built for them a 90-foot "single sticker," which was ultimately named the Reliance. The doubly successful Cup defender Columbia was again put in commission as a trial horse, and the Constitution, built for the Cup races of 1901, but beaten then by the Columbia, was also "tuned up" for similar work, and with the hope that she would prove available in case the new yacht was not faster than the Columbia.

Many races were arranged for these three Cup defenders by the clubs in the waters from Cape Cod to Sandy Hook, and in all there were nineteen races sailed, including the days' runs from port to port of the New-York Yacht Club cruise, which were timed as carefully as any regular races. The Reliance and the Columbia started in all of these nineteen races, while the Constitution was out of only two of them. The result was so overwhelmingly in favor of the newest boat that the Cup race committee chose her unanimously to defend the Cup after only one formal trial race had been sailed. In these races the Reliance won eighteen times and in the other race was disabled and did not finish. The Constitution won the race from which the Reliance withdrew, and she finished second eleven times, third twice, and did not finish three times. The Columbia scored six seconds, ten thirds and three times she did not finish. A summary of these races follows:

Place and Date.	Wind.	Dis. Miles.	Reliance. H. M. S.	Columbia. H. M. S.	Constitution. H. M. S.	Winner.	Won by H. M. S.
Off Glen Cove.....May 21	Fluky....	25	4:17:36	4:32:19	———	Reliance	14:43
Off Glen Cove.....May 26	Moderate.	30	2:57:11	3:13:02	2:59:32	Reliance	2:21
Off Glen Cove.....May 28	Moderate.	25	2:09:38	2:18:05	Disabled.	Reliance	8:27
Off Glen Cove.....May 30	Fluky....	25	3:35:11	5:43:29	3:59:37	Reliance	24:26
Off Sandy Hook.....June 11	Light.....	30	3:49:43	4:02:37	3:55:35	Reliance	5:52
Off Larchmont.....June 17	Fluky....	30	Disabled.	4:37:01	4:27:15	Constitution ...	9:46
Off Indian Harbor.....June 19	Variable..	30	4:04:17	4:16:54	4:06:07	Reliance	1:50
Off Oyster Bay.....June 20	Light.....	23½	2:46:12	2:53:43	2:50:29	Reliance	4:17
Off Newport .....June 29	Fresh.....	30	3:09:53	3:14:02	3:14:51	Reliance	4:09
Off Newport .....June 30	Moderate.	30	3:15:38	3:23:39	3:22:40	Reliance	7:02
Off Newport..... .....July 1	Fresh.....	30	3:04:27	3:10:16	3:09:51	Reliance	5:24
Off Newport .....July 2	Strong....	30	2:22:08	Stopped.	Disabled.	Reliance	Walkov'r
N. Y. Y. C. cruise—to Morris Cove....July 17	Fluky....	38	5:41:14	5:48:35	5:42:11	Reliance	0:57
N. Y. Y. C. cruise—to New London...July 18	Light.....	39	3:18:28	3:34:52	3:24:57	Reliance	6:29
N. Y. Y. C. cruise—to Newport .....July 20	Light.....	40	3:26:00	3:36:51	3:27:27	Reliance	1:27
N. Y. Y. C. cruise—to Vineyard Haven.July 21	No race..	—	—	—	—	—	—
N. Y. Y. C. cruise—to Newport ..... July 22	Moderate.	37	3:31:42	Aground.	Disabled.	Reliance	Walkov'r
Off Newport ....July 23	Moderate.	38	4:03:40	4:22:38	———	Reliance	18:58
Off Newport .....July 25	Moderate.	30	2:58:52	Disabled.	3:05:10	Reliance	6:18
Off Newport .....July 27	Moderate.	30	3:33:43	3:38:11	3:38:45	Reliance	4:28

Of the Cup races themselves little need be said. On measurement, it was found that the American boat had to allow her English rival one minute and fifty-seven seconds, and yet only one of the three races was in any way close. The first race was almost a walkover. In the second, Shamrock III held her fast adversary fairly well and was beaten only one minute and nineteen seconds, corrected time, but in the last, which was sailed in a fog, the challenger lost her way while still far behind and, missing the finishing line, did not finish at all. Besides the three finished races, there were no fewer than six fizzles, when the

First Race, August 22.—Fifteen Miles to Windward and Return.

	Start. H. M. S.	First Turn. H. M. S.	Second Turn. H. M. S.	Finish H. M. S.	Elapsed Time. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.	Won by.	H. M. S.
Reliance (American) ..	11:45:21	1:55:17	———	3:17:38	3:32:17	3:32:17	Reliance	7:08
Shamrock III (English).	11:45:17	1:58:34	———	3:26:34	3:41:17	3:39:20	———	———

Second Race, August 25.—Triangular Course of Thirty Miles.

Reliance (American) ...	11:00:36	12:21:08	1:18:07	2:15:30	3:14:54	3:14:54	Reliance	1:19
Shamrock III (English).	11:02:00	12:23:40	1:22:02	2:20:10	3:18:10	3:16:13	———	———

Third Race, September 3.—Fifteen Miles to Windward and Return.

Reliance (American) ..	1:01:56	3:30:36	———	5:30:02	4:28:04	4:28:04	Reliance	Walkover
Shamrock III (English).	1:02:00	3:51:46	———	Did not finish			———	———

RECORD OF RACES FOR THE AMERICA'S CUP.

Date.	Yacht.	Owners.	Tonnage.	Course.	Time allowance.	Elapsed time. H. M. S.	Corrected time. H. M. S.
Aug. 22, 1851..	America	G. L. Schuyler.....	170.	From Cowes around Isle of Wight (Aurora second).	—	10:37:00	10:37:00
	Aurora	T. Le Merchant.....	47.		—	10:55:00	10:55:00
Aug. 8, 1870..	Magic	Franklin Osgood.....	97.2	N. Y. Y. C. Course (Cambria finished tenth in the fleet).	—	4:07:54	3:58:26.2
	Cambria	J. Ashbury	227.6		—	4:34:57	4:37:38.9
Oct. 16, 1871..	Columbia	Franklin Osgood.....	220.	From Owl's Head through the Narrows round Sandy Hook Lightship and back, N. Y. Y. C. Course.	—	6:17:42	6:19:41
	Livonia	J. Ashbury	280.		—	6:43:00	6:46:45
Oct. 18, 1871..	Columbia	Franklin Osgood.....	220.	20 miles to windw'd off Sandy Hook Lightship and back.	—	3:01:33½	3:07:41¾
	Livonia	J. Ashbury	280.		—	3:06:49½	3:18:15½
Oct. 19, 1871..	Livonia	J. Ashbury	280.	N. Y. Y. C. Course.....	—	3:53:05	4:02:25
	Columbia	Franklin Osgood.....	220.		—	4:12:38	4:17:35
Oct. 21, 1871..	Sappho	W. P. Douglas.....	310.	20 miles to windw'd off Sandy Hook Lightship and return.	—	5:33:24	5:39:02
	Livonia	J. Ashbury	280.		—	6:04:38	6:09:23
Oct. 23, 1871..	Sappho	W. P. Douglas.....	310.	N. Y. Y. C. Course.....	—	4:38:05	4:46:17
	Livonia	J. Ashbury	280.		—	5:04:41	5:11:44
Aug. 11, 1876..	Madeleine	J. S. Dickerson.....	151.49	N. Y. Y. C. Course.....	—	5:24:55	5:23:54
	Countess of Dufferin.	Major C. Gifford.....	138.20		—	5:34:53	5:34:53
Aug. 12, 1876..	Madeleine	J. S. Dickerson.....	151.49	20 miles to windw'd off Sandy Hook Lightship and return.	—	7:19:47	7:18:46
	Countess of Dufferin.	Major C. Gifford.....	138.20		—	7:46:00	7:46:00
Nov. 9, 1881..	Mischief	J. R. Busk.....	79.27	N. Y. Y. C. Course.....	—	4:17:09	4:17:09
	Atalanta	Alex. Cuthbert.....	84.		—	4:48:24½	4:45:39¼
Nov. 10, 1881..	Mischief	J. R. Busk.....	79.27	16 miles to leew'd from Buoy 5 off Sandy Hook and return.	—	4:54:53	4:54:53
	Atalanta	Alex. Cuthbert.....	84.		—	5:36:52	5:33:47
Sept. 14, 1885.	Puritan	J. Malcolm Forbes.....	140.	N. Y. Y. C. Course.....	—	6:06:05	6:06:05
	Genesta	Sir R. Sutton, Bart.....	*80.		0:28	6:22:52	6:22:24
Sept. 16, 1885.	Puritan	J. Malcolm Forbes.....	140.	20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook Lightship and return.	—	5:03:14	5:03:14
	Genesta	Sir R. Sutton, Bart.....	*80.		0:38	5:05:20	5:04:52

Sept. 9, 1886..	Mayflower	General C. J. Paine.....	171.74	N. Y. Y. C. Course.....	—	5:26:41	5:26:41
	Galatea	Lieut. Henn, R. N.....	171.14		0:38	5:39:21	5:38:43
Sept. 11, 1886.	Mayflower	General C. J. Paine.....	171.74	20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook Lightship and return.	—	6:49:00	6:49:00
	Galatea	Lieut. Henn, R. N.....	171.14		0:39	7:18:48	7:18:09
Sept. 27, 1887.	Volunteer	General C. J. Paine.....	209.08	N. Y. Y. C. Course.....	—	4:53:18	4:53:18
	Thistle	James Bell.....	253.94		0:06	5:12:46¾	5:12:41¾
Sept. 30, 1887.	Volunteer	General C. J. Paine.....	209.08	20 miles to windw'd off Scotland Lightship and return.	—	5:42:56¼	5:42:56¼
	Thistle	James Bell.....	253.94		0:06	5:54:51	5:54:45
			Sailing length.				
Oct. 7, 1893...	Vigilant	E. D. Morgan et al.....	96.78	15 miles to windw'd off Scotland Lightship and return.	—	4:05:47	4:05:47
	Valkyrie II.	Lord Dunraven.....	93.11		1:48	4:13:23	4:11:35
Oct. 9, 1893...	Vigilant	E. D. Morgan et al.....	96.78	N. Y. Y. C. Course—Equilateral triangle—30 miles.	—	3:25:01	3:25:01
	Valkyrie II.	Lord Dunraven.....	93.11		1:48	3:37:24	3:35:36
Oct. 13, 1893..	Vigilant	E. D. Morgan et al.....	96.78	15 miles to windw'd off Scotland Lightship and return.	—	3:24:39	3:24:39
	Valkyrie II.	Lord Dunraven.....	*93.57		1:33	3:26:52	3:25:19
Sept. 7, 1895..	Defender	W. K. Vanderbilt et al..	100.36	15 miles to windw'd off Scotland Lightship and return.	0:20	5:00:24	4:59:55
	Valkyrie III.	Lord Dunraven.....	101.49		—	5:08:44	5:08:44
Sept. 10, 1895.	Defender	W. K. Vanderbilt et al..	100.36	N. Y. Y. C. Course—Equilateral triangle—30 miles.	0:29	3:56:25	3:55:56
	Valkyrie III.	Lord Dunraven.....	101.49		—	†3:55:09	3:55:09
Sept. 12, 1895.	Defender	W. K. Vanderbilt et al..	100.36	15 m. to windw'd and return from Sandy Hook Lightship.	0:29	4:44:12	4:43:43
	Valkyrie III.	Lord Dunraven.....	101.49		—	‡	
Oct. 16, 1899..	Columbia	J. P. Morgan et al.....	102.135	15 m. E.S.E. from Sandy H'k Lightship and return—30 m.	—	4:53:53	4:53:53
	Shamrock I.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	101.092		0:06	5:04:07	5:04:01
Oct. 17, 1899..	Columbia	J. P. Morgan et al.....	102.135	10 m. triangular from Sandy Hook Lightship—30 miles.	—	3:27:00	3:27:00
	Shamrock I.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	101.092		0:06	¶	
Oct. 20, 1899..	Columbia	J. P. Morgan et al.....	102.135	15 m. S. by W. from Sandy H'k Lip and return—30 m.	0:16	3:38:25	3:38:09
	Shamrock I.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	*102.565		—	3:44:43	3:44:43
Sept. 28, 1901.	Columbia	J. P. Morgan et al.....	102.135	15 m. to windw'd from Sandy H'k L'ship & return—30 m.	0:43	4:31:07	4:30:24
	Shamrock II.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	———		—	4:31:44	4:31:44
Oct. 3, 1901...	Columbia	J. P. Morgan et al.....	102.135	10 m. triangular from Sandy Hook Lightship—30 miles.	0:43	3:13:18	3:12:35
	Shamrock II.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	———		—	3:16:10	3:16:10
Oct. 4, 1901...	Columbia	J. P. Morgan et al.....	102.135	15 m. to leeward from Sandy H'k L'ship & return—30 m.	0:43	4:33:40	4:32:57
	Shamrock II.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	———		—	4:33:38	4:33:38
Aug. 22, 1903..	Reliance	J. P. Morgan, et al.....	———	15 m. to windw'd from Sandy H'k L'ship & return—30 m.	—	3:32:17	3:32:17
	Shamrock III.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	———		1:57	3:41:17	3:39:20
Aug. 25, 1903.	Reliance	J. P. Morgan, et al.....	———	10 m. triangular from Sandy Hook Lightship—30 m.	—	3:14:54	3:14:54
	Shamrock III.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	———		1:57	3:18:10	3:16:13
Sept. 3, 1903...	Reliance	J. P. Morgan, et al.....	———	15 m. to windw'd from Sandy H'k L'ship & return—30 m.	—	4:28:04	4:28:04
	Shamrock III.	Sir Thomas Lipton.....	———		1:57	Did not finish.	

*Remeasured. †Disqualified for fouling Defender. ‡Withdrew on crossing the line. ¶Carried away topmast and withdrew.

The Seawanhaka Challenge Cup for small yachts, was sailed for once more on Lake St. Louis, off Montreal, during the last week in July, and again won by the Canadians. The Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club, the previous holder, named Thorella as its cup defender, and the Manchester (Mass.) Yacht Club, the American challenger for the trophy, sent the Kolutoo as its representative. There were three races, two of them triangular and one windward and return, of twelve miles each. The Canadian boat won all three easily, and completely outclassed her American challenger. With small yachts the Canadians have proved themselves masters both at building and handling, and their series of victories for this Seawanhaka Cup has been almost as complete as those of the New-York Yacht Club for the America's Cup.

GAME LAWS.

Summary of the game laws of Eastern, Southern and Northwestern States, giving the open seasons in which game may be shot. The open seasons include the first date, but not the last.

CONNECTICUT—Deer cannot be shot until June 1, 1911; pheasant (Chinese, Mongolian) not until 1905. Quail, grouse, woodcock, squirrel, Oct. 1–Dec. 1; rabbit, Oct. 1–Jan. 1; Wilson's snipe (English snipe), plover, rail, gallinule, mudhen, bay snipe, shore birds, web-footed wild fowl, Sept. 1–April 1 (certain local restrictions are in force)

DELAWARE—Quail, partridge, pheasant, rabbit, Nov. 15–Jan. 1; reedbird, ortolan or rail, Feb. 1–Sept. 1; duck, goose, brant, swan (except summer or wood duck), Oct. 1–April 15; dove protected at all times.

MAINE—Deer, Oct. 1–Dec. 15 (certain county exceptions); bull moose (cow or calf protected at all times), Oct. 15–Dec. 1; caribou protected until Oct. 15, 1905; quail, Oct. 1–Dec. 1; ruffed grouse, partridge, woodcock, Sept. 15–Dec. 1; plover, snipe, sandpipers, Aug. 1–May 1; duck, Sept. 1–Dec. 1 (except in April); pheasant protected until March 22, 1911.

MARYLAND—Deer are protected in the following counties: Allegany, Aug. 1–Jan. 1, Washington, Nov. 1–Jan. 15; Garrett to Sept. 30, 1906. The State laws on the following game are given only; there are various county laws: Squirrel, Sept. 1–Dec. 1, rabbit, quail, partridge, grouse, pheasant, wild turkey, Nov. 1–Dec. 25; dove, Aug. 15–Dec. 25; wild pigeon, Aug. 1–Dec. 24; woodcock, Aug. 1–Nov. 1; plover, snipe, Aug. 15–May 1; sora, water rail or ortolan, reedbird, Sept. 1–Nov. 1; duck, goose, brant, swan and other water fowl, Nov. 1–April 10.

MASSACHUSETTS — Squirrel, hare, rabbit (except on Cape Ann and in town of Essex), Oct. 1–March 1; quail, ruffed grouse or partridge, woodcock (except on Cape Ann), Oct. 1–Dec. 1; pinnated grouse protected at all times; wild pigeon (except on Cape Ann), Oct. 1–May 1; pheasants (English, golden, Mongolian), protected until 1905; plover, snipe, sandpiper, rail or any "shore, marsh or beach" birds, July 15–May 1; wood and black duck, teal, Sept. 1–March 1; other ducks, Sept. 1–May 20.

MICHIGAN—Deer (fawn in spotted coat protected at all times), Nov. 8–Dec. 1; squirrel, Oct. 15–Dec. 1; quail, partridge, prairie chicken, grouse, pheasant, spruce hen (except in Upper Peninsula), Oct. 20–Dec. 1; dove protected at all times; pheasant (English, Mongolian), wild turkey, wild pigeon, protected until 1910; woodcock, snipe (except jacksnipe), plover, Oct. 20–Dec. 1; jacksnipe, bluebill, canvasback, widgeon, pintail, whistler, spoonbill, butterball, sawbill duck, goose (except in Upper Peninsula), Oct. 1–Dec. 1; duck, brant or other water fowl (except in Upper Peninsula and those mentioned above), Oct. 1–Dec. 1; partridge, Oct. 1–Dec. 1 (on Upper Peninsula).

MINNESOTA—Deer, Nov. 10–30; moose and caribou with antlers (others protected), Nov. 16–21; quail, partridge, ruffed grouse, Oct. 1–Dec. 1; shorttailed grouse, prairie chicken, dove, snipe, Sept. 1–Nov. 1; pheasants (English, Chinese, Mongolian), protected until Sept. 1, 1904; woodcock, upland plover, July 4–Oct. 31; duck, goose, brant or any aquatic fowl, Sept. 1–Jan. 1.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE—Deer protected in most of the State; elk, moose, caribou, protected at all times; squirrel, raccoon, Sept. 15–Jan. 1; hare, rabbit, Oct. 1–April 1; quail, partridge, ruffed grouse, woodcock, Wilson snipe, Sept. 15–Dec. 15; duck, plover, snipe, rail, sandpiper, Aug. 1–Feb. 1.

NEW-JERSEY—Squirrel, hare, rabbit, quail, partridge, ruffed grouse, pheasant, Nov. 10–Jan. 1; dove, upland plover, Aug. 1–Oct. 1; woodcock, July 1–Aug. 1; Oct. 1–Jan. 1; gray snipe (English and Wilson snipe), March 1–May 1, Aug. 25–Jan. 1; reed, Aug. 25–Jan. 1; rail, marsh hen, Sept. 1–Jan. 1; goose, duck, brant or other web-footed wild fowl, Sept. 1–May 1.

NEW-YORK—(Special laws for Long Island)—Deer (except in counties of Delaware, Greene, Putnam and Ulster, Oswego, Rensselaer, and all that portion of Oneida, Lewis and Jefferson counties lying west of the Utica and Black River Railroad from Utica to Ogdensburg, where protected until 1907, and except fawns, protected at all times; Sullivan and Orange counties, Nov. 1–16), Sept. 1–Nov. 16; elk, moose, caribou, antelope, protected at all times; squirrels (black or gray, except in Greene County), Oct. 1–Dec. 16; Rensselaer County, Oct. 1–Dec. 1; Orange County, Oct. 16–Dec. 16; Richmond, protected at all times), Sept. 16–Dec 16; hare, rabbit, only in counties of Albany, Columbia, Jefferson, Livingston, Monroe, Orleans, Steuben and Wyoming, Sept 16–Dec. 16; Rockland County, Nov. 1–Dec. 31; in Richmond County, Nov. 1–Dec. 16; in Dutchess, Herkimer, Oneida and Sullivan counties, Sept. 16–Feb. 15; in Greene, Schenectady and Ulster counties, Oct. 1–Dec. 16; in Fulton County, Nov. 1–Feb. 1; quail (except in counties of Schoharie, where protected till 1906, and Richmond, where protected till 1908, Rensselaer County, Oct. 1–Dec. 1, and Orange County Oct. 16–Dec. 16), Nov. 1–Dec. 1; grouse (except in Greene, Sullivan and Ulster counties, Oct. 16–Dec. 1, in Orange County, Oct. 16–Dec. 16; in Rensselaer County, Oct. 1–Dec. 1; in Westchester County, where protected until 1905), Sept. 16–Dec. 1; pheasant (ring-necked Mongolian and English), protected until 1905; woodcock (except in Orange County, Oct. 16–Dec. 16, and Rensselaer County, Oct. 1–Dec. 1), Sept. 16–Dec. 1; plover, surf bird, Wilson's or English snipe, bay snipe, curlew, rail, water chicken, mudhen, gallinule, bittern, grebe or shore bird, Sept. 1–May 1, web-footed wild fowl (except in Jefferson County, Sept. 1–Jan. 1), Sept. 15–Jan. 1.

LONG ISLAND—Deer shooting permitted only on first two Wednesdays and

Fridays (after first Tuesday) of November. Squirrel, hare, rabbit, Nov. 1–Dec. 31; grouse, Nov. 1–Dec. 31; woodcock, Aug. 1–Dec. 31; quail (except no restrictions on Robbins Island, and Oct. 15–Jan. 31 on Gardiners Island), Nov. 1–Dec. 31; plover, all snipe, July 1–Jan. 1; meadow hen, mudhen, gallinule, grebe, Aug. 16–Dec. 31; web-footed wild fowl, Oct. 1–Jan. 1.

NORTH CAROLINA—Deer, Oct. 1–Jan. 1 (county exceptions); quail, partridge, wild turkey (county exceptions), Nov. 1–March 15; wild fowl (several county laws), Nov. 1–March 15; dove, Nov. 1–March 15 (county exceptions).

PENNSYLVANIA—Deer, elk, Nov. 1–Dec. 1; quail, partridge, grouse, prairie chicken, pheasant, wild turkey, squirrel, Oct. 15–Dec. 16; hare, rabbits, Nov. 1–Dec. 16; woodcock, July 1–Aug. 1, Oct. 15–Dec. 16; upland or grass plover, July 15–Jan. 1; rail, reedbird, Sept. 1–Dec. 1; webfooted wild fowl, Sept. 1–May 1.

RHODE ISLAND—Deer protected until Feb. 1, 1905; pheasants, except ruffed grouse, until Oct. 1, 1905; squirrel, rabbit, hare, Oct. 15–Jan. 1; quail, ruffed grouse, woodcock, Oct. 15–Dec. 16; dove, protected at all times; duck, goose, brant, Aug. 15–April 1.

SOUTH CAROLINA—Deer (except in some counties where shooting begins a month earlier), Sept. 1–Feb. 1; quail, partridge, pheasant, wild turkey, woodcock, Nov. 1–April 1; dove, Aug. 1–Mar.

VERMONT—Deer, with horns, Oct. 22–Nov. 1; deer without horns, moose, caribou, protected at all times; quail, ruffed grouse, partridge, plover (except upland), woodcock, snipe, duck, goose, Sept. 1–Jan. 1; rabbit, hare, Sept. 1–May 1; pheasant, English partridge, Oct. 1–Nov. 20; introduced pheasants by owners on inclosed lands, Oct. 10–Dec. 1; upland plover, Aug. 15–Dec. 1.

VIRGINIA (numerous county laws on all game)—Deer, Aug. 15–Jan. 1; quail, partridge, Nov. 1–Jan. 1; pheasant, ruffed grouse, wild turkey, west of Blue Ridge (except Rockbridge County), Sept. 15–Feb. 1, in Rockbridge County and all counties east of Blue Ridge (except Fluvanna, Oct. 15–Feb. 15; Prince Edward, Oct. 15–March 1), Oct. 15–Jan. 15; English, Mongolian pheasant protected at all times in most counties; woodcock (except Alexandria and Fairfax counties, July 4–Jan. 1), Nov. 1–April 1; marsh hen, Jan. 1–June 20; willet, July 15–Jan. 1; waterfowl (except summer duck), Sept. 1–May 1.

WEST VIRGINIA—Deer (except spotted fawn, protected at all times); ruffed grouse, pheasant, prairie chicken, Oct. 15–Dec. 15; quail or Virginia partridge, Nov. 1–Dec. 20; wild turkey, Sept 15–Jan. 1; woodcock, July 15–Nov. 2; snipe, March 1–July 1; duck, goose, brant, Oct. 1–April 1.

POSTAL SCANDALS.

Early in January, 1903, reports of corruption and malfeasance in the Federal Postoffice Department were brought to the attention of President Roosevelt, and Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Joseph L. Bristow was assigned to make an investigation of all branches of the postal service. This investigation brought to light facts implicating many department officials and furnishing a basis for their removal from office or indictment in the federal courts. In a summary of Mr. Bristow's findings, made public by President Roosevelt on November 28, the following list is given of persons in the federal service removed or indicted and of outsiders indicted as accomplices with them in corruption.

OFFICIALS.

JAMES N. TYNER, Assistant Attorney General for Postoffice Department; appointed special agent Postoffice Department, March 7, 1861; with intervals of a few years has been in the service ever since, and was Postmaster General under President Grant for several months; he was removed April 22, 1903; he has since been indicted three times.

A. W. MACHEN, general superintendent free delivery system; appointed clerk in postoffice at Toledo, Ohio, March 1, 1887; continuously in service ever since save for three years; removed May 27, 1903; has since been indicted fourteen times.

GEORGE W. BEAVERS, general superintendent of salaries and allowances; appointed to clerkship in New-York Postoffice January, 1881; continuous service ever since; resignation accepted to take effect March 31, 1903; has since been indicted eight times.

JAMES T. METCALF, superintendent money order system; appointed postoffice inspector February 2, 1882; has been in postal service ever since; removed June 17, 1903; has been indicted once.

DANIEL V. MILLER, assistant attorney, Postoffice Department; appointed July 1, 1902; removed May 25, 1903; indicted once; after one mistrial was retried and acquitted.

LOUIS KEMPNER, Superintendent registry system; appointed clerk in New-York Postoffice August, 1886; removed October 21, 1903.

CHARLES HEDGES, superintendent city free delivery service; appointed assistant superintendent free delivery service July 1, 1898; removed July 2, 1903.

JAMES W. ERWIN, assistant superintendent free delivery service; appointed postoffice inspector June 27, 1887; removed September 16, 1903; indicted once.

W. SCOTT TOWERS, superintendent Station C, Washington, D. C.; appointed clerk Washington Postoffice November, 1890; removed October 1, 1903; indicted three times.

OTTO F. WEIS, assistant superintendent registry division New-York Postoffice; appointed clerk New-York Postoffice June 18, 1890; removed October 21, 1903.

T. W. M'GREGOR, clerk, free delivery division, in charge of supplies; appointed Postoffice Department March 11 1891; removed June 5, 1903; indicted twice.

C. E. UPTON, clerk, free delivery division; appointed July 1, 1900; removed June 5, 1903; indicted once.

M. W. LOUIS, superintendent supply division; appointed Kansas City Postoffice April 17, 1897; removed October 21, 1903.

CHARLES B. TERRY, clerk, supply division; appointed September 20, 1900; removed October 21, 1903.

OUTSIDERS.

H. J. BARRETT, formerly in the Postoffice Department from May 11, 1889, to September 20, 1893, and from June 1, 1897, to December 31, 1900.

GEORGE E. GREEN.

DILLER B. and SAMUEL A. GROFF.

WILLIAM C. LONG, formerly in the Postoffice Department from April 17, 1890, to August 15, 1893.

ISAAC S. M'GIEHAN.

GEORGE H. HUNTINGTON.

GEORGE E. LORENZ, formerly postmaster at Toledo, Ohio, from August 3, 1886, to July 9, 1890.

MARTHA J. LORENZ.

JOHN T. CUPPER.

H. C. HALLENBECK.

W. D. DOREMUS.

CYRUS D. SCHEBLE.

WILLIAM G. CRAWFORD, deputy auditor Postoffice Department from June 12, 1893, to September 15, 1897.

MAURICE RUNKLE.

NORMAN R. METCALF.

LEOPOLD J. STERN.

EDMUND H. DRIGGS.

GEORGE F. MILLER.

JOSEPH M. JOHNS.

In characterizing the offences committed and the chief offenders, the President's memorandum said:

"The three chief offenders in the government service were Tyner, Machen and Beavers. The friends of Tyner have advanced the theory that in his case the chief offender was really his nephew by marriage, Barrett, who was his assistant in the office for a part of the time, and that Tyner's offences are due to his failing bodily and mental powers. The facts set forth in Mr. Bristow's report do not tend to substantiate the validity of these excuses for Tyner, while they show literally astounding misconduct in Barrett. For Machen and Beavers no excuse of any kind has been alleged. In the case of Metcalf, the superintendent of the money order system, the most vigorous protests were at first made on his behalf by a large number of reputable citizens, and also by others who were at the time deemed reputable, but who, it has since been discovered, were profiting by Metcalf's misconduct. One of them has been indicted in connection with him.

"When these investigations were begun, some nine months ago, many of the chief offenders who have been indicted or dismissed, or both, as above enumerated, were considered to have excellent reputations. A number of the most respectable people in the land offered voluntary testimony on behalf of Mr. Tyner. So highly were Messrs. Beavers and Machen thought of by those who had been brought into close connection with them that the Congress actually provided at its last session for raising the salaries of both, the salary in each case being increased $500, to take effect at the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1 last. By that date they were both out of office, and the Department of Justice was taking steps to have them indicted.

"During Machen's term of service he was twice investigated by the Congress, once by a committee of the Senate and once by a committee of the House, but cleared on each occasion. Yet at that very period, as has been shown in the present investigation, he was engaged in the corrupt business for which he has now been removed and indicted. This is no reflection upon the committees who conducted the investigation, for so skilfully had Machen concealed his wrongdoing that it was revealed only after months of laborious and exhaustive work by trained inspectors.

"As regards Messrs. Beavers and Machen, the corruption took the form of bribery and blackmail in connection with the purchase of government supplies. In the office of the Assistant General for the Postoffice Department, under Tyner and Barrett, far greater wrong was inflicted upon the public than could be measured by a pecuniary standard, for in this office the corruption of the government officials took the form of favoring get-rich-quick concerns and similar swindling schemers; in other words, the criminals, whom it was the sworn duty of these government officials to prosecute, paid them for permission to fleece the public unmolested."

Mr. Bristow's report, condensed and skeletonized, was also made public on November 29. It showed in voluminous detail the corrupt transactions engaged in by the officials investigated. It also severely criticised the conduct of ex-First Assistant Postmaster General Perry S. Heath. On December 16 Mr. Bristow's full report was given to the public, together with a report made by Holmes Conrad and Charles J. Bonaparte on the charges of maladministration in the Washington City Postoffice brought by Seymour W. Tulloch. The Conrad-Bonaparte report held Perry S. Heath and George W. Beavers "primarily responsible" for "abuses and scandals" in the administration of the Washington postoffice, and also censured, as "in some measure responsible," Charles Emory Smith, ex-Postmaster General; James Willett and John A. Merritt, postmasters; Robert J. Tracewell, Controller of the Treasury, and Henry A. Castle, Auditor of the Treasury for the Postoffice Department.

THE COAL STRIKE AWARD.

The commission appointed by President Roosevelt to arbitrate the great anthracite coal strike of 1902 announced its award on March 21, 1902. The arbitrators named originally were Brigadier General John M. Wilson, U. S. A.; Edward W. Parker, Editor of "The Engineering and Mining Journal"; Judge George Gray, ex-United States Senator from Delaware; E. E. Clark, Grand Chief of the Order of Railway Conductors; the Right Rev. John L. Spalding, Roman Catholic Bishop of Peoria, and Thomas H. Watkins, of the Temple Iron Company. Judge Gray was chosen chairman when the commission began its labors, and Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor, though at first named as recorder, afterward received full voting powers.

The demands made by the coal miners at the Shamokin convention and afterward before the arbitration commission were: (1) An increase of 20 per cent upon the prices paid during the year 1901 to employes performing contract or piece work. (2) A reduction of 20 per cent in hours of labor, without any reduction of earnings, for all employes paid by the hour, day or week. (3) The adoption of a system by which coal shall be weighed and paid for by weight wherever practicable; the minimum rate to be 60 cents for a legal ton of 2,240 pounds; the differentials now existing at the various mines to be maintained. (4) The incorporation of an agreement between the United Mine Workers of America and the anthracite coal companies of the wages which shall be paid, and the conditions of employment which shall obtain, together with satisfactory methods for the adjustment of grievances which may arise from time to time, to the end that strikes and lockouts may be unnecessary.

The award of the commission was:

First—That an increase of 10 per cent over and above the rates paid in the month of April, 1902, be paid to all contract miners for cutting coal, yardage and other work for which standard rates or allowances existed at that time, from and after November 1, 1902, and during the life of this award. The amount of increase under the award due for work done between November 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903.

General Advance in Wages.

Second—That engineers who are employed in hoisting water shall have an increase of 10 per cent on their earnings between November 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903; and from and after April 1, 1903, and during the life of the award, they shall have eight hour shifts, with the same pay which was effective in April, 1902, and where they are now working eight hour shifts the eight hour shifts shall be continued, and these engineers shall have an increase of 10 per cent on the wages which were effective in the several positions in April, 1902.

Hoisting engineers and other engineers and pumpmen, other than those employed in hoisting water, who are employed in positions which are manned continuously, shall have an increase of 10 per cent on their earnings between November 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903; and from and after April 1, 1903, and during the life of the award, they shall have an increase of 5 per cent on the rates of wages which were effective in the several positions in April, 1902; and in addition they shall be relieved from duty on Sundays, without loss of pay, by a man provided by the employer to relieve them during the hours of the day shift.

That firemen shall have an increase of 10 per cent on their earnings between November 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903, and from and after April 1, 1903, and during the life of the award, they shall have eight hour shifts, with the same wages per day, week or month as were paid in each position on April 1, 1902.

All employes or company men other than those for whom the commission makes special awards shall be paid an increase of 10 per cent on their earnings between November 1, 1902, and April 1, 1903, to be paid on or before June 1, 1903, and from and after April 1, 1903, and during the life of this award, they shall be paid on the basis of a nine hour day, receiving therefor the same wages as were paid in April, 1902, for a ten hour day. Overtime in excess of nine hours in any day to be paid at a proportional rate per hour.

Third—During the life of this award the present methods of payment for coal mined shall be adhered to unless changed by mutual agreement.

In all of the above awards it is provided that allowances like these made shall be paid to the legal representatives of such employes as many have died since November 1, 1902.

Fourth—Any difficulty or disagreement arising under this award, either as to its interpretation or application, or in any way growing out of the relations of the employers and employed, which cannot be settled or adjusted by consultation between the superintendent or manager of the mine or mines and the miner or miners directly interested, or is of a scope too large to be so settled or adjusted, shall be referred to a permanent joint committee to be called a board of conciliation, to consist of six persons, appointed as hereinafter provided. That is to say, if there shall be a division of the whole region into three districts, in each of which there shall exist an organization representing a majority of the mine workers of such district, one of said board of con-

Permanent Conciliation Boards.

ciliation shall be appointed by each of said organizations and three other persons shall be appointed by the operators, the operators in each of said districts appointing one person.

The board of conciliation thus constituted shall take up and consider any question referred to it as aforesaid, hearing both parties to the controversy, and such evidence as may be laid before it by either party; and any award made by a majority of such board of conciliation shall be final and binding on all parties. If, however, the said board is unable to decide any question submitted or point related thereto, that question or point shall be referred to an umpire, to be appointed, at the request of said board, by one of the circuit judges of the Third Judicial Circuit of the United States, whose decision shall be final and binding in the premises.

The membership of said board shall at all times be kept complete, either the operators or miners' organizations having the right, at any time when a controversy is not pending, to change their representation thereon.

At all hearings before said board the parties may be represented by such person or persons as they may respectively select.

No suspension of work shall take place, by lockout or strike, pending the adjudication of any matter so taken up for adjustment.

Fifth—Whenever requested by a majority of the contract miners of any colliery, check weighmen or check docking bosses, or both, shall be employed. The wages of said check weighmen and check docking bosses shall be fixed, collected and paid by the miners in such manner as the said miners shall by a majority vote elect, and when requested by a majority of said miners the operators shall pay the wages fixed for check weighmen and check docking bosses out of deductions made proportionately from the earnings of the said miners, on such basis as the majority of said miners shall determine.

Sixth—Mine cars shall be distributed among miners who are at work as uniformly and as equitably as possible, and there shall be no concerted effort on the part of the miners or mine workers of any colliery or collieries to limit the output of the mines or to detract from the quality of the work performed, unless such limitation of output be in conformity to an agreement between an operator or operators and an organization representing a majority of said miners in his or their employ.

Seventh—In all cases where miners are paid by the car, the increase awarded to the contract miners is based upon the cars in use, the topping required and the rates paid per car which were in force on April 1, 1902. Any increase in the size of car or in the topping required shall be accompanied by a proportionate increase in the rate paid per car.

Eighth—The following sliding scale of wages shall become effective on April 1, 1903, and shall affect all miners and mine workers included in the awards of the commission. The wages fixed in the awards shall be the basis of and the minimum under the sliding scale. For each increase of 5 cents in the average price of white ash coal of sizes above pea coal sold at or near New-York, between Perth Amboy and Edgewater, and reported to the bureau of anthracite coal statistics, above $4 50 per ton f. o. b., the employes shall have an increase of 1 per cent in this compensation, which shall continue until a change in the average of said coal works a reduction or an increase in said additional compensation hereunder; but the rate of compensation shall in no case be less than that fixed in the award—that is, when the price of said coal reaches $4 55 per ton the compensation will be increased 1 per cent, to continue until the price falls below $4 50 per ton, when the 1 per cent increase will cease, or until the price reaches $4 60 per ton, when an additional 1 per cent will be added, and so on.

The Sliding Scale.

These average prices shall be computed monthly by an accountant or commission named by one of the circuit judges of the Third Judicial Circuit of the United States, and paid by the coal operators such compensation as the appointing judge may fix, which compensation shall be distributed among the operators in proportion to the tonnage of each mine.

In order that the basis may be laid for the successful working of the sliding scale provided herein, it is also adjudged and awarded: That all coal operating companies file at once with the United States Commissioner of Labor a certified statement of the rates of compensation paid in each occupation known in their companies, as they existed April 1, 1902.

Ninth—No person shall be refused employment, or in any way discriminated against on account of membership or non-membership in any labor organization; and there shall be no discrimination against or interference with any employe who is not a member of any labor organization by members of such organization.

Tenth—All contract miners shall be required to furnish within a reasonable time before each payday a statement of the amount of money due from them to their laborers, and such sums shall be deducted from the amount due the contract miner, and paid directly to each laborer by the company. All employes when paid shall be furnished with an itemized statement of their account.

Eleventh—The awards herein made shall continue in force until March 31, 1906; and any employe or group of employes violating any of the provisions thereof shall be subject to reasonable discipline by the employer; and, further, that the violation of any provisions of these awards, either by employer or employe, shall not invalidate any of the provisions thereof.

NEW-YORK CITY GOVERNMENT.

THE REVISED NEW-YORK CITY CHARTER.

A revision of the charter of the city of New-York, which was drawn up by the Charter Revision Commission and passed in an amended form April 4, 1901, by the legislature, was subsequently approved by Governor Odell, and therefore is now a law. After its passage several supplementary acts were passed by the legislature, and these also are laws.

The Board of Aldermen.

The legislative power of the city was vested in two houses, known respectively as the Council and the Board of Aldermen. The charter revision conferred all legislative power upon a Board of Aldermen. The aldermen, it was stated, were to be elected in November, 1901, and every two years thereafter. The president of the Board of Aldermen is to be elected by the city at large. There are seventy-three aldermanic districts, consisting of one in each Assembly district in the counties of greater New-York, with the exception that two representatives each are granted to the XXIst, XXIIId, XXXIst and XXXIVth Assembly districts of New-York County, four representatives to the XXXVth Assembly District of New-York, two to Chester, New-York County, two to the town of New-Utrecht, in the Borough of Brooklyn, two to the town of Newtown in Queens County, two to the town of Jamaica in Queens County, one to the town of Castleton, one to the towns of Middletown and Southfield, and one to the towns of Northfield and Westfield—the last five named towns all in Richmond County. The president of the Board of Aldermen possesses all the powers of the Mayor during his disability or absence.

Powers of the Board of Aldermen.

No ordinance can be passed except by a vote of a majority of all the members of the Board of Aldermen. The act says that "in case the ordinance or resolution involves the expenditure of money, the creation of a debt, or the laying of an assessment, it shall require a vote of three-fourths of all the members of the Board of Aldermen to pass it over the Mayor's veto; and if it involves the grant of a franchise, the Mayor's veto shall be final." It declares that "the Board of Aldermen shall have power to make, establish, alter, modify, amend and repeal all ordinances, rules, and police, health, park, fire and building regulations." Also that "the Board of Aldermen is authorized to grant from time to time to any corporation therepunto duly authorized the franchise or right to construct and operate railways in, upon, over, under and along streets, avenues, waters, rivers, public places, parkways or highways of the city, but no such grant shall be made except upon the limitations and conditions of this act elsewhere provided in respect of the grant by the Board of Aldermen of franchises and rights in or under the streets, avenues, waters, rivers, public places, parkways and highways of the city." The Board of Aldermen is given authority to pass ordinances in regard to theatres, the markets, the hotels, the fire limits, use of vaults, and to fix the annual fee, not exceeding $20, for each streetcar used in the city. The act further says: "It shall be the duty of the Board of Aldermen, upon the recommendation of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, to fix the salary of every officer or person whose compensation is paid out of the city treasury other than day laborers, and teachers, examiners and members of the supervising staff of the Department of Education, irrespective of the amount fixed by this act, except that no change shall be made in the salary of an elected officer or head of a department during his tenure of office. The Board of Aldermen may reduce, but may not increase, any salary recommended by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment; but the action of the Board of Aldermen on reducing any salary so recommended shall be subject to the veto power of the Mayor, as provided in Section 40 of this act. In case the Board of Aldermen shall vote to reduce more than one salary, the Mayor may approve the reduction of one or more salaries, and may disapprove the reduction of others. In such case the reductions he shall approve shall become effective; and as to those which he shall not approve, the recommendations of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall become effective unless the reductions be again passed by a three-fourths vote of the Board of Aldermen."

Franchises.

In regard to franchises the act says: "After the approval of this act no franchise or right to use the streets, avenues, waters, rivers, parkways or highways of the city shall be granted by the Board of Aldermen to any person or corporation for a longer period than twenty-five years, except as hereinafter provided, but such grant may at the option of the city provide for giving to the grantee the right on a fair revaluation or revaluations to renewals not exceeding in the aggregate twenty-five years. Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this section contained shall apply to consents granted to tunnel railroad corporations, and the Board of Aldermen is hereby authorized in its discretion to grant a franchise or right to any railroad corporation to use any of said streets, avenues, waters, rivers, parkways or highways in the city of New-York for the construction and operation of a tunnel railroad underneath the surface thereof for any period not exceeding fifty years, and any such grant may at the option of the city provide for giving to the grantee the right, on a fair revaluation or revaluations, to renewals not exceeding in the aggregate twenty-five years, provided, however, that any grant to construct a tunnel railroad or renewal thereof shall only be made after an agreement has been entered into by such a tunnel corporation to pay to the city of New-York at least 3 per centum of the net profits derived from the use of any tunnel

which it shall construct, after there shall have first been retained by such company from such net profits a sum equal to 5 per centum upon the sum expended to construct such tunnel."

Powers of the Mayor.

The Mayor of the city, the charter revision provided, should be elected in November, 1901, for a term of two years, and every two years thereafter for a like period. The salary of the Mayor is $15,000 a year. The Mayor may, whenever in his judgment the public interests shall so require, remove from office any public officer holding office by appointment from him, except members of the Board of Education, Aqueduct Commissioners, trustees of the College of the City of New-York, trustees of Bellevue and allied hospitals, "and except also judicial officers for whose removal other provision is made by the constitution."

Administrative Departments.

The administrative departments are as follows: Department of Finance, Law Department, Police Department, Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, Department of Street Cleaning, Department of Bridges, Department of Parks, Department of Public Charities, Department of Correction, Fire Department, Department of Docks and Ferries, Department of Taxes and Assessments, Department of Education, Department of Health, Tenement House Department. The head of the Department of Finance is the Controller, who is to be elected at the same time with the Mayor, and is to have like him a term of two years. All of the departments are single headed commissions, except the Park Department, which has three commissioners; the Department of Taxes and Assessments, which has five; the Department of Education, forty-six members of a Board of Education, and the Department of Health, which has three commissioners (two ex-officio).

Duties of the Mayor.

The Mayor must at least once a year submit to the Board of Aldermen a general statement of the finances, government and improvements of the city, keep himself informed as to the doings of the several departments and be vigilant in enforcing the ordinances of the city and the laws of the State. The Mayor appoints besides those already named all members of any board authorized to superintend the erection or repair of any building belonging to the city inspectors of weights and measures, two commissioners of accounts and five Civil Service Commissioners.

Controller, Chamberlain, Sinking Fund.

The Controller has control of the fiscal concerns of the corporation. The accounts of every department are subject to his inspection and revision. All claims against the city, except certain specified ones, are subject to his audit. The assent of the Controller is necessary to all agreements for the acquisition of real estate. He receives a salary of $15,000 a year. He has charge of the Wallabout Market. The Mayor appoints the Chamberlain of the city, who receives all moneys paid into the treasury of the city. His salary is $12,000 a year. The Sinking Fund Commissioners consist of the Mayor, Controller, Chamberlain, president of the Board of Aldermen and chairman of the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen. This board administers the various sinking funds.

The Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

The Board of Estimate and Apportionment consists of the Mayor, the Controller, the president of the Board of Aldermen, and the presidents of the boroughs of Manhattan, Brooklyn, The Bronx, Queens and Richmond. Except as specifically provided by the charter every act of the board must be adopted, if adopted, by "a majority of the whole number of votes authorized by this section to be cast by said board. The Mayor, Controller and the president of the Board of Aldermen shall each be entitled to cast three votes, the presidents of the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn shall each be entitled to cast two votes, and the presidents of the boroughs of The Bronx, Queens and Richmond shall each be entitled to cast one vote. A quorum of said board shall consist of a sufficient number of the members thereof to cast nine votes, of whom at least two of the members hereby authorized to cast three votes each shall be present." It is provided that this board shall annually "make a budget of the amounts estimated to be required to pay the expenses of conducting the public business of the city of New-York, and of the counties of New-York, Kings, Queens and Richmond for the next ensuing year. Such budget shall be prepared in such detail as to the titles of appropriations, the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with law under which the same may be expended, the aggregate sum and the items thereof allowed to each department, bureau, office, board or commission, as the said Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall deem advisable." The budget is submitted to the Board of Aldermen. The act then says: "The Board of Aldermen may reduce the said several amounts fixed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, except such amounts as are now or may hereafter be fixed by law, and except such amounts as may be inserted by the said Board of Estimate and Apportionment for the payment of State taxes and payment of interest and principal of the city debt, but the Board of Aldermen may not increase such amounts nor vary the terms and conditions thereof, nor insert any new items. Such action of the Board of Aldermen on reducing any item or amount fixed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall be subject to the veto power of the Mayor, as elsewhere provided in this act, and unless such veto is overridden by a three-fourths vote of the Board of Aldermen, the item or amount as fixed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall stand as part of the budget." The Board of Estimate and Apportionment also is directed to include in its final estimate money for the support of a large number of charitable institutions, which are named.

Law Department.

The Corporation Counsel, who is the head of the Law Department, receives $15,00 a year. He has charge of all the law business of the corporation, all legal proceedings in opening, widening and closing streets, in acquiring property for the city by condemnation proceedings, and the preparation of all leases and contracts. He is the legal adviser of the Mayor, the presidents of the boroughs, the Board of Aldermen and every department.

Police Department.

The head of the Police Department is the Police Commissioner, whose term of office is five years. The act then says: "The said commissioner may, whenever, in the judgment of the Mayor of said city or the Governor the public interests shall so require, be removed from office by either, and shall be ineligible for reappointment thereto. The successors in office of the said commissioner shall also be appointed by the Mayor of the city within ten days after any vacancy shall occur, and shall be removed by either the Mayor or Governor whenever the public interests so require. The salary of said Police Commissioner shall be $7,500 a year. The said commissioner shall have the power to appoint, from the citizens of the United States and residents of the said city and at pleasure remove, three deputies, to be known as first deputy commissioner, second deputy commissioner and third deputy commissioner. The Police Department consists also of fifteen inspectors, one captain to each fifty of the total number of patrolmen, except in the rural part of the city, sergeants of police, not exceeding four in number to each fifty of the total number of patrolmen; roundsmen not exceeding four in number to each fifty patrolmen; detective sergeants to the number authorized by law; the members of the telegraph force as specified in Section 277 of this act the superintendent and inspectors of boilers as specified in Section 342 of this act doormen of police, not exceeding two in number to each fifty of the total number of patrolmen; surgeons of police, not exceeding forty in number, one of whom shall be chief surgeon, and patrolmen to the number of 6,382."

Borough Officers.

The president of each borough is elected for two years. He has the following powers: "He may appoint and at pleasure remove a Commissioner of Public Works for his borough, who may discharge all the administrative powers of the president of the borough relating to streets, sewers, public buildings and supplies conferred upon him by this act; and who shall, in the absence or illness of such president, discharge all the duties of such president. He shall, within the borough for which he shall have been elected, have cognizance and control: (1) Of regulating, grading, curbing, flagging and guttering of streets and laying of crosswalks; (2) of constructing and repairing public roads; (3) of paving, repaving, resurfacing and repairing of all streets, and of the relaying of all pavements removed for any cause; (4) of the laying or relaying of surface railroad tracks in any public street or road, of the form of rail used, of character of foundation, and the method of construction, and of the restoration of the pavement or surface after such work; (5) of the filling of sunken lots, fencing of vacant lots, digging down lots, and of licensing vaults under sidewalks; (6) of the removal of incumbrances; (7) of the issue of permits to builders and others to use or open the streets; (8) of the construction and maintenance of all bridges and tunnels which are within his borough and form a portion of the highways thereof, except such bridges as cross navigable streams; (9) of all subjects relating to the public sewers and drainage of his borough, and shall initiate the making of all plans for the drainage of his borough, except as otherwise specifically provided in this act. He shall have charge of the construction of all sewers in accordance with said plans. He shall have in charge the management, care and maintenance of the sewer and drainage system of the borough of which he shall be president and the licensing of all cisterns and cesspools." The presidents of the boroughs of Queens and Richmond also have supervision of the street cleaning of their boroughs.

Bureau of Buildings.

The act says in regard to the Bureau of Buildings: "There shall be in the office of each borough president a bureau to be known as 'the Bureau of Buildings for the Borough of ————.' The presidents of the boroughs of Manhattan, The Bronx and Brooklyn shall, each within the borough for which he is elected, appoint a superintendent of buildings for the borough. The presidents of the boroughs of Queens and Richmond may, whenever appropriation is made therefor by the Board of Aldermen upon the recommendation of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, each within the borough for which he is elected, in like manner appoint a superintendent of buildings for the borough. Each superintendent of buildings shall within the borough or boroughs in which he has jurisdiction, have charge of the administration of, and it shall be his duty, subject to and in accordance with the general rules and regulations established by the president of the borough, to enforce such rules and regulations and the provisions of this chapter and of such ordinances as may be established by the Board of Aldermen and of the laws relating to the construction, alteration or removal of buildings or other structures erected or to be erected within such borough."

Local Boards.

The act creates twenty-five districts of local improvements, divided as follows: 1. Richmond Borough. 2. Wards 1 and 2, Borough of Queens. 3. Wards 3, 4 and 5, Borough of Queens. 4. Third Senate District. 5. Fourth Senate District. 6. Wards 8, 30 and 31, Borough of Brooklyn. 7. Wards 10 and 12, Borough of Brooklyn. 8. Sixth Senate District. 9. Seventh Senate District. 10. Eighth Senate District. 11. Ninth Senate District. 12. Tenth Senate District. 13. Eleventh Senate District. 14. Twelfth Senate District. 15. Thirteenth Senate District. 16. Fourteenth Senate District. 17. Fifteenth Senate District. 18. Sixteenth Senate District. 19. Fifteenth and Seventeenth Assembly

districts of the county of New-York. 20. Eighteenth Senate District. 21. Nineteenth and Twenty-first Assembly districts of the county of New-York. 22. Thirty-first and Twenty-third Assembly districts of the county of New-York. 23. Twentieth Senate District and that part of the Twenty-first Senate District in the Borough of Manhattan. 24. That part of the Twenty-first Senate District in the Borough of The Bronx west of the Bronx River. 25. That part of the Twenty-second Senate District east of the Bronx River. Each local board of improvement has as its members the president of the borough wherein the district is situated, and each member of the Board of Aldermen "who represents an aldermanic district within such local improvement district." The members of the local board serve as such members without compensation. The act then says: "A local board, subject to the restrictions provided by this act, shall have power in all cases where the cost of the improvement is to be met in whole or in part by assessments upon the property benefited to initiate proceedings for the following purposes: To construct tunnels and bridges lying wholly within the borough; to acquire title to land for parks and squares, streets, sewers, tunnels and bridges, and approaches to bridges and tunnels; to open, close, extend, widen, grade, pave, regrade, repave and repair the streets, avenues and public places, and to construct sewers within the district; to flag or reflag, curb or recurb the sidewalks, and to relay crosswalks on such streets and avenues; to set or to reset street lamps; and to provide signs designating the names of streets. All resolutions affecting more than one local improvement district or the borough generally shall be adopted only at a joint meeting of all the local boards of the borough, and by a majority of the members of said boards."

Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity.

The Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity has charge of the supply and distribution of water, and also has the following duties: "Of the making and performance of contracts when duly authorized in accord with the provisions of this act, and for the execution of the same in the matter of furnishing the city, or any part thereof, with gas, electricity, or any other illuminant, or of steam; of the selecting, locating and removing and changing of lights for the use of the city; of the inspecting and testing of gas and electricity used for light, heating and power purposes, electric meters, electric wires and of all lights furnished to said city; and of the use and transmission of gas, electricity, pneumatic power and steam for all purposes in, upon, across, over and under all streets, roads, avenues, parks, public places and public buildings; of the construction of electric mains, conduits, conductors, and subways in any such streets, roads, avenues, parks and public places, and the granting of the permission to open streets, when approved by the borough president, and to open the same for the purpose of carrying on therein the business of transmitting, conducting, using and selling electricity, steam, or for the service of pneumatic tubes."

Street Cleaning, Bridges, Parks.

The Commissioner of Street Cleaning has charge of the sweeping and cleaning of the streets in the boroughs of Manhattan, The Bronx and Brooklyn, and of the removal of ashes and garbage in these boroughs. The Commissioner of Bridges has charge of all the bridges and of the operation of the railroad on the New-York and Brooklyn Bridge, and of the construction and management of tunnels beneath navigable streams. The three Commissioners of Parks have charge of the parks in every borough; one has administrative jurisdiction in the boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond, one in the borough of The Bronx, and one in the boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens. Each Commissioner receives $5,000 salary.

Art Commission.

An Art Commission has as its members the Mayor, the president of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the president of the New-York Public Library, the president of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, one painter, one sculptor, one architect, and three other residents of the city of New-York. The act then says: "Hereafter no work of art shall become the property of the city of New-York, by purchase, gift or otherwise, unless such work of art or a design of the same, together with a statement of the proposed location of such work of art, shall first have been submitted to and approved by the commission."

Public Charities.

The Department of Public Charities has as its head one Commissioner of Public Charities, whose salary is $7,500 yearly. The commissioner has charge of all hospitals, asylums, almshouses and other institutions for the care of the feeble minded, the sick and the destitute, except certain specified institutions.

Bellevue Hospital—Department of Correction.

Bellevue Hospital and allied hospitals are in charge of a board of trustees of seven persons, consisting of the Commissioner of Public Charities and six persons appointed by the Mayor.

The Department of Correction has as its head one commissioner at a salary of $7,500. He has charge of all institutions for the care and custody of criminals and misdemeananta, except certain specified institutions.

Fire, Docks and Ferries.

The Fire Department has one commissioner as its head, who receives $7,500 a year. He has charge of the government, management, maintenance and direction of the Fire Department of the city. The Department of Docks and Ferries has as its head one commissioner, who receives $6,000 a year salary. He has exclusive charge of the wharf property belonging to the city of New-York, and of the repairing, rebuilding, altering and leasing of this property. He cannot, however, make any contract or execute any deed for the wharf property unless it has

first been approved by resolution in writing passed by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund. The Dock Commissioner also is authorized to lease the franchise of ferries.

Taxes and Assessments.

The Department of Taxes and Assessments has at its head five commissioners, one of whom is designated as the president. The salary of the president is $8,000 a year, while that of the other commissioners is $7,000 a year. The commissioners appoint forty deputy tax commissioners, whose duty it is to assess all the taxable property in the several districts to which they are assigned. The act then says: "There shall be kept in the several offices established by the Department of Taxes and Assessments books to be called 'the annual record of the assessed valuation of real and personal estate of the borough of ————,' in which shall be entered in detail the assessed valuations of such property within the limits of the several boroughs of the city of New-York as established by this act, which said books shall be open for public inspection, examination and correction from the second Monday in January until the first day of April in each year; but on said last mentioned day the same shall be closed to enable the Board of Taxes and Assessments to prepare assessment rolls of the several boroughs for delivery to the Board of Aldermen."

Board of Assessors.

The Mayor is authorized to appoint three persons to make assessments for local improvements. The Controller, the Corporation Counsel and the president of the Department of Taxes and Assessments by the terms of the act are the Board for the Revision of Assessments.

Department of Education.

The Department of Education has at its head a Board of Education of forty-six members, appointed by the Mayor. The forty-six members of the Board of Education are divided as follows: Borough of Manhattan, 22; Borough of The Bronx, 4; Borough of Brooklyn, 14; Borough of Queens, 4; Borough of Richmond, 2. The Board of Education has the management and control of the public schools of the city. The act further says: "The Board of Education shall administer all moneys appropriated or available for educational purposes in the city of New-York, subject to the general provisions of this act relating to the audit and payment of salaries and other claims by the Department of Finance. Prior to February 15, 1902, the Board of Education shall divide the boroughs under its charge into forty-six school board districts, of which twenty-two shall be wholly in the Borough of Manhattan, fourteen wholly in the Borough of Brooklyn, four wholly in the Borough of The Bronx, four wholly in the Borough of Queens and two wholly in the Borough of Richmond. There shall be in each of said districts a local school board consisting of seven members, as follows: Five persons to be appointed by the president of the borough, a member of the Board of Education designated by the president of that board, and the district superintendent assigned to duty in such district by the city superintendent. Subject to regulation by the bylaws of the Board of Education, the duties and powers of the local school boards shall be as follows: In their respective districts, they shall visit, at least once in every quarter, all the schools in the district, and inspect the same, in respect to punctual and regular attendance of the pupils and teachers, the number and fidelity of the teachers, the studies, progress, order and discipline of the pupils, the cleanliness, safety, warming, ventilation and comfort of school premises, and the observance of the provisions of the school laws in respect to the teaching of sectarian doctrines or the use of sectarian books; and shall call the attention of the Board of Education, without delay, to every matter requiring official action. They shall also, on or before the first day of January and June of each year, make a written report to the Board of Education in respect to the condition of the schools, the efficiency of teachers, and wants of the district, especially in regard to schools and school premises. They shall report immediately to the Board of Education whenever additional accommodation is necessary for kindergarten or elementary school purposes, with a recommendation of the sites within their respective districts which they consider it necessary to acquire for such purposes. They shall also recommend the erection of such buildings on said sites or on any other property owned by the city of New-York, and such repairs or alterations of school buildings as they deem necessary or desirable. They shall have power, and it shall be their duty, to try charges made by a principal, a district superintendent, or by any parent or guardian of a pupil, residing in the district, against a teacher employed within their respective districts, for gross misconduct, insubordination, neglect of duty or inefficiency. On receiving notice of said charges they shall immediately proceed to try and determine the case and shall fix the penalty or punishment to be imposed for the offence committed, which shall consist of a fine, suspension for a fixed time without pay, or dismissal. Their determination upon such charges and the penalty or punishment imposed therefor shall be reported immediately to the Board of Education, which may reject, confirm or modify the determinations of the local board, and the penalty or punishment imposed and the decision of the board shall be final except as to matters in relation to which, under the general school laws of the State, an appeal may be taken to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction."

Department of Health.

The Department of Health has at its head a Commissioner of Health, the Police Commissioner and the Health Officer of the Port. It is the duty of the Department of Health to enforce all the laws of the State in regard to the preservation of human life. This includes all laws relative to cleanliness, the sale of unwholesome food and the purity of the water supply. The Board of Health is authorized to establish and maintain hospitals for the care of persons sick with contagious diseases. Births, deaths and marriages are reported to the Board of Health, whose members keep a record of them.

Tenement House Department.

The Tenement House Department has at its head a Tenement House Commissioner, whose salary is $7,500 a year. The department is divided into a new building bureau, an inspection bureau and a bureau of records. The building bureau examines plans for the light and ventilation of tenement houses, the inspection bureau inspects all completed tenement houses and records all violations of the tenement house laws and ordinances, and the bureau of records contains a record of every tenement house in the city.

Inferior Local Courts.

The City Court of New-York and the Municipal Court are continued. The several boroughs are divided into districts, in each of which sessions of the Municipal Court are held. In The Bronx, two districts; Manhattan, thirteen districts; Brooklyn, five districts; Queens, three districts; Richmond, two districts.

Inferior Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction.

For the purpose of the administration of criminal justice the city is divided into two divisions, the first division embracing the boroughs of The Bronx and of Manhattan and the second division embracing the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond. The Board of City Magistrates in the first division consists of twelve magistrates, while in the second division there are fifteen magistrates, ten of whom are residents of Brooklyn, three of Queens, and two of the Borough of Richmond. In the first division the magistrates are appointed by the Mayor. At the general city election of November, 1901, one City Magistrate was elected in each Congress District of Kings County, and two City Magistrates at Large, and this principle of electing the City Magistrates is hereafter to be continued in the Borough of Brooklyn. City Magistrates in the Borough of Brooklyn who were appointed after January 31, 1899, are to hold office until their successors are elected at a general election to be held in 1907. Magistrates are to be elected in the boroughs of Queens and Richmond in 1905 and 1907.

Marshals.

In 1898 the Mayor appointed ten marshals, who are to hold their office for six years.

Board of City Record.

The city publishes a City Record, in which are printed corporation notices relating to the various boroughs. When they relate to the Borough of Brooklyn they are also published in newspapers of that borough.

Coroners.

The charter provides for the election of four coroners in the Borough of Manhattan, two in the Borough of The Bronx, two in the Borough of Brooklyn, two in the Borough of Queens, and one in the Borough of Richmond, all for a term of four years.

LEGISLATION FOR NEW-YORK CITY, 1903.

The laws passed by the legislature of 1903 specifically relating to the city of New-York are summarized below:

Chapter 539 of the Laws of 1903 authorized the appointment by the Governor of a commission to investigate a certain threatened pollution of the waters of New-York Bay.

Chapter 60 authorized the appointment of a third Deputy Police Commissioner.

Chapter 103 authorized the issue of additional bonds of the city of New-York, to be called general fund bonds, for the purpose of preventing an unnecessary amount of taxation for the sinking fund of the city.

Chapter 159 provided that the justices of the Special Sessions of the Second Division should occupy a separate part of a court building for the hearing of cases involving the trial of children.

Chapter 210 says that where, by preexisting laws, stocks and bonds of any of the municipalities consolidated to form the existing city of New-York were heretofore exempt within such municipalities from local taxation, the said stocks or bonds shall be exempt from all taxation by the present city of New-York, except for State purposes.

Chapter 253 authorizes the Park Board of New-York, with the consent of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, to determine what trees shall be planted in any street, and cause the work to be done at the expense of the property owners owning property on the street where the trees are planted.

Chapter 406 authorizes the Mayor of New-York, with the approval of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, to enter into a contract with the proper representatives of the United States so that the city of New-York may be able to avail itself of the aid of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey in making an exact triangulation of the territory embraced within the boundaries of the city.

Chapter 423 provides for the abolition of certain grade crossings of the Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris Railroad.

Chapter 424 provides for the abolition of certain grade crossings on the line of the New-York and Harlem Railroad.

Chapter 425 provides for the enlargement of the terminals of the New-York Central Railroad in New-York City in the vicinity of Forty-second-st., and the depression of all existing tracks of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company between Forty-second and Fifty-seventh sts. and Madison and Lexington aves.

Chapter 454 amends the Greater New-York charter by providing for a statement by the Deputy Tax Commissioners of the sum for which, in their judgment, each separately assessed parcel of real estate under ordinary circumstances would sell if it were wholly unimproved, and, sepa-

rately stated, the sum for which, under ordinary circumstances, the same parcel of real estate would sell with the improvements, if any, thereon.

Chapter 86 provides that the Supreme Court may fix the amount of compensation to be paid by the city of New-York to the Commissioners of Estimate and Appraisal appointed by that court to estimate the damage by reason of the taking of lands for the new East River Bridge.

Chapter 18 grants authority to the Commissioners of the Land Office to grant and convey to the United States certain lands under water in New-York Harbor at Governor's Island.

Chapter 43 says that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment shall appropriate for the general school fund annually an amount equivalent to not less than three mills on every dollar of assessed valuation of the real and personal estate in the city of New-York liable to taxation.

Chapter 107 authorizes the United States to acquire lands in the city of New-York as a site for a marine hospital.

Chapter 177 amends the charter of New-York's provisions for pensions to school teachers by adding members of the supervising force of the Normal College to the list of those to receive annuities.

Chapter 179 amends sections of the Tenement House act.

Chapter 156 amends an act in relation to the Municipal Court by making certain provisions respecting the issuing of orders of arrest.

Chapter 438 sets apart one per cent, or as much as shall be necessary, of excise moneys annually received by the city of New-York, as a retirement fund for the college officials and professors of the College of the City of New-York.

Chapter 439 gives the Commissioner of the Tenement House Department of the city of New-York authority to issue an order for the vacation of a house which is considered unfit for human habitation.

Chapter 644 amends the Election law relative to the boundaries of election districts by permitting a change of such boundaries in New-York City districts when such a change is rendered necessary by changes in the boundaries of Municipal Court districts.

Chapter 277 authorizes game protectors to examine the contents of any building in New-York, other than a dwelling house, to ascertain whether any law for the protection of fish or game has been violated.

Chapter 336 authorized the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of New-York to determine whether the county court-house afforded adequate accommodation for the courts, and authorized the Mayor, unless the question should be determined in the affirmative, to appoint five persons as a courthouse board to select a site for a new courthouse, make arrangements for the purchase of lands upon which it might be erected, and after the purchase of lands proceed, with the consent of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, with the work of erecting the new building.

Chapter 111 amended the Primary Reform law by providing that nothing in subdivision 4 should give the right to a man to enroll specially as a member of a political party in New-York City, or permit him to enroll as a member of a party except at one of the four regular meetings for registration.

Chapter 436 provides that a woman over sixteen years of age convicted of petit larceny, who has not been an inmate of a penitentiary, may be committed to a reformatory for a period of three years.

Chapter 634 extends to January 15, 1904, the life of a commission appointed in 1902 to inquire into the delays and expenses in the administration of justice in the counties of New-York and Kings, and to suggest legislation thereon.

Chapter 304 makes eligible for appointment to another city office members of the Board of Aldermen of New-York when they resign their positions as members of that board.

Chapter 229 authorizes the reinstatement of former members of the police force of the city of New-York who resigned with the purpose and did enlist in the service of the United States while that country was at war with Spain.

Chapter 374 authorizes the Board of Taxes and Assessment of the city of New-York to revise and correct any assessment for the year 1901 of the shares of stock of banks in liquidation.

Chapter 490 provides that no mortgage shall be discharged of record in New-York unless there shall be presented to the recording officer for cancellation the original mortgage, or a certified copy of an order made and entered of a nature described in the law.

Chapter 506 authorized the Mayor of New-York to appoint forty marshals, to hold office for a term of six years from May, 1903.

THE NEW-YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY, ASTOR, LENOX AND TILDEN FOUNDATIONS.

Established by consolidation of the trustees of the Astor Library, the trustees of the Lenox Library, and the Tilden Trust, on May 23, 1895, and by consolidation with the New-York Free Circulating Library on February 25, 1901. Since February, 1901, the library has absorbed the Library for the Blind, the Washington Heights Library, the Aguilar Library and the Harlem Library. The trustees of the library are Samuel P. Avery, John Bigelow, John L. Cadwalader, H. Van Rensselaer Kennedy, John S. Kennedy, Edward King, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Alexander Maitland, Stephen H. Olin, Alexander E. Orr, Henry C. Potter, George L. Rives, Philip Schuyler, George W. Smith, Frederick Sturges, Charles Howland Russell, William W. Appleton, Andrew Carnegie, J. Pierpont Morgan, and the Mayor, Controller and President of the Board of Aldermen of the City of New-York as ex-officio members.

A CONDENSED GUIDE TO NEW-YORK CITY.

General Plan of the City.

The outward aspect of New-York City is in a constant state of change because of the displacement of the smaller brick buildings in the business districts by the iron girded structures that make chasms of the most important streets, and because of the uptown march of offices and shops into spots formerly devoted to residence. But the general plan remains perforce unchanged. This is indeed the constant lament of students of the problems of transportation, who vainly regret that the rectangular city blocks have their long dimension east and west, and the short north and south. The reverse would have facilitated the daily movement of population up and down town. Little else, however, could be added to the rigid simplicity of the street arrangement. North of Fourteenth-st. the scheme has the sameness of bricks in a wall. The avenues run on the long axis of the island, north and south, and are given numbers for names, from First-ave. on the east to Twelfth-ave. on the west. To the east of First-ave., where much of the land has been made, are four more avenues, named A, B, C, D. North from Twenty-first-st., moveover, the long blocks are split between Third and Fourth-aves. by Lexington-ave. North from Twenty-third-st. another supplementary avenue runs between Fourth and Fifth, called Madison-ave. Central Park occupies the spece, originally planned for streets, between Fifty-ninth-st. and One-hundred-and-tenth-st. and Fifth and Eighth-aves. Two of these boundaries, Eighth-ave. and Fifty-ninth-st. take its name along its length, and become Central Park West and Central Park South. Above the park Sixth-ave. appears as Lenox-ave. On the west the nunbered avenues from Fifty-ninth-st. north change their names. Ninth-ave. becomes Columbus, Tenth, Amsterdam, and Eleventh, West End. Fourth-ave. above Thirty-fourth-st. is known as Park-ave. Above the park on the west this prim arrangement is disturbed by various diagonal and curving avenues cast in the mould of old country roads and village lanes. But on the whole the general arrangement above Fourteenth-st. on the west and Houston-st. on the east is extremely simple. Below this the city is laid out on various axes, like several checker boards shoved together on a table in an irregular group, due to the natural tendency in early days to a parallelism with the broken shore line. The one great variant in this plan of laying out the streets by the four points of the compass and four only is Broadway. This thoroughfare runs from the Battery diagonally west of north to One-hundred-and-sixth-st., where it reaches West End-ave. From the Battery to Tenth-st. it runs almost in the avenue axis, though a little to the eastward, but at Tenth-st. it deflects with a sharp turn to its diagonal direction, leaving the quieting spire and porch of Grace Church in the vista of Broadway from points below. After skirting Union Square Broadway continues aslant the avenues, cutting Fifth-ave. at Twenty-third-st. and Madison Square; Sixth-ave. at Thirty-fourth-st. and Herald Square; Seventh-ave. at Forty-third-st. and Long Acre Square; Eighth-ave. at Fifty-ninth-st. and Columbus Circle; Columbus-ave. at Sixty-fifth-st. and Amsterdam-ave. at Seventy-first-st. Running rather irregularly between Amsterdam-ave. and West End-ave. to One-hundred-and-sixth-st. it finally joins the latter there and converts it for the rest of its length to One-hundred-and-seventy-fifth-st. into Broadway. Another street strikingly out of harmony with the north and south uniformity is the Bowery. This wide and noteworthy avenue begins practically at Union Square in Fourth-ave. and sweeps down east of Broadway, bulging nearer to the river front, toward Brooklyn Bridge. Thus Lower Broadway to Tenth-st., in a straight line, and the long diagonal extension up town, and the Bowery curving down on the east, make a figure on the map much like the rim, handle and bowl of a huge spoon. The numbered cross streets run normally from river to river, but down town they are squeezed into small space, getting shorter like the thread at the end of a wood screw. First-st. is extremely short. At Twelfth-st., however, they reach from shore to shore. The house numbers on these cross streets are counted each and west from Fifth-ave., except on the west of Central Park, where they are counted from its boundary, Eighth-ave. Even numbers are found on the south side of the cross streets, odd numbers on the north. Twenty cross streets make a mile. The numbers on the avenues have no absolute uniformity. It is possible, however, to find what street any avenue number is near by the following method. Write down the number. Cancel the last digit. Divide the remaining number by 2. Add the key number. The key numbers are as follows: Avenue D, 3; Avenue C, 3; Avenue B, 3; Avenue A, 3; First-ave., 3; Second-ave., 3; Third-ave., 10; Lexington-ave., 22; Fourth-ave., 8; Madison-ave., 26; Park-ave., 25; Fifth-ave., 17; Sixth-ave., 6; Seventh-ave., 12; Eighth-ave., 9; Ninth-ave., 13; Tenth-ave., 14; Eleventh-ave., 15; Columbus-ave., 59.

Buildings of Historic and Public Interest.

At the Battery, the Aquarium, where curious fishes now disport, otherwise Castle Garden, was once a music hall where Jenny Lind sang herself into fame. The Barge Office is also on the water front with a view down the bay of the old fort on Governor's Island and the Statue of Liberty, the gift of the French Republic Near Bowling Green, where the famous statue of George II. was pulled down and melted, stands the Produce Exchange, and the beginnings of the new Custom House. Further up Broadway, at Rector-st., stands Trinity Church, facing down Wall-st., where, on the site of the Sub-Treasury, in Federal Hall, Washington took the first oath of office as President. In Broad-st. the new building of the Stock Exchange is nearing completion. In Fulton-st and Broadway is the oldest church in the city, St. Paul's Chapel, where Washington attended when New-York was the capital. Beyond this is the Postoffice, and above this City Hall Park, with the old City Hall and the "Tweed" Courthouse. To the east

is "Newspaper Row." Brooklyn Bridge rests on New-York nearby. Up Centre-st. is found the new Hall of Records, and a few blocks beyond the new City Prison and the Criminal Courts Building, connected by the storied Bridge of Sighs. In Washington Square, at the starting point of Fifth-ave., stands the arch erected at the time of the Washington Centennial and designed by Stanford White. On reaching Madison Square, at Twenty-third-st., the garden looms up in warm tones, a building with a tower planned after the Giralda, in Seville, and capable of housing anything from a circus to a chamber concert. The impressive twin spires of St. Patrick's Cathedral, at Fiftieth-st. and Fifth-ave., may be seen from many points in the city. In the park, at East Eighty-second-st., is the Metropolitan Museum of Art, with its increasing treasures. On the other side of the park, between Seventy-seventh and Eighty-first sts., stands the Museum of Natural History. Further up, beyond One-hundred-and-tenth-st., on the prominence of Morningside Park, the Episcopal Cathedral of St. John the Divine is building. St. Luke's Hospital is there, and the Library and other buildings of Columbia University. Over the way, in Central Park, near its northern limit, stands on a little rise of ground a small stone fort, where Washington's army made a stand, in its retreat from Long Island and New-York up the river and over into New-Jersey.

Parks and Public Monuments.

The city was not planned with much of an eye for its breathing places. In some cases restricted private property has survived in small squares of open air and vegetation, and in other land has been cleared, or tracts set aside in time to escape occupation by streets; but there is a regrettable lack of any original provision for a system of parks. Central Park, already mentioned, is one of the most beautiful pleasure grounds, however, to be found in any part of the world. Its area is 840 acres, and it has nine miles of carriage road attractively laid out, six miles of bridle path and thirty miles of footpath. With its rolling ground, its extensive planted trees and shrubs, and its natural woodlands and several lakes, it is not easily surpassed. Riverside Park, stretching along the Hudson shore from Seventy-second-st. to Grant's Tomb, at One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st., a long, narrow strip of handsome driveway adds another feature of beauty to the city. Morningside Park, between Manhattan-ave. and Amsterdam-ave., is at the foot of a commanding bluff. Besides the large parks outside the island, Van Cortlandt, Bronx and Pelham Bay parks, there are a number of smaller ones at various points in the city. There is the Battery, with the sweep of a magnificent harbor in full view. Bowling Green, City Hall Park, Union Square, Madison Square, Washington Square, Stuyvesant Square, and in the northern part Mount Morris Park, are smaller pleasure grounds. Among the monuments Grant's Tomb takes rank as an imposing memorial in a fitting situation, with the Hudson stretching away in either direction. The Soldiers' and Sailors' Memorial Monument, in Riverside Park, at Eighty-ninth-st., was dedicated with military ceremony May 30, 1902. The statue of Washington on the steps of the Sub-Treasury is the work of J. Q. A. Ward. That of Nathan Hale in City Hall Park is by MacMonnies, and Peter Cooper's at the Cooper Union, by Augustus St. Gaudens.

Transportation Features.

The lines of transportation within the city are, generally speaking, operated by electricity. The cable which took the place of the horse on some of the main thoroughfares has been replaced with the electric underground trolley system, and the third rail system succeeds the steam locomotive on the elevated roads. There are elevated lines on Ninth, Sixth, Third and Second aves. running the length of the island. Trolley lines are found in the majority of the busy avenues, such as Broadway, Sixth-ave., Columbus-ave., Amsterdam-ave., Eighth-ave., Madison-ave., Lexington-ave., Third-ave., Second-ave. and the Bowery. Of the railroads the New-York Central and Hudson River and New-York, New-Haven and Hartford run their trains into the Grand Central Station at Forty-second-st. Many roads run into Jersey City and ferry their passengers and freight over. The Central Railroad of New-Jersey and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad are reached by the Whitehall-st. and Liberty-st. ferries. The Erie, Greenwood Lake, New-York and New-Jersey, and Northern Railroad of New-Jersey have ferries at Chambers-st. and Twenty-third-st. The ferries for the Pennsylvania, New-York, Susquehanna and Western, and Lehigh Valley roads leave Cortlandt-st., Desbrosses-st. and Twenty-third-st.; those of the West Shore, Franklin-st. and West Forty-second-st.; the New-Jersey Central at Liberty-st., and the New-York, Lackawanna and Western and the Delaware and Western, at Barclay-st. and Christopher-st. The Long Island ferries leave East Thirty-fourth-st. and Whitehall-st. Ocean steamship lines, such as the Holland-American, American, Red Star, Cunard, White Star and North German Lloyd have piers along West-st. In addition to the Brooklyn Bridge, three new bridges are to cross the East River—the Williamsburg Bridge, at Delancey and Clinton sts., will be ready for traffic early this year; the Manhattan Bridge, reaching the shore at Pike Slip and connecting with the Second-ave. elevated road at Canal-st., and the Blackwell's Island Bridge, at Fifty-ninth-st., the middle piers of which will stand on the island.

The Rapid Transit Subway.

It is expected that regular passenger trains will be running in the subway by May 1, 1904. The contract, which was awarded to John B. McDonald on January 17, 1900, allowed four and a half years for completion, so that this great engineering enterprise, which has been the admiration of all foreign visiting engineers, is to be done considerably under contract time. The contract was signed on February 24, and ground was broken in front of the City Hall by Mayor Van Wyck on March 24. The contract price was $35,000,000, and the contractor agreed, after building the road, to operate it for fifty years. Security of $7,000,000 was furnished through the organization of the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company, August Belmont, president. The contractor divided the work into sections and sublet them to under-

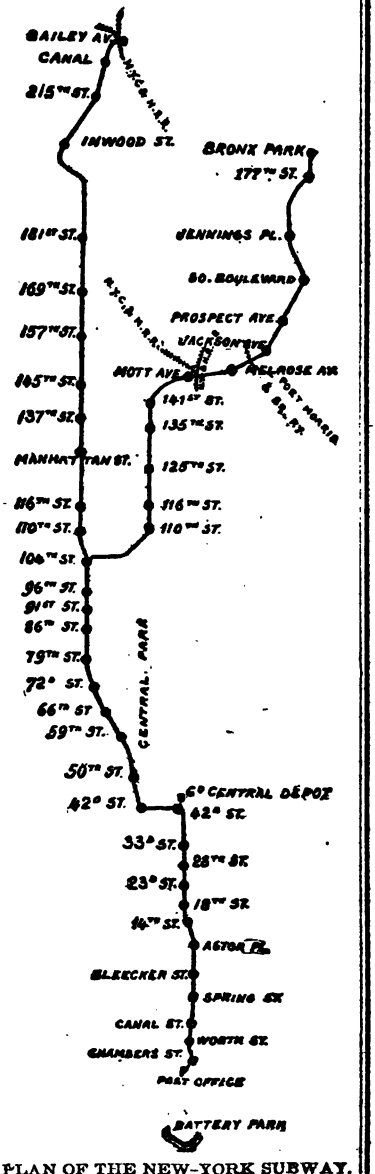
contractors, one of whom, Major Ira A. Shaler, was mortally injured by falling rock on June 17, 1902, while inspecting the progress of work in his section in Park-ave., near Thirty-ninth-st. This was one of several accidents in this section, No. 4, including the Park-ave. cave in of March 21, 1902, and at other points, notably in the Washington Heights excavation, where five men were killed by a fall of rock. But on the whole the work has been remarkably free from accident and calamity, when the many engineering difficulties encountered, such as the prevalent bed rock and the troublesome tidewater sand, are considered. The chief engineer is William Barclay Parsons, to whom much of the credit of obviating delays is due. Another man who has given much of his energies to the task is Alexander E. Orr, president of the Rapid Transit Board. The route adopted begins at City Hall and runs up Elm-st. to Lafayette Place, thence on to Fourth-ave., to Forty-second-st., through Forty-second-st. to Broadway, and up Broadway to One-hundred-and-fourth-st. Here it branches. One tunnel proceeds to Fort George and beyond to Marble Hill near Kingsbridge. The other turns off to the east of Lenox-ave., then up to One-hundred-and-forty-first-st., where it dips under the Harlem River and reaches Bronx Park. Thirty-five stations are planned from the City Hall on the west line, and thirteen above the branching at One-hundred-and-fourth-st. to The Bronx.

An extension to Brooklyn was adopted by the Rapid Transit Commission September 27, 1900, and was approved by the Municipal Assembly on May 1, 1901, and by Mayor Van Wyck on June 1. The route is as follows: From City Hall down Broadway to Bowling Green and Whitehall-st., to South Ferry, under the East River to Joralemon-st., Brooklyn, to Fulton-st., to Flatbush-ave. and to Atlantic-ave.

An extension that would serve the part of the city on the East Side above Forty-second-st. and below the eastern branch at One-hundred-and-tenth-st. was urged by The Tribune. On April 24, 1902, the Rapid Transit Commission authorized a survey for such a route to be constructed when the proper funds became available. An extension is also proposed to run down Broadway below Forty-second-st.

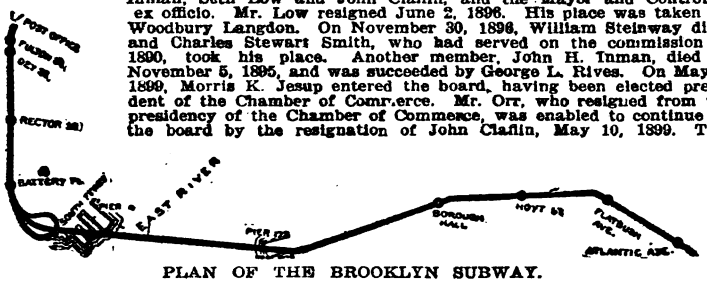
The main power house which will supply the electricity occupies nearly the whole block bounded by Fifty-eighth-st. and Fifty-ninth-st. and Ninth-ave. and Tenth-ave. Electricity will be used for lighting as well as motive power and to operate a block signal system, in which the blocks will be 2,500 feet, or nearly half a mile, apart. On the two central tracks express trains will be run in rush hours, probably on a two-minute headway. Express trains will be composed of eight cars, local trains from three to five.

Such an underground system has been proposed for the city for many years, but the execution of the design was blocked from time to time by legislative checks and the opposition of property owners along proposed routes. In 1888 Mayor Hewitt sent a bill to the legislature providing for building an underground railroad, but in May of the next year the bill was killed. In April, 1890, a bill was signed by Governor Hill providing for rapid transit railways



PLAN OF THE NEW-YORK SUBWAY.

in cities of over one million inhabitants. Mayor Hugh J. Grant named a commission to decide upon routes, which recommended a four-track underground road. George R. Read and others applied for a franchise. A new commission was appointed, and perfected plans were submitted to the Board of Aldermen and approved by it on October 21, 1891. The franchise was offered for sale, but had no bidders because of the threats of litigation. The legislature in 1894 created a new Rapid Transit Board. The commission was composed of Alexander E. Orr, John H. Starin, William Steinway, John H. Inman, Seth Low and John Claflin, and the Mayor and Controller ex officio. Mr. Low resigned June 2, 1896. His place was taken by Woodbury Langdon. On November 30, 1896, William Steinway died, and Charles Stewart Smith, who had served on the commission of 1890, took his place. Another member, John H. Inman, died on November 5, 1895, and was succeeded by George L. Rives. On May 5, 1899, Morris K. Jesup entered the board, having been elected president of the Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Orr, who resigned from the presidency of the Chamber of Commerce, was enabled to continue on the board by the resignation of John Claflin, May 10, 1899. This



PLAN OF THE BROOKLYN SUBWAY.

commission finally selected Broadway as the route. This raised a clamor of protest, and individual property owners carried the fight into the courts. A commission was appointed by the Appellate Court, First Department, by which the necessity of obtaining the individual consents of property owners along the route was overcome. The consent of the local authorities was obtained in 1897. The objections raised, however, to the Broadway route resulted in new plans being drawn.

The steel used in the construction of the subway is furnished by the American Bridge Company. It is estimated that 70,000 tons will be employed.

MAYORS OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

The following table gives a list of the Mayors of New-York since 1665, when Thomas Willett was appointed by the Governor of the Province. The office was filled by the same appointing power until 1784, when for six years the power was vested in the Appointing Board of the State of New-York. From 1820 to 1830, when the charter was amended, the Common Council was the appointing power. Robert A. Van Wyck was the first Mayor elected under the Greater New-York charter:

	Mayors.	Terms.		Mayors.	Terms.		Mayors.	Terms.
1	Thos. Willett.	1665	35	Robt. Lurting	1726–1735	66	A. H. Mickle..	1846–1847
2	T. Delavall...	1666	36	Paul Richard.	1735–1739	67	Wm. V. Brady	1847–1848
3	Thos. Willett.	1667	37	J. Cruger, sr.	1739–1744	68	W. F. Havemeyer	1848–1849
4	C. Steenwyck.	1668–1670	38	S. Bayard....	1744–1747			
5	T. Delavall...	1671	39	Edw. Holland	1747–1757	69	C. S. Woodhull	1849–1851
6	M. Nicolls....	1672	40	J. Cruger, jr.	1757–1766	70	A. C. Kingsland	1851–1853
7	J. Lawrence..	1673	41	W. Hicks.....	1766–1776	71	J. A. Westervelt	1853–1855
8	Wm. Dervall.	1675	42	D. Matthews (Tory)	1776–1784	72	Fernando Wood	1855–1858
9	N. de Meyer.	1676				73	D. F. Tiemann.	1858–1860
10	S. v. Cortlandt	1677	43	James Duane.	1784–1789	74	Fernando Wood	1860–1862
11	T. Delavall...	1678	44	R. Varick....	1789–1801	75	George Opdyke.	1862–1864
12	F. Rombouts.	1679	45	E. Livingston	1801–1803	76	C. G. Gunther.	1864–1866
13	William Dyre.	1680–1681	46	De W. Clinton	1803–1807	77	J. T. Hoffman.	1866–1868
14	C. Steenwyck.	1682–1683	47	M. Willett...	1807–1808	78	T. Coman (act.)	1868
15	G. Minville...	1684	48	De W. Clinton	1808–1810	79	A. Oakey Hall.	1869–1872
16	N. Bayard....	1685	49	Jacob Radcliff	1810–1811	80	W. F. Havemeyer	1873–1874
17	S. v. Cortlandt	1686–1687	50	De W. Clinton	1811–1815			
18	P. Delanoy...	1689–1690	51	J. Ferguson..	1815	81	S. B. H. Vance (acting)	1874
19	J. Lawrence..	1691	52	Jacob Radcliff	1815–1818			
20	A. de Peyster	1692–1695	53	C. D. Colden.	1818–1821	82	W. H. Wickham	1875–1876
21	Wm. Merritt.	1695–1698	54	Stephen Allen	1821–1824	83	Smith Ely.....	1877–1878
22	J. de Peyster.	1698–1699	55	W. Paulding.	1825–1826	84	Edward Cooper.	1879–1880
23	David Provost	1699–1700	56	Philip Hone..	1826–1827	85	Wm. R. Grace.	1881–1882
24	I. de Riemer.	1700–1701	57	W. Paulding.	1827–1829	86	Franklin Edson.	1883–1884
25	Thomas Noell	1701–1702	58	Walter Bowne	1829–1833	87	Wm. R. Grace.	1885–1886
26	Philip French	1702–1703	59	Gideon Lee...	1833–1834	88	A. S. Hewitt...	1887–1888
27	Wm. Peartree	1703–1707	60	C. W. Lawrence	1834–1837	89	Hugh J. Grant.	1889–1892
28	E. Wilson....	1707–1710				90	T. F. Gilroy....	1893–1894
29	J. v. Cortlandt	1710–1711	61	Aaron Clark.	1837–1839	91	Wm. L. Strong.	1895–1897
30	C. Heathcote.	1711–1714	62	I. L. Varian.	1839–1841	92	R.A. Van Wyck	1898–1901
31	John Johnson.	1714–1719	63	R. H. Morris.	1841–1844	93	Seth Low.....	1902–1904
32	J. v. Cortlandt	1719–1720	64	James Harper	1844–1845	94	G. B. McClellan	1904–1906
33	Robt. Walters	1720–1725	65	W. F. Havemeyer	1845–1848			
34	J. Jansen....	1725–1726						

CHIEF FEDERAL OFFICIALS IN NEW-YORK CITY.

United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

Postoffice Building, Manhattan.

Judges—Rufus W. Peckham, Circuit Justice; William J. Wallace, E. Henry Lacombe and William K. Townsend, Circuit Judges. Clerk—William Parkin; salary, $3,000. Term—Last Tuesday in October.

United States Circuit Court.

Postoffice Building, Manhattan.

Judges appointed by President, and confirmed by United States Senate, for life.

Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court and Judge of the Circuit Court—R. W. Peckham, $12,000.

Circuit Judges—William J. Wallace, E. Henry Lacombe and Alfred C. Coxe, $7,000 each.

Clerk—J. A. Shields, $3,500.

General Terms—First Monday in April and third Monday in October.

Equity Term—Last Monday in February.

Terms of Criminal Court—Second Wednesday in January, March, May, October and December, and third in June.

United States District Court.

Postoffice Building, Manhattan.

Judges of District Court—George B. Adams and George C. Holt, $6,000.

Clerk—Thomas Alexander.

Stated Term—First Tuesday in every month.

Special Term—Every Tuesday for return of process.

United States District Attorney—Henry L. Burnett, $6,000. Assistant District Attorneys—H. C. Platt, E. E. Baldwin, A. M. King, D. Frank Lloyd, C. E. Houghton, Henry A. Wise and C. D. Baker; salaries from $1,800 to $3,600.

Marshal—William Henkel, $5,000. Chief Deputy—John Stibling, $2,750.

Commissioners—J. A. Shields, S. H. Lyman, S. R. Betts, T. Alexander, H. P. Butler, S. M. Hitchcock, E. L. Owen, E. N. Taft, Lorenzo Sample, W. D. Jones, W. P. Prentice, J. L. Williams, Daniel B. Deyo, H. W. Geodrich, Edward J. Collins, Darwin W. Esmond and Herbert Green.

United States Courts. Brooklyn.

Postoffice Building, Washington and Johnson sts., third floor.

Circuit Court—William J. Wallace, E. H. Lacombe, William K. Townsend and Alfred C. Coxe, judges; each $7,000. Clerk—B. Lincoln Benedict. Fees not to exceed $3,500. Deputy Clerk—J. G. Cochran.

District Court—Edward B. Thomas, $6,000.

Clerk—R P. Morle. Fees not to exceed $3,500. Deputy Clerk—P. G. B. Gilkes.

Marshal—Charles J. Haubert.

United States Attorney—Wm. J. Youngs, $4,500. Assistant United States Attorneys—H. B. Brush, $2,000; L. M. Howell, $1,500.

United States Commissioners—J. J. Allen, Richard P. Morle, B. L. Benedict.

Collector of Customs' Office.

Custom House, Wall-st., corner William-st., Manhattan.

Collector of Customs, Nevada N. Stranahan	$12,000
Chief Clerk and Special Deputy Collector, Joseph J. Couch	6,000
Solicitor to the Collector, Francis E. Hamilton	$5,000
Deputy Collector and Private Secretary, Henry C. Stuart	3,000
Appointment Clerk, Laurence J. Maher	2,500
Deputy Collector, First Division (Marine), Frank Raymond, $3,000; Deputy Collector Second Division (Entry), John Quackenbush	3,000
Deputy Collectors: C. A. King, Third Division (Bonded Goods), Cashier, J. M. Wood, Fourth Division (Cashier's Department), $4,500; J. C. Williams, Fifth Division (Warehouse); H. L. Swords, Sixth Division (Public Stores); H. F. Esterbrook, Seventh Division (Liquidation); J. A. Cryan, Eighth Division (Drawback); Acting Disbursing Agent, John N. Coyne, Tenth Division (Disbursing), $4,000; Auditor, J. S. Knapp, Eleventh Division, $4,000; Deputy Collectors	3,000

Naval Office.

Custom House, Wall-st., corner William-st., Manhattan.

Naval Officer, Robert A. Sharkey	$8,000
Special Deputy, Harrison W. Gourley	3,000
Deputy, A. S. Nicholson	2,500

Surveyor's Office.

Custom House, Wall-st., corner William-st., Manhattan.

Surveyor, James S. Clarkson	$8,000
Chief Clerk and Special Deputy Surveyor, Frederick S. Cooke	4,000
Deputy Surveyors, James F. Vail, Colin H. Woodward and W. H. Holton, each	2,500

Appraiser's Office.

641 Washington-st., Manhattan.

Appraiser, George W. Whitehead.. $6,000
Private Secretary, Tallesin Evans. 2,500

Assistant Appraisers: First Division, G. W. Wanmaker; Second Division T. C. Wordin; Third Division, Warner Sherwood; Fourth Division, E. A. Hartshorn; Fifth Division, L B Carhart; Sixth Division, Joseph Skillman; Seventh Division, Alexander Hamill; Eighth Division, Michael Nathan; Ninth Division, H. T. Andrews; Tenth Division, G. H. Lufburrow, each $3,000.

Sub-Treasury.

Wall and Nassau sts., Manhattan.

Assistant Treasurer, Hamilton Fish	$8,000
Deputy Assistant Treasurer and Cashier, George W. Marlor	4,200
Deputy Assistant Treasurer and Assistant Cashier, E. W. Hale	3,600
Assistant Cashier, S. B. Terry	3,200
Chief of Division, U. S. Grant	3,100
Chief of Division, C. M. Wiley	3,100
Chief of Division, W. P. Colegate	3,000

United States Assay Office.

80 Wall-st., Manhattan.

Superintendent, Andrew Mason	$4,500
Assayer, Herbert G. Torrey	3,000
Melter and Refiner, B. T. Martin.	3,000

Pension Agency.

No. 65 Bleecker-st., Manhattan.

Pension Agent, M. Kerwin $4,000

DISTANCES, FARES, ETC., FROM NEW-YORK TO PRINCIPAL CITIES

Cities and States.	Distance. Miles.	Av'ge Train Time. H.M.	Rates of Fare.
Albany, N. Y....	143	3:05	$3 10
Asheville, N. C..	705	25:00	21.45
Atlanta, Ga.....	882	24:20	24 00
Baltimore, Md. ..	188	4:50	5 30
Boston, Mass. ...	217	6:00	5 00
Buffalo, N. Y...	410	9:50	9 25
Charleston, S. C..	804	21:15	20 50
Chicago, Ill.....	912.6	24:00	20 00
Cincinnati, Ohio..	744	25:50	18 00
Cleveland, Ohio ..	568	14:00	13 00
Denver, Col.	1,930	60:45	48 75
Detroit, Mich.	743	22:10	15 00
Galveston, Tex. ..	1,789	56:30	44 85
Havana, Cuba ...	1,413	72:00	54 50
Hot Springs, Ark.	1,367	55:00	35 85
Halifax, N. S....	645	48:00	18 50
Indianapolis, Ind.	808	27:30	19 00
Jacksonville, Fla..	1,077	32:00	29 15
Kansas City, Mo.	1,302	38:15	31 75
Lakewood, N. J. .	54.3	1:51	1 45
Los Angeles, Cal.	3,179.6	114:00	81 75
Louisville, Ky. ..	854	30:00	21 50
Mexico City, Mex.	——	115:00	71 00
Milwaukee, Wis. .	985	29:20	22 55
Minneapolis, Minn	1,329	37:00	31 50
Mobile, Ala.	1,370	35:30	32 00
Montreal, Can. ..	436	13:30	10 65
New-Orleans, La..	1,344	40:00	34 00
Newport, R. I....	162	8:30	*3 00
Niagara F'ls, N.Y.	430	10:40	$9
Oklahoma C., O.T	1,770	35:30	40
Old Pt. Comf't, Va	312	18:00	*8
Omaha, Neb.	1,383	42:55	32
Ottawa, Can.	511	17:45	11
Philadelphia, P'nn	90.4	2:10	2
Pittsburg, Penn. .	444	11:05	10
Portland, Me.	325	12:00	8
Portland, Ore.....	3,181	114:30	81
Providence, R. I..	189	5:00	4
Quebec, P. O.....	608	21:00	12
Richmond, Va. ..	344	11:20	10
Rochester, N. Y..	371	8:30	7
St. Louis, Mo.....	1,048	29:00	24
St. Paul, Minn...	1,300	37:00	31
S't Lake C., Utah	2.452	71:30	61
San Francisco, Cal	3,250	126:00	81
Santa Fé, N. M..	2,240	82:00	60
Seattle, Wash. ..	3,410.6	102:00	81
Syracuse, N. Y...	302	6:40	6
Topeka, Kan.	1,497	48:00	33
Toronto, Can.	774	17:50	11
Vancouver, B. C..	3,342	——	81
Victoria, B. C...	3,426	——	81
Washington, D. C.	228	5:30	6
White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.	474	16:00	13
Winnipeg, Man...	1,860	79:00	44

*Steamer.

The fastest train between New-York and Chicago covers the distance (912.6 miles) daily in 20 hours. The "Empire State Express" covers the distance between New York and Albany (143 miles) daily in 3 hours. The "Congressional Limited" covers the distance from New-York to Washington (228 miles) daily in 5 hours. The "Overland Limited," which leaves Chicago daily at 8 p. m., makes the run to San Francisco in four days and a few hours.

DIFFERENCES IN TIME BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND THE PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE WORLD.

Add to or deduct from the time at New-York.

EUROPE.	H.M.		H.M.		H.M.		H.M.
Amsterdam	*5 15	London	*5 00	Batavia	*12 03	Barbadoes	* 5
Antwerp	*5 00	Londonderry	*4 31	Bombay	*9 47	Belize	† 5
Athens	*6 31	Madrid	*4 42	Calcutta	*10 50	Bermuda	* 3
Belfast	*4 36	Manchester	*4 51	Hong-Kong	*12 33	Cayenne	*1 2
Berne	*5 25	Marseilles	*5 22	Manila	*13 04	Georget'n, Demerara	*1 0
Berlin	*5 49	Milan	*5 37	Shanghai	*13 02	Guayaquil	† 2
Bremen	*5 31	Moscow	*7 26	Singapore	*11 52	Guatemala	†1 0
Brussels	*5 00	Munich	*5 47	Teheran	*8 22	Havana	† 3
Christania	*5 39	Newcastle – on Tyne	*4 54	Yokohama	*14 15	Kingston, Jam..	† 1
Constantinople ..	*6 52	Odessa	*7 03	AFRICA.	H.M.	Lima	† 1
Copenhagen	*5 46	Paris	*5 05	Alexandria	*6 55	Mexico	†1 4
Dublin	*4 35	Queenstown	*4 27	Cairo	*7 01	Montevideo	*1 1
Dundee	*4 48	Rome	*5 46	Zanzibar	*7 32	Panama	† 1
Edinburgh	*4 47	Southampton ...	*4 54	Auckland	*16 33	Para	*1 4
Genoa	*5 30	St. Petersburg...	*6 57	Melbourne	*14 36	Pernambuco	*2 3
Gibraltar	*4 39	Stockholm	*6 08	Sydney	*15 00	Porto Rico.....	* 3
Glasgow	*4 43	Vienna	*6 01	WEST INDIES, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.		St. Thomas.....	* 3
Hamburg	*5 35	Venice	*5 49			Santos	*1 5
Havre	*5 00	Warsaw	*6 24			Trinidad	* 5
Leith	*4 47	ASIA.			H.M.	Valparaiso	* 1
Lisbon	*4 20	Aden	*7 56	Bahia	*2 23	Vera Cruz.....	†1 2
Liverpool	*4 48	Bangkok	*11 39	Buenos Ayres....	*1 04		

*Add. †Deduct.

VOTE OF NEW-YORK CITY, 1903.
Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx.

Assembly districts.	MAYOR.		CONTROLLER.		PRESIDENT BOARD OF ALDERMEN.	
	Low (Fusion).	McClellan (Dem.).	Hinrichs (Fusion).	Grout (Dem.).	McGuire (Fusion).	Fornes. (Dem.).
1	949	3,260	932	3,200	946	3,184
2	1,521	4,918	1,502	4,912	1,506	4,909
3	1,998	4,860	1,989	4,857	1,998	4,845
4	2,297	3,565	2,237	3,564	2,237	3,550
5	4,243	3,715	4,172	3,758	4,207	3,720
6	1,765	5,614	1,736	5,606	1,754	5,604
7	2,616	5,031	2,633	5,011	2,643	4,998
8	1,498	2,716	1,452	2,715	1,452	2,714
9	3,003	4,465	3,005	4,468	3,012	4,450
10	2,429	3,812	2,380	3,792	2,378	3,689
11	1,953	3,910	1,949	3,903	1,900	3,897
12	1,730	3,190	1,736	3,152	1,739	3,146
13	1,724	3,977	1,720	3,944	1,729	3,943
14	2,137	4,690	2,122	4,687	2,121	4,681
15	2,340	4,694	2,320	4,704	2,326	4,689
16	2,309	3,928	2,229	3,930	2,344	3,921
17	2,313	4,609	2,298	4,598	2,306	4,588
18	2,125	6,561	2,111	6,520	2,121	6,514
19	6,916	5,264	6,832	5,288	6,872	5,266
20	2,710	5,050	2,725	5,023	2,728	5,014
21	11,271	8,117	11,184	8,174	11,235	8,212
22	2,449	5,563	2,449	5,554	2,450	5,540
23	9,203	8,782	9,116	8,814	9,156	8,780
24	2,261	4,940	2,208	4,972	2,233	4,950
25	4,163	2,762	4,127	2,807	4,149	2,763
26	2,517	2,928	2,476	3,931	2,482	3,910
27	3,852	2,565	3,842	2,502	3,847	2,540
28	2,265	5,123	2,237	5,113	2,246	5,110
29	6,122	3,841	6,045	3,901	6,002	3,860
30	3,172	6,304	3,121	6,293	3,124	6,271
31	10,296	7,740	10,114	7,825	10,206	7,761
32	3,470	6,904	3,407	6,903	3,423	6,902
33	2,935	5,246	2,910	5,258	2,926	5,237
34	6,581	11,522	6,528	11,510	6,562	11,465
35	11,160	14,783	10,986	14,863	11,005	14,801
Annexed	1,805	2,774	1,813	2,752	1,822	2,737
Totals	132,178	188,681	130,753	188,874	131,247	188,159
Borough of Brooklyn.						
1	4,596	3,222	4,538	3,254	4,570	3,204
2	2,021	5,453	2,048	5,405	2,048	5,401
3	2,197	4,179	2,202	4,148	2,197	4,149
4	5,872	4,693	5,822	4,721	5,840	4,680
5	4,476	4,506	4,420	4,533	4,458	4,479
6	5,187	4,679	5,082	4,743	5,122	4,683
7	7,000	8,559	6,853	8,646	6,918	8,562
8	2,256	3,727	2,255	3,730	2,254	3,730
9	1,807	4,669	1,825	4,629	1,825	4,626
10	4,744	3,982	4,729	3,956	4,757	3,913
11	5,530	5,083	5,431	5,136	5,458	5,086
12	6,493	4,963	6,345	5,098	6,386	5,032
13	4,314	5,670	4,282	5,684	4,307	5,633
14	2,111	5,569	2,126	5,556	2,140	5,460
15	2,405	3,907	2,313	3,960	2,331	3,925
16	7,402	4,253	7,240	4,380	7,254	4,319
17	7,595	2,425	7,494	2,508	7,506	2,478
18	9,493	5,907	9,365	5,982	9,405	5,935
19	2,417	4,779	2,370	4,785	2,381	4,774
20	6 026	5,856	5,890	5,919	5,929	5,845
21	7,309	6,488	7,104	6,636	7,157	6,541
Totals	101,251	102,569	99,743	103,409	100,243	102,455
Borough of Queens.						
1	5,386	10,872	5,235	10,945	5,249	10,898
2	6,058	5,182	5,891	5,342	5,932	5,270
3	516	1,020	511	1,021	515	1,021
Totals	11,960	17,074	11,637	17,308	11,696	17,189

Borough of Richmond.

Assembly districts.	MAYOR.		CONTROLLER.		PRESIDENT BOARD OF ALDERMEN.	
	Low (Fusion).	McClellan (Dem.).	Hinrichs (Fusion).	Grout (Dem.).	McGuire (Fusion).	Fornes. (Dem.).
Richmond.....	6,697	6,458	6,542	6,574	6,538	6,545
Total city...	252,086	314,712	248,675	316,165	249,124	314,348
Plurality....		62,696		67,490		65,224

Scattering Vote.

Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx. For Mayor—Charles L. Furman (Soc. D.), 11,318; John McKee (Pro.), 376; James T. Hunter (Soc. Lab.), 3,540; William S. Devery (Devery), 2,678. For Controller—Morris Braun (Soc. D.), 11,784; Levi Hoag (Pro.), 395; John J. Kinneally (Soc. Lab.), 3,777; Louis W. Morrison (Devery), 2,420.

For President of the Board of Aldermen—Peter J. Flanagan (Soc. D.), 11,917; Wm. H. Draper (Pro.), 431; Elmer E. Snyder (Soc. Lab.), 3,775; William J. Stewart (Devery), 2,865.

Borough of Brooklyn. For Mayor—Furman (Soc. D.), 4,529; McKee (Pro.), 396; Hunter (Soc. Lab.), 1,411; Devery (Devery), 237. For Controller—Braun (Soc. D.), 4,716; Hoag (Pro.), 413; Kenneally (Soc. Lab.), 1,519; Morrison (Devery), 167. For President of Board of Aldermen—Flanagan (Soc. D.), 4,859; Draper (Pro.), 504; Snyder (Soc. Lab.), 1,537; Stewart (Devery), 169.

Borough of Queens. For Mayor—Furman (Soc. D.), 976; McKee (Pro.), 47; Hunter (Soc. Lab.), 178; Devery (Devery), 37. For Controller—Braun (Soc. D.), 1,005; Hoag (Pro.), 48; Kinneally (Soc. Lab.), 197; Morrison (Devery), 21. For President of Board of Aldermen—Flanagan (Soc. D.), 1,015; Draper (Pro.), 54; Snyder (Soc. Lab.), 204; Stewart (Devery), 19.

Borough of Richmond. For Mayor—Furman (Soc. D.), 133; McKee (Pro.), 50; Hunter (Soc. Lab.), 76; Devery (Devery), 8. For Controller—Braun (Soc. D.), 135; Hoag (Pro.), 50; Kinneally (Soc. Lab.), 79; Morrison (Devery), 8. For President of the Board of Aldermen—Flanagan (Soc. D.), 136; Draper (Pro.), 50; Snyder (Soc. Lab.), 80; Stewart (Devery), 8.

Scattering total city. For Mayor—Furman (Soc. D.), 16,956; McKee (Pro.), 869; Hunter (Soc. Lab.), 5,205; Devery (Devery), 2,960. For Controller—Braun (Soc. D.), 17,640; Hoag (Pro.), 906; Kinneally (Soc. Lab.), 5,572; Morrison (Devery), 2,616. For President of the Board of Aldermen—Flanagan (Soc. D.), 17,967; Draper (Pro.), 1,039; Snyder (Soc. Lab.),5,596; Stewart (Devery), 3,061.

ALDERMEN ELECTED, 1903.

Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx.

1—Andrew J. Doyle (D.).
2—Michael Stapleton (D.).
3—Patrick Higgins (D.).
4—Isaac Marks (D.).
5—D. E. Sickles (R and C. U.).
6—Timothy P. Sullivan (D.).
7—Charles W. Culkin (D.).
8—Moritz Tolk (D.).
9—Frank L. Dowling (D.).
10—L. W. Harburger (D.).
11—Reginald S. Doull (D.).
12—James J. Devlin (D.).
13—John J. Callahan (D.).
14—John J. Haggerty (D.).
15—Frederick Richter (D.).
16—John H. Donohue (D.).
17—John J. Twomey (D.).
18—James E. Gaffney (D.).
19—Hammond Odell (R. and C. U.).
20—William J. Boyhan (D.).
21—Joseph Schloss (R.).
22—S. H. Jones (R.).
23—Thomas F. Baldwin (D.).
24—John R. Davies (D.).
25—Max S. Griffenhagen (R. and C. U.).
26—John V. Coggey (D.).
27—Frank D. Sturges (R. and C. U.).
28—Patrick Chambers (D.).
29—Beverly R. Robinson (R. and C. U.).
30—John T. McCall (D.).
31—Franklin B. Ware (R. and C. U.).
32—John A. Schappert (D.).
33—Elias Goodman (R. and C. U.).
34—James C. Meyers (R.).
35—John J. Dietz (D.).
36—Charles Ahner (D.).
37—James Owens (D.).
38—John H. Dougherty (D.).
39—Philip Harnischfeger (D.).
40—Peter J. Stumpf (D.).
41—William E. Morris (D.).
42—Arthur H. Murphy (D.).

Annexed District.

43—Frank Gass (D.).
44—Peter A. Sheil (D.).

Borough of Brooklyn.

45—Robert F. Downing (R. and C. U.).
46—John J. Bridges (D.).
47—Moses J. Wafer (D.).
48—J. Richard Kevin (D.).
49—Arthur Guthrie (D.).
50—John Diemer (R. and C. U.).
51—Patrick H. Malone (D.).
52—Frederick Lundy (D.).
53—Francis P. Kenney (D.).
54—Andrew M. Cillen (D.).
55—Ardolph L. Kline (R. and C. U.).
56—James W. Redmond (D.).
57—John D. Gunther (R. and C. U.).
58—Owen J. Murphy (D.).
59—Patrick S. Keely (D.).
60—Frederick Brenner (D.).
61—William Wentz (R.).
62—John Wirth (R. and C. U.).
63—John Hann (R.).
64—Ferdinand Haenlein (D.).
65—Frank Bennett (R. and C. U.).
66—Henry F. Grimm (R. and C. U.).

Borough of Queens.

67—Herman Koch (D.).
68—John E. McCarthy (D.).
69—William T. James (R. and C. U.).
70—Martin W. Lochner (D.).

Borough of Richmond.

71—John J. Collins (D.).
72—John D. Gillies (D.).
73—Cornelius A. Shea (R. and C. U.).

Totals—Democrats, 52; Republicans, 5; Republican and Citizens Union, 16.
Term of Aldermen, two years; salary, $1,000 a year.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTS OF THE BOROUGHS, 1903.

MANHATTAN—Cyrus L. Sulzberger (Fusion), 114,458; John F. Ahearn (Dem.), 164,163; Richard Bock (Soc. D.), 10,080; George B. Hillard (Pro.), 364; Charles G. Tesche (Soc. Lab.), 3,146; John W. Johnston (Devery), 2,230.

THE BRONX—Joseph I. Berry (Fusion), 18,034; Louis F. Haffen (Dem.), 23,316; Gustave Dressler (Soc. D.), 1,518; James H. Hardy (Pro.), 97; Patrick Early (Soc. Lab.), 524.

BROOKLYN—J. Edward Swanstrom (R. and C. U.), 100,375; Martin W. Littleton (D.), 102,346; Cortes W. Cavanagh (Soc. D.), 4,920; John Berry (Pro.), 468; Henry A. Crumb (Soc. Lab.), 1,573.

QUEENS—James Clonin (R. and C. U.), 12,889; Joseph Cassidy (D.), 16,340.

RICHMOND—George Cromwell (R and C. U.), 6,778; C. L. Marsh (D.), 6,381; John Ward (Soc. D.), 131; J. D. Horton (Pro.), 43; John Clark (Soc. Lab.), 81.

JUSTICE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT COURT, XIIth DISTRICT.

William S. Bennet (R.), 12,322; Alfred F. W. Seaman (D. and C. U.), 13,181; James F. Bell (Soc. D.), 250.

JUSTICE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT COURT, XIIIth DISTRICT.

Julius G. Kremer (R. and C. U.), 4,155; Leon Sanders (D.), 5,009; Louis B. Boudin (Soc. D.), 956; Samuel Smilansky (Soc. L.), 125.

VOTE ON NEW-YORK COUNTY TICKET, 1903.

Sheriff—Ralph Trautmann (F.), 127,404; Mitchell L. Erlanger (D.), 180,248; Edward F. Cassidy (Soc. D.), 11,701; Edward A. Packer (Pro.), 478; Robert J. Downs (Soc. Lab.), 3,653; Thomas Rock (Devery), 2,530; William F. Grell (German D.), 11,670.

VOTE ON KINGS COUNTY TICKET, 1903.

District Attorney—Henry B. Ketcham (R. and C. U.), 90,963; John F. Clarke (D.), 112,218; Warren Atkinson (S. D.), 4,818; Asa F. Smith (Pro.), 414; Henry Kuhn (S. L.), 1,526.

Sheriff—John K. Neal (R. and C. U.), 97,485; Henry Hesterberg (D.), 105,330; Frederick L. Lackemacher (S. D.), 4,787; John N. Jones (Pro.), 507; Edward C. Schmidt (S. L.), 1,551; William F. Grell (German D.), 15.

Register—W. John Schildge (R and C. U.), 98,914; Matthew E. Dooley (D.), 103,776; Thomas A. Hopkins (S. D.), 4,796; John W. B. Quail (Pro.), 463; Stephen Mummery (S. L.) 1,557.

County Clerk—Alfred J. Boulton (R. and C. U.), 97,717; Edward Kaufmann (D.), 105,015; Joseph A. Weil (S. D.), 4,746; Frank C. Strickland (Pro.), 476; Timothy Walsh (S. L.), 1,567.

VOTE ON RICHMOND COUNTY TICKET, 1903.

Sheriff—Metcalfe (Fusion), 6,308; McCormack (D.), 6,802.

NEW-YORK CITY OFFICIALS.

Elective.

Mayor—George B. McClellan (D.); salary, $15,000; term, 2 years, ending Dec. 31, 1905.

Controller—Edward M. Grout (D.); salary, $15,000; term, 2 years, ending Dec. 31, 1905.

President of the Board of Aldermen—Charles V. Fornes (D.); salary, $5,000; term, 2 years, ending Dec. 31, 1905.

Appointive.

Corporation Counsel—John J. Delany (D.); salary, $15,000.

City Chamberlain—Patrick Keenan (D.); salary, $12,000.

Fire Commissioner—Nicholas J. Hayes (D.); salary, $7,500.

Tenement House Commissioner—Thomas C. T. Crain (D.); salary, $7,500.

Mayor's Secretary—John H. O'Brien (D.); salary, $5,000.

Bridge Commissioner—George E. Best (D.); salary, $7,500.

Police Commissioner—William McAdoo (D.); salary, $7,500.

Health Commissioner—Dr. Thomas Darlington (D.); salary, $7,500.

Street Cleaning Commissioner—John McGaw Woodbury (D.); salary, $7,500.

Commissioner of Charities—James H. Tully (D.); salary, $7,500.

Commissioner of Correction—Francis J. Lantry (D.); salary, $7,500.

Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity—John T. Oakley (D.); salary, $7,500.

Dock Commissioner—Maurice Featherson (D.); salary, $6,000.

Civil Service Commissioners—John H. McCooey (D.), chairman; Joseph P. Day (D.), E. A. Crowninshield (D.), Jerome Siegel (D.), Hal Bell (R.), Eugene F. O'Connor (R.); salary of chairman, $6,000; other commissioners, no salary.

Tax Commissioners—Frank A. O'Donnell (D.), president; John J. Brady (D.), Edward H. Todd (D.), James C. Bouck (D.), Samuel Strasbourger (R.); salaries, president, $8,000; other commissioners, $7,000 each.

Commissioners of Accounts—John C. Hertle (D.) and William Harman Black (D.); salary, $5,000 each.

Park Commissioners—John J. Pallas (D.), president; William P. Schmitt (D.), Michael J. Kennedy (D.); salary, $5,000.

BOROUGH PRESIDENTS.

MANHATTAN—John F. Ahearn (D.); salary, $7,500; term ends Dec. 31, 1905.

THE BRONX—Louis F. Haffen (D.); salary, $7,500; term ends Dec. 31, 1905.

BROOKLYN—Martin W. Littleton (D.); salary, $7,500; term ends Dec. 31, 1905.

QUEENS—Joseph Cassidy (D.); salary, $5,000; term ends Dec. 31, 1905.

RICHMOND—George Cromwell (R. and C. U.); salary, $5,000; term ends Dec. 31, 1905.

NEW-YORK COUNTY OFFICIALS.

(County Clerk, District Attorney and Register elected on non-partisan ticket, supported by all opponents of Tammany Hall.)

[1]County Clerk—Thomas L. Hamilton (R.); term 4 years, ending Dec. 31, 1905; salary, $15,000.

Sheriff—Mitchell L. Erlanger (D.) term 2 years, ending Dec. 31, 1905; salary, $12,000.

[1]Register—John H. J. Ronner (D.); term 4 years, ending Dec. 31, 1905; salary, $12,000.

[1]District Attorney—William Travers Jerome (D.); term 4 years, ending Dec. 31, 1905; salary, $12,000.

Public Administrator—William M. Hoes (D.); appointed, no term; salary, $10,000.

Commissioner of Jurors—Thomas Allison (R.); appointed by Appellate Division, Supreme Court.

[1]Elected on Republican, Citizens Union and anti-Tammany ticket.

KINGS COUNTY OFFICIALS.

District Attorney—John F. Clarke (D.); term expires Dec. 31, 1907.

County Clerk—Charles T. Hartzheim (R.); term expires Dec. 31, 1905.

Sheriff—W. E. Melody (D.); term expires Dec. 31, 1905.

Register—John K. Neal (R.); term expires Dec. 31, 1905.

PROGRESS IN SCIENCE.

By far the most interesting scientific work of the year has related to the properties of a chemical element which was first discovered late in 1898 by two Paris chemists, M. and Mme. Curie. They had been following up earlier observations, by Becquerel, of a feeble and invisible radiation given off by uranium, and apparently akin to that which Röntgen almost simultaneously found was emitted by a vacuum tube. Mme. Curie noticed that thorium, a rare metal that was already known, had the same quality. Then alone she isolated from the mineral (pitchblende) from which uranium is usually extracted another element that gave off more of the mysterious agent. She called this "polonium," after her native country, Poland. Finally, in co-operation with her husband, she found traces of a still different substance, apparently a new element, very much more powerful than polonium. This was called by its discoverers "radium." Independent trials by other chemists led to the general acceptance of the genuineness of the new elements and to a wider study of their properties, both by the Curies and others.

Discovery of Radium.

These investigations were hampered by the difficulty of obtaining radium. It occurs in such minute quantities that an immense amount of ore must be treated to get it, and the chemical process of separation is itself prolonged and expensive. It was recently stated that one-fifteenth of an ounce, if so much were got together, would sell for $10,000, and prices were going up! Pure radium has not yet been secured. Most experiments are made with the bromide of it, or else the chloride. The estimated atomic weight of radium is 225, which makes it heavier than gold, lead and platinum, and almost as heavy as thorium and uranium.

Early in 1903 M. and Mme. Curie announced a startling phenomenon. Radium possesses a temperature that is 1.5 degrees C., or 2.7 degrees Fahr. above its surroundings; which is enough to melt half its own weight of ice in an hour. Experiments by Dewar show that this same excess is maintained when its environment is chilled to 400 below zero Fahr. This fact, like the emission of an invisible radiation, identical with X-rays but a thousand or many thousand times as intense, has created a profound sensation among chemists and physicists. It seems to upset the accepted law of conservation of energy. There has been a vast amount of speculation about the possible source of the heat and other radiations. No fully satisfactory theory has been found, but J. J. Thomson, Sir William Crookes and some other high authorities incline to the view that the atoms of radium, instead of being absolutely permanent and stable, may possibly be undergoing an exceedingly slow disintegration.

The Atomic Theory.

Still another puzzling revelation has been made by Sir William Ramsay and another British chemist, named Soddy, in co-operation. Under certain circumstances gases are evolved from radium, one of them having been identified as helium. The latter is the lightest element known, except hydrogen. It was once supposed to exist only in the sun, its name being derived from the Greek word meaning the sun, "helion." Later, the spectroscope revealed its existence in other stars. Eight or ten years ago Sir William Ramsay assisted in isolating helium from a terrestrial mineral. Late in November, 1903, he reported some experiments which led him to suspect that radium underwent a partial transformation into a different element, and that the old notions of the ancient alchemists about the possibility of the transmutation of metals may have been correct. The heat phenomenon, already men-

tioned, led Sir William Crookes, earlier in the year, to reiterate his own long cherished suspicion to the same effect, but other scientific men yet hesitate about accepting that notion.

Medicine and Surgery.

Inasmuch as X-rays have been used by physicians with limited success in the treatment of cancer on the surface of the body, but without apparent effect on deep seated, malignant growths, Alexander Graham Bell has suggested the use of radium for the latter troubles, because, inclosed in a tiny tube, it can be introduced to the immediate vicinity of the cancer. Such experiments have been undertaken, but they have not been continued long enough to prove much. Owing to the enormous cost of radium, Mr. Soddy has suggested that thorium be tried instead. He believes that some of the emanations, caught in water, might be efficacious in killing the germs of tuberculosis.

In medicine and surgery few other advances have been recorded, and these have not all been fully verified. W. T. Councilman, of Boston, thinks that he has identified the germ of smallpox, which he classes as an animal parasite. In the latter respect it resembles the organism which is responsible for malaria, and differs from bacilli which belong to the vegetable kingdom. A commission sent to Vera Cruz by the United States Marine Hospital Service in 1902, to study yellow fever, published its report in 1903. The important feature of it was a claim that the germ of that disease (which is known to be carried from one human subject to another by mosquitoes of the species Stegyomia fasciata) had been found. This parasite, too, is assigned to the animal kingdom. J. C. Smith, of New-Orleans, had a large share in its discovery. Dr. Otto Schmidt, of Germany, recently announced that he had found the germ of cancer. Similar statements have been made by other specialists in the last few years. However, Schmidt says that he has been able to cultivate his microbe and manufacture a curative serum from it.

Several new remedies for tuberculosis have been described, but, with one exception, none of them have demonstrated their value. Following up a line of experiment that was first undertaken by Dr. E. L. Trudeau, of Saranac Lake, N. Y., Behring (inventor of the diphtheria antitoxin) has been working at a serum which could be used for preventing tuberculosis, just as vaccination gives temporary immunity against smallpox. Behring has applied his system only to calves, while Trudeau worked with rabbits and guinea pigs. The encouraging results attained excite a hope that some day human subjects can be made immune against tuberculosis, but that result has not yet been attempted.

Electric Traction.

Experiments in electric traction, begun in Germany two years ago, but interrupted to permit reconstruction of the track on the Marienfelde–Zossen line, were resumed in 1903. By degrees the mean speed for several miles was brought up to 130 miles an hour. An alternating current (of the three phase type) was employed. This was taken from overhead wires, at a voltage of 10,000 or 12,000. Transformers on the car reduced it to 1,800 volts before admitting the current to the motor.

On a suburban road in Berlin a car was also tried to test the feasibility of leading a current having a pressure of 6,000 volts directly into the motor, without transformers.

An electric engine was put into regular service for handling boats along a short stretch of canal north of Cincinnati. Legal and other obstacles were put in the way of the enterprise, but it was a success technically. An alternating current was used, and an overhead wire supplied the same. The engine ran on two ordinary rails beside the canal.

In a competitive trial of several such motors in Germany, one made by Ganz & Co., of Budapest, was reported to have shown the largest economy. This was so designed that two wheels under the engine embraced a rail sideways snugly, and their rotation pulled the machine along. Still another new motor, devised in this country, was tested on the Erie Canal near Schenectady. This was mounted on a vertically disposed rail, in such a way that the latter could be gripped between wheels above and below, for the same purpose.

Other Electrical Advances.

Wireless telegraphy made less headway than had been expected. The sending of several messages in December, 1902, from Glace Bay, Cape Breton, and Cape Cod to Poldhu, in England, was followed, early in 1903, by the transmission of news dispatches to "The London Times" for several days. Marconi revisited America in September for further tests at Poldhu, but made no public announcement concerning them. He said he had several improvements in view, but until they were patented he could not describe them. At no time, so far as the public could learn, were messages sent from Poldhu to America.

Hugo Jone, of Chicago, inventor of an electrical battery that consumes carbon, published more details in 1903 than ever before, and claimed that this device was anywhere from two to five times as efficient as a combination of furnace, boiler, steam engine and dynamo. J. H. Reid, of Newark, N. J., gave public demonstrations of a similar battery. He converts fuel into gas before consuming it in the production of electricity, and thinks he gets 50 or 58 per cent of the theoretical efficiency of the substance used.

By the completion of a submarine cable from San Francisco via Hawaii and Guam to the Philippines on July 4, 1903, a second telegraphic circuit of the globe was effected. Manila already had a connection with the continent of Asia.

Numerous experiments were made with wireless telephones, which revive an old idea. Their utility cannot be predicted.

Two Antarctic expeditions that went out in 1901 returned in 1903, and news was received from a third, the British party, whose ship, the Discovery, was frozen in at McMurdo Bay, near Mounts Erebis and Terror, March 24, 1902.

Polar Research. This was in east longitude 166:42, and south latitude 77:50. A few weeks later a sledge party, led by Captain Scott, reached a spot in south latitude 82:17, whence they could see the mountains in latitude 83:30, and 14,000 feet high. A relief ship, the Morning, carried food and mail to the Discovery early in 1903. The supplies were transported over five miles of ice, as the former ship could not reach the other. An American sealer, the Terra Nova, was chartered by the British government to revisit the Discovery a year later. She sailed from Dundee in August, and from New Zealand in December, 1903.

The German expedition, led by Dr. Drygalski, and conveyed by the Gauss, skirted the coast of the Antarctic continent south of the Indian Ocean. It was frozen in February 22, 1902, in south latitude 66:30, east longitude 90, and escaped February 8, 1903. The ship reached Kiel, Germany, in November. The most important geographical observations of this party was its discovery that a region hitherto supposed to be land, and called Wilkes Land, was open sea.

The Swedish expedition, under Nordenskjold, explored almost directly south of Cape Horn. It found that what was once regarded an island, and named after Louis Philippe, is part of the Antarctic continent. The ship of this party was crushed by ice on February 2, 1903, but quarters were found on an island, where the Argentine vessel Uruguay picked the survivors up, practically unharmed. They reached Buenos Ayres in November. All three expeditions collected a large amount of botanical, zoological, geological and other scientific information. A fourth expedition, under Captain Bruce, that left Scotland in 1902 for the regions southeast of Cape Horn, has not yet been heard from.

Little was accomplished in aeronautics. A full grown machine, built after the Langley model, and launched from the roof of a houseboat on the Potomac, was tested in October and December. Both times it failed to fly, but

Aerial Navigation. sank to the bottom of the river. On the second occasion it broke in two. Alexander Graham Bell has made promising experiments with a form of kite, whose dimensions can be multiplied almost indefinitely, with a corresponding gain in lifting power. One made up of sixty cells, and capable of lifting a man and an engine, was repeatedly sent up. Nobody went with it, though. The Lebaudy Brothers, in France, with an airship that is an improvement on the Santos Dumond model, made a new record for distance and speed, covering 46 miles at the rate of nearly 30 miles an hour. They were helped by the wind. In a calm the airship might not have travelled so fast.

Wilbur and Orville Wright, of Dayton, Ohio, in December experimented at Kitty Hawk, N. C., with apparatus like that previously used by Chanute and Lilienthal in soaring. It embodied the principles of the aeroplane, and was driven by a gasolene motor. They claim that a speed of eight miles an hour was sustained for three miles in the face of a twenty knot breeze. Wilbur Wright acted as navigator.

Steam turbines achieved new successes. These engines gave to two new passenger boats on the English Channel higher speeds than had been developed there before.

Turbine Engines. The first cruiser in the British navy which is to be propelled by turbines, the Amethyst, was launched in November. The German government has ordered two turbines, one of 10,000 horsepower and the other of 5,000 horsepower, the former for a cruiser and the latter for a torpedo boat. A special board, appointed by the United States naval authorities, to study the question, has reported in favor of trying this type of motor on at least two styles of vessel. Both the Curtis and Parsons-Westinghouse engines were examined by the board. Another commission, selected by the Cunard Steamship Company and the British government in co-operation, is now considering the advisability of trying turbines on the two new ocean steamships which the Cunard Line talks of building. The example set by Mr. Yerkes in ordering huge turbines for the power stations of his electric railway system in London and vicinity has been followed by two American corporations. It is understood that Pennsylvania road will install several Parsons-Westinghouse engines, each of about 7,500 horsepower, on Long Island, for its electric tunnel service, while the New-York Central, for its suburban service north of the metropolis will use Curtis turbines of the same capacity.

Dr. and Mrs. William H. Workman, of Worcester, Mass., made new records in mountain climbing in the Himalayas. Mrs. Workman reached an elevation of 22,568 feet, which is much higher than any woman ever went before. The same

Mountain Climbing. day her husband reached a height of 23,394 feet. The closest approach to this achievement was made by Zurbriggen, the Swiss guide, when he scaled Aconcagua, in the Andes. The latter mountain is about 23,080 feet high.

Dr. Frederick Cook attempted to reach the summit of McKinley, in Alaska, the highest mountain of North America. After reaching an elevation of 11,400 feet, he encountered a precipitous cliff about 4,000 feet high, and abandoned the effort.

The Nobel prizes for 1903 were awarded as follows: Physics, M. Becquerel and M. and Mme. Curie; chemistry, Dr. Arrhenius, of Stockholm, originator of the theory of ions as an explanation of electrolysis; medicine, Dr. Finsen, of Copenhagen, inventor of the electric light cure; literature, Bjornson, the Norwegian poet and novelist, and peace, W. C. Cremer, of England, the secretary of the International Arbitration League.

James Willis Sayre, of Seattle, circumnavigated the globe in a trifle over fifty-four days, beating the best previous record by six days. He travelled westward, sailing from Vancouver across the Pacific, and including the Trans-Siberian Railway in his itinerary.

FAILURES IN THE UNITED STATES.

(Reported by R. G. Dun & Co.)

Manufacturers.	Number.		Liabilities.	
	1903.	*1902.	1903.	*1902.
Iron, foundries and nails	56	42	$3,632,779	$1,098,906
Machinery and tools	216	144	15,595,485	2,681,838
Woollens, carpets and knit goods	81	82	1,510,931	1,933,247
Cottons, lace and hosiery	17	20	872,872	775,695
Lumber, carpenters and coopers	306	365	7,207,705	5,040,245
Clothing and millinery	413	437	6,487,341	5,615,172
Hats, gloves and furs	72	88	1,495,566	274,594
Chemicals, drugs and paints	51	63	915,556	940,075
Printing and engraving	166	156	2,267,918	2,895,436
Milling and bakers	200	176	2,017,907	864,349
Leather, shoes and harness	128	120	3,011,610	2,556,957
Liquors and tobacco	121	114	2,252,288	2,631,522
Glass, earthenware and bricks	51	21	2,174,254	477,064
All other	984	1,016	16,848,890	18,898,525
Total manufacturing	2,812	2,789	$66,391,102	$46,683,625
Traders.				
General stores	1,467	1,690	$9,608,753	$10,877,703
Groceries, meats and fish	1,529	2,044	6,637,170	6,623,597
Hotels and restaurants	391	395	2,394,938	2,886,889
Liquors and tobacco	848	897	5,530,778	4,545,861
Clothing and furnishing	747	652	5,906,363	5,744,910
Dry goods and carpets	453	466	7,200,219	5,198,858
Shoes, rubbers and trunks	329	308	2,647,860	2,056,240
Furniture and crockery	210	176	1,860,775	1,253,839
Hardware, stoves and tools	308	289	2,459,285	2,247,929
Drugs and paints	325	256	2,375,809	1,951,312
Jewelry and clocks	160	186	1,240,253	2,027,599
Books and papers	59	65	313,855	335,802
Hats, furs and gloves	43	25	289,922	230,673
All other	861	817	10,259,461	11,017,187
Total trading	8,030	8,351	$58,705,386	$56,998,399
Brokers and transporters	558	630	22,410,272	14,634,165
Total commercial	11,400	11,720	$147,506,760	$118,316,189
Banking	104	61	24,977,937	81,616,943

*Report covers twelve months from December 1st to November 30th; all other figures for calender year. During the Civil War records very incomplete.

Year.	Failures.	Liabilities.	Year.	Failures.	Liabilities.	Year.	Failures.	Liabilities.
1857..	4,932	$291,750,000	1873..	5,183	$228,499,900	1889..	10,882	$148,784,337
1858..	4,225	95,749,000	1874..	5,830	155,239,000	1890..	10,907	189,856,964
1859..	3,913	64,394,000	1875..	7,740	201,000,000	1891..	12,273	189,868,638
1860..	3,676	79,807,000	1876..	9,092	191,117,000	1892..	10,344	114,044,167
1861..	6,993	207,210,000	1877..	8,872	190,669,936	1893..	15,242	346,779,889
1862..	1,652	23,049,000	1878..	10,478	234,383,132	1894..	13,885	172,992,856
1863..	495	7,899,900	1879..	6,658	98,149,053	1895..	13,197	173,196,060
1864..	520	8,579,000	1880..	4,735	65,752,000	1896..	15,088	226,096,834
1865..	530	17,625,000	1881..	5,582	81,155,932	1897..	13,351	154,332,071
1866..	1,505	53,783,000	1882..	6,738	101,547,564	1898..	12,186	130,662,899
1867..	2,780	96,666,000	1883..	9,184	172,874,172	1899..	9,337	90,879,889
1868..	2,608	63,094,000	1884..	10,968	226,343,427	1900..	10,774	138,495,673
1869..	2,799	75,054,054	1885..	10,637	124,220,321	1901..	11,002	113,092,376
1870..	3,546	88,242,000	1886..	9,834	114,644,119	1902..	11,615	117,476,769
1871..	2,915	85,252,000	1887..	9,634	167,560,944			
1872..	4,069	121,056,000	1888..	10,679	128,829,978			

AVERAGE QUOTATIONS OF SIXTY ACTIVE RAILWAY STOCKS.

Compiled from daily averages by "Dun's Review."

	High.	Low.		High.	Low.		High.	Low.
1872.....	$76.57	$57.57	1883.....	$79.86	$57.58	1894.....	$52.49	$47.87
1873.....	69.61	40.83	1884.....	66.28	88.68	1895.....	56.07	44.49
1874.....	58.79	41.79	1885.....	63.47	43.45	1896.....	60.76	40.71
1875.....	58.50	30.14	1886.....	71.99	55.28	1897.....	59.99	45.64
1876.....	47.28	27.58	1887.....	72.35	59.03	1898.....	67.04	52.55
1877.....	36.33	20.58	1888.....	65.09	55.71	1899.....	76.29	66.72
1878.....	37.77	25.51	1889.....	66.29	59.55	1900.....	84.87	68.49
1879.....	67.86	33.85	1890.....	60.93	53.61	1901.....	108.98	84.36
1880.....	87.04	51.74	1891.....	66.78	55.29	1902.....	116.27	101.03
1881.....	101.54	69.93	1892.....	68.49	62.32	1903.....	109.10	82.62
1882.....	94.85	63.77	1893.....	66.31	41.71			

DEATHS OF 1903.

ADAMS, William H., New-York Supreme Court Justice, 62, Canandaigua, N. Y., Oct. 12.

ALLEN, Ira R., chairman Republican State Committee of Vermont, 44, Fairhaven, Vt., Dec. 9.

ALLEN, John B., ex-United States Senator from Washington, 57, Seattle, Jan. 28.

ANDERSON, H. Ellery, New-York City lawyer and politician, 69, New-York, Feb. 24.

ARTHUR, Peter M., head of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, 71, Winnipeg, Manitoba, July 16.

BAKER, the Rev. Dr. George Danielson, Presbyterian clergyman, president Board of Education, Presbyterian Church, 63, Philadelphia, Dec. 17.

BAKER, Jehu, Illinois politician and representative in Congress, 80, Belleville, Ill., March 1.

BAKER, William T., president Chicago World's Fair, ex-president Chicago Board of Trade, 62, Chicago, Oct. 7.

BISSELL, Wilson S., ex-Postmaster General of the United States, 56, Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 6.

BEARDSLEE, Lester A., rear-admiral U. S. N. (retired), 67, Augusta, Ga., Nov. 10.

BELKNAP, George E., Rear-Admiral U. S. N. (retired), 71, Key West, Fla., April 7.

BERNARD, Reuben F., brigadier general U. S. A. (retired), 71, Washington, D. C., Nov. 16.

BLAINE, Mrs. James G., 72, Augusta, Me., July 15.

BLOUNT, James H., ex-Representative in Congress from Georgia, "paramount commissioner" to Hawaii in 1893, 65, Macon, Ga., March 8.

BOOTH-TUCKER, Mrs. Emma, Salvation Army leader, Dean Lake, Kan., Oct. 29.

BOARDMAN, the Rev. Dr. George Dana, Baptist clergyman, preacher, lecturer and author, 74, Atlantic City, N. J., April 28.

BOLTON, Henry C., chemist and scientific writer, 60, Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.

BOREING, Vincent, representative in Congress from Kentucky, 64, London, Ky., Sept. 16.

BOYCE, Henry Harrison, soldier, politician, publisher, 61, New-York, Oct. 14.

BRADLEY, the Right Rev. Dennis M., Roman Catholic Bishop, see of New Hampshire, 57, Manchester, N. H., Dec. 13.

BRONDEL, the Right Rev. John, Roman Catholic Bishop of Helena, Helena, Mont., Nov. 8.

BROOKFIELD, William, New-York politician and business man, 58, New-York, May 12.

BROOKS, Noah, author and journalist, 73, Pasadena, Cal., Aug. 16

BRYANT, Edwin Eustis, Wisconsin soldier and politician, teacher of law, 68, Toronto, Can., Aug. 10.

BURK, Henry, Representative in Congress from Pennsylvania, 53, Philadelphia, Dec. 5.

CANDLER, John D., former Representative in Congress from Massachusetts, 74, Brookline, Mass., March 16.

CARLIN, William P., brigadier general U. S. A. (retired), 74, Livingston, Mont., Oct. 4.

CHAMPNEY, J. Wells, painter, 59, New-York, May 1.

CHAILLU, Paul du, explorer and author, St. Petersburg, April 30.

CLARK, John Bullock, Confederate brigadier general, Missouri politician, ex-Clerk of the National House of Representatives, 72, Washington, D. C., Sept. 7.

CLARK, Thomas March, Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Rhode Island, 91, Middletown, R. I., Sept. 7.

COOKE, the Rev. Dr. Samuel, Protestant Episcopal clergyman, 88, Stamford, Conn., Oct. 28.

CORNING, the Rev. Dr. James Leonard, pulpit orator and art historian, 78, Munich, Bavaria, Sept. 1.

COUDERT, Frederic R., New-York lawyer, 71, Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.

CLAY, Cassius M., politician, early anti-slavery leader in Kentucky, 92, White Hall, Ky., July 22.

CURRY, the Rev. Dr. Jabez L. M., educator, author, ex-Minister to Spain, ex-Representative in the Confederate Congress, 77, Asheville, N. C., Feb. 12.

DAGGETT, Albert, New-York politician, 60, Rumford Falls, Me., Dec. 19.

DAVENPORT, John L., ex-Federal Supervisor of Elections in New-York City, 57, Stamford, Conn., Aug. 26.

DAWES, Henry L., ex-Representative and ex-Senator from Massachusetts, 86, Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 5.

DODGE, William Earl, New-York capitalist and philanthropist, 71, Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 9.

DOLPH, John H., painter, 63, New-York, Sept. 28.

DOUGLAS, Henry Kyd, brigadier general, U. S. A., ex-Attorney General of Maryland and adjutant general, Maryland National Guard, 63, Hagerstown, Md., Dec. 18.

DRAKE, Francis M., ex-Governor of Iowa, soldier and banker, founder of Drake University, 73, Centreville, Iowa, Nov. 20.

DURAND, George H., Judge Michigan Supreme Court, Flint, Mich., June 8.

EDSON, Cyrus, noted New-York physician, long Health Commissioner, 46, New-York, Dec. 2.

ELKINS, William L., Philadelphia capitalist and railroad man, 71, Philadelphia, Nov. 7.

ESTEE, Morris M., U. S. District Judge, District of Hawaii, Honolulu, Oct. 27.

ESHELMAN, B. Frank, Pennsylvania politician, ex-Judge Advocate General Pennsylvania National Guard, 56, Lancaster, Penn., Dec. 17.

FAIRBANK, Nathaniel K., Chicago capitalist and Board of Trade operator, 73, Chicago, March 27.

FARWELL, Charles B., Chicago capitalist, ex-United States Senator from Illinois, 80, Lake Forest, Ill., Sept. 23.

FLANDREAU, Charles E., ex-Justice Supreme Court of Minnesota, 75, St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 10.

FOERDERER, Robert H., representative in Congress from Pennsylvania, 43, Philadelphia, July 26.

FOSTER, the Rev. Dr. Randolph S., Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church and religious writer, 83, Newton, Mass., May 2.

FRANKLIN, William B., major general U. S. V., distinguished soldier and corps commander in Civil War, president of the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Soldiers, 80, Hartford, Conn., March 8.

GATLING, Richard Jordan, inventor of the Gatling gun, 84, New-York City, Feb. 26.

GHERARDI, Bancroft, rear-admiral U. S. N. (retired) 71, Stratford, Conn., Dec. 10.

GIBBS, Frederick S., New-York politician, New-York member of Republican National Committee, 58, Asbury Park, N. J., Sept. 21.

GIBBS, Josiah Willard, mathematician and physicist, professor in Yale University, 64, New-Haven, April 28.

GILKESON, Benjamin F., Pennsylvania politician, Bristol, Penn., Aug. 13.

GILMORE, James Roberts ("Edmund Kirk"), author, 80, Glens Falls, N. Y., Nov. 16.

GONZALES, N. G., editor of the Columbia, S. C., "State," shot by ex-Lieutenant-Governor James H. Tillman, of South Carolina, Columbia, Jan. 19.

GOTTHEIL, the Rev. Dr. Gustav, rabbi emeritus of Temple Emanu-el, New-York, influential Hebrew leader, 75, New-York, April 15.

GRACIE, James King, New-York charity worker and philanthropist, 63, New-York, Nov. 23.

GREEN, Andrew H., New-York lawyer, "Father of the Greater City," 83, New-York, Nov. 13.

GREEN, George Walton, New-York lawyer, former Aqueduct Commissioner, 49, Springfield, Mass., Dec. 14.

GREENE, Charles E., mechanical engineer, dean Department of Engineering, University of Michigan, 69, Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct. 17.

GREY, Samuel H., former Attorney-General of New-Jersey, 87, Camden, N. J., Dec. 7.

GUERNSEY, Egbert, New-York physician, writer, philanthropist, 80, Fishkill Landing, Sept. 19.

GUNCKEL, Lewis B., ex-Representative in Congress from Ohio, 77, Dayton, Ohio, Oct. 3.

HALSEY, Miss Cornelia B., philanthropist, 82, Newark, N. J., Sept. 14.

HAMILTON, Schuyler, grandson of Alexander Hamilton, soldier in Mexican and Civil wars, brigadier general of volunteers, 82, New-York, March 18.

HARKNESS, William, rear-admiral U. S. N. (retired), astronomer, director United States Naval Observatory and editor of "The Nautical Almanac," 65, Jersey City, Feb. 28.

HASTINGS, Daniel H., ex-Governor of Pennsylvania, 53, Bellefonte, Penn., Jan. 10.

HAWORTH, Joseph, actor, 48, Willoughby, Ohio, Aug. 28.

HENDRICKS Mrs. Eliza C., wife of the late Vice-President Thomas A. Hendricks, Indianapolis, Nov. 3.

HEWITT, Abram S., manufacturer, philanthropist, ex-Representative in Congress, ex-Mayor of New-York City, 80, New-York, Jan. 18.

HOGE, J. Hampton, Virginia politician and orator, Republican candidate for Governor in 1901, Roanoke, Va., Feb. 14.

HOLLS, Frederick W., lawyer, writer on international law, representative of Siam in The Hague Arbitration Court, 55, New-York, July 23.

HOVEY, the Rev. Dr. Alvan, ex-president Newton Theological Seminary, 83, Newton Centre, Mass.

HURST, the Rev. Dr. John F., Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of Washington, D. C., May 4.

INGERSOLL, Charles R., ex-Governor of Connecticut, 81, New-Haven, Jan. 25.

INGLE, the Rev. Dr. J. Addison, Protestant Episcopal Bishop, missionary diocese of Hankow, China, 36, Hankow, Dec. 7.

JACKSON, William H., brigadier general, C. S. A., owner of Belle Meade stock farm, 67, Nashville, Tenn., March 30.

JOHNSON, Bradley T., Confederate brigadier general, lawyer, politician and author, 74, Rockcastle, Va., Oct. 5.

JOHNSTON, Mrs. Harriet Lane, niece of President James Buchanan, mistress of White House 1857-61, 69, Narragansett Pier, July 3.

JONES, Benjamin F., steel manufacturer, chairman Republican National Committee in 1884, 79, Pittsburg, May 19.

JONES, Richard C., Alabama lawyer and professor of law, ex-president University of Alabama, 62, Camden, Ala., Sept. 12.

JONES, the Rev. Dr. Thomas W., Methodist Episcopal superintendent of missions, 73, Philadelphia, Sept. 9.

JORDAN, Conrad N., banker, Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New-York, former Treasurer of the United States, 72, New-York, Feb 26.

KAIN, the Most Rev. John Joseph, Roman Catholic Archbishop of St. Louis, 62, Baltimore, Md., Oct. 13.

KATZER, the Right-Rev. Frederic Xavier, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Milwaukee, 59, Fond du Lac, Wis., July 20.

KELLY, James K., ex-United States Senator from Oregon, ex-Chief Justice of Oregon, 84, Washington, D. C., Sept. 15.

KNOX, the Rev. Dr. J. H. M., ex-president of Lafayette College, 79, Baltimore, Jan. 22.

LADD, Fletcher, associate justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippines, 41, Boston, Mass., Dec. 12.

LEGGETT, John A., ex-Governor of the Territory of Montana, 71, Hot Springs, Mont., Oct. 8.

LELAND, Charles G., author and journalist, 78, Florence, Italy, March 20.

LEVY, Jules, cornetist, 65, Chicago, Nov. 28.

LINCOLN, George F., Consul General of the United States at Antwerp, Belgium, Brussels, July 23.

LLOYD, Henry D., economic writer, 56, Winnetka, Ill., Sept. 28.

LOEB, Solomon, New-York banker, 74, New-York, Dec. 12.

LONG, John G., Consul General of U. S. at Cairo, Egypt, member Republican National Committee from State of Florida, 57, Dunbar, Scotland, July 28.

LOOMIS, Dwight, ex-Justice Supreme Court of Connecticut, Waterbury, Conn., Sept. 17.

McCOLLUM, J. Brewster, Chief Justice Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, 71, Montrose, Penn., Oct. 8.

McCONNELL, the Rev. Dr. J. S. J., Methodist Episcopal Church official and religious organizer, 64, Philadelphia, Aug. 31.

McCOOK, Alexander McDowell, brigadier general U. S. A. (retired), corps commander in Civil War, 72, Dayton, Ohio, June 12.

McCREERY, James, New-York drygoods merchant, 78, Aiken, S. C., Feb. 26.

McKAY, Gordon, inventor of shoemaking machinery, 82, Newport, R. I., Oct. 19.

MABINI, Apollonio, Filipino leader, jurist and writer, Manila, May 14.

MARSHALL, the Rev. Dr. Thomas, field secretary Presbyterian Board of Missions, 72, Olney, Ind. Ter., Dec. 14.

MATTICE, Burr, Justice New-York Supreme Court, 47, Oneonta, N. Y., Nov. 6.

MITCHELL, Henry T., ex-Governor and Chief Justice of Florida, 69, Tampa, Fla., Oct. 14.

MOODY, James M., Representative in Congress from North Carolina, 44, Waynesville, N. C., Feb. 5.

MORSS, Samuel E., Indiana editor and politician, 51, Indianapolis, Oct. 21.

MURTHA, Frank B., theatrical manager, 63, New-York, Aug. 10.

OLMSTED, Frederic Law, landscape architect, 81, Waverly, Mass., Aug. 28.

OVERTON, Edward, ex-Representative in Congress from Pennsylvania, 67, Towanda, Penn., Sept. 18.

PENROSE, William H., brigadier general U. S. A. (retired), Salt Lake City, Aug. 29.

PERSHING, Cyrus L., Pennsylvania Judge and Democratic party leader, 77, Pottsville, Penn., June 29.

PHILLIPS, Samuel F., ex-Solicitor General of the United States, 79, Washington, D. C., Nov. 18.

POND, James B., lecture manager, 65, New-York, June 21.

PROCTER, John R., president U. S. Civil Service Commission, 59, Washington, D. C., Dec. 12.

QUIGLEY, Monsignor D. E., Roman Catholic vicar general, diocese of Charleston, 68, Charleston, S. C., Nov. 27.

RALPH, Julian, war correspondent and author, 49, New-York, Jan. 20.

RAMSAY, Alexander, former Secretary of War, U. S. Senator from and Governor of Minnesota, 88, St. Paul, April 22.

RITCHIE, Albert, Judge Maryland Supreme Court, 69, Narragansett Pier, Sept. 14.

ROBERTS, the Rev. Dr. William C. D., Presbyterian minister, secretary of Mission Board and college president, 71, Danville, Ky., Nov. 28.

ROBINSON, Lewis W., Rear-Admiral U. S. N. (retired), Philadelphia, Feb. 16.

ROBSON, Stuart, actor, 67, New-York, April 29.

ROEBLING, Mrs. Washington A., wife of the constructing engineer of the Brooklyn Bridge and his conspicuous assistant on that work, 59, Trenton, N. J., Feb. 28.

ROMEIKE, Henry, originator of press clippings service, 47, New-York, June 3.

RUMPLE, John N. W., Representative in Congress from Iowa, 61, Chicago, Jan. 31.

RUMSEY, William, ex-Justice of New-York State Supreme Court and reviser of evidence code, 71, New-York, Jan. 16.

RUSSELL, Leslie W., ex-Representative in Congress, ex-Justice Supreme Court of New-York, 62, New-York, Feb. 3.

RUSSELL, John E., Massachusetts political leader, Democratic candidate for Governor 1893 and 1894, 69, Leicester, Mass., Oct. 28.

SARONY, Otto, photographer, New-York, Oct. 13.

SAVAGE, Richard Henry, author, 57, New-York, Oct. 11.

SANDERSON, Sybil (Mrs. Antonio Terry), operatic singer, 38, Paris, May 16.

SAXTON, Charles T., ex-Lieutenant-Governor of New-York and Judge of Court of Claims, 57, Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 23.

SCHENLEY, Mrs. Mary E., Pittsburg millionaire and philanthropist, London, Eng., Nov. 5.

SCHOENHOFF, Jacob, economic writer and statistician, 63, New-York, March 14.

SCOTT, Irving M., shipbuilder, manager of the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, 64, San Francisco, April 28.

SEIP, the Rev. Dr. Theodore L., president of Muhlenberg College, 61, Allentown, Penn., Nov. 28.

SHANKLIN, John Gilbert, Indiana editor and politician, 61, Evansville, Ind., Aug. 6.

SHERWOOD, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Wilson, author, 80, New-York, Sept. 12.

SIMONDS, William E., Connecticut patent lawyer and politician, former Representative in Congress and Commissioner of Patents, 61, Hartford, Conn., March 14.

SMITH, Carroll E., editor, Regent University of the State of New-York, 70, Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 21.

SMITH, Charles H. ("Bill Arp"), humorist, 77, Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 24.

SMITH, Mark, comedian, 48, New-York City, Sept. 21.

SMITH, Orland, brigadier general U. S. V., railroad manager and president, 78, Chicago, Oct. 3.

SMITH, William Farrar ("Baldy"), major general U. S. V., distinguished army engineer and corps commander in the Civil War, Police Commissioner of New-York, 79, Philadelphia, Feb. 28.

SPRINGER, Wm. M., ex-Representative in Congress from Illinois and Democratic leader, 67, Washington, D. C., Dec. 4.

STARKEY, the Rev. Dr. Thomas A., Bishop in Protestant Episcopal Church, diocese of Newark, 83, East Orange, N. J., May 17.

STUART, George H., brigadier general C. S. A., 75, Annapolis, Md., Nov. 22.

STODDARD, Richard Henry, journalist and poet, 77, New-York, May 12.

SWIFT, Gustavus S., Chicago capitalist and packing operator, 62, Chicago, March 29.

TAYLOR, the Rev. Dr. Frederick William, Protestant Episcopal Bishop, diocese of Quincy, educator and religious writer, 50, Quincy, Ill., April 27.

THOMAS, Samuel, soldier, railroad builder and financier, 62, New-York, Jan. 11.

THOMAS, Stephen, brigadier general, U. S. V., Vermont manufacturer and politician, 94, Montpelier, Vt., Dec. 18.

THURSTON, Robert Henry, mechanical engineer, dean Sibley College, Cornell University, 64, Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 25.

TONGUE, Thomas H., Representative in Congress from Oregon, 58, Washington, D. C., Jan. 11.

TOWNSEND, Martin I., lawyer, ex-Representative in Congress from New-York and Regent of State University, 93, Troy, N. Y., March 8.

TRUMBULL, the Rev. Henry Clay, author and editor of "The Sunday School Times," 73, Philadelphia, Dec. 8.

TURNEY, Peter, ex-Governor and Chief Justice of Tennessee, 76, Winchester, Ky., Oct. 19.

VAN ALSTYNE, Thomas Jefferson, ex-Mayor of Albany and ex-representative in Congress from New-York, 76, Albany, Oct. 26.

VANDERLIP, the Rev. Dr. George Mairs, religious author and worker, one of the founders of Young Men's Christian Association, 71, Brooklyn, Aug. 3.

VAUGHN, Teresa, singer and actress, Worcester, Mass., Oct. 4.

WARD, Frederic A., ex-Justice New-York Supreme Court, 62, Brooklyn, April 29.

WARREN, the Rev. Dr. E. Walpole, Protestant Episcopal clergyman, 65, Bad Gastein, Austria, July 24.

WEEKS, Edwin Lord, painter, 54, Paris, Nov. 17.

WHEATON, Frank, major general U. S. A. (retired), 70, Washington, D. C. June 18.

WHITING, Justin R., ex-Representative in Congress, Democratic leader in Michigan, 55, St. Clair, Mich., Jan. 31.

WILCOX, Robert William, Hawaiian political leader, ex-Delegate in Congress from Hawaii, 48, Honolulu, Oct. 24.

WILDES, Frank, rear-admiral U. S. N., captain of the Boston under Dewey at Manila, 59, San Francisco, Feb. 6.

WILLIAMS, Morgan B., ex-Representative in Congress from Pennsylvania, 72, Wilkesbare, Penn., Oct. 13.

WILLIS, the Rev. Jonathan S., Methodist Episcopal clergyman, ex-Representative in Congress from Delaware, 73, Milford, Del., Nov. 24.

WOODSON, Albert E., brigadier general U. S. A. (retired), 62, Paola, Kan., Aug. 7.

WORMSER, Louis, New-York banker, 76, New-York, Dec. 6.

YOUNGSON, A. B., head of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, 54, Meadville, Penn., July 30.

ZBOROWSKI, Count William Elliott, millionaire and sportsman, killed in automobile accident at Nice, France, April 1.

NOTABLE DEATHS ABROAD.

ALEXANDER I., King of Servia, 26, assassinated at Belgrade, June 11.

ARDITI, Luigi, musical conductor and composer, 80, Hove, England, May 1.

ARMOUR, Sir John Douglass, Justice Supreme Court of Canada, 73, London, July 11.

BAIN, Alexander, philosopher and author, 85, Aberdeen, Sept. 18.

BLOWITZ, Henri G., S. A. O. de, Paris correspondent of "The London Times," 77, Paris, Jan. 18.

CECIL, Robert Arthur Talbot Gascoyne, Marquis of Salisbury, British ex-Premier and statesman, 73, Hatfield, Eng., Aug. 22.

DRAGA, Queen of Servia, 42, assassinated at Belgrade, June 11.

DUFFY, Sir Charles Gavan, Irish leader and agitator, man of letters, Prime Minister of Victoria, 86, Nice, Feb. 9.

FARRAR, the Very Rev. Frederic William, dean of Westminster, Church of England, author, preacher, educator, 71, London, March 22.

HENLEY, William Ernest, author, 53, Woking, Eng., July 12.

HERBERT, Sir Michael Henry, British Ambassador to the United States, 46, Davos Platz, Switzerland, Sept. 30.

HERRERO Y ESPINOSA, Spanish cardinal, 81, Valencia, Dec. 9.

KOMATSU, Prince, Japanese statesman and soldier, Yokohama, Feb. 18.

LECKY, William E. H., historian, 65, London, Oct. 22.

LEGOUVE, Gabriel J. B. E. W., French playwright and author, member of the Academy, 96, Paris, March 14.

LEO XIII, Roman Pontiff, 93, Rome, July 20.

MACDONALD, Major General Sir Hector, commander of British forces in Ceylon, 50, by suicide in Paris, March 25.

MAY, Phil, illustrator and cartoonist, 39, London, Aug. 5.

MOMMSEN, Theodor, historian, 86, Charlottenburg, Prussia, Nov. 1.

PARROCHI, Lucido Maria, Roman cardinal and sub-dean of the Sacred College, 69, Rome, Jan. 15.

SAGASTA, Praxedes Mateo, Spanish statesman, Premier and parliamentary leader, Madrid, Jan. 5.

SCOTT, Hugh Stowell ("Henry Seton Merriman"), English novelist, London, Nov. 19.

SHORTHOUSE, Joseph Henry, Englis novelist, 68, London, March 4.

SPENCER, Herbert, English philosophe 83, Brighton, Eng., Dec. 8.

TETUAN, the Duke of, Spanish grand and statesman, former minister f foreign affairs, 66, Madrid, Feb. 8.

VAUGHN, the Very Rev. Herbert Alfre Cardinal Archbishop of Westminste Roman Catholic Primate of England, 7 London, June 20.

ZALDIVAR, Rafael, Salvadorian state man, ex-President, Paris, March 3.

ADDENDA AND ERRATA.

On December 15 Secretary Root signed an order rearranging the military distric and commands of the army. There are to be hereafter four military divisions in t United States—the Atlantic, the Northern, the Pacific and the Southwestern—and o division in the Philippines. The Atlantic Division will include the Department of t East, excluding Louisiana and adding Tennessee, and the Department of the Gul The Northern Division will include the Departments of the Lakes, of the Missouri a of Dakota. The Pacific Division will include the Departments of California and t Columbia. The Division of the Southwest will include the Departments of the Col rado and Texas, with Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and the Indian Territory add to the Department of Texas. The following division commanders have been decide upon: Atlantic Division, Major General Corbin; Northern Division, Major Gener Bates; Pacific Division, Major General MacArthur; Southwestern Division, Major Ge eral Sumner; Philippine Division, Major General Wade. The order becomes effecti on January 15, 1904.

On December 17 President Roosevelt signed the Act of Congress making effecti the commercial treaty with Cuba, and the treaty was proclaimed the same day.

The United States Senate, on December 18, ratified a commercial treaty wi China. Its chief features are the extension of better protection to missionaries, t removal of the likin tax throughout China, the opening of Moukden and An-Tung Manchuria as places of international residence and trade, the extension of the Unit States international copyright laws to China, and the promise from China to establi a patent office in which the inventions of citizens of the United States may be pr tected. The schedule of Chinese import duties which went into effect last year made a part of the treaty. China agrees to revise and modernize her mining la and to open her mineral wealth to the citizens of the United States.

The Senate, on November 17, confirmed the nomination of E. Finley Johnson to an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippine Islands. Fletcher Lad former Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Philippines, died in Boston, D cember 12.

At the meeting of the Republican National Committee, in Washington, Decemb 11, 1903, it was decided to hold the next Republican national convention at Chicag June 21, 1904. J. N. Coombes qualified as committeeman from Florida, vice John Long, dead, and W. S. Robinson as committeeman from North Carolina, vice Jeter Pritchard, resigned.

Ira R. Allen, chairman of the Republican State committee of Vermont, di December 9.

On December 16, 1903, Mrs. Daniel Manning, of Albany, N. Y., was elected pres dent of the World's Fair board of lady managers, vice Mrs. James L. Blair, resigne

The Rev. Dr. George D. Baker, president of the Board of Education of the Pre byterian Church, died on December 17, 1903.

On December 17, 1903, the Pope ratified the selection of the Rev. James J. Hartl as Roman Catholic bishop of Columbus, Ohio.

On December 17 Gilbert B. Deans was nominated United States Marshal for t Southern District of Alabama to fill a vacancy.

On December 17 it was announced that an agreement had been reached Governor Taft and the Philippine religious orders for the sale to the Philippi government of the so-called friar lands. The price agreed on was $7,250,000. T lands purchased comprise 403,000 acres.

On December 17 M. Comtesse and M. Ruchet were elected President and Vic President, respectively, of the Swiss Republic for 1904.

On December 21 George B. McClellan, Mayor-elect of New-York City, resigned h seat in Congress as a Representative from the XIIth District of New-York.

On December 19 General John C. Black, of Illinois, announced his acceptance of place in the Federal Civil Service Commission.

ERRATA.—On page 133 the total vote cast for William J. Bryan in 1900 should 6,357,307 instead of 6,357,807.

On page 217, New-Jersey election tables, "Senate of 1903" and "Assembly 1903," mean as elected in 1903, or completed by the elections of 1903.

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[No. 891.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK,

At New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business Nov. 17th, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$50,218,532 60
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		65,576 11
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		2,900,000 00
Bonds to secure U. S. deposits		3,648,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		223,063 75
Stocks, securities, etc		689,500 53
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures		1,779,157 62
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		4,776,842 90
Due from State banks and bankers		397,571 21
Checks and other cash items		412,026 63
Exchanges for clearing-house		5,458,637 92
Notes of other national banks		43,000 00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$11,788,329 32	
Legal-tender notes	3,314,984 00	
		15,103,313 32
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		145,000 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund		63,000 00
Total		$85,923,272 98

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000 00
Surplus fund		5,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		1,826,953 18
National bank notes outstanding		2,893,200 00
Due to other national banks	$23,791,502 53	
Due to State banks and bankers	8,474,552 48	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	7,103,815 69	
Dividends unpaid	656 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	26,028,658 25	
Demand certificates of deposit	309,225 47	
Certified checks	1,159,806 18	
Cashier's checks outstanding	593,716 99	
		67,461,935 29
United States deposits		3,000,000 00
Tax reserve		49,184 41
Bond loan account		2,522,000 00
Total		$85,923,272 98

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, GEO. S. HICKOK, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. S. HICKOK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of November, 1903.

WM. E. DOUGLAS, Notary Public, Kings Co.
Certificate filed in N. Y. Co.

Correct—Attest:

CORNELIUS VANDERBILT,
RICHARD DELAFIELD,
JOHN E. BORNE,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

RICHARD DELAFIELD, President.

STUYVESANT FISH, Vice-President.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Vice-President.
GILBERT G. THORNE, Vice-President.

GEORGE S. HICKOK, Cashier.
WILLIAM O. JONES, Assistant Cashier.
FRED'K O. FOXCROFT, Assistant Cashier.

EDWARD J. BALDWIN, Assistant Cashier.
JOHN C. VAN CLEAF, Assistant Cashier.
WILLIAM A. MAIN, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH T. MOORE,
STUYVESANT FISH,
GEORGE S. HART,
CHARLES SCRIBNER,
EDWARD C. HOYT,
W. ROCKHILL POTTS,
AUGUST BELMONT,
RICHARD DELAFIELD,
FRANCIS R. APPLETON,
JOHN JACOB ASTOR,
GEORGE S. HICKOK,
GEORGE FRED'K VIETOR,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT,
ISAAC GUGGENHEIM
JOHN E. BORNE.

[No. 29.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business, November 17th, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$32,480,678 47
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		323 38
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		3,704,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits		400,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand		164,340 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		91,364 67
Stocks, securities, etc		$7,948,319 73
Banking House		1,600,000 00
State and Municipal Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits		3,050,000 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	$1,234,536 35	
Due from State Banks and Bankers	85,235 82	
Checks and other cash items	891,473 25	
Exchanges for Clearing House	5,406,579 90	
Notes of other National Banks	8,868 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	159 75	
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz.:		
Specie	11,510,587 00	
Legal Tender Notes	1,418,000 00	
		20,555,440 07
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		435,200 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5% Redemption Fund		23,136 74
Total		$105,452,603 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$10,000,000 00
Surplus Fund		10,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		3,501,384 61
National Bank Notes outstanding		8,641,597 50
Due to other National Banks	$25,404,149 68	
Due to State Banks and Bankers	1,997,443 16	
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks	3,365,969 31	
Dividends unpaid	1,370 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	25,347,892 22	
Demand Certificate of Deposit	9,837 27	
Certified checks	1,793 800 51	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,637,358 80	
United States deposits	2,678,000 00	
		66,635,820 95
United States Bonds borrowed		3 624 000 00
State and Municipal Bonds borrowed		3,050,000 00
Total		$105,452,603 06

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, GEORGE F. BAKER, Jr., Acting Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. F. BAKER, Jr., Acting Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of November, 1903.

THOS. S. WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

JAS. J. HILL,
H. C. FAHNESTOCK,
FRANCIS L. HINE,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

GEO. F. BAKER, President.

H. C. FAHNESTOCK, V. Prest. — FRANCIS L. HINE, V. Prest.
H. P. DAVISON, V. Prest. — C. D. BACKUS, Cashier.
W. G. SNOW, Asst. Cashier. — H. FAHNESTOCK, Asst. Cashier.
GEO. F. BAKER, Jr., Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

GEO. F. BAKER.
HARRIS C. FAHNESTOCK.
FRANCIS L. HINE.
J. PIERPONT MORGAN.
D. WILLIS JAMES.
JAMES J. HILL.
JAMES A. BLAIR.
JOHN J. MITCHELL.
JOHN A. M'CALL.
WILLIAM H. MOORE.
FISHER A. BAKER.
HENRY P. DAVISON.

[No. 4,581.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business Nov. 17, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$10,288,048 14
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		713 63
United States bonds to secure circulation		840 000 00
United States bonds to secure United States deposits		310,000 00
Philippine Island certificates		750,000 00
Premiums on United States bonds		110,906 25
Premiums on Philippine Island certificates		20,625 00
Stocks, securities, etc		403,411 84
Other real estate owned		1,622,000 00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		2,573,298 12
Due from State banks and bankers		575,788 63
Checks and other cash items		25,976 69
Exchanges for Clearing House		2,082,718 78
Notes of other National banks		21,875 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,049 93
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$2,081,361 64	
Legal-tender notes	1,054,555 00	
		3,135,916 64
Redemption fund with United States Treasurer (5% of circulation)		42,000 00
Total		$22,204,328 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund	1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,056,350 71
National bank notes outstanding	840,000 00
Due to other National banks	7,061,144 18
Due to State banks and bankers	1,371,791 63
Due to trust companies and savings banks	2,745,749 78
Dividends unpaid	488 00
Individual deposits subject to check	2,788,035 71
Demand certificates of deposit	74,013 90
Certified checks	886,116 19
Cashier's checks outstanding	247,417 50
United States deposits	1,000,000 00
Reserve for taxes	33,333 33
Unearned discount	29,287 77
Total	$22,204,328 69

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, ALFRED H. CURTIS, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ALFRED H. CURTIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of November, 1903.

A. H. GRAHAM, Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 78.

Correct—Attest: R. L. EDWARDS, ROBERT M. THOMPSON, HENRY CHAPIN, JR. } Directors.

OFFICERS.

RICHARD L. EDWARDS, President. ALFRED H. CURTIS, Cashier.
CHARLES W. MORSE, Vice-President. J. FREDERICK SWEASY, Assistant Cashier.
HENRY CHAPIN, Jr., Vice-President. EDWARD B. WIRE, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY H. COOK	100 Broadway
WARNER VAN NORDEN	Van Norden Trust Co.
DAVID H. HOUGHTALING	52 Broadway
JOHN H. FLAGLER	200 Broadway
WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER	32 Nassau Street
HENRY F. DIMOCK	Metropolitan Steamship Co.
MAHLON D. THATCHER	President, First National Bank, Pueblo, Colo.
RICHARD L. EDWARDS	President
AUGUST BELMONT	August Belmont & Co.
EDWARD T. BEDFORD	Standard Oil Company
CHARLES W. MORSE	Vice-President
ROBERT M. THOMPSON	Chairman Board of Directors, International Nickel Co.
WARNER M. VAN NORDEN	President, Van Norden Trust Co.
OAKLEIGH THORNE	President, North American Trust Co.
HENRY CHAPIN, Jr.	Vice-President
CHARLES T. BARNEY	President, Knickerbocker Trust Co.
JAMES W. HINKLEY	President, U. S. Casualty Company
HUGH J. CHISHOLM	President, International Paper Co.
WILLIAM CARROLL	William Carroll & Co.

[No. 1324.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business November 17th, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$4,625,200 00
Overdrafts, unsecured		697 38
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		1,000,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		74,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc		1,398,399 50
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures		500,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		211,624 89
Due from State banks and bankers		14,746 91
Checks and other cash items		41,131 55
Exchanges for clearing-house		3,818,037 78
Notes of other national banks		14,505 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		155 00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$504,229 28	
Legal-tender notes	413,069 00	
		917,298 28
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		50,000 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5 per cent redemption fund		15,000 00
Total		$12,680,796 29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,197,195 95
National bank notes outstanding	991,047 50
Due to other national banks	1,046,826 37
Due to State banks and bankers	234,694 98
Due to trust companies and savings banks	663,885 20
Dividends unpaid	615 00
Individual deposits subject to check	3,777,827 08
Demand certificates of deposit	1,881 81
Certified checks	2,560,176 83
Cashier's checks outstanding	58,645 57
United States deposits	74,000 00
Liabilities other than those above stated:	
United States bond account	74,000 00
Total	$12,680,796 29

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, GEORGE E. LEWIS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEORGE E. LEWIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of November, 1903.

H. L. BRAYNARD,
Notary Public, Westchester Co.
Certificate filed in New York County.

Correct—Attest:

W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
ADRIAN ISELIN, JR.,
SAM. WOOLVERTON,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

SAMUEL WOOLVERTON, President.
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, Vice-President.
GEORGE E. LEWIS, Cashier.
HOWELL T. MANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

ADRIAN ISELIN, JR.
THOMAS DENNY,
FREDERIC W. STEVENS,
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS,
HENRY I. BARBEY,
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
CHARLES A. PEABODY,
SAMUEL WOOLVERTON.

[No. 1231.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Importers & Traders' National Bank

of New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business November 17, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$22,347,786 45
Overdrafts		2,981 26
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		35,500 00
Banking house		200,000 00
Due from national banks		1,451,523 33
Due from State banks		46,177 72
Checks and other cash items		67,801 70
Exchanges for clearing house		1,922,997 08
Notes of other national banks		96 00
Nickels and cents		450 00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$3,353,100	
Legal-tender notes	1,322,518	
		4,675,618 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		2,500 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5 per cent redemption fund		29,000 00
Total		$30,833,011 49

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,500,000 00
Surplus fund	3,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,659,382 11
National bank notes outstanding	47,150 00
State bank notes outstanding	5,082 00
Due to other national banks	9,943,080 96
Due to State national banks	2,519,363 57
Due to trust companies and savings banks	1,112,649 25
Dividends unpaid	7,191 00
Individual deposits subject to check	8,845,462 61
Demand certificates of deposit	20,733 33
Certified checks	123,405 19
Cashier's checks outstanding	42,811 50
Total	$30,833,011 49

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, H. H. POWELL, Cashier of the above National Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. H. POWELL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of November, 1903.

CHAS. H. BECKER, Notary Public, Kings County.

Certificate filed in New York County.

EDWARD TOWNSEND,
HENRY R. ICKELHEIMER,
JAMES R. PLUM,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

EDWARD TOWNSEND, President.
H. H. POWELL, Cashier.
G. H. HULIN, Asst. Cashier.
G. H. BLISH, Asst. Cashier.
C. F. REGAN, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

JOHN ARBUCKLE.....of Arbuckle Brothers, Coffee
HENRY C. HULBERT.....formerly of H. C. Hulbert & Co., Paper
HENRY R. ICKELHEIMER.....of Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., Bankers
EDWARD A. PRICE.....of Fred. Butterfield & Co., Dry Goods
JAMES R. PLUM.....of James R. Plum & Gale, Leather
H. H. POWELL.....Cashier
EDWARD C. RICE.....of Rice, Quinby & Co., Grain and Flour
RUSSELL SAGE.....Capitalist
EDWARD TOWNSEND.....President
EDWARD VAN VOLKENBURGH.....of P. Van Volkenburgh & Co., Dry Goods
ANTONY WALLACH.....formerly of A. Wallach & Co., Jewelry

[No. 876.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK,

At New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business, November 17, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$7,531,682 56
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		10,953 84
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		935,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		635,000 00
N. Y. City bonds		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	$93,418 96	
Premiums on N. Y. City bonds	5,367 70	
		98,786 66
Stocks, securities, etc.		374,900 28
Furniture and fixtures		29,228 52
Mercantile loans		34,262 88
Other real estate and mortgages owned		85,912 91
Other real estate and mortgages owend		85,912 91
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$2,024,299 01	
Due from State banks and bankers	226,187 06	
Checks and other cash items	140,616 34	
Exchanges for clearing house	918,558 65	
Notes of other national banks	57,460 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	6,461 64	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie $1,814,972 50		
Legal tender notes 446,617 00		
	2,261,589 50	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)	46,750 00	
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5% redemption fund	42,750 00	
		5,731,672 20
Total		$16,767,409 85

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		400,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		200,269 31
National bank notes outstanding		935,000 00
Due to trust companies and savings banks	$730,375 39	
Due to other national banks	3,758,402 83	
Due to State banks and bankers	483,270 87	
Dividends unpaid	3,115 16	
Individual deposits subject to check	7,689,277 34	
Demand certificates of deposit	8,297 07	
Certified checks	146,882 05	
Cashier's checks outstanding	5,774 07	
United States deposits	903,000 00	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	103,745 76	
Bond loan account	400,000 00	
		14,232,140 54
Total		$16,767,409 85

State of New York, County of New York, ss:

I, C. S. YOUNG, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. S. YOUNG, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of November, 1903.

DAN'L A. SLATTERY, Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

Correct—Attest: RALPH L. CUTTER, HENRY SAMPSON, EDWIN LANGDON, } Directors.

OFFICERS.

EDWIN LANGDON, President.
W. M. WOODS, Vice-President.
CHARLES S. YOUNG, Cashier.
H. J. FRANCIS, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK	Capitalist
EDWIN LANGDON	President
WOODBURY LANGDON	Of Joy, Langdon & Co.
JOHN A. McCALL	President New York Life Insurance Company
HENRY TUCK	Vice-President New York Life Insurance Company
HENRY SAMPSON	Of Alden Sampson & Sons
LOUIS F. DOMMERICH	Of Oelbermann, Dommerich & Co.
W. M. WOODS	Vice-President
JOHN P. MUNN	President United States Life Insurance Company
EDWIN HAWLEY	President Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company; President Iowa Central Railway Company.
RALPH L. CUTTER	Of Smith, Hogg & Co.

Report of the Condition of The Mercantile National Bank,

of the city of New-York, at the close of business November 17th, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$17,965,368 52
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		3,576 90
United States bonds to secure circulation		1,800,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,370,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		152,250 00
Stocks, securities, etc		341,028 11
Banking house (189 and 191 Broadway)		550,000 00
Other real estate owned		985,837 59
Due from national banks		1,242,157 83
Due from State banks and bankers		539,100 00
Checks and other cash items	$81,681 65	
Exchanges for Clearing House	1,016,333 42	
Notes of other national banks	7,000 00	
Specie	3,903,330 80	
Legal tender notes	962,000 00	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	90,000 00	
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5 per cent Redemption Fund	45,329 29	
		6,106,125 16
Total		$31,055,444 11

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$3,000,000 00
Surplus fund		3,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		1,558,194 93
Reserve for taxes		32,614 22
National bank notes outstanding		1,787,650 00
Dividends unpaid		3,845 50
Due to other national banks	$4,718,199 24	
Due to State banks and bankers	1,125,261 36	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	1,933,109 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	10,716,190 54	
Certificates of deposit	1,102,934 30	
Certified checks	291,047 86	
Cashier's checks outstanding	286,396 66	
U. S. deposits	1,370,000 00	
		21,543,139 46
U. S. bond account		125,000 00
Total		$31,055,444 11

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, JAMES V. LOTT, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES V. LOTT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of November, 1903.

F. A. K. BRYAN, Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

Correct—Attest:

T. ALBEUS ADAMS,
WILLIAM H. TAYLOR,
FDER'K B. SCHENCK,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

FREDERICK B. SCHENCK, President.

MILES M. O'BRIEN, WILLIAM H. TAYLOR, DICK S. RAMSAY, Vice-Presidents.
JAMES V. LOTT, Cashier. EMIL KLEIN, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

FREDERICK B. SCHENCK, President; T. ALBEUS ADAMS, President Gansevoort Bank; WILLIAM BALLIN, Ballin & Bernheimer, Silk Manufacturers; WILLIAM F. CARLTON, Capitalist; ROBERT C. CLOWRY, President Western Union Telegraph Company; WILLIAM NELSON CROMWELL, Sullivan & Cromwell, Lawyer; WILLIAM J. CURTIS, Sullivan & Cromwell, Lawyer; EDWIN GOULD, President St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company; EDWARD T. JEFFERY, President Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company; JOHN F. KEHOE, President Lister Agricultural Works; EMANUEL LEHMAN, Lehman Brothers, Cotton; SETH M. MILLIKEN, Deering, Milliken & Co., Dry Goods Com'n; CHARLES W. MORSE, Capitalist; MILES M. O'BRIEN, Vice-President; AUGUSTUS G. PAINE, New York & Pennsylvania Company, Paper and Fibre; DICK S. RAMSAY, Vice-President; ADOLPHE RUSCH, Abegg & Rusch, Com'n Foreign D. G.; GEORGE H. SARGENT, Sargent & Co., Manufacturers Hardware; ABRAHAM STERN, Lawyer; WILLIAM SKINNER, William Skinner Manufacturing Company, Silk; WILLIAM H. TAYLOR, Vice-President Bowling Green Trust Company; ERNST THALMANN, Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., Bankers; EDWARD R. THOMAS, Capitalist; ROBERT M. THOMPSON, Chairman International Nickel Company; WARNER VAN NORDEN, Banker; ISAAC WALLACH, H. Wallach's Sons, Cotton Converters; JOHN SKELTON WILLIAMS, President Seaboard Air Line Railway; RICHARD YOUNG, Leather.

[No. 1261.]

Report of the Condition of the

National Butchers' and Drovers' Bank,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business, November 17, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,835,663 43
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		108 38
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Stocks, securities etc.		80,830 29
Furniture and fixtures		12,488 87
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		515,099 71
Due from State banks and bankers		2,856 23
Checks and other cash items		59,440 56
Exchanges for clearing house		86,961 24
Notes of other national banks		4,056 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		1,721 89
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$575,626	
Legal-tender notes	56,333	
		631,959 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		2,500 00
Total		$3,290,684 10

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$300,000 00
Surplus fund	75,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	48,735 65
National bank notes outstanding	44,340 00
Due to other national banks	79,548 71
Due to trust companies and savings banks	7,924 67
Dividends unpaid	312 80
Individual deposits subject to check	2,610,003 41
Demand certificates of deposit	400 00
Time certificates of deposit	10,000 00
Certified checks	11,151 80
Cashier's checks outstanding	197 09
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	100,000 00
Reserved for taxes	3,066 27
Total	$3,290,684 10

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, WM. H. CHASE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WM. H. CHASE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of November, 1903.

DAVID STRAUSS,
Notary Public, New York County.

Correct—Attest:

HENRY HOFHEIMER,
D. H. ROWLAND,
G. G. BRINCKERHOFF,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

D. H. ROWLAND, President.
G. G. BRINCKERHOFF, Vice-President.
WILLIAM H. CHASE, Cashier.
E. G. TUCKER, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

JAMES STILLMAN,
JOSEPH FOX,
D. H. ROWLAND,
GURDON G. BRINCKERHOFF,
WILLIAM H. CHASE,
HENRY HOFHEIMER,
ADOLPH D. BENDHEIM,
HENRY A. CAESAR.

[No. 1,290.]

Report of the Condition of The National Citizens' Bank,

At New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business November 17, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$6,722,836 12
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,042 61
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		650,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		63,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		15,636 62
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		250,000 00
Other real estate owned		250,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$1,217,633 84	
Due from State banks and bankers	121,093 54	
Checks and other cash items	94,076 88	
Exchanges for clearing house	948,549 27	
Notes of other national banks	13,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	264 06	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	1,671,015 00	
Legal tender notes	290,373 00	
		4,206,155 59
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		32,500 00
Total		$12,691,253 24

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,650,000 00
Surplus fund		600,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		135,336 05
Reserved for taxes		19,529 25
National bank notes outstanding		642,850 00
Due to other national banks	$1,299,345 75	
Due to State banks and bankers	464,911 32	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	847,695 86	
Dividends unpaid	495 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	5,999,129 96	
Demand certificates of deposit	484,678 00	
Certified checks	77,594 11	
Cashier's checks outstanding	79,753 57	
U. S. deposits	499,873 87	
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	5 00	
		9,692,487 43
U. S. bond account		100,000 00
Total		$12,691,253 24

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, HENRY DIMSE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HENRY DIMSE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of November, 1903.

[Seal.] WILLIAM V. A. POE,
Notary Public No. 48, New York County.

Correct—Attest:
JAS. STILLMAN,
EWALD FLEITMANN,
EDWIN S. SCHENCK,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

EDWIN S. SCHENCK.....President
EWALD FLEITMANN.....Vice-President
HENRY DIMSE.....Cashier
NELSON A. REYNOLDS.....Assistant Cashier
ALBION K. CHAPMAN.....Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS.

FRANCIS M. BACON, JR.....Bacon & Co., Com. Woollens, etc.
DANIEL A. DAVIS.....Formerly of Deering, Milliken & Co.
L. F. DOMMERICH.....Oelbermann, Dommerich & Co., Imp. & Com. Dry Goods
EWALD FLEITMANN, Vice-President.....Fleitmann & Co., Importers
WM. HALLS, JR.....Vice-President Hanover National Bank
PEARSON HALSTEAD.....Halstead & Co., Provisions
ROBT. B. HIRSCH.....Wm. Openhym & Sons, Imp. & Com. Dry Goods
JACQUES HUBER.....Schwarzenbach, Huber & Co., Silks
ARTHUR L. LESHER.....Lesher, Whitman & Co., Importers
AUGUSTUS F. LIBBY.....H. J. Libby & Co., Com. Dry Goods
ELKAN NAUMBURG.....E. Naumburg & Co., Bankers
EDWIN S. SCHENCK.....President
EMIL SEYD, JR.....With Fleitmann & Co.
JAMES STILLMAN.....President National City Bank
FREDERICK SOUTHACK.....Fred. Southack & Co., Real Estate
HENRY B. STOKES.....President Manhattan Life Insurance Company
EDWARD A. WALTON.....156 Broadway, New York

The Thirty-Fourth Street National Bank

OF NEW YORK,

West Thirty-fourth Street.

Report of the condition of THE THIRTY-FOURTH STREET NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK at the close of business, November 17, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$729,649 17
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		223 21
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		4,937 50
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		169,625 22
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		97,148 88
Due from State banks and bankers		15,000 00
Checks and other cash items		22,724 96
Notes of other national banks		350 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		536 66
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie		118,152 85
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		2,500 00
Total		$1,150,849 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$200,000 00
Surplus fund		200,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		6,628 58
National bank notes outstanding		49,500 00
Due to other national banks	$54,349 54	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	17,830 79	
Individual deposits subject to check	433,303 31	
Demand certificates of deposit	26,367 53	
Time certificates of deposit	13,500 00	
Certified checks	369 70	
		594,720 87
Liabilities other than those above stated, mortgage on banking house and lot		100,000 00
Total		$1,150,849 45

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, CURTIS J. BEARD, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CURTIS J. BEARD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of November, 1903.

JOSEPH T. VAN LOAN,
Notary Public for County of New York, No. 36.

Correct—Attest:

BRADFORD RHODES,
HENRY W. SACKETT,
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

BRADFORD RHODES, President.
WILLIAM LUMMIS, Vice-President.
CHARLES I. HUDSON, Vice-President.
CURTIS J. BEARD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM W. GOODRICH.
CHARLES I. HUDSON.
JOHN P. MUNN.
CHARLES HILL WILLSON.
UDO M. FLEISCHMANN.
JAMES H. OTTLEY.
HENRY W. SACKETT.
WM. WATSON CASWELL.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT.
RUDOLPH M. HAAN.
TIMOTHY J. MARTIN.
WILLIAM H. SEAICH.
DANIEL SMILEY.
WILLIAM LUMMIS.
REUBEN G. BREWER.
BRADFORD RHODES.

[No. 6,425.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

CONSOLIDATED NATIONAL BANK,

At New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business Nov. 17, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,585,104 19
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		102 54
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		250,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		200,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		41,309 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		12,500 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		1,070,554 96
Due from State banks and bankers		184,358 86
Checks and other cash items		10,234 73
Exchanges for clearing house		279,128 53
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		394 02
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$395,342 15	
Legal tender notes	67,424 00	
		462,766 15
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		12,500 00
Total		$6,116,042 28

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		110,247 92
National bank notes outstanding		248,400 00
Due to other national banks	$1,631,115 56	
Due to State banks and bankers	85,285 32	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	140,286 67	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,671,507 65	
Demand certificates of deposit	29,000 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	187 06	
United States deposits	200,000 00	
		3,757,295 28
Total		$6,116,042 28

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, THOMAS J. LEWIS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THOMAS J. LEWIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of November, 1903.

GUSTAV A. MEYER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

CLARENCE WHITMAN,
E. BURTON HART, Jr.
EDWARD G. BURGESS,
} Directors.

OFFICERS.

WILLIS S. PAINE, President.	MORTIMER H. WAGAR, Vice-President.	THOMAS J. LEWIS, Cashier.
JAMES THORNE, Assistant Cashier.	THOMAS N. JONES, Assistant Cashier.	HENRY G. LEWIS, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

OSSIAN D. ASHLEY	Ex-President Wabash Railroad
PERRY BELMONT	Capitalist, New York City
HENRY C. BREWSTER	President Traders' National Bank, Rochester
EDWARD G. BURGESS	President New York Produce Exchange
GEORGE P. BUTLER	Capitalist, New York City
GEORGE R. CRAWFORD	President Westchester Fire Insurance Company
ROBERT A. CHESEBROUGH	President Chesebrough Manufacturing Company
GEORGE CROCKER	Capitalist, New York and San Francisco
JOHN W. GRIGGS	Ex-Governor of New Jersey
J. TEMPLE GWATHMEY	Ex-President New York Cotton Exchange
WILLIAM A. HALL	President Casein Company of America
GEORGE S. HART	Ex-President Second Avenue Railroad
E. BURTON HART, Jr.	President Portsmouth, Kittery & York Railroad
JOHN FREMONT HILL	Capitalist, Governor of Maine
JAMES G. NEWCOMB	Standard Oil Company
EUGENIUS H. OUTERBRIDGE	President Davies Textile Company
WILLIS S. PAINE	Ex-State Bank Superintendent
OSCAR L. RICHARD	President State Bank of New York
J. HOWARD SWEETSER	President Sweetser, Pembrook & Co.
MORTIMER H. WAGAR	Vice-President Consolidated Stock Exchange
CLARENCE WHITMAN	President Merchants' Association

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF THE

STATE BANK,

at the close of business on the 8th day of December, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$6,178,328 90
Overdrafts		1,132 34
Due from trust companies, banks and brokers	$29,326 88	
Due from approved reserve agents	1,075,357 33	
		1,104,684 21
Banking house and lot	$57,000 00	
Other real estate	110,071 00	
		167,071 00
Mortgages owned		34,811 45
Stocks and bonds		680,930 09
Specie		428,982 65
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of national banks		208,055 00
Cash items, viz.:		
Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$281,772 24	
Other items carried as cash	56,157 19	
		337,930 43
Assets not included under any of the above heads:		
Furniture and fixtures	$3,047 50	3,047 50
Total		$9,144,973 57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$100,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid		477,371 42
Due depositors		8,392,040 27
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers and savings banks		9,414 11
Due Treasurer of the State of New York		50,000 00
Amount due not included under any of the above heads, viz.:		
Taxes	$2,219 60	
Insurance fund	13,928 17	
		16,147 77
Total		$9,144,973 57

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

O. L. RICHARD, President, and A. I. VOORHIS, Cashier, of The State Bank, a bank located and doing business at Nos. 376-378 Grand Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing Report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892), and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks, designating the 8th day of December, 1903, as the day on which such report shall be made.

OSCAR L. RICHARD, President.
ALBERT I. VOORHIS, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 14th day of December, 1903, before me.

AUGUST W. GLATZMAYER,
Notary Public, Kings Co.

[Seal of Notary.]
Certificate filed in New York Co.

QUARTERLY REPORT
OF THE
MOUNT MORRIS BANK,
at the close of business on the 8th day of December, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,990,646 15
Overdrafts		65 05
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers and brokers	$29,919 93	
Due from approved reserve agents	331,983 47	
		361,903 40
Banking house and lot	$300,000 00	
Other real estate	54,170 71	
		354,170 71
Mortgages owned		36,500 00
Stocks and bonds		129,895 00
Specie		122,320 55
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of national banks		91,129 00
Cash items, viz.:		
Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$99,045 86	
Other items carried as cash	605 25	
		99,651 11
		$3,202,786 97

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$250,000 00
Surplus fund		50,000 00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid		63,423 10
Due depositors	$2,599,429 21	
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers and savings banks	236,239 21	
		2,835,668 42
Unpaid dividends	$132 00	
Reserved for taxes	3,557 25	
		3,689 25
		$3,202,780 97

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

L. M. SCHWAN, President, and LINDLEY H. HILL, Cashier, of MOUNT MORRIS BANK, a Bank located and doing business at No. 85 East 125th Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, and they further say that the usual business of said Bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892), and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks, designating the 8th day of December, 1903, as the day on which such report shall be made.

L. M. SCHWAN, President.
LINDLEY H. HILL, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 16th day of December, 1903, before me.

JAMES S. GROSS,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, County of New York.

OFFICERS:

L. M. SCHWAN, President.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Vice-President.
FRED'K W. LIVERMORE, Vice-President.
LINDLEY H. HILL, Cashier.
FRED'K M. SPENCER, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

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Reserve and Clearing House Agent—The National Park Bank.

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF THE

COLUMBIA BANK

New York City, at the close of business, on the 8th day of December, 1903:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,972,918 8
Overdrafts		203 7
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers and brokers...	$383,924 62	
Due from approved reserve agents	102,503 71	
		486,428 3
Real estate		187,945 1
Stocks and bonds		3,500 0
Specie		253,950 2
United States legal tenders and circulating notes of national banks...		106,408 0
Cash items, viz.:		
Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$122,732 70	
Other items carried as cash	42,941 47	
		165,674 1
Assets not included under any of the above heads:		
United States internal revenue stamps		17 8
		$4,182,045 4

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$200,000 0
Surplus fund		200,000 0
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid		79,681 4
Due depositors		3,314,258 1
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers and savings banks		253,102 0
Due Treasurer of the State of New York		35,000 0
Amount due not included under any of the above heads, viz.:		
Unpaid dividends	$4 00	
		4 0
		$4,182,045 4

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

JOSEPH FOX, President, and WALTER S. GRIFFITH, Cashier, of Columbi Bank, New York City, a bank located and doing business at No. 501 Fifth Avenu in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, say that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true an correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they furthe say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location re quired by the banking law (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892), and not elsewhere; an that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice receive from the Superintendent of Banks, designating the 8th day of December, 190 as the day on which such report shall be made.

JOSEPH FOX, President.
WALTER S. GRIFFITH, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 10th day of Decem ber, 1903, before me.

GEO. STOLL,
Notary Public, Westchester Co.

[Seal of Notary.]
Certificate filed in New York County.

OFFICERS—President, Joseph Fox; Vice-President, D. H. Rowland; Cashie Walter S. Griffith.

DIRECTORS—James Stillman, Jacob H. Schiff, Joseph Fox, Myer S. Isaac Max J. Lissauer, William Rockefeller, Cleveland H. Dodge, Charles Reed, Simeo Ford, D. H. Rowland, Lewis Seasongood.

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF

THE PLAZA BANK,

at the close of business December 8th, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,753,679 30
Overdrafts		159 06
Due from approved reserve agents		195,214 29
Real estate		13,000 00
Stocks and bonds		17,940 00
Specie		224,922 76
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of national banks		173,382 00
Cash items, viz.:		
Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$137,922 43	
Other items carried as cash	55,461 14	
		193,383 62
		$3,561,681 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash		$100,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid		147,003 54
Due depositors	$2,766,733 54	
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers and savings banks	402,944 45	
Due Treasurer of the State of New York	45,000 00	
		3,214,677 99
		$3,561,681 53

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

W. McMASTER MILLS, President, and E. M. CLARKE, Cashier, of The Plaza Bank, a Bank located and doing business at No. 753 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, in said County, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing Report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said Bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892), and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 8th day of December, 1903, as the day on which such report shall be made.

W. M'MASTER MILLS, President.
E. M. CLARKE, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 10th day of December, 1903, before me.

E. H. COOK,
Notary Public, New York County.

[Seal of Notary.]

W. McMASTER MILLS, President.
A. NEWBOLD MORRIS, Vice-President.
C. W. PARSON, Vice-President.
E. M. CLARKE, Cashier.
E. H. COOK, Assistant Cashier.
GEORGE B. WHEELER, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

RICHARD DELAFIELD, Chairman.

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B. Beinecke.	Joseph Park.
August Belmont.	John L. Riker.
John E Borne.	Charles Scribner.
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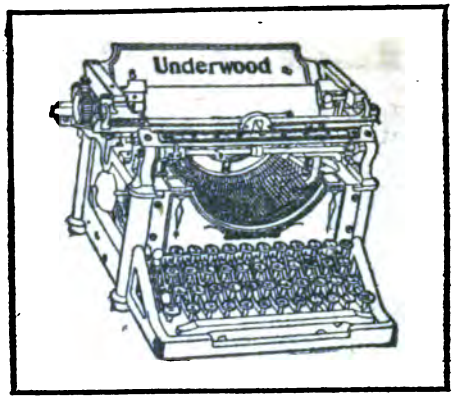

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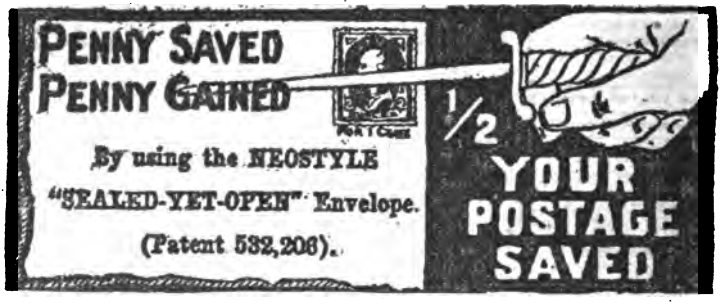

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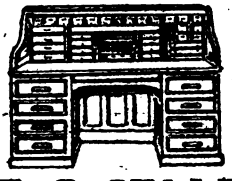

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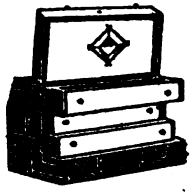

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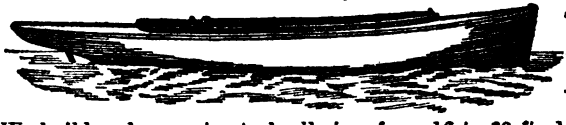

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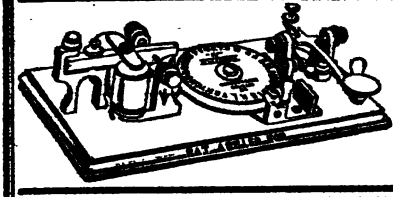

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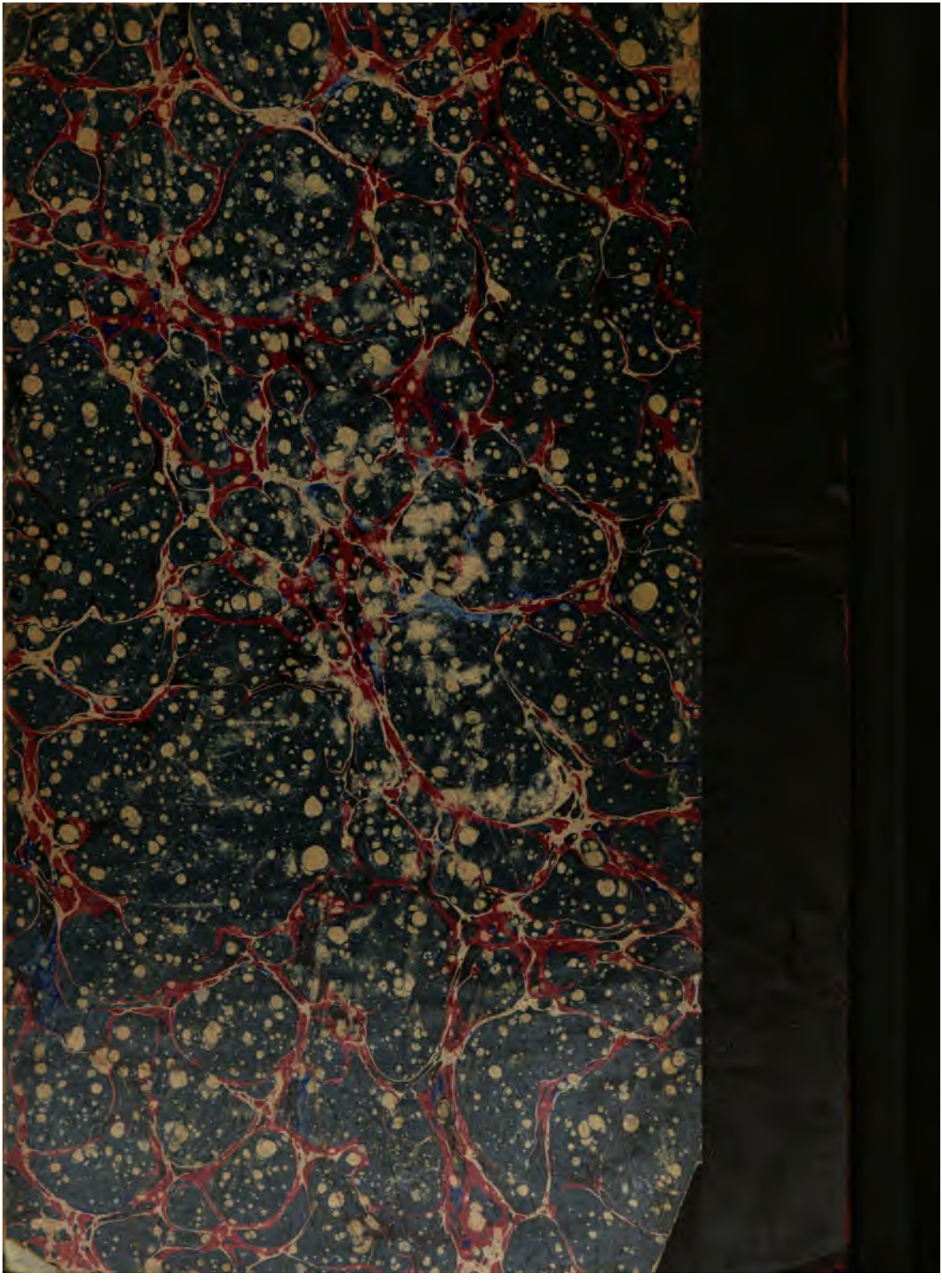
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